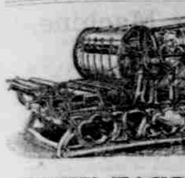
The Somerset Herald.

WEDNESDAY.....June 19, 1878.



TIME TABLES.

BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R.

PITTSBURGH DIVISION.

On and after May 13, 1877, trains on this road will depart from and arrive at depot, corner Grant and Water Streets, as follows:

EAST.		WEST.	
	Mail.		Mail.
Leave Pittsburgh	4:00 a.m.	Leave New York	8:00 p.m.
Braddock	5:00 "	Philadelp'a	11:50 a.m.
McKeesport	6:30 "	Baltimore	7:10 "
West Newton	6:56 "	Richmond	8:00 p.m.
Connellsville	10:00 "	Washington	8:35 a.m.
Mt. Pleasant	11:13 "	Cumberland	2:35 p.m.
Uniontown	11:38 "	Hyndman	3:12 "
Ohio Pyle	12:20 "	Mineral Point	4:47 "
Mineral Point	1:25 "	Ohio Pyle	5:36 "
Hyndman	1:48 p.m.	Uniontown	7:01 "
Cumberland	2:25 "	Mt. Pleasant	7:41 "
Washington	7:30 "	Connellsville	8:23 "
Richmond	3:15 a.m.	West Newton	9:10 "
Baltimore	9:10 p.m.	McKeesport	7:47 "
Philadelphia	2:20 a.m.	Braddock	
New York	4:40 "	Pittsburgh	8:20 p.m.

All trains run by Baltimore Time, 14 minutes faster than Pittsburgh Time.

The Express train leaves Pittsburg at 8:45 P. M., arriving at Connellsville 10:20 P. M., Mineral Point 12:16 A. M. In return the Express leaves Cumberland at 2:40 A. M., arriving at Mineral Point 4:39 A. M., Connellsville 6:12 A. M., Pittsburgh 8:00 A. M.

The most direct and pleasant route to the East and South via Washington City.

Through Mail leaving at 8:45 a. m., daily, arrives at Washington at 8:00 p. m.; Baltimore, 9:10 p. m.; Philadelphia, 2:10 a. m.; New York, 4:25 a. m.; Richmond, 8:15 a. m.

Through Express, leaving 9:45 p. m., daily, arrives at Washington at 7:30 a. m.; Baltimore, 8:40 a. m.; Richmond, 5:15 p. m.; Philadelphia, 1:45 p. m.; New York, 3:10 p. m.

Through Mail and Express trains daily.

Accommodation trains and Facette Express daily, except Sunday.

Ticket offices, corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Streets, and depot, corner Grant and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

L. M. COLE, General Ticket Agent.
E. K HYNDMAN, Supt., Connellsville.

P. W. & B. R. R.—PASS MINERAL POINT.

SOMERSET & MINERAL POINT RAILROAD.

On and after May 13, 1878, trains will run as follows, connecting with all passenger trains on the P. W. & B. R. R. (Mail trains daily, Express daily except Monday.)

	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Mail West	3.35 p. m.	5.30 p. m.
Mail East	11.25 a. m.	1.00 p. m.

Mail East connects with Local West.

Way Passenger East	12.00 m
Way Passenger West	12.44 p. m
Mail East	11.35 p. m.
Mail West	4.45 p. m.
Express East	A .
Express West	3.38 A. M

Roses are in bloom.

The longest day soon.

Flies are abundant already.

The green apple season is jogging along.

June will have five Saturdays and five Sundays.

Buy your Flour at the Flour Depot of Cook & Beerits.

NEW YORK, Saturday, June 15.—Cheese to-day at 8 @ 8½c.

Buy your Grass Seeds and Fish at the Flour Depot of Cook & Beerits.

The prettiest girl in Somerset is not to be seen on the street every night.

On the 21st of June more work can be done than on any day in the year.

If some of the net fishers in this section are not cautious, the State will be the gainer.

If you wish to save from 15 to 20 per cent. by your shoes at

SOL. UHL'S.

Two sided ribbons are very fashionable. They would make suitable neckties for politicians.

Dr. Sadler, Oculist and Aurist, No. 256 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Eye, Ear, Throat and Catarrh Specialties.

A large and well selected stock of Men's and Boys' Hats at Bottom Prices for cash only, at Sol Uhl's.

Harvest will soon be here. The farmers are now engaging their hands for the occasion.

The microphone, that does for the sense of hearing what the microscope does for sense of sight, was sucessfully tested at the Philadelphia mint on Friday.

Cook & Beerits report the sale of ten cases Glades cheese on last Saturday, and that it wasn't a big day for cheese after all.

Boys should know that the Act of Assembly of 1873 imposes a penalty of ten dollars for the willful destruction of each and every nest of an insectivorous birds.

Circuses are a little backward this season. Only five of them "are the biggest shows on earth." Each of the other six is simply "the most complete aggregation on the road."

