The Somerset Herald.

WEDNESDAY.....January 16 1878.

TIME TABLES.

BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R.

PITTSBURGH DIVISION.

On and after Nov. 26, 1877, trains on this road will depart from and arrive at depot, corner Grant and Water Streets as follows:

EAST. Mail.			WEST. Mail.		
Leave Pittsburgh	8.00 a.m.	Leave New York	9.25 p.m.		
Braddock	8.29 "	Philadelphia	12.40 a.m.		
McKeesport	8.42 "	Baltimore	3.50 "		
West Newton	9.04 "	Richmond	10.45 p.m.		
Connellsville	9.25 "	Washington	4.40 a.m.		
Mt. Pleasant	10.28 "	Cumberland	2.05 p.m.		
Uniontown	10.53 "	Bridgeport	3.12 "		
Ohio Pyle	11.50 "	Mineral Point	4.48 "		
Mineral Point	11.56 "	Ohio Pyle	5.44 "		
Bridgeport	1.05 p.m.	Uniontown	7.26 "		
Cumberland	4.30 "	Mt. Pleasant	7.51 "		
Washington	7.20 "	Connellsville	8.29 "		
Richmond	7.55 a.m.	West Newton	9.26 "		
Baltimore	9.40 "	McKeesport	9.57 "		
Philadelphia	2.10 a.m.	Braddock			
New York	6.25 "	Pittsburgh	6.30 p.m.		

All trains run by Baltimore Time, 14 minutes faster than Pittsburgh Time.

The Express train leaves Pittsburg at 9.00 P. M. arriving at Connellsville 10.34 P. M., Mineral Point 12.25 A. M. In return the Express leaves Cumberland at 3.00 A. M., arriving at Mineral Point 5.40 A. M., Connellsville 6.18 A. M., Pittsburgh 8.30 A. M.

The most direct and pleasant route to the East and South via Washington City.

Through Mail leaving at 8.00 a. m., daily, arrives at Washington at 7.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 9.40 p. m.; Philadelphia, 2.10 a. m.; New York, 6.25 a. m.; Richmond, 7.35 a. m.

Through Express, leaving 9.00 p. m., daily, arrives at Washington at 7.20 a. m.; Baltimore, 9.10 a. m.; Richmond, 3.40 p. m.; Philadelphia, 1.45 p. m.; New York, 3.10 p. m.

Through Mail and Express trains daily.

Accommodation trains erected Express daily, except Sunday.

Ticket offices, corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Streets and depot corner Grant and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

L. M. COLE, General Ticket Agent.
E. K HYNDMAN, Supt., Connellsville.

SOMERSET & MINERAL POINT RAILROAD

On and after Nov. 19, 1877, trains will run as follows, connecting with all passenger trains on the P. W. & B. R. R. (Mail trains daily, Express daily except Monday.)

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Mail West.....3.25 p. m.	5.50 p. m.
Mail East.....10.30 a. m.	12.20 p. m.

Mail East connects with Local West.

P. W. & B. R. R.—PASS MINERAL POINT.

Way Passenger East	12.00 m
Way Passenger West	12.44 p. m
Mail East	11.25 p. m
Mail West	4.40 p. m.
Express East	12.35 A. M
Express West	3.08 A. M

Eighty-three murderers, all men, were hanged in the United States in 1877.

Every one can now have an almanac gratis, by application at the drug store.

Take notice, horse-owners, that an ounce of hitching is worth a pound of yelling.

Episcopal services will be held in the Good Templars Hall, Friday evening, January 18, at 6½ o'clock.

Dr. Sadler, Oculist and Aurist. No. 256 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Eye, Ear, Throat and Catarrh Specialties.

The Commissioners have appointed Wm. M. Schrock clerk for the ensuing year, and Mr. Derrick Phillippi, Mercantile Appraiser.

FLOUR DEPOT.—We note another decline of 50c. per barrel on flour at the beginning of the New Year.
COOK & BEERITS.

The special term of court, held by his honor Judge Hall last week, was well attended, and a large number of cases were disposed of.

We are indebted to Gov. John F. Hartranft, Auditor-General J. F. Temple, Hon. J. M. Campbell, M. C., Hon. A. S. Will, et. al. for documentary favors.

We have been informed by Treasurer Keller that all the different township collectors have squared their duplicates for 1876. Rather an unusual occurrence for Somerset county.

