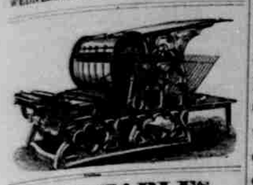
The Somerset Herald.

WEDNESDAY.....August 6, 1879



TIME TABLES.

BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R.

PITTSBURGH DIVISION.

On and after May 26, 1879, trains on is road will depart from and arrive at depot, corner Grant and Water Streets, as follows:

EAST.	MAIL.	WEST.	MAIL.
Leave:		Leave:	
Pittsburg	8:35 a. m.	New York	8:55 p. m.
Rockwood	9:06 "	Philadelphia	11:30 a. m.
Somerset	9:45 "	Baltimore	7:10 "
Meyersdale	10:05 "	Richmond	8:00 p. m.
New Newton	10:31 "	Washington	8:35 a. m.
Mt. Pleasant	10:51 "	Cumberland	2:40 p. m.
Greensburg	11:08 "	Hyndman	3:20 "
Jeannette	11:24 "	Rockwood	4:55 "
Penn Ville	11:41 "	Ohio Pyle	5:40 "
Derry	12:12 p. m.	Uniontown	7:05 "
Blairsville	1:41 "	Mt. Pleasant	7:17 "
Saltsburg	2:15 "	Connellsville	8:20 "
Conemaugh	2:30 "	West Newton	7:36 "
Johnstown	3:15 a. m.	McKeesport	7:52 "
Altoona	6:50 p. m.	Braddock	
Harrisburg	9:10 "	Pittsburg	8:25 p. m.
Philadelphia	4:40 "		
New York			

All trains run by Baltimore Time 14 minutes faster than Pittsburgh time.

The Express train leaves Pittsburgh at P. M. arriving at Connellsville 11:07 P. M., Mineral Point 11; A. M. In return the Express leaves Cumberland at 1:0 A. M., arriving at Mineral Point 1:24 A. M., Connellsville A. M., Pittsburgh 4 A. M.

The most direct and pleasant route to the East is via Washington City.

Through Mail leaving at 8:35 A. M., daily, arrives at Washington at 8:00 P. M.; Baltimore, 9:10 P. M.; Philadelphia 2:10 A. M.; New York 6:25 A. M.

Through Express, leaving 3:5 P. M., daily, arrives at Washington at 7:50 A. M.; Baltimore, 8:55 A. M.; Richmond, 2:35 P. M.; Philadelphia, 1:45 A. M.; New York, 5:30 P. M.

Through Mail trains daily.

Express trains daily except Sunday.

Accomodation trains and Fayette Express daily except Sunday.

Ticket offices, corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Streets, and depot corner Grant and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

E. H. SMITH, General Ticket Agent
E. K. HYNDMAN, Supt., Connellsville.

P. W. & B. R. R.—PASS MINERAL POINT.

SOMERSET & CAMBRIA RAILROAD.

On and after May 13, 1878, trains will run as follows, connecting with all passenger trains on the P. W. & B. R. R. (Mail trains daily, Express daily except Monday.)

	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Rail West	9 35 p. m.	5 30 p. m.
Rail East	11 20 a. m.	1 00 p. m.

Mail East connects with Local West.

Supplement to Regular Time Table, to take effect Saturday, June 28, 1879, and continue in force during the Summer.

Train will leave Somerset every Saturday at 7:30 P. M. to connect with the Mountain Express east at the R. & O. R. R., and on Monday at 3:15 A. M. to connect with same train west, which arrives in Pittsburgh at 9:40 A. M.

W. H. SANNER,
Superintendent.

Way Passenger East	12 00 m
Way Passenger West	12:44 p. m
Rail East	11:35 p. m.
Rail West	4:45 p. m.
Express East	
Express West	5:08 A. M

REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Addison—S. A. Dean.
Allegheny—John Wright, (appointed).
Berlin Bor.—Samuel Imhoff.
Brothersvalley—Alex. Coleman.
Conemaugh—Elwood Swank.
Confluence—M. A. Ross, Jr.
Elklick—Jacob S. Livengood.
Greenville—A. J. Stoner.
Jefferson—A. Brugh.
Jenner—Worth J. Picking.
Jennerville—Abm. Kautz.
Larimer—John H. Geiger.
Lower Turkeyfoot—John P. Humbert.
Meyersdale—Samuel P. Foust.
Middlecreek—J. R. McMillen.
Milford—Ephriam D. Miller.
New Centreville—Wallace McMillen.
Northampton—S. P. Poorbaugh.
New Baltimore—John George.
Paint—Daniel Brubaker.
Quemahoning—James Bauch.
Salisbury—J. C. Lowry.
Shade—Jonathan Yoder.
Somerset Bor.—D. J. Horner.
Somerset Twp.—A. F. Dickey
Somerset North—Perry Umberger.
Stonycreek—Michael Snyder.
Southampton—Henry Martz, Sr.
Stoystown—William Brubaker.
Summit—P. N. Davis.
Upper Turkeyfoot—Peter Zufall.
Ursina—J. B. Jennings.
Wellersburg—John Hileray.