It is stated, upon good authority, that a vigorous motion of the jaws, as if masticating, will stop bleeding at the nose. Who knows but what this is the reason that women seldom have the nose bleed?

At least four invoices of Millinery, Notions and Fancy Goods will be received this week at

MRS. J. B. TREDWELL'S,
Fashion Bazar,
No. 6, Mammoth Block.

We are requested to announce that Prof. R. R. Sanner will open a Normal School in this place on the first Monday in August, connecting therewith a model department. Terms of tuition, etc., will be made known through this paper next week.

We are selling goods of all kinds at greatly reduced prices. If you don't believe it ask our patrons, or call and see for yourself.

MRS. J. B. TREDWELL,
Fashion Bazar,
No. 6 Mammoth Block.

An important bill to crippled soldiers passed the National House of Representatives, at Washington, one day last week, increasing the pensions for loss of a leg at the hip joint to $37 50 per month, and $72 for loss of both legs, both arms or both eyes. A bill was also passed limiting the fee in pension cases to $10.

Large assortment of Ladies' and Gent's Summer Underwear, Neck-wear, Collars, Cuffs &c., &c., at

Mrs. J. B. TREDWELL'S,
Fashion Bazar,
No. 6, Mammoth Block.

Dr. W. F. Fundenberg, Oculist and Aurist, from Cumberland, Md., is now stopping at the "Glade House," where all those suffering from diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat can consult him every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. All consultations free. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

We are still receiving Millinery in large lots of the latest and most fashionable styles. Will keep up full stock of Summer styles till Aug. 1.

MRS. JAS. B. TREDWELL,
Fashion Bazar,
No. 6 Mammoth Block.

The fact of the business is that Sulphur Baths have become unnecessary since the introduction of GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP, because that article answers the same purpose, viz; the removal of eruptions, rheumatism, and gout.

Sold by all Druggists.

HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE. Black or Brown, 50 cents.

TO FARMERS.—Again we call your attention to the fact that we want

500 bushels of wheat, or
100 barrels of flour,
1000 bushels of oats,
50 barrels of maple sugar,

for cash and cash only.

Sell us your wheat and flour; otherwise we shall have to send the money out of the county.

Respectfully,
COOK & BEERITS.

JOURNALISTIC.—The senior editor of the *Democrat* left on Saturday last for Williamsport, where he goes to attend as a grand juror in the U. S. Court.

LOU A. Smith, of the Meyersdale *Commercial*, was floating around town last week. He commences to look corpulent.

A new paper, called the Fayette County *Republican*, has been established at Uniontown, with Messrs. Rush & Ritenour as editors and publishers. It is neat it its make up, full of spicy news, and promises to be red-hot Republican. Mr. Ritenour has been connected with the Pittsburgh *Commercial* for a number of years, and brings to the new venture an amount of experience that the people of Fayette county will not be slow to appreciate.

We are in receipt of No. I, Vol. I, of the Connellsville *Chronicle*, a paper that carries at its mast head the names of T. Hews & Co., as editors and publishers. Whether Mr. Haws has dropped the Meyersdale *Independent* or not we are unable to say. The Republican State ticket graces the head of the editorial page and its editor announces that they will sail under that banner. This is making the thing rather strong—two new Republican papers in Democratic Fayette; but if there is any such thing as swinging her into the Republican ranks, they will do it.

May be we ought not to say it, yet, as this paper will be circulated before the happy event, and John might think we should have kept quiet, but, nevertheless, Mr. J. D. Zimmerman, he who collects the outrageous charges of the express companies, and stalks when told they are too high, is to enter into a matrimonial partnership with Miss Lizzie, daughter of John Hill, of Greensburg, on Thursday, June 20, 1878. If John makes as good a husband, and who dare doubt it, as he has been a faithful and devoted lover, it will be one of those happy couples that you always read about, but seldom see. We understand the young couple contemplate a visit to the principal eastern cities and a protracted tour through the west. Joy be with you.

SHINING.—A number of persons, who evidently have no fear of the penalties in such cases made and provided, seined "Blue Hole Run" and "Laurel Hill Creek" a short time ago. The parties had better keep their weather eye open, as a number of gentlemen living in the vicinity of the streams mentioned have announced their intention of prosecuting any further violation of the game laws that may come within their knowledge. The Act of Assembly reads: "No speckled trout shall be caught, at any time, with any device, save a rod, hook and line, except for the purpose of propagation, under a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each offense."

The Republicans of Franklin county have endorsed Hon. D. Watson Rowe, of Greencastle, for re-election as President Judge of the Franklin-Fulton District. A better selection could not have been made, for, in addition to being an able Judge, Judge Rowe is such a pleasant gentleman that it is always a pleasure to transact business in the courts over which he presides. There is many a Republican in Somerset county who regrets that he cannot be a resident of the Franklin-Fulton District on the second Tuesday after the first Monday in November next, in order that he might cast his ballot for Judge Rowe.

