The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....October 26, 1881.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR STATE TREASURER:
GEN. SILAS M. BAILY, of Fayette.

REPUBLCAN JUDICIARY TICKET

FOR JUDGE:
HON. JOHN CESSNA, of Bedford.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGES:
WILLIAM COLLINS, of Somerset.
SAMUEL SNYDER, of Somerset Twp.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR PROTHONOTARY:
S. U. TRENT, of Somerset.

FOR SHERIFF:
JOHN J. SPANGLER, of Somerset Twp.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER:
A. A. STUTZMAN, of Stonycreek Twp.

FOR TREASURER:
JOHN H. WEIMER, of Somerset.

FOR COMMISSIONERS:
ADAM S. SHAFFER, of Jenner Twp.
JOSEPH HORNER, of Somerset Twp.

FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR:
DANIEL KIMMEL, of Somerset Twp.

FOR AUDITORS:
JOHN P. RHOADS, of Somerset Twp.
ISRAEL EMERICK, of Southampton Twp.

For State Treasurer,
GENERAL SILAS M. BAILY.

A man who from his youth up has fought the battles of Republicanism in a region where no hope of success could add vigor and zest to the contest, and with no reward save the consciousness of having served the cause he loved.

A man who has attested his love of liberty and law, by service on the field of glory and of blood, who won his promotion in the glorious Pennsylvania Reserves, from Captain to Brigadier, by meritorious service on the field.

A man who stood in the red hell of battle at Drainesville, on the Peninsula, at Gaines' Mill, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg, and the Wilderness, and who bore witness with his blood, that he loved his country well.

He bears upon his person the rough scars left by the cruel cannon ball, and will carry to his grave the evidence of his patriotism and courage.

He is able, and worthy to lead Republicans to victory as he led his regiment to war.—*Speech of Attorney General Palmer, in Republican State Convention.*

ELECTION!

TUESDAY, Nov. 8th!

REPUBLICANS! go to the polls and vote a clean ticket! The Republican that scratches is getting down to work that should be left to old hens.

BETWEEN this and election day the majority for Baily, Cessna, and the whole ticket can be increased several hundred, if every Republican does his duty.

IT is most amusing to see how ardently the Democratic editors of the State are advocating the election of Wolfe, but not one of the rascals will vote for him.

JUDGE HALL should send Baer a lock of his hair, and soothe him with the promise, "blessed are they that expect nothing, for they shall not be disappointed."

WOLFE'S little balloon has collapsed. He punctured it himself by his bitter attack on Gov. Hoyt and State Treasurer Butler. They both gave the lie to his allegations, and the decent men who had intended supporting him immediately abandoned his cause.

REPRESENTATIVE BIERLY, of Lycoming county, a Democrat, is out for Wolfe for State Treasurer. Like our tender-footed Republicans, he is forninst "Bosses," and he says that Noble owes his nomination solely to Senator Wallace, and that both are the tools of corporations.

WE have information from nearly every portion of the county, showing a healthy and gratifying public sentiment. The Republicans are alive to the importance of the local contest, and Mr. Baer is not likely to reap an abundant harvest of votes from the active personal still-hunt he is making.

WHILE Mr. Baer is prancing around this county begging Republican votes, the Bedford *Gazette* is doing its level best to rally the Democrats of that county to his support, as the Democratic candidate. Baer is famous as a "dodger," but the counties are too close together for so thin a dodge to win.

REFORMERS, like liars, should have good memories. It looks a little wild to see the New York *Tribune* and other papers that howled so lustily a few months since against the "Conkling machine" and political assessments, now justifying assessments when money is needed to run the canvass for the Reformers in New York.

WILLIAM J. BAER hasn't the ghost of a chance for an election, except by Republican votes, and that is precisely what he is trying to accomplish. The proceeding is a cheeky one on his part. Was Mr. Baer ever known to vote for a Republican for Judge, or for any other office? He is, and always has been, a bitter, uncompromising Democrat, and the Republican who votes for him has but one other step to take—to march straight out of the party.

THE Democratic papers of the State have advocated the candidacy of Wolfe so effectively among their followers, that they have become alarmed at the possible result, and are now begging them not to vote for him, but to stand by their own party nominee. It looks now as if Wolfe would draw more votes from the Democratic than from the Republican party.

THE Bedford *Gazette* is much disgruntled because Mr. Cessna attends the Republican township meetings in this county, and yet its candidate—Mr. Baer—attended and made a speech at the Democratic county meeting in Bedford, claiming votes as a life-long Democrat, and is making a diligent personal still-hunt in this county, soliciting Republican votes as a non-partisan. The greatest difference in their conduct that we can see is, that Mr. Cessna makes a bold, manly, fair canvass, while Mr. Baer is making a sneaking and disingenuous one.

THE Erie *Herald*, the only daily Democratic paper published in that city, the home of Orange Noble, the Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, is pouring enough hot shot into him to sink a fleet of iron-clad Democrats.