OFFICES TO BE VOTED FOR.

One person for Poor House Director.
One person for Jury Commissioner.
Two persons for Delegates to Convention.

The Republican Primary Election will be held on Saturday, September 13, 1879.

The Convention called for by the annual resolution, passed at the annual business meeting, in February, will convene in the Court House, at Somerset, Pa., on Tuesday, September 16, 1879, at 10 o'clock.

Resolved, That at the next ensuing Republican Primary Election, the voters of the several precincts be requested to select two delegates each, who shall act as return judges of said elections, who shall also at the same time assemble in convention for the purpose of perfecting rules and regulations for the future nomination of Republican candidates.

The following resolutions, adopted at the meeting held on May 4, 1870, are still in force and are published for the information of those holding the elections, viz:

1st. That the polls be opened only at the usual places of holding elections fixed by law.

2d. That the Republican voters of each district shall elect their member of the County Committee and the two additional officers to hold the primary election.

3d. That when they were not elected at the previous election, the committeeman for each borough and township, shall select the two other persons to assist in holding the primary election in their respective districts, and the committeeman shall act as judge and make the return of same.

4th. That the committeeman be required to make a list of the Republican voters of the borough or township in which he lives, and have the same present at the election, and designate therein every person entitled to vote; and if any person not named therein be judged entitled to a vote, his name shall be added to said list and the fact stated, and that the said list be produced before the return judges when they meet.

5th. That all Republicans be required to vote in their proper districts.

6th. That no person be allowed to vote unless known to have voted with the Republican party, or who can produce satisfactory evidence of the fact.

The return judges must place the returns in the hands of the Chairman on or before Tuesday evening, Sept. 14.

JOSIAH KELLER,
Ed B. Scull, Ch. Co. Com.
Secretary.

Call and get prices of Nails, Iron, Glass, Stoves, Hoes &c., before purchasing elsewhere. Byers & Barnett, Somerset, Pa.

Go to Holderbaum's to buy your carpets; 1,000 yards just received, consisting of Ingrains, Cottage Hemp, Rag, Stair and Floor Oil-cloth's.

An Astonishing Fact.—A large proportion of the American people are to day suffering from the effects of Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The result of these diseases upon the masses of intelligent and valuable people is most alarming, making life actually a burden instead of a pleasant existence of enjoyment and usefulness as it ought to be. There is no good reason for this, if you will only throw aside prejudice and skepticism, take the advice of druggists and your friends, and try one bottle of Green's August Flower. Your speedy relief is certain. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been given away to try its virtues, with satisfactory results in every case. You can buy a sample bottle for 10 cents to try. Three doses will relieve the worst case. Positively sold by all Druggists on the Western Continent.

REPUBLICAN MEETING.

There will be a Republican meeting in the Court House on Tuesday Evening, August 26. All who are opposed to the country being ruled by those so lately in rebellion against the Government, are earnestly invited to be present. Friends of honest currency, safe and economical administration of National as well as State affairs, turn out. Hon. Galusha A. Grow and other able speakers will be present and address the meeting.

JOSIAH KELLER,
Ed B. Scull, Ch. Co. Com.
Secretary.

Drugs at Boyd's.

Oats is being cut.

Early pears are ripe.

The corn is on its ear.

Store away winter coal.

Excursions are in order.

Hard weather on infants.

Moonlight nights are here.

Peaches are in the market.

New potatoes are abundant.

Business still continues dull.

Get ready for camp-meetings.

Housewives are canning fruit.

Nice line of Soaps, at C. N. Boyd's.

For Drugs and Medicines go to Boyd's.

Drugs fresh and warranted pure at C. N. Boyd's.

Tight pantaloons are coming in style again.

Powder, Shot and Gun-wadding at C. N. Boyd's.

The song of threshing machines is heard in the land.

Perfumery and Toilet articles at C. N. Boyd's.

Items of local news are few and far between.

Cigars, the finest in town, at C. N. Boyd's.

School teachers' salaries are being cut down generally.

Go to C. N. Boyd's for Legal Blanks and Stationery.

The postage stamp knows its place after it has been licked once.

According to the almanac for 1880 there will be seven eclipses next year.

If you would live long and be happy, buy your Drugs at C. N. Boyd's.

Davis Bros. are the cheapest Sign Painters in Western Pennsylvania.

The best place to buy White Lead, Oil, Varnish, Paints &c., at Byers & Barnett, Somerset, Pa.

Some one says that warts can be removed by daily lightly touching them with muriatic acid.

Always on hand—the Oliver Chilled plows and repairs at Byers & Barnett, Somerset, Pa.

Try Morrison & Bro.'s Cough Syrup and Liniment, and get something good, once. Price moderate.

