The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....August 25, 1880

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
JAMES A. GARFIELD, of Ohio.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
CHESTER A. ARTHUR, New York.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE:
HENRY GREEN, Northampton Co.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
JOHN A. LEMON, Blair County.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR ASSEMBLY:
A. J. COLBORN, Somerset Bor.
SAM MIER, Elklick Twp.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
GEORGE R. SCULL, Somerset Bor.

FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR:
ALEX. KORNS, Jenner Twp.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
WILLIAM BAKER, Milford Twp.

FOR CORONOR:
FRANK WOLF, Meyersdale Bor.

Attention, Republican Voters!

The election will take place Tuesday, November 2nd.

The last day for being assessed or registered, in order to vote thereat is Tuesday, September 2nd.

The last day for the payment of taxes is Saturday, October 2nd.

The attention of Republican votes is called particularly to these dates. No vote should be lost by neglect or oversight of being duly qualified.

Why the South is Solid for Hancock.

Consider what Lee and Jackson would do were they alive. *These are the same principles for which they fought for four years.* Remember the men who poured forth their life blood on Virginia's soil, and do not abandon them now. Remember that upon your vote depends the success of the Democratic ticket.—[Wade Hampton, at the meeting in the interests of Democratic harmony in Virginia, at Staunton, July 28th.]

BEN BUTLER, who was last year a rag money advocate, has returned to the place from whence he come—the bosom of the Democratic party. Birds of a feather will flock together.

MRS. JANE GARVER, of Chambersburg, has been appointed assistant physician at the Harrisburg Insane Asylum. Mrs. Garver is a daughter of our former townsman Hon. F. M. Kimmell.

IN 1860 the South wanted to be "let alone." In 1880 the same fellows are now bellowing to "be reconciled." Both requests mean that they want to control the government.

IN a speech made by Gen. Ben. Harrison, of Indiana, a few days since, he very appropriately said that: "The Democratic orators cannot out-talk the voice of the threshing machine this year."

THE Republicans of Ohio expect to elect thirteen of the twenty Congressmen this year. This will be a gain of four members, as the Republicans only have nine out of the twenty members for that State in the Forty-sixth Congress.

JUDGE HENRY M. STOFFORD, of Louisiana, the Democratic contestant for the seat of U. S. Senator Kellogg, is dead. This we presume will put an end to this famous partisan contest and leave Mr Kellogg in undisputed possession of his seat.

HON. HORACE MAYNARD, late Minister to Turkey, was sworn in as Post Master General on Wednesday last. On the same day the President signed the commission of ex-Post Master General Key as United States Judge for the Eastern District of Tennessee.

THAT blatant Democratic journal the *Philadelphia Record* has this to say of the Congressional canvass in this district:

> The Republicans of the Seventeenth Congressional District in this State find no little difficulty in agreeing among themselves, but they ought to so far put aside their bickerings as to keep A. H. Coffroth out of Congress. This man's candidacy is a reproach to the State: his success will be a scandal touching the name of every man he directly represents.

HON. JEREMIAH H. BOONE of Reading has withdrawn from the Republican electoral ticket, fearing that as he is a member of the Legislature he may be ineligible, and the Democrats would be given the opportunity to dispute the vote of the State in the electoral college.

IN this campaign Republicans cannot afford to cast complimentary votes. If Hancock should be elected the Southern Confederacy will come to the front and rule the Nation. We must elect Garfield and a Congress to support him if we want the party that saved the country to rule it.

THE Alabama election was a regular boomer for the Democracy, and yet not a Hancock rooster in all the North raised a crow. When a State gives a larger majority than the entire aggregate of every Democratic vote in it, it is small wonder that the rooster loses his voice. The muchness of it was embarrassing.

JUDGE "JERRY" BLACK arrived home from Europe on Wednesday last. The Judge is a warm personal friend of Garfield and an ardent admirer of Hancock. He has been quoted as authority by the friends of both candidates. Imagine the gay old roysterer humming "How happy could I be with either was t'other dear charmer away."

A PRIVATE dispatch from Ebensburg to Chairman Keller gives the information that the Cambria County Republican Convention on Monday unanimously nominated General Jacob M. Campbell for Congress, with the right to select his own conferees.

THE Democrats of the Huntingdon-Franklin district have nominated R. Milton Speer for Congress. This is the man that in a spasm of virtuey the kicked out their State Convention a few years since for voting for and pocketing "back pay."

With such a candidate the district can be counted safe for Fisher, the Republican nominee.

GEORGE W. JULIAN at a Democratic meeting, at Indianapolis, the other night, denounced the salary grab as a "naked theft" and the Congressmen who took the money as "legislative thieves." Our Democratic friends over in Huntingdon county ought to send for Julian; he and Speer, their candidate for Congress, who pocketed the back pay, could travel over the district together, like the two brothers who were lecturing on temperance down East, while one delivered the lecture the other could be exhibited as an awful example.

