The Somerset Herald

WEDNESDAY.....November 20, 1878.

SENATOR BLAINE has just been chosen chairman of the Republican State Committee of Maine for the twentieth time.

THE official vote of the State shows General Hoyt's plurality to be 22,319; he went to Philadelphia with a plurality of 5,975 votes.

THE total number of deaths from yellow fever in the South is reported at 13,921. Of these 4,200 occurred at Memphis and vicinity, and 3,977 at New Orleans.

MR. SAMUEL MASON, the Greenback candidate for Governor, made an assignment of his property on last Friday. On that day $25,000 were filed up against him.

IN the last New Jersey Legislature the Democrats had a majority of 3 in the Senate and 6 in the House. In the next there will be in the Senate 11 Republicans, 9 Democrats, and 1 Independent; in the assembly there will be 32 Republicans and 28 Democrats.

THE State Senate in Connecticut stands 14 Republicans, 7 Democrats; the House, 142 Republicans, 109 Democrats, 1 Independent, 1 Greenbacker. Republican majority, 46; majority on joint ballot, 47. The State having tried Democratic United States Senators, wants no more of them.

A COMPLETE list of the members elected to the next Legislature, shows the party strength in each House as follows: The Senate will contain 32 Republicans; 16 Democrats; 2 Nationals—Republican majority over all, 14. In the House there will be 110 Republicans; 76 Democrats and 15 Nationals—Republican majority over all, 19—Republican majority over all on joint ballot, 33.

BISBEE, the Republican elected to Congress by over 500 majority in the second district of Florida, has been counted out of his seat by the Democratic Board of Commissioners. Now that the fraud has been accomplished, counts are being made by the U. S. Marshal. The Democrat, however, has got the certificate, and of course will be seated by his party friends in the House, and the South will be made still more solid.

THE Democratic majority in South Carolina is reported at about 78,000. In Edgefield County where the horrible outrages were perpetrated two years since, the majority is seven thousand, or *double the entire white population of the county.* And yet not a Democartic paper in the North has utter a word against the outrageous frauds perpetrated there and elsewhere throughout the Southern States.

AN exchange says:

Potter county Republicans adopted this year the Crawford county system of making nominations. The Democrats elect their whole ticket. Moral: Republicans, if you want to secure defeat, adopt the Crawford county system.

To which we add that, the experience of the Republicans of this county at the late election has demonstrated the capacity of the system, under Democratic manipulation, to wipe out almost any given majority.

THE defeated candidates who worked so industriously against the Republican ticket, and especially against their successful Republican competitors, must now accept their defeat as final. The people of this county will never forgive the aspirant for office, who opposed the candidate who defeated him at the primaries, and assisted to throw the Congressional and Senatorial districts into the hands of the Democrats. Such treachery will never be forgotten. Even the Democrats, who profited by their bad faith, showed their detestation of the treason, by refusing to support them at the polls.

WHERE are the valiant gentlemen that blustered so loudly throughout the last campaign about the fraud and corruption resorted to by the Republican candidates to procure their nominations, and which they alleged they stood ready to prove? Hurry up with your proof, gentlemen, or stand committed of being willful falsifiers. The Republican party of this county doesn't propose to harbor or shield political knaves in its bosom, nor will it submit in silence to have its men slandered with impurity. The men who circulated those stories, to the damage of our candidates, and the injury of our party, either told the truth, or lied. If they told the truth the public is interested in knowing it, if they lied, the men who were slandered are entitled to a vindication, by having their slanderers exposed as notorious falsifiers.

ANENT the reports of the horrible massacre of the negro voters in Tensas parish, Louisiana, by the red-shirt Democracy previous to the late election, comes the official statement of Col. Frank Zacharie, a special agent sent by Governor Nichols to Tensas to ascertain the facts, in which he states that previous reports are exaggerated, and that so far as he could discover *only twelve negroes had been killed.* Suppose that in a township of this, or any Northern State twelve voters had been killed for the purpose of intimidating the balance, it is likely that the Governor would have been compelled to send an agent to ascertain the fact, or that the murderers would have gone scot-free? And yet this is just how the South is made solidly Democratic, and why Northern Democratic journals denounce any allusions to these massacres as "waving the bloody shirt."

THE Republicans of Bedford County elected two County Commissioners, one of them by a majority of one vote. They also elected their candidate for Treasurer.

IN the Franklin and Fulton Judicial district Judge Rowe was elected over Judge Kimmell by a plurality of 97 votes. In Franklin county they ran a tie.

