The Somerset Herald.

BY EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....September 28, 1881.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR STATE TREASURER:
GEN. SILAS M. BAILY, of Fayette.

REPUBLCAN JUDICIARY TICKET

FOR JUDGE:
HON. JOHN CESSNA, of Bedford.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGES:
WILLIAM COLLINS, of Somerset.
SAMUEL SNYDER, of Somerset Twp.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR PROTHONOTARY:
S. U. TRENT, of Somerset.

FOR SHERIFF:
JOHN J. SPANGLER, of Somerset Twp.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER:
A. A. STUTZMAN, of Stonycreek Twp.

FOR TREASURER:
JOHN H. WEIMER, of Somerset.

FOR COMMISSIONERS:
ADAM S. SHAFFER, of Jenner Twp.
JOSEPH HORNER, of Somerset Twp.

FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR:
DANIEL KIMMEL, of Somerset Twp.

FOR AUDITORS:
JOHN P. RHOADS, of Somerset Twp.
ISRAEL EMERICK, of Southampton Twp.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR'S first State paper is a short but admirable inaugural. Its contents, its tone and temper meet with universal approval throughout the country.

ON Friday last the Capitol at Washington contained the actual President and three ex-Presidents, of whom one, though dead, was the centre at that time of all minds throughout two continents.

THE members of the Cabinet on Thursday last tendered their resignations, which were declined, and they were requested by Mr. Arthur as a personal favor to continue the discharge of their official duties.

As a token of respect to the memory of our late President, Governor Hoyt appointed Monday last as a day of fasting and prayer, and recommended the people of the State to suspend all secular occupations.

THE first official paper to which the new President affixed his signature, was the proclamation appointing Monday, the day of the funeral of the dead President, a day of humiliation and mourning throughout the country.

THE civilized world has never witnessed such a spectacle. From the uttermost parts of the earth, from Kings, Princes and rulers, from strange lands and from strange people, come messages of condolence and sympathy.

THE tribute of flowers, with the touching message which accompanied it from Queen Victoria, appeals to all the gentler sentiments of the Nation. For the time the sovereign was forgotten in the woman. It was the expression of the heartfelt sympathy of one widowed mother for the grief of another.

THE subscriptions to the Mrs. Garfield fund commenced just after her husband was shot, now amounts to over $300,000. Many persons who doubted the propriety of subscribing during the life time of the President, have since his death contributed largely toward the fund for his widow and fatherless children.

AT the instance of the Cabinet and of leading members of the Senate, the President has modified the views expressed in his brief inaugural, as to there being no necessity for the immediate assembling of Congress, and has issued his proclamation convening the Senate in extra session on Monday, the 10th day of October next.

On the assembling of the Senate the Democrats will have three of a majority, should all the members of that party be present. The two new Senators from New York and the Senator from Rhode Island to be appointed to fill General Burnside's place, will not be sworn in until the Speaker of the Senate is elected. This state of affairs insures the election of a Democratic Speaker—probably Senator Bayard.

GENERAL ARTHUR enters upon the Presidency under more trying and difficult circumstances than ever before confronted a new President. He succeeds one who in a remarkable degree possessed the confidence and good will of the people. He has the delicate and painful task of taking up the reins of government which fell to him by the death of his predecessor, at a time and under circumstances when the people will be jealously watchful of his every act. No man can more keenly appreciate the delicacy of his situation than he does, and we believe he will meet it in a manly and successful way. He comes to his high office well equipped morally and mentally. He is a gentleman of culture and refinement, thoroughly educated, well read, and ranking high in the legal profession. He is a man of affairs, has controlled and managed immense business interests, has filled important public offices, has always displayed ability and dignity, and invariably acquitted himself with credit.

Since the shooting of President Garfield his every act has been most considerate and delicate, and has won for him the highest praise in a most trying situation. He is known to be a thorough Republican and well acquainted with public men and governmental affairs, and from a party point of view the policy and interests of the country are safe in his hands. His letter of acceptance embodied all and everything that was expected from the administration of President Garfield. Much is expected of him, and he knows it. In return he is entitled to the loyal, generous, unbiased support of all the people. He has the honesty, integrity, ability and patriotism to make an acceptable Chief Magistrate, and we firmly believe his administration will be a success.

A MULTITUDE of hearts are to-day full of sympathy and reverent love for the dear old mother of their dead President. He was their hero and soldier and statesman; he was only her loving boy. It will not be strange if her sorrowing heart to-day turns aside from all the pageantry, which the public regards as proper, to travel over again the rough but pleasant paths of long years past. He is all that the world calls him, but he is only her boy nestling in her arms, or, in later years, shielding her from every care. All honor to the mother of such a son. The world bows in homage to an Angelo or Raphael, but the mother who molds the mind and heart of her boy to greatness does a more enduring work than any chiseled life in marble or any artist's pencil. The *Inter-Ocean* but reflects the thoughts of all its readers when it says, may peace and love hover about the dear old mother of our dead President all the days until she meets again with him where parting does not come.

