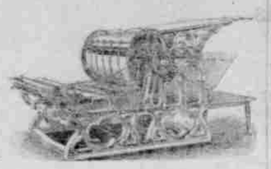
The Somerset Herald.

WEDNESDAY.....November 29, 1876.



"1,000 KEGS"
CHOICE BUTTER
WANTED IMMEDIATELY
BY
W. S. TEMPLE & CO.
BALTIMORE, M. D

LUCERNES at the gate is over.

RETURNS deferred maketh the heart sick.

Now is the time to advertise winter goods.

THE holidays and turkey raffles will soon be with us.

THE number of persons attending Court last week was very small.

PLAID stockings are coming into fashion. We are indebted for this item to Borrs and muddy streets.

EPISCOPAL SERVICE will be held in the Good Templars' Hall, on Tuesday evening, December 5th at 7 o'clock.

THERE were no less than ten deer killed within a circuit of five miles of this place on last Thursday and Friday.

WE have given our *devil* the following instructions: If any man asks us to publish the "Beautiful Snow," spot him on the snoot.

THE most miserable man in the country just now, is the fellow who has the promise of a post-office and thinks one minute he will get and the next minute that he has lost it.

SEARING rabbits is a favorite pastime with the boys just now. It is a game, however, in which the "creation tails" hardly get a fair chance, and ought not to be resorted to.

IT appears that a number of persons were imposed by an error of ours in the account we gave of the killing of Samuel Pile. It was Samuel M. Pile, and not Samuel C. Pile, as stated.

WE went on counting the votes night and would like to tell you how much fun we had, but the said! "If you dare to say anything to the paper about our spatting, and—and—and barber poles, I'll never speak to you again," so there now.

DON'T fail to go to hear Rev. Bellsnerger lecture this Tuesday evening. Subject, "The Rumors of the Pulpit and the Pew." Admittance free, but forget not your pocket books, as a collection will be taken up for the benefit of the Presbyterian Church.

AT a ministerial meeting composed of Revs. A. M. Winchester, A. R. Tweed, J. B. Taylor, S. S. Bergen and J. A. Grimm, it was agreed to hold a Union Thanksgiving service next Thursday, at 10½ o'clock, in the Reformed Church, the sermon to be preached on the occasion by Rev. S. S. Bergen.

I WAS land locked, but just after they came out of the Disciples Church on Monday evening, she said, "Henry how I thought," here her lips fell close upon her's and after he had helped her to her feet he knew the rest. Published as it is, in the snow indicated and gospel.

OUR worthy Prothonotary justly complains of the manner in which the school children are permitted to rush into the post office at noon and evening after school lets out. They come in droves and crowd into the office, and all clamor for their mails at once, raising such a hubbub that one would think Bedlam had broken loose.

CITIZENS living along West Main street are complaining very much of the habit the boys have of coasting on the sidewalk of that thoroughfare, and the other evening it transpired to have the parties arrested hitched down on it boys. Coasting is good fun but it should be indulged in at some place that does not imperil the life and limbs of persons passing.

WHOEVER is our next President will get an odd chap to sit in. It is made of the skins and claws of a grizzly bear, with a ferocious head cunningly concealed under the seat, which snaps viciously when touched by a spring in the rear. Seth Kinman, an old hunter and trapper, is the maker.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad Company on Monday of last week circulated a congratulatory address to the employes of the road for their faithful duties during the Centennial. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad sent their employes a check beginning with the enormous sum of $100 and so gradually sneaked down to the firemen, who received forty dollars each.

WM. HOUT, near Beallsville, raised twenty seven barrels of Wethersfield onions in the past season, and sold them all to the Sharp Brothers at 4 cent round price. We'll bet that the spot of ground they were raised upon yielded more money than any acre in the country devoted to potatoes last year.—*Washington Reporter.*

TO THE FARMERS!

Ship your Butter to

W. S. TEMPLE & CO.

THEY got best prices last season for every farmer who shipped to them, and if you wish high prices this season you will do well to ship to them.

LOOK OUT FOR BURGLARS.—All persons are hereby cautioned to be indoors at C. B. Colborn & Co., will please call and settle at once either by note or cash. Please give this your prompt attention as this will be your last notice.

C. B. COLBORN & CO.,
No. 2, Beer's Block.

Somerset, Pa. Nov. 6, 1876.

WAGONS.