THE Philadelphia *Press* is authority for the statement that Seth H. Yokum, who defeated Curtin for gress, is an earnest Republican, except on the money question, on which he is not regarded as a radical Greenbacker.

THE bulldozers are at work in North Carolina as well as Florida, and threaten to rectify the mistake by which a number of Republicans were elected to Congress, by throwing out ballots enough to count in their Democratic competitors. There's nothing like a Democratic conscience for gaining a victory.

THE Johnstown *Tribune* says: "Mr. Coffroth himself said, in the public streets of Somerset, one day last week, that he owes his election to the insufficiency of the Republican canvass in Somerset County, and the returns show it."

In Somerset, we are not in the habit of accepting all Mr. Coffroth's declarations as verity, and the trick of doing so has but lately come to the *Tribune.*

IF the election had been for President, this year, as well as Congressmen, the Republicans would have carried every Northern State except Indiana and Oregon, and would have secured 213 electors, leaving the Democrats 156—a Republican majority of 58. What the condition of the parties may be in 1880, no one can foretell, but the Republicans just now are in the very best possible shape for coming out of the next Presidential contest triumphantly, sweeping every Northern State.

THE Delaware Democracy elected to Congress, last Tuesday, a man who had been convicted of treason during the war, and who was fined and imprisoned for the crime. One feature of the sentence was disqualifying him from ever holding an office of honor, trust or profit in the United States government. He claims that he was pardoned by President Johnson, but as there is no record of this, Delaware may find herself without a representative in the lower House of Congress.

THE Democrats of South Carolina were determined there should be no mistake about carrying that State, and they therefore provided ballots printed on tissue paper. In some districts the number of these ballots put in the boxes were four times greater than the whole number of voters in the district. In several instances they adopted a rather novel mode of remedying the difficulty. When they found they had too many votes for the voters, they blindfolded a man and had him draw the superfluous tickets from the box.

Is there any room for surprise that South Carolina went solid for Democracy!

WE are amiably disposed to make every allowance for the *Democrat's* gush over the election of its uncle, but it slops over rather violently when it asserts that in this county "Men were hired to ride through every section and circulate lies and to traduce him to honest farmers who had known him for a lifetime, &c., &c." There is not a word of truth in this, and we fear us, that "the respectable, religious, and high-minded Republicans of this county who voted for Gen. Coffroth to rebuke his slanderers, and to pay a compliment to a man who had always treated them with deference and respect," will begin to think that the nephew of his uncle, is not so reliable as his relative is asserted to be.

THE Republican party must now address itself to the task of seeing that in this Government the majority shall rule. When it wiped out slavery it destroyed the three-fifth representation of persons held to service; and when it clothed the late slaves with the constitutional rights of freemen, it thereby largely increased—in some cases doubled—the representatives in Congress, from the Southern States. At the late election in these States, the negroes were deprived of the privilege of voting, or where this right was not denied, their ballots were overcome by false counting, by being thrown out of the boxes, or the boxes were stuffed with fraudulent tickets. The minority therefore having denied the rights of these men, by this gross infraction of the law and of the spirit of the Constitution, these States must not be permitted to enjoy the representations founded upon a population virtually disfranchised. The very foundation stone of the Republican party is "equal rights" for all, and it must see to it, that a minority is not permitted to rule by or through fraud or terrorism of the voters, black or white.

It is an indisputable fact, published by Southern Democratic papers, that voters, without distinction of color, who refused to recede to the demands of the Democratic minority, were excluded from participation in the election of Congressmen at the late elections. Only at the peril of their lives could they go to the polls, thousands of them remained away through fear, and thus from nearly all the Southern States will there be a minority representation in the next Congress. There is not only food for reflection in these facts, but there is a direct appeal to the manhood of the North, and particularly to that of the Republican party, to right this grievous wrong to the letter and spirit of the Constitution.

THERE is but one thing in the way of the Greenbackers picking their flints and trying again, says the Philadelphia *Times*, and that is that they don't seem to have even a flint left. They might pick somebody's pocket, though, by way of exemplifying their principles.

THE Democrats are getting frightened at a possible combination of Republicans and Greenbackers of Republican antecedents, which would control the organization of the next House at Washington. If these two elements unite, there is enough of them to wrest the control of the House from the Confederate Brigadiers, who have had possession of it for the last eighteen months.

IT is a matter of frequent comment in the papers, that notwithstanding the almost daily exposures, greenhorns are constantly being victimized by bogus tickets and drafts. A similar confidence game is annually played off on voters of this county, by bogus tickets, notwithstanding frequent cautions against them.

Thus, since the election we hear of numerous instances where voters were imposed on by a rascally ticket, purporting to be full Republican, whereon Coffroth's name was substituted for that of General Campbell.

