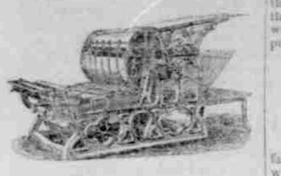
The Somerset Herald.

WEDNESDAY..... January 10, 1877.



J. HARRY FRITZ, County Surveyor, will give special attention to all surveying writing of deeds mortgages, bonds, wills, agreements &c., entrusted to him.

TAKE NOTICE.—He will be found in his office every Saturday Somerset Pa.

"1,000 KEGS" CHOICE BUTTER WANTED IMMEDIATELY BY W. S. TEMPLE & CO., BALTIMORE, M. D

J. FROST is a bull-dozer.

LENT begins on St. Valentines Day.

THIS is a regular old fashioned winter.

HOW many times have you written 1876 since the first.

ONLY earnest christians attended church on Sunday last, the deep drifts kept all others at home.

EPISCOPAL services will be held in the Good Templar's Hall on Sunday, Jan. 14, at 10½ and 6½ o'clock.

HON. A. S WILL dropped into see us one day last week. He appears to be pleased with Harrisburg.

CARPENTERS will find at Blymyre's Tools of all kinds at as low prices as they can be bought anywhere.

PERSONS who are building will find at Blymyers' prices as low as the same goods can be bought in the city. Call and see.

THOSE indebted to me will please call and make immediate settlement and save costs.

SOL UHL.

A demand has been made for the payment in full of the Centennial Appropriation of $1,500,000 made by the United States.

DR. SWAN, Secretary of Union League Club and prominent member of the various societies of New York has skipped with $200,000.

TWENTY-EIGHT thousand young Colorado salmon were placed in the Yough river in Garret county Maryland, on the 28th of December.

FURNITURE Men will find at Blymyers' the best Varnishes, Oils and Turpentine, Red Face, Carpets, Moulding &c., at the lowest possible prices.

WOULDN'T it be a good idea to enforce the ordinance requiring property owners to shovel the snow off the side walks in front of their property.

ANYTHING that you may want in the Hardware line you can get at Blymyers' at low prices. Call and see them. Read his advertisement in another column.

THE County Commissioners and Auditors are busy making the usual annual county settlement. We expect to lay the result before our readers in a few weeks.

FOR Pocket knives, Spoons, Knives and Forks, Razors, Shears, &c., go to Blymyers' his stock is the largest in the county and the goods are marked at very low prices.

TAKE NOTICE.—This is the last chance we will give those indebted hens to settle their accounts. We will have to put them into the hands of an officer for collection ENSLEN & UHL.

THE eldest son of Attorney Generl Taft was married in Cincinnati to the daughter of a retired millionaire of that city. May it be long before there is an ex-pat Taft over Taft.

OUR streets presented a busy appearance Friday and Saturday. So many of our farmers took advantage of the good sledding to come to town that the streets were filled with sleighs and sleds.

THE man who thinks it nice or profitable to have snow lay on the sidewalk till it becomes stamped into ice, may one day slip upon it. There are laws and ordinances, spiritual and temporal, against it.

FOR RENT.—A Grist Mill, in Addison township, with a good property attached. Possession given the 1st of April. For further information address

J. P. H. WATSON,
Confluence, Pa.

SAMUEL PILE who has been living in Louisiana for a number of years has returned to his native heath. On Friday last he purchased the "Chapalde Grocery" of A. J. Coborn & Co., and will carry on the business at Baer's Block.

WE are pleased to see that Capt. M. R. Adams of Conemaugh has been appointed one of the transcribing clerks of the House of Representatives. Capt. Adams will make a good officer, and is an active, working Republican.

MR. H. H. FLICK, of Lavansville, has placed us under obligations for a box of beautiful honey. It is the purest, whitest honey we have ever seen. Mr. Flick has the largest apiary in the county and no one knows better than he how to manage it successfully.

SOME signs may always be relied upon. When a lady makes a young man a present of several handkerchiefs and he immediately proceeds to put them in his trunk, notwithstanding that he has a cold in his head and his washing hasn't been brought home, it is usually safe to presume that he is terribly in love.

THE usual annual business meeting of the Republican party will be held in the court house on Tuesday evening, January 23rd, 1877.

A full turn out is desired as business of importance will be considered.

P. M SCHROCK,
Secretary.

WE stated that the A. & P. Telegraph Company has entered into an agreement with the P. R. R. and all its branches, and also the B. & O. R. R., and all its branches, to do their telegraphing. The low tariff of the Atlantic and Pacific is taking a great deal of business from the Western Union.

IN our advertising columns will be found the prospectus of the Pittsburgh Daily *Commercial*, to which we wish to call attention. The *Commercial* is one of the staunchest Republican papers in Western Pennsylvania. Its telegraphic columns contain all the news of the day, while its market reports can not be excelled.