Dr. Sadler, Oculist and Aurist, No. 256 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Eye, Ear, Throat and Catarrh specialties.

A Card.—Somerset, May 26, 1879.—Wm. Heffley has removed to Meyersdale, where he will be pleased to accommodate all who are in want of a first-class suit; burghars not included.

Confluence Items.—The farmers of this vicinity have garnered an abundant harvest, except the hay crop, which was short.

The merchants all seem to be driving a brisk trade.

The prospect for corn and potatoes was never better.

Prof. I. J. Miller opens a normal school here to-day.

The hotels and boarding houses are doing a flourishing business.

Our enterprising liveryman, Stanton, is doing the *boss* business of our town.

A party of Pittsburghers have pitched their tents above town, on the Yough. They are a sociable and jolly set of fishers.

Confluence boasts of the best croquet players in the county, although one of her players was whitewashed by three "little boys" of Ursina, (Lyons, Kuhlman and Yutzy). We would remind our Ursina friends of the late of one Thomas Pepper.

Dan.

Jenner X Roads Items.—The late heavy rains have done considerable damage to the highways.

A number of the patrons of the cheese factory located at this place "holler ouch" at the price paid per hundred for milk.

The crop of blackberries in and around this country is said to be unusually large; in consequence our market is overstocked and prices low.

Rev. Mundane, of the U. B. church, preached an able and interesting sermon at this place on last Friday evening. Please come again!

A party of snake hunters visited "Rattlesnake den" on Laurel Hill mountain one day last week, but with what success we have not learned.

F. H. Williams, who opened a photograph gallery on West Main street some three months ago, took his departure last week, intending to locate somewhere else.

Dan. Sipe has engaged in the butchering business at this place again this summer. He supposes to supply the community with the finest stock this market can afford.

At a meeting of the Hoffman congregation, some time ago, they concluded to connect themselves with the 'Horner' and Stoystown congregations of the Lutheran church.

Certain portions of Jenner township were visited by very heavy rains on Wednesday last; along Laurel Hill mountain some of the oldest inhabitants say they have not had as heavy rains for many years.

Charley Ferner opened a normal school here on the 28th of July, and the prospects seem fair for a good school. Persons intending to prepare for teaching will find the same advantages here that may be obtained at any of the other schools.

During the heavy rains of last Wednesday afternoon, the lightning struck the barn of John G. Shultize, residing three miles northwest of here, and the barn, including his entire summer crops, one horse, and a number of farming implements, were consumed by fire. Some few of his neighbors noticed the smoke and hurried to the scene to render such aid as they might be able to give, but very little property could be saved. We have been informed that Mr. Shultize had $400 insurance on the barn.

David Grieve, claiming to hail from Zanesville, O., passed through our place some time ago with his trained herd of goats. Mr. Grieve is so much paralyzed as to require the attention of one of his children to care for him. The entire party, consisting of Mr. Grieve, wife, several small children, and five or six goats, travel by wagon and expect to make their way back home by distributing temperance poetry, selling jewelry, and the charity of the people. A report followed him along the line of his travels, that his conduct does not always accord with the "theme" he handles to attract the attention and charity of the people.

The weather for the past ten days has been anything but propitious for Sunday school pic-nics.

Rev. George H. Johnson, of Philadelphia, will preach in the Reformed church next Sunday, at half-past ten o'clock.

Owing to the crowded state of our columns we are compelled to lay several interesting communications over for next week.

Send all interesting local items that happen in your neighborhood to the Herald. We will cheerfully publish them in our columns.

The Commissioners are having the old well in front of the Court House cleaned. They propose placing a new pump in it at an early day.

Several evenings of last week the streets of our town were monopolized by a vagrant "corn doctor," who deserved jailing for his blasphemy if nothing more.

Over in Centre county, the other day, a tramp fell off a cherry tree and broke one leg and one wrist. Everybody should plant cherry trees near the public highway.

A party of fifteen persons from Pittsburgh arrived at the Somerset House, on the Mountain Express, Saturday evening, intending to spend some weeks at that delightful hotel.

The celebrated John McKee, Pittsburgh's Poet Laureate, has been spending the past several days in our town. During his stay here, Mr. McKee has written several letters for publication in the Herald. One of his inimitable productions will be found in another column.

A large four horse wagon surmounted with a set of old fashioned hay ladders, and filled to overflowing with young ladies, drove through town Friday morning. The party were on their way to Breakneck rocks, where they pic-nicked during the day. They hailed from Berlin.

The weather has improved somewhat on the heated term, the recent rains and showers having rendered both days and nights more pleasant. On Friday afternoon a large quantity of water fell in the course of an hour, and this was followed on Sunday afternoon by a moderate but steady rain.

Mr. George B. Baer, an attachee of the Herald office was disabled from work for some time by a painful accident met with Saturday afternoon. He was feeling the Gordon jobber, when his right hand was by some means caught between the jaws of the press and squeezed in a manner he was not accustomed to.

