The Somerset Herald.

GEO. R. SCULL, Editor.

WEDNESDAY..............October 26th, 1881.

COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Addison, A. J. Hileman.
Allegheny, John Bradigam.
Berlin Borough, B. F. Raynmen.
Brothersvalley, F. D. Knepper.
Conemaugh, John Stahl.
Confluence, W. S. Mountain.
Elklick, Geo. Lowry.
Greenville, S. M. Housel.
Jefferson, Levi Knupp.
Jennertown, S. M. Cover.
Jenner, Benjamin Enos.
Larimer, Jacob S. Beall.
Lower Turkeyfoot, Samuel Minder.
Meyersdale, G. D. Lichty
Middlecreek, Josiah Pile.
Milford, E. H. Werner.
New Baltimore, John George.
New Centreville, M. P. Shafer.
Northampton, Amos W. Bowman.
Paint, Peter Hoffman.
Quemahoning, J. J. Zimmerman.
Salisbury, W. H. Boucher.
Shade, M. A. Brubaker.
Somerset Borough, Wm. B. Frease.
Somerset, J. J. Bowman.
Somerset North, John J. Darr.
Southampton, J. C. Critchfield.
Stonycreek, S. G. Baltzer.
Stoystown, Charles W. Pugh.
Summit, C. E. Gisbert.
Upper Turkeyfoot, A. M. Cramer.
Ursina, Wm. Shaw.
Wellersburg, J. G. Hiner.

JNO. R. SCOTT, Secretary. GEO. W. PILE, Chairman.

You can select an overcoat out of 300 at $2 50 to $20 at

H. HEFFLEY'S.

LOST.—During the fair, on the fair grounds, a white woolen shawl. The finder will be rewarded upon leaving the same at this office.

You can get a pair of pants for from 75 cents to $7 50 at

H. HEFFLEY'S.

"A penny saved is a penny made," is one of "Poor Richard's" proverbs. You can save twenty-five per cent. in buying your fall and winter goods at

H. HEFFLEY'S.

MEAT MARKET, MAIN CROSS STREET.—I will keep on hand at all times, Beef, Pork, Mutton and Sausage, at reasonable prices. Open daily. I will run a meat wagon three times a week.

HENRY KREGAR.
Somerset, Pa.

Everybody acknowledges that Heffley has the best, largest and cheapest stock of clothing in Somerset county.

HAIR WORK.—I am prepared to make all kinds of hair work, except hair jewelry. Switches, fronts, etc., at the rate of 40 cents an ounce for silk and from 30 to 15 cents an ounce for cotton. No work under 30 cents accepted. Work can be sent through Somerset Post Office, or left at late residence of Elias Shaulis, dec'd.

ALICE A. SHAULIS.

Immense! the stock of Children's, Boys' and Youth's clothing at

H. HEFFLEY'S.

MEAT MARKET—Main Street.—We have just added a large Refrigerator to our Meat Market in which all meats can be kept cool and clean. Mutton, Beef, Pork, &c., kept constantly on hand. Open daily. Parties wanting meat can have it kept in the Refrigerator until wanted.

We have, also, 100,000 new brick for sale, which we will sell by the hundred or thousand at a low price.

ROSS DAVIS & CO.

Ladies, you will find at Heffley's the largest line of skirts you ever saw; also all shades of dress cloths, dress novelties, wool plaids, Renfrew Gingham plaids, and anything you need in the dry goods and notions line you can get at

H. HEFFLEY'S.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY,—A marvel of cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth and Head Ache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50 cts. Sold by Geo. W. Benford, Druggist, Somerset, Pa.

Bed Comforts in endless variety and all qualities at

H. HEFFLEY'S.

WANTED.—Bridge and Trestle Carpenters, on the Pittsburgh & Western R. R. Apply to John Louden, Supervisor of Bridges, Allegheny City.

Trunks, valises, Hats & Caps, Cloths and Cassimeres, Clocks, Watches and Jewelry cheap at

H. HEFFLEY'S.

It has never yet been definitely settled as to who "struck Billy Patterson," but the people are a unit in saying that Sol Uhl keeps the largest and best stock of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, etc., to be found in the county. He has just received his fall stock, which is one of the largest and most complete ever brought to Somerset county. Give him a call.

ANSWER THIS QUESTION.—Why do so many people we see around us, seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75 cts. we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by Geo. W. Benford, Druggist, Somerset, Pa.

Boots, Boots, Boots! Hats, Hats, Hats! Caps, Caps, Caps! and everything kept in a first class Boot & Shoe Store is to be found at Sol Uhl's, in Mammoth Block. His stock is large, his prices low, his terms reasonable. You can save 20 per cent. by buying of him. His sales are large and his profits small. Call and see him and be convinced.

FARMERS LOOK AT THIS.—The market is open for wheat, potatoes, corn, keg butter, maple sugar, onions &c., all at good round prices. Bring them right along and return with the cash or value in merchandise.

COOK & BEERITS.

WANTED.—Purchasers of School Books to know that a full line of Readers, Geographies, Arithmatics Grammars, Slates, Pencils, Pens, Inks and a general assortment of School Supplies are for sale by C. N. Boyd, Druggist and Stationer. Parents purchasing books for the opening of school on Monday next will find it to their advantage to call and see us.

SHILOH'S CONSUMPTIVE CURE.—This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1.00. If your Lungs are sore, Chest or Back Lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by Geo. W. Benford, Druggist, Somerset, Pa.

FOR SALE.—A Galvanic Battery, property of the late C. C. Orton, deceased. Call on or address

S. F. PICKING,
Somerset, Pa.

Bedford has a marriage insurance agent.

We are having most delightful autumn weather.

Iowa gives only 50,000 Republican majority in an "off" year.

James Lambert has been appointed postmaster at Brine, Stonycreek township, this county.

All of our readers should read the biographical sketch of Hon. John Cessna, on our first page.

Quite a number of Somerset county people were at Baltimore last week to witness the Oriole festivities.

The Ohio Republicans turned out pretty well for an "off" year. Let their Pennsylvania brethren do likewise.

Corn husking has been inaugurated amongst the farmers throughout the county. The crop is scarcely an average one.

Hon. A. J. Colborn left Somerset Monday morning to attend the Yorktown Celebration. He will return the latter part of the week.

A number of insurance agents in Johnstown were prosecuted last week for pursuing their business without taking out a license.

The people who go to the Yorktown Centennial will enjoy the novelty of tenting out. There are no hotels and very few houses of any sort.

It is said that under the refreshing influences of the late rains, the wheat which was put in the—dust, some weeks since is coming up nicely.

A company of New York capitalists have purchased 6,000 acres of coal lands in Manor valley, Westmoreland county. They intend to manufacture coke.

A small piece of charcoal placed in a pot with boiling cabbage will, it is said, prevent the unpleasant smell from that wholesome vegetable when cooking.

Our farmers propose to "make hay while the sun shines," and therefore are putting their potatoes on the market at a time when they command a good price.

The chicken "wish-bone is likely to supplant the "horse shoe" as a popular design in jewelry. Already it is being mounted in gold and worn on the bosom as an ornament.

There was a slight mistake made in our last issue in regard to the time of holding the Republican meeting at Jenner X Roads. It will be held on Saturday, November 5th, at 2 p. m.

Mr. A. A. Stutzman, Republican candidate for Register and Recorder, called to see us Saturday morning on his way home from Baltimore, where he had been taking a look at the "Oriole."

Already the weather prophets are predicting a severe winter. God pity the poor among us, if we are to be visited with another winter like unto the one we experienced last season.

The cold weather has brought about the old query, "Didn't you hear the bell ring?" It is generally addressed to wearers of straw hats. The meaning is plain to those who are most interested.

Under the new schedule which went into effect on the S. & C. Railroad, Monday, we now get our eastern mail in the evening instead of having to wait until the next morning, as heretofore.

Now is the time to begin to plant hyacinth and tulip bulbs for blooms in the house in the winter. The bulb catalogue of any prominent seedsman will give the simple directions for management.