Local is scarce, the boss editor has written up "Gentleman George" and "Hamburg butler," and given his views of the political situation, leaving us nothing to say; therefore we say nothing.

WANTED.—A live, active man, to take the Agency for the Singer Machine, in Somerset and vicinity. One who will devote his whole time to the business. Address, The Singer Manufacturing Co., Johnstown, Pa. 4t

The members of the Somerset county Agricultural Society, will meet at the Court-house on Wednesday evening, Jan. 30, 1878, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year.
WM. B. FREASE,
President.

The expenses of the July riots are not fully known to the public, but from bills filed it is safe to place them at $700,000.—The pay of the troops will amount to about $110,000, their subsistence about $110,000, the transportation over $100,000, while the balance will be made up in medical stores and other expenses.

Wanted for cash, or in exchange for merchandise at cash prices,
1,000 bus. oats.
500 " wheat.
500 " apples.
500 " corn.
3t COOK & BEERITS.

The attention of those of our readers who contemplate a change of home is directed to the advertisement, in another column, headed, "Davis County Iowa Farms." Messrs. Steckel & Overton offer unusual inducements, and persons desiring to emigrate could not settle in a better State than Iowa.

LARGE BANKRUPT SALE!—Fifteen Thousand Dollars ($15,000) worth of clothing must be sold within twenty days. Stock consists of men's and boys' ready made clothing, and gents' furnishing goods. Will be sold at cheap John's sale, also at private sale through the day, at his new store in the Naugle House, on Main Street. Sale to commence on the 19th of January, 1878. 2t

On the first page of to day's paper will be found a sermon preached by Rev. Luccock of this place, on Thanksgiving day. It will repay a careful reading either by priest or layman. It is published at the request of a large number of citizens who deem it too valuable to be lightly passed by. We recommend it to all, as it contains nothing sectarian.

Joseph G. Coleman, the recently elected Poor House Director, has taken his position on the Board. The following appointments have been made for the ensuing year:

Clerk, H. F. Knepper; Steward, W. H. Berkey; Attorney, J. R. Scott; Physician, A. G. Miller; Treasurer, Josiah Keller.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Somerset & Mineral Point Railroad Company, held in their office at Somerset, Pa., on Monday, January 14, the following officers and Board of Directors were elected:

President, A. H. Coffroth; Secretary, John H. Uhl; Treasurer, Noah Roberts; Directors, J. H. Uhl, H. L. Baer, Noah Roberts, A. J. Colburn, Peter Heffley, Curtis Kooser, Noah Scott, Isaac Kauffman and M. A. Sanner.

ROAD VIEWS.—On a petition of citizens of Confluence borough, for viewers to view and estimate repairs of a bridge over Casselman river, in said borough, the Court appointed Wm. Baker, surveyor, Jonathan Dumbold and Wm. Miller, viewers.

On a petition of citizens for a road leading from Stoystown to Davidsville at or near Staft Level, to a road leading from Shafer's school-house to Noah Swank's, in Quemahoning township, the Court appointed L. C. Colborn, surveyor, George Zimmerman and Frederick Schmucker, viewers.

A WRONG IMPRESSION.—Deny the report that I am removing West with my father, and "impress" upon the minds of the people that I am selling goods cheaper than ever and as cheap as the cheapest. I intend remaining with you, and earnestly desire a continuance of your patronage.
E. E. PATTON.

There is a provision in the game laws of our State which allows the informer one-half of the fines collected from violators of the laws, and directs that the other half be paid into the county treasury; to be by him distributed among the several school districts of the county in proportion to the number of taxables they contain. There have been several convictions in other counties under these laws, but none as yet in this county, although their provisions have been frequently violated.

Any one who gazes at the multitudes of rosy-faced girls wending their way to school in the mornings, must come to the conclusion that fragile, pale-faced girls have gone out of fashion. The race of young people now growing up seem to be another lot altogether. They tread along with a springy and elastic step, cheery faces, a busy air, and a genial glow of health all round them. The present style of dress tells the robust figures and lithe and shapely limbs. It is indeed often remarked that the young girls of to-day are taller in growth, fuller in form and happier in expression than the girls of half a century ago.

