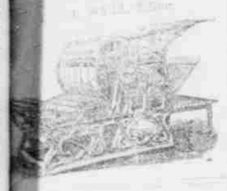
Somerset Herald.



January 12, 1881.

See C. N. Boyd's "Ad." in another column. No one should fail to read it.

Mr. Chas. W. Ogle, of Johnstown, spent Sunday with friends in Somerset.

Mr. S. L. Trent's lecture on Sentiment in Education, is given in full on our first page.

The school children are putting in double time, in the specialty of roasting, this week.

Mr. Will Picking, formerly a typo on the HERALD, but recently of New York, is in town.

Mr. James Carson, of St. Louis, Missouri, brother of Mrs. W. H. Postlewaite, spent Sunday in town.

Mr. Harvey G. Hay, and Mr. George Hollinshead, two of Salisbury's most popular young men, were in town Sunday.

A party of young folks from Berlin, visited Somerset, Saturday evening. They were entertained by mine host Brant.

A party of our married people took advantage of the excellent sleighing and had a party to Stoystown, on Saturday evening last.

Our country cousins came into town in force on Saturday. Main and Main-Cross streets were so crowded with sleighs and sleds that it required skillful driving to get through with a team.

Probably more families have been out of coal this winter than ever before. The dealers have not been able to meet the demand and we understand that some of them have raised their prices.

Cooper W. Easly, local editor of the Johnstown *Tribune*, was married to Miss Agnes M. Akers, on Saturday morning a week ago. We wish the happy couple smooth sailing on the matrimonial sea.

Oysters are scarce, and city dealers have run up the price on country peddlers. The recent hard freezing has closed up the surface of oyster beds, and until a thaw comes the supply will not begin to reach the demand.

In May next the school directors of this county will convene at the Court House, for the purpose of making selection of a County Superintendent, to serve for the ensuing term. Several candidates are already in the field.

Mr. Peter Welfong, of Milford township, an old subscriber to the HERALD, and a "mighty hunter," called to see us Saturday. During his hunting experience he has killed one hundred and fifty deer and has helped to kill that many more.

We hear that the fine mare belonging to Postmaster Davis was badly injured, in Lower Turkeyfoot township, one day last week. The animal was being driven by a lady in a sleigh, an upset took place, with the result stated above.

Our friend John Winters upset a load of hay which he was bringing to town on last Thursday. The good-natured jury commissioner never swore, but like a wise man, took off his coat and reloaded the timothy. "Be careful where you drive."

The County Commissioners met at their office Monday of last week and made the following appointments for the ensuing year: Counsel, J. R. Ellis; Clerk, W. M. Schrock; Mercantile Appraiser, J. Watson Schrock, of Milford township.

Several newspapers of late have been calling attention to the fact that, under the laws of this State, all physicians are required to register their names at the Prothonotary's office in every county. Those interested will please make a note of this.

Mr. Dennis Myers has just put the finishing touches on the improvements in the Prothonotary's office and everything looks bright and clean. It makes one of the former Prothy's sigh, when they look around the office, and think what might have been.

Mr. J. C. Spiller, the gentlemanly contractor, who built the first nine miles of the S. & C. R.R., left for his home in Baltimore, Saturday. During the half-year that Mr. Spiller spent with us he made many warm friends, who were sorry to part with him.

Eight years ago the winter began in November, and did not let up until April. The present winter bids fair to be a repetition of that. It will be remembered, that many persons, who had to move in the spring of 1872, removed their household effects on sleds.

The late cold snap was fatal to the cattle of some localities. In the neighborhood of Cashtown Huntingdon county, a number of cattle were frozen to death. William Morgan, a farmer residing near Henrietta, Blair county, had two steers frozen to death, last week.

A number of leading capitalists of Pittsburgh have taken first a project for the erection of a new hotel in that city which will be as large as any similar building in the United States, with probably one or two exceptions. Its estimated cost will be half a million dollars.

So far as we can learn there was no corn sent in the nanney market in Bedford on the First. Obligations were promptly satisfied, one way or the other, without stir or excitement. The cobb-stone brokers found the weather too cool for operations, and their trade was rather short.—*Inq.*

A HOAX.—On last Saturday a rumor was current in town that a murder had been committed at Hooversville—that an Irishman had beaten a constable over the head with a club and killed him. We are pleased to state that the report turns out to be false. A smart young man from Quemahoning has the credit of originating the story.

