The Somerset Herald.

WEDNESDAY.....April 24, 1878

TIME TABLES.

BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R.

PITTSBURGH DIVISION.

On and after Nov 19, 1877, trains on this road will depart from and arrive at depot, corner Grant and Water Streets as follows:

EAST.			WEST.	
Mail.				Mail.
Leave Pittsburgh	8.00 a.m.	Leave New York		4.25 p.m.
Braddock	8.26 "	Philadel'a		12.40 a.m.
McKeesport	8.32 "	Baltimore		7.00 "
West Newton	9.05 "	Richmond		10.45 p.m.
Connellsville	9.51 "	Washington		8.40 a.m.
Mt. Pleasant	10.21 "	Cumberland		2.50 p.m.
Uniontown	10.37 "	Bridgeport		3.32 "
Ohio Pyle	10.55 "	Mineral Point		4.45 "
Mineral Point	11.50 "	Ohio Pyle		5.44 "
Bridgeport	12.05 p.m.	Uniontown		7.06 "
Cumberland	1.40 "	Mt. Pleasant		7.21 "
Washington	7.25 "	Connellsville		8.20 "
Richmond	7.50 a.m.	West Newton		7.39 "
Baltimore	8.40 p.m.	McKeesport		7.57 "
Philadelphia	9.10 a.m.	Braddock		8.05 "
New York	12.35 "	Pittsburgh		8.30 p.m.

All trains run by Baltimore Time, 14 minutes faster than Pittsburgh Time.

The Express train leaves Pittsburg at 9.00 P. M. arriving at Connellsville 10.54 P. M., Mineral Point 12.25 A. M. In return the Express leaves Cumberland at 2.00 A. M., arriving at Mineral Point 3.36 A. M., Connellsville 4.16 A. M., Pittsburgh 6.30 A. M.

The most direct and pleasant route to the East and South via Washington City.

Through Mail leaving at 8.00 a. m., daily, arrives at Washington at 7.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 8.40 p. m.; Philadelphia, 3.10 a. m.; New York, 6.25 a. m.; Richmond, 7.05 a. m.

Through Express, leaving 9.00 p. m., daily, arrives at Washington at 7.50 a. m.; Baltimore, 9.20 a. m.; Richmond, 5.30 p. m.; Philadelphia, 1.45 p. m.; New York, 5.10 p. m.

Through Mail and Express trains daily. Accommodation trains and Facette Express daily, except Sunday.

Ticket offices, corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Streets, and depot corner Grant and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

L. M. COLLE, General Ticket Agent.
E. K HYNDMAN, Supt., Connellsville.

SOMERSET & MINERAL POINT RAILROAD.

On and after Nov. 19, 1877, trains will run as follows, connecting with all passenger trains on the P. W. & B. R. R. (Mail trains daily, Express daily except Monday.)

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Mail West..... 3 35 p. m.	5 50 p. m.
Mail East..... 10 30 a. m.	12 20 p. m.

Mail East connects with Local West.

P. W. & B. R. R.—PASS MINERAL POINT.

Way Passenger East.....	12 00 m
Way Passenger West.....	12.44 p. m
Mail East.....	11.25 p. m.
Mail West.....	4.45 p. m.
Express East.....	2.3 A. M.
Express West.....	3.08 A. M

REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE

Addison—S. A. Dean.
Allegheny—John Bradigum.
Berlin—J. H. Knepper.
Brothersvalley—Joseph Hauger.
Conemaugh—Levi Yoder.
Confluence—W. A. Koontz.
Elklick—Mortimer Weifley.
Greenville—A. J. Stoner.
Jefferson—George Barclay.
Jenner—F. G. Neff.
Jennerville—A. B. Kautz.
Larimer—Jacob Zufall.
Lower Turkeyfoot—C. S. Younkin.
Meyersdale—J. C. Hochstetler
Middlecreek—P. K. Moore.
Milford—S. R. Critchfield.
New Baltimore—John George.
New Centreville—Leroy N. Scott.
Northampton—D. G. Bowman.
Paint—Peter Hoffman.
Quemahoning—Albert Berkey.
Salisbury—John C. Lowry.
Shade—Joseph Cable.
Somerset Bor.—I. M. Hicks.
Somerset Twp.—Christian Streng.
Somerset North—Noah S. Miller.
Southampton—James M. Kennel.
Stonycreek—Jacob J. Weigle.
Stoystown—John D. Resley.
Summit—Cornelius Shoemaker.
Upper Turkeyfoot—Freeman Younkin.
Ursina—J. S. Sutherland.
Wellersburg—Michael Long.

OFFICES TO BE VOTED FOR.

One person for Congress.
One person for State Senator.
Two persons for Assembly.
One person for Prothonotary.
One person for Sheriff.
One person for Register and Recorder.
One person for Treasurer.
Two persons for Commissioner.
One person for Poor House Director.
Two persons for Auditor.