THERE is a large amount of ciphering being done over the presumed Democratic majority in the next House, and calculations range between a majority of three, over all, and eighteen. Our contempories are needlessly wrenching their brains over the matter, for in the light of former precedents, Mr. Clerk Adams can be safely counted on to place a good working majority of Democrats on his rolls, and the House will take care to retain them in their seats despite certificates or other proof to the contrary.

THE Republicans made the following gains of Congressmen in the several States named, voting on the 5th inst.: Connecticut 2, Illinois 1, Maryland 1, Massachusetts 1, Michigan 1, New Hampshire 1, New Jersey 2, New York 8, Pennsylvania 1. On the whole the judgment of the Northern people is that the destinies of the country are still safest in the hands of the party that freed the slaves, preserved the Union, and stands now the bulwark of the national honor and the champion of financial honesty.

INFORMATION comes from Washington that the President has at last wearied of his fruitless attempt to conciliate Southern bull-dozers and other defies of the Federal Election laws, and vigorously conducted prosecutions will be instituted against all those who partielpated in the schemes for terrorizing and defrauding the colored voters at the late State election.

During General Grant's administration Ku-Kluxism was broken up by trying, committing, and sending to Northern Penitentiaries parties concerned in those outrages, and President Hayes, it is announced, has determined to pursue the same policy, of rigidly enforcing the provisions of the Federal Election laws, and punishing with severity all those who can be convicted of lawlessness.

WE fully share with the stalwart Republicans of this county the bitter disappointment and keen shame they feel over the result of the late Congressional and Senatorial elections. If, however, they will look from effect to cause, they will see that the blame lies at their own doors. The defeat of Campbell and Yutzy, particularly that of the former—grossly unjust as it is—is clearly deducible from the outrageous nominating system, submitted to by our party. The fact is well known, that for years, the Democrats have been allowed to participate in our primary elections, and in several instances by their votes have actually procured nominations to be made. Leaving the past dead to bury its dead, let us examine only the lately ended canvass to prove the result to be the legitimate fruits of our own folly.

At our primary election in May last, under the direction, and through the manipulations of General Coffroth, a very large Democratic vote was cast, and it is a well known fact that Republican aspirants for nominations sought his aid and influence. The returns proving that the vote was unnaturally large, gave rise to dissatisfaction with the result, and as a matter of course, the cry was raised that through means of the Democratic vote, supplemented by fraud and corruption, the nominees succeeded, and the disappointed candidates who had done their level best to poll as much of that Democratic vote as possible, carried their griefs to Coffroth, and threw themselves sobbing into his friendly arms. There it was that the votes of the "scientific politician" had full scope.

He sympathized with, and patted the defeated innocents on the back. He condoled with, counseled and advised them. The fact that they had fallen into the pit they had digged for others was entirely ignored, not a word was uttered of their deserved defeat, because of their entering to him for Democratic votes, and they were instructed to enact the role of innocent lambs who had been slaughtered by corruption and fraud. Of course his pure soul flamed up in unison with theirs, and it was determined to revenge their wrongs, by procuring their nominations through an "Independent Republican Convention." Turner, who had previously goined the Greenbackers, (and who was Coffroth's most supple tool) captured the convention, and lo! its nominees came out labeled Greenback. What need to follow the twistings and tergiversations of this bastard ticket throughout the campaign. Suffice it that Coffroth's object was accomplished. He had a third ticket in the field, more subservent to his will than was the Democratic one he had previously nominated. When the proper time came, the two were consolidated, and at the election his dupes were ruthlessly slaughtered, but he had secured his one aim and hope—his own election.

Trace the late campaign from beginning to end, or from its end back to the beginning, and the fact is as plain as the sun at noon-day, that the election of Alexander H. Coffroth was procured by and through his manipulation of the Republican primary election.

The Count Complete.

WHAT THE OFFICIAL RETURNS OF EVERY COUNTY SHOW.