The *Herald* says that Noble came into the Democratic party only a few years since avowedly in search of an office; that the first thing he did was to become a candidate in 1875 for State Treasurer, an office he is utterly incompetent to fill, and that failing to secure the nomination he bolted, and supported Henry Rawle, Republican candidate. Again last year, as the Democratic candidate for the Legislature, he ran more than three hundred votes behind the ticket in the city of Erie. For these reasons the *Herald* thinks that Noble has no claim on the support of honest Democrats, and that he is a miserably weak candidate. We sympathize with our namesake in its contempt for and hostility to bolters, and the languidness of the Democratic campaign throughout the State shows that the bolter will be bolted, and that Noble will be largely defeated by the stay-at-home members of his own party.

THE result of the elections in Ohio and Iowa has virtually settled the contest in this State, and we have no doubt of the election of General Baily by a majority that will surprise the country. General Baily is a most unexceptionable candidate, a man of the people, a working man, against whose honesty and capacity not a word has been or can be truthfully uttered. He was nominated by an overwhelming majority, and one of his heartiest supporters is Col. Davies, his unsuccessful competitor.

The Republicans of this State have not a particle more cause for deserting their party nominee at this time than had the Republicans of Ohio at the late election. They are aware that the attempts being made to keep alive the spirit of factions, is simply a device to defeat the party and elect a Democrat to the only State office to be filled, and thus pave the way to the election of a Democratic Governor next year. Pennsylvania Republicans are not less intelligent and patriotic than their brothers in Ohio, and are resolved to prove to the world by the election of General Baily, that their banner cannot be trailed in the dust by a few factionists who would sacrifice the party and its principles to gratify their own selfish ambition.

OUR advices from this county as well as from Bedford, satisfy us that Mr. Cessna is going to be elected Judge by a majority in the neighborhood of one thousand votes.

We know that there are some Republicans in this county who will be seduced into betraying their party and voting for Mr. Baer, and we know also that there are members of his own party in the county who will not touch him. We know further, that in his long and active political life, as in the course of his professional duty, Mr. Cessna has alienated some of the Republican voters of his own county, but he has also many warm and attached friends in the Democratic ranks.

We are advised, also, that Judge Hall, ingrate that he is, is attempting to defeat the nominee of the party that honored him with this same office, and made him pecuniarily all he is, but there is not much to be feared from the influence of one who was so stingingly rebuked by these same people of his own county, when he asked a renomination at their hands. There are also a few, happily very few, men in this county holding aloof from the canvass, from whom the party has a right to expect better things; but in all this there is nothing discouraging to the friends of Mr. Cessna.

Years of observation have shown us how powerless leaders, or would-be "Bosses" are, when they attempt to stem the current or to set themselves up against honestly and regularly made nominations, and we long since learned that rumored party defections are always multiplied ten or even twenty fold. The stories peddled through Bedford county about the big majority Mr. Baer is going to receive here are the veriest bosh, the silliest brag, while the tales reported here of his anticipated majority in Bedford county are, we are well assured, of a similar untruthful character. We believe we know whereof we affirm when we assert that *the election of Mr. Cessna is as well assured to-day, as if the votes were counted and the returns made.* But the Republicans of this county particularly, owe it to Mr. Cessna to make his majority as emphatic as possible. He is of us and with us. No man has labored more zealously for the party, nor done more effective, good work. He has all the elements of a good Judge in him. He is a better lawyer than Mr. Baer, and is his equal in character and general ability. His temper is even and his energy unequaled. Why should any Republican desert him or the party at this time? Lukewarmness as to his election, or treachery to so worthy a candidate will only pave the way for the loss of our Congressional and Senatorial elections next year. We therefore appeal to all true Republicans to stand by him as faithfully as they do by their county ticket.

CALUMNY.

GENERAL DAVIES, the unsuccessful candidate for the nomination against General Baily, warmly supports the latter, and denounces the candidacy of Wolfe.

PENNSYLVANIA Republicans owe it to the memory of Garfield, who was a gallant soldier, as well as to their oft-repeated profession of devotion to the heroes of the war for the Union, to give Gen. Silas M. Baily a twenty thousand majority next month.

AN exchange says: "The convicts in the Ohio penitentiary have sent $100 to the Michigan sufferers. They raised this sum by denying themselves the luxury of tobacco and from the sale of trinkets which they made." It is sometimes good to imitate the charity even of the convicts of a penitentiary.