HON. JAMES H. HOPKINS has been nominated for Congress by the Democrats of Pittsburgh, and has declared himself in favor of a protective tariff, as against a "tariff for revenue only" which the National Convention of his party, at Cincinnati demanded. Pennsylvania Democrats like Hopkins and Coffroth profess to be in favor of protection to American industry, but when elected vote for a Speaker like Sam Randall who makes up a Free trade committee with Fernando Wood as its chairman, and while this committee does everything in its power to destroy the protective features of our tariff. Such Democrats insist they are still for protection. Year after year this their dodge is resorted to. No swindler was ever convicted on a clearer case of "false pretense" than such professed protectionists make out against themselves.

GENERAL GARFIELD made a speech in Congress twelve years ago, in which he penetrated the motive of Hancock's career. The man whom it has been General Garfield's destiny to oppose in a Presidential contest was then pandering to the same traitorous political element that is supporting him now, and he has continued to seek its favor all these long years to secure the result he has finally accomplished. Said Garfield then, in referring to Hancock's career in Louisiana; "It is for him (Hancock) to obey the laws he was sent there to execute. It is for him to aid in building up a civil government rather than to be *preparing himself for the Presidential candidacy of the party which gave him no sympathy when he was gallantly fighting the battles of his country!*"

GENERAL "BOB TOOMBS" of Georgia who in *ante bellum* days declared that he would yet call the roll of his slaves at the foot of Bunker Hill monument, and who boasts that he is an unreconciled rebel who detests the Union, has lately written a letter to a friend in Washington, in which he says.

> "I am as positive that Hancock will be elected as I am that there is a God in the heavens. You say that he is a Yankee. Well, I know that: and I know, too, that his sword has pierced the breast of many a defiant man in gray. But what are we to do? We cannot put in one of our own men this time, and have to take a 'Yank.' That being the case, let us take one that is less blue-bellied than the most of them. You may depend upon it, sir, that, 'Yank' or no 'Yank,' if elected, the old boys of the South will see that Hancock does the fair thing by them. In other words, he will run the thing to suit them or they will run the thing themselves. They are not going to be played with any longer. If you hear any man say that Hancock can't be elected by the South you may put him down as a d—— fool."

Here is the true reason why the Southern Confederates support Hancock.

Toombs feels certain of his election and also that he can be made to serve the purposes of the South if elected, and therefore he blurts it right out.

The Confederates know that they can trust Hancock to help carry out all their designs for revolutionizing the government, and therefore the solid South stands by him to a man. If he will not run the machine to suit "the old boys of the South," they will run it themselves. They have made up their minds to this."

The Negroes to be Re-enslaved or Exterminated.

[From the Meridian (Miss.) Mercury (Dem.)

We would like to engrave a prophecy on stone to be read by generations in the future: "The negro in these States will be slaves again, or cease to be. His sole refuge from extinction will be in slavery to the white man."

Function of the Northern Democracy.

From the N. Y. Mail

For the past thirty years it has been the function of the Northern Democrats to do the lying, while the brains, will and power of the party, in the south, were carrying out its reckless and wicked schemes. That is what Northern Democrats are for.

Lee and Jackson Compared With Washington and Hamilton.

[From the Richmond Dispatch (Dem.)

Lee and Stonewall Jackson represented in the late war in this country the cause that was upheld in the war of the Revolution by Washington and Hamilton.

How They Have Been Replaced.

A special despatch from Washington says: A list has been compiled of the Union soldiers who have been discharged from the Capitol by the Democratic Sergeants-at-arms of the two branches of Congress since that party gained control. It comprises 69 names, and includes 35 who were wounded in the service of the Government during the war, half a dozen having lost an arm, as many more a leg, one both legs and others disabled in other ways. In their places have been put 67 soldiers who servin the rebel army.

The Confederacy Still Exists.

[Speech of a Southerner heard by J. H. Randall at Kizer Hill, Alabama, July 31, 1880.]

"The confederacy still exists, my friends, and Jeff Davis, the best friend we ever had, is yet our President and devoted to our interests, and if Hancock is elected, and we have no doubt he will be, you will be paid for all the property you have lost through Radical rule, and you must stand by the great Democratic party, for a solid South will now give us entire control of the General Government, and we can redress all our wrongs."

Liberty in Shubuda.

A Greenback Orator's reception at Shubuda Misc.