Having terribly stomped the whole county of the Shoemaker Co., I am selling extra wagons of all dimensions on special terms of Ten Dollars monthly payments.

Any person wanting a wagon will certainly find it decidedly to their interest to consult me before purchasing elsewhere.

J. W. BARRIDGE,
Somerset, Pa.

A GOOD PATRIOT.—Everybody knows Tom Bennett, of New York, is the leading, most enterprising and, all agree, most honest and deserving of our patriotic publishers. He is going to do the world and the people generally a good turn in the way of a premium for the coming year. Published at the low price of $3 a year, Bennett's World is a superbly illustrated and sound democratic weekly, which all who subscribe and send the regular Three Dollars subscription. This is equivalent to offering the paper for a dollar and a half. Everybody wants some volume of Dickens, and everybody ought to read THE INDEPENDENT.

False Impression.

It is generally supposed by a certain class of people, who are not practical or experienced, that Dyspepsia can not be cured, but we are pleased to say that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER gives to our knowledge cured twelve Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, in all its forms, such as Sour Stomach, Costiveness, Sick Headache, palpitation of the Heart, low spirits, &c., &c. Out of 30,000 dozen bottles sold last year, not a single failure was reported, but thousands of complimentary letters received from Druggists of wonderful cures. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. Sample Bottles 10 cents. Regular Size 75 cents. For sale by G. W. BENFORD.

True Merit Will Win.

A few years since the proprietors of Dr. Morris' Syrup, Wild Cherry and Horehound introduced it here. It was not puffed, but sold on its merits. Our people soon found it to be reliable, and already it has become the most simple and popular pulmonary remedy in the market. It quickly cures the worst coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, asthma and incipient consumption. Nothing acts so nicely in whooping cough, and it is so pleasant that children really take it. Containing no opium, or other dangerous drug, it is as safe as it is sure. Trial size, 10 cents; large size, 50 cents and One Dollar. Sold by G. W. BENFORD.

Also Agents for Prof. Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup, which never fails. Pleasant to take, and requires no physic. Price 25 cents.

GOOD.—The greenbackites, after all, must work for their money, as witness this from the Brookville *Republican*: "A few days previous to the recent election, one of the fourteen who claim to have voted the two Peter Cooper tickets polled in Brookville, entered into an extended elucidation of the greenback theory, showing to a citizen how much each individual would be benefitted by a policy shaped after the ideas advanced by Messrs. Cooper and Carey. His auditors became interested, and finally asked how, under this glorious system of making money plenty, he should proceed to acquire $2,000, as that sum just then would be a God-send indeed. The answer was pointed and forcible, and likely the most truthful of the entire conversation. He replied emphatically, "Work for it you d——d fool you!"

A naturalized Chinaman deposited the first Mongolian ballot ever voted in this State, on election day, in one precinct of the Fourth ward. When he presented his ballot, properly folded, to Charles Gough, who was inspector, the latter challenged his vote on the ground the Celestial citizen removed his hat and answered the questions proposed without hesitation. He swore he had been naturalized two years and a half ago, in the Fifteenth District Court, and that he had lived thirty days in the ward. After his vote had been dropped in the box, he laughingly produced his naturalization papers. He was asked by a great many persons whom he had voted for, but resisted every effort to draw him out, steadfastly refusing to expose the character of his politics.—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

HOW TO MAKE VIENNA BREAD.—Following is said to be the manner of making the far famed Vienna rolls with which so many Centennial visitors were delighted: Sift in a tin pan four pounds of flour, make it up quite of the sides, pour in one quart of milk and water, and mix much enough flour to form a thin batter, then quickly and lightly add one pint of milk, in which half a level tea spoon of salt and one and three quarter ounces of Gaff's Fleischman's compressed yeast; leave the remainder of the flour against the sides of the pan, cover the pan with a cloth and set it in a place free from draught for three quarters of an hour, then mix in the rest of the flour until the dough will leave the bottom and sides of the pan, and let it stand two and a half hours. Take given square pieces about three and a half inches thick, each ounce of which is taken up in floured over to the centre, and then the cakes are turned over on a dough board to rise for half an hour, when they are put into a hot oven that bakes them in ten minutes.