MOONSHINERS.—One day of last week Revenue agent Horton and Collector of Internal Revenue Davis, made a raid on an illicit distillery situated in Fayette county, near the Somerset county line. It is said that the land on which the business was carried on is owned by Val Hay, Esq., of this place. Wasn't it what the late lamented A. Ward would call "sarkasm" to thus select the property of the President of the Temperance Union of Somerset county as the place in which to manufacture the ardent?

A. J. Colborn, Jr., or "Jack," as he is familiarly called, we are sorry to say, was brought home from Indiana, where he has been attending school, in a very bad condition. In his anxiety to stand at the head of his class he overworked himself, and was stricken with brain fever. He looks badly, but the fresh air of his mountain home will bring the color back to his cheeks and reinvigorate him in a short time.

Sheriff Pile left at this office on Monday, some specimens of wheat which had been sent him from Kansas by Mr. Charles Kurtz. The wheat is of this year's growth. The heads are well filled and perfectly ripe. Mr. K. reports that in nearly all cases the wheat will average fifty bushels to the acre. Our farmers who are interested in this kind of thing should call on the Sheriff and see these splendid specimens.

We learn from the Meyersdale *Commercial* that our friend and long time patron, Wm. Zimmerman, of Jenner X Roads, and Miss Susan M. Sliver, of Meyersdale, on Thursday, June 6, listened to a homily, and entered into a contract "in the presence of God and these witnesses," to which Rev. J. C. Castle added, "Whatsoever God hath joined together let no man put asunder." Accept our congratulations.

Dot your i's and cross your t's. Most persons in their hurry to finish a letter or an article they may be writing, neglect this important matter, thereby causing many mistakes and much annoyance. As an illustration, we lately received an article, covering three pages of fools cap, for publication, in which there were twenty-three i's not dotted, and thirty-four t's not crossed.

SPORTSMAN'S ASSOCIATION.—All persons interested in the strict enforcement of the game and fish laws and the increase of game and fish are invited to meet at the office of Ed. B. Scull, at 7 o'clock P. M. on Thursday next for the purpose of organizing a Sportsman's Association. It is to be hoped that there will be a full turn-out of the men of the gun and rod.

COMMITTEE.

The Meyersdale *Commercial* will have to take a back seat on the rye question, as Mr. H. G. Cunningham brought to our office, one day of last week, a stalk of rye that measured eight feet and had a six inch well-filled head on it. Pretty good rye, but then Cambria and Bedford have not been heard from.

A large number of our readers will doubtless be pleased to learn that Hon. F. M. Kimmel has received the Democratic nomination for President Judge in the Franklin district. The Judge has a strong man to deal with in the Republican candidate, Hon. D. Watson Rowe.

Only two weeks from Thursday until you can go along the street and sing out, "Whoop her up," "Fresh 'em up," and "sich," and have it all charged to the effects of patriotism and not stagger juice.

Mr. Jonathan Barclay sent to this office a stalk of clover of a new variety he has planted that tops any clover heretofore seen in Somerset county. The stalk would measure at least three feet.

The first shipment of Somerset county cheese was made to New York, on Monday, June 17, 1878. The amount shipped was between eleven and twelve thousand pounds.

As yet no arrangements have been made in this section of the finest land the sun ever shone upon, to observe the ever glorious Fourth in a proper manner.

Mr. Elias Cunningham has an apple tree on his premises on a branch of which there are well-formed apples, blossoms full blown, and buds just bursting.

While Mr. J. D. Zimmerman is taking his little matrimonial flyer, the business of the B. & O. Express Company will be attended to by W. P. Keeser.

Rev. J. M. Barnett, of Connellsville, will preach next Sunday morning at 10½ o'clock, also 7½ o'clock in the evening, at the Presbyterian church.

It is the opinion of gentlemen who have given the matter their attention, that the fruit crop, in the immediate vicinity is entirely ruined.

The Somerset Classis of the Reformed church was in session at this place the latter part of last week and the first part of this week.

The annual "love feast" of the Brethren was held at Berlin on Sunday last. There was an unusual number of persons present.

STRAWBERRY MEETING.—On last Saturday afternoon there was another meeting of farmers in the Court-house, for the purpose of ascertaining whether sufficient inducements could be given to capitalists to come among us and erect starch factories. The meeting was not as largely attended by the farmers as it should have been, by any means, but, nevertheless, considerable interest was elicited, and a basis of agreement was arrived at, which, we feel confident, will insure success to the enterprise. At the first meeting it was proposed that farmers should agree to furnish the potatoes from a certain acreage for a period of five years, and there was objection made by many to the length of time, and farmers did not understand whether they could deliver their potatoes right from the field to the factory, or whether they had to deliver them at such times as the factory men desired. The question also was raised whether they could pack out the large and marketable potatoes raised on the acres they would subscribe to the factory and substitute therefor the small potatoes raised by them on other ground. All these questions were discussed, and the following is the basis of agreement arrived at:

1st. The farmers shall agree to deliver the yield of a certain acreage for 3 years.