GENERAL BAILY says he has just made a tour of the northern counties and the oil region, and is entirely satisfied with the outlook. He says the large audiences which Mr. Wolfe is drawing are composed almost entirely of Democrats, only a few Republicans going to hear him, and feels sure that if the Wolfe movement gains no more strength proportionately during the rest of the campaign than it has up to this time, his own election will not be endangered.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR made a little speech at Yorktown yesterday which was a worthy companion-piece to his inaugural address. Nothing could have been more graceful and felicitous than the spirit and manner in which he touched upon the event commemorated and defined the nature and purpose of its celebration. His language is characterized at once by modesty and manliness, by patriotic pride and by international courtesy. His reference to England and to the sympathy which the English people have so recently expressed for the citizens of this Republic was singularly happy, and will assuredly make a deeply favorable impression upon the British mind. The speech was, in short, a model of good taste and refined feeling.—*North American.*

THE Harrisburg *Telegraph* asks the following questions, which are worthy of serious consideration by Republicans:

Do you prefer success with a gallant soldier as your candidate, true to every principle of the party that has made the country glorious and prosperous for the last twenty years, or to have the party defeated and Democracy successful with a candidate who is ready to endorse the worst heresies of the Democratic party merely that his personal success may be promoted? The Republican that is infatuated enough to do this need only vote for Charles S. Wolfe.

Are you ready to sacrifice principles on which are now based the triumphs of low interest on the State and National debts, and steady liquidation of both, the constant prosperity of labor, the fair wages of the laborer, the protection of his industry, the impartiality of Government, and the purity of its administration, merely that Quixotic assaults on the character of certain Republican leaders may be sustained?

Can you sacrifice the measures of your party to punish what is called the defects of its leadership, whereby in twenty years it never lost an election in which any of the principles referred to above were involved as issues?

If it be true, as Republicans always claimed, that the continued success of Republican institutions, and the integrity, good faith and financial prosperity of the people depend largely on Republican success, what excuse, then, has any intelligent Republican to vote against his party in the November election?

Will any Republican, independent, stalwart or radical concede that the Democratic party is in any particular qualified or fitted to administer any of the powers of the Government, State or National, after it labored for five years to destroy its national organization, and scatter its States into bitter antagonism?

A close consideration of these questions will enable Republicans to vote intelligently.

Some of the Same Old Twenty Thousand.

From the Norristown Herald.

Orange Noble says he has had many Republicans come to him and voluntarily announce their intention of espousing his cause. Trust them not, Mr. Noble, they are fooling thee. They are a portion of the twenty thousand Pennsylvania Republicans whom the Democratic press told us last fall were going to vote for Hancock.

Women that have been given up by their dearest friends as beyond help, have been permanently cured by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is a positive cure for all female complaints. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets.

Where Garfield's Remain Now Lie.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 22.—The late President Garfield's body was quietly transferred this morning from the public receiving vault to Capt. L. L. Scofield's private vault, the finest in Lakeview cemetery.

The latest and greatest discovery is Peruna. If you do not feel well take it at once.

YORKTOWN

CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION.

ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT ARTHUR.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

"Upon this soil," he said, "one hundred years ago, our forefathers brought to a successful issue their heroic struggle for independence. Here and then was established, and as we trust, made secure upon this continent for ages yet to come, that principle of government which is the very fiber of our political system—the sovereignty of the people. The resentments which attended, and for a time survived, the clash of arms has long since ceased to animate our hearts. It is with no feeling of exultation over a defeated foe that to-day we summon up a remembrance of those events which have made holy the ground whereon we tread. Surely no such unworthy sentiment could find harbor in our hearts, so profoundly filled with expression of sorrow and sympathy which our national bereavement has evolved from the people of England and their august sovereign; but it is altogether fitting that we should gather here to refresh our souls with the contemplation of the unfaltering patriotism, the sturdy zeal and the sublime faith which achieved the results we now commemorate. For so, if we learn a right lesson of the hour, shall we be incited to transmit to the generation which shall follow the precious legacy which our fathers left to us, the love of liberty protected by law. Of that historic scene which we here celebrate no feature is more prominent and none more touching than the participation of our gallant allies from across the sea. It was their presence which gave fresh and vigorous impulse to the hopes of our countrymen when well nigh disheartened by a long series of disasters. It was their noble and generous aid, extended in the darkest period of the struggle, which sped the coming of our triumph and made the capitulation of Yorktown possible a century ago. To their descendants and representatives who are here present as the honored guests of the nation it is my glad duty to offer cordial welcome. You have a right to share with us the association which cluster about the day when your fathers fought side by side with our fathers in the cause which was here crowned with success, and none of these memories wakened by this anniversary are more grateful to us all than the reflection that the national friendships here so closely cemented have outlasted the mutations of a changeful century. God grant, my countrymen, that they may ever remain unshaken and that ever henceforth with ourselves and with all the nations of the earth we may be at peace."

The President was not interrupted during the delivery of his address, but there was great enthusiasm at the close.