CHRISTIAN people have never had a more forcible illustration of the words of our Lord's Prayer, "Thy will be done," than in the death of their beloved President. It has been suggested that the effect will be to weaken the faith of believers in the power and efficacy of prayer. This will only happen to those weak in faith and who measure the All Wise Father by a rule of their own creation. We are told "to ask and ye shall receive," but always comes the refrain, "Thy will, not mine, be done." The Son of God, with the cruelties of the cross in sight, prayed, "Let this cup pass away from me; nevertheless, not as I will, but as Thou wilt." It was a human cry in that last hour of agony, "My God, my God, why hast Thou forsaken me," which has been repeated over and over by millions of men in their hours of great trials of sorrow. It is not unbelief, it is not a want of trust, it is not faltering faith. No man or woman of all the multitudes has lifted to heaven prayers for the restoration and safety of the dead President, keeping in mind the plain teachings of the Inspired Word, without being made better and taking a step forward. Certainly there is no well-grounded reason for the fear expressed that in the failure to receive an answer to these specific prayers the faith of believers should grow weak and faltering.—*Inter-Ocean.*

SATANIC INFLUENCES.

If wisely observant, the public can now estimate men at their actual value as social and political factors. At this time the masses have but one thought, and that is tinged with sorrow's deepest hues. They have but one controlling desire, and that is that there may be no break in the orderly procession of events. The masses want no carping and cavilling now, and the man who goes about seeking how to do mischief will not find the sort of welcome that honest men value. The man whose soul is not lifted above the tricks of politics in this hour may well doubt whether he is immortal, and the well-regulated mind will certainly be at a loss to furnish a reason why so grovelling a spirit should survive the death of the body.

It will hardly be credited that within a dozen hours of the decease of President Garfield the ghouls of politics began to practise the tactics of the cabal. The fantasies of disordered imaginations were formulated in language and applied to the work of obstructing the path of President Arthur. The public was told that the mention of his new dignity was coldly received. The simple enough fact that the President and General Grant were seen to shake hands was tortured into an inuendo. To such persons only the worst side of things is turned, solely because such persons are not receptive to any other side. They are the prophets of evil, just as some persons are blind, or halt, or idiotic from birth. To censure a man for fulfilling a law of his being is not fair. We do not censure such human distortions. We only warn the great American public to beware of the croakings of crooked souls in fair enough bodies. Though powerless for good, such persons are able to do evil, and that pretty continually.

The man who in this hour of supreme trial can find no better work to do than to go delving among the ashes of fires that burned themselves out years ago, in order to weaken the confidence of the people in their rulers, lives in vain. And when such persons shall have wrought out the evil of their lives, and the grave closes over them, the mourners will not go about the streets. The distance between our Lincolns and Garfields and such men is represented fairly by the distance between this earth and the remotest visible fixed star. It is simply incomputable. The marvel is how any intelligent human being can so mismeasure the American people as to suppose that they are capable of descending low enough in the scale of being to listen to such satanic hints and suggestions.

The duty of the people is entirely plain. By a calamity which has profoundly shocked the world a man has been advanced to the highest position in the gift of fifty millions. He is there by no choice of his own, but against his will. By antecedent circumstances his advancement is made a burden of responsibility such as few men have been called to take up. He has no option but to go forward. Shall we make it hard for him to obey the mandate of the supreme law, or shall we recognize the exceptional difficulties which surround him, and, rallying to his support, strengthen his hand? This question is submitted to all good citizens and to none other. And we have no fears touching the response of good citizens. The marplots and crooked men of the times are expected to forget the nation in remembering the small issues of their lives. But good citizens are expect to await the progress of events with the heroic patience born of the last three months of unprecedented trial.—*North American.*

Bedford Judicial District.

In several judicial districts in this State no contest is made, both parties adopting one candidate. In the Bedford district, however, a contest does exist. Hon. John Cessna is the Republican candidate for the judgeship, and deserves to be elected. He is not only a man of years and sound discretion, but a lawyer of very eminent ability. His career at law has been unusually honorable, and he will make a judge whose decisions and rulings will be apt to stand the test of Supreme Court review. If the rule that generally obtains in this State, of electing the man best fitted for the judgeship in any district in contest, obtains in the Bedford district, Mr. Cessna will certainly be elected. He has lived through all his career in the district, has been trustee or executor for many estates, has a reputation for integrity that is absolutely unsullied and is a man of high character and ability. Every element of opposition to him is based on circumstances to his credit. His positiveness of conviction has led him to be very decided on all public questions. But this very quality is of the greatest possible service on the bench. A man of doubtful or uncertain mind is apt to be confused and led into error; but this will never happen with Mr. Cessna. Clear headed, well grounded in the principles of law, he is quite sure to form judgments independent of the lawyers.