We have now the official vote of every county, showing the following results:

REPUBLICAN.		DEMOCRATIC.	
Allegheny	7,415	Adams	619
Armstrong	613	Bedford	933
Beaver	910	Berks	6,954
Bradford	2,878	Butler	126
Bucks	49	Carbon	116
Cameron	27	Cambria	1,146
Chester	2,712	Clarion	1,767
Crawford	2,191	Centre	1,768
Dauphin	1,695	Clearfield	1,624
Delaware	1,652	Clinton	883
Erie	1,807	Columbia	1,817
Forest	49	Cumberland	1,988
Franklin	43	Elk	674
Indiana	1,929	Fayette	1,537
Huntingdon	337	Fulton	378
Lackawanna	2,953	Greene	1,623
Lancaster	6,904	Jefferson	196
Lawrence	1,271	Juniata	378
Lebanon	1,298	Lehigh	1,730
Luzerne	3,998	Lycoming	1,702
Mercer	242	Mifflin	12
McKean	220	Monroe	2,227
Philadelphia	16,244	Montgomery	156
Potter	622	Northampton	606
Somerset	894	Northumberland	3,569
Susquehanna	1,966	Perry	1,592
Snyder	330	Pike	18
Tioga	2,090	Schuylkill	638
Union	180	Sullivan	1,065
Venango	447	Westmoreland	1,172
Warren	1,149	Wyoming	284
Wayne	325	York	3,684
Washington	346		
Total	64,281	Total	47,912

Republican total	64,281
Democratic total	42,912
Republican plurality	22,319

A Good Joke.

When Andy Curtin was in Mercer during the late campaign, he said, in a joking way, that there might be some fellow running against him for Congress at home, and that he must go and see about it. It turns out that there was a fellow running against him in dead earnest, and that he was successful, too, by 79 of a majority. Notwithstanding the fact that Dill had 4,000 of a plurality in that district, Curtin was defeated by Yocum, the Greenback-Republican candidate. Poor Andy! He has lost his grip on the people of Pennsylvania. Neither Democrats nor Republicans are disposed to trust him.—*Greenville Argus.*

Election Managers Arrested.

A dispatch from Charleston says: Three managers of election at one of the Charleston polls were arrested yesterday, under warrants from the United States Commissioner, for obstructing a deputy marshal in the discharge of his duties at the recent election and for refusing to publicly count the ballots. They waiv d examination and were admitted to bail. Other arrests are expected to-day. Eighteen citizens of Orangeburg have been arrested for obstructing United States officers in the discharge of their duties at election. They gave bail for appearance for trial.

The Wool-Gathering Party.

Bourbons by nature, who never learn anything and never forget anything, the managers of the old graveyard party concern cannot forget that they, or their predecessors of the same party designation, once enjoyed the spoils of office, cannot forget that their guiding maxim was "the spoils belong to the victors;" cannot forget that "anything to get office" is the rule by which the managers of that party name have always proceeded in pursuing their grand party aims—the spoils. By this rule they have been acting ever since their expulsion from the official flesh pots in 1864, when the country was weary of war, and despondent over the dark look ahead, they went out to gather wool by the proposition to compromise the national dignity and honor by making peace with an enemy in arms. They came back shorn. In 1868 they went out to gather wool by the proposition to repudiate the national obligations contracted on account of the war, then brought to a successful issue. They came back shorn. In 1872 they went out to gather wool thinly disguised in Dr. Greeley's old papa Government overcoat, which for a quarter of a century they had anathematized with furious vehemence. They came back shorn. In 1876 they went out to gather wool in a "reform" graft warranted to sail in two opposite directions at the same time, with the great "cipher" reformer to steer toward honest money and the dulest demagogue of Hoosierdom to steer toward sham money. They came back shorn. With all these lessons of experience before them, they still were incapable of learning anything or forgetting anything. Still they cling to the party rule, "anything to get office." Observing that some lunatics and idiots were making a great outcry for the production of wealth out of nothing by legislative enactment, and fancying that the American people were mostly idiots, or soon to become idiots, they went out to gather wool by the knavish cry for the perpetuation and extension of a flagitious scheme of Government swindling. Again they have come back shorn. The result of the November ballot boxing has left them scattered over the wide field of contest, from ocean to ocean, fleeceless, scalped, pitiful objects of the highest contempt honest men can feel for political knavery and folly. They persist in acting like men combining the character of knaves, and fools, and have again met the just reward that, sooner or later, knaves and fools must receive.—*Chicago Times.*

Grave Robbing.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 14.—At Zanesville, Ohio, at 4 o'clock this morning, a policeman on the bridge had his suspicion aroused by the movements of a party in a wagon, and when they reached the bridge ordered them to halt, but the driver whipped his horses into a gallop and escaped.

The policeman procured assistance, and followed them for fourteen miles before he was able to catch up to them. Upon attempting to arrest them the whole party jumped from the wagon and escaped to the woods. The wagon was found to contain the bodies of four prominent citizens who had been buried in Woodlawn cemetery since Monday. Policeman Sill, received a pistol wound from one of the men in the wagon during the chase. It is not known who the robbers were.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

OUR PARIS LETTER.