The following order was read by Secretary Blaine:

"In recognition of the friendly relations so long and happily existing between Great Britian and the United States, in trust and confidence of peace and good will between the two countries to come, and especially as a mark of profound respect entertained by the American people for the illustrious and gracious lady who sits upon the British throne, it is hereby ordered that at the close of these ceremonies commemorative of the valor and success of our forefathers in their patriotic struggle for independence, the British flag shall be saluted by the processions of the army and navy of the United States now at Yorktown. The secretary of the navy will give orders accordingly.

(Signed) "CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

By the president:

"JAMES G. BLAINE, Sec'y. of State."

SPEECH OF THE MARQUIS DE ROCHAMBEAU.

The Marquis de Rochambeau made a graceful speech in French, in which he said: "Citizens of the United States, you have invited us to celebrate with you the great achievement of arms, and we did not hesitate to brave the terrors of the ocean to say to you that what our fathers and brothers did in 1781 we, their sons, would be willing to-day to do and to attest our constant friendship, and to further show that we cherish the same sentiments as our fathers in those glorious days we celebrate. In the name of my companions, who represent here the men who fought, permit me to hope that the attachment formed in these days around this monument which is about to be erected, will be renewed in one hundred years, and will again celebrate the victory which joined our fathers in comradeship and alliance."

Baron Steuben then responded in German in an appropriate speech which was loubly applauded.

A Brute's Crime.

St. LOUIS, October 19.—A special from Long View, Texas, furnishes particulars of a revolting crime committed near Breckville. A white man named Sloan, who with his family had moved into the neighborhood to pick cotton for a Mr. Hill, had an altercation with a man named Lum White, and the latter endeavored to punish Sloan's children. Being prevented by the mother and daughter, a girl of nineteen years of age, he succeeded in enticing the latter into a deep ravine, where, with the assistance of his wife, he outraged her person. Then, using his pocket knife, cut her bowels open lengthwise and across, deliberately cutting off pieces of the entrails as they protruded and scattering the fragments far and near. He then cut the girl's throat from ear to ear.

At the inquest White's wife confessed to all of the revolting details, when a young man named Hart, incensed at the story of fiendish brutality, shot the negro dead. The wife of Lum and an old negro man who lived with them were started on their way to Carthage, but a crowd met the escort and took the prisoners out and shot them.

A Steamship Lost.

LONDON, October 21.—Lloyd's have received the following dispatch:

ADEN, October 21.—The Dutch steamer Koenig der Nederlanden, from Batavia to Amsterdam broke her shaft and foundered in latitude 5 south, longitude 64 east. Six of her boats, containing 175 persons, are missing.

BAD BURGLARS.

MT. PLEASANT, Oct. 20.—Last night a very bold robbery was committed by a gang of outlaws at the house of John Galloway, two miles northeast of town.

Galloway is an unmarried man seventy years of age. He was supposed to have money about his house. Nancy Newell, his housekeeper, aged forty-five, was also supposed to have some money.

Last night about eight o'clock, Mr. Galloway had retired and Miss Newell extinguished the light preparatory to going up stairs when a knock was heard at the door. The housekeeper asked the name. Receiving no reply she called Mr. Galloway, who came down stairs and asked who was there. After some hesitation one of the men said his name was Johnston, when Galloway opened the door. Five bold looking men confronted him. They said they had treed a coon and wanted an ax to cut the tree down, to which Galloway replied that he would not give his ax at that time of night. The men took hold of the old gentleman. He tried to keep them off, but was soon overpowered. They knocked him down, dragged him out on the porch and beat him so badly that it will probably end in murder. He fought for his life and even got his knife out he says he succeeded in cutting one across the hand and another about the mouth. The villains beat him about the head and jumped on his breast to keep him down. A deep hole is cut over his right eye, and in the skull. Both hands are terribly lacerated and one arm badly bruised.

While some of the men were managing Galloway one went into the house, dragged Nancy Newell out on the porch, blindfolded her, choked and smothered her, and offered her whisky, threw her on the floor and actually outraged her. Her feet were tied with a whip lash and her hands were tied behind her with a handkerchief. The villains threatened to blow her brains out if she did not keep quiet.

After the men succeeded in getting Mr. Galloway and Miss Newell under control they proceeded to search the house. They stole in all $2,400 in gold, silver and paper. $1,900 of the money belonged to Mr. Galloway, who kept it in a bureau drawer in a room down stairs; $700 of this money was in gold and the rest in silver and paper money. In a bureau up-stairs they found $500 belonging to Miss Newell. They searched every drawer and even boxes in the garret. Papers and clothing were strewn over the floor. Human blood was smeared over the room and porch, which presented a most pitiful sight to the reporter this morning.

After they had secured their booty they next talked of burning the house, but after some discussion decided not to. About 11 o'clock, leaving their victims bound hand and foot, they quitted the premises. After repeated efforts Miss Newell succeeded in freeing her hands and feet and ran to the house of Mr. King, who is Galloway's tenant. Dr. Fulton was summoned and dressed the old gentleman's wounds. The doctor says Galloway is in a critical condition, but with careful nursing he may recover.