Huntingdon is troubled with smallpox. The *Journal*, of that place, publishes this item: "There are quite a number of persons in town who violate every sense of *decency and propriety* in constantly running about the streets and in the public places while members of the family are down with the prevailing contagious disease. This is an outrage, and the people should rise up and see that the authorities put a stop to it, or if they will not, let them take the matter in their own hands. Necessity knows no law. Self perservation is the first law of nature. It is only in this way that every house in town can be kept from being polluted.,

The publisher of *The Nursery* has issued a list of premiums for obtaining subscribers to his popular magazine. The list comprises articles useful and ornamental, including books, games, knives, skates, and toys of all kinds. Here is a chance for boys and girls to obtain a nice gift for themselves or a friend, by making a little healthful exertion. *The Nursery* entered upon its eleventh year in January, 1878, and is as full of life and animation as ever. The secret of its success is found between its covers every month. The price is $1 60 a year. It is published by John L. Shorey, 36 Broomfield St., Boston, who will send a sample number with the premium list for ten cents.

A GENTLE HINT.—In our style of climate, with its sudden changes of temperature,—rain, wind and sunshine often intermingled in a single day—it is no wonder that our children, friends and relatives are so frequently taken from us by neglected colds, half the deaths resulting directly from this cause. A bottle of Boschee's German Syrup kept about your home for immediate use will prevent serious sickness, a large doctor's bill, and perhaps death, by the use of three or four doses. For curing Consumption, Hemorrhages, Pneumonia, Severe Coughs, Croup or any disease of the Throat or Lungs, its success is simply wonderful, as your druggist will tell you. German Syrup is now sold in every town and village on this continent. Sample bottles for trial, 10c.; regular size, 75c.

On Thursday, last at the Disciples' Meeting-house, Miss Ellen, eldest daughter of N. B. Snyder, contracted a matrimonial alliance with Mr. George Hurleman, of Iowa, Elder Larimer, of Connellsville, officiating. The house was crowded with the friends of the fair bride, who had gathered there to wish her God-speed, and catch a glimpse of the happy man who had wooed and won one of their dearest friends. After the ceremony the young couple started for their western home, where doubtless there will be scenes enacted similar to those described in Longfellow's "Hanging of the Crane;" for

"As unto the bow the cord is,
So unto man is woman,
Though she bends him she obeys him,
Though she draws him, yet she follows,
Use'ess each without the other."

Here's one old shoe and a copper penny for luck, Ellen.

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LECTURE.—The following correspondence between the Somerset bar and Judge Hall will explain itself. We hope to see a full house and confidently expect it, as this is not his Honor's first appearance among us as a lecturer.

SOMERSET, PA., JANY. 11, 1878.
HON. WM. M. HALL,
PRESIDENT JUDGE.

DEAR SIR:—Having learned that you have prepared a lecture embodying some of your thoughts and observations on lawyers, in their relation to society, we respectfully request that you deliver it on Wednesday evening, January 30, in the Court room.

Whilst the subject may be of special interest to us, we know the lecture cannot but be highly entertaining and instructing to the general public, to whom, as well as to us, your literary taste and skill, and your habits of patient research are well known. We hope, therefore, you will accept this invitation, and thus further favor.

Yours Respectfully,

Samuel Gaither,	W. J. Baer,
John R. Edie,	John H. Uhl,
J. O. Kimmel,	H. L. Baer.
W. H. Koontz,	Valentine Hay,
A. J. Colborn,	F. J. Kooser,
A. H. Coffroth,	Jas. L. Pugh,
Ed. Scull,	W. H. Ruppel,
W. H. Postlethwaite,	L. C. Colborn,
Isaac Hugus,	J. R. Scott,
Henry F. Schell,	Ed. B. Scull,

J. G. Ogle.

SOMERSET, PA., JANY. 11, 1878.

GENTLEMEN OF THE SOMERSET BAR.—I have your favor of this date, requesting me to deliver before you on Wednesday evening, of the coming Court, a lecture on the subject of "The Lawyer and his Relations to Society."

There is doubtless a misconception in the minds of many persons in regard to the vocation of the lawyer; a mis-apprehension of its essential usefulness and worth, and an impression that sophistry, chicanery, and quasi-dishonesty are the necessary and proper qualifications of a successful lawyer.

Even persons who should be much better informed share in this false estimate of the profession, doubtless through a misunderstanding of the real nature of a jury trial.

It will give me pleasure to comply with your request.

Very truly,
WM. M. HALL.