2d. They can deliver them right from the field to the factory.

3d. They can exchange or substitute small potatoes raised on other ground for the large potatoes raised on the ground subscribed to the factory, bushel for bushel.

4th. They can deliver any variety of potatoes.

5th. They are to have 25 cents per bushel, cash.

Upon these conditions the factory can be secured. Now then, for the purpose of seeing whether the farmers are willing to go into the enterprise, there will be another meeting in the Court-house, at 1½ o'clock Saturday June 29, at which time final action will be taken in this matter. Let every farmer, therefore, who has faith in the project come to this meeting and bring with him his neighbors.

We wish to add a few words of encouragement. Will it pay? Judging from the amount of potatoes annually raised in Somerset county, we would suppose that farmers find it a profitable crop. And what has been the average price within the past three years? About thirty cents per bushel. Twenty-five cents per bushel upon the terms proposed by the starch men is equivalent to forty-five cents per bushel in the way they have been sold heretofore. Let us explain. Storing potatoes in cellar or burying them in the ground, rehandling them and taking them to market, including loss by rot and freezing is equivalent to ten cents per bushel, loss by shrinkage, five cents per bushel. Gain by substituting small potatoes for large is worth five cents per bushel. From this it will be seen that twenty-five cents per bushel cash at the factory in the fall of the year is equivalent to forty-five cents per bushel in the spring of the year. And there is a difference of five cents per bushel in hauling them to market in the fall when the roads are solid, and dragging them through the mud in the early spring.

With a sure market for all the potatoes farmers can raise at twenty-five cents per bushel cash, with the proposed advantages, the potato crop is the most profitable crop a farmer can possibly raise. Farmers awake to your interests.

You can beat the world raising potatoes, and all you need to make you rich and independent, is to have a reliable home market. Potatoes are a heavy article, and if they have to be shipped to a foreign market, it costs from 10 to 15 cents per bushel for freight.

If proper encouragement be given to capitalists, we have no doubt a number of starch factories can be secured in the county.

V. HAY,
C. C. MUSSELMAN,
Secretaries.

EDITOR HERALD.—We are very much surprised, and, truth is, somewhat indignant, too, that our old friend Isaac Hugus, Esq., in his speech at the recent starchy convention held in Somerset, said nothing, absolutely nothing, about Confluence, when he knows, cannot help knowing, that besides many advantages of location, water, etc., the farmers not only in this immediate neighborhood, but those of Addison township, this county, Henry Clay and Wharton townships, Fayette county, a large portion of Garrett county, Maryland, and part of Preston county, West Virginia, always raise quantities of potatoes, and always want to sell here; that if "stirred up" a little, would enthusiastically "rally round the flag," and, consequently, this would be one of the very best places in the county for a starch factory.

But perhaps he intends to start one here himself and "have a soft thing of it," after he has learned all the "live Yankee" knows about starch. If so, all right; "we'll give him a hearty welcome then," for we have a preference, somehow, for home enterprise. "Come over into Macedonia and help us," Counselor. Bring on your starch factory; the "taters" will be ready. "There's millions in it" for you and for the

TURNEYFOOTERS.
CONFLUENCE, June 8, 1878.

THE LABORATORY OF THE SYSTEM.—The stomach is the laboratory of the system, in which certain mysterious processes are constantly going on. These result in the production of that wonderful vivifying agent the blood, which in a state of health rushes laden with the elements of vitality to the remotest parts of the system. But when the stomach is semi-paralyzed by dyspepsia, blood manufacture is carried on imperfectly, the circulation grows thin and sluggish, and the system suffers in consequence. Moreover, indigestion reacts upon the liver and bowels, rendering the first sluggish and the latter constipated. The brain also suffers by sympathy, and sickheadache, sleeplessness and nervous symptoms are engendered. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters reforms this state of things, gives permanent tone and regularity to the stomach and its associate organs, the bowels and liver, and insures complete nourishment and increased vigor of the system. It is the most popular as well as the most efficient anti-dyspeptic and tonic in America.

A LAWYER IN TROUBLE.—James B. Spiese, a Harrisburg lawyer, was convicted in the United States District Court at Philadelphia for receiving as a fee for the collection of a pension a sum in excess of $25, the amount fixed by the pension laws, it being a criminal offense to charge more to clients than this sum. The evidence showed that Spiese had collected $442 80 arrearages of pension due Sarah Collins, an old woman whose husband had been killed during the rebellion. Upon the receipt of the amount Spiese told her, so she swore, that he had only received $390. Out of this he then took $100 as a fee, and after giving her the balance, advised her to deposit $150 in bank. This she did, and Spiese drew it all out, and only gave her $50 of it. The defense tried to break down the old lady's story, and it was urged that the lawyer had performed other services for her. The jury rendered a verdict of guilty without leaving the box.