The Republican Primary Election will be held on Saturday, May 11, 1878.

The following resolutions, adopted at the meeting held on May 4, 1870, are still in force and are published for the instruction of those holding the elections, viz:

1st. That the polls be opened only at the usual places of holding elections fixed by law.

2d. That the Republican voters of each district shall elect their member of the County Committee and the two additional officers to hold the primary election.

3d. That when they were not elected at the previous election, the committeeman for each borough and township, shall select the two other persons to assist in holding the primary election in their respective districts., and the committeeman shall act as judge and make the return o election.

4. That the committeeman be required to make a list of the Republican voters of the borough or township in which he lives, and have the same present at the election, and designate therein every person; and if any person not named therein be judged entitled to a vote, his name be added to said list and the fact stated, and that the said list be produced before the return judges when they meet.

5th. That all Republicans be required to vote in their proper districts.

6th. That no person be allowed to vote unless known to have voted with the Republican party, or who can produce satisfactory evidence of that fact.

The return judges must place the returns in the hands of the Chairman on or before Tuesday evening, May 14.

ED. B. SCULL,
S. U. TRENT, Ch. Co. Com.
Secretary.

Court.

Clean up.

Barefooted boys are getting numerous.

The dandelion crop is in a flourishing condition.

Vick's Garden Seeds for sale at Speers' Drug Store.

Buy your Flour at the Flour Depot of Cook & Beerits.

Get the best—Vick's Garden Seeds, at G. W. Speers'.

Our soldier boys receive their pay this (Tuesday) evening.

Buy your Grass Seeds and Fish at the Flour Depot of Cook & Beerits.

A nice lot of cabbages at five cents per head for sale at George R. Parker's.

Don't fail to call and see the largest and cheapest Stock of Shoes in town at Sol Uhl's.

New Potomac Herring in market, call at the Flour Depot of Cook & Beerits, Somerset, Pa.

"Heno chop," packed in China, the cheapest and best tea in the market, for sale at Cook & Beerits.

Dr. Sadler, Oculist and Aurist, No. 256 Fenn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Eye, Ear, Throat and Catarrh Specialties.

Dr. W. F. Fundenberg, Oculist and Aurist, from Cumberland, Md., is now stopping at the "Glade House," where all those suffering from diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat can consult him every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. All consultations free. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

The criminal list for this week is unusually large.

We call attention to a communication in to-day's paper, in regard to Somerset. It will repay perusal.

Sol Uhl has just received his spring stock of Boots and Shoes, and is selling them as cheap as the cheapest.

A lot of young night howlers were out again on Friday. Give us a rest; this thing is getting monotonous.

I have a stock of Hamburgs that I am selling very cheap. Call and examine the quality and prices.

MRS. A. E. UHL.

Mr. E. H. Wardwell, the talented *amateur* fisherman, together with Mr. S. F. Picking, brought in three baskets full of speckled beauties, Saturday.

Sale of personal property of Val J. Miller will take place May 9th.

W. H. MILLER,
Assignee.

"A thing of beauty is a joy forever," but the fence erected by the County Commissioners between the Court-house and jail yards is not a thing of beauty.

I have added a complete assortment of *Hats* and *Caps* to my stock within the last week; all new goods, and will sell very cheap for cash.

SOL UHL.

We are in receipt of a letter from Kansas which we must decline to publish About enough letters describing that country in roseate hues have already appeared.

Remember that the largest, best and cheapest stock of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, Men's and Boys' Hats can be found at

SOL UHL'S.

A protracted meeting was held last week in the Brethren church, on Lavansville road, just above Cox's creek. We understand that there were a number of additions to the church.

Mr. E. E. Patton and Mr. —— Bankart are the champion snake hunters; on Sunday they succeeded in killing sixteen, and it wasn't a very good Sunday for snakes, either.

Messrs. John W. Garrett, Robert Garrett, J. G. Harvey, and other officials of the B. & O. R. R., and Messrs. E. G. Hyndman and Charles Donnelly, of the Pittsburgh Division, paid our town a visit last week.

The tramp whistles and sings—glad of summer's approach when he need no more climb the tiresome ladder into the hay mow, but can curl up in his own tracks, and dream of picnic tables well laden.d.

There will be communion services in the Evangelical Association church of Somerset, Sunday, April 28, 1878. Rev. J. Q. A. Weller, the Presiding Elder of Somerset district is expected to be present and officiate.

J. M. Holderbaum & Son's new "ad" will appear in our next. They will advertise a large lot of farm implements, together with a full stock of general merchandise. Clothing a specialty; the stock of which will be very large.