"DEAR SIR: We will give you and your pard thirty-five minutes to pick up your duds and git out of this town. Yours to death. THE BOYS OF SHUBUDA. We know you, and you can't stay; you must go to the next station. Your time is passing; you better git right along or you'll catch h—l. You better get out of this while you have a chance. Your a white man with a black heart, come down here to divide the Democratic party, and we don't want and won't have no such d—m men in this county. Your train is coming and you get out of here. If you ever come here again we'll fix you. Bring a gang of your friends and we'll give them and you too h—l."

Payment for Slaves.

A LETTER FROM HON. EDWARD MCPHERSON—MARYLAND'S PROVISION.

To the Editor of the N. Y. Tribune.

Sir—Your editorial of this date, recalling the fact that the records of the state of Georgia contain lists of the names of former slave owners of that state, and of the names of the slaves, is timely, since it tends to show what is in the "southern mind." Like lists exist in most of the late slave states. Even in Maryland, the contingency of a possible payment by the United States for the loss of slave property has been carefully provided for. In the present Constitution (adopted in 1867 by a convention unanimously "Conservative" and Democratic) two important sections forecast the future. I quote them from the pages 899 and 900 of Charter and Constitutions, Part 1., Washington, 1877, as follows:

Sec. 37. The General Assembly shall pass no law providing for payment by this state for slaves emancipated from servitude in this state, but they shall adopt such measures as they may deem expedient to obtain from the United States compensation for such slaves, and to receive and distribute the same equitably to the persons entitled thereto.

Sec. 46. The General Assembly shall have power to receive from the United States any grant or donation of land, money or securities for any purpose designated by the United States; and shall administer or distribute the same according to the condition of said grant.

This provision was made after the adoption of the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which must, therefore, have been deemed by that constitutional convention of Maryland not to interpose an effectual barrier against such an "adjustment" for the loss of slave property. Considering the facility with which willing courts have in the past driven a "coach-and-four" through acts of Congress, it may fairly be held to be a debatable point whether, if twelve associate justices—as proposed by a bill now pending before one of the committees of the House of Representatives—be added to the Supreme Court of the United States, and they be the nominees of a President dominated by the secession element of our political society, the restraining provisions of the fourteenth amendment would not, on some pretext, be evaded and defeated. At least the proposed bill to "reorganize the Supreme Court" in such a way as to revolutionize it gives color to the apprehension, while the machinery already existing in the late slave states invites to employment.

Very respectfully,
EDWARD MCPHERSON.
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 21.

Man and Monkey.

CHICAGO, August 26.—A bloody and possibly fatal fight occurred this morning between a man and a monkey in a small zoological garden on State street. Among the animals exhibited was a large and vicious creature, being a cross between the gorilla and ordinary monkey, named Jim, weighing seventy-five pounds. This forenoon he broke his chain and attacked the manager of the show. The latter's cries brought Harry Martin to his aid, upon whom Jim immediately sprang and fastened his teeth and claws in his lower limbs, tearing them in a fearful manner before assistance could be rendered. The monkey escaped to Wabash avenue, pursued by a crowd, and there hid under the sidewalk. Martin was removed to a doctor's office, and his numerous and ugly wounds were sewed up. He suffered greatly from loss of blood, but may survive.

Horrible Treatment.

READING, PA., August 23.—A great sensation has been caused throughout Berks county by the discovery of Benjamin Zechler, a lunatic, who had been confined in a house in Albany township by his brother, Jacob Zechler, for 27 years. When found he was chained to the floor in a small house built especially for him, and in a room about eight feet square, with only one window for ventilation. This chamber was in a shocking state, the filth being a foot thick on the floor. The man was perfectly nude, and in the entire twenty-seven years he had never been washed, combed or shaved. The madman made a desperate resistance when the officers attempted to remove him, but he was subsequently taken to the insane asylum. The case is to be investigated by the authorities.

Fatal Feuds in Kansas.

BURLINGAME, August 23.—Thomas Smith and Wesley Thomas, negroes, quarreled last night in front of W. M. Baker's saloon. Smith shot Thomas through the lungs. A second shot fired by Smith passed through the window of the saloon and struck Baker in the breast. Thomas died in a few moments, and Baker is mortally wounded. The cause of the quarrel was Smith's intimacy with Thomas' wife.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., August 23.—James Thorp, a workman in the Missouri Pacific Railroad machine shop, had an altercation yesterday with Alfred Perry, colored, and after the latter made or attempted to make an assault on him, killed the negro almost instantly. Thorp was arrested.

Meeting of the Stalwarts.

GRAND REPUBLICAN RALLY.

BRILLIANT TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION.

The Frosty Sons of Thunder Out in Force.

The campaign in this county opened in earnest, speeches were made by Hon. Galusha A. Grow, of Susquehanna county, Cyrus Elder, Esq., of Johnstown and S. U. Trent, Esq., of Somerset.