Miss Newell gives the following description of the villains who treated her so basely: The fiend who dragged her to the porch and outraged her is about six feet in height and rather slim, with dark hair and about 25 years old. The one who first attacked Galloway is short and heavy set, is round faced with a sandy musrache, and wore a cap. The other three were young men. She thinks she would recognize all the men again, but don't think she ever saw them before last night.

From the woman's description of the men and from other circumstances there is much cause for a plausible suspicion as to who two of the men are. It has been decided that a Pittsburgh detective be employed. The whole community is greatly excited over the affair. Such bold and daring robbery has seldom had its parallel in this county. It is thought the men were not professional robbers.

He Wanted Gold.

WASHINGTON.—An old gentleman from the interior of Ohio, arrived here a few days ago with $17,000 in United States six per cent. bonds which he purshased in 1861, and which were called in July last. He first visited the loan division, where he said he came to obtain gold for his bonds, as he paid gold for them. When told that a draft on the United States Treasurer was as good as gold, and he would not listen to any explanations regarding an equivalent in another form. To-day, a little before noon, he appeared with a large leather valise, in which he carried off the full amount of his claim in $20 gold pieces, weighing in all about seventy-five pounds. He became very much provoked with Treasurer Gilfillin when that officer endeavored to persuade him to accept drafts and have them cashed when he reached home, reiterated that he came here for gold and declined to take anything else. He staggered under his heavy load as far as Assistant Treasurer Wyman's room, where he expressed a wish to count his treasure before leaving town. A room was assigned to him for the purpose. After the entire amount had been carefully counted and found to be correct the old gentleman was persuaded to express the coin to his home. During the time he was engaged in counting the money a city detective who had been summoned remained near him and would have kept watch over him had he insisted upon carrying the money away.

Drugged and Robbed.

CORRY, Pa., October 23.—Early yesterday morning a most daring robbery was perpetrated on a train between Utica and Erie. W. N. Brown, of Masseville, Ross county, Ohio, was returning home, having fifty dollars sewn in a belt around his body. Brown noticed two flashy young men sitting near him. They were very communicative, and treated him to wine from a flask. While lying in a drowsy condition on the seat, and in a car full of passengers, Brown felt a cloth pressed over his mouth and nostrils. One man sat on him while the other held a handkerchief. He lost all consciousness, and the men pretended their friend was overcome by heat, carried him out on the platform for fresh air. There they removed his belt, and bringing him back, got off at the next station under pretense of getting medical aid. The handkerchief was found to be saturated with chloroform, which caused investigation and development of the foregoing facts.

A DESTRUCTIVE FLOOD!

DIKES ON THE MISSISSIPPI BROKEN.

River at Quincy Seven Miles Wide, and People Fleeing for Their Lives, Leaving Animals and Goods to Perish.

CHICAGO, October 20.—A special this morning from Quincy states that the Sny levee has broken about two miles above Scott's landing. The exact location of the break cannot be determined up to this time, because of the alarm prevailing among the people, who seem to be frantic, and unable to give particulars. Scott's landing is due west from Rockport four miles, and the country between the places is almost one complete slough, which will prove a receptacle for a large body of the water which is now pouring in through the break. There was a large quantity of water in the Sny long before the break occurred, and this is now rising with great rapidity. The levee where the break occurred is lined with timber on either side, the soil being sandy and of poor material for resistance. As soon as the alarm was given the people in the vicinity began to seek places of safety, and to drive their stock to high ground. The crevasse is said to be two hundred feet wide and constantly increasing. Word has been sent to all of the inhabitants of the valley to prepare for the worst. The flood at this time will prove more disastrous than the great flood of last spring. The large corn crops on the bottom lands had not yet been secured, and hundreds of thousands of bushels were lost, and to add to the general destruction the rise in the river has come on the people so suddenly and so unexpectedly that the bottoms are still full of cattle, horses and other live stock. It will be impossible to save either or live stock and in many cases the farmers will lose even their household effects. The railroad freight houses and other houses along the levee front are entirely surrounded by water and many of the floors are covered and from some of them everything has been removed. The island between the bay and the river is completely submerged with the exception of a small piece of ground in the rear of the marine ways. People living on this island have all been compelled to leave as the water rose so rapidly yesterday that it now covers the floors of all buildings situated there. Across the river the low lands are all inundated to the bluffs. Many hogs and cattle have been drowned, and many more killed by railroad trains, the animals going on the embankment, that being the only ground that can be found above water. Almost all the inhabitants have moved to the bluffs. Lonetree Prairie, commencing about five miles north on the Missouri side is under water a distance of twelve miles, the water being in some proportions of it almost up to the second stories of the houses. At the State fish pond, ten miles south of Quincy, the situation is most alarming. Commissioner Burlett has used every effort to save the fish, but his work is but half completed. The water is within six inches of the top of the Sny levee near Stillwell's farm, at the head of the levee, and it is thought that a break must soon occur. Should this take place, a half a million native fish and a thousand German karys will be carried away. The Warsaw levee about Quincy, which reclaims seventeen thousand acres of land, broke last evening, and an immense voulme of water is now pouring through the crevasse and rapidly spreading over the country. This is the most productive farming land in the State. A large proportion of it was sown in winter wheat. This has all been destroyed, and the damage done to farmers in this vicinity can hardly be estimated. Although the backwater from the sloughs and runs had covered a portion of this tract, many families on higher ground, when the alarm reached them left everything and fled to the bluffs for safety. Railroad property on the Missouri side will suffer heavily. The tracks of the St. Louis, Keokuk and Northwestern Railroad and several feet under water. There is three inches of water on the track of the Wabash. The river at this point is now over seven miles wide.