"UP SALT RIVER."—*The Explanation of the Peculiar Slang Term.*—The origin of the expression "up salt River," as applied to a defeated political party, was as follows:

Davy Crockett, the famous Kentucky Congressman, while a Whig candidate, was challenged by his Democratic opponent to meet him on the stump in joint discussion. Crockett accepted, and the day and place were fixed, but Crockett did not appear, and the paper blustering him accused him of being afraid of his opponent and sneaked him. Further words turned out that Crockett, who had arrived on the place in a canoe, propelled by a negro, had been fished in the direction of the head waters of Salt River, by the mischievous gods, who thus cruelly pulled off a joke upon the stream. Crockett was too good a hunter to survive in the wilderness, but he was nearly made to reach the appointed place in time, and gave it up and with it his chances of success. Hence the phrase "Up Salt River"—meaning hopeless defeat, signified by defeated.

A recent inventory, was made forty two years after Lamb, being elevated by a hundred years majority.

WHAT IS A "BULLDOZE?"—The question has been frequently asked, what is a "bulldozer?" The following explanation has been given us as the origin of the term, and now it has become into prominence this term. During old slave times in the Southern States, when a slave was to receive a severe whipping, a "bulldozer" was ordered, meaning that six hundred lashes should be given the culprit lying on the bare back, and the whipper or driver was termed a "bull dozer." During the past few years an organization in nearly each school in some of the Southern States, known as "The Sage, gotten up by the White Leagues and Ku Klux, for the purpose of controlling the negro vote of these States, for the Democracy. If a negro is notified to join the "Sage," and he refuses, he is given fair warning, and if he then persists in support he is captured and taken to the swamps or cypress brakes, and given the six hundred lashes or "bulldozed." The poor nigger generally submits after this treatment, and either joins the great party of "Reform," (as it wishes to be known) and saves the country, if he can. The organization having been run in the interest of Tilden and Reform this fall, Governor Chamberlain has applied their name to the Democracy generally, and particularly to those of his own State when interviewed by reporters of the press and they have converted the term into "bull dose," by changing the "d" in dose to "z" in their telegrams.

SLEEPING WARM.—A writer in the Louisville Courier-Journal says: I believe it impossible to have too much pure air, but it is possible to have the air colder than feeble persons can sleep with comfort or with safety. For hardy persons there is no danger in cold air provided they have plenty of cover and keep their mouths closed. It is unwholesome for anyone to sleep cold. One of the hardest things for feeble persons to endure is getting into a cold bed to sleep. It drains so much on their vitality, that before the bed is warmed its occupant is so thoroughly chilled that it is almost impossible to get warm again. In this way the system is unnecessarily taxed and the general health is reduced. When one must sleep in a cold room it would be better to wear flannel night clothes, warmed before putting them on, and perhaps with woolen stockings for night use in exchange for woolen hose worn all day, or to have the bed warmed before sleeping in. This can be done with a warming pan, or by filling a jug or bottle with water about to boil and placing it between the sheets. I find by experience that children rest more quietly in rooms with ventilated tops, such as are in some cold during the night than when they sleep in warmer and closer rooms, and I think it will be found that their lungs do not suffer in this direction. Their lungs do not suffer in this direction. They are embroidered by quite dishonest people, and children. They should be dressed by warmth, both by night and day, that they can be comfortable in rooms moderately cool.

On Friday evening last a little eight year old girl named Sunshine whose parents reside at the Dunkards' Meeting House near Stoystown, got lost in the woods and was found by the people of a nearby located Market, residing near Pine. The entire Market family, with the exception of three men who they manage to provide for in spite of the hard times, were absent. One of the sons of Mr. Market is said to be a large persimmon and. The little one, having discovered that nobody was at home, turned to browse her steps when she was attacked by the dogs. Of course the dog frightened, and, as many a dog of larger growth would have done tried to escape by running. She was soon overtaken and thrown to the ground, the large dog literally chewing her leg up from the knee down. Great strips of flesh were torn off and the little girl was horribly gashed. Besides the dogs have worked killed half of her legs for the timely appearance of a man who drove the ferocious brutes away and rescued the little one. The larger animal seems to have done all damage, the smaller ones contenting themselves with licking the blood which poured from the little girl's wounds. We learn that the father of the child requested Mr. Markey to kill the large dog, but that gentleman absolutely refused to do anything of the kind, evidently considering his dog of more value than many children.—*Hollidaysburg Standard.*

We publish below an article which appeared in the columns of the Altoona Evening *Mirror* of November 6, 1876, the evening before the election, and an article in regard to it from Capt. Rehr, of Lebanon. It is a little late for this kind of reading but as it was published too late to be answered prior to the election we want to try and set it right for all future time. This is not the first time that Gen. Campbell's political foes have undertaken to injure him in this manner, the same affair it having been used against him on two former occasions and always as a last card. Messrs. Linton and Rose of Johnstown have both given it an unequivocal denial and now Capt. Rehr also adds his testimony.