We hear that Wolfgang Hoffman, who was tried at the last August term of Court for the murder of his wife and acquitted, is now lying very ill at his home in Brothersvalley township. The neighbors are not backward in saying that the terrors of an evil conscience have brought the old man to the sad plight in which he now is.

A great many people have made up their minds that 1881 is going to be a terrible year. Why it should be any more terrible than any other year is more than we can imagine. Mother Shipton to the contrary notwithstanding. But bad digestion and an accusing conscience will make any year terrible. The same God rules now who has ruled since the world began.

Mr. F. S. Kleindienst wishes us to say that the New Central Hotel will be opened to the public on Monday, January 17. Owing to the fact that some of his furniture, &c. did not arrive in time, he was unable to open out on the 10th inst., as he had expected. The New Central is furnished in a neat, comfortable and attractive manner, and will, when opened, take rank as one of the best hotels in the county.

A statement was published in one of the Baltimore papers last week to the effect that an agreement would be made by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, in the course of a few days, stating the date when freight would be received for transportation over the Somerset & Cambria Railroad. Some ballasting is required at several points along the route, but the recent intensely cold weather has retarded this part of the work.

There is a janitor at the Court House whose duty it is to keep the building and grounds in good order, but the snow is piled up several feet high all along the pavement and walk and the stone stepsleading into the building are covered with ice. In the present condition of things, if some don't fall and injure themselves it will be fortunate. Never within our memory have we known the snow drifts along the court house pavement to be shoveled away. Why are things thusly? This pavement should be kept clear, as an example to all good citizens.

Last Wednesday Mr. W. S. Kreger, of this place received a telegram, from Harrisburg, notifying him that he had been appointed assistant postmaster of the House of Representatives and requesting him to report for duty forthwith. Mr. Kreger is a young man of sterling integrity and is a stalwart Republican. His many friends in this town and county will be pleased to hear of his good fortune.

The following is a partial list of the county expenses for the year ending January 1st, 1881. The total is nearly the same as that of the preceding year, the county expenses being about $1,000 less.

Actual county expenses, $21,993. Poor House, $8,295; Sheriff's bill, $1,142 78; Commonwealth, $1,920 07; Penitentiary, $444 75; Grand jurors, $965 50; Traverse jurors, $2,967 70; Constable's returns, $257 18; Jail expenses, clothing, &c., $425; Bridges, $6,318 00; One iron bridge cost $3,100; Elections, $1,477 42; Assessors, $1,567 10.

The Seed Annual for 1881 just published by D. M. Ferry & Co., Detroit, Mich., and supplied free to all upon application, is a most valuable work, and worthy of a place in any library. Not only are its illustrations of first class order, but its pages are full to repletion with information of the most valuable kind to all who grow anything from the tiniest flower to the largest garden crops. Being themselves seed growers on the largest scale, they bring this work an amount of practical experience hardly equalled by any others, the purest quality, and most vigorous growth that can be obtained. We gladly call attention to their advertisement in our columns elsewhere.

The Middle Penitentiary Commission met at Harrisburg on the 29th ult., for the purpose of preparing a report of their labors, to be presented to the Governor. The Secretary reported that of the $100,000 already appropriated by the Legislature, $40,000 had been expended. The site of the Penitentiary consists of thirty-five acres of land on which the outer foundation walls of the building have been erected, and a reservoir capable of containing a million gallons of water. The Commission decided to ask for an additional appropriation of $200,000 at the next session of the Legislature, one half to be in 1881 and the balance in 1882. Captain Hart, the Secretary, estimates that the total cost of the work will be about $500,000.

A correspondent of the Germantown *Telegraph* says: "When you are chilled all over and away into your house and begin to sniffle and almost struggle for your breath, just begin in time and your introduction need not last very long. Get some pepper, borax and snuff the dry powder up your nostrils. Get your camphor bottle, smell it frequently, pour some on your handkerchief and wipe your nose with it whether you smell. Your nose will not get sore and you will soon wonder what's become of your cold. Begin this treatment in the incipient and keep on at intervals until you get well, and you will find it as well as I have did. I'm just telling you my experience."