A FEW THINGS THAT WE KNOW.—We know that a disordered stomach or liver produces more suffering than any other cause. We know that DaCosta's Radical Cure will, without the shadow of a doubt, immediately relieve and permanently cure all of these distressing symptoms. We know of thousands who are willing to testify that what we say is true to the letter. We know that if you will give it a fair trial, you will let us add your name to the "cloud of witnesses." Will you give it a trial, and do it now?

Trial size 10 cents. Large sizes 50 cts. and One Dollar.

For sale by G. W. Benford, Somerset, and Mountain & Co., Confluence.

Also Agents for Prof. Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup, which is perfectly safe. Extremely palatable. No physic required. Costs 25 cents. Try it.

THE LAW ON SWEARING.—The following is the law on profanity. If it were enforced it would cause an earthquake in many wallets: "If any person of the age of sixteen or upwards shall profanely curse or swear by the name of God, Jesus Christ or the Holy Ghost, any person so offending being thereof convicted shall forfeit and pay the sum of sixty-seven cents for every such profane curse or oath, etc; and further, any person of the age of sixteen or upward who shall curse or swear by any other name or thing shall forfeit and pay the sum of forty cents for every such curse or oath and for any neglect to pay, he or she shall be committed to the house of correction of the proper county, not exceeding twenty-four hours."

A full line of Men's, Boys', Ladies' Misses' and Children's fine button shoes at reduced prices for cash, at

SOL. UHL'S.

EDITOR HERALD.—Leaving Ursina, June 3, I arrived at California, Pa., June 4.

Foregoing all the inconveniences of dust and heat, there are pleasures in traveling at this time of year superseding all others. The abundant foliage and herbage, the profuse floral displays and perfumes, the life's full activity of all nature, contribute a degree of enjoyment through every avenue of human sense. There are, to the intelligent traveler along the public thoroughfares, a thousand streams of pleasure gushing from as many varied fountains of nature, art and history, teeming from the rugged mountains, beaming from the laughing valleys, shimmering from the placid rivers, throbbing from the torrid plains, tributaries rolling down the distended arteries of admiration and memory, till, with calm and majestic swell, they unite in one common sea of delight. Such is the sum of my reflections; the result of my observations as I sped along the iron highway from Ursina to Uniontown, thence to Brownsville in a hack.

Brownsville is quite an old town, laid out in 1785, and was long noted as a business place in the construction of keel boats, at present it is considerable of a manufacturing town. The view of the Monongahela river and surrounding country is fine. Being jolted about considerably in the old stage, I felt somewhat tired, and concluded to remain over night. Feeling anxious to reach California as soon as possible, I took the steamer early in the morning and was soon landed safely on the other shore, a distance of about five miles down the river. I am much pleased with the appearance of this town. The buildings are tastefully built, and the business places compare favorably with any in Somerset county. It is populated by an industrious, energetic people, and the visitor will not fail to receive the courtesy and hospitality of its citizens. The principal industry of the place is coal mining and the building of boats and barges.

Near the village in the Southwestern Normal College, which very quickly attracts the eye of the visitor. This institution was recognized, May 25, 1874, as the State Normal School of the Tenth Normal School District, consisting of Somerset, Fayette, Green and Washington counties. The grounds consist of about ten acres, located in a beautiful valley, and have been much improved lately by the planting of ornamental and shade trees, which add much towards making it attractive for the young men and women seeking its scholastic training. The buildings are three; a central one for school work and two wings serving as dormitories for the young ladies and gentlemen. The chapel is on the second floor, approached by two elegant stair cases, and is a beautiful room, being one hundred and ten feet long, forty-four feet wide and twenty-two feet high. The Clionian and Philomathean Societies are in a flourish condition. A great deal of interest is manifested in them by the members. The rooms are always crowded, and the performances, which consist of vocal and instrumental music, select reading, orations, essays and debate, are always well prepared and well performed. I would like to say more about this institution, but time and space will not permit.

"CLIO."

EDITOR HERALD.—Allow me room for a few remarks concerning diphtheria. This is a constitutional disease. The coating or exudation seen in the throat is characteristic of diphtheria, just as the eruption of small pox, scarlet fever, measles, etc.

Causation.—It is well known that this disease originates in badly ventilated localities, or where there is decomposing organic matter—in damp, cold, dirty, mouldy dwellings, where there exist suitable conditions for the production of mould.

The coating or membrane that forms on the throat is a microscopic fungus—*diplotorium fœcum*—which grows between the cells of the mucous tissue. Alcohol and spirits of camphor will destroy this species of fungi.