Mr. Auditor Snyder returned to the place of his nativity Sunday afternoon after a two months trip through the west. He reports the west a very good country to look at, but to live in prefers Somerset to any place he was at.

The church which the Presidents attend in Washington during their term of office, is, for the time being, the fashionable one. Last Sabbath President Arthur attended the St. John's Episcopal church, a queer little structure, about two squares from the White House.

Quite a large crowd of Somerset people went to Pittsburgh on the excursion train Thursday morning for the purpose of witnessing the closing ceremonies at the Exposition. They returned on the Mountain Express Saturday night, and report having had a very delightful trip.

Why can not a literary association be formed here for the benefit of our young people and older ones, too, for that matter? The coming winter evenings could not be more profitably spent than in exercises that would improve the mind and afford an innocent but solid enjoyment.

Under an act of the Legislature a heavy fine and imprisonment are imposed upon any person found guilty of defacing walls, out-houses, fences or trees without the consent of the owner. It will be well for all artists of the pastepot, stencil plate and whitewash brush to bear this enactment in mind.

Up to date forty-four physicians of this county have registered in the Prothonotary's office, as required by a late act of Assembly. This probably includes all the male doctors in the county who are entitled to practice. We are told that there are a number of female physicians in the county who have not yet registered.

A circular has been issued to the county, borough and city superintendents of schools by Hon. H. E. Higbee, calling two conventions of the officers the coming winter, for counties west of the Alleghenies and the other for the eastern part of the state. The convention for school officers in western Pennsylvania will meet in Allegheny, January 10, and continue three days.

Milk readily absorbs every odor, whether agreeable or disagreeable, and catches every variety of ferment which may happen to come in contact with it from the air. It should be carefully protected against all such influences and kept in pure air out of the reach of all noxious smells. Good butter can not be made from milk kept in a filthy milk house or cellar.

The committee in charge of the proposed monument to be erected over the grave of President Garfield have issued a call to the people of the United States, asking for popular subscriptions to the fund, and requesting newspapers, postmasters and banks to receive and forward to the Second National Bank at Cleveland, contributions for the purpose.

Judge Hall is asking Republicans to vote for Baer for the reason that if Baer is elected he (Hall) will have a large practice in both Bedford and Somerset counties. Which Baer would be Judge—the one from Somerset county or the one from Bedford county, is a question a great many people will be likely to ask before they cast their votes this fall.—*Bedford Republican.*

Boston University, in honor of the late President, "who, in spite of poverty and other obstacles, acqvired unusual learning and usefulness, and who was ever ready to assist those struggling for some worthy objects," has decided to establish a fund known as "The Garfield Scholarship fund," the income of which shall be used to aid worthy and needy students who are striving for professional education. The influence of such a life and character as Garfield's his made itself felt in every department of public life, and various institutions throughout the country vie with each other in perpetuating his memory.

The water-famine in this section is about at an end. The late rains have soaked the parched earth in a thorough manner, and the wells and springs will soon arrive at their regular stage. Many physicians attribute typhoid fever in certain localities to a low and infectious stage of water. If such is the case no fears need be entertained of such a state of things in this locality.

Our public schools opened Monday morning with the usual number of pupils on the roll. The school term is only five months and parents should see that their children are prompt and regular in their attendance. The teachers employed are capable and efficient, and although the term is short much knowledge can be acquired by a regular attendance and close application.

Hon. A. H. Coffroth, Capt. John Holderbaum, W. J. Baer, S. U. Trent, Mart. Hartzell, John Bender and Ye Local were among the Somerset county persons in attendance at the Bedford fair last week. The exhibits were not up to those of our fair, but the crowd in attendance was considerably larger. Financially the exhibition was a success.

Johnstown and vicinity have succeeded in nearly stamping out small-box, all the cases reported being under control. But to take its place has come an equally dangerous scourge—diphtheria. A number of cases of the latter disease are under treatment, and a repetition is feared of the experience of a year ago, when scores of victims where gathered in, and even entire households destroyed.

Dr. H. H. Wynne, recently of New York city, has located permanently in Johnstown to commence the special and exclusive practice of Diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat. Dr. Wynne has had an extensive experience in the large general and special hospitals of the Metropolis of the United States, and has recently been surgeon in charge of one of the largest Eye Hospitals of New York City.

The undersigned gratefully acknowledges the following collections for the building of St. John's Evangelical Lutheran church, at Millheim, Pa., viz:

Stoystown charge, $52.87; Friedens charge, $28.61; Berlin charge, $21.95; Centreville charge, $15.35; Lavansville charge, $12.93; Somerset charge, $12.00; a friend, $7.17; total, $150.88.

JOHN TOMLINSON.

The Republicans of Cambria county held their convention on last Tuesday, and nominated the following ticket: President Judge, Hon John Dean; Associate Judges, Richard Elder, Joseph Masters; Treasurer, F. H. Barker; Commissioners, Samuel W. Davis, George Gramling; Director of the Poor, David Davis; Auditors, Wm. H. Connel, C. B. Cover; Coroner, Joseph S. Strayer. D. S. Kinkead was elected Chairman of the County Committee.

The *Scientific American* gives the following recipe for getting rid of stumps: "In the autumn or early winter bore a hole one or two inches in diameter, according to the girth of the stump, and about eighteen inches deep. Put into it one or two ounces of saltpetre, fill the hole with water and plug it close. In the ensuing spring take out the plug and ignite it. The stump will moulder away, without blazing, to the very extremity of the roots, leaving nothing but the ashes."

In order that our sportsmen may act intelligently, and under the law, we will give them a hint about the shooting of game. A year ago rabbit shooting was permitted on October 15, but this is changed. In 1878 a law was passed making it legal to shoot partridges and rabbits on October 15, but last winter the legislature changed the law, leaving the date for the beginning of partridge shooting the same, October 15, but establishing the legal date for shooting rabbits on November 1. Sportsmen would do well, therefore, to "stick a pin" in this.

Faith-Doctor Daniel Shaffer, of Sipesville, wishes us to say that he has been registered under the late act of Assembly, and that he is still successfully treating a large number of patients by "laying on of hands and by prayer." During his practice he has treated over 800 patients, suffering from all the various diseases, and he mantains that he has been endowed with the healing power from on high. To those who doubt that that there is a direct command in the Bible to "heal the sick," he refers to the 17th and 91st Psalms, 16th chapter of Mark, and 11th Hebrews.

There are comparatively but few people in this country who have any adequate idea of the value of the apple crop of the United States when the crop is a full one. The total exports of apples from this country from August 1st, 1880, to May 14, 1881, was 1,349,806 barrels. Putting the value of the apples at the low price of $2 per barrel, we have the enormous sum of $2,697,612. This was a neat little income to the United States, and this year must fall short a million or more. It would be well for our farmers and fruit growers to bear in mind that to raise good fruit pays like raising anything else of a good quality from the farm.

Mr. William Ferrel, the young man spoken of in last week's HERALD as being afflicted with the small pox, died from the effects of the dreadful disease at the hospital, last Thursday morning, and was buried in the cemetery attached to the Metzler church. Mr. Ferrel was a young man of about twenty two years of age, and was a native of Orange county, Va. For the past eight months he had been employed on the Somerset and Cambria Railroad, and bore the character of an honest, sober, industrious young man.

A rumor of another case of small pox near town has been circulated, but we have been unable to trace it to any authentic source.

The discussion of "The Christian Religion," by Colonel Ingersoll and Judge Black, which was commenced in the August number of the *North American Review*, is continued in the November issue of that publication. Col. Ingersoll now replies to the strictures of his opponent, and presents much more fully than he has ever before done the logical grounds for his opposition to Christianaty. The article will be received with interest by those who have read the first part of the debate, as well as by those who believe that the cause of truth is best advanced by free discussion. An early number of the Review will contain an exhaustive reply. In a Symposium on Presidential Inability, four of our most eminent jurists, Judge Thomas M. Cooley, the Hon. Lyman Trumbull, Prof. Theodore W. Dwight, and Gen. B. F. Butler discuss the several weighty problems arising out of Article 2 of the Constitution. "England's Hereditary Republic" is the title of a significant paper contributed by the Marquis of Blanford, and Senator George F. Hoar writes a statesmanlike article on "The Appointing Power" of the President of the United States.