A Blair county man, whose horse died near Hollidaysburg, a few days ago, in order to avoid the trouble and expense of burial concluded to cremate the body. For this purpose he procured a gallon of coal oil, poured it over the body, applied the match, and in just one hour, according to the *Tribune* correspondent, there was nothing left of the animal but his four hoofs.

After the heavy fall of rain yesterday afternoon the streams below town rose to such a height as to cover the different roads with several feet of water. The bridge across the Turkeyfoot road and the one at the extreme end of Railroad street were entirely swept away. A great number of fences were demolished and carried away. Considerable damage to the adjacent grain fields was done.

We are informed that the premium list for the next County Fair has been prepared and will be published at no late day. The list far surpasses that of former years both as to quality and variety of premiums offered. A number of new features have been added for the improvement and amusement of those in attendance, and from the efforts already being made we feel safe in predicting that the Sixth Annual Exhibition will far out-merit any of its predecessors.

Star-gazers have the opportunity at present of seeing all the planets, an unusual occurrence. Mercury is visible as a bright star in the west just after sunset, and is peculiarly luminous just now. Venus can also be seen early in the evening. Mars is a morning star, and is growing brighter; Jupiter can be seen shining very brightly in the east at midnight, and Saturn's yellow glow is visible at the same time. Neptune can now be seen just above the eastern horizon.

The Normal School at Indiana, Pa., has recently issued its Fourth Annual Catalogue, showing the past year to have been a very prosperous one for that young but vigorous Institution.

In buildings and apparatus, in location and grounds, it excels any similar Institution in the country. With such instructors as Dr. French, Prof. Young, and Miss Leonard, it cannot fail in giving entire satisfaction to all of its patrons.

See advertisement in this paper.

A singular and serious accident happened to Jonathan Kimmel, son of John M. Kimmel, at Lavansville, on last Wednesday. Young Mr. Kimmel was on horseback driving cattle, when a cow broke from the herd; riding rapidly after her she suddenly wheeled, struck the horse and prostrated him, the rider being thrown and the animal falling heavily upon him. It was some time before the horse could be raised, and the unfortunate man carried home and medical aid summoned. The ground was very stony where the accident occurred, which was almost in front of Alex. Countryman's store. At last accounts Mr. Kimmel was still living, but in a precarious condition. He was so badly bruised that he cannot bear the least covering over his person.

Letter from Hon. John McKee, Poet Laureate, of Pittsburgh, Pa.

Somerset, August 2nd, 1879.

To the People of Somerset.—After a fortnite's tossing over Hills and Mountains through rivers and bays I arrived at Somercet this must been the mans name that first settled this Place. I think the Original setlers were Germans—the City is built upon a Hill. I like to see a City built high up—there are four enterances into it, it is bounded by the Negar Mountains Loral rig and the Alleghenys. The principal business is the Law—there are only two Hotels the principal is the Somercet House. This is run by A. Lady. The House is a great Barn of a thing and just looks like a Horse Stable with a great big Country Jack of a Huser he would do behind a Tenpinaly or an Auchion ear for a Cow Market this is where the City pleasure seekers throug—the Gentry from Pittsburgh are heare some of the Gambling cod fish Aristocracy. What do you think Citizens of Somercet thies monster Hotel keepers had not the magnanimity to invite me to stop with them what will the Hotel keepers of Pittsburgh think when they read that thier Poet Laureate has been treated so mean. I never was in a place in the Country that I was not offered the freedom of the Hotels. Somercet I see has been almost burned down and it will be burned agane if you dont get a Fire Engine—yes you aught to bring down some of the springs from the Mountains so that you could watter the City in case of fire—fire and watter are good servents but bad enemys. I visited the Poor House and we are all poor thies days it is the worst Institution I ever was at there is a great lubber of a Duchman there as big as a Hoghead, I think he aught to be away and there is a great big woman—the buildings are misorable and the Popers are doing nothing but chasing one another through the yarde. I say that the keeper does not understand his business or he would conduct things better he never asked me to eate a bite although it was Dinertime I never was treated this way arround Pittsburgh from heare I visited the great Cheas factory. This is a fine clean thing every thing new Just built to see the big pales of Milk flotting arround the great trough—there is nothing like spring watter to keep things from spoiling there is nothing like a Country life give me a Log Cabin where I can look out on the Forest. I like to heare the jingling of cow bells and the snow white sheep nibling the green erbage.

* * * * * * *

Ye travelers on the Central road
That dreary uninviting trail
Your luckless fate you may deplore
That's not the way to Somercet.
Along Youghioughenyy's winding shores
That's the way to Somercet.

Ohio Pyle sends forth its calmes
Its anthems grand unchanged by time
Here Indians listening to its roar
Are watching the road to Somercet.

J. McKee
Poet.

PROPOSED RULES AND REGULATIONS

Governing Future Primary Elections of the Republican Party of Somerset County.