How can we avoid taking the disease? Examine carefully your dwelling-houses from attic to cellar. See that the roof does not leak in any part; that the garret is clean and well aired; all the rooms in the house, whether used or not, must be kept dry and well aired; look well to the flues and chimneys, especially those that are not in use. All vegetables must be removed from the cellar as well as all kinds of dirt, and so arranged that a current of air will pass through all the time. It is good to white-wash at spring and fall. See that all the drains are open and clean, sprinkle them with fresh lime. Examine your wells and cisterns carefully. Now suppose a member of the family complains of sore throat: I will mention something that must not be done. Also, what may be done with safety and benefit. Do not swab or burn the throat with any strong medicine. It requires a skillful physician to swab the throat without doing positive injury. Do not use any hot or burning medicine inside or outside, such as pepper-tea, strong liniment, mustard, carbon oil, blisters, etc., because the throat is too much irritated already. Do not give a dose of pills; they are too slow and uncertain in their action, besides unsuited to the disease. You may give a dose of epsom salts or castor oil. Give sufficient to act promptly. I name these because they are nearly always at hand. For a gargle, take vinegar and water, each one pint, table salt, one spoonful. Around the neck place a piece of clean, soft flannel; put the patient to bed, covering just comfortably, and send for a physician at once; if it proves to be diphtheria he cannot come one moment too soon. If it is no grave affection, one visit will suffice. I will append a formula for a gargle in the second or third stage of the disease:

℞.
Salicylic Acid, 40 grains,
Sodæ Biboras, 1 drachm,
Aqua Distil., 1 pint.

In this disease let the patient have the essentials of life, pure air, light, and good food.

ÆSCULAPIUS.

JENNER X ROADS ITEMS.—A few cases of the most malignant character of diphtheria are still in and around this place.

A delegation of the Stoystown Lodge of I. O. O. F. were present and participated in the exercises at the funeral of Wm. H. Dietz.

It is feared the frost of Thursday and Friday last week has injured crops on bottom and low lands through this section.

The religious denomination known as the German Baptists held their "love feast" on Thursday last at their church about four miles north of this place. A large crowd was in attendance.

Joseph Soxman, who by the accidental discharge of a pistol was wounded in the foot, is again making his daily visits with the U. S. Mail.

Two organ grinders, a woman and a crippled man, were a part of the attractions of our town last week.

Death has come into our midst and plucked from us one of our choicest flowers. Sorrow and sadness reign supreme in this vicinity in consequence of this affliction. W. H. Dietz, who two weeks ago was in good health with bright prospects of a bright and prosperous future career, was stricken down on Monday, May 27, 1878, with that dreadful disease, diphtheria, and in just one week all that was mortal of him was deposited in the narrow confines of the tomb. In life he was a useful member in society; young, active and energetic, having established a reputation for business probity and fidelity that made him many warm personal friends. His sudden death has caused a widespread gloom. Mr. Dietz was an influential member of the U. B. church, and said shortly before he died that as the birds begin to sing with the dawn of morning he would join their song around his Father's throne. And to the Y. M. C. A., of which he was a member and very active worker, he thanked God for that organization at Jenner Cross Roads. His many virtues and good qualities will long be remembered by his many friends here.

AN ASTONISHING FACT.—A large pro portion of the American people are to-day dying from the effects of Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The result of these diseases upon the masses of intelligent and valuable people is most alarming, making life actually a burden instead of a pleasant existence of enjoyment and usefulness as it ought to be. There is no good reason for this, if you will only throw aside prejudice and skepticism, take the advice of Druggists and your friends, and try one bottle of Green's August Flower. Your speedy relief is certain. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been given away to try its virtues, with satisfactory results in every case. You can buy a sample bottle for 10 cents to try. Three doses will relieve the worst case. Positively sold by all Druggists on the Western Continent.

WHY DOUBT?—A steamship company, knowing that success begets confidence, may advertise that they have never lost a passenger or met with serious delay, and no one questions the statement. But if a physician, after many years of investigation, announces the discovery of a remedy that positively cures certain forms of disease, and backs up his statements by indisputable evidence, his word is doubted, and his motives questioned. Is not such prejudice unreasonable? There are those afflicted with coughs, colds, consumption, liver complaint, or some affection of the blood, that still refuse to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, notwithstanding they have witnessed its efficacy in others similarly affected. They "have no confidence in advertised medicines." Does the guide board at the corners of a country road, which advertises the way to go, shake your confidence, and create distrust in the route? Do you refuse to patronize railroads that advertise their time tables? Then why doubt the truths concerning Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines? If debilitated females fail to receive the relief promised after using his Favorite Prescription, the money will be refunded. Full particulars given in the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a work of over 900 pages, price $1 50. Address the author, R. V. Pierce, M. D., World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

YOU MUST CURE THAT COUGH.—With Shiloh's Consumption Cure you can cure yourself. It has established the fact that Consumption can be cured, while for Coughs, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and all diseases of Throat and Lungs, it is absolutely without an equal. Two doses will relieve your child of Croup, it is pleasant to take and perfectly harmless to the youngest child, and no mother can afford to be without it. You can use two thirds of a bottle and if what we say is not true we will refund the price paid. Price 10cts, 50cts. and $1.00 per bottle. If your Lungs are sore or chest or back lame use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by Geo. W. Benford, Somerset, Pa.