The first Republican meeting of the campaign was held at Berlin, Monday night, and was one of the best we have ever had the pleasure of attending. An organization was effected by electing the following officers: President, Samuel Walker, of Allegheny township; Vice Presidents, Jacob Musser, Francis Knepper, Jos. Poorbaugh; Secretaries, P. U. Miller, U. F. Rayman. The audience was large and enthusiastic, showing that the Republicans of old Berlin and Brothersvalley are fully alive to the importance of standing firmly by their colors in an "off" year as well as any other, and when a ticket has been fairly and honestly nominated of electing it. If the number and kind of men who were present at this meeting is any indication, there will be no cutting of the ticket in Berlin or Brothersvalley this year. The meeting was addressed by Jas. L. Pugh and S. U. Trent, Esq's. Hon. John Cessna was present, and being loudly called for, made a few brief remarks, but declined to make a speech. Paint will have to look closely to her vote or Brothersvalley will carry off the banner this year.

How many misunderstandings arise from the loose way in which business matters are talked over, and then when each party puts his own construction on the conversation, the matter is dismissed by each with the words "all right, all right." Frequently it turns out all wrong, and becomes a question for lawyers and the courts. More than three-fourths of the litigation of the country would be saved if the people would put down their agreements in writing, and sign their names to them. Each word in our language has its own particular meaning, and memory may, by the change of its position in the sentence, convey an entirely different idea from that intended. When once reduced to writing, ideas are fixed, and expensive law suits avoided.

Intelligence received at the Warner Observatory, Rochester, N. Y., from Bristol, England, states that Prof. W. F. Denning discovered a bright new comet on the 4th inst. It is located in the constellation of Leo, right ascension 9 hours 22 minutes, declination North 16 degrees, daily motion 30 minutes East. This is the sixth comet which has been seen since May 1st, five being new discoveries, all but two of which were first observed by Americans, and is certainly a high compliment to the industry and skill of American astronomers that they have shown so fine a record. The total amount which Mr. H. H. Werner has gived in comet prizes during the past year is $1,300 which shows that the interest taken in astronomical affairs in this country is greatly increasing.

"HOW IS YOUR MAN?"—We have received from the publishers, Messrs. Lee & Shephard, Boston, Mass., a copy of a book bearing the above name. It is meant principally to act as a reformer in a certain line of business, which of recent times has grown to immense proportions in our fair State, and bids fair, if something is not speedily done to arrest its nefarious work, to cause the ruin of thousands who as yet have scarcely heard of it. Our readers need scarcely be told that we refer to "graveyard insurance." The little book in question deals with the business without gloves and hits hard and well deserved blows. It is a crying evil, and we feel sure that this publication will do much toward enlightening people as to what the business is doing.

A new time table went into effect on the S. & C. Railroad, Monday, October 17th, at 6:20 a. m. Under the new schedule, local freight leaves Rockwood at 6:20 a. m., arrives at Somerset at 8:24 a. m., and at Johnstown at 10:35 a. m. The mail train leaves Johnstown at 10:35 a. m., arrives at Somerset at 12:25 p. m., and Rockwood at 1 p. m. Accommodation leaves Rockwood at 1:50 p. m., arrives at Somerset at 2:25 p. m., and Stoystown at 3:05 p. m.; leaves Stoystown at 4:30 p. m., arrives at Somerset at 5:24 p. m., and Rockwood at 5:50 p. m.—This train only runs between Rockwood and Stoystown. Express leaves Rockwood at 6:20 p. m., arrives at Somerset at 6:50 p. m., and Johnstown at 8:50 p. m. Local freight leaves Johnstown at 1 p. m., arrives at Stoystown at 3:05 p. m., Somerset at 4:25 p. m., and Rockwood at 5:30 p. m.

Messrs. E. K. Hyndman and James Cochran consummated the purchase of an immense body of coal land this week. The tract contains 1951 acres, and lies at the mouth of Jacob's creek, partly in Perry township, Fayette county, and partly in Rostraver township, Westmoreland county, having a frontage on the Youghiogheny river of about a mile. There are two distinct veins of coal underlying the tract—one four feet in thickness and the other nine feet, the latter lying fifty feet below the former—and the entire tract drains itself. The whole had been under an option held by Patrick Jennings and James Matthews. Sometime recently Messrs. Hyndman and Cochran purchased the interest of the former and now they have bought out the later and closed on the option. The price paid is said to be $200 per acre. The purchasers will open out the coal as soon as the new Pittsburgh and Youghiogheny road is completed.—*Courier.*

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Baltimore and Ohio R. R. Co., was held at Camden Station on last Wednesday.

President Garrett called the attention of board to the fact that the Somerset and Cambria Railroad had been completed as a first-class line, with substantial masonry, iron bridges and steel rails, and that it passed through a most interesting region, full of mineral and agricultural resources. The line from Rockwood, on the Pittsburgh Division, 49 miles west of Cumberland, extends through Somerset to Johnstown—the seat of the great works of the Cambria Iron Company. The road is 46 miles in length. In order that the merchants of Baltimore, and the citizens of Jonnstown, and the people of the intermediate territory, shall have an opportunity of forming personal acquaintance, and of understanding the advantages of this important new line, and its connections, the President suggested that an excursion be arranged from Baltimore to Johnstown during the present pleasant autumn weather, so that the board of directors, and others interested in this improvement, shall have an opportunity to examine the route, and to visit in Johnstown. The suggestion was approved, and the subject was referred to the Committee on Finance to make the requisite arrangements. This excursion will probably take place in the early part of November. It is believed that the proposed trip will lead to extensive and mutually desirable and profitable intercourse between the people of Baltimore and the communities upon the route thus opened.—*Baltimore American.*

PAINT ITEMS:—

One day last week some cows belonging to Mrs. Charlotte Livingstone broke into a field of Mr. H. P. Custer, where his stock was. A vicious cow of Mrs. L's goared a valuable cow of Mr. Custer's to death, and a spring calf in such a manner that it died a few days afterward.

Charles Holsapple recently sold his farm to Mr. M. W. Keim, of Johnstown, at $50 per acre, amounting to $18,000.

Mr. O. W. Border, of Border Station, S. & C. Railroad, will move his steam saw mill to the farm of Josiah Custer in a few days.

Z.

H. H. WYNNE, M. D.,
Oculist and Aurist.

Diseases of the Eye, Ear, and Throat, Catarrh of the Nose and Throat Carities, specialties.

Office, No. 222 Main street (upstairs), over Dibert's Hardware Store, Johnstown. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Oct. 19-3m.

DIED.

ZIMMERMAN.—On October 7th, 1881, Matilda Zimmerman, after a protracted illness, at the residence of Ludwig Gardner, in Jefferson township, aged 22 years, 9 months and 12 days.

She died trusting in the Savior. Her remains were interred in the Cemetery at Bakersville, and a funeral sermon preached by the pastor, L. L. Sieber.

MARRIED.

WEYAND—KIMMEL.—On October 6th, 1881, at the Lutheran Parsonage in Fridens, by Rev. J. J. Welch, Mr. Joseph Weyand to Miss Mary Kimmel, both of Somerset county, Pa.

NOTICE.

To all persons whom it may concern, take notice that I have made application to Hon. A. K. Dunkle, Secretary of Internal Affairs, for a warrant for 18 acres of unimproved land, situate in Shade township, Somerset county, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Jesse Slick on the north, Jacob Hoelman on the west, and Jonathan B. Wagner on the south and east; and at the expiration of thirty days will ask that a warrant be issued for the same to me.