Attention is called to the card of Dr. W. F. Fundenberg, to be found in another column. The Dr. has been located in Bedford for some time, and performed quite a number of delicate surgical operations during his stay there. Persons suffering from diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, will do well to consult him.

Wanted for cash.
500 Bushels of choice wheat or
100 Barrels of choice flour.
500 Bushels of oats.
50 Barrels of choice maple sugar.
Farmers, look to your interests, and don't allow us to send away for flour.

COOK & BEERITS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed proposals will be received up to May 6, 1878, for the building of a Lutheran parsonage in Lavansville, Somerset county, Pa. Plans and specifications can be seen at the parsonage in Lavansville, after April 23, 1878. The right to reject any or all proposals is reserved.

By order of Committee.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS! *Bargains, Bargains, Bargains!* Farmers look to your interests and buy your spring goods at greatly reduced prices, from Frank Sipe, Jennertown. Goods will be sold cheaper than ever for either *cash* or *produce*. Come and examine my goods and prices before buying elsewhere and be convinced of the great reduction in prices. They suit the times.

The whole abominable, nauseating lecherous Beecher Tilton scandal has been reopened. Mrs. T. has "fessed up," and the Rev. Henry Ward says "she's another." This thing is getting to be very much like the noise one hears in summer evenings, "Katy-did, Katy-didn't." The public are not much interested in whether Henry did, or Henry didn't, and the sooner it is dropped, the better it will be for the public.

Mr. Johnstown *Tribune* man, we will both have to take a back seat. There are many things in which Cambria and Somerset counties can lay over Bedford, but we doubt it within the borders of either of them can be found a constable guilty of such an assinine trick as the one perpetrated by the Bedford county man, who arrested the counterfeiters. That fellow evidently needs to be investigated.

DECORATION DAY.—We have been requested to announce that there will be a meeting to make suitable arrangements for the proper observance of Decoration Day, at the arbitration room in the Court-house on Monday evening next. It is to be hoped that our citizens will show more interest in this beautiful custom this year than they have in the past, and a good turn out is confidently expected.

The Meydrsdale *Independent* has a new Somerset correspondent. The old one didn't "valedict" worth a cent. Somehow you can't most always find out what some other fellow can't most always tell, but it strikes us there must be something about Union street for which journalism has an attraction; two newspaper offices, an ex-editor and two correspondents within a stone's throw of the Court-house, is planting them pretty thick, don't it?

MR. GEO. R. PARKER has undoubtedly the best selected stock of notions to be found in Somerset. Everything is new and cheap, and comprises in part, Fancy Soaps, Pocket-books, High-back Combs, Collars, Cuffs, Neck-ties, in silk and lace; Ruchings, Lace Curtains, Ribbons, Laces, Hamburgs, Fans, Parasols, Sun-umbrellas, Belts, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Ladies' Trimmed Hats, a large and ornamented lot of Children's, Men's and Ladies' Stockings, etc.

GORED BY A COW.—Miss Minerva, daughter of Silas Walker, of this township, was severely gored by a cow she was passing on Thursday last, the animal's horns struck her just beneath the eye tearing and lacerating the flesh, and it was feared, destroying the sight. Dr. Koontz was hurriedly sent for, and after dressing the wound found that no serious injury had been inflicted upon the organ, though it is yet much inflamed. The patient is doing well.—*Meyersdale Independent.*

AN UNJUST VERDICT.—If one of the many "put up" medicines prove ineffectual, all are condemned as nostrums. Is this right? Are all American citizens denounced as traitors because Benedict Arnold committed treason? Some refuse to use Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines, simply because they have used others others without benefit. Dr. Pierce's preparations possess actual merit, and, if taken when indicated, the most sanguine expectations will be realized. His Golden Medical Discovery is the standard alterative and blood purifyer in the market. Thousands of testimonials from those it has cured of consumption, dyspepsia, liver complaint, and various forms of skin diseases, are on file at the Doctor's office, certifying to its efficiency. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is relied upon by women to cure the many weaknesses and irregularities peculiar to their sex. For further information see the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, an illustrated work of nearly 1,000 pages. Over one hundred thousand copies sold. Price $1 50, post paid. Address R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

We notice by our Bedford exchanges that a couple of sharpers and a fool named Bennet, recently started a mint for the manufacture of the coin that jingles not as does that of our beloved Uncle Sam. The parties wrote to Bennet that they would be at his house to buy mules, and that he should be sure to be at home. In the light of after events it appeared that the animal they were after was the aforesaid Bennet. Now Bennet, surnamed Irvine, lives in the unenviable township of Southampton, where the chief crop is Democrats, and if the constable and Bennet are fair representatives of the party's fools. The mule buyerr put in an appearance, and the manufacture of the "queer" was commenced. After remaining in the place for about a week, they sent to Cumberland for a gallon of whisky, which they paid for in silver. One of the neighbors, it appears did not believe everything was "lovely," and asked the huckster who had purchased the whisky, what kind of money he had received in payment. The man replied silver, and produced the pieces paid, which, on examination, turned out to be counterfeit, and a Constable named Cavender was set to work to make the arrest. He succeeded in arresting one of the strangers, and took him home with him. Through careless, wilful neglect, or by some other means, the fellow was allowed to make his escape. The tool, Bennet, was arrested and released on $500 bail.