ADVERTISED LETTERS.—The following advertised letters in the Post Office, at Somerset, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Washington, D. C., if not called for on or before January 25, 1881:

Aukeny, Frederick,	Patton, D. W.
Buchman, Fred. A.,	Pile, Miss Emma
Boyer, Hiram,	Redding, Lydia,
Bradley Rachel,	Rhoads, W. H.,
Baker, Miss Romana,	Redmar, Fred. F.,
Fowler, George,	Smith, L. E.,
Garnett, John,	Snyder, Mrs. Ellen,
Miller, Susan,	Snyder, Mrs. Minnie
Miller, Wesley,	White, Mrs. S. P.,
Maul, Father,	

A. C. DAVIS, P. M.

BUCKEYE YOUNG DEMOCRACY.—The attendance of persons holding unrecorded deeds is directed to the provisions of the Act of Assembly which requires that—

"All deeds and conveyances for real estate in this commonwealth shall be recorded in the office for Recording Deeds in the county where the land lies, within six months after the execution of such deeds and conveyances; and every such deed and conveyance not recorded as aforesaid, shall be adjudged fraudulent and void against any subsequent purchaser for a valuable consideration, unless such deeds be recorded before the recording of the deed or conveyance under which such subsequent purchaser or mortgagee shall claim."

This is a very important matter, and those holding unrecorded deeds will see the importance of having them recorded without further delay. The fee for recording has been reduced 50 per cent.

POST HILL ITEMS.

No doubt there are a great many readers of the HERALD that never heard of a place called Fort Hill. I will try and describe it to the best I can. It is situated between the Casselman river and the P. & O. R. R., four miles east of Confair. It supports one grist mill, one dry goods store, and one saw mill which is situate about a mile east of this place. All are doing a good business.

Mr. D. Heinbaugh, our enterprising lumbermen, had had luck last week. His saw bursted and some of the workmen made a narrow escape. Mr. H. understands his business and took the evening train for Pittsburgh to get a new saw.

Our grist-mill, which is run by Sellers & Maust has shut down on account of the ice.

Mr. E. J. Collins has gone east to buy goods.

EN PETITE.

LATROBE, Pa., Jan 8, 1881.

EDITOR HERALD:—Allow me space in your columns to give an account to your readers of a festival held here during the holidays, by Post No. 6, Grand Army of the Republic. It was a grand success financially. The City Hall was covered beautifully and artistically decorated as on this occasion, and certainly never had so many people on its floor at any one time before as on Saturday evening. A perfect jam of humanity packed, like your convention in the Court House last spring, while hundreds were unable to gain admission into the Hall.

The programme consisted of tableaux of army life, exposure of secret societies, music, songs by the veterans, &c.; admission, 10 cents, and supper 25 cents. It has never been known before in Latrobe and the surrounding vicinity, when so much of a unified effort was made by all of its inhabitants to make an affair a complete success as upon this occasion, and we are under special obligations to the ladies. Everybody astonished. On Saturday nearly all of the old soldiers with their families ate their New Year's dinner at the Hall.

The stage performances were apparently all appreciated by the audience. The burlesque exposure of secret societies was a laughable affair, and moved a great deal of amusement, especially the riding of the goat. All of the performances were rendered by the veterans from the stage with such a vim and patriotic spirit that it carried you back to the time when civil war was a reality to our land.

In short, the soldiers' festival was a perfect love-feast, and everybody enjoyed themselves hugely, and perfect harmony reigned supreme throughout the entire session. Notwithstanding the extremely cold weather the proceeds from the sale of ice cream were over one hundred dollars. The entire proceeds were about seven hundred and twenty-five dollars, which will be used by the Post as a relief fund: to give to poor and deserving soldiers' families in our community, who have thus far been unable to obtain any relief from the government through "Coffroth's Pension Bureau."

But now comes the sad part of my letter. On Friday night while one of the members of the Post was returning home, he was instantly killed on the railroad. The veterans took charge of his funeral and conducted the burial with full military honors in all its details. His funeral was very largely attended, the procession being nearly a mile long and the number estimated at eight hundred to a thousand. H. J. M.

MEETING OF CALLING THE NEXT REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The following circular was issued by the Republican National Committee on the 8th inst.:

By rule 10 of the convention of 1876, it is provided that the Republican National Committee "shall within the next twelve months prescribe methods or rules for the selection of delegates to the national convention in conformity therewith, provided that such methods or rules shall include and secure to the several Congressional districts in the United States the right to elect their own delegates to the national convention." Preliminary to carrying into effect the foregoing rule, the national committee, on July 1, 1880, adopted the following:

Resolved, That, in order to aid this committee in carrying out the instructions of the national convention, in preparing and announcing, within one year, the methods or rules for electing delegates to the next national convention, requests be hereby made for the communication to the committee of plans and suggestions on the subject from any person, prior to Oct. 15, 1880.