Oct 19, 1881. JONATHAN B. WAGNER.

Republican Meetings.

Meetings will be held at the following times and places and will be addressed by able speakers:

LET THERE BE

A FULL TURNOUT

at all of them.

GEBHARTS,	Wednesday	"	19, 2 "
ROCKWOOD,	"	"	19, 7 "
CONFLUENCE,	Thursday,	"	20, 2 "
URSINA,	"	"	20, 7 "
PINE HILL,	Friday,	"	21, 2 "
WITTENBURG,	"	"	21, 7 "
WELLERSBURG,	Saturday,	"	22, 2 "
POCAHONTAS,	"	"	22, 7 "
HOOVERSVILLE,	Monday,	"	24, 7 "
SCALP LEVEL,	Tuesday,	"	25, 2 "
DAVIDSVILLE,	"	"	25, 7 "
JENNERTOWN,	Wed.	"	26, 2 "
STOYSTOWN,	"	"	26, 7 "
SHANKSVILLE,	Thursday,	"	27, 2 "
BUCKSTOWN,	"	"	27, 7 "
SOUTHAMPTON MILLS,	Mon.,	"	31, 7 "
SALISBURY,	"	"	31, 7 "
MEYERSDALE,	Tuesday,	Nov.	1, 7 "
BAKERSVILLE,	Wed.,	"	2, 2 "
EDIE,	"	"	2, 7 "
FRIEDENS,	Thursday,	"	3, 7 "
SIPESVILLE,	Friday,	"	4, 7 "
JENNER X ROADS,	Sat.,	"	5, 2 "

JNO. R. SCOTT, Secretary. GEORGE W. PILE, Co. Chairman.

SOMERSET MARKET

Corrected by COOK & BEERITS.

DEALERS IN

CHOICE GROCERIES, FLOUR & FEED

Apples, dried, ℔	3@4c
Applebutter, ℔ gal.	30@40c
Bran, ℔ 100 ℔s.	$1 00@$1 25
Butter, ℔ (keg)	20@25c
Butter, ℔ (roll)	25c
Buckwheat, ℔ bushel	75c
" meal, 100 ℔s.	$3 00
Beeswax, ℔	25c
Bacon, shoulders, ℔	10@12c
" sides,	16
" country hams, ℔	13@15c
Corn, (ear) ℔ bushel	90@1 00
Corn, (shelled) ℔ bushel	1 00
Corn meal ℔	2½c
Calf skins, ℔	8c
Eggs, ℔ doz	15c
Flour, ℔ bbl	$6 50@$7 00
Flaxseed ℔ bu., (56 ℔s)	75c
Hams, (sugar-cured) ℔	17c
Lard, ℔	12c@15c
Leather, red sole, ℔	30@35c
" upper "	65@70
" kip, "	75@80c
Middlings, and chop 100 ℔s.	$2 00
Oats, ℔ bu	45@55c
Potatoes, ℔ bu (new)	1 00@1 20
Peaches, dried, ℔	8 to 10c
Rye ℔bu	75c
Rags, ℔	1c
Salt, No. 1, ℔ bbl. extra	$1 75@$2 00
" Ground Alum, per sack	$1 40@$1 50
" Ashton, per sack	$4 00
Sugar, yellow ℔	9@10
" white "	11@14
Tallow, ℔	5@7c
Wheat, ℔ bus	$1 25
Wool, ℔	35@40

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Honorable WILLIAM M. HALL, President Judge of the several Courts of Common Pleas of the several counties composing the Sixteenth Judicial District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said District, and DANIEL STUFFT and C. C. MUSSELMAN, Esquires, Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the county of Somerset, have issued their precepts and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery, and Courts of Oyer and Terminer, at Somerset,

On Monday, November 14, 1881.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Somerset, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done; and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Somerset county, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Oct. 19 EDGAR KYLE, Sheriff.

LIST OF CAUSES.

For trial at November Term, 1881, commencing 2nd Monday of November, 14th, day.

FIRST WEEK.

John H. Sanner's use, vs. Joseph J. Stutzman's garnishees.
Albert Lohr vs. R. P. Lohr.
Philson, Black & Co., vs. Henry Muil.
A. H. Blackiston's Adm'r., vs. Alexander Paul.
Oliver A. Parker, vs. Ira C. Canfield, et al.
Gabriel Lichty vs. Daniel Shultz.
Emmie Hoover's right vs. William Baker.
Susannah Hutzell vs. Edward McMurrer et al.
Danedl Flick vs. David Lavan and E. A. Flick.
Alexander Countryman vs. Conrad Stoy.
Daniel Shultz vs. C. G. Lint and G. D. Lichty
Daniel Weyand's heirs vs. Gideon Hiteshew and Joseph Thomas.
James Kimmel vs. Benjamin Gardner.
L. C. Gorsuch's use vs. W. G. Hay's garnishees.
Josiah Brant vs. John Hill.
John F. Bender vs. Bedford and Somerset Turnpike Road Company.

SECOND WEEK.

Jacob J. Gleesner vs. William Sader.
D. Weyand's adm'r. and Wm. Will vs. Abraham and Maria McAdams.
Jacob Steyer's use vs. Solomon K. Spangler.
Hezekiah Fair vs. Weyand Doerner et al.
George Hardin vs. John R. Brinham's terre tenants.
W. H. Bowman vs. J. L. Smith's adm'r., garnishees, &c.
Lewis Sowerbower vs. Hiram Beam.
Daniel C. Barclay vs. Jno. W. Burkholder.
Oliver Tressler vs. Isaac A. Jenkins.
Joseph Cable vs. Harrison H. Lohr.
W. C. Hicks et al vs. H. S. Donges' garnishees.
Solomon Boucher vs. Patrick Griffith's garnishees.
Catharine Tressler vs. Jacob Tressler's garnishees.
Franklin Rodgers vs. James Rodgers.
M. A. Sanner & Co. vs. Francis Hoover.
J. O. Meyers vs. W. W. Hartzell.
J. J. Baer vs. Adam and A. C. Yanert's garnishees.
Critchfield Bros. vs. E. M. Lichty's garnishees.
W. H. Dill et al vs. Salisbury and Baltimore Railroad and Coal Company.
W. H. Dill et al vs. Salisbury and Baltimore Railroad and Coal Company.
John S. Cremer vs. S. P. and D. J. Phillippi.
John S. Cremer vs. S. P. and D. J. Phillippi.
Rebecca C. Meyers vs. John Feig et al.
Nelson Beall vs. Hoblitzell and Hockings' garnishees.
William Frantz vs. Pinkerton Lumber Company (limited).

Prothonotary's Office, Oct. 17, 1881. H. F. SCHELL, Oct. 19 Prothonotary.

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

Dora E. Frankfort by her next friend David Stoemmel, vs. Jacob Frankfort. In the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset Co., Pa. No 119, Nov. Term, 1881. Alias subpœna for divorce on the ground of desertion.

To Jacob Frankfort, the defendant above named. You are hereby notified to be and appear at the Court of Common Pleas for Somerset county, to be held on the 2d Monday of November, A. D. 1881, to answer to the complaint of Dora E. Frankfort, your wife, the plaintiff above named, and show cause, if any you have, why your said wife should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, agreeably to the prayer of her petition and libel exhibited against you before said Court.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, October 19, 1881. EDGAR KYLE, Sheriff.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned as legatees, creditors, or otherwise, that the following accounts have passed register, and that the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance at an Orphans' Court to be held at Somerset, Thursday, November 17, 1881.