FOREST FIRE.—On Sunday last the forests south of town were set in a blaze by a spark falling from the locomotive on the S. & M. P. R. R., amid the dry leaves. The fire spread slowly in an easterly direction all day, and by night-fall covered several acres. A short distance from the water station it reached a belt of dried pines, after which it spread rapidly. The fire as viewed from a distance presented a beautiful sight, as the flames in their onward movement encountered pine after pine, they seemed to hesitate for a moment and then go running, leaping up the trunk until they reached the branches when the whole tree burst out in a sheet of flame that lighted up the heavens most brilliantly for miles around. As it was a column of smoke by day, so was it a column of fire by night. Wave after wave of fire surged high into air, and licked up with insatiate tongue everything of a combustible nature it encountered in its ebb. The heavens were lighted up with noon-day splendor, revealing all the more clearly the terrible work of devastation that was being accomplished.

EXTRACTION OF AN EYE.—Saturday afternoon Dr. W. F. Eundenberg removed the left eye of a daughter aged 16 of Mr. John Culp, who resides near Frankfort, Mineral county, West Virginia. Miss Culp was unfortunate in losing the sight of her eye from an attack of measles when quite young. The eye was very much reduced in size, and adhesion had formed rendering the wearing of an artificial eye impossible. The object of the operation was to remove the adhesion together with the eye, so that the general deformity can in part be relieved by the insertion of an artificial eye. The patient was put under the influence of ether, and the operation was successfully performed. Miss Culp will return home to-day, having fully recovered from the operation. An artificial eye will be inserted in three weeks. The Doctor was ably assisted by Drs. G. B. Fundenberg, Schindel and Parsons.—*Cumberland Alleganian and Times*, Apr. 15th.

EDITOR HERALD.—Please allow me, through the columns of your interesting paper, to call the attention of your many readers to an important and impressive duty. The day set apart for the annual decoration of the soldiers' graves is approaching. There is no doubt but that many brave dead are sleeping beneath the turfy mounds in the lonely graveyards in our town and vicinity. Then let us not forget their deeds of bravery, daring to face death, forgetting the endearments of home and friends, and on the field of carnage and strife, sacrificed their lives for the perpetuity of America's nationality. Then let there be proper preparatory arrangements made for paying a befitting tribute of respect to our sleeping brave. Will some one take the matter in hand and have preparatory arrangements made, so that the coming 30th of May be observed with appropriate ceremonies and our brave dead honored.

A. VETERAN.

REMARKABLE ESCAPE FROM PRISON.—As an illustration of what wonderful feats may be accomplished by one who is driven to desperation by confinement, we give the following account of a prisoner's escape from the Union county jail, as published by an exchange: "Henry Miller, who had been sentenced to the penitentiary for five years, broke from the Union Co. jail a few days ago. He unlocked the hobbles, broke a foot from an iron bed in his cell, and with this he succeeded in prying off the lock from the iron door of his cell. He then heated the foot of the stove of his cell and by this means burned the heavy wooden doors so he could make a hole large enough to creep out. Next he dug a hole under the wooden door leading from the prison, and crept through this hole and loosened the door. He then broke the lock of the outside iron door. Raising a window he broke the grating from the outside of it and was free."

TORTURES THAT NEED NOT BE ENDURED.—People suffer a great deal of pain unnecessarily. Among tortures that need not be endured are those inflicted by rheumatism and gout, since the acrid element in the blood which produces them by contact with the sensative covering of the muscles and joints may be eliminated by the use of that matchless depurent, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, before the inflammatory symptoms are developed to any great extent. When it is considered what excruciating tortures rheumatism inflicts, and what a tendency it has, when fully developed, to attack the heart, the advisability of an early use of such a reliable antidote becomes at once apparent. The rheumatic virus is expelled from the blood by the increased action of the kidneys—which act as strainers—produced by the Bitters, and the sufferer will find, if he uses this supreme defensive agent, that he will be protected against a return of the agonizing complaint. Dyspepsia, fever and ague, liver complaints and other maladies, are also cured by this admirable remedy.