At a subsequent meeting the time for such communication was extended to February 1, 1881, and it was also voted that a call meeting of the committee should be called to consider the subject some time in March next.

Request is hereby made of the Republicans to address this circular to me, and to all others to forward any plans or suggestions they may desire to submit to the college of the committee before Feb. 1, 1881.

MARSHALL JEWELL, Chairman.
WM. W. DUDLEY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE, WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 1, 1881.

The following plans have been previously submitted to the committee of forty-four:

PLAN IN USE WHEN CONVENTION IS HELD IN A CITY.

The Republican National Convention of 1884, shall consist of four delegates-at-large from each State and one delegate from each Congressional district, all to be chosen in popular conventions, in such manner as the Republicans of each State may determine; provided the delegates from each Congressional district shall be the choice of the Republicans of that district. The conventions within the States for the election of delegates to the national convention shall be held as near as may properly be done for the meeting of the national convention. Notices of contests must be given to the proper committee accompanied by full printed statements of the grounds of contest, which shall also be made public and preference in the order of hearing and determination of contests shall be given by the convention according to the dates of the reception of such notices and statements by the National committee.

VOTE OF THE STATES IN CONVENTION.

That the Republican National Convention of 1884 shall be composed of delegates from each State which shall be entitled to four delegates at large. 2. Each Congressional district shall be entitled to one delegate. 3. Each State in the delegation from which each shall be entitled to representation in the next succeeding Republican vote that is cast for President in 1880, or fraction of seven hundred and fifty votes.

The members of the National Committee have been called for March 1, but until after William E. Chandler, Frederick Douglass and Thomas C. Platt have been designated as a committee to arrange all preliminaries that may be unsettled, and to report such subjects as they may deem necessary for the consideration of the committee. The renewed attention of all Republicans is called to this important question, and they are requested to communicate their views at any time before March 1. Editors of Republican papers are requested to publish the matter and forward copies to the members of the committee.

Communications may be addressed to any of the committee at Washington, D. C.

MARRIED.

PRICE—PHILLIPSON.—On Dec. 31, 1880, at the residence of the bride's father, Jerry Beachtel, by the Rev. L. E. Sellers, Mr. Silas Price to Miss Amelia Phillipson, both of Somerset Co., Pa.

GAST—MILLER.—At the Lutheran parsonage, Addison, Pa., on Dec. 25, 1880, by Rev. S. K. Fulton, Mr. Watson Gast, of Maryland Spring, Md., to Miss Zelpha Miller, of Addison, Pa.

SMITH—TRESSLER.—On Jan. 2, 1881, at the home of the bride's parents, in Jenner, A. K. Fetters, Mr. Joseph Smith to Miss Margaret Tressler, both of Addison, Pa.

GRIES—HAYES.—On January 5, 1881, at the Globe House, by Rev. A. Cameron, Mr. John J. Gries, of Lonaconing, Md., to Miss Isabella Hayes, of Quemahoning, Pa.

SNYDER—LONG.—At the Lutheran parsonage in Friedens, on January 4, 1881, by Rev. J. J. Welsh, Mr. David Snyder to Miss Kate Long, both of Somerset Co., Pa.

DIED.

PICKING.—At Somerset, on Thursday, January 6, 1881, William H. Picking, aged 60 years and 5 days.

Mr. Picking was born in Adams county, Pennsylvania, on the 30 day of January, 1820. He was brought to this county by his parents in 1828. He became prominent among our citizens in 1848, having been, in that year, elected Register and Recorder. In 1850 he removed his family from Stoystown to Somerset. Soon after this he bought the old Walker-Anawalt hotel, and extending and improving it, carried on the celebrated Globe House until it was destroyed by the devastating fire of May 9, 1872. In his capacity of host Mr. Picking was widely and favorably known in this county and indeed, in nearly every part of Western Pennsylvania. In 1856 he was elected County Treasurer. At the time of his death he was an employee of the Internal Revenue office.

Possessed of many estimable qualities of mind and heart, his death is sincerely deplored by a large circle of relatives, friends and acquaintances. A wife, three sons and four daughters survive him.