The Republican meeting held here in the Court House last Tuesday evening was the largest in point of members and enthusiasm ever held in the county. Every town and township in the county was represented, and the enthusiasm and excitement were intense. All day long delegations were arriving, and by seven o'clock in the evening there were fully three thousand strangers in town. The delegations from Meyersdale and Salisbury, some three hundred strong, with two brass bands, a drum corps, and one hundred uniformed men arrived in the evening train. The streets were crowded and it was with difficulty that one could walk from corner to corner. The Garfield and Arthur Club of Somerset turned out one hundred voters with torches and uniforms.

THE PROCESSION

formed in front of the Court House at 7:30 p. m., with Col. J. R. Edie as Chief Marshal, and marched through the principal streets of the town. There were a great many beautiful transparencies in the procession.

On a banner from Meyersdale was the following inspiring inscription. "We vote a solid Republican ticket in the cause of American liberty." The most suggestive of them all, however, was that of the colored delegation, which bore a whole chapter of historical recollections, "Freed by the hands of the martyred Lincoln." All these and many more were in the parade in the evening, illuminated by hundreds of torches. The bands from Meyersdale, Salisbury, Berlin and Somerset furnished inspiring music for the marching Republicans, and as they came to the court house door and surrounded the square they presented a very enlivening picture.

THE ORGANIZATION.

The meeting in the Court House was organized by electing Hon. J. R. McMillen, of New Lexington, President, with the following assistants:

Vice Presidents.—Samuel Walker, Allegheny; Emanuel Lichty, Summit; W. M. Schrock, Stonycreek; C. F. Rayman, Brothersvalley; Gen. M. A. Ross, Addison; Dr. W. H. Mountain, Confluence; Wm. H. Barnhart, Quemahoning; Isaac Yoder, Conemaugh; Geo. Lowry, Elklick; Josiah Ankeny, Somerset North.

Secretaries.—Jos. Hauger, of Brothersvalley; B. F. Rayman, Berlin; W. S. Morgan, Jenner; Silas Cable, Jefferson; J. D. Miller, Milford; I. N. Potter, Meyersdale.

Committee on Resolutions.—Ed. B. Scull, Somerset; Fred. Biesecker, Jenner; Dr. T. F. Livengood, Salisbury; A. D. Moore, Middlecreek; Col. E. D. Yutzy, Ursina; J. B. Hillegas, Allegheny; A. F. Dickey, Somerset; W. C. Hicks, Meyersdale; Prof. N. B. Critchfield, Berlin; Wm. G. Walker, Brothersvalley; Ed. Lambert, Stonycreek; Samuel Lowry, Salisbury; Prof. R. R. Sanner, Somerset; Lou. A. Smith, Meyersdale; J. G. Ogle, Esq., Somerset.

After an organization was effected the President introduced

HON. GALUSHA A. GROW,

of Susquehanna Co., who opened the ball by begging pardon for removing his coat, as he proposed to sweat the Democratic party and not himself, and he showed his manly form in his shirt-sleeves, and did sweat the Democratic party in such a manner as only the author of the Homestead act. He showed from the past the reckless financial policy of the Democrats, since and before the war, and their general incompetency to govern in all and at all times. His speech was convincing and showed as clearly as the light of day that the increase of our prosperity, the stable condition of the currency, the grand results of the protective tariff, were due to Republicanism; that the protection of the citizens of the republic was due to Republican administration, and that if the honest ballots could not be counted honestly and justly without, he was in favor of counting them by force. Mr. Grow closed his speech with an elegant tribute to the former leaders of the Republican party, and with the assurance that on the 2d of November next the Republican party will again march to victory, under the cry of the Union, the constitution and the enforcement of the laws. His speech was often interrupted by loud and long applause.

S. U. TRENT, ESQ.,

the young and eloquent speaker, whose talents have been recognized by the National Committee, and who, though quite youthful, is to stump Ohio and Indiana for Garfield and Arthur. Mr. Trent responded in a brief but eloquent speech, and closed by thanking the audience for the unexpected honor bestowed upon him, as there were many others present whom he had thought they would much prefer to hear speak. At the close of his remarks the applause was loud and long continued. After order had been restored, the following resolution was offered:

Resolved, That the Republicans of Somerset county hereby tender their warmest thanks to the Hon. Galusha A Grow for his effective, able and eloquent address this evening; that we recognize in him one of Pennsylvania's ablest defenders of the Union, and a statesman worthy of our confidence.

The resolution was seconded and passed by a loud and unanimous aye.

THE COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS

reported the following which were unanimously adopted.

Resolved, 1st. That we heartily approve the principles adopted by the late National Republican Convention assembled at Chicago.

2d, That we most heartily endorse and ratify the nomination of James A. Garfield and Chester A. Arthur for President and Vice President of the United States.