THOSE two pots of bodily comfort, Rheumatism and the Gout, cause their victims, if the affected part is only washed with Dr. Lyon's Sulphur Soap, which has also pain and regulary the joints and muscles supple and elastic. Depot Centennial No. 7 South Avenue, N. Y. Hall's Hair & Whisker Dye, black or brown 50 cents.

SNOW.—There is an unusual depth of snow on the ground at present. The like has not been known, says some of our oldest citizens, for thirty years. Great fears are apprehended that another terrible flood will occur, which no doubt will be the case if the present snow fall goes off with a rain. At present, the people are stimulated, and many of them enjoying the slippery side of the street and merry jingle of the bells. It is truly an old fashioned winter. The liveries are taxed to their uttermost to supply the demand of the populace for teams.

HAVING purchased from J. W. Patton his entire stock of merchandise, I propose continuing the mercantile business by carrying on a general stock, and most respectfully solicit patronage from the people of this town and vicinity, and all others in want of goods. I intend adding from time to time, such goods as will make the stock complete in all departments that it will be to the interest of those in want of goods to call and see me before purchasing elsewhere.

ED. E. PATTON.

TO THE FARMERS!

Ship your Butter to

W. S. TEMPLE & CO.

They got best prices last season for every farmer who shipped to them, and if you wish high prices this season you will do well to ship to them.

WE suggest for humanity's sake, that those persons who are not owners of horses, (it is supposed that any one who is the possessor of one of the noble beasts would not do such a thoughtless thing,) who are in the habit of flinging clinkers out in the streets would quit it. There is no telling how much fine stock has been injured or ruined by stepping on them.

ELECTION NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Somerset & Mineral Point Railroad Company will be held at the office of said company, in Somerset, Pa., on second Monday, (8th day) of January, 1877, for the purpose of electing a President and Board of Directors for the ensuing year.

J. H. UHL,
Secretary.

REMEMBER that the cash buyer gets the advantage of bottom cash prices.

REMEMBER that we sell goods on 30 days time, and crave no custom on longer time

REMEMBER that statements have been sent to many of our debtors and we would again say that all old accounts must be settled with the incoming of the New year. COOK & BEERITS.

BISHOPS Simpson, Bowman, and Wylie, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, have issued the following requests to their preachers and people: "We, the undersigned bishops request our clergy and lay members to unite their efforts with those who are laboring to procure the re-enactment of the statutes known as the Local Option law or its equivalent for the State of Pennsylvania." The request is signed by the three bishops.

BUSINESS.—30 days, 30 days, 30 days. We take this method of saying to our friends, customers and the public generally that our experience in the "credit system" is such, that while we do not discard it altogether, and say cash or no goods, we do say that with the beginning of the New Year that must be more strictly observed, and that it is only to parties good and prompt we offer goods on 30 days time. COOK & BEERITS.

MRS. THOS. WALLAUE of this place, while playfully romping with her little child, one day last week, broke the babe's arm between the wrist and elbow. The painful accident was caused by suddenly lifting the child from the floor by its arm. —*Waynesburg Messenger.*

This is the first instance of the kind we have heard of, but the wonder is, that it does not happen frequently, from the way the little ones are flung around by their arms.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE for 1877 is out and is the handsomest publication of the kind we have ever seen. Vick's flower and vegetable seeds are the best in the country, and no one ever dealt with him that regretted it. With his accustomed liberality he offers $40.00 in cash for the best show of flowers at each and every State Fair in America, and authorizes every County Society to offer one of his Floral Chromos for the best exhibition of cut flowers.

WAGONS.

Having recently accepted the agency for the county of the Smbelaker Co., I am now selling excellent wagons of all dimensions on special terms of Ten Dollars monthly payments.

Any person wanting a wagon will certainly find it decidedly to their interest to consult me before purchasing elsewhere.

Address
W. W. HANTHELL,
Somerset, Pa.

BETTING ON ELECTIONS.—Wheelbarrow bets are a nuisance, and overcrowd and load bets are no better, but here is one which comes directly home to the "considerate judgment of mankind."

A Rome, N. Y., couple made this wager. If Hayes is elected the woman agreed to build the first fire winter, and if Tilden is elected the man was to build them. He has bought a gun, subscribed for the Indianapolis Sentinel, and swears that Sammy shall slink at the Chief Justice on March 5, or Pennsylvania avenue shall be carpeted with gore.

MR. I. J. HEFFLEY has sent to our office another of his beautiful pieces of Brass Band music, entitled "Star of the East Quickstep." He has prefaced in this Quickstep one of those easy pieces which are the delight of young bands, and also of other organizations who prefer to play easy music when good. Though any band may play it before they have been organized a month it will be treefer afterward a favorite to them as if it made to wear. Arranged for from 8 to 15 instruments. Send for a copy, including 50 cts., to I. J. Heffley, Somerset, Pa.