LONG.—On the 3d inst., Harry L., son of Henry Long, aged 13 years, 2 months and 1 day.

FRIEDLINE.—On Dec. 30, 1880, Elmer Friedline, aged 2 years, 3 months and 1 day.

FRIEDLINE.—On Jan. 2, 1881, Oliver A. Friedline, aged 4 years, 2 months and 1 day.

Both sons of Isaac Friedline, of Somerset.

Horrible Mortality.

PHILADELPHIA, January 7.—A terrible condition of affairs was discovered to-day in the Camden county poorhouse, at Blackwoodtown, N. J., twelve miles from this city. Out of 220 male patients, there have been eleven deaths within the past week from malarial fever, and forty-seven inmates are now lying dangerously ill from the same disease, caused by defective drainage. From eight to ten men have been confined in narrow, little rooms not much larger than single prison cells, in the midst of the most terrible filth and with vermin abounding. The State Board of Health is about to investigate the matter, and the culpable parties will be severely dealt with. It is believed that more deaths will inevitably ensue before the condition of things can be remedied.

Hale of Maine.

AUGUSTA, Maine, January 7.—In the republican caucus to-night Hon. Eugene Hale received the unanimous nomination for senator.

The Mormon Cannon Gives Way to the Gentile Campbell.

SALT LAKE, January 8.—When the returns of the late election for delegate to Congress were canvassed by Secretary Thomas, in December, the Gentile candidate, Allen G. Campbell, filed papers with General Murray protesting against the issue of a certificate of election to Apostle Cannon, although it appeared he had a large majority of the votes cast, on the grounds, among others, that he is not a citizen of the United States, and, being a Polygamist, is not capable of becoming a citizen in good faith. These facts have long been notorious, and therefore the votes cast for Cannon at said election must be held to be void. He (Campbell) being the only eligible candidate running at said election, must have been elected, and the Governor's certificate should be issued accordingly. Cannon's reply, in which he claims he was naturalized in due and legal form twenty-six years ago, and that if he were a polygamist, as charged by Campbell, it would not disqualify him for the office of delegate, was filed with Governor Murray yesterday. Thereupon the case was argued at length before the Governor and counsel for the respective parties. It was shown by a copy of the actual record of the court in which Cannon claims to have been naturalized, properly certified by the clerk of said court, that the day when Cannon claims to have been naturalized, no such naturalization proceedings took place. The clerk also certified under his seal that from the organization of the court to the present time, he having custody of its records and having examined them carefully, he was unable to find any record of the naturalization of George Q. Cannon. The pretended certificate relied upon by Cannon does not purport to be an exemplification of any record of any court of record, and is therefore void on its face.

No record of the naturalization of Cannon in open court, signed by a judge, exists, and the naturalization law in force at that time makes such record only proof of the fact, without which the statutes say the party shall not be deemed a citizen. It was argued by Cannon's counsel that if all this were true, the Governor was not authorized to take cognizance of it. It should be left to the House of Representatives. The Governor did not take that view of it. The act of Congress organizing Utah says the Governor shall declare the person who received the greatest number of votes duly elected, and shall certify accordingly.

An act of Congress approved June 8th, 1872, provides that no person shall be capable of voting or holding office in any territory who is not a citizen of the United States, or has not declared his intention to become such. Under this rule the territory of Utah restricted the right of voting and of holding office to citizens of the United States excluding such as had merely declared their intentions to become such. The Governor held that this action of Congress and of the territory bound him to take cognizance of the fact which he considered established, that Cannon is an alien, and is therefore ineligible to hold the office or delegate under other circumstances.

Says the Governor on his ruling: "Cannon might become naturalized before his term of office begins, but it is charged by Campbell and not denied by Cannon that the latter is living in violation of the law of 1862 making polygamy a felony, and cannot therefore be well disposed towards the government of the United States. Not being a citizen, and being incapable from his profession and manner of life of taking the oath of naturalization in good faith, and these facts having been notorious for years, it follows that the votes cast for him as delegate are lost, and Allen G. Campbell, being a citizen of the United States, and possessing all other qualifications, who received the greatest number of votes at said election, the Governor is bound by law to declare said Campbell duly elected, and certify accordingly." The Governor awarded the certificate of election to Allen G. Campbell this morning, and immediately left Salt Lake bound to Louisville, Ky., on important business, which he has postponed several days that he might hear the argument and decide on this question.