Capt. Rehr also sends us the Quartermaster's notice "to the officer Commanding the division in which the 54th Reg. P. V. is serving" of having paid a reward of fifty dollars for the arrest of a deserter, "Henry Rost, Co. F," and also the official notice to the Commanding officer of Company "F" notifying him of the arrest of Rost and the payment of the reward.

General Campbell's Military Record.

Inhuman Treatment of a Soldier.

Affidavit of Sergeant Rost

The friends of General Campbell, Mr. Reilly's opponent for Congressional honors, boast of that gentleman's military record. The following affidavit may enlighten the people somewhat concerning the General's treatment of his men while in the field:

AFFIDAVIT OF SERGEANT ROST.

Dauphin County, ss:

Personally appeared before the subscriber, an Alderman in and for the city of Harrisburg, Henry Rost, a citizen of said city, who after being duly qualified, doth depose and say:

I was the Orderly Sergeant of Company F, 54th Regiment P. V., Col. J. M. Campbell commanding. At the time the Regiment was stationed at North Mountain, on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, in February, 1863, I received a pass from Capt. G. W. P. Davis for twenty four hours for leave to visit my family at Harrisburg, who were suffering from sickness. On the road I was taken sick with rheumatism, and in that condition arrived at Harrisburg and reported to the Provost Marshal, whom at once had me placed in the Walnut Street hospital. After being in the hospital two weeks an Orderly Sergeant from the regiment with orders from Col. Campbell, came to Harrisburg for my arrest and return to the regiment. Against the request and recommendation of the surgeon in charge, Dr. Geo. A. Bowers, I went at once back to my regiment. Upon my arrival at the headquarters of Col. Campbell I was ordered by him to the ranks, he with his own hands tearing the chevrons from my arms. I was immediately thereafter ordered under arrest by the Colonel and the guard required to handcuff me around a tree for one hour, and then for one hour to a limb of a tree, as high as I could touch. The weather was intensely cold, and both my feet and hands were frozen so badly that my boots and socks of the soles of my feet came off. My comrades procured water and thawed my limbs so as to save them from destruction. The morning after, I was subjected to the same punishment until I became utterly exhausted, when the surgeon, Dr. Allen, ordered me to be taken down and carried to my quarters. I remained in quarters about two days, unable to be about, at which time the regiment moved to Romney, and from which I was transferred to the hospital at Cumberland, where I remained two months. My condition in the hospital was owing to the severity of the punishment inflicted upon me, my hands and feet being severely swollen and the veins of my legs so swollen so that I could not walk. At the time I am this in a measure relieved from blood in consequence of such cruel discipline. And the end of the two months in the hospital, I returned to my regiment, with the understanding that I was to receive a court-martial, for being found guilty, was sent again to the hospital, where I remained from July to October. At the expiration of that time I returned to the regiment, and served with it in private until the 23d of February, 1864, at which time I was taken prisoner in a skirmish and retained until the 8th of March. I was then paroled, and laid in Camp Parole for one month. I then received a pass to come home, where I was sick till August, and then returned to the regiment and served with it in all the engagements up to my final discharge, on the 7th of December, 1864.

At the time I was handcuffed to the tree two of the companies of the regiment threatened to turn out and release me, and I believe my release was owing to that demonstration of those companies of my comrades.

At the time of my return to the regiment from the hospital, Colonel Campbell offered to promote me if I would sign a paper releasing him from responsibility for his treatment of me, which request I persistently refused.

I voted for Mr. Lincoln in 1864, but in view of the facts herein stated, I am free to say that I will not support a ticket having upon it a prominent candidate by the name of Jacob M. Campbell, and I advise my friends to do the same.

HENRY ROST.

Sworn and subscribed before me, an Alderman in and for the city of Harrisburg, this 24 day of October, A. D., 1876.

DAVID BOWMAN,
Alderman.