Smashed Engines.

MANSFIELD, O, Oct. 23.—Yesterday morning there was a collision on the B. & O. Railroad near Independence. From a misunderstanding of orders by the conductor, a north bound freight, which has been lying on a siding, pulled out on the main track just as a south bound freight, running at full speed, came in view. Before the momentum of the latter could be checked the trains collided, and such was the force of the shock that both engines reared up on end and then feel over sideways, and ten or twelve cars, with their contents, were badly wrecked. In consequence, the passenger train due here at 7 A. M. was delayed till 1 P. M. Fortunately no person on either train was hurt.

A gentleman from Galion is here trying to interest our capitalists in a scheme which he claims has millions in it. This is to purchase a tract of land near the city, and upon it to erect tanks and suitable buildings for the storage and refining of crude oils in enormous quantities, the same to be held or disposed of as the marked price falls or advances.

Three horses have been stolen in this country during the past week, and in every instance the thieves made good their escape.

A Singular Sight.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19.—A singular sight was seen at one of the tables of the Union Depot dining-room this morning, it being a girl of 19 years with handcuffs on and in charge of two deputy sheriffs. The cuffs were taken off while she ate and put on immediately afterward. She was arrested in the southwestern part of the State on a charge of horse stealing and had made several attempts to escape from the officers. She had hair as black and coarse as an Indian's, matted over her head, and hanging down her back; her cheek bones were high, and she had small, piercing gray eyes and a very large mouth, but regular teeth. Around her neck she had a red shawl pinned tightly, which gave her face a very savage appearance, although she had a white complexion. She wore a homespun dress and a pair of hobnailed shoes, and her hands looked as coarse as eagle's talons.

The Nation's Guests.

WASHINGTON, October 23.—The French and German guests will be given a reception by Secretary Blaine at Wormley's Hotel, Monday night. They will leave next Sunday for Boston. The Germans were entertained at a dinner Saturday night by the German citizens of the District. Commissioner Dent and a number of invited guests from Baltimore were present. An unpublished letter from General Washington to Baron Von Steuben was read and much enthusiasm manifested. The following is the text of the letter:

"ANNAPOLIS, 23 December, 1783.

My Dear Baron:

Although I have taken frequent opportunities in public and private of acknowledging your great zeal, attention and abilities in performing the duties of your office, yet I wish to make use of this last moment of my public life to signify in the strongest terms my entire approbation of your conduct and to express my sense of the obligations the public is under to you for your faithful and meritorious services.

"I beg you will be convinced, my dear sir, that I should rejoice if it could even be in my power to serve you more essentially than by expressions of regard and affection: but in the meantime I am persuaded you will not be displeased with this farewell token of my sincere friendship and esteem for you.

"This is the last letter which I shall write while I continue in the service of my country. The hour of my resignation is fixed at 12 o'clock to-day, after which I shall become a private on the banks of the Potomac, where I shall be glad to embrace you, and testify the great esteem and consideration with which I am, my dear Baron, etc.

[Signed] "GEORGE WASHINGTON."

Sensation Over a Funeral.

PITTSBURGH, October 18.—There was quite a sensation in Washington, Pa., to-day. On Sunday last Stephen C. Brotherton, a member of Jacques de Molay Commandery, No. 3, Knights Templar, died. Mr. Brotherton was one of the best known and respected citizens of the county. To-day as the remains were about to be transferred to the Methodist Episcopal Church, the trustees refused, without any explanation whatever, to permit the use of the edifice for the funeral services, causing great surprise and indignation among the friends and relatives of the deceased. However, the Second Presbyterian Church people welcomed with open doors the Knights Templar, and they concluded their solemn services in that building. A serious eruption is now threatening among the Methodist congregation, as nearly all the prominent Masons who are disciples of Wesley, as well as other prominent Methodists, talk of leaving the church.

An Artilleryman Loses Both Hands.