Have you Dyspepsia, are you Constipated, have you a Yellow skin, Loss of Appetite, Head Ache, if so don't fail to use SHILOH'S SYSTEM VITALIZER. It is guaranteed to relieve you, and will you continue to suffer when you can be cured on such terms as these. Price 10 cts. and 75 cts. Sold by Geo. W. Benford, Somerset, Pa.

Wells' Persian Perfume "HACKMETACK" is rich and fragrant, try it. Sold Geo. W. Benford, Somerset, Pa.

A PLASTIC SURGICAL OPERATION.—Yesterday Dr. W. F. Fundenberg, the well known oculist and aurist, of this city, assisted by Drs. G. B. Fundenberg and Parsons, performed a very delicate operation upon Mr. Wm. Mullen, aged 60, who has been a resident of this city for many years. About a year ago Mr. M. noticed a small sore upon his cheek near the lower eye-lid, which gradually increased in size in spite of all treatment. Upon examination, it was found to be a cancer, and was rapidly encroaching upon the eye-lid and nose. An operation was called for at once, otherwise death would surely ensue. The patient was etherized and a piece of flesh three inches long by one inch in width, together with the tumor, was removed, and another piece exactly the same length, breadth and shape was taken from the temple and cheek and nicely fitted in the wound. In order to do this *forty* stitches were necessary, the wound in the temple being brought together by additional stitches. There will be but slight disfigurement by this novel operation. The doctor has every reason to believe that there can be no return of this truly terrible disease, after having been so very thoroughly removed.—*Cumberland Times.*

OBITUARY.—In Berlin, June 7, 1878, Edgar W. Philson, aged 5 years and one month.

June 11, 1878, Elizabeth Philson, aged 43 years, 4 months and 11 days.

The deceased were youngest son and wife of S. A. Philson. After a brief illness, but much suffering from diphtheria, mother and son followed each other in close succession to their eternal home.

In this our bereavement two spirits have been wafted to the happy home of Christ's redeemed.

Sister Philson was a devoted Christian for many years. In her death we mourn the loss of one who was always found in her place during the worship in the sanctuary. Zealous for the Master's cause, she consistently practiced what she professed.

The church sustains a loss in her death which we sadly realize. A husband mourns the loss of a loving and devoted companion, wife and child. Children are bereft of an affectionate mother and brother. But while the afflicting rod of the all-wise God has been severely laid upon us, we have the happy consciousness that our loss is their everlasting gain. Therefore we would be still, O, Lord, and murmur not, and calmly say, "Blessed Lord—Thy will be done."

J. W. P.

FACTORY FACTS.—Close confinement, careful attention to all factory work, gives the operators pallid faces, poor appetite, languid, miserable feelings, poor blood, inactive liver, kidneys and urinary troubles, and all the physicians and medicine in the world cannot help them unless they get out of doors or use Hop Bitters, made of the purest and best of remedies, and especially for such cases having abundance of health, sunshine and rosy cheeks in them. None need suffer if they will use them freely. They cost but a trifle. See another column.

DR. VAN DYKE'S SULPHUR SOAP.—Dr Van Dyke, whose life long specialty, and world wide reputation for curing skin diseases, has endeavored for years to combine an external treatment. He has accomplished this desirable result in the preparation of his compound "Sulphur Soap," the merits of which are spoken of by thousands; it is highly recommended to all our readers. Price 25 cents, by mail, 35 cents a box; 3 cakes 60 cents, by mail, 75 cents. Office No. N. 5th street. Wholesale Depot, 400 N. 3d street, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all Druggists.

WANTED.—Everybody to know that I have just returned from the city where I purchased the nicest and cheapest stock of new goods ever brought to Somerset. My stock consists in part of Muslins, Ginghams, Shirting, Tickings, Cottonades, Toweling, Table Linens, Fancy Dress Goods, Notions, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, and, in fact, everything that can be found in a first-class store. No trouble to show goods. All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods at highest market price. Give me a call. E. E. Patton, Northwest Corner of the Diamond, Somerset, Pa.

MARRIED.

MORRIS—CARTER.—May 27, 1878, by Rev. B. Knepper, Mr. John Morris to Miss Martha Carter, both of Frostburg, Md.

HUMBLES — JOHNSON — May 31, 1878, by the same, Mr. Michael Humbles to Miss Mary Johnson, both of Cumberland, Md.