MR. EDITOR.—I was much pleased to read the well written and appropriate address of Messrs. Cook & Beeritz, to their patrons, published in the HERALD of the 2d inst., and especially with the quiet, well deserved rap over the knuckles which they gave to our farmers, in the following passage:

"Our farmers, instead of taking market prices for their grain, flour, and feed, and especially wheat and flour, insist on prices such as would cover cost and carriage from markets of adjoining counties; and the result is, that we must pay these prices and keep flour about one dollar per barrel above the price it should sell at or order over the railroad as heretofore.

Now I venture to predict another "result" of the farmers' course, and that is, if they keep their wheat till spring, they will regret they did not take the market price in other places, as prices must, and will come down. Thus has it almost always been the case heretofore.

I well remember a statement published over twenty years ago by an old wealthy farmer of Monongalia county, I think now in West Virginia. He stated that his practice had been to sell his large wheat crop early in the fall, at the first regularly fixed market price. The result was, that in sixteen years, out of eighteen, of such practice, he realized higher prices than any of his neighbors who waited for still higher prices that never came.

How was it in Bedford county in 1874—75? Wheat began to go up in price from ordinary rates until it reached $2 25 and even $2 50. I am told that one old Gripes, having a large crop, was offered $2 per bushel. No, he demanded $2 10; so he held on as the price gradually rose, until at last, down went the price, and he finally sold at $1 75. Another Gripes, I am just told, bought up on speculation, at $2 to $2 25, and, holding for still higher prices, was compelled to sell at $1 75, and even as low as $1 50.

Our farmers in the past year were blessed with large crops of wheat and other grains, enough, it is believed, to bread all the people and feed their stock. They should then sell to our millers and retailers, at such prices as to supersede the necessity of sending our money out of the county and perhaps out of the State.

THE FARMERS' FRIEND.

THE DUNKARDS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—The sanctum of the *Telegraph* was visited this morning by Hon. E. J. Meyers, member from Somerset county and Prof Howard Miller, secretary of the church extension service of the Dunkard Church. Mr. Meyers is the only representative in the Legislature, and indeed, in political life, of the Dunkard Church of Pennsylvania—a Church which comprises among its membership some of the best people of the Commonwealth. Being principally engaged in agricultural pursuits, the Dunkards possess in an eminent degree the qualifications necessary for success in that honorable and time-honored calling. They are industrious, frugal, of simple tastes, dress and manners, and cling to old customs with a tenacity characteristic of an agricultural people. These qualities and characteristics produce inevitable results, and the consequence is the Dunkards are among the most prosperous and independent citizens of the State or country, in a financial point of view. The Dunkard Church in Pennsylvania has 15,000 members in round numbers, and in the United States not far from 75,000. Somerset county, which Mr. Meyers represents so well in the Legislature, contains more Dunkards than any other county in the State, the membership there reaching about three thousand. There are also a goodly number of these thrifty people in Dauphin county—particularly in Swatara, Derryland and other lower townships.

Prof. Miller's purpose in visiting this section of the country is to bear his share in the effort now on foot to extend the borders of the Dunkard Church. This work is under the auspicies of the Home and Foreign Mission Service of the church. Mr. Miller will operate in the lower end of Dauphin county this week, and we wish him abundant and gratifying success in his labor for the Master and for the Dunkard Church.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

COURT PROCEEDINGS.—Thomas Mailey vs. T. J. Pitking, Ed. Rhoads and Josiah Shafer, trespass, jury returned a verdict in favor of plaintiff for the sum of $287 70. Motion for a new trial filed. Motion overruled.

Henry Keiser vs. M. Kline & Co., assumpsit, jury returned a verdict for plff. for $425.

Dr. W. H. H. Gardner vs. A. Dunham and wife, appeal, jury returned a verdict in favor of plaintiff against A. Dunham, deft. for $78.

Isaac Ranck & Co. vs. I. A. Jenkins, appeal, plaintiff takes a nonsuit.

Barnet Picking vs. Fred. Naugle, covenant, verdict for deft.

Barnet Picking vs. Fred. Naugle, assumpsit, jury returned a verdict for deft. for the sum of $130.

Geo. E. Ways vs. Samuel Walker, sheriff's interpleader, verdict for plff.

Edmund Kierman vs. Jerome Bowman and David Ankeny, non suit.

David S. Wilson vs. Henry Barnhart, sci. fa., verdict for plff. for $280.

Hodges Bros. vs Hocking Bros., att. ex., plffs discontinued attachment.