The following from the Harrisburg *Patriot* will show what kind of a man Sergeant Rost is, and whether he is humble:

Sergeant Rost is a citizen of this city, and is a sober, industrious and truthful man. He has in his possession an honorable discharge and all the papers necessary to substantiate his narrative. He was a member of Company F, under command of G. W. P. Davis, who vouches for his good character, conduct and integrity. Capt. J. P. Sober, commissioned, and Lieut. Lamb, commissioned, testify to his good character. Rost was a hunter in the wilderness, but he was nearly unable to reach the appointed place in time, and gave it up and with it his chances of success. Hence the phrase "Up Salt River"—meaning hopeless defeat, signified by defeated.

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LEBANON, PA., November 9, 1876.

MESSRS. EDITORS SOMERSET HERALD:—By accident I happened to get the Altoona *Mirror* of the 6th inst., in which an article headed "General Campbell's Military Record," appears. I served as Sergeant Major of the 54th Pa. Vols., from its organization until in the fall of 1864. I then took command of Company F as First Lieutenant, and was subsequently promoted to the Captaincy, and served until the close of the war. While Sergeant Major, I knew every man in the Regiment, and distinctly remember everything that took place of such prominence as referred to in that statement. Harry Rost received a pass from Col. Campbell at North Mountain for twenty four hours to go to Hagerstown. Instead of going to Hagerstown he went to Harrisburg and was brought back by cavalry here as a deserter. Upon his arrival at the Regiment he was handcuffed to a tree, and held for about one hour. It was on a rainy evening in February, and there was nothing frozen about him to be punished on that day. If we lost any fingers or toes, we must have lost them in scratching and running away from engagements, for we never could be driven into any battle. There were no threats made to release him by any of the soldiers. Every trip leader approved of it. Some evenings he ought to be shot. As for his being in the hospital so much, is easily accounted for; whenever there was a sick tired by the enemy on the picket line he would suddenly get rheumatism and get himself sent there.

Knowing very well that it was published for political effect, and at the eleventh hour so as to prevent its being answered in time of the election, the state is not that of the same coward who deserted in the face of the enemy. I consider it my duty, therefore, to let the people of the XVIIth Congressional District know who the coward is, what he was, and that the article referred to is an untruth from beginning to end, save in to fly a deserter and shyster. In proof of the above I inclose you duplicate copies showing his appointment as a deserter after the punishment at the tree. These circulars and charges did not reach me until after his discharge, and that accounts for his discharge being dishonorable, a document he is not entitled to.

As for Col. Campbell there was not a braver better disciplinarian, or more honorable officer in the army; a friend to soldiers and an enemy to shysters.

Respectfully yours,

LEWIS REHR,
Late Capt. 54th P. V.

PORT LUDLOW, WASHINGTON TY., November 4, 1876.

DEAR SIR.—Have just been reading the SOMERSET HERALD sent me by a friend and which comes as sunshine to souls sleepers, so very welcome indeed that I want you to put my name down for a year's subscription; mail it to this place.

I have been here since February 12, 1876, and you'll acquit me of egotism in telling you how well I have succeeded, or will doubtless say "a Prophet is not without honor etc." For the first two months I filled the position of "Siwashe" roustabout, then I was promoted "Tenass Tyee," shipper and tallyman, and then was promoted to "Tyee" or book-keeper, there is but one more step in the line of promotion i. e., "Hyas Tyee" or business of my own. I would not like to undertake a description of the country and its resources but will content myself by saying there are oceans of magnificent timber. Logs are delivered at the mill at $5. The freight from here to San Francisco is $7 per M, while the average price is $22 per M. in the San Francisco market. Mill men do well, in fact it is the best country I know of for laboring men. The wages paid per month, are common laborers $40, choppers $75, ox-teamsters $100, cross-cut sawyers $65, carpenters $125, other trades in proportion. The above prices in gold, with board, per month.

The climate is miserable, there being rain at least eight months in the year. It is quite warm in winter and cold in the summer. Robins winter with us, but disappear in the summer. This country is a lazy man's paradise and abounds in game. It one longs for venison steak all he has to do is to let loose the dogs, and in a few moments a deer takes water to escape them. It is not sportsman like, but a very easy way to capture them. Or, if one fancies clam chowder, take a shovel and basket, dig anywhere on the beach, and you scoop them out with as little trouble as potatoes. There is a capital fish market, though none but pilgrims or new-comers ever care to call for fish, notwithstanding salmon, brook trout, herring, halibut, smelt and tom-cod abound.