3d, That the election of these candidates and the triumph of Republican principles assures to the country a continuance of the present sound financial policy, of protection to American labor from unjust foreign competition, and wide-spread free education throughout the Union.

4th, That the perpetuity of our present form of Government depends on fair and free elections and an honest count and return of the ballots cast. We therefore indignantly denounce the attempts made by the dominant party in Congress to abrogate and nullify the federal election laws, intended to guard and protect the purity of the ballot box.

5th, That we denounce the constant attempts of the Democratic party to impair the policy of protection to American industry, knowing as its leaders do that the bread of many thousands of our people, and the home market of our farmers depends upon its maintainance, and that "a tariff for revenue only" would be fatal to these industries, and bring want and distress to the toiling masses of the country.

6th, That the County Committee be and hereby is authorized to appoint three conferees to meet similar conferees from the other counties composing the XVIIth Congressional District, to nominate a candidate for Congress and that we pledge the nominee our hearty support.

THE OVERFLOW MEETING.

Not one-third of the people in town were able to gain admittance to the Court House, for both aisles and benches were crowded before the speaking began. A meeting was organized in the public square to accommodate the overflow, which was numbered by the thousands, and their loud and frequent cheering was plainly heard in the Court House above the voice of the speakers there. It was addressed by Cyrus Elder, Esq., of Johnstown, and others. The meetings were kept up until eleven o'clock and were dispersed with loud and prolonged cheers for Garfield and Arthur. This has ended one of the largest and most enthusiastic meetings Somerset county has ever seen or properly will see for years to come. She will give fifteen hundred majority for the Republican ticket this fall.

Woman Found Murdered.

CINCINNATI, August 26.—The body of an unknown woman, horribly beaten and bruised, was found yesterday in a secluded ravine two miles north of Sidney, Ohio. It could not be identified. The *post mortem* revealed that the woman would shortly have been delivered of twins. Wm. Curtis, a canal boatman, was arrested on suspicion, it being thought that the woman was a cook on a canal boat. The place of the murder showed signs of a fierce struggle. The woman's clothing was torn and scattered about.

A later dispatch says the woman was the wife of William Curtis, canal watchman, who was arrested on suspicion. They were married in January last, but she has been living at Taylorsville, above Dayton, for some time. He went after her with a buggy, and about one o'clock on Wednesday morning, on their return, he committed the murder. Her trunk, his bloody shirt and a rubber overcoat were found to-day hid under a pile of wood in a canal-boat. There was strong talk of lynching Curtis.

Tragedy in Wisconsin.

MILWAUKEE, August 23.—A special to the *Sentinel* from Madison says: "The house of Martin Winrick, on the line between Dane and Columbia counties, was discovered in flames on Sunday night, and the neighbors on forcing an entrance found the body of Mrs. Winrick riddled with shot, lying in a pool of blood. The body of her husband was found on a bed bleeding from two ghastly wounds. The bodies were taken out of the burning house, though somewhat scorched. Winrick and his wife had lived unhappily on account of the children of each by former marriages, and it is supposed the old man shot his wife with a shot-gun, set fire to the house and then shot himself with a revolver, but failing to finish himself had discharged the other barrel of the shot-gun into his own body. They leave several grown children who reside in the neighborhood."

Death of Gen. Meyer.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—A telegram received here announces the death of General Albert J. Meyer, Chief Signal Officer of the United States Army, which occurred at the Palace Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., at sunrise this morning. The immediate cause of his death was heart disease.

[General Meyer was a Colonel in the regular army and breveted Brigadier General at the time of his appointment to the Chief of the Signal Service by General Grant. His duties were to superintend the instruction of officers and men in the work of the service to supervise the construction of maps and charts, and to consolidate and publish the reports sent into Washington. To his skill and energy the perfection of the service is largely due.]

The New Postmaster General.

WASHINGTON, August 25.—Hon. Horace Maynard, ex-Minister to Turkey, in company with Postmaster General Key, visited the White House to-day to pay his respects to President Hayes. While there the President signed Mr. Maynard's commission as postmaster general and handed it to him. Later in the day Mr. Maynard appeared at the Postoffice department and took the oath of office as Postmaster General. The oath was administered by Judge James Lawrenson, the department notary.

Judge Key continued to act as postmaster general during the day, and Mr. Maynard will enter upon his duties as postmaster general to-morrow.

Mexican Brigands.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 24.—A Tuxson dispatch says: Sheriff Butner, with a posse, left here last night to intercept and arrest the Mexican brigand, Reyes, who, with his band, were reported to be in the vicinity. Butner met them about eight miles from the town and a fight ensued, in which about fifty shots were fired. The Mexicans fled leaving several dead and wounded animals and weapons on the field. The Sheriff followed but soon lost the trail in the darkness. The brigands are supposed to number about 50. A company of United States troops are now in pursuit.