Isaac Taylor vs. W. H. & G. W. Speers, assumpsit, verdict for plff. for $57 39.

Michael Koontz vs. Josiah Tannehill's admr., verdict for deft. for $68 05.

Samuel Wilhelm vs. Samuel Compton, verdict for plff. for $288 96.

BLYMYER has made great reductions in prices of Hardware. You can buy goods just as cheap from him as you can buy them in the city. He buys his goods from the manufacturer, and in large quantities, and therefore buys them at the very lowest prices, and is determined now to sell goods at a very low price. Call and see him and get his prices. His stock is very complete, including Building Hardware, Paint and Glass, Oils, Varnishes, and Wooden Pumps. Again we say, call and see Blymyer, and buy your hardware from him and you will save money.

DR. VAN DYKE'S SULPHUR SOAP.—Dr. Van Dyke, whose life long specialty, and world wide reputation for curing skin diseases, has endeavored for years to combine an external treatment. He has accomplished this desirable result in the preparation of his compound "Sulphur Soap," the merits of which are spoken of by thousands; it is highly recommended to all our readers. Price 25 cents, by mail, 35 cents a box; 3 cakes 60 cents, by mail, 75 cents. Office 50 N. 5th street. Wholesale Depot, 400 N. 3d street, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all Druggists.

DAIRYMEN'S MEETING.—Pursuant to a call for a meeting of those interested in the dairy products of Somerset county, a goodly number of representative dairymen from different parts of the county met in the Court-house on Tuesday evening last. The meeting was organized by the election of Wm. Zimmerman, of Jenner township, President, and Peter Miller, of Somerset township, Secretary. The President stated, that the object of the meeting was to take into consideration the propriety of making arrangements with a party from New York to establish creameries and cheese factories in this county.

A communication was then read by Hon. C. C. Musselman, from a party of butter makers in New York State, proposing to come here for the purpose of establishing creameries and cheese factories if the milk of a requisite number of cows could be obtained; also a further communication from a prominent butter house in Baltimore, stating that the quality of Glades Butter was so poor that it could not compete in the markets with New York and Western butter, and that much of it would have to be sold very low.

The matter was then discussed at considerable length by Wm. Zimmerman, Peter Miller, Mahlon Miller, V. Blough, David Husband, C. C. Musselman, Daniel Stuff, V. Hay, A. J. Colborn, W. Hartzell and E. M. Schrock.

A communication from a prominent butter man in Baltimore, was read by Capt. C. J. Harrison.

The discussion during the meeting took a wide range, but the general feeling among all present was, that the dairy products of the county in general were not of that quality to pass the severe ordeal of the tryer. The designation, "Glades Butter," once so potent to secure sales, and "Gilt Edged Dairies," a name that tickled the ear, are now unmeaning terms, and cut no figure in determining the price of the product. Butter, like a horse in the race, must possess present merit instead of past records in order to win first money. The little detector, the tryer, takes no note of locality, and pierces a fancy brandied dairy as ruthlessly as a surgeon probes a wound, and brings plainly to view, color, texture, flavor and quality, and fixes the price as irrevocably as the judgment of a court. The desirability, not to say necessity of making a change in the dairy product of the county is simply a matter of common sense.

In order to further these interests, and to better prepare for the necessary change and improvement, the following resolutions were passed.

RESOLVED, That a committee of three be appointed to gather all the information obtainable until our next meeting. The committee consisting of C. C. Musselman, Israel Blough and Peter Miller.

Resolved, That a district committee be appointed consisting of the following persons:—Shade—Frank Specht, Wm. Rodgers; Brothersvalley—Samuel Philson, Simon Fritz, Wm. Schrock; Jenner—John Ankeny, A. B. Shaffer; Elklick—John J. Keim, P. S. Hay; Greenville—Samuel Fadely, Joel Yurzy; Southampton—Wm. Troutman, Dennis Cook; Northamptoe—Jacob Poorbaugh, Daniel Bowman; Allegheny—G. G. Walker, J. B. Hillegas; Stonycreek—Levi Ringler, J. Kimmel, John Glessner; Paint—Jacob Hoffman, Abe. Weaver; Conemaugh—Isaac Yoder, Hiram Boyts; Somerset—H. Bowman, George Lichty, Jacob Walker; Jefferson—Christian Miller, Moses Young; Milford—Jacob F. Walker, Charles Walter, Jonathan Hay; Middlecreek—Cyrus Moore, J. R. McMillen; U. Turkeyfoot—Jonathan Dumbold, Fred Kreger; L. Turkeyfoot—Hiram Cremer, Noah Scott; Addison—Jacob Sterner, Jacob Peck; Larimer—Jacob Zufall, Samuel Geiger; Quemahoning—Wm Mason, John H. Zimmerman.