First and final account of William Maurer, administrator of Zacharia T. Muller, dec'd.
First and final account of Daniel Rhoads, administrator of Charles May, dec'd.
First and final account of B. S. Fleck, administrator of Mary Fleck, dec'd.
First and final account of Cyrus Hershberger, administrator of Daniel Hershberger, dec'd.
First and final account Oliver P. Shaver, administrator of Gabriel Walker, dec'd.
First and final account of Andrew Hoover, ad. Second and final account of Andrew Hoover, Adm'r of Frederick Hoover, dec'd.
First and final account of Norman B. Cramer, Adm'r and Trustee for the sale of the real estate of Chauncey Cramer, dec'd.
ministrator of Catharine Schisler, dec'd.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Somerset, Oct. 15 1881. WM. B. FREASE, Register.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of certain writs of Vend Ex., Fi. Fa. and Lev. Fa., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset Co., Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Somerset, Pa., on

Friday, November 11, 1881,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., all the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant, J. P. Philson, of, in and to the following described real estate, situate in Berlin Bor., Somerset county, Pa., containing ½ acre, more or less, with a two-story frame dwelling house and stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Henry Holsinger on the east, alley on the west and north, and fronting on Main street on the south, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of J. Platt Philson.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant, Anton Fisher, of, in and to the following described real estate, situate in Meyersdale Bor., Somerset Co., Pa., containing 1 acre, more or less, with a one and a half-story house thereon erected, adjoining lands of Daniel Buechley's heirs on the east, Uriah Broucher on the south, Lewis Keim on the north, and west by Casselman river, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of Daniel Buechley's executor.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of Gabriel Bender, terre tenant of Weyand Doemer and Richard Bender, of, in and to the following tracts of land, viz.:

No. 1. A certain tract of timber land, situate in Allegheny township, Somerset county, Pa., adjoining lands now or formerly of James Wells, J. E. Deal, P. Weisel, Tipton and others, containing 346 acres, with steam sawmill, boiler, engine, and fixtures thereon, with the appurtenances.

No. 2. A certain lot or lots in Meyersdale borough, Somerset county, Pa., adjoining Centre street on the east, North street on the south, and alley on the north and west, with two dwelling houses, store house and stable thereon erected, with the appurtenances.

No. 3. A certain lot situate in Meyersdale borough aforesaid, adjoining lot of Margaret Clouse on the west, lands of P. & C. R. R. Co. on the east, Broadway on the south, and alley on the north, with the appurtenances.

No. 4. Three certain lots situate in Meyersdale borough, Somerset county, Pa., adjoining river on the west, Weber street on the south, and alley on the north, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of Frederick L. Just, use of George Gessner and Emma Reinhart.

—ALSO—

All the right title, interest and claim of the defendant, Alexander Nichola, of in and to the following Real Estate, situated in Lower Turkeyfoot township, Somerset County, Penn'a., containing 50 acres more or less, about 30 acres clear and 4 acres in meadow with a two-story frame dwelling house, fulling mill, stable, and outbuildings thereon erected, adjoining lands of Thomas Ream, Aaron Weimer, Scott Rush and others with the appurtainces.

Taken in execution at the suit of Daniel Augustine.

—ALSO—

All the right title, interest and claim of the defendants, Hiram Findley and Michael Hay, C. U. Heilman, Jeremiah J. Folk, executors of Peter Wilhelm, dec'd., Peter S. Hay, W. H. Hay, and S. M. Saylor, Adm'rs. of David Hay, dec'd., Samuel Folk, Thomas Lee, M. J. Beachy, Elias Hershberger, Mary (Polly) Wilhelm, and the Salisbury and Baltimore Railroad and Coal Co., terre tenants, and James Martin and Joseph Grey, tenants in possession, to wit:

All the following real estate and mineral and mineral privileges as follows to wit:

No. 1. A tract of land situate in Elklick township, Somerset county, state of Pennsylvania, containing 224 acres and allowance, adjoining Maryland line, Christian Hershberger, John Sinclair, Patrick Sullivan, Chew and Wilcox, Jonas Beachy, others, being the same lands conveyed by Jacob P. Miller to Hiram Findley and Michael Hay by deed, dated June 1, A. D. 1865, and filed in the office for Record, July 31, 1866, and more fully therein described, with the appurtenances.

No. 2. A tract of land, situate in Elklick township, Somerset county, and state aforesaid, adjoining lands formerly owned by Jacob P. Miller, now Findlay and Hay, Jonas Beachy, now Findlay and Hay, Daniel Hersberger and others, containing 76 acres and 127 perches, being the same lands conveyed by George Friday to Hiram Findlay and Michael Hay, by deed dated June 10, A. D. 1865 and filed for record in the office at Somerset on July 31, A. D. 1866 and more fully in said deed described.

No. 3. A tract of land situated as aforesaid, adjoining lands of John Engle, Peter Maust, Jacob Livengood and Baltzer Welfly, containing 184 acres more or less, being the same tract as conveyed by Susanna Boyd, committee of Douglass Boyd, to Michael Hay, by deed dated May 11, A. D. 1865 and recorded in record book at Somerset, Pa., vol. 26, pages 174, and 175 and more fully therein described, *except* 7 acres and 8½ perches of the Boyd farm, in Elklick township, Somerset county, Pennsylvania, also a strip of land measuring from the north side of the public road, on the bank of Pine creek run, 20½ feet along the line of the Salisbury Railroad, toward Meyersdale, thence in a straight line to the Casselman river, on a line parallel with the northern line of the tract, and the right of way for a tram road up and along Pine creek and through said Boyd farm, on which the lien of the judgment was released.

No. 4. All the stone, coal, iron ore, limestone, fireclay, salt, petroleum, gypsum, marl, and every other mineral and mineral substance contained within and under the surface of a tract of land situate on Tub Mill run, in township, county and State aforesaid, called "Mill Seat," adjoining lands of Christian Livengood, John Griffith, John Christner, Patrick Sullivan, Abraham Beachy, Peter Markley and others, and running along the bank of the Tub Mill run, for one part of the boundary, containing 200 acres, more or less, 5 acres reserved by the vendees of the said Findlay and Hay, with ingress and egress and regress for mining and shipping said minerals, and the right of building roads, railroads, tramroads, shanties, dump houses, weigh scales and other privileges for mining and shipping of the minerals, being the same minerals and mineral rights and privileges conveyed by Benjamin, Peter, Polly and Elizabeth Wilhelm to Hiram Findlay and Michael Hay, by deed dated 30th day of July, A. D. 1866; filed for record in the office at Somerset July 31st, A. D. 1866, and more fully therein described, with the appurtenances.

No. 5. All the coal, ironore, fireclay, limestone, and all minerals and mineral substances lying and being under and upon the surface of the following tract of land, situate in the township, county and State aforesaid, adjoining lands of John Hershberger, lands surveyed in the name of Chew and Wilcox, and others, containing 105 acres, and allowance, being the same as conveyed by Samuel Folk to Hiram Findlay and Michael Hay by deed dated June 10th A. D. 1866; filed for record at Somerset, July 31st, A. D. 1866, as by reference thereto will more fully and at large appear, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of David McConkey, use of William P. Mattock, use of Jesse House.

NOTICE.—All persons purchasing at the above sale will please take notice that a part of the purchase money—to be made known at the time of sale—will be required as soon as the property is knocked down, otherwise it will be again exposed to sale at the risk of the first purchaser. The residue of the purchase money must be paid on or before Thursday of the first week of November Court, the time fixed by the Court for the acknowledgment of deeds, and no deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Somerset, Oct. 15, 1881. EDGAR KYLE, Sheriff.

ASSIGNEES' AND COMMITTEES' ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts have been filed in my office, and notice is hereby given that the same will be presented to the Court for confirmation, on

Thursday, November 17th, 1881,

when and where all persons interested will be heard.

The second and final account of Alexander C. Moore, assignee of Dietrick Kreger.
The account of William Reel, committee of Mary Lambert.

Prothonotary's Office, Octber 17, 1881. H. F. SCHELL, Oct. 19, Prothonotary.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Duckworth, late of Addison township, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority; notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement on Saturday, the 6th day of November.

sept28 M. A. ROSS, Executor.

