

STATE TICKET

GOVERNOR: HENRY M. HOYT, OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

LIUTENANT GOVERNOR: CHARLES W. STONE, OF WARREN COUNTY.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS: AARON K. DUNKEL, OF PHILADELPHIA.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT: JAMES P. STERRETT, OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

COUNTY TICKET: JACOB M. CAMPBELL, OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.

SENATE: ENOCH D. YUTZY, Subject to the decision of the District Commissioners.

ASSEMBLY: ANDREW J. COLBORN, EDWARD M. SCHROCK.

PROTHONOTARY: HENRY F. SCHELL.

SHERIFF: EDGAR KYLE.

REGISTER AND RECORDER: WILLIAM B. FRAESE.

TREASURER: HENRY F. KNEPPER.

COMMISSIONERS: DENNIS COOK, JACOB CRITCHFIELD.

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR: GILLIAN KOONTZ.

AUDITORS: JACOB M. BAKER, HIRAM D. MCCOY.

Owing to the sad calamity that has just visited the editor of this paper, the editorial has this week been occupied by another.

LAST year the National Labor-Greenback party elected five out of seven Assemblymen in Louisville, Ky. This year they didn't elect any, only polling for their most popular candidate 1,700 votes out of 15,000. Tried and found wanting.

Thursday, September the 5th, is the last day upon which voters can get assessed, and Saturday, October 5th, is the last day upon which tax can be paid, to secure a vote at the ensuing election.

The sudden conversion of sore-head Republicans to Greenback fanatics, which occurred at the Convention last week, was not a surprise to those who have noted the length to which the last for office will lead some men.

It serves the Republican party right, because it is its own fault, that so many sore-heads are in its ranks.

M. D. CONWAY, in his London letter to the Cincinnati Commercial, says Senator Bruce, on his arrival in London, will form one of a group of three of the most important African officials now living.

As neat a bit of shenanigan as we ever heard of, occurred in the diminutive Labor Greenback Convention held here last week.

We can assure our friends of the other counties of this Congressional district, that they need not be at all alarmed about Somerset county.

When the nominations came to be made, then COFFROTH's skillful handling became apparent. GEORGE G. WALKER, who was on the ground with a couple of delegates from Allegheny, to urge his nomination for Senator, was coolly thrust off with a nomination for Legislature, whereupon his personal delegates declined to take further part in the proceedings.

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1862, as Colonel of the 8th Regiment, and promoted to Brigadier-General on the 13th of March, 1865. We will not attempt to tell our soldier readers of the General in the Army, as they no doubt know as much of him as we, but we would respectfully call attention to the fact that he is now today in the colonies as a civil officer, as he was during the war, as a military officer, and that the soldier can send no better friend to Washington firmer and truer to his interests, than he. The general first went into the army in 1861, the first call for three months' men.—Inquirer.

A SOLID NORTH. Ignore it as we will, lose sight of it as we may, the great and growing question of this country, long and long to overshadow all other issues of political economy, is the question of the freedom of the mind; the question of the emancipation of the mind from the slavery of fear.

There was a struggle to enforce that principle for the old baronet, but the struggle was not a struggle for the old baronet, but a struggle for the principle of the old baronet.

Mr. Montgomery—Will you tell the difference between a gold and a silver dollar? Mr. Montgomery—Yes, sir. Gold and silver are money because they have value in them and there is a limit to the supply and to the labor it costs to produce them.

Formerly the owner of slaves indirectly cast a fractional vote for the candidate of the party to whom he practically casts the whole vote in many localities, and is likely to do so soon in all parts of the South.

What kind of a Republic is this, which permits thousands of its voters to be driven to the polls, or voters to be driven to the polls, or voters to be driven to the polls, or voters to be driven to the polls.

How long will building be confined to colored men and Southern Republicans, when the right to build is winked at by the only party that has the power to do so?

How long will men serve a nation that cannot serve them, and serve it against a state which possesses the power to humble or exalt, to punish or reward them?

How long will the government be degenerating from the position of the master to the place of the man, and is in a fair way to become the sport and plaything of political prostitutes?

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YELLOW FEVER.