Scarcity of Money.

There is no doubt but the present stagnation of all kinds of business and industry is horribly depressing, and it behooves every family to look carefully to their expenses. Winter is coming on when chilldren are liable to Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. Coughs and colds will prevail everywhere, and Consumption with other Throat and Lung diseases will carry off many. These diseases should not be neglected. Doctor bills are expensive, and we would advise our people to use Dr. CRAVEN'S GERMAN SYRUP. It never has failed. One bottle at 75 cents will keep your whole family well during the winter. Two doses will relieve any case. Sold in all towns in the United States, and by your Druggist G. W. Beavers.

BOTTOMLESS WELLS.—An eastern paper says that in the great valley between the North and South mountains in Pennsylvania, commonly called the eastern ridge, a well was dug some years since in Franklin, and another in Cumberland county, thirty or forty miles from the former, which led to a discovery affording a subject for interesting speculation. After proceeding in each instance to the depth of about thirty six feet, the bottom of these wells suddenly gave way that fortunately when the workmen had retired, and a torrent of water gushed up. A lead was sunk with fifty fathoms of line without finding any obstruction. They remain at this time unplumbed and of unknown depth. The presumption is that there is a subterranean lake in that quarter, and how far it extends under the base of the vast primitive mountain, situated between the Susquehanna and Pittsburgh, will never be ascertained, unless by some terrible convulsion of nature they should be precipitated in the tremendous abyss.—*Patriot.*

WIDE AWAKE FOR JANUARY, 1877.—Christmas, in the superlative decree, pervades the January number of Wide Awake. Mrs. L. C. Whitton opens it with one of the loveliest of this year's Christmas poems. Opposite is the frontispiece, an engraving of Raphael's Sistine Madonna. Edgar Fawcett and Mrs. S. M. B. Platt are also represented by holiday pieces, "Children's Faces," and "Amos' Magician." H. H. Hudson furnishes a funny Christmas tale, "Two Days Before Christmas." Margaret Eytinge's "What Happened to the Baby" is still funnier. But we have not yet begun to enjoy Trayer's Santa Claus book. It is magnificently illustrated by A. B. Wenzell, with scenes in Santa Claus' Land. Santa Claus and his Reindeer are represented on one of the pages. Mrs. Hamlin, of Richmond Virginia, writes about "A Considerate Christmas Tree," while Wm. M. F. Round opens the "Child Garden Abroad" with "Child Martin's Folly." Another Child Story, Sophie May's serial, "Quinnebasset Girls," opens well. "Good-for nothing Polly," who is growing in character, is still the same good-for-nothing boy in his daily practice. The Little Folks all over the country are represented by the letters which they have sent with their dolls to the Dolls' Fair, as Christmas gifts to the children in the hospitals.

Only $2.00 per annum, free of postage. Ella Farman, editor. D. Lothrop & Co., publishers, Boston, Mass.

"EUREKA" is the sentiment of countless sufferers who find the balm of relief, and the fountain of their health and strength in AYERS SARSAPARILLA. It is the most potent of all the alteratives to purify the system and cleanse the blood. It possesses invigorating qualities, so that it stimulates the vitalities and purges out the corruptions which mingle with the blood, promoting derangement and decay. We are assured by many intelligent physicians that this medicine cures beyond all others of its kind, and we can fortify this statement by our own experience.—*Athol (Mass.) White Flag.*

ON last Monday morning, a man by the name of Daly, was found in a cornfield of Mrs. Frank Gray, east of Glenn Crossland's, in an insensible state—his limbs frozen stiff. He was brought to town, and taken to the Poor House, where he died about noon. His mother, with some friends, took his remains down to Lemont, where he resided, on the afternoon train. We have heard several reports of the circumstances, but, as they are so conflicting, will not give them. He was seen Saturday night, wandering from house to house, asking permission to stay over night. But as he was under the influence of liquor, the doors were shut against him. As he was found along side of a fodder shock, the supposition is that he went there some time during Saturday night to find a bed in the fodder. The coroner held an inquest on the body, Tuesday and Wednesday, and after examining several witnesses, the jury rendered a verdict that he came to his death from some cause unknown to the jury.—*Valentown Standard.*

WORDS OF WARNING.

During the present year, as in the past, the grave will close over thousands simply because they neglect the means which would restore them to health. Meet the fell destroyer at the threshold, and dispute his invasion by that more than wonderful medicine, Dr. Morris' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Horehound. There is no cough or cold, case of asthma, bronchitis, blood spitting, weak lungs, croup or whooping cough which will not yield more readily to this great botanical remedy than any other medicine. If you would avoid disappointment, and be speedily cured, ask your druggist for Dr. Morris' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Horehound. Trial size, 10 cents. Regular sizes, 50 cents and $1.