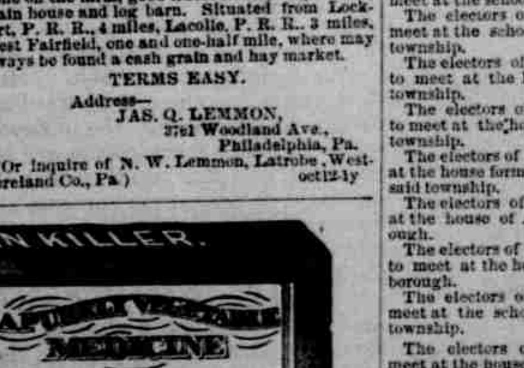
FOR SALE.

A valuable farm containing about *One Hundred and Sixty-five Acres*, (165) fifty to fifty-five (50-55) acres of the finest Oak and Poplar timber in Ligonier Valley, twenty-five acres excellent meadow, eighty acres splendid grain and pasture land, besides other timber land, all well watered, limestone on the farm, good frame house, wagon shed, grain house and log barn. Situated from Lockport, P. R. R., 4 miles, Lacolle, P. R. R., 3 miles, West Fairfield, one and one-half mile, where may always be found a cash grain and hay market.

TERMS EASY.

Address—
JAS. Q. LEMMON,
3761 Woodland Ave.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

(Or inquire of N. W. Lemmon, Latrobe, Westmoreland Co., Pa.) oct12-1y



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A Sure and Speedy Cure for Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Diphtheria, Chills, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera, Summer Complaint, Sick Headache, Neuralgia, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Rheumatism, etc.

Perfectly safe to use internally or externally, and certain to afford relief. No family can afford to be without it. Sold by all druggists at 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

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$72 A WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. Mar.16-1yr

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SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of certain writs of Fi. Fa. and Lev. Fa., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset county, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Somerset, Pa., on

Thursday, October 27, 1881,

at 1 o'clock P. M., all the right, title, interest and claim of the defendants, H. F. Pardoe, President and Treasurer, R. M. J. Zahniser, Secretary, and John S. Williamson, partners, doing business in the name of the Pinkerton Lumber Company (limited), of, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

No. 1. A certain tract of land situate in Addison Twp., Somerset county, Pa., surveyed on a warrant in the name of Adam White, containing 424 acres, strict measure, adjoining lands warranted in the name of John White Christopher White and others.

No. 2. A tract of land situate as aforesaid, surveyed on a warrant in the name of John White containing 424 acres, strict measure, adjoining lands warranted in the name of Adam White and others.

No. 3. A tract of land situate as aforesaid, surveyed on a warranted in the name of Frederick Schrock, containing 303 acres and 150 perches strict measure, adjoining the Old Forge tract, Jane Coder claim, land in name of John White and others.

No. 4. A tract of land situate as aforesaid, containing 148 acres and 64 perches, adjoining Casselman river, lands warranted in the name of Christopher White, John White and others, being a part of a tract surveyed on a warrant in the name of Thomas White, originally contained 400 acres.

No. 5. A tract of land situate as aforesaid, surveyed on a warrant in the name of Cornelius Reiley, containing 424 acres strict measure, adjoining lands of surveys in the name of Aaron Cramer, John White and others.

No. 6. A tract of land situate as aforesaid, warranted in the name of Adam Cramer, containing 424 acres strict measure, adjoining lands warranted in the name of Cornelius Reiley and others.

No. 7. A certain tract of land situate in Milford Twp., Somerset county, Pa., containing 160 acres and 16 perches, adjoining land warranted in the name of Cornelius Reiley, Adam Cramer, the Forge tract and residue of which the parcel hereby conveyed is a part, being part of a tract of land containing 400 acres, more or less, surveyed on a warrant in the name of John Miller.

No. 8. A tract of land situate as aforesaid, surveyed on a warrant in the name of David Jones, containing 428 acres and 130 perches, adjoining lands warranted in the name of Michael King, John Shaff and others, being lands known as the Jost. J. Stutzman lands.

No. 9. A tract of land situate in Addison Twp., aforesaid, surveyed on a warrant in the name of Christopher White, containing 400 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Samuel Heinbaugh, Pinkerton Tunnel tract, lands warranted in the name of Adam White, John White and others.

No. 10. A certain tract of land known as Pinkerton Point, in upper Turkeyfoot township, containing 275 acres, strict measure, being part of a survey in the name of Thomas White, adjoining land in name of Christopher White, lands of David Heinbaugh and others.

No. 11. A tract of land in Upper Turkeyfoot township, Somerset county, Pa., containing 111 acres and 137 perches, adjoining Casselman river, lands in name of Christopher White, lands of Aaron Sechler, William Snyder and others, being part of a tract of land known as the Peter Weimer tract. Also, all the coal, iron ore, limestone, fireclay, and other minerals and mineral substances, lying and being under and contained within the surface of the lands hereinafter described and the necessary right of way to remove said minerals by such ways and means as may be found necessary, but in such way and manner as to do as little injury to the surface soil as possible, viz:

No. 12. The minerals as above described, upon, under and contained within a tract of land containing 160 acres, the surface of which is owned by William Snyder, adjoining lands of Aaron Sechler, Hiram Cramer, and others, being part of a tract of land known as the Peter Weimer farm, situate in the township of Upper Turkeyfoot.

No. 13. The like minerals, &c., as above described on, upon, under, and contained within a tract of land in Upper Turkeyfoot township, known as the Jacob Gerhart farm, containing 259 acres and 12 perches, adjoining lands of James Heinbaugh, Hiram Cramer, and others, the surface of which is owned by Jonathan Moyer.

No. 15. The three-fifths of the like minerals as above described, lying and being on and under, upon and contained within a tract of land situate in Upper Turkeyfoot township, containing 293½ acres, adjoining No. 14 last aforesaid, lands of John Broucher, Cunningham's heirs, and others, the surface of which is owned by John Broucher, and is known as the Upper Holbrook farm.

No. 16. The undivided three-fifths part of the like minerals as above decribed, lying and being on, upon and under and contained within a tract of land situate in Upper Turkeyfoot township, containing 92½ acres and 90 perches, adjoining lands hereinbefore described as No. 13 and 14, lands of Pheneas Sechler and others, the surface of which is known and owned by Hiram Cramer, called the lower Holbrook farm. The last named eight tracts are known as lands conveyed by W. J. Baer to M. A. Sanner on the 3d day of March, 1877, and the whole of the lands herein mentioned and conveyed being the same lands, the undivided three-fourths of which Noah Scott and wife by deed of 31st of July, 1879, conveyed to said Zahniser, Williamson and Pardoe, the said present grantors, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of T. C. Jenkins and Noah Scott, use of Emanuel Lichty and Keim and Livengood, et. al.

NOTICE.—All persons purchasing at the above sale will please take notice that a part of the purchase money—to be made known at the time of sale—will be required as soon as the property is knocked down, otherwise it will be again exposed to sale at the risk of the first purchaser. The residue of the purchase money must be paid on or before Thursday of the first week of November Court, the time fixed by the Court for the acknowledgment of deeds, and no deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Somerset, Oct. 5, 1881. EDGAR KYLE, Sheriff.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!!

By virtue of the power contained in the last will and testament of Jacob J. Walker, late of Stonycreek township, Somerset county, Pa., dec'd., the undersigned Executors of said deceased will offer for sale, by public outcry, at the late residence of the deceased, on

SATURDAY, Nov. 12th, 1881,

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, to-wit:

No. 1. A certain tract of land situate about 1½ miles east of Shanksville, in Stonycreek township, Somerset county, Pa., adjoining lands of Franklin Spangler, Peter Fornwalt, John Reed and others, containing 105 acres and allowance, of which 20 acres are clear and under fence: the balance well timbered. There are several never failing springs on this tract.

No. 2. A certain tract of land, situate in the township and county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Levi Walker, Henry Duppstant, David Wagner, and John E. Trent, containing 100 acres and allowance. This tract is heavily timbered with spruce and white pine. There are also 500 or 600 good sugar trees on it.

Terms made known on day of sale.