His Congressional career is proof of his ability. It requires a man of strength of make an impression on the country through Congress. Many are mere ciphers in the House at Washington. Mr. Cessna, during his congressional career, was felt as an aggressive force in Congress. Perhaps his management of the State canvass last year, in the presidential campaign, may not be regarded as specially pertinent to the question of the judgeship; but this much may be properly said. His mind was large enough to reach beyond this State; and while the canvass at home was diligently, wisely and successfully conducted, he did more than any state chairman to secure success in Indiana. He was general enough to see that it was the key to the situation here. Hence his efforts for that State. He thus has a comprehensive, as well as forcible mind, and is capable of broad generalizations. He is also an honest man. It is difficult for a person to be engaged in politics for a term of years—almost an ordinary lifetime, and not be smirched. Yet the personal integrity of Mr. Cessna stands unsullied. He ought to be elected, and should receive Democratic as well as the full list of Republican votes. None who know him can doubt his peculiar adaptation to the bench. The law has been and is his profession. He has a judicial mind; his industry is unusual; his probity undoubted. If the people of that district rise to the level of the people in other parts of the State they will elect Mr. Cessna by an overwhelming majority.—*Philadelphia Evening News.*

Proclamation by the President.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—A meeting of the Cabinet was held immediately after the ceremony of administering the oath was concluded, and continued until half-past one o'clock. A proclamation was prepared and signed by the President, designating Monday, the 26th inst., as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer, throughout the country. No other business was transacted, and the members of the Cabinet were requested to retain their respective positions. It is authoritatively learned, as well as indicated by the President's inaugural address, that there will be no session of Congress until the regular one.

The following is the text of the proclamation issued:

WHEREAS, In His inscrutable wisdom it has pleased God to remove from us the illustrious head of the nation, James A. Garfield, late President of the United States; and,

WHEREAS, It is fitting that the deep grief which has fallen upon all hearts should manifest itself with one accord toward the throne of infinite grace, and we should bow before the Almighty and seek from Him that consolation in our afflictions and that sanctification of our loss which He is able and willing to vouchsafe. Now, therefore, in obedience to this sacred duty, and in accordance with the desire of the people, I, Chester A. Arthur, President of the United States of America, do hereby appoint Monday next, the twenty-sixth day of September, on which day the remains of our honored dead will be consigned to their last resting place on earth, to be observed throughout the United States as a day of humiliation and mourning, and I earnestly recommend all the people to assemble on that day, in their respective places of divine worship, there to render alike their tribute of sorrowful submission to the will of the Almighty God, and of reverence and love for the memory and character of our late Chief Magistrate.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the City of Washington, the 22nd of September, in the year of Our Lord, 1881, and the independence of the United States the One Hundred and Sixth.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

By the President.
JAS. G. BLAINE,
Secretary of State.

Women that have been bedridden for years have been entirely cured of female weakness by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets.

The English Court a Morning.

LONDON, September 21. — The Queen has ordered the court to go into mourning for the late President for a week from the 21st inst.

Never confound the bad with the good remedies, the very best we know of is Peruna.—*Star.*

Never go from home or on a journey without a bottle of Peruna in your satchel.

LAST SAD RITES!

IMMENSE CROWDS AT THE CAPITOL.

The Body Lying in State at Washington and Cleveland.

THE FLORAL ARRANGEMENTS.

THE FUNERAL TRAINS.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR TAKES THE OATH OF OFFICE.

HIS INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT.

'This, our Duncan,
Hath borne his faculties so meek, hath been
So clear in his great office, that his virtues
Will plead like angels, trumpet-tongued, against
The deep damnation of his taking off;
And pity, like a new-born babe
Striding the blast, or heaven's cherubim horsed
Upon the sightless couriers of the air,
Shall blow the horrid deed in every eye,
That tears shall drown the wind."
—*Macbeth.*

CROWDING TO THE CAPITOL TO WITNESS THE FUNERAL CEREMONIES.