Fighting the Moonshiners.

WASHINGTON, August 26.—The Governor of Arkansas has refused to loan Collector Wheeler, of that state, arms for use against the moonshiners, fearing that if any of the latter should be injured it would react upon him. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has ordered arms to be sent him from a supply belonging to the service here. Collector Wheeler will receive all the assistance necessary to break up this systematic method of defrauding the revenue.

Stove Works, and Mills Destroyed.

PHILADELPHIA, August 25.—A fire broke out shortly after 4 o'clock this morning in the flour mill of Wm. B. Thomas & Co., northwest corner of Thirteenth and Willow streets. The flames are said by some to have originated in the engine room, but others state that the fire was seen simultaneously in several parts of the mill spreading rapidly. The flames communicated to the store and hollow ware foundry of Stuart & Peterson, on the west, which extended, as did the mill from Willow to Hamilton streets, and then to the large building at the southwest corner of Thirteenth and Hamilton streets, occupied by Gumpert & Bros., manufacturers of cigars. Thomas & Co's. mill was in operation at the time the fire was discovered, and the workmen beat a hasty retreat. One of them—Wm. Miller, foreman in the milling room—is missing. The building was soon in ruins, all the walls falling and filling the streets by which it was bounded. The falling bricks crushed the eastern end of Stuart & Peterson's foundry, and the flames, which soon swept into the pattern room in the northeastern corner of the structure, destroying nearly all the patterns, which, Mr. Peterson stated, will be difficult to replace, and he estimates his loss at $50,000, which is covered by insurance. The loss on the mill property is placed at $80,000. Gumpert & Bros., occupied the second and third floors of the front of the building at the northwest corner of Thirteenth and Hamilton streets, and the second, third and fourth floors in the rear. The first and fourth floors of the front of the structure are vacant. The building is 110 feet front by 65 feet deep. The firm employed 150 hands, and they had in stock 400,000 loose cigars. Their insurance is $20,000, and will cover their loss. On the east side of Thirteenth street all the buildings were damaged. The coal office of Garber Bros., northeast corner Thirteenth and Willow streets was gutted, causing a loss of $2,000; insured. Extending northward, the store and dwelling of Matilda Douglass, No. 420, was damaged to the extent of $700; No. 435, Lacey's tavern, $1,000; southeast corner of Thirteenth and Hamilton, occupied by Wm. Robinson, blacksmith shop and dwelling, $800; No. 445, saloon kept by Fred. Naumann, $1,000; and several small dwellings in the rear of Thirteenth street, above Willow street, slightly damaged. The insurance, which amounts to $205,000, is divided among seventy companies.

Beaten to Death.

SOUTH BEND, IND., August 24.—Yesterday about four o'clock Ephraim Dice was beaten to death by a crowd of roughs. They were fighting his brother Ben in Siltzer's saloon, when seeing that he was getting the worst of it, Ephraim interfered, and they turned on him and beat and kicked him and left him for dead on the sidewalk. He was carried into Snyder's drug store, where he died in a few minutes. He was a young man of peaceable disposition, and was employed in the Studebaker works. Charles Kelley, Charles Perkins, Andy Pollenbach, and others, have been arrested for murder.

A Negro Lynched.

GUTHRIE, KY., August 27.—On Tuesday morning a colored man named Green Ellis, assaulted Mrs. Duncan two miles north of here with intent to commit robbery. After beating her severely and taking $12 that was on her person he left her for dead. She recovered sufficiently to get home and report the fact. Ellis was caught here yesterday, had his trial and was to have been sentenced to the county jail to-day. Last night between twenty-five and fifty men rode into town, overpowered the guard and quietly removed Ellis, who was hanged not far from town.

A Terrible Storm.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., August 25.—The most terrific thunder shower that has visited this vicinity in years passed over this city this afternoon. The lightning struck the schooner Mable, of Calais, Maine, lying in the harbor, shattering her top and foremasts and instantly killing Charles Shriber, the steward. The lightning also struck a number of places about the city, including the St. Augustine Roman Catholic church spire, causing a damage of several hundred dollars.

Revenue Officers Attacked.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue to-day received the following telegram from Collector Brayton, dated Columbia, S. C., August 23: "I am in receipt of a telegram stating that revenue officers destroyed last night, about 25 miles from Greenville, S. C., an illicit distillery containing an eighty-gallon still, cap and worm, and 1,500 gallons mash and beer. While engaged in the work the officers were fired at from ambush, but fortunately no one was hurt."

A Disastrous Hurricane.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, August 19, via Havana—A disastrous hurricane passed over this island last night. Thousands of people are homeless. Crops, fruit trees and farm produce generally were destroyed. Colossal trees were uprooted and churches demolished. The barracks in this city were destroyed. Three wharves are gone, and eight large and thirty-two small vessels are wrecked in the harbor. Famine is imminent and help is required for the starving thousands.