N. B.—One-tenth of purchase money to be paid down on day of sale.

J. J. WALKER,
W. M. SCHROCK,
sept7 Executors.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

WHEREAS, in and by an act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to regulate the general elections within this Commonwealth," it is enjoined upon me to give public notice of said elections and to enumerate in said notice what officers are to be elected, I, EDGAR KYLE, High Sheriff of the county of Somerset, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Somerset, that a General Election will be held in said county on Tuesday the

Eighth day of November, 1881,

the same being the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November.

The electors of the borough of Confluence to meet at the Council Chamber, in said borough.

The electors of the borough and election district No. 1 of Somerset township to meet at the Court House, in said borough.

The electors of election district No. 2 of Somerset township to meet at the house and shop of Perry Umberger in Sipesville.

The electors of the township of Milford to meet at the house lately occupied by Thomas King, in said township.

The electors of New Centreville to meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of the township of Upper Turkeyfoot to meet at the house of John A. Shultz, in said township.

The electors of the township of Lower Turkeyfoot to meet at the school house in Ursina borough.

The electors of the borough of Ursina to meet at the house of J. B. Miller, oppositeDavis & Coder's store, in said borough.

The electors of the township of Addison to meet at the school house in Petersburg.

The electors of the township of Middlecreek to meet at the house occupied by Jesse C. Sweitzer, in New Lexington.

The electors of the township of Elklick to meet at the house of O. W. Boyer in the borough of Salisbury.

The electors of the borough of Salisbury to meet at the house of O. W. Boyer, in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Meyersdale to meet at the council chamber in said borough.

The electors of the township of Summit to meet at the council chamber in Meyersdale borough.

The electors of the borough of Wellersburg to meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of the township of Greenville to meet at the school house, in Pocahontas, in said township.

The electors of the township of Southampton to meet at the house of J. L. Kennel, in said township.

The electors of the township of Northampton to meet at the house of John Poorbaugh, in said township.

The electors of the township of Larimer to meet at the house formerly occupied by Wm. May, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Berlin to meet at the house of Archibald Compton, in said borough.

The electors of the township of Brothersvalley to meet at the house of Samuel Heffley, in Berlin borough.

The electors of the township of Stonycreek to meet at the school house at Shanksville, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Stoystown to meet at the house formerly occupied by Henry J. Miller, in said borough.

The electors of the township of Quemahoning to meet at the house of Jacob Custer, in Stoystown.

The electors of the township of Allegheny to meet at the house of Albert Hillegas, in said township.

The electors of the borough of New Baltimore to meet at the house of ——— ———, in said borough.

The electors of the township of Conemaugh to meet at the house of Peter Levy, in said township.

The electors of the township of Shade to meet at the house of Jacob Helman, in said township.

The electors of the township of Paint to meet at the school house erected on the lands of Henry Berkey, in said township.

The electors of the township of Jenner to meet at the house of Thos. Gallagher, at Jenner X Roads, in said township.

The electors of the township of Jefferson to meet at the house of Solomon Baker, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Jennerville to meet at the school house in said borough.

At which time and places the qualified voters will elect by ballot:

ONE PERSON for the office of State Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON for the office of President Judge of the XVIth Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of the counties of Somerset and Bedford.

TWO PERSONS for the office of Associate Judge of Somerset County.

ONE PERSON for the office of Prothonotary of Somerset County.

ONE PERSON for the office of Sheriff of Somerset County.

ONE PERSON for the office Register and Recorder of Somerset County.

ONE PERSON for the office of Treasurer of Somerset County.

THREE PERSONS for the office of Commissioner of Somerset County.

ONE PERSON for the office of Poor House Director of Somerset County.

THREE PERSONS for the office of Auditor of Somerset County.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is hereby directed to the 8th Article of the New Constitution.

SECTION 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First.—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second.—He shall have resided in the State one year, (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third.—He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

SEC. 4. All the elections by the citizens shall be by ballot. Every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the election officers on the list of voters, opposite the name of the elector who presents the ballot. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket or cause the same to be written thereon and attested by a citizen of the district. The election officers shall be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding.

SEC. 5. Electors shall in all cases except treason, felony and breach or surety of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance on elections and in going to and returning therefrom.

shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service.

SEC. 6. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are or shall be prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual places of election.

SEC. 7. All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens or for the registration of voters shall be uniform throughout the State, but no elector shall be deprived of the privilege of voting by reason of his name not being registered.

SEC. 8. Any person who shall give, or promise or offer to give, to an elector, any money, reward or other valuable consideration for his vote at an election, or for withholding the same, or who shall give or promise to give such consideration to any other person or party for such elector's vote or for the withholding thereof, and any elector who shall receive or agree to receive, for himself or for another, any money, reward or other valuable consideration for his vote at an election, or for withholding the same shall thereby forfeit the right to vote at such election, and any elector whose right to vote shall be challenged for such cause before the election officers, shall be required to swear or affirm that the matter of the challenge is untrue before his vote shall be received.

SEC. 9. Any person who shall, while a candidate for office, be guilty of bribery, fraud, or wilful violation of any election law, shall be forever disqualified from holding an office of trust or profit in this Commonwealth, any person convicted of wilful violation of the election laws shall, in addition to any penalties provided by law, be deprived of the right of suffrage absolutely for a term of four years.

SEC. 13. For the purpose of voting no person shall be deemed to have gained a residence by reason of his presence, or lost it by reason of his absence, while employed in the service, either civil or military, of this State, or of the United States, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the State or the United States, or on the high seas, nor while a student of any institution of learning, nor while kept in any poor house or other asylum at public expense, nor while confined in public prison.

SEC. 14. District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election...

SEC. 15. No person shall be qualified to serve as an election officer who shall hold, or shall within two months have held any office, or appointment or employment in or under the government of the United States or of this State, or of any city, or county, or of any municipal board, commission or trust in any city save only justices of the peace and aldermen, notaries public and persons in the military service of the State; nor shall any election officer be eligible to any civil office to be filled at any election at which he shall serve, save only to such subordinate municipal or local offices, below the grade of city or county officers, as shall be designated by general law.

And also to the following acts of Assembly now in force in this State, viz:

Act of June 30th, 1874. SEC. 5. At all elections hereafter held under the laws of this Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and closed at 7 o'clock p. m.

SEC. 7. Whenever there shall be a vacancy in an election board on the morning of an election, said vacancy shall be filled in conformity with existing laws.

The said act of Assembly entitled "An act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2, 1839, provides as follows, viz:

"That the inspectors and judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district at which they respectively belong, before 7 o'clock in the morning of Tuesday, November 3d, and each said inspector shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place; and in case the person elected judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

The act of 20th of July, 1874, further provides viz:

SEC. 8. At the opening of the polls at all elections it shall be the duty of the judges of election for their respective districts to designate one of the inspectors, whose duty it shall be to have in custody the registry of voters, and to make the entries therein required by law; and it shall be the duty of the other of said inspectors to receive and number the ballots presented at said election.

SEC. 9. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot; every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the list of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets, the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding with the number to the name of the voter. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. All judges, inspectors, clerks, and overseers of any election held under this act, shall, before entering upon their duties, be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judges shall be sworn by the minority inspector if there shall be such minority inspector, and in case there be no minority inspector, then by a justice of the peace or alderman, and the inspectors, overseers and clerks shall be sworn by the judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming shall be duly made out and signed by the officers so sworn, and attested by the officer who administered the oath. If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the officers of election in the manner required by this act, or if any officer of election shall act without being first duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall sign the form of oath without being duly sworn, or if any judge or minority inspector shall certify that any officer was sworn when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the Court.