YOU MUST CURE THAT COUGH.—With Shiloh's Consumption Cure you can cure yourself. It has established the fact that Consumption can be cured, while for Coughs, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and all diseases of Throat and Lungs, it is absolutely without an equal. Two doses will relieve your child of Croup, it is pleasant to take and perfectly harmless to the youngest child, and no mother can afford to be without it. You can use two thirds of a bottle and if what we say is not true we will refund the price paid. Price 10 cts., 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle. If your Lungs are sore or chest or back lame use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by Geo. W. Benford, Somerset, Pa.

Have you Dyspepsia, are you Constipated, have you a Yellow skin, Loss of Appetite, Head Ache, if so don't fail to use SHILOH'S SYSTEM VITALIZER. It is guaranteed to relieve you, and will you continue to suffer when you can be cured on such terms as these. Price 50 cts. and $1 cts. Sold by Geo. W. Benford, Somerset, Pa.

Wells' Persian Perfume "HACKMETACK" is rich and fragrant, try it. Sold Geo. W. Benford, Somerset, Pa.

Hon. C. C. Musselman met with a sad misfortune while on a visit to Berlin last Thursday. His horse, which by the way was a very fine animal, some time during the night worked himself through under the trough, and pawed into an old fashioned feed cutter, lacerating the front leg badly. The Judge, in an unguarded moment offered him for $20, which offer was taken by Mr. Emmanuel Masters. Clear loss to the Judge of $80. But he walked from Berlin to Somerset in an hour and forty minutes, and it will be worth at least one hundred bollars a year to know that he is a first-class pedestrian. The Judge has made several good *runs* in the county, but this is the first attempt as a walkist. Necessity is the mother of discoveries.—*Berlin Bulletin.*

SOMERSET April 9, 1878.

I have now on hand a complete assortment of Ladies' Spring and Summer Hats and Bonnets comprising all the latest styles and shapes, ranging from the common to the best qualities. Also a full assortment of Silks, Satins, Velvets, Flowers, Tips, Fancy Feathers and Ornaments necessary to trim Hats and Bonnets to suit the plainest or the most tastidious tastes, at prices as low as can be found anywhere. Also a line of Trimmings, Fancy Goods, Notions, etc., at prices as cheap as the cheapest.

MRS. A. E. UHL.

Communicated.

Now that the spring has really come, and it is rather a pleasure than otherwise to be out of doors, it strikes us that a few words of advice, dictated by a true spirit of loyalty to our dear old town, will not be amiss, and will have the effect, (we hope), of inducing some of our property holders and tenants to give the matter some consideration at least. It is generally conceded that on account of our salubrious summer climate, beautiful scenery, lovely drives and fine accommodations, becoming known to our city cousins, every summer brings them from their urban dwellings to spend the season with us, and enjoy the luxury of pure air and fine rural scenes.

Our town does not really possess a reputation as a summer resort, but is every year gaining a more extended and more favorable distinction. Most of this fame we owe to the natural features of the country. And, if from no other feeling than a desire to be well thought of by outsiders, (which, though a powerful incentive to appear neat and clean in our surroundings, we shall presently see, should by no means be the weightiest reason,) we should pay some attention to the external appearance of our houses; should endeavor to make our yards beautiful; and not stopping *intra mœnia*, we should take pains to have our pavements clean, level, and well laid, and see that the streets before our houses and properties are cleared of such rubbish as old tin cans, brick bats, pieces of board, crockery, ashes and decayed vegetable matter. We don't ask nor expect any great outlay, for to comply with all these directions would require but a modicum of the article, money, though it might call for a little labor and the exercise of good judgment. But a regard for the good opinion of strangers should only be a secondary consideration for these things; for when we think of the influence our surroundings and associations have on the formation of character, and the sweet, peaceful content engendered by beautiful and well arranged walks, fences and grounds, we really wonder that men of intelligence who believe in progression would need to be reminded of a truth so trite. We should love beauty, order and cleanliness for their own sakes. A crusade in this direction is a very much-to-be desired movement, and we hope to see it undertaken in temperance, that it may not effervesce in a few short hours, and with energy, that something may be accomplished.

In walking down Main street the other day, the principal street (as its name indicates) of the village, we were forcibly reminded of the condition of the pavements. The stone slabs are thrown together in such a promiscuous way as to lead one, unacquainted with the real facts of the matter to suppose there had been a violent earthquake or other upheaval of the earth. On a dark night it is as much as a man's life is worth to traverse this street, and on the occasion of the least shower the water collects in little pools on the pavements, making locomotion or walking almost impossible, and rendering navigation dangerous, to say the least, from the many perils, breakers and rocks sunk beneath the waters. We don't wish to deal in hyperbole, but we wish to call the attention of the citizens to this matter, believing that they are public spirited enough to see the force of the criticism, and abate the evil. These stone pavements, unless laid with very great care, have to be relaid every spring to be kept in good condition, as the frost coming out of the frozen ground elevates some, depresses others, and demoralizes the pavements generally.