OFFICERS.

Rule 1. The principal officers of the Republican party of Somerset county shall be a chairman, and a chairman *pro tem.* of the county committee, and a county committee, consisting of one member from each election precinct in the county, and an executive committee of three.

Rule 2. The supernumerary officers shall be a president and vice president of conventions of delegates, a delegate from each election precinct, a committee on contested elections, consisting of seven delegates, and six clerks of convention.

Rule 3. The election officers shall be one judge, two inspectors, and two clerks for each election precinct.

Rule 4. There shall be supervisors of elections, not exceeding in number six for each election precinct.

HOW OFFICERS TO BE ELECTED.

Rule 5. The Republican voters shall meet in their election districts, at the usual places of holding general elections, unless otherwise ordered by the chairman of the county committee; the committeemen shall open the polls of election at eight (8) o'clock a. m., (unless some other hour is specifically fixed by the chairman of the county committee) and the votes then assembled or that may assemble within an hour, shall choose two of their number to act as inspectors and two to act as clerks of election; and they, with the committeeman as judge, shall constitute the election board for the primary or nominating election to be held that day, and they shall immediately organize said board, and after selecting the supervisors of elections, as provided for in rule 10, shall give notice to the voters present and shall then proceed to hold the election as required by these rules and regulations.

Rule 6. The voters in the election precincts, in addition to voting for candidates for nomination, shall also vote for and elect a delegate for each of their respective districts.

Rule 7. The delegates in convention shall elect a president and vice president, a committee on contested elections to consist of seven delegates, six clerks of convention, and an executive committee of three. The committee on contested elections shall be chosen from the delegates. The president, vice president, clerks and executive committee need not be chosen from the delegates.

Rule 8. After the final adjournment of the convention of delegates, the president shall be the chairman and the vice president the chairman *pro tem.* of the county committee for the ensuing year.

Rule 9. After the final adjournment of the convention of delegates, the delegates shall be the committeemen of their respective districts for the ensuing year.

Rule 10. Each candidate for nomination at the primary election shall have the privilege of designating in writing one voter in each election precinct to act as a supervisor of election in his precinct. Notice of such designation shall be given to the committeeman in such district. When the number of names so designated by the various candidates shall exceed six in any one election precinct, it then shall become the duty of the election board to select by "drawing lots" six out of the persons so proposed by the candidates, who shall be the supervisors of election for said district.

DUTY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.

Rule 11. The duty of the chairman shall be to preside at meetings of conventions of the county committee and preside at meetings or conventions of delegates as temporary president, and, with the approval of the executive committee, shall appoint members of the Republican party as committeemen to fill vacancies—remove committeemen for inefficiency or disloyalty to the Republican party—secure the printing and distribution of tickets and election blanks, make assessments on candidates for nomination, defray expenses for announcing candidates for office, pay expenses of delegate conventions, designate time and places of holding primary elections, make arrangements for general election campaigns and assess nominated candidates for all necessary legitimate expenses. The chairman shall also have the power to convene the committeemen in convention at any time to transact such business not inconsistent with these rules and regulations.

Rule 12. The duty of the chairman *pro tempore* shall be to take the place of the chairman in his absence from any cause and to act as temporary vice president of meetings or conventions of delegates.

Rule 13. The duty of the committeemen shall be to attend at the time and place of voting, act as judges of elections in their respective districts, see that the election is properly conducted and the election returns are properly disposed of as required by rule 20, and procure the list of candidates furnished by the chairman of the county committee, and to be subject to his instructions in all things not inconsistent with these rules and regulations.

Rule 14. The duty of the inspectors and clerks of the election, shall be to assist the judges of election in conducting the election in their respective districts, and shall have a vote with the election board on all questions brought before them.

In case of a vacancy or in the absence of the committeeman, at the hour of 8 o'clock, A. M., on the day of the primary election, the inspector present who had the highest vote at the previous primary election, shall act as committeeman. In case of the absence of the inspectors, the clerk present having the highest vote at the previous primary election, shall act as committeeman.

In the absence of all the officers of the previous primary election, at the time fixed for opening the polls, the voters present shall elect a judge of election, who shall then proceed as directed by rule 13.

DUTY OF SUPERNUMERARY OFFICERS.

Rule 15. The duty of the president of convention shall be to preside at all meetings of delegates, after a permanent organization has been effected by the chairman, chairman *pro tem*, and the delegates, and it shall be his duty to act as chairman of the county committee, after the adjournment of the delegate convention, for the ensuing year.

Rule 15. The duty of the vice president shall be to assist the president and in his absence to act as president, and it shall be his duty to act as chairman *pro tem.* of the county committee for the ensuing year.

Rule 17. The duty of the delegates shall be to receive a copy of the election returns from the election boards of the election by which they were elected, and shall meet in convention at Somerset on the first Tuesday after the election, and there make return to the chairman of the county committee, and submit to the action of the convention, and each delegate after final adjournment of said delegate convention, shall act as the committeeman of his district for the ensuing year. In the absence, or inability of the delegate so elected, the board of election shall appoint an alternate to act for the delegate in his absence.