Now then, prepare for what to you may seem an apparent "whopper" but is an every-day fact with us, viz: crows in countless numbers throng the place during the week, never than chickens at home, allowing one to walk within ten feet of them. At about half-past eleven a. m. they flock near the mill, and the moment the whistle sounds dinner-time, off rush the men to the messhouse, and in fly the crows. Every nook and cranny is searched by these innocent thieves for tallow, luncheons forgotten by the men, &c. Still more improbable but true, is the fact that hogs subsist principally upon clams. The crows train in company, and, watching their opportunity, seize the clams, and, flying to a considerable height, drop them on a rock in order to open the shell, which is nearly as hard as that of an oyster. On Sunday not a crow is to be seen or heard about the place, owing to the men being idle and shooting.

In clear weather we have a magnificent view of Mounts Rainier, Baker, and Olympus, the two former 120, and the latter 80 miles distant. One can scarcely imagine them so far removed, as they, being covered with perpetual snow, stand out in bold relief. Very truly yours,

EDW D L. ROSS.

The above letter was not written by Mr. Ross for publication, but thinking it would be of interest to our many readers, we have taken the liberty to print it. Mr. R. is will be remembered, was at one time a member of the firm of Camp, Sanner & Rose, lumber merchants of this place.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

CIVIL LIST.

Keystone Coal & Manufacturing Company vs. Salvage Fire Brick Company. Three cases were tried between these parties at this same date. Non suit was entered by leave of the Court. The cases will, however, be tried on a bill of equity.

Curtis K. Grove vs. Alex. Stutzman and Curtis Kooser, assumpsit. Jury disagreed and were discharged.

Hez. Latshaw use of Joseph Specht vs. C. F. Acutman, L. C. Lambert and Sam. Weil. Verdict for plaintiff for $289 72.

City Deposit & Trust Company vs. S. A. Maust, et al. Verdict for plaintiff for $2,635 50.

A. H. Coffroth's use vs. E. H. Marshal, et al. Verdict for plaintiff for $4,120 93.

John Dempsey vs. Frederick Weimer, Trustee, &c., Sci. Fa. Verdict for plaintiff for $253 48.

All other cases on the list were settled by the parties or continued by the Court.

ROAD VIEWERS.

Road from Bittner's saw mill, in Jefferson Township, to County Line Road where David Puttman and Lazarus Hochstetler's lands join Wm. Scott's, in said Twp., John R. Scott, surveyor, and Wm. Barron and Amos Knepper viewers.

The petition to vacate and supply parts of a road leading from the Somerset and Stoystown road by Valentine J. Miller's, Wm. H. Barnhart, surveyor, and Samuel Snyder, Esq., and John Winters viewers.

The petition of citizens of Summit Twp., to vacate road from a public road leading from Meyersdale to Sandpatch Tunnel, near Meyers' saw-mill, to intersect the public road at or near John Hersh's heirs' lands, leading from Berkley's mills to plank road in said Twp. John R. Scott surveyor, and Silas H. Lichty and Peter Bowser viewers.

The petition for a public road from Samuel Critchfield's to Freeman Infield's, in Milford Twp. Col. M. B. Miller surveyor, and John S. Miller and Daniel Whetstell viewers.

Adjourned court meets on Wednesday evening, December 27 1876, at 6½ o'clock p. m.

THE death of Mr. Benjamin Duffin, the oldest Odd Fellow in the United States, is announced, and will be received with regret by the members of the fraternity in this city. Mr. Duffin was one of the few who met on the 26th of October, 1821, at the house of John Upton, No. 56 Dock street, in this city, and there formed themselves into a lodge which was the nucleus of Pennsylvania Lodge, No. 1, of Pennsylvania. This lodge continued to assemble and initiate members until the 27th of June 1823, when it was duly constituted and opened as the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, and of which Mr. Duffin was elected grand secretary, which office he continued to hold until the 14th of June, 1828, when he resigned to go to Europe. After a short absence he returned to this city. Subsequently he removed to Baltimore, where he has been prominently identified with Odd Fellowship for over forty years.—*Philadelphia Evening Telegraph.*

DIED.

GLESSNER.—Annie E. Glessner of Jenner Twp., died Oct., 1876.

She came home from Reformed to pay a brief visit to her parents. A day or two after her arrival she took sick and in the short space of two weeks she was claimed by the icy hands of death. Her remains were followed to her final resting place by a large concourse of friends. She is waiting the trumpet call in the cemetery of the Calvary Reformed Church.

ZIMMERMAN.—Joseph Zimmerman, died Nov., 9th, at his residence in Shade Twp.