YORKTOWN, Oct. 2.—Yesterday when Governor Ludlow and staff of New Jersey rode up to the New Jersey camp they were received by an artillery salute by the Camden company. One of the guns having become heated, the gunner was unable to keep his hand over the priming hole, and he removed it just as Private Disborough, of Trenton, was ramming home the charge. As the gunner lifted his hand the gun was permaturely discharged, and both of Private Disborough's hands were blown off above the wrist. Governor Ludlow and staff were not a yard from the gun when it was fired and narrowly escaped. The private reeled and was caught by Captain Mallow, of New York, who was standing by. The surgeons have some hopes of the unfortunate man's recovery.

A Western Horror.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 20.—A dispatch from Jackson, Amadox county, says: The residence of T. Jelleitch, one mile from here, was destroyed by fire at 2 o'clock this morning, and all the inmates, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Jelleitch and their two children, a girl, two years of age and an infant son six months old, perished in the flames. Mr. Jelleitch's remains and those of the infant were found within a few feet of the kitchen door. The bodies of his wife and eldest child were found close together by the bedroom window. Four men were sleeping within a few yards of the house but could do nothing for the inmates. The fire is believed to have been of accidental origin.

The Treasury Portfolio Tendered by President Arthur.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 21.—It is reported that ex-Governor Morgan, of New York, who had been tendered the Treasury portfolio by President Arthur, has written to the President declining to accept the position. It is said the reason assigned by Gov. Morgan for declining to accept the position is that it would be impossible at present for him to sever his connection with the large commercial business he is interested in.

Guiteau's Check.

WASHINGTON, October 20.—Mr. Scoville, Guiteau's counsel, is becoming quite discouraged. He saw him yesterday and found him quite arrogant and unreasonable. Mr. Scoville thought he might be himself discharged from the case. Guiteau says he thinks there will be no difficulty in getting an acquittal if time can be had sufficient to allow the people to calm down and take a dispassionate view of the facts.

A Dastardly Deed.

CHAMBERSBURG, Pa., October 21.—A construction train on the Baltimore and Cumberland Valley railroad was thrown from the track six miles north of this place last night by means of pieces of timber wedged in the cattle guards. Conductor Charles Sheckles, of Baltimore, had his skull crushed and leg broken, and sutained other injuries, but is still living. There is no clue to the perpetrators of the outrage.

Predicts an Open Winter.

MONTREAL, October 20.—Vennor looks for a continuance of the warm wave on this continent during the approaching winter, broken by waves of low temperature of brief duration. He disregards the sun or sun spots theory and predicts an open winter.

"Sellers' Liver Pills" have been the standard remedy for malaria, liver complaint, costiveness, etc., for fifty years.

Another Western Flood.

CHICAGO October 18.—The rainfall all over the northwest still continues, and the troubles caused by high water seem to be increasing. At Quincy it is feared that the breaking of the levee is imminent, the water being as high as it was last June. The levee is being repaired in its weak places.

KEOKUK, Iowa, October 18.—The Mississippi at this point continued to rise this morning, at 10 o'clock the stage of the water being two inches above the rise of last spring, which caused such great damage in this vicinity.

At Alexandria, five mile below here, the water is backing up over the prairie, and there is a prospect that the town will be completely inundated. The railroad shops and lumber yards in the southern part of the city are completely surrounded and operations have necessarily been suspended. It is feared that the river will rise at least another foot, and that a very disastrous flood will result.

ST. LOUIS, October 18.—Dispatches from along the Upper Mississippi River note high water at various places, and a flood seems to be apprehended.

At Hannibal the river is only one foot below the freshet of last spring.

At Davenport, Dubuque, and other places the water is encroaching upon the levees and river fronts, and fears are entertained for the safety of property.

Secretary Windom for Senator.

ST. PAUL, Minn., October 20.—The Republican caucus met to-night, with 108 out of 117 Republican members of the legislature present. On the first ballot Mr. Windom received 56 votes, Charles A. Gitman 28, and C. C. Dunn 12. Windom having the majority, Gen. John B. Sanborn, of St. Paul (one of the leaders of the opposition), moved his nomination by acclamation which was carried. It is thought that Windom will receive all the Republican votes in the legislature.

The Guiteau Case.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 21.—Judge Cox rendered his descision this morning upon the application of George Scoville, counsel for Guiteau, for an order of Court allowing fees and expenses of defendant's witnesses. The Judge held that it was clearly in the discretion of the Court to allow expenses for a reasonable number of witnesses, and said the number would be fixed hereafter.

Shot While Hunting.

SANDY LAKE, Pa., October 23.—This morning at Hadley, Pa., while out hunting, a sixteen year old son of David Hadley was accidentally shot and instantly killed by a gun in the hands of a ten-year-old son of Henry Kennedy. The little town is thrown into grief by this sad accident.

England Appreciates the Compliment.