For sale by G. W. Benford.

Also Agents for Prof. Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup, which never fails. Pleasant to take, and requires no physic. Price 25 cents.

FROZEN BITS FOR HORSES' MOUTHS.—Let any one who has the care of a horse these cold, frosty mornings deliberately grasp in his hand a piece of iron; indeed, let him touch to the tip of his tongue, and then let him thrust the bit into the mouth of his horse, if he have the heart to do it. The horse is an animal of nervous organization. His mouth is formed of delicate glands and tissues. The temperature of the blood is the same as in the human being, and, as in man, the mouth is the warmest part of the body. Imagine, we repeat, the irritation that would be caused the human, and consider that, if not the same degree, still the suffering to the animal is very great. And it is not a momentary pain. Food is eaten with difficulty, and the irritation repeated day after day causes loss of appetite and loss of strength. Many a horse has become worthless from no other cause than this. Before India rubber bits were to be had I myself used a bit covered with leather, and on no account would have dispensed with it in freezing weather.—*Boston Herald.*

DOWN in Pittsburgh, when they want to know how a heavy fall of snow, like that at present, is going to be disposed of, they have a way of discovering if beyond a doubt. The *Telegraph* tells how it was done on Saturday last:

"An experiment was made yesterday with a snow ball by a gentleman of the Twenty-third ward, for the purpose of determining whether the present snow fall will go off by a rain or thaw, suddenly or gradually. According to the experiment, which is said by some to never fail in its results, the gentleman predicts there will be no freshet on account of the recent storm. His conclusions are based on the following circumstances: A well packed snowball was held over the top of the chimney of a lighted lamp, and instead of melting and dripping the snow was absorbed and a hole burned in the ball. Had it dropped the indications would point to a thaw; as it did not, the snow has come to stay and will disappear slowly and with out occasioning a freshet. River men say the experiment has never failed, and they are especially interested, inasmuch as the snow in the mountains is very heavy and a freshet would be very disastrous.

BY REQUEST.

I've been thinking, I've been thinking,
What a glorious world were this,
Did folks mind their business more,
And mind their neighbor's less,
For instance, you and I my friend,
Are sadly prone to talk
Of matters that concern us not,
And other follies mock.

I've been thinking if we begin
To mend our own affairs,
That possibly our neighbors might
Contrive to mange theirs.
We've faults enough at home to mind,
It may be so of others;
It would seem strange if it were not,
Since all mankind are brothers.

Oh would that we had charity,
For every man and woman;
Forgiveness is the mark of those
Who know to err is human.
Then let us banish these away,
Let's lift our fallen brother,
And as we journey down life's road,
Do good to one another.

AFTER THE FIRE.—The solution of the problem "the better protection of property against fire," receives the earnest attention of property holders immediately after an extensive conflagration. How freely they express their minds and come out in favor of any measure that will give better protection from the devouring elements. Many plans are proposed but no definite action is taken in favor of any one of them. Every man thinks he has done his duty as soon as he has expressed his opinion in the matter and do othe makes it his partiicular business to attend to it, and soon what is anybody's business is no body's business. The people too seem in earnest, but in a few days the excitement has passed away and the usual quiet reigns. Nothing more is thought concerning the matter till the flames rolling upward from some burning building cast a lurid light around and threaten, it may be, the destruction of the entire village. Our town has suffered loss in this way at different times and every time many plans have been proposed but almost as soon as proposed they have been forgotten. Cannot some one of the many plans of lesed be carried out sufficiently to be of some practical advantage. Something should be done, and any measure that would give better protection to property against fire should be immediately adopted.

AT a meeting of the ministers on Friday evening last, it was agreed to observe the week of prayer in the Union service.

Service on Monday evening, Jan. 8th in the Lutheran Church, by Rev. A. M. Whetstone; Subject, "Thanksgiving and confession, in the review of the past year."

Tuesday evening, in the Presbyterian Church, by Rev. A. E. Truxal; Subject, "Prayer for the Holy Ghost on the universal church, (Joel xi, 28,) for its deliverance from error and corruption, and its increase in faith, activity, holiness, and christian charity."

Wednesday evening, in the Reformed Church, by Rev. S. S. Bergen; Subject, "Prayer for families, for the unconverted, for sons and daughters at schools and colleges, and for those abroad, for any in sickness, trouble or temptation, and for those we have recently been added to the church."

Thursday evening, in the Methodist Church, by Rev. J. B. Taylor; Subject, "Prayer for nations, for rulers, magistrates and statesmen, for philanthropic and benevolent institutions, for a pure literature, the gospel and sound education among the people, and the maintenance of peace."