Most of the alleys of the town are at present in an absolutely filthy condition. They are made the depositories of accumulated garden rubbish, stable excresences, refuse of tables and kitchens and the waste of the winter's fuel. We believe there is a borough ordinance prohibiting persons from depositing any manner of dirt or filth on the streets or alleys, and a compliance with the directions of the ordinance in the very spirit, ought to be the aim and desire of every citizen, without calling in the aid of the law to enforce it. Of course it is the duty of the Street Commissioner to see that the streets and alleys are cleaned, but it certainly can do no harm for private citizens to take an interest in the matter and assist, by all reasonable means, the accomplishment of the object in view.

The grounds and surroundings of some of our public edifices need some attention. We have noticed with pleasure the demolition of the ugly, cumbrous board fence which formerly separated the court yard from the grounds belonging to the jail and Sheriff's residence. It would add very much to the appearance of those public grounds if no partition were put up, but it it is deemed necessary to have the two yards separated by a fence, we hope one will be put up which will meet the requirements, beauty and good sense: Let it be pretty, light and graceful structure, either a fine iron or wire fence. And while on the subject of fences we would suggest that a new one for part of the western boundary and for the whole of the northern boundary is really necessary, and the Commissioners cannot attend to the matter too soon. With the exercise of a little care and discretion these grounds could be made charming.

THE LIQUOR PUNCH.—A bill providing for the adoption of the bell punch in the collection of a tax on intoxicating liquors has been reported favorably in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania. The bill substantially provides that after January 1, 1879, all dealers in spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors, except such as are hereinafter excepted, shall pay a tax of one cent on each drink of alcoholic or vinous liquors or any admixture thereof, and a tax of one-half cent on each drink of malt liquor sold or drank on the premises of any person licensed to sell at retail; said tax to be paid into the county treasury. Every person or firm engaged in the sale of liquors at retail must have attached to his counter over which liquors are sold one register marked "Alcoholic liquors" and one marked "Malt Liquors;" said designations to be marked on the faces of said registers in letters not less than one inch in length. Each bell in said register to be struck by means of mechanism for that purpose one for each drink sold. At each stroke of said bell is to be registered on a dial on said register the number of drinks sold. The register must have stamped on it in legible letters "Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," and also the cost of arms of this State, and the registers are to be furnished by the State to the County Treasurers of the different counties. Each person procuring a license to sell liquors at retail must obtain from the County Treasurer the requisite number of registers, which will be furnished at cost, and attach the same to the counter on the premises where the liquor is to be sold, the same to be attached under the supervision of the Collector of Taxes. It is made the duty of all persons having registers on their premises to properly register the sale of all drinks in the presence of the purchaser thereof. If spirituous liquor is sold in larger quantities than by the drink, the crank of the register must be turned so as to register four drinks sold: for each pint of malt liquor sold the register must be made to mark two drinks sold. The proceeds of the tax would amount to millions annually.

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.—Dr. Morris' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Horehound has never been known to fail in permanently curing obstinate coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, nor any diseases of the respiratory organs, and it does it, too, AT ONCE. It is not necessary to take it for a long time before you can discover its beneficial effects. Its sale in this community is immense, and its popularity universal. It should not be classed with compounds put up by inexperienced hands. Do not fail to give this great and potent remedy a trial. It will not disappoint you.

Trial size 10 cents. Large size 50 cts and One Dollar.

For sale by G. W. Benford, Somerset, and Mountain & Co., Confluence.

Also Agents for Prof. Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup, which is perfectly safe. Extremely palatable. No physic required. Costs 25 cents. Try it.

A DOUBT REMOVED.—From the contradictory telegrams received from across the water, it's pretty hard to tell how the Eastern question will be finally adjusted. A similar doubt in regard to the place to buy the best and cheapest Calicoes, Chintz, Ginghams, Shirtings, bleached and unbleached Muslins, Sheeting and Pillowcases, Muslins, Bed-spreads, Table-linen Towels, Napkins, Ticking, Cassimeres, Summer Pant-goods, Plaid Linen Dress goods, Cashmeres, Alpacas, Silks, White Goods, Skirts, Striped and Plain Shawls, Table-covers, White Shetland Shawls, etc., is removed, when the public call at the store of George R. Parker. He has just received his second invoice of new goods for the Spring season, and his prices are clear down to hard pan. Go, thou, and see for thyself.