LONDON, October 21.—The *Standard* this morning, in referring to the compliment paid to the British flag at Yorktown, says: "Though no such testimony of great will has been requisite to the address of President Arthur on assuming office, yet it will not be the less appreciated. It is enhanced by the graceful terms in which the order conveying the compliment is worded."

The *Times*, in its leading article, say: "Englishmen long ago lost the feeling of soreness to take umbrage at the Yorktown celebration, but they were unprepared to the extension upon which a British disaster was nominally celebrated, serving to rivet bonds of union between the two countries. President Arthur's graceful words, and the grateful regard wherewith he spoke of the Queen, will make a deep impression in the hearts of Englishmen."

Mexican Tribute to Garfield.

CITY OF MEXICO, October 22.—The Garfield memorial services here today, which were organized by Governor Fernandez and the City Council, were the most impressive ever held in Mexico, and were attended by an immense concourse of people. Hummeken Mexia, who spoke in behalf of the city, said:

The City of Mexico lays a crown of laurels on the tomb of the virtuous citizen, soldier and statesman, James A. Garfield, and expresses its profound sympathy for his widow and orphans.

A Daring Bank Robbery.

CASEYVILLE, Ill, October 20.—Two men entered Dr. Wesley Park & Sons' Bank, at Fieldon yesterday, presented revolvers at the head of Dr. Park and compelled him to unlock the safe and give them $6,700 in cash, when they went out in the street, mounted their horses and started off. Park followed them to the door and fired upon them, killing one of their horses. The robber got on the horse with his pal and the two rode off together. The names of the robbers are Chas. Clay and John Burress.

Features of the Garfield Family Fund.

NEW YORK, October 18.—An evening paper publishes the list of subscriptions to the fund for the widow and children of the late President Garfield. There are thirty-one $5000 subscriptions, three of $2500, six of $2000 and thirty-seven of $1000 each. The smallest subscription is five cents, from a "poor colored person," and the largest single contribution —$10,000—came from a Philadelphian, Mr. Edwin N. Benson. There are in all about 120 subscriptions.

GREENWICH, Feb. 11, 1881.—*Boerhaave Bitters Co.—Dear Sirs:*—I was given up by the doctors to die of consumption. Two bottles of your Bitters cured me.

LEROY BREWER.

TRUSSES! TRUSSES!!

Those afflicted should see the fine lot of the above goods just received by

C. N. BOYD.

HARD RUBBER TRUSSES, GERMAN TRUSSES LEATHER and COMMON TRUSSES

Do not fail to see the new

CELLULOID TRUSS!

Always clean and comfortable, will not RUST or BREAK and is by far the finest truss yet out. Boyd sells them and will make a speciality of fitting you. A nice lot of

LADIES' and GENT'S SHOULDER BRACES

are among the new goods received.

Any goods not in stock will be ordered when desired, comprising SUPPORTERS, BELTS, BANDAGES, ELASTIC STOCKINGS, KNEECAPS, ANKLETS for varicose veins, weak swollen or ulcerated limbs.

☞ Those having trouble to get Trusses to fit will do well to call and have measure taken, and fit will be guaranteed. Good goods and prices reasonable.

C. N. BOYD,

MAMMOTH BLOCK, - - SOMERSET, PA.

JOHN F. BLYMYER,

DEALER IN

Hardware, Iron, Nails, Glass, Paints

OILS, &C., &C.

The following is a partial list of Goods in Stock: Carpenter's Tools, Planes, Saws, Hatchets, Hammers, Chisels, Adzes, &c., Blacksmith's Goods, Bellows, Anvils, Vises, Files, Hammers, &c., Saddlery Hardware, Tab Trees, Gig Saddles, Hames, Buckles, Rings, Bits, and Tools. Table Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Spoons and Razors, the largest stock in Somerset County. Painter's Goods, a full stock. White Lead Colored Paints for inside and outside painting, Paints in oil, all colors, Varnish, Turpentine, Flaxseed Oil, Brushes, Japan Dryer, Walnut Stains, &c. Window Glass of all sizes and glass cut to any shape. The best Coal Oil always on hand. Our stock of Coal Oil Lamps is very large and comprises very elegant styles. Pittstons Gleanlar, Mulley and Crosscut Saws, Mill Saw Files of best quality. Porcelain-lined Kettles. Handles of all kinds. Shovels, Forks, Spades, Rakes, Mattocks, Grub Hoes, Picks, Scythes, Snaths, Sledges, Cast Steel, Mason Hammers, Step Ladders, Carriage and Tire Bolts of all sizes. Looking Glasses, Washboards, Clothes Wringers, Meal Sieves, Door Mats, Baskets, Tubs, Wooden Buckets, Twine, Rope of all sizes, Hay Forks, Butter Prints, Mop Sticks, Traps, Steelyards, Meat Cutters and Stuffers, Trace Chains, Halter Chains, Shoe, Dust, and Scrub Brushes, Horse Brushes, Curry Combs, Coffee Mills.

DOOR