Friday evening, in the Methodist Church, by Rev. J. A. Grimm; Subject, "Prayer for christian missions to the Jew and Gentile, (Luke xxiv, 47,) for Sunday schools, and for the conversion of the world to Christ."

Saturday evening, in the Lutheran Church, by Rev. A. M. Whetstone; Subject, "Prayer for the observance of the christian Sabbath, for the promotion of temperance, and for the safety of those who go down to the sea in ships, that do business in great waters."

OWING to the late snow storms, and the detention of the rail road trains, our Washington letter failed to reach us in time.

DEEP VALLEY, PA., Dec. 30, 1876.

MESSRS. EDITOR.—In as much as the local news columns of the county papers have been rather devoid of news of late, and while the eyes of the whole country have been looking toward Congress and the Senate at Washington, to see what action may be taken there on the report of the various committees now at work taking testimony, in regard to a fair and impartial count of the votes cast by the people, at the late election for the nominees of their choice for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States for the next four years; and until that time we should await patiently the result, when we hope and trust our lawmakers may use their utmost endeavors to render a fair and impartial decision regardless of party cliques or intrigues. Now while all this work is progressing, let us turn our attention to matters of concern that are nearer home and perhaps may be of more vital interest to us as individuals than those of the national Government. At the late election we also elected quite a number of officers to serve us in the various trusts of profit in the county, as well as in our State and national Legislature. Now the first thing that suggests itself is, are they all Simon pure not only in politics or as politicians? Before they take the oath to qualify, preparatory to entering into a faithful discharge of the duties encumbent upon them, are they all eligible, have not some of them violated the constitutional provisions of our election laws? This is the question of the moment, have they kept themselves within the limits of the statute which prohibits any person while being a candidate for any office, either for the nomination or election, to make use of money or promises of reward either directly or indirectly to secure his election? Such an individual is most certainly by law disqualified from holding the said office, and the law clearly defines the penalty. Now, it is a fact potent to many of us, that large sums of money have been used for this purpose at both the last primary election, as well as at the late fall election. And now what is to be done? Will the people tamely submit to this manner of rule, of course as good and law abiding citizens they will; but at the same time should not the laws be rigidly enforced against all those who have thus violated so plain a provision of the laws with impunity to secure their election? But, says one, the law should be enforced, and we will see to having it enforced, provided we know who the guilty are or know by whom the offence could be proven. As a general thing parties that will accept funds for such purposes are rather inclined to keep it a secret, but it often happens too that all men are not good at keeping all their business transactions a profound secret, and like murder it will out. And so in this case very many have already let the cat out of the bag, and the hand writing doth appear upon the wall *mene, tekel mene, &c.*, and the result will be some one will be made to smart for it. And as it is a solemn duty encumbent upon all good citizens of the commonwealth to be zealous of the laws, and for their rights to see that all misdoings and incompetent men be turned out of office, they should thus by all means make examples of some to such extent that the law governing this matter may not remain merely a dead letter upon our statute books. The best way that we could suggest as for every man that is a friend of good and honest government be he Republican or Democrat, that knows of any one being guilty of violating any of the statutes referred to, to write a letter giving the name of parties of the parties thus offending, and also at the same time name the witnesses by which the offering of paying of any monies of rewards can be proven to secure his or their elections. Let all letters containing such information be addressed to A. Q. P., Meyersdale, Pa. The writers name, if desired, will not be made public. The guilty parties will be presented to the grand jury at our next term of Court. And in the mean time would it not be wisdom on the part of those who know themselves to be guilty of any these standing provisions of the law, as no one knows better than themselves to quietly resign the offices they are holding, or to which they have been elected by such unlawful and fraudulent means, and save themselves from everlasting disgrace and stamping during the remainder of their lives? And let honest and upright men be either appointed or elected in their places, as we have every reason to believe that we still have competent men enough in our county and state whose character for honesty and integrity stands beyond reproach, who have not and will not bow their knees to the God of political corruption to secure any office to the gift of the people by such unlawful means. The natural presumption is that men while candidates for office, will have to use so much money to secure the office. The salary when it is made correspondingly large to make all ends meet. And here is just the point that we wish to make, and that is this: Should it not be the bounden duty of all our lawmakers in state as well as in the national Government, as legislators, to go right to work and introduce bills and pass them to reduce their own as well as the salaries of all the officers in the State as well as in the national Government so as to make them commensurate with that of the laboring man? The present salaries were enacted at a time when fabulous prices were existed for everything and while such a measure might have been justifiable for the time being, there is there fore no just reason why they should not now all be reduced, most of them at least, one half of what they are at present, especially too, when the prices of almost everything, and labor, is again down as low as before the war. Look at the hundreds and thousands of our fellow citizens who are suffering in business, and the men who toil for their daily bread by the sweat of their brows with but a scanty subsistence for themselves and families, is there any just reason why some should glitter in fatness when such a picture of inconsistable inconsistency can be drawn? Why not then reduce the salaries of all officers. And when this is done it will go a good way to do away with so much scrambling after offices. Seeking office would not then justify the use of much money to secure election, especially enough corrupt influences. We are well aware that a single individual cannot accomplish much among so many, but let him make the effort and at least have himself placed upon this record and prove his faith by his works. Let those who will point in binding heavy burdens of taxation upon the people, while the whole country is suffering, stand excorated before an outraged public as unworthy of the confidence of the American people. Let them be forever disgraced and share the fate of all unfaithful servants, dishonored and disgraced for all time to come. Let them be *Anathema Maranatha*. There never was a period in the history of our country when reform was more needed than at present, in all branches of the Government. There are quite a number of other matters that should claim the serious attention of our legislature, and one of them is a carefully revised tax bill for all the different officers whose salaries are regulated by a certain fee bill, as the old law not seem to one has been changed and amended so often and supplied by special acts for certain counties that but few seem to know the precise fees to charge. And so also of the fees charged for protesting notes at different banks and banking houses in Quarry Pittsburg. The fees they charge seem to be altogether extravagant and unwarranted, in proportion to the amount of labor that they perform; these too do not appear to be uniform as the charges they impose run from $1 85 to $3 for for a single protest on a note. Now why is all this? If the office is of so much importance to the public, why then not create an institution of the Peace Notary Publics, and reduce the fees down to at least 50 or 40 cts. as it requires no more labor to execute a protest notice than for a Justice to fill up a summons to a case brought before him, and if we are compelled to have Notary Publics as a separate office, why then not reduce the fees in proportion to the fees of other magistrates. There is then in view of these facts therefore no good reason why all of these fees should remain, and they should be reduced at once. Great Britain has it so and the past still poorer. And is this not indeed a time for plain talk. The people have every where during all these years of panic and financial disaster endured and suffered patiently with scarcely a murmur in the hope that a bright star may yet gleam upon their future destiny. But to be in such a thing as overtaxing patience and that too when patience ceases to be a virtue. There are still quite a number of other reforms that need revision, so that we shall not attempt to point out any more for the present and shall be glad to hear from others who are abler to wield the pen than we.