Committee men will report at next meeting the number of cows in their district obtainable, and also as to the locality for making cheese.

A general willingness to accept one cent per pound for milk was expressed, while some argued that that figure was probably a little high. A statement by Mr. Walter of Jenner, that 9 cents for 10½ lbs. of milk paid better than butter at 35 cents per pound, was made during the meeting.

Adjourned to meet on Tuesday evening of next court, January 29, when a rousing turnout is requested, and full reports from committees is expected.

WM. ZIMMERMAN, Pres.
PETER MILLER, Sec.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.—The regular quarterly Sunday School Convention of Rev. J. J. Welch's charge was held at Stoystown, Tuesday, January 1, 1878, with good attendance of delegates from the different schools in the charge. The Friedensburg school stood again in the front rank for a good and healthy report, with an average attendance of ninety-five during the last quarter, and $24 34 as the proceeds of the penny collection during the quarter. Judge Mowry briefly recapitulated before the convention, all the lessons, in their regular order, that were studied during the year 1877, giving minute description of days, dates of the historical events, etc., all from memory, without the aid of manuscript, which goes to show that the Judge is an attentive and studious Sunday school scholar; and his record shows that he has not absented himself from a single teachers' meeting or from the head of his class on Sunday for a number of years. But then he is not the only punctual Sunday school scholar we have here. Our entire corps of officers and teachers, like the Jews of old, come up regularly to the temple three times a week. It is a sad thought that so many of our country schools go into winter quarters for want of interest in the work. The closing up of Sunday schools during the winter is like unto arranging an armistice with Satan. The same reason that sends the Sunday school into winter quarters would close the churches against preaching during the winter. To some the church is closed half the year; their religion is not much like the tree of life that "yields her fruit every month," and whose "leaves were the healing of the nations." If the nations are never healed until the leaves of these persons heal them the millenium is an eternity away. Their religion seems to be a kind of mysterious essence that goes up and down with the sap. They complain of being "cold" until almost accidentally they are warmed up by the friction of some muscular or revival machinery. It an agency of the church is necessary in the summer, it is necessary in the winter; if the Sunday school is necessary when the flowers are blooming it is necessary when the snow is falling. Paul healed the sickness of the Publius in November, when he was shipwrecked on the island of Meleti. When we get as anxious to cause the light of the Gospel to shine, as we were last year, during the Presidential campaign, about torch light processions, we will not stop for heat or cold. Then we burned our hands with hot pitch, and saturated our clothes with coal oil, all to make a display, and hurrah for Tilden or Hayes, Reily or Campbell. And until the writers get cold enough to stop the raging of sin and the ravages of death, they ought not to be able to paralyze christian zeal.
H. J. M.

Friedens, January 10, 1878.

SCHOOL REPORTS.—Report of Sandy Hollow school, Brothersvalley township, for the second month.

No. of pupils in attendance during month, 37.
Average attendance, 29.
Per cent of attendance, 90.
W. B. STEVENS, Teacher.

Report of Glade Church school, Stonycreek township, for the month ending Dec. 21, 1877.

No. of pupils in attendance, males 29, females 38, total 67.
Average attendance, males 21, females 27, total 48.
Per cent. of attendance, males 83, females 80, total 81.
No. of visits, 31.
Z. T. KIMMEL, Teacher.

THE ATTENTION OF AGENTS is called to the Housekeepers' Supply Company of Cincinnati, Ohio, who make it a business of getting up and manufacturing new and *labor saving* conveniences for housekeepers, and give employment to hundreds of agents of both sexes throughout the whole United States to introduce and sell them, and offer inducements that will pay them handsomely. Many of their agents are now making from $4 to $6 a day, and some of them even more. Write to them at once and they will send you circulars, giving you full description of each article they manufacture, and their terms to agents, and will assign you exclusive territory to sell in. Their address is the Housekeepers' Supply Company, No. 242 Elm Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

NEW YEAR'S NEWS.—We are glad to say to the public, and especially to the poor, that with the beginning of the New Year we have in stock, and offer for sale Minnesota wheat flour as $6.50 per barrel, and Home Manufactured flour at $7 per barrel, for cash only at these prices.
3t COOK & BEERITS.