He was a faithful member of the Reformed Church. He soon followed his aged father, and now father and son are sleeping their last sleep side by side in the old grave yard below the borough of Stoystown. May they rest in peace.

Special Notices.

Dr Flaney's Compound Syrup of Buchu is guaranteed to cure inflammation of the kidneys and bladder, painful or suppressed urination, so frequent in old age, painful or suppressed menstruation, affections of which, gravel, gleet, excoriation, bloody discharges, Bright's disease, sediment deposits, dropsy, pain in the back or side, sick headache, pimples, blotches and eruptions on the face, and all diseases of a special or constitutional nature, regardless of duration, age or sex. Compound Syrup of Buchu is a positive and radical cure. For sale by Geo. W. Benford & Co., Somerset, Pa., and Mountain & Co., Conflumce, Pa. sept5

J. HARRY FRITZ, County Surveyor, will give special attention to all surveying writing of deeds, mortgages, bonds, wills, agreements, &c., entrusted to him.

TAKE NOTICE.—He will be found in his office every Saturday Somerset Pa.

SOMERSET MARKET

Corrected by COOK & BERKEY.
DEALERS IN
CHOICE GROCERIES, FLOUR & FEED,

Apples, dried, ℔ ℔	5c
Applebutter, ℔ gal	40@50c
Bran, ℔ 100 ℔s	$1 25
Butter, ℔ ℔ (box)	18@20c
Butter, ℔ ℔ (roll)	20c
Buckwheat, ℔ bushel	50c
" meal, 100 ℔s	$2 00
Beeswax, ℔ ℔	25c
Bacon, shoulders, ℔ ℔	12½c
" sides,	13c
" country hams, ℔ ℔	11c
Corn, (ear) ℔ barrel	90c
Corn, (shelled) ℔ bushel	90c
Corn meal ℔ ℔	2c
Calf skins, ℔ ℔	8c
Eggs, ℔ doz	12½c
Flour, ℔ bbl	$6 00@6 50
Flaxseed ℔ bu. (56 ℔s)	75c
Rates, (organized) ℔ ℔	15c
Lard, ℔ ℔	15@18c
Leather, sole, ℔ ℔	30@33
" upper "	35@50c
" kip "	75@90c
Middlings, white, 100 ℔s	$1 50@2 00
Oats, ℔ bu	35@35c
Potatoes, ℔ bu	45@50c
Peaches, dried, ℔ ℔	12c
Rye ℔ bu	75c
Rags, ℔ ℔	3c
Salt, No. 1, ℔ bbl, extra	$2 00
" Ground Alum, per sack	$2 00
" Ashton, per sack	$4 75
Sugar, yellow ℔ ℔	10@12c
" white	12½@14c
Tallow, ℔ ℔	5c
Wheat, ℔ bus	$1 25
Wool, ℔ ℔	40@50c

New Advertisements.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

By virtue of an order of Orphan's Court, to me directed, I will expose to public sale on

Saturday, Dec. 16, 1876,

at 1 o'clock p. m. in Berlin, the following real estate, late the property of Henry Snider dec'd:

No. 1. A tract of land situate in Brothersvalley Tp., containing 56 acres more or less with a two-story frame dwelling house, large stable with threshing floor, about 15 acres clear, balance in timber, adjoining Annanias Landis, R. C. Landis and others.

No. 2. A tract of land in same Tp., is called the Anawalt tract, containing 123 acres more or less, with a log house and bank barn thereon erected, about 20 acres clear, adjoining lands of Uriah Bowman, Berg. Walker, and No. 1.

No. 3. Four acres of land adjoining Simon Hay, David Dickey and Henry G. Hay, with a one and one-half story house and stable thereon erected.

No. 4. The undivided one-third of 448 acres more or less, situate in Allegheny Tp., with a one and one-half story house, small barn, about 50 acres clear, balance well timbered.

TERMS.—One-third in hand on the 1st day of April 1877, balance in three equal annual payments, without interest, to be secured on the premises; 10 per cent. of hand money to be paid as soon as the property is knocked down.

JOHN SUDER.
Trustee.

Nov. 29.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphan's Court of Somerset Co., Pa., dated Nov. 20, 1876, I will expose to public sale at Petersburg, said county, on

Tuesday, Jany. 2d, 1877,

the following described real estate, late the property of Samuel Miller of Addison dec'd.