MURRY—JOHNSON.—May 31, 1878, by the same, Mr John Murry to Miss Molly Johnson, both of Cumberland, Md.

PORTER—KIMBERLY. — May 31, 1878, by the same, Mr. J. M. Porter to Mrs. E. A. Kimberly, both of Somerset, Co., Pa.

FERGUSON—PANE.—June, 2, 1878, by the same, Mr. John Ferguson to Miss Lucinda Pane, both of Cumberland, Md.

DIED.

WECHTENHEISER.—June 6, 1878, Annie Wechtenheiser, aged 5 years, 1 mo. and 26 days.

May 7, 1878, Mary A. Wechtenelser, aged 3 years and 13 days.

June 8, 1878, Lucy M. Wechtenhelser, aged 8 years and 13 days. These were all children of John and Mary Wechtenheiser.

LAPE.—May 8, 1878, Charles H. Lape, aged 8 years, 3 months and 23 days.

WILT.—June 9, 1878, of diphtheria, Annie M. Wilt, aged 13 years, 9 months and 23 days.

A Great Tornado in Georgia.

AUGUSTA, June 10.—On Sundaa afternoon the Counties of Columbia and Richmond were visited by a most violent tornado, accompanied by thunder, lightning, and huge hailstones. Striking this county 16 miles from the city, it devastated farms, plowed up acres of cotton, beating down corn, blowing away barns and stables, demolishing fences, and lifting freight cars from the Georgia Railroad track. Hogs and poultry were killed by hailstones, window panes were completely shattered, and in some places wagon loads of ice were deposited on piazzas and in gardens. At Berzilia, 20 miles from here, the first vestige of the storm was noticed and at Belair, 10 miles this side, Winn's large gin factory containing about 60 new machines, was completely demolished. His loss alone is $10,000. Winn's crops were entirely destroyed, and many of his neighbors who had just secured advances on the promising growth, are in a destitute condition. Several planters in this vicinity have nothing left but shattered dwellings.

Entering Columbia Co., the storm veered in a south-easterly direction destroying every building in Reave's settlement. Near here a church was blown down where the Sunday-school was assembled burying the children in the ruins. Two boys, 7 and 10 years old, respectively, sons of a widow, were killed and four others fatally injured. All were hurt more or less seriously. The tornado was half a mile wide, and traveled in a south-easterly direction. The loss is estimated at $75,000. No damage was done in Augusta.

AUGUSTA, GA., June 10.—Reports from the interior show that yesterday's wind and hail storm was very destructive. Hail-stones as large as hens' eggs killed poultry, hogs, and young cattle, and beat through the roofs of houses. The storm passed through Richmond and Columbia Counties in Georgia, and Edgefield in South Carolina. Trees, houses, and fences were blown down, and much cotton and corn destroyed. The storm appears not to have been so very destructive outside of the counties named. All crops in the track of the storm were destroyed, and four persons were killed. In some places the fall of hail was so great that it remained on the ground for several hours.

The Texas Frontier.

GALVESTON, June 15.—The *News'* special from San Antonio says: Gen. Grierson, informing Gen. Ord of the progress made toward protecting the El Paso stage route, says: "I have ordered suitable detachments of infantry to occupy Seven Springs. They are able to prevent Indians from passing through the valley and protect the route to Marietta Springs."

Joe E. Martenez, the Lerdo chieftain, crossed to the Texas side with twenty-Eight men last night near Eagle Pass. It is believed the bottom has dropped out of the revolution.

A Defiant Letter from Mr. Stephens.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Hon. A. H. Stephens has written a letter to the Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of the Eighth Congressional District of Georgia, in which he says he shall neither seek nor decline a nomination at the hands of the Convention soon to meet; "but if," he says, "the Convention shall repudiate me as an unfit representative of Democratic principles, and shall attempt to run me out of the party because of anything connected with my recent public acts or sentiments, then I say to you and to them, plainly and distinctly, that I shall regard their edict as a *bratum fulmen* issued by the irresponsible faction of tricksters, and the question whether I or they are sound in the faith of the fathers shall be left to the true Democracy of the district to be settled at the polls. If this shall produce any division or dissension in the party, then the responsibility for the consequences must rest upon those who have so assailed and so grossly misrepresented me."

J. W. P.

Shooting Affair.

WHEELING, June 16.—Last night about 12 o'clock Henry Krauss and Philip Boehn, tanners at Hoffman's tannery, were going down town, south side, and were set upon by three men who fired five pistol shots at them. Krauss was shot in the left breast below his heart, Boehn in the back of his head, the ball coming out at his forehead. Neither of the men were killed, but it is thought one if not both will die. The police chased the shooting party some distance, but were unable to make an arrest. The attack was unprovoked, as the men shot were peaceable citizens.

The President's Title.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—In the House of Representatives yesterday afternoon Mr. Burchard, of Ill., reported a preamble and resolution decla