PARIS, Oct. 9, 1878.

I have often wondered, passing that very fashionable florist shop close to the Grand Hotel des Capucines, who can be the purchaser of the enormous bouquets—bowpots, our grandmothers used to call them—which display their rainbow hues in the midst of an envelop of paper, large enough, to all seeming, to serve as a table cloth for a party of four. No lady, I should say, of a stature shorter than that of the Nova Scotia Giantess could carry one of those big bouquets. There are very few fashionable balls just at present, as society in the noble faubourg is waiting for the provincials and the Expositionards to go away before the real Paris season begins. Ministerial dinners and receptions do not take place every night. For what purpose, then, are those tremendous bouquets at the florists' near the Grand Hotel intended? I noticed that they grew bigger and bigger as the day for the distribution of prizes drew nearer, and I began to fancy that the prodigious assemblages of flowers would be presented, of course, by young ladies in white muslin, (4 young ladies to each bouquet) to Madame la Marechale de Mac Mahon and her princely and illustrious guests on their arrival at the Palais de l'Industrie. No, the big bouquets remained at the florist's on the Boulevard des Capucines throughout the rejoicings of Monday. On Tuesday I went to the Exhibition, and entering by the Porte Rapp, one of the first objects that met my eye was the biggest of all the big bouquets that the Willses of Paris could gather together glowing on the axle of an immense wheel in the French machinery department. I am not interested in machinery and am quite ignorant of the attributes of the particular price of mechanism in question. I only know that it is very large, that its odor is not at all pleasant, and that when in motion, it makes a horrible noise, now reminding yon of the lamentations of the late Mr. Van Amburgh's tawny pupils under his corrective crowbar, and now suggestive of their howls of exultation in the suppositious case of Mr. Van Amburgh dropping his crowbar, and the lions and tigers being then in a position to fall upon and dine upon him. At all events, there was the machine, and there, casting sunshine in a shady place, was the big bouquet. There was something else! Beneath the prodigious posy there was a broad plaque on which were blazoned the magic words "Grand Prix."

It is M. Max Cremnitz, of the Avenue d' Eylau, the well known chromolithographer on metal, whose brilliant enamel-looking trade-mark cartoons, executed for commercial and manufacturing firms, are as well known in other parts of Europe as in France, who for some time past has been busied in getting up the plaques bearing the stirring inscription, "Grand Prix." But "Sic vos non vobis"—the proverb is somewhat musty, M. Max Cremnitz, who has a very meritorious exhibit of his own products in the Palace of the Champ de Mars, and who has gained handsome distinctions at numerous International Exhibitions in different parts of the world, has only received a bronze medal in the concourse of 1878. Such is the irony of fate. The shoemakers' children are always ill-shod. Let us hope that justice will yet be done to M. Max Cremnitz in the shape of the cross and the red ribbon; but his case is only one of many hundreds in which it has been found that the whisperings of fancy have been listened to with rash credulity, and that the phantoms of hope have been pursued with unavailing eagerness. Multitudinous are the exhibitors deprived of the proud privilege of affixing to the forefront of their stalls the gleaming ensign with Grand Prix or even Medaille d'Or printed upon it. Few and far between are the triumphal bouquets above the machines on the glass cases of those who were most fully persuaded that they should be able to celebrate their victory by a sacrifice to Flora. In general among the French exhibitors disappointment has not been met with cheerful or even with rueful resignation. There has been a good deal of slapping of fists, of bending of brows and of muttering of maledictions both loud and deep over the official prize list; and Cham, the caricaturist, with his usual humorous exaggeration, has aptly hinted at the frame of mind of a non-recipient of rewards, who administers a sounding kick to a peaceable individual who is looking at his wares. "Puisque je n'ai pas de medaille, je ne veaux plus qu'on regarde dans ma vitrine." No medal, no more sight-seeing, cries the enraged exhibitor. It is embarrassing to enter into converse with these disappointed ones. They buttonhole you with terrible tenacity, and pour fearful tales of wrong into your ears. Imagine, my dear sir, says Monsieur Pulleome, of the Passage Postiche, perfumer, nothing for my Pommade Pompadour; nothing for my Rose Dubary lips improver; nothing for my Paphian eyebrow archer; nothing for my Milylenian hair-oil; while that actimal, that butor, that impositor coupechon of the Passage Grosradis gets two medals—two, my dear sir, a gold and a silver one—for his miserable sempiternal carrot. It is an infamy; it is a scandal; c'est une pourriture. The sempiternal carrot is, I am given to understand, a simulation in India-rubber of the vegetable in question, strongly impregnated with the juices of carrots, leeks, onions, &c. On the sempiternal carrot being steeped in hot water the flavor of julienne soup is, after a few minutes, imparted to the heated fluid; and the carrot can then be taken out, carefully dried, and put aside for further use in sacula saculoru. A highly ingenious invention.