WASHINGTON, September 22.—Tens of thousands of visitors are pouring into Washington. Trains loaded to their fullest capacity following each other in rapid succession on all the railroads, and the city promises to be crowded almost as much as at the inauguration. Everybody wants tickets of admission to the rotunda to the funeral ceremonies to-morrow afternoon, and high prices are being offered for them. Of course thousands of people must be disappointed, as the rotunda will only hold about thirteen hundred and the tickets are all in the hands of the family and relatives of the dead President, Cabinet officers and members of Congress. All the best professional and amateur vocal talent has volunteered to furnish music for the occasion, and two favorite hymns of the late President will be sung, "Jesus lover of my soul," and "Asleep in Jesus." Some of those who will sing these hymns at the funeral have even joined in singing them at President Garfield's request during his life.

GREAT DEMAND FOR SEATS.

Seats will be arranged around the catafalque for Mrs. Garfield and the family relatives, intimate friends, Cabinet officers and other families. Back of these will be arranged seats for members of Congress, Judges of Supreme Court, high executive officers of the government, their wives, and back of these seats for the army and navy officers. Near the center of the rotunda, where the body lies, a limited number of seats for reporters will be provided, and these arrangements will occupy nearly all the space, so there will be but little room left for others than these. Members of the church to which the late President belonged applied by the pastor, for five hundred tickets to admit the entire congregation, but it was out of the question to supply them, and only a few will get in. Altogether there have been applications for about five thousand tickets.

THE FLORAL ORNAMENTS

sent to the Capitol are grandly beautiful and appropriate. A wreath presented by Queen Victoria through the British Legation has attracted much attention, and this expression of sympathy on the part of the Queen has endeared her to American hearts. The wreath is composed of white and Marshall Neil roses on a base of smilax, and the inscription: "Queen Victoria, to the memory of the late President Garfield—an expression of her sorrow and sympathy with Mrs. Garfield and the American nation."

VIEWING THE REMAINS.

There is scarcely anything in the face of the dead President to recall that manly, kindly countenance which was so familiar to the people here. His long suffering reduced him to a mere skeleton, and the skin was discolored and tightly drawn. In taking a plaster cast of the face the lower jaw was forced down, giving an unnatural expression to the face, and many who admired him in life regretted that they had looked at the corpse. Fully ten thousand persons viewed the remains of the late President in the Capitol last night, and this morning at eight o'clock the line was again formed and continued without intermission until ten o'clock this evening. At 11 a. m., the line extended from the east door of the Capitol to B street, and thence down the hill to the intersection of Pennsylvania avenue at the west gate of the Capitol grounds. An actual count showed 4,364 persons in line. They passed in front of the coffin at the rate of fifty per minute, and it required about one hour and a half for one entering at the end of the line to reach the east Capitol door. At least fifty thousand persons viewed the remains to-day.

CLOSING OF THE CASKET.

The ventilation of the rotunda had not been properly attended to, and towards evening the air became thoroughly vitiated. Several persons fainted during the evening, and the five members of the Army of the Cumberland on guard became ill and were obliged to go home. At 7 o'clock this evening the lid of the casket was closed, and further view of the body was denied to the public. This was made necessary by the rapid discoloration of the forehead and face. Dr. Boynton was delegated by Mrs. Garfield to request the closing of the casket, as she was loath to have the people left with so painful an impression of the face they had loved and honored. It is not probable, therefore, that the casket will be again opened, so that people who will congregate at Cleveland on Sunday will be disappointed in their expectation of again looking upon General Garfield's face.

Notwithstanding the coffin was closed, the crowds which passed through the rotunda of the Capitol remained undiminished. The line of people four ableast extended for many hundred yards, while the space in front of the building was thronged with a mass of humanity anxious to obtain admittance. It is estimated that since 7 o'clock this morning at least eighty thousand persons have visited the Capitol, and at a late hour to-night there was no marked diminution of the number still waiting to view the coffin containing the remains of the dead President.

Mrs. Garfield this evening received a dispatch from her second son, James R. Garfield, who has been suffering from ague at Williams College, that he is well enough to start for Cleveland to-morrow morning, where he will meet the other members of the family.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR CONVEYANCE OF THE BODY TO CLEVELAND.

WASHINGTON, September 22.—Following is the official programme for the order of the procession which will escort the remains from the Capitol to the depot:

Funeral Escort in Column of March.
Under Command of Brevet
Maj.-Gen. R. B. Ayres.
Battalion District of Columbia Volunteers.
Battalion Marines.
Battalion Foot Artillery.
Battery Light Artillery.
Civic Procession, Under Command of Chief Marshal Colonel
Robert Boyd.
Clergymen in attendance.
Physicians who Attended the late President.

Guard of Honor.
Bearers. HEARSE. Bearers.
Guard of Honor.

Officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps in the city and not on duty, with troops forming escort in full dress will form right in front on either side of the hearse, the Army on the right and the Navy and Marine Corps on the left, and compose the Guard of Honor.
Family of the late President.
Relatives of the late President.
Ex-Presidents of the United States.
The President.
Cabinet Ministers.
Diplomatic Corps.
Chief Juttice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.
Senators of the United States.
Members of the United States House of Representatives.
Governors of States and Territories, and Commissioners of the District of Columbia.
Judges of the Court of Claims.
The Judiciary of the District of Columbia and Judges of the United States Courts.
Assistant Secretaries of State, Treasury and Interior Departments.
Assistant Postmaster Generals.
Solicitor General and Assistant Attorney Generals.
Organized Societies.
Citizens and Strangers.

The troops designated to form the escort will assemble on the east side of the Capitol, and form in line fronting the eastern portico of the Capitol precisely at 2 p. m.

The procession will move at the conclusion of the religious services at the capitol (appointed to commence at 3 o'clock), when minute guns will be fired at the navy yard, by the vessels of war which may be in port, at Fort Myer and by the battery of artillery stationed near the Capitol for that purpose. At the same hour the bells of the several churches, fire engine houses and school houses will be tolled. Officers of the army and navy selected to compose the guard of honor and accompany the remains to their final resting place will assemble at 4 P. M. at the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Depot, where they will receive the body of the late President and deposit it in the car prepared for the purpose.

ROBERT LINCOLN.
Secretary of War.
WM. A. HUNT,
Secretary of the Navy.
J. DENT.
President Board of Commissioners, D. C.

THE FUNERAL SERVICES

will take place to-morrow at 3 P. M. in the rotunda, where the body will remain until taken to the train. Rev. Mr. Powell of the Christian Church, officiating. The Philharmonic Society of this city, under the direction of Prof. Gloetzner, will render the following selections: Anthem, "To Thee Oh Lord I Yield My Spirit," from the oratorio of "St. Paul," and the familiar hymns, "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," and "Asleep in Jesus, Blessed Sleep."

At the conclusion of the services the remains will be borne to the hearse, and thence to the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad depot, where the same train which brought them to this city from Long Branch will convey them to Cleveland, Ohio, for final burial. Mrs Garfield has selected six gentlemen, all members of the Christian Church, to act as pall bearers to carry the body of the President from the Capitol to the hearse and from the hearse to the cars. They are A. K. Tingle, H. C. Their, W. W. Dugan, Benj. Summy, D. F. Moore and W. S. Roose.

A special permit was issued this morning by Dr. Smith Townsend, Health Officer of the District of Columbia, to remove the remains from the City to Ohio.

THE FUNERAL TRAINS.

Two trains will take the funeral cortege to Cleveland, the first one will carry the corpse, the family of the deceased, the Cabinet and their families, and the escort committee and pall bearers. Another train will follow this carrying members and officers of Congress, ex-Presidents Grant and Hayes and ex-Speaker Randall and ex-Cabinet Ministers. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad officers telegraphed to-day that they will put a special train with sleeping cars attached at the service of newspaper men going to Cleveland and then get one hour ahead of the funeral train, without charge.

THE CONGRESSIONAL ESCORT.

A meeting of the members elect of Forty-Seventh Congress was held to-day in the hall of the House of Representatives. Mr. Tucker was called to the chair, and Mr. Thomas, of Illinois, made Secretary. The Sergeant-at-Arms announced the following members had informed him of their intention to be present at the funeral ceremonies to-morrow and that a majority would go to Cleveland; Messrs. Bayne, Belmont, Beltzhoover, Briggs, Buck, Brumm, Bingham, Chandler, Clark (Missouri), Covington, Camp, Dowd, Dawes, Dezendorff, Davis (Ill.), Errett, Evins, Hardenburg, Harris (New-Jersey), Hewitt, (New York), Hill (New York), Hiscock, Hoblitzell, Hoge, Jones (Ark.), Jadwin, Klotz, Kasson, Cenna, Lefevre, Lewis, Martin, McClure, McCook, McKinley, Morey, Muchler, Mason, Neal, O'Neill, Phelps, Pierce (Indiana), Randall, Ritchie, Robinson (Ohio), Shelley, Smith (New York), Talbott, Saylor (Ohio), Tucker, Tyler, Urner, Ward Wilson (W Va.), West, Watson, Webber, Washburne, and Wise (Pa.)

The following members will meet the funeral cortege at Cleveland: Messrs. Brown, Buckner, Chalmers, Cullen, Deering, Demott, Farewell, Hawk Hillman, Herbert, House, Lord, Matson, Miller, Morse, Manton, Phister, Sherwin, Steels, Thompson.