Georgia Bulldozers Killed.

ATLANTA, Ga., August 21.—Wednesday night, near Cochran, Georgia, four young white men disguised themselves, went to a negro cabin, broke down the door and commenced firing into it. The occupant, John Brown, seized his gun, which was loaded with buckshot, and fired both barrels, killing two brothers named Dykes. The tops of their heads were blown off. The negro escaped. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of justifiable homicide.

Shot by a Confidence Man.

COLUMBUS, KY., August 25.—Last night at eleven o'clock officer B. F. Vaughan was shot by Buck Rockwell, a notorious confidence man, at Arlington, a small village on the Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans Railroad. Rockwell had been arrested by Vaughan for disorderly conduct, on the way to jail drew a revolver and shot Vaughan in the breast and made his escape.

The President's Trip West.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 27.—President Hayes, accompanied by the members of his family, left Washington last evening at 9:30 for Fremont, Ohio. The President will leave Ohio for the Pacific coast about September 1. Of his own family Mrs. Hayes and his sons, Rutherford and Burchard, will accompany him to the Pacific coast. Secretary Ramsey, General Sherman and his daughter, Miss Rachel Sherman, General Mitchell and his wife, W. D. Howells, editor of the *Atlantic Monthly*, and Mr. and Mrs. Herron, of Cincinnati, will also be of the party. All of the Pacific coast party are to meet at Chicago, September 24, except Secretary Ramsey, who will join them at Omaha.

A Newspaper Office in Flames.

PITTSBURG, PA., August 25.—The building occupied by the *Evening Telegraph* caught fire this evening, and for a time it was feared the entire building was doomed. The fire department, however, by extraordinary exertion managed to confine the flames to the rear portion, and soon had them under control. The proprietors state that the damage to the paper cannot be estimated to-night, but it is small, and will not interfere with the publication, and they will issue to-morrow as usual. The loss on the building and bindery will exceed $5,000, fully insured. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Shot Dead.

KANSAS CITY, MO., August 25.—William and Robert VanHoltz, brothers, while in the store of Henry Stock, at Pleasant Hill, on Saturday night, purchasing provisions, were ordered out of the store by Stock, who at the same moment fired at them with a pistol. The VanHoltz brothers returned the fire, killing Stock and severely wounding another man named Alexander. The brothers surrendered themselves to the officers and have the sympathy of the citizens.

Hurricane on Long Island.

FLUSHING, L. I., August 27.—During Wednesday's storm a cyclone one mile wide and seven miles long swept over Little Neck and Creedmoor. Hundreds of acres of corn were entirely destroyed and many buildings damaged.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TIME TABLES.

BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R
PITTSBURGH DIVISION.

On and after July 19, 1880, trains on this road will depart from and arrive at depot, corner Grant and Water Streets, as follows:

EAST.	MAIL.	WEST.	MAIL.
Leave:		Leave:	
Pittsburg	10:35 a. m.	New York	9:35 p. m.
Rockwood	2:34 "	Philadelphia	1:05 a. m.
Ohio Pyle	3:54 "	Baltimore	6:00 "
Uniontown	5:44 "	Richmond	10:15 a. m.
Connellsville	6:07 "	Washington	9:30 a. m.
Mt. Pleasant	6:34 "	Cumberland	2:30 p. m.
Broad Ford	6:51 "	Hyndman	7:11 "
West Newton	12:26 p. m.	Rockwood	4:45 "
McKeesport	12:58 "	Ohio Pyle	8:04 "
Braddock	1:15 "	Uniontown	8:54 "
Hyndman	9:05 "	Broad Ford	9:35 "
Cumberland	4:35 "	Mt. Pleasant	7:05 "
Washington	9:25 "	Connellsville	8:27 "
Richmond	11:55 a. m.	West Newton	7:54 "
Baltimore	10:35 p. m.	McKeesport	7:36 "
Philadelphia	3:10 a. m.	Braddock	
New York	6:40 "	Pittsburg	8:45 p. m.

The Express train leaves Pittsburgh at 8:25 P. M., arriving at Connellsville 10:07 P. M., Rockwood 11:42 P. M. In return the Express leaves Cumberland at 2:55 A. M., arriving at Rockwood 7:28 A. M., Connellsville 8:04 A. M., Pittsburgh 9:45 A. M.

The most direct and pleasant route to the East and South via Washington City.

Through Mail leaving at 10:35 A. M., daily, arrives at Washington at 9:25 A. M.; Baltimore, 10:35 P. M.; Philapelphia 3:10 A. M.; New York 6:40 A. M.; Richmond 11:55 A. M.