FAIRPLAY.

THE following appeal, which may serve of interest to the charitably inclined pastors of churches and superintendents of Sunday schools in this city, has just been issued. The children for whose benefit the collection is proposed lost their parents by the falling in of the railroad bridge near Ashtabula!

To the Sunday Schools of America:

I would suggest that every Sunday school in this country take a penny collection on Sunday, January 14, for the maintenance, education and benefit of the children of Mr. and Mrs. P. P. Bliss, and for the erection of a monument to the memory of the sweet singer to whom all our Sunday schools are so deeply indebted. Send the money to Henry Field, Treasurer, care of Field, Lictor & Co., Chicago.

D. L. MOODY.

Chicago, Ill., January 2, 1877.

MARRIED.

STUTZMAN—DEITZ.—At the Lutheran parsonage, in Friedens, December 31, 1877, by Rev. J. J. Welch, Mr. Simon Stutzman and Miss Lena Deitz, both of Somerset county, Pa.

WINGERD — ZIMMERMAN.— Near Stoystown, at the brides residence, November 30 1876, by Rev. W. H. Bates, Mr. Franklin F. Wingerd and Miss Nancy Zimmerman both of Somerset county, Penn'a.

BLOUGH—THOMAS.—On the 31st of Decmber, 1876, at the residence of Samuel Y. Blough, by H. J. Boyts, Esq., Mr. Levi A. Blough, of Somerset county, and Miss Lavinia Thomas, of Cambria county, Penn'a.

DIED.

VORE.—Mrs. Eliza Vore born March 11, 1815, died January 2, 1877, aged 61 years, 9 months, and 21 days.

Special Notices.

Dr. Finnegs' Compound Syrup of Buchu is guaranteed to cure Inflammation of the Kidneys and bladder, painful or suppressed urination so frequent in old age, painful or suppressed menstruation, leucorrhœa or whites, gravel, gleet, stricture, bloody discharges, Bright's disease, brickdust deposits, dropsy, pain in the back or side, sick headache, pimples, blotches and eruptions on the face, and all diseases of a specific or constitutional nature, regardless of duration, age or sex. Compound Syrup of Buchu is a positive and radical cure. For sale by Geo. W. Benford & Co., Somerset, Pa., and Mountain & Co., Confluence, Pa. 10p15

SOMERSET MARKET

Corrected by COOK & BEERITS.

CHOICE GROCERIES, FLOUR & FEED.