Ex-Speaxer Randall stated Mr. Kasson and himself had a long conversation with Secretary Blaine and Senator Edmunds, and it was thought impossible for members of the Senate and House, who desired to go to Cleveland to proceed by the train bearing the remains of President Garfield. It had been suggested, however, by Senator Edmunds, that each House should appoint a committee to escort the body to Cleveland, and that the other members should follow on a special train. Mr. Kasson stated General Sherman had suggested that no larger escort should be appointed by the House and Senate than could be accommodated by one car. A committee consisting of Messrs. Randall, Kasson and Townsend was appointed to meet a similar committee of the Senate to determine what action should be taken in the premises. On returning to the chamber the committee reported it had been agreed that a committee of eight members be appointed by each House to escort the remains to Cleveland, that a special train should be chartered to convey other Senators and members to that place, and that Presidents Grant and Hayes should be invited to accompany them. On motion of Mr. Randall a similar invitation was extended ex-Speaker Banks and then the report was agreed to.

It was further determined that the members of the House should meet in the hall of the House to-morrow at two o'clock and attend the funeral. There will be a space in the rotunda set apart for their accommodation and the Sergeant-at-Arms was instructed to furnish each member with symbols of mourning. By the action of the meeting Mr. Tucker was appointed Chairman of the Escorting Committee. The other members are Kasson, Randall, Hiscock, Wilson, Thomas, Townsend and Shelley.

The meeting of the members of the Senate was held in the Vice-President's room Senator Anthony presiding. The following Senators were present: Messrs. Anthony, Hale, Dawes, Edmunds, Morrill, Saulsbury, Bayard, Kellogg, Davis, (West Virginia), Camden, Sherman, McMillan, Garland, Pugh, Morgan, Jones, (Nevada), Blair, Mitchell, and ex-Senator Hamlin. The Committee of Conference reported that, on conferring with the House Committee, it was deemed best to charter a special train for Senators and members and such guests as they should invite, which report was accepted, and the Sergeant-at-Arms was instructed to make the necessary arrangements. It was decided to postpone the adoption of the resolutions upon the death of President Garfield until the meeting of the Senate in regular session. The Chairman then announced the following as the committee on the part of the Senate to accompany the remains: Senators Anthony, Sherman, Bayard, Ingalls, Pugh, Blair, Camden and Morgan. The meeting then adjourned.

AT CLEVELAND.

CLEVELAND, O., September 24,—4:30 P. M.—The funeral train was only about two hours after schedule time arriving here. It reached the Euclid avenue depot at 1:30. An immense crowd was in attendance there which had been waiting for hours. When the train arrived at the station there was a tremendous buzzing in the crowd and all crowded forward eager to get a view of the coffin, but were forced back by the police. The coffin was borne from the train by ten United States artillerymen in white helmets. After placing it in the hearse they took positions at either side with drawn sabres. The hearse is a very rich and elegant one, but with no ostentatious display about it. The body of the hearse was covered with hanging drapery of black crape looped up in the center of each side so as to show the coffin, around which was wrapped an American flag. After the Cleveland reception committee disembarked from the train, Mrs. Garfield came out leaning on the arm of Secretary Blaine. She wore a heavy veil, which made her almost unrecognizable. Following them was Mrs. Rockwell, and her daughter, Miss Mollie Garfield, General Swaim and others. The Garfield party entered James Mason's private carriage and were immediately driven away to his residence for dinner. Following them out of the train were Generals Hancock, Sheridan, Meiggs and the Cabinet. General and Secretary Sherman were also present. The procession, after some delay, started down Euclid avenue, an immense throng being on either side all way along. On arrival at the catafalque some appropiate ceremonies were had and the body was deposited on the platform where it will lie till Monday. The square is still surrounded by a military cordon and none allowed to get inside the lines except workmen and members of the committee.

THE CATAFALQUE.

Standing with its four open arches and surmounted with its massive golden ball, its combined grandeur requires a closer scrutiny to be fully appreciated. Resting on each of its four corners is a cannon heavily draped in black. Large black flags droop from each side immediately beneath the cornice, and still lower falls the national colors, with streamers of crape alternating with the bars of red and white. An elegant shield, several feet in length, composed of swords, is conspicuously displayed on the octagon faces of the four sides. Half circling the arches are choice ferns upon a white background, arranged in a triangular shape, and heavy gold lining runs around the pillars. The interior is draped in plain and appropriate bands of rich black goods. At the south of the structure a large platform has been erected on a level with the catafalque, on which will sit the eminent visitors, the clergy and the singing societies. The catafalque is entered from the east and west by an inclined platform covered with matting. It is sufficiently wide to allow of the passage of not less than thirty persons abreast. During the forenoon wreath upon wreath of rare green was attached to the upper part of the structure. Two car loads of ferns, leaves, plants, etc., came this morning from the Cincinnatti Exposition. Also a car load from parties in Philadelphia. The arches are beautifully draped with strings of evergreen.