No. 1. A certain tract of land situate in Addison Tp., Somerset Co., Pa., one half mile east of Petersburg on National Road, containing 91 acres, more or less, a log dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings thereon erected, adjoining lands of Jonas Augustine's heirs, Wm. Miller, Wm. Hileman, Henry Bittenberger and Henry Bird.

No. 2. A certain tract of land in Addison Tp., one mile east of No. 1, containing 12 acres more or less adjoining lands of Jonas Augustine's heirs, Henry Hager, and Wm. Roody and known as a Ridge tract.

TERMS—One third in hand and the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest from confirmation of sale.

WM. MILLER.
Administrator.

Nov. 29.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

The undersigned executor and trustee for the sale of the real estate of George Brant of Stonycreek Tp., Somerset Co., Pa., dec'd, will sell at public sale on

Saturday, Jany. 6, 1877,

at 1 o'clock p. m., on the premises of said decease, the following described real estate, viz:

No. 1. A certain tract of land situate in Stonycreek Tp., Somerset Co., Pa., adjoining lands of Martin Shank, Wm. Mosholder and others, containing twelve acres more or less, with improvements.

No. 2. A lot of ground situate in the town of Shanksville, Somerset Co., Pa., adjoining lands of Jacob Rose, Widow Schrock and others, containing one acre more or less.

Terms made known on day of sale.

JOHN BRANT.
Executor and Trustee for sale of real estate.

Nov. 29.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset Co., Pa., to me directed, I will expose to sale by public outcry at the Court House in Somerset Borough, on

Saturday, Dec. 16, 1876,

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, viz:

The undivided one-half of a certain tract of land situate in Paint Tp., Somerset Co., Pa., containing 60 acres more or less, about 25 acres cleared, with three frame dwelling houses, saw mill, grist mill, blacksmith shop and other outbuildings thereon erected, adjoining lands of John Custer, Reuben Miller, Aaron Berkey, Joseph Rummel and others, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of Kore Kauffman, at the suit of Joseph Johns.

TERMS—Any person purchasing at the above sale will take notice that ten percent of the purchase money will be required as soon as property is knocked down, otherwise it will again be exposed to sale. The residue of the purchase money must be paid on or before the 25th day of January, 1877, the day fixed by the Court for the acknowledgment of Sheriff's deeds, and no deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in.

GEORGE W. PILE.
Sheriff.

Nov. 29.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

The undersigned Trustees for the sale of the real estate of Henry Lohr, late of Quemahoning Tp., Somerset Co., Pa., dec'd, will expose to sale on the premises in said Tp., on

Saturday, Dec. 16, 1876,

the farm of decedent, containing 142 acres and 145 perches strict measure, about 35 acres cleared, and about 10 in meadow. Adjoining lands of John Loy, A. Washer and others, having thereon erected a two-story log dwelling house, bank barn and other outbuildings. There is on the farm a good spring, excellent young orchard and sugar camp, a good lime quarry and coal bank. This farm is about 3½ miles from Stonycreek, and is convenient to mills and schools.

We will expose to sale at the same time and place, the following personal property of decedent: A heifer and three pot kettles.

TERMS—One third in hand, and the balance in two equal annual payments to be secured by bonds.

PETER F. GARDNER,
CHARLES A. LOHR,
Trustees.

Nov. 29.

PUBLIC SALE.

In pursuance of the will of Jacob Zarefoss, late of Stonycreek Tp., deceased, and by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Somerset Co., Pa., to us directed, we will sell at public sale on

Saturday, Dec. 23, 1876,

the homestead of deceased, situate in Stonycreek Tp., Somerset Co., Pa., adjoining lands of Samuel Zirefoss, Levi J. Long, Emanuel Pile and Cyrus Baymon, containing 156 acres and allowance. The improvements are about 140 acres cleared, 25 acres in meadow, and apple orchard, three dwelling houses, a large barn, also a stable and other outbuildings thereon erected, good running water in abundance. There is water on the premises and limestone is also believed to be on the farm; also good timber on the premises. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock of said day on the premises.

TERMS.—One third in hand, $200 thereof to be paid when the property is knocked down and the balance on the first day of April 1877 when possession is given, the residue in six equal annual payments thereafter, to be secured by judgment notes.

CYRUS RAYMON,
MARTIN BRANT,
Executors.

Nov 29.

NOTICE.

An election will be held by the members of the Farmers' Union and Fire Insurance Co., of Somerset Co., Pa., at Berkley's Mills, on Monday the first day of Dec., 1876, commencing at 1 o'clock p. m