C. A. S.

The Massacre in Tensas Parish.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 12.—Col. Frank Zacherie, who was sent by Gov. Nichols as special agent to Tensas parish to report the true condition of affairs there, has returned, and submitted a lengthy report. He says that, notwithstanding exaggerated reports from Tensas he could only succeed in finding that twelve negroes had been killed.

Illicit Distilleries Captured.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—A telegram received by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to-day brings news that Special Agent Wagner and the force of 16 deputies under his direction have met with great success in their operation in the mountain region of the Nashville District. Six illicit distilleries have been captured and 14 prisoners arrested.

The Bradford Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—A special despatch from Bradford, Pennsylvania, at 11 o'clock this morning, says that the fire, which started there at 9 o'clock last night burnt out five acres of the town. The Theatre Comique, the Riddell House and ten buildings south of the Theatre Comique were destroyed soon after 9 P. M. Shortly after 10 o'clock the Olean department arrived by a special train on the Bradford and Warren Railway. The express office went next, and then eight buildings on Cavis street north of the Riddell House. The machine shops of Bovard & Syfany fell in the path, and several oil wells fed the flames out into piles of lumber. As near as can be got at in the wild confusion that prevails, the losses are as follows:

Five buildings below the Theatre Comique and the theatre, $25,000; ten buildings south of the Comique, $50,000; express office, estimated loss in goods, $5,000; Riddell House, $35,000; eight buildings north of the Riddell House, $8,000; Bovard & Syfany's shops, $5,000; planing, lumber and wheel factory, $10,000. The value of the oil wells and destroyed lumber is unknown. No insurance can be ascertained.

Horrible Murder.

FT. WAYNE, IND., Nov. 14.—Lafayette township, this county, on last Thursday night was the scene of a horrible murder, which has just come to light. Mary Dailey, a dwarf, 26 years old, on that night died very suddenly at her father's house. An undertaker of this city was notified. He found the body on the floor with a sheet covering only the head. Upon removing it, which was only done after resistance by the father, he found the face and head pounded to a mass of jelly, presenting a sickening sight. Warrants were issued this evening, and the Sheriff and a posse of men started for Lafayette township, where the family, eight in number, will be arrested and brought before the grand jury, which is now in session. The family are very ignorant and brutal, and have abused the poor dwarf in a shameful manner. Both of her children died within two days after birth. She was less than five feet high and badly deformed, which was made worse by the terrible cruelty she was subjected to by her step-mother and step-brothers, who wished to put her out of the way.

Election Officers Arrested.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Nov. 12.—Judge Witherspoon, one of the canvassing Board of Madison county, was arrested last night on the charge of receiving and destroying one of the precinct returns, which gave Bisbee fifty-seven majority. He was held in $3,000 bonds. Samuel Smith (colored), one of the inspectors in the same county, has been arrested, charged with not doing his duty, and committed to jail. A special from Alachua county says: "The Canvassing Board to-day threw out three precincts; one because the names of voters were written on the tickets, and because the duplicate precinct returns did not agree." This action, if sustained, elects Hull (Dem.) to Congress instead of Bisbee (Rep.) A Deputy Marshal arrested the Canvassing Board this evening, and they are to be taken before the United States Commissioner to-morrow. A petition is being circulated in Jacksonville by Republicans asking the Supreme Court to convene in special session for the purpose of obtaining a mandamus to compel a recanvass.

Charge of Ineligibility.

WILMINGTON, DEL., Nov. 14.—At the State election on the 5th instant, E. L. Martin, Democratic candidate for Congress, was elected by a majority of about seven thousand over his only opponent, J. G. Jackson, Greenbacker. Since the election the point has been raised by Martin's opponent that he is ineligible, having been convicted of aiding and abetting the Rebellion, and there has been some talk of Jackson's claiming the seat. On the other hand, it is asserted of Martin's friends that a pardon was issued by President Johnson in 1866, and a letter has been published from C. P. Johnson, then U. S. Marshal for Delaware, to Colonel Martin, informing him that he had received the warrant for his pardon. For some reason yet unexplained the President's warrant cannot be found on file in the U. S. Court here, nor were the papers received by Colonel Martin, but he states that the record is on file in the office of the Secretary of State at Washington.

Ohio Resurrectionists.