The President's coffin lies with the head towards the east. The words—

Life's race well run,
Life's work well done,
Life's crown well won,
Now comes rest,

Appear in beautiful letters on a scroll between the two pillars. A foot above this is a fine crayon portrait of the deceased. On the head of the coffin rests the elegant floral wreath ordered to be made at New York by Queen Victoria. At the foot are two ferns lying crossed. Above the casket nothing intervenes except a heavy velvet and crape cloth, which is attached to the pillars.

THE FLORAL TRIBUTES.

On the shelves of the pavillion, on either side, were a multitude of floral offerings, conspicuous among which were a cross from Erie Commandery Knights Templar, inscribed in flowers, "Garfield;" an unique monogram emblem, with the inscription in flowers, "Delta Upsilon Fraternity to the memory of our Brother;" a floral piece surmounted by a dove, with the seal of Cincinnati wrought in blossoms, "Juncta Juvant;" a piece from Washington in elaborate design, representing the "Gates Ajar;" an open book with "God Reigns" in roses; a broken column, from Washington; a Cross and Crown; an exquisite piece from Cincinnati representing a field, a broken wheel, a sheaf of wheat, and the motto "Harvest is Over;" a floral standing scroll surmounted by a white dove; a floral pillow with a laurel wreath in the centre, and "In Memoriam" worked in buds; a pillow with "Rest in Peace" similarly wrought; a magnificent floral representation of a ship stranded and dismantled; an open book, with cross and dove; a pillow surmounted by a white dove and "Our Martyr President" inscribed; two handsome lyres; another broken column; two shields, an anchor and cross, at the base of which is the inscription, "Gone but Not Forgotten;" a pillow with the marking, Dead but Not Forgotten;" a scroll with "Peace" worked in buds; a lyre, pillow and shield; a broken column with a card marked, "With Sympathies of the Washington Council of True United Americans;" a crown over a pillow; a floral urn; a large dove perching upon an anchor and crown; a large broken column on a pedestal; an open book, inscribed "Thy Will Be Done;" a large lyre and laurel wreath; a wheat field with wheat in the corner and the inscription, "Gathered;" a column as a headstone of a grave, with the inscription, "Garfield a Beacon to Posterity;" a large green cross, with wreath, anchor, chain, and the motto, "Rest in Peace;" a floral representation of the "Gates Ajar," and a withered, broken column.

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS.

The following State Governors are now in the city for the purpose of attending to the obsequies to-morrow: Hawkins of Tennessee; Jackson of West Virginia; Jerome of Michigan; Hoyt of Pennsylvania; Porter of Indiana; Earnham of Vermont; Cornell of New York and Pitkins of Colorado. The following Mayors of different cities are also here: Bulkeley of Hartford; Means of Cincinnati; Thompson of Detroit; Lyon of Pittsburg; Harrison of Chicago; Beaudry of Montreal, Canada; Peters of Columbus, and Lane of Akron. Among other distinguished guests are: Judge Pardee, of New Orleans; ex-Minister Noyes; ex-Gov. Cresswell, of Michiga; Gen. Wm. B. Worthington, of Michigan; J. F. De Amarial Velente, Charge d'Affairs, Brazil; Horatio C. Burchard, Director of United States Mints and Marshall Jewell.

THE FUNERAL TO-DAY.

The procession will begin to form at half past ten o'clock, the hour when the services will begin. Except invited guests in seats and members of the Committees who will stand, no one will be allowed in the Park during the ceremonies, but other spectators will be ranged around the outside of the park, thus giving many more a chance to witness the scene than would otherwise be possible. At the conclusion of the services the casket will be placed on the funeral car by a detachment of artillerymen under Lieut. Weaver and followed by the pall bearers, guard of honor, family, immediate friends and distinguished men. The carriages will take their assigned places in line and the march to the cemetery will be taken up. When the head of the column reaches the entrance the funeral car and what is designated as the funeral procession proper, the family and persons in carriages will pass within while the rest of the procession will halt, open order and await the conclusion of the ceremonies, then fall in the rear and double on itself so that a double line of military and societies will extend from the cemetery to the park. The casket and dais will be put on the funeral car and conveyed to the Lake View Cemetery Association vault, where the body will be deposited.

Unhealthy or inactive kidneys cause gravel, Bright's disease, rheumatism, and a horde of other serious and fatal diseases, which can be prevented with Hop Bitters, if taken in time.

There is hardly a disease pronounced incurable that could not be cured with Peruna.

ARTHUR SWORN IN.

While these sad scenes were passing in the rotunda, in the apartments of the Vice President in the adjacent north wing of the Capitol, the ceremony of the formal installation of the new President was being consumated.