SALT LAKE, January 9.—Cannon's friends this evening applied to Secretary Thomas for a certified statement of the court, and Cannon will contest. The Mormons are very indignant. The *Evening News* says that "Governor Murray can no longer command the respect of honorable men, that his conduct is dastardly and contemptible, unworthy of any official with the least claim to the title of gentleman." The Gentiles feel as though they had at last got the Mormon bull by the horns instead of the tail, and they expect the administration, the next House and the country to help them keep their hold.

The Senatorial Fight.

HARRISBURG, January 5.—The fight for the United States Senatorship to fill the place of Wm. A. Wallace was virtually closed this evening. One hundred and twenty members of the House of Representatives, supporters of Galusha A. Grow and Harry W. Oliver, the leading candidates went into caucus for House officers. The test of strength was to be made on the organization of the caucus. This was effected by the Oliver men electing John M. Pomeroy, of Franklin, as president of the caucus by a vote of 69 to 51. The result was generally received as evidence of Grow's weakness. The caucus was conducted without any discussion. R. L. Hewitt, of Blair, was nominated Speaker of the House.

Governor Porter's Marriage.

NEW YORK, January 5.—Governor-elect Porter of Indiana married Miss Stone at the house of Walter S. Gurnee, her uncle, No. 626 Fifth Avenue, this noon. Out of respect to the Gurnee family, the members of which are in mourning, the wedding was private and the invitations few.

Legs and Hands Amputated.

CANTON, January 4.—David Mattlin, aged twenty-four, of Hartville, a few nights ago was thrown out of a sleigh. He was intoxicated and remained out all night and was found next morning in an unconscious condition. In consequence of the exposure his legs have been amputated and his hands must also be taken off to save his life.

Coroner Cool returned a verdict that Simon Kline came to his death by poison administered by his son Joseph.

Four Men Killed.

NEWARK, N. J., January 7.—A terrible explosion in the vitriol department of E. Balbach & Sons' extensive smelting works on the Passaic river, about 12:30 o'clock this morning, produced a shock felt several miles away. Two eight horse boilers exploded, from an unknown cause, instantly killing the engineer and three workmen, and seriously injuring two others. Three buildings and about $7,000 worth of machinery were destroyed. One end of the house of E. Balbach, Sr., near the works, was wrecked. A fragment of a boiler and bricks were landed in his room, but he was uninjured. His conservatory and private stable were also destroyed, and two valuable horses were killed. E. Balbach, Jr.'s house, some distance off, was injured by the flying bricks, one of which struck a woman, killed in the third story, somewhat injuring her. The killed, whose bodies were found in the debris, are as follows: John Mutz, engineer, body horribly mangled, roasted and scalded, skull fractured and legs broken. John Schlee, workman, head crushed and features distorted; George O. Gorman, skull crushed; John Quinn, frightfully mangled. All were married men, and leave families. Oscar Jacobs had a rib broken and was sent to St. Michael's Hospital. Joseph Verst was severely injured, but not fatally, and two others escaped. The loss is estimated at $20,000.

Soldiers' Orphans.

The annual report of J. P. Wickersham, Superintendent of Public Instruction in this State gives the following as the schools in operation:

Chester Springs, Chester county, 240 children; Dayton, Armstrong county, 195; Harford, Susquehanna county, 200; Lincoln Institution, Philadelphia, 108; Mansfield, Tioga county, 221; McAllisterville, Juniata county, 168; Mercer, Mercer county, 288; Mount Joy, Lancaster county, 332; Soldier's Orphan's Institute, Philadelphia, 200; Uniontown, Fayette county, 189; Wilkes Hall, Cumberland county, 235; Loysville Home, Perry county, 70; Butler Home, Butler county, 19. Besides these there were, in scattered homes and receiving outdoor relief, 21 others, making a total under the care of the State of 2,580. The number at the same time last year was 2,431, the increase being 149. There are also about 200 applications on file that have been acted upon and accepted, and the children are waiting admission.

The cost of the system for the past school year was $494,473.79, and the appropriation $500,000, leaving an unexpended balance of $5,526.21. The whole ordinary cost of the system from the beginning to May 31, 1880, was $6,314,320.86. The extraordinary expenditures amount to $25,365.13. As the law now stands no child can be admitted after June 1, 1885, and three years after all the schools are to close. Should the law be unchanged the appropriation to be made for the support of orphan schools for the next two years cannot be materially reduced. For the year 1881 $300,000 will be needed, and for 1882, $250,000, making in all $550,000.