CINCINNATI, November 14.—At Zanesville, Ohio, at 4 o'clock th's morning, a policeman on the bridge had his suspicions aroused at the movements of a party in a wagon, and when they reached the bridge ordered them to halt, but the driver whipped the horses into a gallop and escaped. The policeman procured assistance and followed them some 14 miles before he was able to catch up with them. Attempting to arrest them, the whole party jumped from the wagon and escaped to the woods. The wagon was found to contain the bodies of four prominent citizens, who had been buried in Woodlawn Cemetery since Monday. Policeman Sill received a pistol wound from the men in the wagon during the chase.

Murderers Lynched.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 12.—A special dispatch to the *Appeal* this afternoon gives particulars of the hanging of Floyd Smith and his wife Maria, (colored,) by an armed mob of 30 or 40 persons, on November 4, three miles south-west of Hernando, Miss. The victims had been arrested and lodged in jail at Hernando on Oct. 20, charged with murdering a little white girl, 6 years of age, who had been left in their care by her mother. A post-mortem examination of the child showed that its skull had been broken.

Rumor gives as a reason for the murder of the child that the negroes were instigated by the child's mother, who would inherit a large estate on the death of her daughter.

Penitentiary Burned.

RICHMOND, VA., Nov. 14.—A fire at the Virginia Penitentiary, this morning, burned a three story brick building over two hundred feet long, in which were the cooper, carpenter, shoe and machine shops. Another building of similar proportions, occupied as a tobacco manufactory and dining hall for the prisoners, was considerably damaged. There was much excitement among the prisoners, but the guards aided by the police of the city and the militia, prevented any attempts to escape. Loss about $65,000. No insurance.

Destroyed by Fire.

CANTON, PA., November 12—About two o'clock this morning a fire was discovered in the east wing of the Minnequa Springs Hotel, and before it could be extinguished the entire structure was destroyed. From the fact that no fire has been kept in that wing, it is supposed to have been incendiary in its origin. Nothing was saved, the inmates barely escaping with their lives. The loss is estimated at $75,00; insured for $50,000.

You Don't Know their Value.

"They cured me of Ague. Biliousness and Kidney complaint, as recommended. I had a half bottle left which I used for my two little girls, which the doctors and neighbors said could not be cured. I am confident I should have lost both of them one night if I had not had the Hop Bitters in my house to use. I found they did them so much good I continued it with them, and they are now well. That is why I say you do not know half the value of Hop Bitters, and do not recommend them high enough."—B. Rochester, N. Y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The most useful present

FOR YOUR WIFE,

Intended wife, mother, or sister, is one of our Nickel Plated and Polished Floting or Crimping Irons. 4 Irons on one handle and at greatly **Reduced Prices.**

King Reversible Floting Iron, $2.50. Home Floting and Crimping Iron, $2.75. SENT PREPAID on receipt of price.

Howitt Mfg. Co., Pittsburgh Pa.
P. O. Box 508, 60 to 66 Fifth Avenue.

An Agent Wanted in this County.
Nov. 13

Iron City College

Young men prepared for active business life. Advantages unequaled. Course of study and business training the most comprehensive, thorough and practical in existence. Students received at any time. For circulars containing full particulars address,

J. C. SMITH, A. M. PITTSBURGH, PA.
Oct. 23.

ARTIFICIAL LIMB COMPANY.—Incorporated by the State of Pennsylvania; every member of which wears an Artificial Leg, manufacture ADJUSTABLE LACING SOCKET LIMBS. The most home made and durable flesh, and the nearest approach to the natural number of any invention of the age.

We have filed bonds with the U. S. Government and are authorized to make limbs for soldiers on Government orders. Blanks of all kinds and descriptive circulars sent on application.

ARTIFICIAL LIMB MANUFACTURING CO., No. 279 Penn ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. W. THOMPSON,
Oct. 23 Secretary and Business Manager.

Harper's Magazine.

1879.

ILLUSTRATED.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

Harper's Magazine is the American Magazine alike in literature and in art.—*Boston Traveller.*

The most popular Monthly in the world.—*N. Y. Observer.*

It is an excellent companion for the young, a delight to the mature, a solace for declining age.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

No other Monthly in the world can show so brilliant a list of contributors; nor does any furnish its readers with so great variety and so superior a quality of literature.—*Watchman, Boston.*

The volumes of the *Magazine* commence with the Numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current Number.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, One Year.....$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY, " ".....4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR, " ".....4 00
The THREE publications, one year.....10 00
any TWO, one year.....7 00
SIX subscriptions, one year.....20 00

Terms for large clubs furnished on application.