Through Express, leaving 7:55 P. M., daily, arrives at Washington at 6:40 A. M.; Baltimore, 8:00 A. M.; Philadelphia, 1:35 P. M.; N. Y., 4:40 P. M.

Through Mail trains daily.
Express trains daily except Sunday.
Accommodation trains and Fayette Express daily except Sunday.

Ticket offices, corner Fifth Avenue and Wood streets, and depot corner Grant and Water sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

C. K. LORD, Gen. Passenger Agent.
I. M. COLE, General Ticket Agent.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

OF

SOMERSET BOR. SCHOOL DISTRICT,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 1ST, 1880.

WM. H. WELFLEY, Treasurer,

	Dr.	
Cash received from collectors		$1,295 70
" " " State appropriation		303 92
	Total	$1,599 62
	Dr.	
Paid orders for teachers' wages		$1,320 00
" " repairs, fuel &c		159 32
" " Sec'y and Treas. Com.		50 30
	Total	$1,599 62

RESOURCES OF THE DISTRICT.

Amount due from tax collectors, (uncollected taxes) $360 72

We, the undersigned auditors of Somerset borough, do hereby certify that we have examined all the vouchers of the foregoing statement, and have found them correct and true in all particulars.

CHARLES C. SHAFER, [SEAL.]
MILTON J. PRITTS, [SEAL.]
Auditors.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Orphans' Court of Somerset Co., Penn'a., I will expose to public sale on the premises on

Saturday, Sept. 4th, 1880,

at one o'clock P. M., the real estate of the late Joseph Mason, dec'd., consisting of a valuable farm situate in Milford township, Somerset county, Pa., adjoining lands of Samuel Barclay, Jacob F. Walker, Jos. J. Walker, Francis Shantis and Wm. Dull, containing 225 acres, more or less, about 175 acres thereof clear, having thereon erected a fine two-story Brick Dwelling House, and large Bank Barn; having also a good Apple orchard and a number of never-failing springs. This farm is situated in one of the most desireable locations in Somerset county.

—TERMS.—

One-third on any balance after payment of all debts to be secured on the land in lieu of dower to the widow, and the balance to be paid as follows, $2,000 on confirmation of sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments, without interest. $100 must be paid down on day of sale.

JACOB F. WALKER,
Aug. 11. Administrator.

LEGAL NOTICE.

TO J. Mishler, Mary Anna, intermarried with Levi Berkey, Sarah, intermarried with Simon Thomas, the said Sarah being since dead, leaving issue four children, viz: Milton M., Charles Harvey, Jane A., and Gertrude A. Thomas, who have their guardian Ephraim Thomas. Caroline, intermarried with Adam Shaffer, Matilda Mishler, James M. Mishler, Levi Mishler, Jonathan Mishler, Lizzie Mishler, the last named being a minor, and for whom Joseph J. Mishler is guardian, all residing in Somerset county, Pa., Henry Mishler of Springfield, Green county, Missouri, and Thomas Mishler formerly of Springfield, Green Co., Missouri, since moved to Ozark county, Missouri:

You are hereby notified that in pursuance of a writ of partition issued out of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, Pa., I will hold an inquest on the real estate of Gabriel Mishler, dec'd., in Jenner Twp., at his late residence on the 24th day of September, 1880, where you can attend if you think proper.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, August 11, 1880. } EDGAR KYLE, Sheriff.

State Normal School,

INDIANA, Pa.

Building, the best of the kind in the United States.
Accommodations for 400 boarders.
School, first class in all respects.
Departments—Normal, Classical, Commercial, Musical.
The Fall Term of 15 weeks will open on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 6th, 1880.

Expenses, as low as those of any other School affording equal advantages and accommodations.

For Catalogue, address,

JOHN H. FRENCH, LL. D.,
July 28. 2 mos. PRINCIPAL.

JEFFERSON ACADEMY.

THOROUGH preparation for College; good English and business education. Moderate expenses, not necessarily exceeding $25 or $30 per term. Good chemical and philosophical apparatus; large library. Good moral and social surroundings. French and German taught. Next term commences September 13th, 1880.

Rev. WM. EWING, PRIN.,
m1 Canonsburg, Pa.

EVERY

REPUBLICAN VOTER

—IN—

SOMERSET COUNTY

SHOULD HAVE SOME GOOD

RELIABLE NEWSPAPER

—DURING THE—

CAMPAIGN

A COUNTY PAPER is preferable, as it gives you all the points of the LOCAL as well as the

NATIONAL CANVASS!!

IN ORDER THAT THE

Herald

May be within the reach of all we will send it from now until the week after the election for

THIRTY CENTS!!

Subscribe this week and get full particulars of the

HOFFMAN MURDER TRIAL!!!

—AND THE—

BURKET-CIRCUS CASE.

FARM FOR SAL