Established 1850.

J. G. HARVEY & CO.,

BUTTER

COMMISSION HOUSE,

75 EXCHANGE PLACE,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Solicits consignments of Butter and Produce generally. Red cards for marking kegs can be had at all the principal stores in the county or will be forwarded by mail on application.

Kennard & Oudesluys,

BUTTER

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NO. 83 EXCHANGE PLACE,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

WE HAVE A LARGE TRADE FOR

GLADES BUTTER,

AND ALL FIND IT TO THEIR INTEREST TO SHIP TO US. WE PROMISE RETURNS WITH CHECK AS SOON AS THE BUTTER IS SOLD, AND WILL MAKE LIBERAL ADVANCES ON ALL SHIPMENTS. CARDS CAN BE OBTAINED AT EXPRESS OFFICES.

sep9

The Somerset Herald.

WEDNESDAY, . . . October 21, 1874.

TIME TABLES.

SOMERSET & MINERAL POINT RAILROAD.

On, and after Monday, July 7th, 1873, trains will run as follows:

	ARRIVE.	ARRIVE.
Mail East	10 a. m.	5:30 p. m.
Mail West	2 45 p. m.	9:00 a. m.

W. F. ALTFATHER, Gen'l. Supt.

P. W. & B. R. R.—PASS MINERAL POINT.

Express East	11:36 p. m.
Express West	5:21 a. m.
Mail East	12:03 p. m.
Mail West	4:50 p. m.

Butter Wanted

BY

KENNARD & OUDESLUYS

IT IS NECEDY TIME for shipping **GLADES BUTTER** and we advise all the dairymen to take advantage of every cold day to ship their butter down to us as rapidly as possible. We have a very *active call* now, for good dairies and can readily sell from 1,000 to 2,000 kegs every week, at highest market price. Butter merchants from the South and coast cities are now beginning to lay in their fall and winter stocks of butter, and we advise dairymen to ship their butter promptly so as to get the advantage of this very desirable trade. We will use every effort to get HIGHEST PRICES, and as soon as the butter is sold will send sales and check. We will also make liberal advances on shipments.

Hoping to receive liberal shipments promptly.

Respectfully &c.,

KENNARD & OUDESLUYS.

83 EXCHANGE PLACE.

Baltimore, Md.

WE will commence in the next number of the HERALD a serial story of great interest, written expressly for this paper, by a gentleman of ability, a native born citizen of this county and fully acquainted with the scenes of its past history. The romance written in a highly exciting and interesting manner, will relate many stirring incidents of local interest in the olden time

WE would call the attention of all builders to the card of The National Stair Building and Turning Shop, to be found in our advertising columns. Messrs. J. Welsh & Co. are at present doing work in all parts of Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio, and have facilities for turning out work of this kind, that defies competition both as to styles and prices. Send for their Price List.

Catherine Leach, aged 100 years, died at her residence near Freedom, Blair county on Monday of last week. She was born near Gettysburg in 1780 and had very distinct recollections of General Washington. She lived to see her great, great, great grand children, and retained the full use of her mental and physical powers in a remarkable manner.

WE were pleased to notice in the Cumberland *Times* of the 21st that Dr. Stanley Fundenburg was one of the successful competitors at the Allegheny Co., Fair for the premiums on blooded cattle; over two hundred dollars having been awarded to him.

RATHER STRANGE BUT TRUE.—Strange as it may appear, it is nevertheless true, that the fellow who won't take the paper, because by withholding his patronage he thinks he can break it up, is the first man to gobble the copy of some paying subscriber. This looks a little inconsistent, but it is a fact. This kind of a man will swear he wouldn't touch it with a pair of tongs, but he will sit around stores and hotels on the evening of issue, and before the paper is dry from the press will bounce upon it like a duck upon a June bug, and sell it before the person who pays for it had a chance to read it.

WE learn from the *Valley Independent* that Mr. E. J. Walker sold his farm of about 200 acres to Mr. Peter C. Meyers for $15,000. More than one third of the money was paid down.

That the Elklick and Cumberland Coal Co. resolved at their meeting last week to commence developing their coal fields at once and be ready for shipping coal by next spring. This is good news.

That a drove of turkey's passed through that place on Friday. These were driven from near Berlin and are intended for the Frostburg market.

THE Buffalo Valley R. R. was formally opened on Wednesday of last week. Mr. Rathbun, General Freight Agent of the P. & C. R. R. Ex Senator Geo. Anderson, Col. E. D. Yutzy and F. J. Kooser were among the distinguished visitors present. A large number of the citizens of Berlin and its immediate vicinity were at the depot when the excursion train arrived but their feelings at the sight of the new engine and car were evidently too much for them. Not even a cheer came from the vast crowd assembled. The occasion was one of great pleasure and all things passed off well but quietly. Capt. Albert Heffley entertained a number of the guests at his house during the evening. The gentlemen made merry over a pitcher of cider and a basket of chestnuts. The captain is a jovial, hospitable fellow.

GOVERNOR THOMAS E. BRAMLETTE, manager of the Gift Concerts in aid of the Public Library of Kentucky, of Louisville, in that State, will do us a favor not to tempt us more with advertisements of that institution. The laws of the State forbid the publication of such advertisements, and do not discriminate between one of this kind, which is honest and for a good purpose, and shyster concerns. We know that some one will, on the 30th of Nov. next, buy the $250,000, and others smaller sums, and that the money will be promptly paid, as has been the case in the four preceding ones; but the law will not allow us to publish their advertisements. Keep them away from us.

THE question has often been asked by those interested, "Can I have my gray hair restored to its natural color, without coloring the skin? and can my thin locks be thickened up?" We answer, "It can;" and would advise you to read a treatise on the hair, which is published by R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H., who send it free, upon application. They are the proprietors of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer. We learn from it, the hair, in a perfect state of health, is constantly falling out, and new hairs grow from the same tubes; but, in cases of any disease of the scalp, or by the use of alcoholic preparations, the hair tube becomes contracted at its mouth, and prevents the new follicle from reaching the surface. Their preparation will create a perfectly healthy condition of the scalp, and, by its tonic properties, will preserve and strengthen the roots of the hair.

Statesman, Des Moines, Iowa.

DR. MOTT'S LIVER PILLS.—It is easy enough to make a pill, ah! that's the difficulty. There are cheap, harsh, drastic pills, that are of even less benefit than a dose of salts; but a good medicine, like Dr. Mott's Liver Pills, which penetrates to the seat of disease, is a desideratum indeed. Will positively cure all diseases of the liver. Sold everywhere. John F. Henry, Curran & Co., Proprietors, 8 and 9 College Place, New York.

ROSS MCCLINTOCK of Addison, a farmer of great promise at present engaged in teaching the Petersburg grade school, exhibited at Ross & Son's store in Confluence, two potatoes weighing five and three fourths pounds. The average yield of the patch was a bushel to every sixteen hills. While the average weight of the crop would be one pound apiece. Bring on your Murphys.

OUR esteemed friend, Mr. Higglebottom, of Westmoreland County, brought into our sanctum yesterday a rare plant. We are somewhat at a loss to classify and describe it. It is undoubtedly an androgynus. The stigma is bilanellate; the stem tricotomous. We are delighted to find that it is angiomonospermous. Its flower when in bloom must have been superb and fragrant, as, after it has been dried in the sun and exposed to the atmosphere since the tenth of last September, you can smell it a mile. To a man up a tree it looks like a century plant; that is to say, a hundred of them would perfume a neighborhood for twice fifty years. One of our frostiest scientists thinks it is the *Helleborus Polecaticus* of Holoferne. We understand that its counterpart may be distinguished in a private letter of the poet who made the fame of the great Agamemnon, written the night after concluding his magnificent account of the batrachomyomachy. We asked Mr. Higglebottom why he had not taken the plant to Frank Cowan, who would have given it xylographic elaboration and was able to describe it with pulchritude and perspicuity? and told him he should do so now. "Dod rot him, were the last words of Higginbottom."

Confluence Items.

LITTLE JESSE, son of John A. Walker of Addison cut the first joint of his thumb off last Thursday while engaged in cutting up punkins to feed the crows. He made a clean cut and a good job of it, though only six years old. Dr. Mountain treated the case successfully, and the boy is doing well.

MRS. WILLIAM ROYER of St. Louis a daughter of Abraham Augustine of Addison was brought to her old home and buried on Thursday last. Rev. Koser preached the funeral sermon. The concourse in attendance was a very large one.

CAPTAIN KYLAR of Confluence says, there is a new system of Buckwheat cultivation lately introduced in the south of the county. It is sown in among the corn and pulled by hand (very carefully) in the fall. Hung up very carefully, to dry around the outside of the house. The threshing has not been attended to, but we think it had better be done on a new fangled sewing machine or one of Joe Beachy's steam washers. Kylar however insists that since the introduction of Colonel Yutzy's Guano Factory or Factor, the new system must be a great success.

MARCELLUS FRAZEE of Addison fell from an apple tree last week and broke his arm near the wrist. Dr. Mitchell fortunately was just passing the house at the time and was at once called and set the broken bone and gave the sufferer relief. Mr. Frazee is the son of William Frazee now of Somerfield, one of of the best and most substantial men of the township. He is a relative of Perry Collier, and their farms adjoine in the fertil and romantic region, which Perry poetically calls "Tinkers Ridge." The land is very good and pleasantly situated in spite of the name.

THE Oil trains on the P. W. & B. Railway are both an interesting and suggestive sight. To see car after car filled with nicely painted, clean, well-hooped barrels pass in quick succession is interesting to every one interested in the productions of the great rich but unappreciated state of Pennsylvania. It is a suggestive of increased business and prosperity of the rail road and that to build up a trade it is necessary for all enterprises not only to meet but in a measure anticipate the necessesities of trade. We sincerely hope the growing wants of the country for increased travelling facilities will recive the attention from this company that is shown by all other leading roads. A great and pressingwant has long been felt along the line for increased accomodation.

THE man that "rassled" with his boots after pay day on the rail road, occupied a room next one of the HERALD staff. The struggle is described as a desperate one but perseverance and boot grease accomplished wonders. Though greatly exhausted and his stomach somewhat riled, he breathed something devoutly forth that didn't sound exactly like a prayer, leastways not like the prayers in use in the HERALD OFFICE, and tumbled into bed. His repose was disturbed and brief for in a short time he arose, with a longing for home and visions of his native city. For when he laid thrust his head far out of the window he agonisingly ejaculated New Yark oh! New Your-k oh! Or maybap it was New-ark New Jersey that he so affectionately apostrophised.—But such a life.

GEORGE F. DAWSON Esq., of the Connellsville Locomotive Works, accompanied by his son was on a brief visit to Confluence and other points in this county last week. It is a note worthy fact that those works continued in active operation throughout the panic. As their payments amount to upwards of five thousand dollars monthly, it demonstrates two things that the firm are "stiff-in-the-back" financially and turns out extra work or they could not have withstood shocks that shook some and prostrated other of the heaviest firms in the nation.

A partial list of questions used in the recent examinations in Somerset County:

Orthography—Apostasy, Acquiesce, Alkali, Alpaca, Bow-knot, Intercede, Supersede, Accede, Almighty, Celibacy, Cygnet, Debauchee, Dysentery, Ecstasy, Eviscerate, Fascinate, Herbaceous, Deleble, Indelible, Bivouac, Sergeant, Colonelcy, Reckless, Bowie-knife, Artesian, Madeira, Duteous, Tableaux, Hygiene, Bilious, Dahlia, Incense, Benefited, Psychology, Johany-cake, Barbecue, Laaland, Leipsic, Ter-Shelling, Calais, Lille, Spree.

Define Spelling.

Write three separate Radicals, and three derivative words.

What are subtonics?

Geography—What is a State? A City? Describe a Delta; A Water shed? What is a Reef? A Table-land? Name the Republics of Europe? What proofs have we of the rotation of the earth? Which is greater the equatorial or polar diameter of the earth and what is the distance in miles? What is the estimated population of the world? Area of square miles? Name the zones and give the width of each? What are the capitals of Fezzan, Madagascar and Switzerland? Locate Acapulco, Orporto, Hammerfest, Isle of Man, the Maelstrom and Moscow? Locate the most elevated and the most depressed lake in the world? What is the length and breadth of the Great Desert, the average width of the Gulf Stream in miles? What is the chief river of Persia called? What two large rivers of Europe flow into the Mediteranean Sea? What divisions constitute the Ottoman Empire? Name the highest mountains of each grand division and give its height. Name the largest six cities of the United States in order of their size.

History—State briefly what you know about the Northmen? When and by whom was Florida discovered; the Mississippi; the Pacific Ocean? When, where and by whom was the Declaration of Independence written? Name the seven Presidents of the United States that were born in Virginia; two that were born in New York. What three are noted in the History of the United States? Describe the marriage of Pocahontas. Who invented the electric telegraph, where was the first line erected, and what was the first telegram? What are the eligibilities of a President? When did President Lincoln issue his Emmancipation Proclamation and why? Write a list of the present cabinet of the U. S. Who is Gov. of Pa., for how long is he elected, what is his salary, and when does he enter his office? How many counties in Pennsylvania, and how many townships in Somerset County?

Mental—If a man sleeps 9½ hours each day what per cent of his time does he sleep? John's money is to Henry's as 2 to 3; if ⅓ of John's money is put on interest for 3 years and 9 months at 10 per cent it will amount to $550. How much money has each? A boy hired to a mechanic for 20 weeks, on condition that he should have $20 and a coat, at the end of 12 weeks the boy quit work, when it was found he was entitled to $9 and the coat. What was the value of the coat? A person walked to the top of a mountain at the rate of 3½ miles an hour, and down again at the rate of 3½ miles an hour, and was gone 5 hours; how far did he walk altogether? ¾ of the square of twice a number is equal to 5-4 of the square of 4-3 of the number increased by 28. What is the number? Two years ago Mr. Smith was 5 times as old as his son John will be 2 years hence, and 3 years hence his age will equal 15 times John's age 3 years ago. What is the age of each?

Written Arithmetic—If 7 bushels of apples cost $3½, how many bushels will $14½ buy? Divide the sum of .075 and .0075 by the difference between 7.5 and .75. Find the present worth of $477.71 due 4 yrs 6 mo hence? If a stack of hay keep 24 cows and 18 horses one week; how many days will it keep 5 cows and 5 horses? How many yards of carpeting 1½ yards wide would be required to carpet a room 6½ yards long and 5½ yards wide? Supposing a number of stones were laid a rod apart, for 30 miles, the first stone by side of a basket. What distance will a man travel who gathers them up one by one, returning with each one to the basket? A pipe 1¼ inches in diameter will fill a cistern in 40 minutes. In what time will 6 pipes each ¾ of an inch in diameter fill a cistern 3 times the capacity? How many yards of paper 30 in. wide, will it require to cover the wall of a room 15½ yr. long, 11½ yr. wide and 7¾ yr. high?

English Gammar—What is a Derivative Word; a Separable Radical? Describe a Defective Verb; a Unipersonal Verb? What is Conjugation; Etymology; Syntax? What is Parsing? Describe a Verbal Noun; a Verbal Adjective? When does a common noun become proper, and a proper noun become common? Write the principal parts of the Verbs wear, ant, forsake, sit, set, drink. Write the passessive plural of child, ox, you, woman, boy. What nouns form their plurals by the addition of es? Write a Complex Declarative Sentence containing all the parts of speech. Diagram the following sentence: Being a teacher and seeming to be a teacher, are quite different things. That thought is joy let come what may to me. Correct the following and give a reason for the correction. Lost a gutta-percha cane by a gentleman with a gold head. Tell them girls to come quick. Parse words italicised, The *mountain-cloud that* at night hangs round him, and the *breath of morning* scatters, *is the cloud* that *wraps* the conqueror's clay in death. He gave *what money* he *had*. The bee *stinging* the *boy set itself free*.

The Election Law.

Changes affected by the New Constitution.

I. Two months' residence in the election district is required instead of ten days. This renders the "colonizing" of divisions less easy and more expensive.

II. The State or county tax must be assessed at least two months instead of ten days, and must be paid at least one month before the election.

III. Every ballot *shall* be numbered when received and the number recorded on the list of voters opposite the name, and the voter *may* write his name or cause it to be written on his ticket.

IV. In trials of contested elections and proceedings for the investigation of elections (which will include the proceedings before the judges of the court in receiving and counting the returns) a witness is compelled to testify although his evidence may criminate himself. This sweeps away the right which the perpetrators of frauds heretofore had to decline to answer, and compels them to tell the whole truth in court or expose themselves to an indictment for perjury.

V. Nobody can be an election officer who holds, or for two months prior to the election has held, any office, appointment, or employment in or under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or of any municipal board, commission, or trust in any city. This excludes an objectionable class of persons who have heretofore figured largely among the election officers.

VI. Two overseers may be appointed by the Court of Common Please, on the application of five citizens. They have a right to supervise the proceedings of election officers, may report to the court, and where the election officers differ in opinion, the overseers, if they agree, may decide the difference.

VII. The "naturalized" citizen must have been "naturalized" at least one month before the election.

Changes in the election laws by the act of 1874.

The polls shall be opened at 7 a. m. and closed at 7 p. m. Under the old law the polls closed at 6 p. m. and voters who could not afford to lose half a day from their work could not reach the polls in time to vote.

To entitle a person to vote he shall have resided in the division two months before the election. Under the old law ten days was all the time required for a residence.

To entitle a person to vote he shall have paid a State or county tax within two years, which was assessed two months and paid at least one month before the election. If he has lost his receipt he can make an affidavit of the fact. Under the old law the tax could have been paid at any time within the two years, but the receipt was required to be produced if the voter was challenged, and unless he could produce the receipt he was not entitled to vote.

A person, who is otherwise qualified may vote although his name does not appear on the assessor's list. He shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to his residence, who shall be sworn or affirmed, and subscribe an affidavit of the fact. The person claiming a right to vote must also sign a partly written and partly printed affidavit, setting forth the grounds of his claim and right, and that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting. These affidavits require time and care in their preparation, and are placed by the election officers with the votes, tally lists, and other papers in the box and sealed up.

All persons claiming a right to vote may be challenged, and proof of their right must be made. There is a penalty of fine and imprisonment for any election officer to disregard a challenge and to refuse or require proof when a person is challenged.

Every ballot shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerk in the list opposite the name of the elector from whom received. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon and attested by a citizen of the district. This is entirely new and is obviously advantageous. It will prevent ballot box stuffing the substitution of tickets or placing of stickers over the names on the ticket after the vote is cast, and will assist in the detection of fraud at any contested election.

The election officers shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as a witness in a judicial proceeding. It is made a misdemeanor, and is therefore an indictable offence for any election officer to disclose how an elector voted. This is also entirely new, and will enable timid people or those holding position under an employer to cast their votes according to their choice, without being called to account therefor, by any person or party.

It is a misdemeanor for any person not a resident of the division to use any intimidation or violence to prevent any officer of election from performing his duties, or to prevent any person from exercising his right to challenge a person offering to vote.

As soon as the polls close, the officers of the election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for. Under the old law the votes were counted every hour, and it was thus rendered an easy matter to tell what number of fraudulent votes would be required to secure an election.

The vote, as soon as counted, shall be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present, and a brief statement showing the votes received by each candidate, shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted, and the same shall be immediately posted up on the door of the election house, for information to the public. The officers of election are liable to a penalty of fine and imprisonment for neglecting or refusing to perform their duties. And it is a misdemeanor for any person to willfully tear, deface, or destroy the statement or return so put up.

The returns shall be made out in triplicate, with, in addition, a return sheet, in all of which the votes received by each candidate shall be given after his name, first in words and again in figures, and signed by all the officers and certified by the overseers, if any. Of these returns, one is placed in the box and the other two in envelopes, sealed up, and one of the envelopes is given to the minority inspector to keep, and the other, with the return sheet, is taken to the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas.

The second day after the election the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas shall present the returns of the election to the court. Three or more of the judges shall be present. (Except in counties where there is no President Judge, and there the Associate shall act.) The sessions shall be open to the public. The returns shall be opened by the court and computed, by such of its officers and such of its sworn assistants as the court shall appoint, in the presence of the judges of the said court. In case the return of any election division shall be missing, or in case of complaint of a qualified elector under oath, charging palpable fraud or mistake, or where fraud or mistake is apparent on the return, the court shall examine the return, and if, in the judgment of the court, it shall be necessary to a just return, said court shall issue summary process against the election officers and overseers, if any, of the division complained of, to bring them forthwith into court, with all the election papers in their posession; and if palpable fraud or mistake shall be discovered, it, shall, upon such hearing as may be deem necessary to enlighten the court, be corrected by the court, and certified.

Another new act of Assembly, forbids any tax collector to issue receipts for taxes which shall not have been paid, or to antedate and receipt under a penalty of fine and imprisonment, and the presentation of any tax receipt knowing that it mis-states the time or fact of payment is also made an indictable offence.

MARRIED.

THOMAS—STOUFFER—At Davidsville Oct. 11th, 1874 by H. J. Boyts Esq., Mr. Jacob Thomas to Miss Amanda Stoufler, both of Conneman gh Tp., Somerset Co., Pa.

SPANGLER-BOUCHER—At the residence of the brides father, September 10th, 1874, by Rev. Smith, Mr. Spangler to Miss Sarah Boucher.

GARDNER—HORNER—On October 20th 1874, by Joseph Cummins Esq., Mr. George A. Gardner to Miss Clarisa Horner all of Somerset Tp.

INFIELD—MEYERS—On the 11th, inst., at New Lexington, by A Shrock Esq., Mr. Solomon Infield to Miss Ellen Meyers, boath of Middlecreek Tp.

MEIRICH—KUHNS—ON the 23rd of Aug. 1874, by Rev. J. A. Nuner, Mr. Israel Meirich of Bedford Co., and Miss Mary Kuhns of Somerset Co., Pa.

MILLER—LONZ—On the 17th of Sept. 1874, at his residence, by Rev. Josiah Barkley, Joseph B. Miller of Jefferson Tp., to Annie Florence Lonz of Somerset Tp., Somerset Co., Pa.

BENDER—PENROD—On the evening of the 15th inst., at Stoystown, by the Rev. J. K. Bricker, Mr. Edmund Bender, to Miss Lydia Penrod, all of Stoystown Pa.

DIED.

KOOSER—On the 4th inst., Jacob Kooser at his residence in Milford Tp., Story County, Iowa, aged about 44 years.

The deceased was born in Milford T., Somerset County Pa., in 1830. In 1857 he went to the cold region of Minnesota, where he remained one year. Then he went to Story Co., Iowa, where he remained until his death. Liking the country very well he purchased a farm of new prairie land and added to it until he had a farm of about 400 acres. He was respected by all who knew him; he leaves a wife and four children to mourn his loss.

MITCHELL—Died at his residence in Garret Co., Md. October 5th 1874, Hiram Mitchell aged 65 years, 1 month and 24 days. He was born in Addison Tp., Somerset Co., Pa.

REAM—At the residence of his son-in-law John M. Miller Esq., of Addison Tp., Samuel W. Ream formerly of Lower Turkeyfoot Tp., in the 90th year of his age. Born in 1788 died August 28th, 1874. He was born, lived and for many years owned the farm on which the thriving town of Ursina is built. In many respects apart from his great age he was a remarkable man. A notice of his death and an obituary was mailed to both the County papers, but failed to appear. We cannot allow so important a connecting link with the past to be severed without some notice, however, imperfect. Respect for one who saw the county change from a rugged wilderness to a rich, beautiful and peaceful land. One who saw the Nation emerge from the desperate struggle of the Revolution with a mere existance, with wonderful recuperative power and unexampled rapidity assume a rank and station among the mightiest Nations of the Earth—forbids that some notice of a lifetime so pregnant with mighty events should not be taken. His last looks were over a fertile and happy land crowded with smiling homes and thriving villages, in strange contrast with his first recollections, the indelible impressions of childhood when a dense wilderness filled with savage beasts and yet more savage men spread limitless and illimitable around him. Originally endowed with great strength and wonderful activity, an excellent temper, an honest, kind and fearless heart, he was of course universally popular in a new country where such gifts were better than gold and silver. He reared a larged family in habits of honest industry, and for many years manfully struggled with the hard-ships and dangers incident to a frontier life. Yet old age descended on him like a pleasant autumn day. And even to the last his flesh was firm, his cheeks rounded and fat, his teeth beautifully even, sound and white. His mind still gave the firm yet friendly grip, his genial smile was more than a speech of welcome from another, and had all the charms of youth. The greater part of his life was spent at the place where he was born. But his descendants scattered, and a few years ago to be near the estimable family of his son-in-law he moved to Addison. It is needless to say that his last days were soothed by the loving ministrations of his attached friends and his venerable wife. That the attention so gracefully rendered by the young and gratefully received by the aged, were his.

In 1844 while still in the prime of life he became a member of the Jersey (Baptist) Church, one, if not the very oldest church in the county, then under the pasterage of the Rev. Wm. Woods. The funeral discourse by the Rev. James R. Brown of Confluence, was from *Philippians 1st and 2nd*, was listened to by many old and attached friends. May he rest in peace.

R.

A Marriage in Mid Air.

CINCINNATI, October 20.—Charles M. Balton, ticket taker, married Mary E. Walsh, equestrienne, yesterday afternoon in Donaldson's balloon. Their attendants were W. C. Coup, Mr. Barnum's manager and Anne Yates. The officiating clergyman was Rev. H. B. Jefferies, of Pittsburgh. The master of ceremonies was D. S. Thomas. The party, seven in all, ascended from the hippodrome in the presence of nearly fifty thousand persons. The balloon was gaily decorated and rose majestically and landed in half an hour. The nuptial party drove to the cathedral and was re-married to satisfy the bride by Father Quinn. They held a reception last evening. This is the first bona fide marriage in mid-air on record.

Ten Thousand Acres of Prairie and Timber Lands Destroyed.

FORT WAYNE, October 21.—The fire which has been burning five miles west and southwest of this city now assumes a serious aspect. It is estimated that nearly 10,000 acres of prairie and timber lands are burning on the line of the Toledo, Wabash and Western railway, which causes a dense smoke to settle over the city and surrounding country, making it nearly as dark as night in the middle of the day and rendering breathing difficult. It is feared that the fire may reach this city if we do not soon have rain.

Great Destitution.

OMAHA, October 22.—Mr. E. B. Chandler, Secretary of the State Aid Society, states that there are from seven hundred to one thousand people who will need to be led during the coming winter. The citizens of this State are doing all they can, but will be unable to supply all the demands upon them.

SOMERSET MARKET

Corrected weekly by A. J. CASSNER & Co.

Apples, dried, ℔ ℔	5c
Apjlebutter, ℔ gal	40c@50
Butter, ℔ ℔	25c
Buckwheat, ℔ bushel	$1 60
Beeswax, ℔ ℔	30c
Bacon, shoulders, ℔ ℔	8c
" sides "	9c
" hams, "	12c
Corn, ℔ bushel	90
Corn meal ℔ ℔	2c
Calf skins, ℔ ℔	$1 25
Clover Seed—small	$7 00
Clover Seed—large	7 50
Eggs, ℔ doz	15c
Flour, ℔ bbl	6 5
Flaxseed ℔ bu., (56 ℔)	$1 50
Lard, ℔ ℔	12@9
Leather, red sole, ℔ ℔	30@35
" upper "	70c
" kip, "	80c
Oats, ℔ bu	30c
Potatoes, ℔ bu	50c
Peaches, dried, ℔ ℔	12@9
Rye ℔ bu	$1 00
Rags, ℔ ℔	2c
Salt, No. 1, ℔ bbl	$3 00 to 3 10
" ℔ ℔ sk	$1 20
" Ashton, "	$2 00
Sugar, yellow ℔ ℔	10@12c
" white "	13@15c
Tallow ℔ ℔	6@7c
Wool, ℔ ℔	50@60

A SUBSTITUTE FOR QUININE.

For years, quinine was regarded as the only specific for malarious diseases, and immense quantities of the drug were annually consumed throughout our western country, more particularly along the river bottoms and adjoining low lands.

With the fall months malaria, in all its varied form, stalks like an ephagale through the land, and whole districts are prostrated with chills and fever, the entire population shaking with ague. Heretofore, quinine was regularly resorted to; but, while it frequently failed to effect a cure, it invariably deranged the stomach, producing nausea, vertigo and fugitive pains in the head to such an extent that months elapsed ere the system recovered from its effects. These objections to its use were so marked, that the introduction of Mishler's Herb Bitters was hailed as a triumph in medicine. Infinitely more certain in its beneficial effects than quinine, it possessed none of the demerits of that drug. Instead of nauseating, it tones and invigorates the stomach, and while speedily expelling the noxious humors, lessenses the appetite and facilitates digestion, thus rendering the system stronger, and better fitted to resist the attacks of disease. In fact, a judicious use of Mishler's Herb Bitters at this season of the year, will prevent the recurrence of that dreadful scourge, to which no one who have never passed an autumn without it. An experience of twenty years proves it to be the greatest ANTI-PERIODIC known to medical science.

There are, perhaps, no diseases so subject to climatic changes as affections of the Kidneys. Hundreds of our farmers, mechanics, and laboring men, strong and hardy in all other respects, suffer continual inconvenience, and occasionally excruciating pains in the back and across the loins; experience a frequent desire to pass water, pain during its passage, and frequent stoppages in its flow. These are manifestations resulting from some strain or heavy lift (perhaps years ago), and aggravated by every change in the weather. Every slight cold flies direct to this one weak spot, and unless promptly attended to the disease becomes chronic, and the once strong man a miserable wreck. Mishler's Herb Bitters is the *only certain* remedy for this class of diseases. It has a peculiar tendency to the kidneys, stimulates them to healthy action, and removing the cause, prevents the formation of brick-dust deposits, which, if permitted to continue, will by cohesion form gravel stones, necessitating a painful operation for its removal. Many of the ingredients entering into its composition are universally recognized as specifics for all complaints of the urinary organs. In Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, all disorders of the Bowels, and affections of the Throat and Lungs, it is equally certain and efficacious; while, as a remedy for the complaints peculiar to the female sex, it has no equal. LADIES, old and young, married and single, in every condition of life, will find this GREAT FEMALE REMEDY *prompt, safe, certain and reliable*. The pale, sallow complexion is replaced by a blooming healthful countenance, and its *occasional* use enables Nature to perform her functions REGULARLY AND WITHOUT INCONVENIENCE. Sold only in bottles by all Druggists and general dealers. Oct. 21.

Centaur Liniment.

There is no pain which the Centaur Liniments will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lockjaw palsy, sprains, swellings, caked-breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum, ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, spavin, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, and all healing pain reliever. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are rendered harmless, and the wounded are healed without a scar. It is no humbug. The recipe is published around each bottle. They sell as no article ever before sold, and they sell because it does just what they pretend to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment. More than 1,000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweenied horses and mules, or for screw worm in sheep.—Stock owners these liniments are worth your attention. No family should be without them. "White wrapper for family use;" Yellow wrapper for animals. Sold by all Druggists. 50c per bottle; large bottles, 1 00. J. B. ROSE & CO., 52 Broad-st, New York.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest. aprl12.

New Advertisements.

Transparent Playing Cards.

With splendid fancy colored pictures in each card when held to the light. Send *One dollar* to Gildensleeve & Hess, 69 Fifth avenue, and you will receive a pack postage paid. The largest stock of Albums in the city.

GILDENSLEEVE & HESS, 69 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. oct28

FOR SALE.

BOOTS & SHOES,

Hats and Caps

Cheaper than ever

IN

Cover's Building,

Somerset, Pa.

We desire to say to the public, that we have leased the above named room until the completion of our new building, northwest corner of the Diamond, (which will be on or before Jan. 1,) where we will be pleased to have parties desiring to purchase goods in our line to call and see the

NEW FIRM,

NEW STYLES,

AND NEW PRICES.

See Reduction in Prices.

Men's Gum Boots, double soled, wool lined	$4 00
" Buckle Ankle Gaiters " "	2 00
Womens " " " "	1 50
Misses " Over-shoes and Alaskas	1 00
Mens Sandals	90
Womens "	60
Misses "	50
Childrens "	45

Boots made to order. Repairing neatly and promptly done. All custom work warranted.

Parties visiting our town who contemplate purchasing anything in our line will do well to call and see for themselves.

We are positive we can sell goods at lower figures than any other store in town as we purchase goods for cash sell for cash and thus save from 15 to 20 per cent by not having bad debts, and by saving the expenses of Book-keeping. We are willing to give the benefit of these advantages to our customers.

Frank Sipe & Co.

oct28

NEW ATLAS

OF

Somerset County, Pa.

Compiled and drawn from actual Surveys of each Township, under the personal supervision of F. W. BEERS, Civil and Topographical Engineer, 36 Vesey St., New York.

THIS ATLAS WILL CONTAIN.

Carefully and elaborately drawn, engraved and colored plans of each **Township, Borough and Village** in the county, on a large scale, each plan being shown separately, with the location of each **Dwelling, Store and Public Building**, with the name of the owner thereof; also, the Wagon Roads with the measured length in rods, from careful surveys; together with the Rivers, Streams, Railroads, Canals, &c.

All new and proposed Railroads are to be located on the plans.

An outline plan of **Somerset County**, colored by **Townships**, showing the relation of all the Towns and important villages to each other, with the Wagon Roads and Railroads shown. Also, **all the original Lot and Warrantee Lines with their numbers!** where they can be procured.

A handsome **State Map of Pennsylvania**, colored by **Counties**, showing in their proper relations, all the Counties, principle Cities, Railroads, &c., &c.

A General **Map of the United States**, colored by **States**. Showing the relation of the different States to each other, the principal Railroads and important Cities.

A Table of distances, giving in miles and tenths the nearest distance from any one to all the other important villages in the County.

Population of the **United States, Pennsylvania and Somerset County.**

Agricultural productions of Somerset County.

The whole to make a volume 12x15¼, substantially bound, with cloth sides and leather back and embellished with a handsome gilt title on front cover, altogether making a neat, substantial and useful book of reference.

Being strictly local, the Atlas will be published for subscribers only.

F. W. Beers & Co.,

PUBLISRERS,

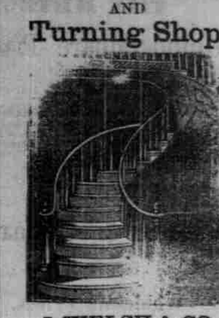
36 VESEY ST.,

NEW YORK.

Oct., 21.

New Advertisements.

NATIONAL STAIR BUILDING AND Turning Shop



J. WELSH & CO.,

Manufacturers of

Stairs, Hand-rails, Balusters,

NEWEL POSTS, &c.

Nos. 66 and 68 Lacock Street,

ALLEGHENY, CITY, PA.

oct28

Artist's & Wax Flower Materials.

DECALJOMANIA PICTURES.

Fine Stationery.

Send for a Catalogue.

GEORGE W. BACKOFEN,

No. 161 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

oct28

SHERIFF'S SALE.—

By virtue of Sundry writs of *Venditioni Exponas* and *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset county, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose to sale by public outcry, at the Court House in Somerset, on Friday the 6th day of November, 1874, at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, viz:

All the right, title, interest and claim of George Cook of, in and to the following described real estate viz:

A certain lot of ground situate in Wellersburg Borough, Somerset county, Pa., containing ¼ acre more or less, with a 1½ story frame dwelling house thereon erected, adjoining lots of Alph Wilmoth, Canfield & Thomas and fronting on Turnpike, with the appurtenances. Taken in execution as the property of George Cook at the suit of Joseph Dilly.

ALSO.

All the right, title, interest and claim of G. J. Beachy of, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Eight certain lots of ground situate in Salisbury Borough, Somerset county, Pa., containing—acres and known in Beach Survey as lots Nos. 11, 12, 13, 14, 45, 46, 47 and 48, adjoining lands of John W. Ringler and J. W. & A. P. Beachy, and Peter S. Livengood, with a 1½ story frame dwelling house and stable thereon erected, with the appurtenances. Taken in execution as the property of G. J. Beachy at the suit of Wm. F. Huston et al.

ALSO.

All the right, title, interest and claim of Moses Yoder of, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

A certain tract of land situate