Rule 18. The duty of the committee on contested elections shall be to hear and investigate all charges of fraud, or irregularities that may be preferred by any Republican voter of the county, and determine the validity of the charges; and it shall be the duty of said committee to reject the returns of any district where fraud or irregularity is proven to the extent of the frauds or irregularities committed. And it shall be *prima facia* evidence of fraud or irregularity, if more votes are cast at any election precinct than were cast at the last preceding general November election for the Republican ticket.

Rule 19. The duty of the clerks of convention shall be to assist the president and vice president, and shall be subject to their orders.

Rule 20. It shall be the duty of the election board to organize as directed in rule 5, and shall keep the polls open until 7 o'clock P. M. They shall hold and conduct the election with fairness and honesty, permitting all Republicans to vote who voted the Republican ticket at the last preceding general election and claim to be Republicans, and Republicans who were prevented from voting by reason of absence from home or sickness, or who have arrived at the age of twenty-one years since the last election, or minors who are known to be Republicans and will be of age before the next general election. Depriving no one whom they know to be a Republican of the privilege of voting, but allowing none whom they know or have reason to believe is a Democrat to vote. Each ticket before being placed in the ballot box shall be numbered to correspond with the list of names of voters, (poll book) which shall be recorded as each vote is cast with the name of each voter and the number of the vote prefixed. They shall allow the supervisors of election all the privileges granted them by rule 21.

At 7 o'clock P. M., they shall close the polls and proceed to count the votes cast for the several candidates, and make out a correct return of all the votes cast for them.

The clerks of the election shall make out two lists of the names of persons voting, (called poll book), three return sheets and two tally papers. One tally paper, one return sheet, and one poll book shall be delivered to the delegate then elected, who shall be the returning officer of that election, and shall be furnished with a certificate of his election as his credentials of office, one tally paper, one return sheet, and one poll book, and the tickets, shall be placed in the ballot box, sealed up with the signatures of the election officers over the seal, and shall be left with one of the inspectors who shall preserve them in their sealed condition until the next primary election, unless demanded by the delegate convention, or the chairman of the county committee.

One return sheet sealed in an envelope addressed to the "chairman of the Republican county committee," at "Somerset, Pa.," shall be mailed by one of the inspectors or clerks as soon as possible after the votes are counted.

The election officers shall also post in a conspicuous place at the election house, a list of all the votes received by each candidate for the inspection of the voters, and in the absence or inability of the delegate elect, shall appoint an alternate to act in his absence.

Rule 21. It shall be the privilege of the supervisors of elections, to be inside the room with the election board during the whole time the election is in progress, to inspect the ballot box before any tickets are placed in the same, to see all the tickets as they are read off by the officers of the election, see the tally papers, return sheets and poll books made and shall be accorded all other privileges in connection with such election to enable them to know whether the election was conducted honestly and fairly; *provided*, however, that they shall not have a vote on questions arising in the election board.

Rule 22. It shall be the duty of the officers and members of the delegate convention to meet in Somerset on the first Tuesday after the election at such hour as may be designated by the chairman of the county committee, and organize by the chairman of the county committee calling the meeting to order, assisted by the chairman *pro. tem.*, elect a permanent president, a vice president, a committee of seven delegates on contested elections, six clerks of convention, and an executive committee of three. The officers, committee and clerks thus elected shall then assume their duties of office, the old officers retiring, and the convention, thus permanently organized, shall proceed to open the returns from the various election precincts and they shall be read to the convention and if no charges are preferred of fraud or irregularity, the return shall be taken down by the clerks in tabular form. If, however, charges are preferred of fraud or irregularity, then the return with accompanying papers shall be referred to the committee on contested elections who shall investigate such charges, and where there is sufficient evidence of fraud or irregularity of any kind, it shall be the duty of said committee to reject the returns of such district to the extent of the frauds or irregularities committed, and make their report to the convention. The returns as corrected shall then be received and entered by the clerks.

It shall be the duty of the convention to reject all returns from any district if not accompanied by a list of the names of the persons voting, (poll book) and also all returns from any district where the supervisors were refused admittance to the election room as provided in rule 21. When all the returns have been corrected, admitted and tabulated, the convention shall nominate candidates for the various offices by *viva voce* vote. Each delegate shall be entitled to the number of votes in proportion to the number of Republican votes cast in his precinct at the last preceding general election in November, for the Republican candidate for the first and highest office on the return sheet. The ratio to be on the basis of one delegate vote for every fifty or less Republican votes cast at the last preceding general election, two votes for more than fifty votes—three votes for more than one hundred votes and not exceeding more than one hundred and fifty votes, and so on to the full extent of such vote in each precinct.