SEC. 10. On the day of election, any person whose name shall not appear on the registry of voters, and who claims the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter, for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election, which witness shall be sworn or affirmed and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter, and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating, to the best of his knowledge and belief, when and where he was born; that he has been a citizen of the United States for one month, and of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, that he has resided in the Commonwealth one year, or, if formerly a qualified elector or a native born citizen thereof, and has removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has resided in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least two months immediately preceding the election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has, if twenty-one years of age or upwards, paid a State or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election. The said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when and where and to whom paid; and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any, and if a naturalized citizen, shall also state when, where and by what Court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination. But if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit that he is a native born citizen of the United States, or if born elsewhere, shall state the fact in his affidavit and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization, and shall further state in his affidavit, that he is, at the time of making the affidavit, of the age of twenty-one and under twenty-two years; that he has been a citizen of the United States one month, and has resided in the State one year; or, if a native born citizen of the State and removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election, and in the election district immediately two months preceding such election, he shall be entitled to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes. The said affidavits of all persons making such claims, and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally list and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the Prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the Prothonotary's office, subject to examination as other election papers are. If the election officers shall find that the applicant possesses all the legal qualifications of a voter he shall be permitted to vote, and his name shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax," being added where the claimants claim to vote on tax, and the word "age" where he claims to vote on age, the same words being added by the clerks in each case, respectively, on the lists of persons voting at such election.

SEC. 11. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and acted on by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence. Every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for five years consecutively a voter in the district where he offers to vote; and on the vote of such person being received, the election officers are to write or stamp the word "voted" on his certificate with the day, month and year, and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of the same certificate except where sons are entitled to vote, because of the naturalization of their father, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed five hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year. The like punishment shall be inflicted, on conviction, on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, the endorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

SEC. 12. If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law or the laws to which this is a supplement, from any person offering to vote whose right to vote is challenged by any qualified voter present, and shall admit such person to vote without requiring such proof, every person so offending, shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced for every such offence, to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 19. Any assessor, election officer or person appointed as an overseer, who shall neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined by this act, without reasonable or legal cause, shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars, and if any assessor shall knowingly assess any person as a voter who is not qualified, or shall wilfully refuse to assess any one who is qualified, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office and on conviction be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court, and also be subject to an action for damages by the party aggrieved; and if any person shall fraudulently alter, add to, deface or destroy any list of voters made out as directed by this act, or tear down or remove the same from the place where it has been fixed, with fraudulent or mischievous intent, or for any improper purpose, the person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both at the discretion of the court; and if any person shall, by violence or intimidation, drive, or attempt to drive from the polls, any person or persons appointed by the court to act as overseers of an election, or in any way willfully prevent said overseers from performing the duties enjoined upon them by this act, such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court. Any person who shall, on the day of any election, visit a polling place in any election district at which he is not entitled to vote, and shall use any intimidation or violence for the purpose of preventing any officer of elections from performing the duties required of him by law, or for the purpose of preventing any qualified voter of such district exercising his right to vote, or from exercising his right to challenge any person offering to vote, such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court. Any clerk, overseer or election officer, who shall disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as a witness in a judicial proceeding shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, and shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, shall block up or attempt to block up the windows or avenue to any window where the same may be holden, or shall riotously disturb the peace of such election, or shall use or practice intimidation, threats, force or violence, with the design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, to be imprisoned for any time not less than one nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward or district where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not less than one hundred or more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of an election within the Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof or by any written or printed advertisement, or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

And the election laws of the Commonwealth farther provide that "The Inspectors, Judges and clerks shall, before entering on the duties of their offices, severally take and subscribe the oath or affirmation hereinafter directed, which shall be administered to them by any Judge, Alderman or Justice of the Peace; but if no such magistrate be persent, one of the inspectors of the election shall administer the oath or affirmation to the other judge, and inspector, and then the inspector so qualified shall administer the oath or affirmation to him.

"The inspectors, judge and clerks required by law to hold the township and general elections, shall take and subscribe the several oaths or affirmations, required by the 19th, 20th and 21st sections of the act of the 2d day of July, 1839, entitled "An act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," which oaths or affirmations shall be prepared and administered in the manner prescribed in the 18th and 22d sections of the said act, and in addition to the power conferred by the 18th section of said act, the judge or either of the inspectors shall have power to administer the oaths prescribed by said act to any clerk of a general or special or township election.

The following shall be the form of the oath or affirmation to be taken by each inspector, viz: "I (A. B.) do ——— that I will duly attend to the ensuing election during the continuance thereof, as an inspector and that I will not receive any ticket or vote from any person, other than such as I shall firmly believe to be, according to the provisions of the constitution and the laws of this Commonwealth, entitled to vote at such election, without requiring such evidence of the right to vote as is directed by law, nor will I vexatiously delay or refuse to receive any vote from any person who I shall believe to be entitled to vote as aforesaid, but that I will in all things, truly, impartially and faithfully perform my duty therein, to the best of my judgment and abilities, and that I am not directly or indirectly interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election."

The following shall be the oath or affirmation of each judge, viz: "I, (A. B.) do ——— that I will as judge duly attend the ensuing election during the continuance thereof, and faithfully assist the inspectors in carrying on the same; that I will not give my consent that any vote or ticket shall be received from any person other than such as I firmly believe to be according to the provisions of the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth, entitled to vote at such election, without requiring such evidence of the right to vote as is directed by law and that I will use my best endeavors to prevent any fraud, deceit or abuse in carrying on the same by citizens qualified to vote, or others, and that I will make a true and perfect return of the said election, and will in all things truly, impartially and faithfully perform my duty respecting the same to the best of my judgment and abilities, and that I am not directly or indirectly interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election."

The following shall be the form of the oath or affirmation to be taken by each clerk, viz: "I (A. B.) do——that I will impartially and truly write down the name of each elector who shall vote at the ensuing election, which shall be given me in charge, and also the name of the township, ward or district wherein such elector resides, and carefully and truly write down the number of votes that shall be given for each candidate at the election as often as his name shall be read to me by the inspector thereof and in all things truly and faithfully perform my duty respecting the same to the best of my judgment and ability, and that I am not directly or indirectly interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election."

The qualified electors will take notice of the following act of Assembly, approved 12th day of March, 1866, an act Regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth at all general township, borough and special elections are hereby, hereafter, authorized and required to vote, by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled, outside "judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers voted for, and be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including the office of Senator, member and members of Assembly, if voted for, and member of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled "borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

SEC. 2. That it shall be the duty of the Sheriffs in the several counties of this Commonwealth to insert in their election proclamations hereafter issued the first section of this act.

JAMES R. KELLEY,
Speaker of the House of Representative.
DAVID FLEMING,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the 12th day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

A. G. CURTIN.

FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

AND WHEREAS, The Congress of the United States on the 31st day of March, 1870, passed an act entitled "*An act to enforce the rights of citizens of the United States to vote in the several States of the Union and for other purposes;*" the first and second sections of which are as follows:

"SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That all citizens of the United States who are or shall be otherwise qualified to vote at any election by the people in any State, Territory, district, county, city, parish, township, school district, municipality, or other territorial subdivision shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections without distinction of race, color, or previous condition of servitude; any constitution, law, custom, usage or regulation of any State or Territory or by or under its authority to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That if by or under the authority of the constitution or laws of any State, or the laws of any Territory, any act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such constitution or laws persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such prerequisites, or to become qualified to vote, it shall be the duty of every such persons and officers to give all citizens of the United States the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisites, and to become qualified to vote without distinction, of race, color or previous condition of servitude; and if any such person or officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section he shall, for every such offence forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action in the case, with full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also, for every such offence, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned not less than one month and not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

All judges living within twelve miles of the Prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles, if their residence be in a town, village, or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall, before two o'clock post meridian of the day after the election, and all other judges shall, before twelve o'clock meridian of the second day after the election, deliver the returns, together with return sheet, to the Prothonotary of the court of Common Pleas of the county, which said return sheet shall be filed, and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the prothonotary for public inspection.

Given under my hand, at my office in Somerset, this 5th day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and in the one hundred and fifth year of the independence of the United States.

EDGAR KYLE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Somerset, Oct. 5th, 1880. Oct. 12.