Eighteen hundred and seventy-eight dawned upon the farmers of Somerset county with as hopeless an outlook as any of the preceding years since the crisis of 1873. Other dairy localities have recently made such marked progress both in extent of production and in improvement of pieces, in the branch which begins with the culture of fragrant pastures, gathers the sweet milk and tosses it about in carefully arranged temperatures, and with necessary machinery, stores it in packages as nature fills an egg, and places it at length in a silver dish on a city table, fresh as the fragrance of the mountain. While such is the service of the dairyman in other dairy localities, in Somerset county the reports of sales of Glades Butter hang like a cloud over these mountains, obscuring the few rays of the light that struggles through the dark rifts of the old-time churning in farm-houses, and the rude curdling and the ruder pressing in which our grand-mothers achieved a reputation. Nothing to give hope to the expectant farmer who slowly and unwillingly turns his attention to other productions, to crops that are uncertain in these mountains. In other dairy districts methods have been devised with almost scientific perfection in the system of making and marketing dairy products, and its success has brought prosperity, almost unknown, elsewhere. Yet Somerset county seemed slumbering so deep that only a removal to the prairies, lying beyond the Mississippi, is looked upon as the only help and hope for relief from the unsuccessful toiling in the fields where labor is unpaid. Somerset county, with a thousand and one advantages over any prairie State, sends forth hundreds of her best farmers to the west, in order to better their circumstances in life. At last a few of the farmers, who had a knowledge of the great natural advantages they possess, determined to become the fore-runners, the John the Baptists, in a great reform movement. They did not offer to sell their farms and emigrate to Egypt, or to "Go West" to raise hogs and hominy, but they called a meeting to take steps to improve their own productions. Those meetings will mark a new era in the history of the county. The discussions at the meetings held showed that butter was mostly held until fall for market; that it was packed in rough kegs entirely unfit for the purpose; that it was sent away to the eastern market on commission to parties who sent agents here to solicit consignments, at great expense, but who would not purchase; that butter sold at all prices down to eight cents per pound; that all the operations of the dairy were rude and undeveloped; that everything was done by guess, and that there was no order, no system, and no science in conducting operations; that the work was severe and incessant; that the life of farmers' wives and daughters was hard and the cares intense; and that the pay was less on an average than farming in the surrounding counties.

While this system has been continued here, a convenient arrangement was invented in Oneida county, New York, which has revolutionized the system of butter and cheese making, and is known as the "American System of Dairying." As our farmers knew of this system, but were not skilled in its manufacture, they adopted a wise plan. They invited several of the largest and most successful manufacturers in the State of New York to come here and to erect factories in this county. Their invitation has been accepted by two firms, Whitman, Burrell & Co., and A. E. Sage & Co Five buildings have been erected and will be finished within the next thirty days, and will then be ready to receive milk. The effect of this new system upon the county will be marvelous. The men who keep the most cows and receive for their milk the price of the best products, will have fuller purses than they who toil in grain fields. And yet, some regard the newly found road to wealth with doubt and suspicion. It is altogether new. It seems broad and smooth, but no one can tell where it will lead or how soon men who set out upon it might be forced to return and take again to the old way that has only brought toil and poorly paid efforts to get out of the old rut. One of the great fears is an over supply. "We will wait and see," is considered the wisest course by the distrustful. It is the croakers' harvest time. The factories in this county will be among the best in the United States; the prices paid to farmers will be fully double the average amount realized of their milk in the past years. The demand for cheese will continue and increase, as it is the English laborer's meat. It is concentrated food of great sustaining power. "With his thick slice of bread and cheese and pots of beer, the English mechanic and common laborer can laugh at the elevation of prices which has come to butchers' supplies." The English demand for cheese is constantly increasing. This is the surety of the American dairy men's success. Here is the road to wealth, here is the fountain that will cover the hills of Somerset county with continuous verdure.

E. M. S.

OBITUARY.—In the death of David Hay, Elklick loses one of her most active, energetic and prominent citizens, a warm-hearted, generous man, a devout friend and a firm advocate of those public measures which promise to benefit the people at large. Mr. Hay was born in Brothersvalley, in 1814, and was consequently in his 64th year at the time of his death, which occurred on Friday night, 12th inst. Reared to the life of a farmer he followed his occupation uninterruptedly for nearly half a century and amassed by honest thrift and industry a goodly portion of this world's goods. In 1857, we think, he was chosen as the Whig representative from this district, but only represented it one term; he also was a candidate for the nomination of Sheriff, but was defeated by John Weller of Milford. This ended his political aspirations and he afterward acted with the Democratic party; he was twice married, leaves a widow and three sons. In 1855 he settled in Elklick, where he resided up to the time of his death. Mr. Hay was frequently elected to various offices in his district, but to none oftener, or that he filled with better satisfaction to the people than that of School Director. He was an outspoken friend of education, worked unceasingly for good schools, houses and teachers and all that would tend to elevate the profession. This is the brightest trait in his entire open, honest career, and one that will ever stand out prominent when friends speak of the departed one. In early life Mr. Hay connected himself with the Reformed church, of which he was an active and consistent member. Our sympathies are with the bereaved; grief is but natural, but theirs is tempered with the knowledge that his blameless life was but the preparation for immortal joys. A good man, a true friend; by these terms is he known and these measure the sincere grief of all who knew and loved him.—*Meyersdale Commercial.*