SACRAMENTO, CAL. DEC. 16, 1877.

The troublesome question of what to do with the Chinese, is still causing a great deal of controversary. It is generally presumed that they are a curse to the country, and the individual or newspaper which abuses them most is considered at the head of the class, especially in the Eastern States, where nothing is known about them except from hearsay. It is undoubtedly true, politically, that is is not for the best interests of the country to encourage Chinese immigration, but that is not sufficient reason that they should be abused and misrepresented in every possible way, as they almost invariably are, by newspaper writers.

They are represented as being a low, degraded, lawless and filthy class of human beings. Laying aside all prejudice, such an opinion can not be formed.

By careful observation I see no cause for despising them, and we must give them credit for some good qualities. In some respects they put us to shame. Take for example profanity and intemperance, they are not addicted to either. They never use profane language in their own, or any other tongue, and as to intemperance, I have made particular inquiry and find that they do not patronize saloons, although inducements are continually held out to them. I never saw a Chinaman noticeably under the influence of liquor.

It is said that the use of opium is more injurious than the use of intoxicating drinks, which is undoubtedly true; but opium is not used by them to an alarming extent in this city; or this I am confident, as I have had ample opportunity for investigation. And if not here, why elsewhere? They have a certain part of the city where no one interferes with them, where they have stores, markets, shoemakers, tailors, &c. They are a very industrious class of people, and are never idle when they can find something to do. They are willing to do the most menial work rather than be idle and in want of the necessaries of life, which is often not the case with white men in this State.

I have never heard of an instance where a Chinaman did not give satisfaction when employed as a farm hand or to do household work. In many instances they are preferred to white men, not because they work for lower wages, as the cry is, but because they can be relied upon. A few days ago two white men were employed to dig holes to set posts, and soon after they commenced work the employer came around to see how they were progressing; he found one man holding the post while the other was digging. On being told that they would get along better by both digging, and setting the posts afterwards, the one that was holding the post threw it about a rod, and said he was not a d——n Chinaman to be bossed. Both quit work, and John Chinaman got the job.

By descriptions which have gone the rounds of the press, one would suppose they live like swine. Olive Logan has given a fair description of their quarters in San Francisco, and the same applies here. They are as cleanly in personal attire and habits as the poorer class of white citizens.

I have often seen it stated that very few can read and write. From the best authority, I find that not more than ten per cent. are illiterate, which certainly shows intelligence. Compare our simple alphabet with theirs, consisting of several thousand characters, and it is plain to see that an immense amount of study is required to be able to write the Chinese language. Their countenances show intelligence, which becomes more apparent after becoming acquainted with them. The hang-dog look one sometimes sees is the effect of being kicked about like dogs in a strange country.

Another charge brought against them is, that a larger per cent. of Chinese, according to numbers, than white men, are incarcerated in the California State prisons. This would seem rather damaging to their reputation for honesty; but there is this about it, as the thousands of citizens will admit; if they would have the same chances as white men, there would be fewer in prison, as hundreds of Chinamen are convicted of crimes on evidence which would not convict a white man.

A great many points might be shown in which they are misrepresented, but for the present this must suffice. At some other day we may give the readers of the HERALD a more minute description of these strange people, their peculiarities, dress, manner of burying their dead, &c.
H. H. RUMBER.

AMONG THE DEAD FAILURES of the past, how many bogus nostrums may be numbered! Beginning their careers with a tremendous flourish of trumpets, blazoned for a time in the public prints and on flaming posters, soon, but not to soon, were they relegated to the limbo of things lost on earth. But Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is living and thriving. Remedy, It goes on, curing and to cure. Neither underhand nor open competition affect it. On the contrary, contrast with inferior rival preparations only increases its popularity. It has been repeatedly imitated, but without success. Counterfeits of it have been surreptitiously introduced, but have fallen flat. Every where it entrenches itself in the confidence of the people; and well it may, for it is a thoroughly reliable invigorant of the feeble, baptises dyspepsia and constipation, braces the nerves, cures rheumatic ailments and kidney complaints, and eradicates and prevents intermittent and remittent fevers.