President Arthur, accompanied by ex-President Grant and Senator Jones, shortly before noon arrived at the Capitol, and repairing to the room which he had occupied as President of the Senate, awaited the presence of the Chief Justice. The head of the judicial branch of the Government attended by Justices Hunt and Matthews, clad in their official robes, soon appeared, and with them the Clerk of the Court bearing the Bible, and advanced toward the elegantly carved table behind which the President stood. The oath prescribed by the Constitution was then administered. President Arthur seemed to be fully impressed with the solemnity and gravity of the occasion. For some moments he remained silent. In the room were ex-Presidents Grant and Hayes, a distinguished presence never before witnessed at the inauguration of a Vice President: the members of the late President's Cabinet, Senators Anthony, Dawes, Sherman, Hale, Blair, Garland, Jones, of Nevada, and Jones, of Florida, Representatives Errett, McCook, Townsend, of Ohio, and others. Although it had not been customary for the Vice President upon assuming the office of President to deliver an inaugural address, in view of all the circumstances President Arthur determined that a public expression of his position on the policy and purpose of his late predecessor would be proper and quiet misapprehension in the public mind and set at rest any further comment. Senator Sherman, members of the late Cabinet and others in close relation with the late administration state to-night that the views of the President thus publicly declared will meet with universal approbation and praise.

ARTHUR'S INAUGURAL.

WASHINGTON, September 22.—President Arthur took the oath of office in the Marble Room at the Capitol at noon in the presence of the Cabinet, the Justices of the Supreme Court, a few senators and members of the House of Representatives, all who could be notified this morning in time to be present; also General Sherman, General Grant, Rear Admiral Nichols, Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, General Beale and a few others. This step was taken after a conference between the President, Secretary Blaine and the Attorney General. Very few persons knew the oath was to be administered until the ceremony was over.

The President and members of the Cabinet had assembled in the Marble Room, shortly before twelve o'clock. Chief Justice Waite, in his full robes of office, accompanied by the Associate Justices, proceeded from the Supreme Court Room to the Marble Room. The doors were immediately closed and without any formality President Arthur arose, and standing upon the one side of the center table, Chief Justice Waite on the other, took the oath of office. The President's manner was calm and composed, and his response "So help me God," was given in a firm tone and without tremor.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

The President then read from manuscript notes the following address:

For the fourth time in the history of the Republic, its Chief Magistrate has been removed by death. All hearts are filled with grief and horror at the hideous crime which has darkened our land, and the memory of our murdered President, his protracted sufferings, his unyielding fortitude, the example and achievement of his life and the pathos of his death will forever illuminate the pages of our history. For the fourth time an officer elected by the people and ordained by the constitution to fill the vacancy so created, is called to assume the executive chair. The wisdom of our fathers forseeing even the most direst possibilities, made sure that the Government should never be imperiled because of the uncertainty of human life. Men may die, but the fabrics of our free institutions remains unshaken. No higher or more assuring proof could exist of the strength and permanence of popular government than the fact that though the chosen of the people be struck down, his constitutional successor is to be peacefully installed without shock or strain, except the sorrow which mourns the bereavement. All the noble aspirations of my lamented predecessor which found expression in his life: the measures devised and suggested during his brief administration to correct abuses and enforce economy to advance prosperity and promote the general welfare, to ensure domestic security and maintain friendly and honorable relations with the nations of the earth, will be garnered in the hearts of the people, and it will be my earnest endeavor to profit and see that the Nation shall profit by this example and experience.

Prosperity blesses our country. Our fiscal policy as fixed by law is well grounded and generally approved. No threatening issue mars our foreign intercourse, and the wisdom, integrity and thrift of our people may be trusted to continue undisturbed the present assured career of peace, tranquility and welfare. The gloom and anxiety which have enshrouded the country must make repose especially welcome now. No demand for speedy legislation has been heard. No adequate occasion is apparent for an unusual session of Congress. The Constitution defines the functions and powers of the Executive as clearly as those of either of the other two departments of the Government, and he must answer for the just exercise of the discretion it permits, and the performance of the duties it imposes. Summoned to these high duties and responsibilities, and profoundly conscious of their magnitude and gravity, I assume the trust imposed by the Constitution, relying for aid on Divine guidance, and the virtue, patriotism and intelligence of the American people.

After the reading of the address by the President, Secretary Blaine stepped forward and grasped the President by the hand, and after him other members of the Cabinet, and all present shook hands with the President.

Ex-President Hayes arrived at the Capitol soon after the ceremony of taking the oath was concluded, and in company with General Grant shortly after left the Capitol.

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It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

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That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

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For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

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