Dr. W. F. Fundenberg, the Oculist, who has been practicing in Bedford for some five months will leave for Somerset on Monday. Until the Doctor's advent, or we might say until his exit, we had no idea of the number of defective eyes and ears in the county. He has been kept busy every day and has treated a large number of cases, every one of which was successful. We have at various times noted his operations in these columns but would direct attention to two more cases—those of Mr. Samuel Moses of Bedford township, and Mr. W. C. Slinger. Mr. Moses is now about 67 years old and had been quite deaf in both ears for a number of years, and within the last year the hearing of both ears was entirely lost—after several weeks of treatment the hearing of both ears was completely restored. Mr. Singer, when only three years old had an attack of scarlet fever or measles, which resulted in his having a discharge of matter from the ears which caused a perforation of the drum of his left ear with almost complete loss of hearing—for fifteen years he suffered with this trouble—after several months of almost daily treatment the discharge had ceased, the hole in the drum healed up and the hearing fully restored. The delight of these two people at the full restoration of their hearing is unbounded. We regret very much to lose the Doctor both on account of his professional and social qualities. Somerset may congratulate herself upon a physician of ability and a gentleman of culture.—*Bedford Inquirer.*

DR. VAN DYKE'S SULPHUR SOAP.—Dr. Van Dyke, whose life long specialty, and world wide reputation for curing skin diseases, has endeavored for years to combine an external treatment. He has accomplished this desirable result in the preparation of his compound "Sulphur Soap," the merits of which are spoken of by thousands; it is highly recommended to all our readers. Price 25 cents, by mail, 28 cents a box; 3 cakes 60 cents, by mail, 75 cents. Office 50 N. 5th street. Wholesale Depot, 400 N. 3d street, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all Druggists.

Beautiful Helen no doubt had a fine complexion, but it is more than doubtful whether it exceeded in purity the complexions of the ladies who use that inimitable auxiliary of female loveliness, GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

Sold by all Druggists.

HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE, Black or Brown, 50 cents.

A REMARKABLE RESULT.—It makes no difference how many Physicians, or how much medicine you have tried, it is now an established fact that German Syrup is the only remedy which has given complete satisfaction in severe cases of Lung Disease. It is true there are yet thousands of persons who are predisposed to Throat and Lung Affections, Consumption Hemorrhages, Asthma, Severe Colds settled on the Breast, Pneumonia, Whooping Cough, &c., who have no personal knowledge of Boschee's German Syrup. To such we would say that 50,000 bottles were sold last year without one complaint. Consumptives try just one bottle. Regular size 75 cents. Sold by all druggists in America.

MARRIED.

BECKEN—BAKEN.—April 4, 1878, by Rev. B. Knepper, Mr. A. W. Becken to Miss Amanda Baken, both of Somerset Co., Pa.

PITTINBRINK—KENNEL.—April 4, 1878, by the same, Mr. Peter Pittinbrink to Miss Flora Kennel, both of Somerset Co., Pa.

DIED.

KRISSINGER.—In Berlin, Pa., April 7, 1878, Samuel Philson, oldest son of C. A. M. and Isabella Krissinger, aged 8 years, 8 months and 10 days.

SOMERSET MARKET

Corrected by COOK & BEERITS, DEALERS IN

CHOICE GROCERIES, FLOUR & FEED,

Apples, dried, ℔ ℔	4c to 5c
Applebutter, ℔ gal	06@50c
Bran, ℔ 100 lbs	$1 25
Butter, ℔ ℔ (roll)	18c
Butter, ℔ ℔ (roll)	20c
Buckwheat, ℔ bushel	65c to 75c
" meal, 100 lbs	$2 25
Beeswax, ℔ ℔	25c
Bacon, shoulders, ℔ ℔	6c to 7c
" sides, "	8c
" country hams, ℔ ℔	9c to 10c
Corn, (ear) ℔ bushel	50@ 55c
Corn, (shelled) ℔ bushel	60c to 70c
Corn meal ℔ ℔	2c
Calf skins, ℔ ℔	12c
Eggs, ℔ dozen	10 to 8c
Flour, ℔ bbl	$6 00
Flaxseed ℔ bu., (56 ℔)	75c
Hams, (sugar-cured) ℔ ℔	10c
Lard, ℔ ℔	8c @ 10c
Leather, red sole, ℔ ℔	30@36c
" upper "	65@70c
" kip "	75@80c
Middlings, and chop 100 ℔	$1 50
Oats, ℔ bu	25@30c
Potatoes, ℔ bu	30@40c
Prunes, dried, ℔ ℔	10c
Rye ℔ bu	55c to