TIME TABLES.

BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R.
PITTSBURGH DIVISION.

On and after July 19, 1880, trains of this road will depart from and arrive at depot, corner Grant and Water Streets, as follows:

EAST	MAIL	EXPRESS	MAIL
Leave Pittsburg	7 00 a. m.	3 30 p. m.	11 30 p. m.
Arrive Grant	11 55 "	8 25 "	4 25 a. m.
Leave Grant	12 05 p. m.	8 35 "	4 35 "
Connellsville	1 55 "	10 25 "	6 15 "
Confluence	3 25 "	11 55 "	7 45 "
Meyersdale	4 25 "	12 55 a. m.	8 45 "
Mt. Pleasant	4 55 "	1 25 "	9 15 "
Grand Junction	5 15 "	1 45 "	9 35 "
West Newton	11 45 a. m.	Keyser	7 00 "
Mt. Pleasant	6 25 "	Cumberland	8 40 "
Broadtop	10 00 "	Piedmont	11 30 "
Uniontown	10 45 "	Grand Junct.	2 30 p. m.
Cumberland	4 25 "	Mt. Pleasant	6 40 "
Washington	12 45 p. m.	West Newton	7 10 "
Baltimore	10 30 "	Broadtop	10 30 "
Philadelphia	4 40 "	Uniontown	11 15 "
New York	6 40 "	Pittsburg	4 45 "

The Express train leaves Pittsburgh at 3:30 P. M., arriving at Connellsville 8:25 P. M., Greenwood 11:45 P. M. In return the Express leaves Cumberland at 8:40 A. M., arriving at Rockwood 7:30 A. M., Connellsville 9:05 A. M., Pittsburgh 4:45 A. M.

The most direct and pleasant route to the East and South via Washington City.

Through Mail leaving at 12:01 A. M., daily, arrives at Washington at 6:25 A. M.; Baltimore 7:40 A. M.; Philadelphia 9:10 A. M.; New York 12:30 P. M.; Richmond 12:05 A. M.

Through Express, leaving 3:30 P. M., daily, arrives at Washington at 6:50 A. M.; Baltimore 7:45 A. M.; Philadelphia 9:40 P. M., N. Y., 12:40 P. M.

Through Mail trains daily.
Express trains daily except Sunday.
Accommodation trains and Fayette Express daily except Sunday.

Ticket offices, corner Fifth Avenue and Wood streets, and depot corner Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

O. H. LORD, Gen. Passenger Agent.
L. M. COLE, General Ticket Agent.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Estate of Jonathan D. Lohr, late of Quemahoning Township, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against it to present them duly authenticated for settlement, on Saturday, the 26th day of February, 1881, at the late residence of said decedent, in said township.

ELIZABETH LOHR,
NOAH A. LOHR,
Executors.

Jan. 12

VICK'S
ILLUSTRATED FLORAL GUIDE.

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AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Somerset Co., Pa., to distribute the assets in the hands of N. S. Frost and George Steyer, Trustees for the sale of the real estate of Jacob Steyer, late of Allegheny Co., Pa., and vested in the said Somerset Co., Pa., will sit at his office, for the purpose aforesaid, when and where all persons interested can attend, said funds having arisen from the sale of the real estate as said Jacob Steyer situate in Somerset county Pa.

H. S. ENSELEY,
Dec. 29 Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John J. Hitner, late of Brothersvalley Twp., Somerset Co., Pa., dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to those indebted to it to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them duly authenticated for settlement, on Saturday the 26th day of January, 1881, at his late residence.

A. M. SEVITZ,
Dec 22 Administrator.

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EXECUTOR'S SALE
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of the last will and testament of John Carner, dec'd, and the order of the Orphans' Court, we will sell on the premises in Meyersdale on

TUESDAY—the 15th day of January, 1881,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

A valuable lime stone lot, situated in the town of Meyersdale, Somerset county, Pa., fronting on the Lincoln and Glades roads, and adjoining lots of Mrs. Carner, Mrs. Lichtenwalter and others. There are a good log house, log stable, and other buildings on said lot, with a well of water in front of the house. Also, a lot of ground, fronting on the Lincoln road, and adjoining lots of Mrs. Carner, Mrs. Lichtenwalter and others. There are a