WILMINGTON, N. C., August 15.—The following has been received here from Grenada, Mississippi: GRENADA, MISS., Aug. 14, 1876. To the Mayor of Wilmington: Help us to pay nurses and bury the dead. Our town is a graveyard. We need help. The Mayor is dying, and I am the only officer left.

NEW ORLEANS, August 15.—New cases, 98; deaths, 17. NEW ORLEANS, August 21.—The apparently large increase in new cases today is ascribed to the circular of Dr. Choppin, President of the Board of Health, requesting all physicians to report cases of yellow fever.

NEW ORLEANS, August 25.—New cases, 163; deaths, 33. MEMPHIS, August 25.—The yellow fever record to-day shows a decrease in the number of new cases as compared with yesterday, there being only six reported up to 6 P. M.

ZANESVILLE, O., August 20.—A reporter accompanied a trio of physicians and the coroner to the infirmary yesterday afternoon to witness a post mortem on the body of Bonnet Hecare, who was found dead in Licking two weeks since.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—General D. S. Stanley, U. S. A., the Hon. J. M. Haworth, the Hon. A. L. Riggs, and Commissioner of Indian Affairs were here this morning.

WASHINGTON, August 19.—The National Republican to-day says it is gratified to state authoritatively that voting citizens of the several States of the Union connected with the departments of the Government will be granted the usual rating leaves to attend the approaching elections in their several States.

CHICAGO, Aug. 21.—Postmaster General Key and his party arrived from Cleveland last night, and are to be met here by Postmaster Palmer, visiting the parks, boulevards, water works and other points of interest. They leave to-night for a tour through Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa.

THE REDMOND CASE.

WASHINGTON, August 19.—Commissioner Baum puts his foot down. I have your dispatch in regard to Redmond. His funds and violence led directly to the killing of Ladd. I have no terms to make with him while our officers are either incarcerated or in jeopardy.

GREEN E. BAUM, Commissioner. And the following to the Hon. W. E. Earl, special attorney, at the same place: In reply to your dispatch I will say that the apologists of Redmond show him to have been a violator of the law of the most desperate character.

GREEN E. BAUM, Commissioner. A Crazy Preacher. NASHVILLE, TENN., August.—A crazy negro preacher named Enoch Navin caused great excitement at Paris, a few days ago, by his very hysterical manner of expounding the Gospel, and the pointing of his remarks with blows when an occasion was offered.

PARIS, August 21.—A correspondent at Vienna gives some interesting details concerning the reception of the General Grant in that city this week. He arrived there on Sunday night, August 18.

NEW YORK, August 21.—John E. Finney, brought before Judge Linn for a charge of manslaughter in this murder. The charge made by the officer was disorderly conduct, and before the magistrate could interrogate him, he waved his arms in the audience and declared in violent and abusive language that he was an inveterate denunciation of his enemies.

PHILADELPHIA, August 22.—Last night the coroner was notified to hold an inquest on the body of Mrs. Caroline Lee, aged sixty-two years, living at 409 Grand street. It seems that about half-past one o'clock last evening she went up stairs with a coal-oil lamp in her hand.

PHILADELPHIA, August 21.—The puffers in the rolling mill of the Philadelphia Iron and Steel Company, who have been striking for an increase of wages, have been broken up by the employers. The puffers here get \$1 25 per ton, and the reduction will make it \$3 60.

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McKenzie's Mexican Raid. GALVESTON TEXAS, Aug. 19.—A News-Sun Antonio special contains the following statement in relation to the recent movement of the troops on the Mexican border: As near as can be ascertained, on the night of the 15th inst., Colonel Young, with two battalions of cavalry, crossed the Rio Grande and surrounded Newton. Early in the morning he charged the town for the purpose of capturing the notorious stock-theft Ariola, but he had fled, riding off bareback without clothes or arms. The Alcalde of Newton was called upon and induced to accompany Col. Young to this side of the river, where he stated that Ariola had been taken from Texas for killing, taking the stolen stock to Mexico, where he sold it, regular Mexican troops being the purchasers and the Mexican officers knowing the stock to be stolen. The Alcalde also gave information implicating high Mexican officials in robbery. On going to have a water a party of McKenzie's force failed to cross the river, and the trail of the stolen stock being obliterated, Col. Young's command was forced to return. Some Mexican troops arrived at Newton from the direction of Piedras Negras on the 17th, but made no demonstrations against the American troops.