WORDS OF WARNING.—During the present year, as in the past, the grave will close over thousands, simply because they neglect the means which would restore them to health. Meet the fell destroyer at the threshold, and dispute his invasion by that more than wonderful remedy, Dr. Morris' Syrup of Tar Wild Cherry and Horehound. There is no cough or cold, case of asthma, bronchitis, blood spitting, weak lungs, croup or whooping cough which will not yield more readily to this great BOTANICAL remedy than any other medicine. If you would avoid disappointment, and be speedily cured, ask your Druggist for Dr. Morris' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Horehound.

Trial size 10 cents. Large sizes 50 cts. and One Dollar.

For sale by G. W. Benford, Somerset, and Mountain & Co., Confluence.

Also Agents for Prof. Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup which is perfectly safe. Extremely palatable. No physic required. Costs 25 cents. Try it.

MARRIED.

HOSTETLER — SANNER.—January 8, 1878, by Rev. Josiah Berkley, Mr. Jeremiah Hostetler, to Miss Amanda Sanner, both of Somerset Co., Pa.

COLEMAN — BALDWIN.—January 1, 1878, at the residence of the bride's parents by Rev. J. J. Welch, Mr. George Coleman to Miss Katie C. Baldwin, both of Somerset Co., Pa.

DIED.

YOUNG.—At his home near Friedens, Dec. 22, 1877, David Hiram Young, aged 53 years, 10 months and 20 days.

ROBERTS.—January 1, 1878, Lizzie L., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Noah Roberts, aged 10 days.

WIAND.—Dec. 25, 1877, Geary Wiand, aged 6 years, 1 month and 18 days.

WIAND.—January 4, 1878, Charles Wiand, aged 9 years, 9 months and 22 days.

SOMERSET MARKET

Corrected by Cook & Beeritz.

CHOICE GROCERIES, FLOUR & FEED.

Apples, dried, ℔ lb	4c
Applebutter, ℔ gal	50@60c
Brooms, ℔ doz	$1 25
Butter, ℔ lb (keg)	18c
Butter, ℔ lb (roll)	20c
Buckwheat (in bags)	45c to 50c
" meal, 100 lbs	$2 25
Beeswax, ℔ lb	25c
Bacon, shoulders, ℔ lb	10c
" sides	11c
" country hams, ℔ lb	12@c
Corn, (ear) ℔ bushel	50@60c
Corn, (shelled) ℔ bushel	45c to 50c
Corn meal ℔ lb	2c
Calf skins, ℔ lb	12c
Eggs, ℔ doz	18c
Flour, ℔ bbl	$6 50 to $7 50
Flaxseed ℔ bu. (56 lb)	75c
Hams, (sugar-cured) ℔ lb	15c
Lard, ℔ lb	8c @ 10c
Leather, red sole, ℔ lb	30@33c
" upper "	40@70c
" kip "	70@90c
Middlings, and chop 100 lbs	$1 50
Oats, ℔ bu	25c
Potatoes, ℔ bu	30@35c
Peaches, dried, ℔ lb	10c to 12½c
Rye whiskey	50c to 75c
Rags, ℔ lb	3c
Salt, No. 1, ℔ bbl, extra	$2 60
" Ground Alum, per sack	$1 80
" Ashton, per sack	$1 80
Sugar, yellow ℔ lb	10@12c
" white	11@14c
Tallow, ℔ lb	7c
Wheat, ℔ bu	$1 30
Wool, ℔ lb	30@40c

New Advertisements.

PRIVATE SALE.

I offer for sale my farm situate in Allegheny Twp., Somerset county Pa., containing 85 acres, about 55 acres cleared, with a house, a good bank barn, and other buildings thereon. A good apple orchard, a first class saw mill, built within three years. Also, a tract of land in same township, containing 380 acres, about 70 acres cleared, with a good apple orchard.

Also a tract of land in said township containing 213 acres, over 100 acres of which are cleared, with a dwelling house and bank barn thereon. Also an apple orchard of about 300 trees. For further information call on or address me at Dividing Ridge, Pa.
Jan. 16, '78 JOHN DEETER.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

By virtue of an order of court, to me directed, I will offer for sale on

Saturday, February 2, 1878,

on the premises, the following real estate late the property of Henry Hoar, of Stonycreek twp., Somerset county, deceased:

A certain tract of land situate in Stonycreek twp., adjoining lands of Zachariah Lambert, Charles Heimsuger, Aaron Spangler and Daniel Wagner containing one hundred and fifty-six acres and one hundred and fifty-two perches strict measure