The vote shall then be taken for all the candidates for each office separately as may be designated by the president of the convention. The roll of election precincts shall be called and the delegates shall respond by voting for the candidate having the highest number of votes in his precinct, as per approved return, for said office, and at the same time calling out the number of delegate votes his precinct is entitled to. At the conclusion of the first ballot of all the precincts, if a nomination is not made, (by one candidate having a majority over all others) the candidate having the lowest number of votes shall be dropped from the roll of candidates, and another ballot shall be had and continued by the same system until a candidate or candidates shall be nominated. Whenever a candidate for any office is dropped from the roll then the delegates from such precincts where the dropped candidate had the highest vote, shall vote for the candidate having the next highest vote for said office in his precinct, and whenever all the candidates voted for in any precinct, for any office, have been so dropped from the roll, then the delegate for said precinct may exercise his own discretion in casting his vote for any other candidate yet remaining on the roll. All candidates shall be nominated by the same process, and the ticket then declared nominated by a majority of the delegates then assembled shall be final, and the chairman of the county committee shall have no authority to change any ticket so declared, except as provided for by rule 24, or in case of the death, inability, or ineligibility of the candidate, and the ticket so nominated shall be announced and published as the Republican ticket of Somerset county.

GENERAL RULES.

Rule 23. Each candidate for nomination shall furnish to the chairman of the county committee not less than ten days before the day of the primary election, his name, the office for which he is a candidate, the township or borough in which he resides, with his post office address, and to pay a fee of ten dollars to defray expenses of announcing his name in a newspaper, printing tickets and election blanks, and other necessary expenses for holding and conducting the primary election.

The chairman of the county committee shall cause to be printed separate lists of all the candidates of each office, with office designated at the head of each list, and furnish the committeeman of each district with at least two copies thereof for each voter who voted the Republican ticket at the preceding November election. These lists may be used by the voters as tickets by striking out or erasing any name they do not wish nominated, provided that this rule shall only apply to the candidates for nomination for county, district, and State officers.

Rule 24. The chairman of the county committee, with the approval of the executive committee, shall have the right to assess all candidates nominated such reasonable sum as he may think necessary to defray the usual expenses of printing tickets and paying the campaign and election expenses; and in case of the refusal of any nominee to pay the same, he shall be dropped, and the person having the next highest vote for the convention shall be substituted on the ticket.

Rule 25. No person, a candidate for nomination, shall be either an officer or clerk of election, an officer or clerk of convention, or a delegate of convention, or a supervisor of election.

TIE VOTE.

Rule 26. In all cases of a tie vote, in either the election of officers or in the nomination of candidates, it shall be the duty of the contestants to decide the question by drawing lot, or in their absence or refusal to do so, then it shall be the duty of the judge of election, in case of a tie vote of election officers, to draw lot for them, and in case of a tie vote of convention officers or candidates for nomination, it shall be the duty of the president of the convention to draw lot for them or authorize some other person or persons to do so.

Heat relaxes the system and opens the way for diseases to attack the depressed and weary body. People of judgment and experience at such times make use of Kidney-Wort, as this great remedy keeps up the tone of the whole body by enabling the Liver, Bowels and Kidneys to perform their functions perfectly.

A farmer residing a short distance from Chambersburg, while on his way home from that place, where he had disposed of a load of wheat one evening last week, was stopped by a man, who, presenting a pistol, demanded of him his money, which was immediately handed over. Amount, $118.

Amish, Johnson Co., Iowa, July 28th, 1879.

Editor Herald, Dear Sir:—You will perhaps be surprised on receipt of this letter. I have had the pleasure of being a reader from childhood up to the present of that ever increasing fountain of news, the Herald. Thinking that a few lines from the old Hawkeye State, which is now past forty years old—it being organized as a Territory in 1838—will probably not come amiss. Her record is one to be proud of, and is scarcely equaled by any other of the sisterhood of States. Some of her land is still occupied by Iowa Indians, who have become civilized and are at present industrious and energetic farmers.

The first Governor of Iowa, Ansel Briggs, is yet alive, looks hale and hearty and well preserved. He resides at Council Bluffs, having crossed the State as he has also spanned its history, while still beyond his domicile the iron-horse puffs his way westward.

Our busy farmers are done with their extensive harvest, and the voice of the reaper is no more heard in our broad acres; and farmers have ceased thrusting their sickles into the bearded grain. Wheat, oats and rye are already stacked. Barley is being threshed out of the shock; it yields forty bushels to the acre, and is sold at 75 cents per bushel. Farmers seem to be well satisfied with all their crops except spring wheat, which was partly taken and harvested by the chinch bug, it having been their favorite hash. There has been a large acreage of fall wheat harvested. The productions of oats and rye are good. Prospect for corn has never been better, and we will have an abundant corn crop if nothing happens it. Hay is being made in abundance and is an extra crop.