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 each. A complete set, comprising Twenty two volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., *freight at expense of purchaser.*

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Bros.

Address HARPER & BROS., New York.

Harper's Weekly.

1879.

ILLUSTRATED.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

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Its pictorial attractions are superb, and embrace every variety of subject and of artistic treatment.—*Pick's Herald, Boston.*

The *Weekly* is a potent agency for the dissemination of correct political principles, and a powerful opponent of shams, frauds, and false pretenses.—*Evening Express, Rochester.*

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HARPER'S BAZAR, " ".....4 00
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Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Bros.

Address, HARPER & BROS., New York.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

A VISIT TO THE CITY

is well repaid by an inspection of the New Dry Goods House of

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

Filled as it is from roof to basement with one of largest and best assorted stocks of Dry goods ever placed on sale anywhere in America.

THE SILK DEPARTMENT,
THE DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT,
THE BLACK GOODS DEPARTMENT,

And every other department throughout the house are filled with the best productions of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LOOMS, all of which are being sold AT THE LOWEST PRICES possible on this side of the Atlantic.

The Ladies' Coat Department,

Shows the largest stock of

LADIES' AND MISSES' COATS

Ever placed on sale in Philadelphia. We are able to supply

A POPULAR WANT,

A VERY GOOD COAT FOR A VERY LOW PRICE.

Attention is now drawn to

OUR EIGHT DOLLAR COAT,

AS A MARVEL OF CHEAPNESS. THIS WITH

OUR TEN DOLLAR COAT,

And our

TWELVE DOLLAR COAT

Are the greatest bargains in

LADIES' WINTER GARMENTS,

That Have Ever Been Offered.

They are all of OUR OWN CAREFUL MANUFACTURE, of All-Wool goods and the quality of material and the workmanship are guaranteed to be the best.

All our finer garments, up to the very finest products of Paris Artistes are equally cheap of comparison with prices prevailing.

THE CLOTH DEPARTMENT

Is filled with the finest and best selected stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres and Cloakings

Ever Shown in Philadelphia.

MATELASSES AND DIAGONALS, In all grades of reliable makes, FROM THE DOMESTIC GOODS, at $2 and $2.50 per yard, to the FINEST FOREIGN MAKES IN SILK AND WOOL. BLACK BEAVER, In unequaled assortment, from $2.50 per yards up to THE FINEST FRENCH GOODS, 20 DIFFERENT QUALITIES. BLUE AND GREEN PLAIDS, For Coats, Wraps and Dressesses, at $1, $1.12½, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.62½.

SCOTCH CLOTHS for LADIES' ULSTERS 56 inches wide and All Wool, from $1.25, to $2.00.

Our stock of CASSIMERES, Includes all that is desirable for Men's and Boy's wear.

CASSIMERES for BOY'S WEAR, at 50, 60 and 75 cents.

CASSIMERES for MEN'S WEAR, at 75, 87½, $1 and $1.25.

It is now universally conceded that

OUR SYSTEM OF FILLING MAIL ORDERS

Is not equaled in this country, so we are daily informed by pleased correspondents. Should you be in need of any kind of Dry Goods and find it inconvenient to visit the city, write us mentioning the kinds desired and full lines of samples to select from will be forwarded by return mail.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

N. W. Cor. Eighth & Market Sts.,

PHILADELPHIA.

Oct. 23.

S. T. LITTLE,

NO. 108 Baltimore Street,

CUMBERLAND, MD.,

Having received a large stock of

GOLD & SILVER WATCHES & CHAINS, FINE JEWELRY. Latest designs in SOLID SILVER & PLATED WARE, Novelties in CLOCKS, &c., For his Exhibit at the late

FAIR AT CUMBERLAND,

He is now prepared to supply the public with

HOLIDAY & WEDDING PRESENTS.

Also dealer in all kinds of Table Cutlery. Special attention to Repairing Watches, Jewelry, &c. and Engraving. All orders promptly attended to.

S. T. LITTLE,
No. 108 Baltimore St.,
CUMBERLAND, MD.

Oct 16

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, the sale to take place at New Baltimore, in Juniata township, Bedford county, Pa., on

Monday, November 18, 1878,

at 1 P. M. a valuable farm, adjoining lands of Frank Topper, Albert Ryan, P. Mellire and the undersigned, containing 130 acres, the purchaser having the privilege of taking 10 acres more adjoining at the same price per acre sold.

The tract is well timbered and watered, and having thereon erected a double two story, log dwelling house and log barn. About 90 or 100 acres cleared and under fence.

TERMS.—One third cash and the balance in three equal annual payments. Possession to be given on the 1st day of April