Apples, dried, ₩ B	5c
Applebutter, ₩ gal	40@50c
Bacon, ₩ lb	10c
Butter, ₩ lb (keg)	18@20
Butter, ₩ lb (roll)	20c
Buckwheat, ₩ bushel	75c
Bran, ₩ 100 lbs, sold at all diseases of a specific or constitutional nature, regardless of duration, age or sex. Compound Syrup of Buchu is a positive and radical cure. For sale by Geo. W. Benford & Co., Somerset, Pa., and Mountain & Co., Confluence, Pa.	$1 00
Beeswax, ₩ lb	25c
Bacon, shoulders, ₩ lb	12½c
" sides,	13c
" country hams, ₩ lb	15c
Corn, (ear) ₩ bushel	70c
Corn, (shelled) ₩ bushel	80c
Corn meal ₩ lb	2½c
Calf skins, ₩ lb	8c
Eggs, ₩ doz	20c
Flour, ₩ bbl	$7 00
Feed ₩ 100 lbs, (50 lb)	80c
Hams, (sugar-cured) ₩ lb	13c
Lard, ₩ lb	12@13c
Leather, red sole, ₩ lb	30@33
" upper "	25@30
" kip, "	7@30c
Middlings, white, 100 lbs	$1 50@2 00
Oats, ₩ bu	30c
Potatoes, ₩ bu	40@50c
Peaches, dried, ₩ lb	15c
Rye ₩ bu	70c
Rags, ₩ lb	2c
Salt, No. 1, ₩ bbl, extra	$2 50
" Ground Alum, per sack	$2 00
" Ashton, per sack	$1 75
Sugar, yellow ₩ lb	10@ 12½c
" white "	12½@14c
Tallow, ₩ lb	5c
Wheat, ₩ bushel	$1 25
Wool, ₩ lb	40@45c

New Advertisements.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Heinebaugh has made a deed of Voluntary Assignment of all his estate, both real and personal to Jacob H. Miller for the benefit of his creditors. All persons therefore indebted to the said Jacob Heinebaugh, will make payment to the undersigned Assignee, and those having claims will present them without delay.

JACOB H. MILLER,
Assignee.

Jan. 10.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

The undersigned trustee for the sale of the real estate of Henry Claycomb, late of Somerset Tp., deceased, in pursuance of an order granted to him by the Orphan's Court of Somerset Co., will sell at public sale on

Thursday, February 1, 1877,

on the premises of said deceased.

A certain tract of land situate in Somerset Tp., Somerset Co., Pa., adjoining lands of George Swank, Joseph Daniels, Peter Griffith, John Baker and others, containing 163 acres and 102 and 6 10 perches, with a one and a half story log dwelling house, log barn and other out-buildings thereon erected.

TERMS—One-third of purchase money after deducting reasonable costs and expenses, to be secured on the premises by mortgage or otherwise, the interest thereof to be paid the widow of said deceased annually during her life, and at her death the principal sum to be paid the heirs and representatives of said Henry Claycomb, deceased, one third of the balance on the 1st day of April, 1878, the remainder, in two equal annual payments without interest, to be secured on the premises by judgment bonds, ten percent. of the purchase money to be paid at the time of the sale, which will be deducted from the first payment.

JOHN R. SCOTT,
Trustee.

Jan. 10.

PUBLIC SALE.

I the undersigned, will sell at public sale the real estate of David Ankeny, in Somerset borough, on

Tuesday, January 23, 1877,

at 2 o'clock, p. m.

This farm is situate in Somerset Tp., within one mile and a half of Somerset, adjoining lands of Jacob Walter, Gillian Koontz, M. A. Sanner, Noah Roberts, and Turkeyfoot road containing 126 acres, more or less; about 100 clear, with good improvements

It is a very desirable farm, convenient to market, schools and churches, and about one-half mile from the Somerset & Mineral Point Railroad.

TERMS—$1,000 in hand upon the delivery of deed, and acceptance, to be secured by judgment bond; 10 per cent. of hand money to be paid down.

H. L. BAER,
Assignee.

Jan. 10.

"PEOPLES' DRUG STORE!"

G. W. SPEERS,

N. E. Corner Diamond,
SOMERSET PA

DEALER IN

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
and CHEMICALS,

PERFUMERY,
FINE SOAPS,
TOILET ARTICLES.

DYE STUFFS,
and KEROSENE OIL,

Pure Wines and LIQUORS for medicinal PURPOSES,

Also an assortment of

Fine Cigars,
and Tobacco.

Particular attention given to the compounding of Physicians Prescriptions and Family Recipes by e perienced hands.

March 14, 1876.

SEND $1 TO GEO. P. ROWELL & CO. New York, Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3,000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. mar8

J. R. MEGAHAN, Somerset, Pa. H. S. STONER, Berlin, Pa.

MEGAHAN & STONER.

PLASTERERS,

Respectfully inform the citizens of Somerset County, that they are prepared to take contracts for all kinds of Plastering. Repairing promptly attended to. Address as above.

Work satisfied, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Nov. 29.

1877 1877

$8.00

THE Pittsburg Commercial FOR 1877.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE REDUCED TO EIGHT DOLLARS.

Cheapest Business Paper in the State.

UNSURPASSED AS A POLITICAL, COMMERCIAL AND General Newspaper.

The PITTSBURG DAILY COMMERCIAL, from and after the 1st of January, 1877, will be mailed to subscribers in the United States, at EIGHT DOLLARS per annum, postage prepaid. The paper, which has heretofore so freely found its way to the business office of the Banker, the Merchant and the Manufacturer, and has so firmly maintained its character as a medium for the dissemination of reliable information concerning financial and commercial affairs, will commend itself more largely to all classes of traders, now that the price has been so materially reduced. It is not only the purpose of the management to keep the Business Departments of the Commercial fully up to the standard of past years, but to improve them, from time to time, by introducing such new features as the necessities of trade and a proper regard for the interests of the patrons may require.

IN POLITICS

The COMMERCIAL will endeavor to pursue the same course which has characterized it in past years. It will support Republican principals, always expressing the right to freely criticise party measures which do not meet its approval, and to condemn the acts of party friends when they and do not comport with its sense of right and justice. It will remain faithful to the great aims and convictions upon which the Republican party was based, and will support the same in an open and manly fashion. The grave questions which now agitate the country, and which must in due time reach a proper and just solution to secure the general reader, and will be calmly and dispassionately, but firmly discussed, in all their bearings.

THE NEWS DEPARTMENTS

Will be fully up to the demands of the reading public. In addition to the comprehensive and accurate reports of the Associated Press, giving the news from all parts of the world, arrangements have been made for Special Telegraphic and Mail Correspondence from the National and State Capitals, and from many interior points.

In the department devoted to the publication of Local News will be found a complete daily history of the city and its environs, gathered by a corps of careful writers and set forth in attractive style.

THE MARKETS

Will, as heretofore, receive careful attention. Full telegraphic reports of the state of Business will Prices Current, will be received daily from the Trade Centers of this country and Europe. The Pittsburg Market, in all its interests, will be reported daily and accurately in a commercial journal the COMMERCIAL claims second to no paper in the country.

The Financial Column will give daily the ruling rates of money and the prices of Stocks and Bonds at all the great trading points, with much interesting statistical matter.

INTERESTING MISCELLANY,

Embracing Poems, Sketches, Incidents of Travel, etc., will find a place in the columns of the COMMERCIAL, forming a source of instruction and enjoyment for the family circle.

TERMS FOR THE Daily Commercial.

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By mail, for three months	2 00
By mail, for one month	75

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THE MECHANIC,
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Will contain in condensed form all the

News of the Day,

Including the Proceedings of Congress and of the Legislatures of Neighboring States, Interesting Correspondence, Choice Selections and

Complete Weekly Market Reports

SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR IT.

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Postage Free to Subscribers.

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Ten Copies, per annum, each	$1 50
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Additions may be made to a Club at any time during the year, at the Club prices, the subscription to continue to a FULL YEAR from the time the additions shall have been made.

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Address all orders and letters to

"THE COMMERCIAL,"
PITTSBURG, PA.

LIST OF CAUSES

for the January Term, 1878.

FIRST WEEK.

1. Cornelius Berkly vs. John H. Boyts et al.
2. Isaac Conghenour vs. Wolford & Killinger Bros.
3. E. S. Browne's use vs. Dennis Meyers et al.
4. Samuel Philson vs. Daniel Meyers.
5. Wm. M. Patton & Co. vs. John K. Tissue.
6. J. N. Boucher, P. W. & B. R. R. Co.
7. Curtis K. Grove vs. Stutzman & Kooser.
8. Curtis K. Grove vs. Daniel Flick.
9. Benjamin Masters vs. John Neff et al.
10. Jacob Hyman & Son vs. J. R. Bates & Co.
11. P. S. Hay in trust vs. Lorrch Morrell.
12. Elizabeth Brant's extrs. vs. Josiah Brant.
13. Diamond Savings & Office vs. Jerome Bowman.
14. Joseph J. Shipman, extr. vs. Peter Meyers' Estate.
15. John Brooks' widow and heirs vs. P. & C. R. R. Co.

SECOND WEEK.

1. Moses Peck vs. Jacob Pletcher.
2. Moses Peck vs. Jesse Dugan et ux.
3. P. A. Sanner & Co's. use vs. John D. Rose's Exrs.
4. Albert Rodgers vs. Patton & Rea.
5. I. S. Conghenour vs. John H. Uhl.
6. Jacob Rodgers, Guard'n, vs. W. Thomas.
7. Curtis Kooser vs. C. G. Lint.
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