The Eastern farmer labors hard in cultivating his crops among rocks and roots, while the Western farmer pleasantly rides on his sulky plow, tilling the fertile soil and securing his crops. Young men who expect to engage in agricultural business would make a favorable move for themselves to come West where there are still hundreds of acres of unimproved land that can be purchased at reasonable figures and time. The climate is pleasant and healthful; the soil very productive. This is not a good season for fruit, and yet we have plenty to supply the home demand. The independent school districts are adopted and school interests are yearly increasing. Quite a number of our good citizens are from Somerset county.

The sermons and a brief biography of our sleeping preacher, Mr. Noah Troyer, who is so widely known for his preaching while in an unconscious state, will be ready in a few days for distribution. Hundreds of persons went to hear him preach every night, and many can testify to the accuracy of the sermons reported. For more than three years he has been subject to these convulsions almost every day—but not speaking every time he is sick. The spells still continue to come on every evening; but, on an average, he does not speak oftener than twice a week.

What the result of the phenomenon may be is not known, and the cause may continue to be enveloped in mystery for several years.

These pamphlets can be had by remitting 20 cents to the Iowa City *Republican*.

Yours truly,
J. H. Y.

What Will Become of the Tramp?—The new law in regard to tramps, which goes into effect in August, has been read by nearly every tramp on the road, and they all know what the consequences will be if they are arrested in this State hereafter. Many of them are leaving the State as fast as possible, a great number going to New York State, where the law, so obnoxious to them, was vetoed by the governor, and where they are not likely to be molested. Many of the freight trains are carrying numbers of tramps, and they can be seen lounging around nearly every station where they think there are no police officers. On Monday a meeting of tramps, at which there were over sixty representatives, was held at Newmanstown, Berks county. The president of the meeting was a German, known as "Blitz." He had a copy of the tramp law, which he read to his comrades. They indulged in a talk, some saying that they would go to work, but the majority did not think they could do that. One big fellow made a speech, in which he stated that the cost would be very high on the different counties if the police officers would insist on arresting every tramp. They talked of the different jails in which they had been, and upon other subjects, and adjourned finally without nominating a candidate for State Treasurer or adopting a platform.

Littell's Living Age.—The numbers of The Living Age for the weeks ending July 26 and August 2 respectively, contain the following articles: The Talmud, *Church Quarterly Review;* Malta, and Chesterfield's Letters to his Son, *Fortnightly;* Food and Feeding, by Sir Henry Thompson, and Our Wheat-Fields in the North-West, *Nineteenth Century;* Gray and his School, *Cornhill;* Benjamin Franklin, *Contemporary;* Patronized by Royalty, *Mayfair;* A New Calculation Rising, *All the Year Round;* Oxygen in the Sun, *Spectator;* with the continuation of Jean Ingelow's "Sarah de Berenger;" Miss Keayr's "Doubting Heart;" and Sarah Tytler's "The Bride's Pass" and the usual amount of Poetry.

For fifty-two such numbers of sixty four large pages each (or more than 3,000 pages a year), the subscription price ($8) is low; while for $10 50 the publishers offer to send any one of the American $4 monthlies or weeklies with *The Living Age* for a year, both post paid. Littell & Co., publishers.

Nijne Novgorod Fair.—The great market of the eastern world has been held at this junction of the Volga and Oka Rivers in Russia, every summer for hundreds of years. Here the nations of Europe and Asia meet with their products for trade. Cossack, Chinese, Turk and Persian meet the German and the Greek with every variety of merchandise that mankind employs, from sapphires to grindstones, tea, opium, fur, food, tools and fabrics, and last but not least, medicines. J. C. Ayer & Co.'s celebrated remedies from America were displayed in an elegant Bazaar, where the Doctor himself might sometimes be seen. They are known and taken on steppes of Asia as well as the prairies of the West, and are an effectual antidote for the diseases that prevail in the yaourts of the North as well as the huts and cabins of the western continent.—*Lincoln (Ills.) Times.*

The best Butter Color for dairymens' use, summer or winter, is that made by Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. and called "*Perfected.*" It gives the perfected June tint, and does not injure the butter as does the crude annatto and preparations made from it.

Wanted.—100 Barrels of Maple Sugar.
1,000 Bushels of Potatoes.
1,000 Bushels of Wheat.
For cash, or in exchange for goods.
Cook & Berrits.

MARRIED.

WRIGHT—CLOSE.—By Rev. J. B. Taylor, at the M. E. parsonage, July 24, 1879, Mr. Edward C. Wright, of Addison, Pa., and Miss Ada Close, of Somerfield, Pa.

DIED.

ANKENY.—July 25, 1879, Leroy Ankeny, aged 2 months and 24 days.

CABLE.—Mr. Jacob Cable, of Lavansville, died very suddenly at the residence of his son, in Jefferson township, June 30th, 1879, aged 67 years, 8 months and 30 days.

HAY.—Elizabeth Hay, wife of John Hay, died July 5th, 1879, aged 45 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINIS