

Of the three thousand post-offices in Pennsylvania one hundred and fifty are held by women.

Miss Ada C. Sweet, daughter of the late General Sweet, Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has been nominated by the President and confirmed by the Senate as Pension Agent at Chicago, a position said to be worth \$6,000 or \$7,000 a year.

Late advices from Harrisburg say that the liquor question has taken a new turn, and that all hope of procuring the repeal of the local option law has been abandoned by its opponents.

A bill establishing a uniform system of school books for the State has been introduced into the Legislature. We trust it will be enacted into a law, and the frequent changes made for the benefit of rival publishers and speculating book agents, thus be broken up.

Instead of Hon. H. H. McCormick, Speaker of the House, being nominated for U. S. Attorney to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of H. Bucher Swopes, Esq., the President on Friday last nominated David Reed, Esq., of Pittsburgh, for the position. The opposition to McCormick was so strong that it is alleged he voluntarily withdrew from the struggle.

We regret to notice the total destruction by fire, a few days since, of the Beaver Radial printing establishment. The building, a very fine one, was owned by Col. M. S. Quay, Secretary of the Commonwealth, and in the printing establishment Senator Rutan was a prominent partner.

Our own bitter experience of a similar calamity has taught us how to sympathize profoundly with our friends in the heavy loss and inconvenience which they must suffer.

The official returns of the vote in New Hampshire are practically complete. The town of Ellsworth, not yet heard from, has about forty-five votes, three-fourths of which are Democratic.

Blackman, 35,573; McCutchen, 34,131; Weston, 2,993; scattering, 10. After the vote of Ellsworth is in, Ellsworth will lack about 650 of a majority. The House stands, Democrats, 178; Republicans, 167; which, of course, ensures Weston's election in June. The Granite State is in the hands of the Democrats.

BALBY, of the Danbury News, puts in his word on the new temperance movement thus: "There can be no harm in praying for or with saloon keepers if it is done in the right spirit; but to threaten to pray at them in public if they do not abandon the traffic is to grossly pervert a sacred ordinance into an instrument of blackmail. Why threaten them at all with prayer? If they need prayer—if prayer is to break them up, then pray and do it at once. But it is not necessary to go to their saloons."

One of the surest proofs that the business interests of the country have not yet recovered from the effects of the late crisis, is to be found in the fact that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has lately withdrawn from an engine from work on the middle and eastern divisions of its road, and that within the last two weeks over three hundred men have been suspended from work in the shops at Altoona. Another striking evidence of demoralized business interests is the fact that the Cambria Iron Works at Johnstown have again suspended work, it being publicly announced that the books of the company do not contain a single unfilled order for any of its products.

The Pittsburgh Commercial directs attention to one feature of the recent New Hampshire election which is worthy of special consideration. Temperance people in other States—our own among the number. It is that while the Republicans boldly adopted a prohibitory plank in their platform, the so-called prohibitory party voted for their own men and prevented the choice of representatives in the Republican towns of Rochester, Newport, Bristol and other places. Had they acted with the Republicans in those towns, the Legislature would have been Republican and the prohibitory law saved. But as it is, they aided in securing a Democratic triumph, and the repeal of the law and a year of free rum will be the reward of their fanatical folly.

The adoption of the "local option law," by many of the counties in this State, considerably lessened the receipts of the Internal Revenue Bureau, and now the Cincinnati Gazette publishes a statement showing that, owing to the late temperance crusade, the income in eleven of the largest liquor districts in Ohio and Indiana, for the months of January and February, has fallen off \$343,720.14.

This will be gratifying news to the "temperance people," but as according to the estimates of the revenue officials, eighty per cent. of the taxes collected are obtained from spirits and malt liquors, all the falling off of receipts from this source, will have to be made good by taxation in some other quarter. Congress will soon have to restore some of the abolished taxes, as a certain yearly amount of revenue must be obtained to defray the expenses of government and pay the interest on the national debt.

The trans-Allegheny canal convention, held in Pittsburgh last week, has expected could hardly tell of the delegations from this and adjacent counties in Pennsylvania and Maryland, attracted but little attention in the Smoky City. The feasibility of a proposed canal was demonstrated by a report from the eminent engineer making the survey, but it necessarily large cost gives the matter an impracticable cast at present. Government aid is not immediately to be hoped for, nor the undertaking of the work in the near future, but something is to be gained by directing public attention to the subject, and we are gratified to note that measures were taken for the reassembling of the friends of the project at Washington at an early day, with the intent of memorializing Congress on the subject.

Speaking of the political outlook, the German Telegraph well says: "Last year was what is usually called an 'off year' in national politics, no Congressmen being elected and no great State elections being contested. But the present year is half way toward the Presidential campaign of 1876, and is also important on account of the elections for the next Congress. Accordingly we begin it with unmistakable evidences of a general effort to organize an opposition sufficiently powerful to defeat the friends of the Grant administration. As in 1872 the ball opened with an insidious attempt to defeat General Grant by a most outrageous and bare faced charge of corruption; so now in 1874 the campaign opened with a furious assault upon the great Republican citadel, Philadelphia, and on the same spurious pretext, corruption.

By this time the game is pretty well understood. But it continues with the same reckless audacity. All manner of charges of mal-administration have been trumped up, mountains are made out of mole hills, and even in a case where in the regular enforcement of the civil service code, a new collector of customs was appointed in Boston, a tremendous uproar has been raised about it. It is truly lamentable that at a time when the country sorely needs repose in order to regain the mischief wrought by the panic of last fall, we should be afflicted with another political agitation that has nothing on earth for its object but President Grant. And the prospect of three more years of this agitation is anything but pleasant.

There is, however, one reflection that is a consolation. This agitation, at the rate it is going on, must wear itself out before the time comes for the Presidential election. This was the case with the assault on the administration prematurely begun in the Senate by Sumner, Trumbull and Schurz. It burnt its own force out by its violence, and when the Presidential canvass came neither the assailants nor their charges proved of any account. The result was that Mr. Trumbull lost his seat in the Senate, and Horace Greeley lost his senses and his life. From all present appearances two more Senators are likely to lose their seats as the result of the present agitation. The Republican party sloughed off some of its troublesome elements in 1872. It can spare more of them in 1876, and there are apparently quite a number anxious to try the Liberal dodge again. The worst effect of all this agitation is that it prevents the success of any administrative policy, foreign or domestic. But what do these desperate political gamblers care for the policy of the Republic? For a long time they have been playing the game of principle, but now they have changed it to the game of interest.

THE TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT IN NEW YORK. The temperance movement in New York has had its effect on New York, though the plan adopted can never be successful here. The temperance interest is too immense, and the lawlessness of the element affected by it is too dangerous to be tackled in that way. But the good people are at work nevertheless, in the way indicated in previous letters, and they are strengthening their hands by meetings of personal solicitation, and every other way. One good effect of the agitation has been the awakening of the churches to the evil. Trinity Church is the richest religious corporation in the country, and her wealth is almost entirely in real estate. The sinners fact has been developed that this church rents one hundred and twenty buildings to wholesale and retail liquor dealers! The press has called the attention of the Managing Board to this fact and has driven them into steps to remedy it. The temperance people say there is but little use of their aid upon the liquor interest so long as the greatest church in America is really a partner in it, and they are about right. But whether anything will be accomplished or not, is doubtful. Trinity is too rich to do much good. You see it takes all its time to take care of its property!

A NEW POWDER. I hasten to lay before your lady readers an important fact. For years the fashion in powder has been white, with a reddish tint. This is all changed. The correct thing now is the unblanched face powder, a clear olive tint, which is considered much more stylish than the old pearl white and fish tint. This converts the lady using it into a brunette. Of course there must be red on the cheeks, but the foundation—the first coat if I may use the expression—must be olive. Remember this, fair ladies! You must be olive Indians, or an approximation thereto. And another thing. Take the long high heels off your shoes, and have good square heels put on, set back where the heel ought to be. Fashion has, for once, done a good thing. But how long will it last!

"PAROLE ARTILLERY." About these days look out for peddlers with a new toy for children, called "Parole Artillery." This cheerful article is a cannon loaded with nitro-glycerine, which discharges an india-rubber ball, and warranted to be "harmless." But nevertheless a box of the cartridges did explode in a house on Fourth avenue, and did blow the front up as completely as though a powder magazine had exploded there. Charles Augustus, aged five, loading and firing his little cannon, warranted harmless. He drops one into the box and an explosion ensues. Charles Augustus is not to be found, nor is Mary Anne, his little sister, who was regarding the proceedings with interest. The clerks are gone, but you will find pieces of them in the back yard. Small fragments of C. A.'s boots, and possibly one of Mary Anne's gaiters will be enough to hold a funeral over. This is what you may expect if you purchase for your little dears anything possessing so great a disturbing power as nitro-glycerine cartridges. Give the parole artillery a wide berth. I never liked a cannon in any shape. So deep seated was my aversion to cannon that at the breaking out of the late war I refused to enlist in an artillery company—or any other company.

HARRISBURG, March 17.—Mr. Humphreys introduced an act relating to the manner of advertising for the State. Mr. Rutan, to enable banks to conduct their business, and passed without dissenting voice, also granting \$2,000 to the Home for Deaf Mutes at Pittsburgh. The Judicial Appointment bill passed finally. The Senate disagreed and appointed Messrs. Rutan, Humphreys and Wagoner a committee on the subject. The appropriation for the Northern Home of Friendly Children of \$10,000 passed; also, for the Board of Public Charities of \$6,000. A number of bills passed to second reading at the afternoon session.

HARRISBURG, March 18.—A number of bills were called up and passed without dissenting voice. Mr. Graham presented the report—majority and minority—from the Commission appointed to consider the expediency of a removal of the Western Penitentiary. Senate Bill No. 56 was called up. This bill is one that is designed to prevent corruption and improper attempts to influence legislation. It passed finally. The Senate adjourned early to allow the Finance Committee to meet a Committee from Pittsburgh.

HARRISBURG, March 19.—Mr. Rutan introduced a bill appointing a committee to report to the legislature a uniform system of school books. Mr. McKenley offered a resolution fixing the date of final adjournment at April 1st. HOUSE. The resolution requesting the President to grant Fitz John Porter a new trial was supported by Messrs. Brockway, Christy and Allen, and passed, 61 to 11. The bill to prevent the destruction of forests and rail fences by fire from locomotives passed. The bill authorizing cities to purchase gas and water companies passed. Mr. Stranahan presented the remonstrance of 300 citizens of Sharon against the repeal of the Local Option.

HARRISBURG, March 20.—The Senate spent the entire morning in debating the propriety of a final adjournment on the 23d of April and failed to agree on any time.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 22.—The most destructive fire that has ever occurred in this city, broke out about 7 o'clock this evening, in the new four-story block of buildings known as the Mercantile block, on the corner of Washington street and Market and Ohio. The Mercantile block, consisting of six store-rooms almost completed, was entirely destroyed. From the Mercantile block the fire extended across the street to the Sheets block, on the corner of Pennsylvania and Market streets, and a number of offices, which were entirely destroyed. The fire extended to Chaffee's livery stable on Washburn street, and several similar buildings in the rear of Martindale's block were destroyed. At half-past eight the fire is apparently under control, and probably will not extend further. The correct amount of the damage done is not yet ascertained, but it is estimated at between three and four hundred thousand dollars.

ROCHESTER, Pa., March 19.—A disastrous fire occurred at Beaver this morning, at about three o'clock, resulting in the total destruction of the Radical building. The following are the losses: Orr & Cooper, hardware store, from \$8,000 to \$9,000; no insurance. J. H. McCreary & Co., loss not ascertained; insured for \$5,000 in a Pittsburgh Company. Beaver County Printing Company, \$2,000; insured in the same office for \$5,000 in the following companies: Rochester, of Rochester, Pennsylvania, \$1,000; Lycoming \$2,000 and the Etna \$2,000. John R. Horrah, attorney, whose office was in the second story, loss from \$1,000 to \$1,200; no insurance. J. S. Rutan and D. L. Hutchins, who have offices on the second floor, loss respectively, \$500 and \$800; no insurance. The third floor was arranged for two halls, one occupied by the Odd Fellows, who lose \$1,500; insured in Rochester for \$800. The other was occupied by the Young Men's Christian Association. The heads of the men were nearly severed from the bodies, while those of the mother and children were crushed with some blunt instrument. The County Court of St. Clair county has offered \$1,000 reward for the murderers.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 10.—A fearful outrage was perpetrated by a mob at Abasco, in the State of Jalisco, last Sunday. In the morning a priest, Fr. Juan de los Rios, was seen in the course of which he advocated the extermination of the Protestants. So excited his hearers that an armed mob of two hundred persons gathered in the evening and proceeded to a Convent of the Sisters of Charity, where the clergyman, smashed his head to a jelly and chopped his body to pieces. They afterwards sacked the house and carried off everything of value. After much delay the riot was suppressed by the local authorities. The government has sent a detachment of troops to the place. A rigid investigation has been set on foot, and orders have been issued to the priest in Abasco and the neighboring town of Tlaxitlan. A mob in Saguya, acting under similar religious frenzy, attacked the small garrison of the town, burned the public archives and pillaged the houses of the authorities.

MEMPHIS, March 16.—Detective Watson left for Nashville to-day with Robert Bates, arrested at Barrett yesterday for killing young Briarly near Nashville, 13th January, at a dancing party. A few days ago two colored justices in Desota county Mississippi against parties residing in rival beds or districts, led to a clash of authority, one charging the other with having changed his docket by entering this rival's decision, and forthwith issued a warrant for his arrest. When the constable, with a colored posse, arrived at the residence of the justice, he found an armed party awaiting their arrival, who fired upon the posse, badly wounding two men, and killing one. The man who was taken to Austin by the sheriff, who arrested the entire party. The case was being tried at last accounts, and caused intense excitement among the colored population.

MONROE CITY, Pa., March 19.—The fire kindled by lightning yesterday night is still burning. The oil in the iron tank which burst at nine o'clock belonged to the Union Pipe Company and not Joseph Bushnell as reported. A second tank burst at midnight, and the fire extended to the Adams well, which it destroyed. Seep's engine house was burned. Several dwellings and stores have been destroyed, and it is difficult to say when or where the damage will stop. The total loss to date will exceed thirty thousand dollars. No lives were lost.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 22.—The most destructive fire that has ever occurred in this city, broke out about 7 o'clock this evening, in the new four-story block of buildings known as the Mercantile block, on the corner of Washington street and Market and Ohio. The Mercantile block, consisting of six store-rooms almost completed, was entirely destroyed. From the Mercantile block the fire extended across the street to the Sheets block, on the corner of Pennsylvania and Market streets, and a number of offices, which were entirely destroyed. The fire extended to Chaffee's livery stable on Washburn street, and several similar buildings in the rear of Martindale's block were destroyed. At half-past eight the fire is apparently under control, and probably will not extend further. The correct amount of the damage done is not yet ascertained, but it is estimated at between three and four hundred thousand dollars.

ROCHESTER, Pa., March 19.—A disastrous fire occurred at Beaver this morning, at about three o'clock, resulting in the total destruction of the Radical building. The following are the losses: Orr & Cooper, hardware store, from \$8,000 to \$9,000; no insurance. J. H. McCreary & Co., loss not ascertained; insured for \$5,000 in a Pittsburgh Company. Beaver County Printing Company, \$2,000; insured in the same office for \$5,000 in the following companies: Rochester, of Rochester, Pennsylvania, \$1,000; Lycoming \$2,000 and the Etna \$2,000. John R. Horrah, attorney, whose office was in the second story, loss from \$1,000 to \$1,200; no insurance. J. S. Rutan and D. L. Hutchins, who have offices on the second floor, loss respectively, \$500 and \$800; no insurance. The third floor was arranged for two halls, one occupied by the Odd Fellows, who lose \$1,500; insured in Rochester for \$800. The other was occupied by the Young Men's Christian Association. The heads of the men were nearly severed from the bodies, while those of the mother and children were crushed with some blunt instrument. The County Court of St. Clair county has offered \$1,000 reward for the murderers.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 10.—A fearful outrage was perpetrated by a mob at Abasco, in the State of Jalisco, last Sunday. In the morning a priest, Fr. Juan de los Rios, was seen in the course of which he advocated the extermination of the Protestants. So excited his hearers that an armed mob of two hundred persons gathered in the evening and proceeded to a Convent of the Sisters of Charity, where the clergyman, smashed his head to a jelly and chopped his body to pieces. They afterwards sacked the house and carried off everything of value. After much delay the riot was suppressed by the local authorities. The government has sent a detachment of troops to the place. A rigid investigation has been set on foot, and orders have been issued to the priest in Abasco and the neighboring town of Tlaxitlan. A mob in Saguya, acting under similar religious frenzy, attacked the small garrison of the town, burned the public archives and pillaged the houses of the authorities.

MEMPHIS, March 16.—Detective Watson left for Nashville to-day with Robert Bates, arrested at Barrett yesterday for killing young Briarly near Nashville, 13th January, at a dancing party. A few days ago two colored justices in Desota county Mississippi against parties residing in rival beds or districts, led to a clash of authority, one charging the other with having changed his docket by entering this rival's decision, and forthwith issued a warrant for his arrest. When the constable, with a colored posse, arrived at the residence of the justice, he found an armed party awaiting their arrival, who fired upon the posse, badly wounding two men, and killing one. The man who was taken to Austin by the sheriff, who arrested the entire party. The case was being tried at last accounts, and caused intense excitement among the colored population.

MONROE CITY, Pa., March 19.—The fire kindled by lightning yesterday night is still burning. The oil in the iron tank which burst at nine o'clock belonged to the Union Pipe Company and not Joseph Bushnell as reported. A second tank burst at midnight, and the fire extended to the Adams well, which it destroyed. Seep's engine house was burned. Several dwellings and stores have been destroyed, and it is difficult to say when or where the damage will stop. The total loss to date will exceed thirty thousand dollars. No lives were lost.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 22.—The most destructive fire that has ever occurred in this city, broke out about 7 o'clock this evening, in the new four-story block of buildings known as the Mercantile block, on the corner of Washington street and Market and Ohio. The Mercantile block, consisting of six store-rooms almost completed, was entirely destroyed. From the Mercantile block the fire extended across the street to the Sheets block, on the corner of Pennsylvania and Market streets, and a number of offices, which were entirely destroyed. The fire extended to Chaffee's livery stable on Washburn street, and several similar buildings in the rear of Martindale's block were destroyed. At half-past eight the fire is apparently under control, and probably will not extend further. The correct amount of the damage done is not yet ascertained, but it is estimated at between three and four hundred thousand dollars.

ROCHESTER, Pa., March 19.—A disastrous fire occurred at Beaver this morning, at about three o'clock, resulting in the total destruction of the Radical building. The following are the losses: Orr & Cooper, hardware store, from \$8,000 to \$9,000; no insurance. J. H. McCreary & Co., loss not ascertained; insured for \$5,000 in a Pittsburgh Company. Beaver County Printing Company, \$2,000; insured in the same office for \$5,000 in the following companies: Rochester, of Rochester, Pennsylvania, \$1,000; Lycoming \$2,000 and the Etna \$2,000. John R. Horrah, attorney, whose office was in the second story, loss from \$1,000 to \$1,200; no insurance. J. S. Rutan and D. L. Hutchins, who have offices on the second floor, loss respectively, \$500 and \$800; no insurance. The third floor was arranged for two halls, one occupied by the Odd Fellows, who lose \$1,500; insured in Rochester for \$800. The other was occupied by the Young Men's Christian Association. The heads of the men were nearly severed from the bodies, while those of the mother and children were crushed with some blunt instrument. The County Court of St. Clair county has offered \$1,000 reward for the murderers.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 10.—A fearful outrage was perpetrated by a mob at Abasco, in the State of Jalisco, last Sunday. In the morning a priest, Fr. Juan de los Rios, was seen in the course of which he advocated the extermination of the Protestants. So excited his hearers that an armed mob of two hundred persons gathered in the evening and proceeded to a Convent of the Sisters of Charity, where the clergyman, smashed his head to a jelly and chopped his body to pieces. They afterwards sacked the house and carried off everything of value. After much delay the riot was suppressed by the local authorities. The government has sent a detachment of troops to the place. A rigid investigation has been set on foot, and orders have been issued to the priest in Abasco and the neighboring town of Tlaxitlan. A mob in Saguya, acting under similar religious frenzy, attacked the small garrison of the town, burned the public archives and pillaged the houses of the authorities.

MEMPHIS, March 16.—Detective Watson left for Nashville to-day with Robert Bates, arrested at Barrett yesterday for killing young Briarly near Nashville, 13th January, at a dancing party. A few days ago two colored justices in Desota county Mississippi against parties residing in rival beds or districts, led to a clash of authority, one charging the other with having changed his docket by entering this rival's decision, and forthwith issued a warrant for his arrest. When the constable, with a colored posse, arrived at the residence of the justice, he found an armed party awaiting their arrival, who fired upon the posse, badly wounding two men, and killing one. The man who was taken to Austin by the sheriff, who arrested the entire party. The case was being tried at last accounts, and caused intense excitement among the colored population.

MONROE CITY, Pa., March 19.—The fire kindled by lightning yesterday night is still burning. The oil in the iron tank which burst at nine o'clock belonged to the Union Pipe Company and not Joseph Bushnell as reported. A second tank burst at midnight, and the fire extended to the Adams well, which it destroyed. Seep's engine house was burned. Several dwellings and stores have been destroyed, and it is difficult to say when or where the damage will stop. The total loss to date will exceed thirty thousand dollars. No lives were lost.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 22.—The most destructive fire that has ever occurred in this city, broke out about 7 o'clock this evening, in the new four-story block of buildings known as the Mercantile block, on the corner of Washington street and Market and Ohio. The Mercantile block, consisting of six store-rooms almost completed, was entirely destroyed. From the Mercantile block the fire extended across the street to the Sheets block, on the corner of Pennsylvania and Market streets, and a number of offices, which were entirely destroyed. The fire extended to Chaffee's livery stable on Washburn street, and several similar buildings in the rear of Martindale's block were destroyed. At half-past eight the fire is apparently under control, and probably will not extend further. The correct amount of the damage done is not yet ascertained, but it is estimated at between three and four hundred thousand dollars.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 22.—The most destructive fire that has ever occurred in this city, broke out about 7 o'clock this evening, in the new four-story block of buildings known as the Mercantile block, on the corner of Washington street and Market and Ohio. The Mercantile block, consisting of six store-rooms almost completed, was entirely destroyed. From the Mercantile block the fire extended across the street to the Sheets block, on the corner of Pennsylvania and Market streets, and a number of offices, which were entirely destroyed. The fire extended to Chaffee's livery stable on Washburn street, and several similar buildings in the rear of Martindale's block were destroyed. At half-past eight the fire is apparently under control, and probably will not extend further. The correct amount of the damage done is not yet ascertained, but it is estimated at between three and four hundred thousand dollars.

ROCHESTER, Pa., March 19.—A disastrous fire occurred at Beaver this morning, at about three o'clock, resulting in the total destruction of the Radical building. The following are the losses: Orr & Cooper, hardware store, from \$8,000 to \$9,000; no insurance. J. H. McCreary & Co., loss not ascertained; insured for \$5,000 in a Pittsburgh Company. Beaver County Printing Company, \$2,000; insured in the same office for \$5,000 in the following companies: Rochester, of Rochester, Pennsylvania, \$1,000; Lycoming \$2,000 and the Etna \$2,000. John R. Horrah, attorney, whose office was in the second story, loss from \$1,000 to \$1,200; no insurance. J. S. Rutan and D. L. Hutchins, who have offices on the second floor, loss respectively, \$500 and \$800; no insurance. The third floor was arranged for two halls, one occupied by the Odd Fellows, who lose \$1,500; insured in Rochester for \$800. The other was occupied by the Young Men's Christian Association. The heads of the men were nearly severed from the bodies, while those of the mother and children were crushed with some blunt instrument. The County Court of St. Clair county has offered \$1,000 reward for the murderers.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 10.—A fearful outrage was perpetrated by a mob at Abasco, in the State of Jalisco, last Sunday. In the morning a priest, Fr. Juan de los Rios, was seen in the course of which he advocated the extermination of the Protestants. So excited his hearers that an armed mob of two hundred persons gathered in the evening and proceeded to a Convent of the Sisters of Charity, where the clergyman, smashed his head to a jelly and chopped his body to pieces. They afterwards sacked the house and carried off everything of value. After much delay the riot was suppressed by the local authorities. The government has sent a detachment of troops to the place. A rigid investigation has been set on foot, and orders have been issued to the priest in Abasco and the neighboring town of Tlaxitlan. A mob in Saguya, acting under similar religious frenzy, attacked the small garrison of the town, burned the public archives and pillaged the houses of the authorities.

MEMPHIS, March 16.—Detective Watson left for Nashville to-day with Robert Bates, arrested at Barrett yesterday for killing young Briarly near Nashville, 13th January, at a dancing party. A few days ago two colored justices in Desota county Mississippi against parties residing in rival beds or districts, led to a clash of authority, one charging the other with having changed his docket by entering this rival's decision, and forthwith issued a warrant for his arrest. When the constable, with a colored posse, arrived at the residence of the justice, he found an armed party awaiting their arrival, who fired upon the posse, badly wounding two men, and killing one. The man who was taken to Austin by the sheriff, who arrested the entire party. The case was being tried at last accounts, and caused intense excitement among the colored population.

MONROE CITY, Pa., March 19.—The fire kindled by lightning yesterday night is still burning. The oil in the iron tank which burst at nine o'clock belonged to the Union Pipe Company and not Joseph Bushnell as reported. A second tank burst at midnight, and the fire extended to the Adams well, which it destroyed. Seep's engine house was burned. Several dwellings and stores have been destroyed, and it is difficult to say when or where the damage will stop. The total loss to date will exceed thirty thousand dollars. No lives were lost.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 22.—The most destructive fire that has ever occurred in this city, broke out about 7 o'clock this evening, in the new four-story block of buildings known as the Mercantile block, on the corner of Washington street and Market and Ohio. The Mercantile block, consisting of six store-rooms almost completed, was entirely destroyed. From the Mercantile block the fire extended across the street to the Sheets block, on the corner of Pennsylvania and Market streets, and a number of offices, which were entirely destroyed. The fire extended to Chaffee's livery stable on Washburn street, and several similar buildings in the rear of Martindale's block were destroyed. At half-past eight the fire is apparently under control, and probably will not extend further. The correct amount of the damage done is not yet ascertained, but it is estimated at between three and four hundred thousand dollars.

ROCHESTER, Pa., March 19.—A disastrous fire occurred at Beaver this morning, at about three o'clock, resulting in the total destruction of the Radical building. The following are the losses: Orr & Cooper, hardware store, from \$8,000 to \$9,000; no insurance. J. H. McCreary & Co., loss not ascertained; insured for \$5,000 in a Pittsburgh Company. Beaver County Printing Company, \$2,000; insured in the same office for \$5,000 in the following companies: Rochester, of Rochester, Pennsylvania, \$1,000; Lycoming \$2,000 and the Etna \$2,000. John R. Horrah, attorney, whose office was in the second story, loss from \$1,000 to \$1,200; no insurance. J. S. Rutan and D. L. Hutchins, who have offices on the second floor, loss respectively, \$500 and \$800; no insurance. The third floor was arranged for two halls, one occupied by the Odd Fellows, who lose \$1,500; insured in Rochester for \$800. The other was occupied by the Young Men's Christian Association. The heads of the men were nearly severed from the bodies, while those of the mother and children were crushed with some blunt instrument. The County Court of St. Clair county has offered \$1,000 reward for the murderers.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 10.—A fearful outrage was perpetrated by a mob at Abasco, in the State of Jalisco, last Sunday. In the morning a priest, Fr. Juan de los Rios, was seen in the course of which he advocated the extermination of the Protestants. So excited his hearers that an armed mob of two hundred persons gathered in the evening and proceeded to a Convent of the Sisters of Charity, where the clergyman, smashed his head to a jelly and chopped his body to pieces. They afterwards sacked the house and carried off everything of value. After much delay the riot was suppressed by the local authorities. The government has sent a detachment of troops to the place. A rigid investigation has been set on foot, and orders have been issued to the priest in Abasco and the neighboring town of Tlaxitlan. A mob in Saguya, acting under similar religious frenzy, attacked the small garrison of the town, burned the public archives and pillaged the houses of the authorities.

MEMPHIS, March 16.—Detective Watson left for Nashville to-day with Robert Bates, arrested at Barrett yesterday for killing young Briarly near Nashville, 13th January, at a dancing party. A few days ago two colored justices in Desota county Mississippi against parties residing in rival beds or districts, led to a clash of authority, one charging the other with having changed his docket by entering this rival's decision, and forthwith issued a warrant for his arrest. When the constable, with a colored posse, arrived at the residence of the justice, he found an armed party awaiting their arrival, who fired upon the posse, badly wounding two men, and killing one. The man who was taken to Austin by the sheriff, who arrested the entire party. The case was being tried at last accounts, and caused intense excitement among the colored population.

MONROE CITY, Pa., March 19.—The fire kindled by lightning yesterday night is still burning. The oil in the iron tank which burst at nine o'clock belonged to the Union Pipe Company and not Joseph Bushnell as reported. A second tank burst at midnight, and the fire extended to the Adams well, which it destroyed. Seep's engine house was burned. Several dwellings and stores have been destroyed, and it is difficult to say when or where the damage will stop. The total loss to date will exceed thirty thousand dollars. No lives were lost.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 22.—The most destructive fire that has ever occurred in this city, broke out about 7 o'clock this evening, in the new four-story block of buildings known as the Mercantile block, on the corner of Washington street and Market and Ohio. The Mercantile block, consisting of six store-rooms almost completed, was entirely destroyed. From the Mercantile block the fire extended across the street to the Sheets block, on the corner of Pennsylvania and Market streets, and a number of offices, which were entirely destroyed. The fire extended to Chaffee's livery stable on Washburn street, and several similar buildings in the rear of Martindale's block were destroyed. At half-past eight the fire is apparently under control, and probably will not extend further. The correct amount of the damage done is not yet ascertained, but it is estimated at between three and four hundred thousand dollars.

ROCHESTER, Pa., March 19.—A disastrous fire occurred at Beaver this morning, at about three o'clock, resulting in the total destruction of the Radical building. The following are the losses: Orr & Cooper, hardware store, from \$8,000 to \$9,000; no insurance. J. H. McCreary & Co., loss not ascertained; insured for \$5,000 in a Pittsburgh Company. Beaver County Printing Company, \$2,000; insured in the same office for \$5,000 in the following companies: Rochester, of Rochester, Pennsylvania, \$1,000; Lycoming \$2,000 and the Etna \$2,000. John R. Horrah, attorney, whose office was in the second story, loss from \$1,000 to \$1,200; no insurance. J. S. Rutan and D. L. Hutchins, who have offices on the second floor, loss respectively, \$500 and \$800; no insurance. The third floor was arranged for two halls, one occupied by the Odd Fellows, who lose \$1,500; insured in Rochester for \$800. The other was occupied by the Young Men's Christian Association. The heads of the men were nearly severed from the bodies, while those of the mother and children were crushed with some blunt instrument. The County Court of St. Clair county has offered \$1,000 reward for the murderers.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 10.—A fearful outrage was perpetrated by a mob at Abasco, in the State of Jalisco, last Sunday. In the morning a priest, Fr. Juan de los Rios, was seen in the course of which he advocated the extermination of the Protestants. So excited his hearers that an armed mob of two hundred persons gathered in the evening and proceeded to a Convent of the Sisters of Charity, where the clergyman, smashed his head to a jelly and chopped his body to pieces. They afterwards sacked the house and carried off everything of value. After much delay the riot was suppressed by the local authorities. The government has sent a detachment of troops to the place. A rigid investigation has been set on foot, and orders have been issued to the priest in Abasco and the neighboring town of Tlaxitlan. A mob in Saguya, acting under similar religious frenzy, attacked the small garrison of the town, burned the public archives and pillaged the houses of the authorities.

MEMPHIS, March 16.—Detective Watson left for Nashville to-day with Robert Bates, arrested at Barrett yesterday for killing young Briarly near Nashville, 13th January, at a dancing party. A few days ago two colored justices in Desota county Mississippi against parties residing in rival beds or districts, led to a clash of authority, one charging the other with having changed his docket by entering this rival's decision, and forthwith issued a warrant for his arrest. When the constable, with a colored posse, arrived at the residence of the justice, he found an armed party awaiting their arrival, who fired upon the posse, badly wounding two men, and killing one. The man who was taken to Austin by the sheriff, who arrested the entire party. The case was being tried at last accounts, and caused intense excitement among the colored population.

MONROE CITY, Pa., March 19.—The fire kindled by lightning yesterday night is still burning. The oil in the iron tank which burst at nine o'clock belonged to the Union Pipe Company and not Joseph Bushnell as reported. A second tank burst at midnight, and the fire extended to the Adams well, which it destroyed. Seep's engine house was burned. Several dwellings and stores have been destroyed, and it is difficult to say when or where the damage will stop. The total loss to date will exceed thirty thousand dollars. No lives were lost.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 22.—The most destructive fire that has ever occurred in this city, broke out about 7 o'clock this evening, in the new four-story block of buildings known as the Mercantile block, on the corner of Washington street and Market and Ohio. The Mercantile block, consisting of six store-rooms almost completed, was entirely destroyed. From the Mercantile block the fire extended across the street to the Sheets block, on the corner of Pennsylvania and Market streets, and a number of offices, which were entirely destroyed. The fire extended to Chaffee's livery stable on Washburn street, and several similar buildings in the rear of Martindale's block were destroyed. At half-past eight the fire is apparently under control, and probably will not extend further. The correct amount of the damage done is not yet ascertained, but it is estimated at between three and four hundred thousand dollars.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 22.—The most destructive fire that has ever occurred in this city, broke out about 7 o'clock this evening, in the new four-story block of buildings known as the Mercantile block, on the corner of Washington street and Market and Ohio. The Mercantile block, consisting of six store-rooms almost completed, was entirely destroyed. From the Mercantile block the fire extended across the street to the Sheets block, on the corner of Pennsylvania and Market streets, and a number of offices, which were entirely destroyed. The fire extended to Chaffee's livery stable on Washburn street, and several similar buildings in the rear of Martindale's block were destroyed. At half-past eight the fire is apparently under control, and probably will not extend further. The correct amount of the damage done is not yet ascertained, but it is estimated at between three and four hundred thousand dollars.

ROCHESTER, Pa., March 19.—A disastrous fire occurred at Beaver this morning, at about three o'clock, resulting in the total destruction of the Radical building. The following are the losses: Orr & Cooper, hardware store, from \$8,000 to \$9,000; no insurance. J. H. McCreary & Co., loss not ascertained; insured for \$5,000 in a Pittsburgh Company. Beaver County Printing Company, \$2,000; insured in the same office for \$5,000 in the following companies: Rochester, of Rochester, Pennsylvania, \$1,000; Lycoming \$2,000 and the Etna \$2,000. John R. Horrah, attorney, whose office was in the second story, loss from \$1,000 to \$1,200; no insurance. J. S. Rutan and D. L. Hutchins, who have offices on the second floor, loss respectively, \$500 and \$800; no insurance. The third floor was arranged for two halls, one occupied by the Odd Fellows, who lose \$1,500; insured in Rochester for \$800. The other was occupied by the Young Men's Christian Association. The heads of the men were nearly severed from the bodies, while those of the mother and children were crushed with some blunt instrument. The County Court of St. Clair county has offered \$1,000 reward for the murderers.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 10.—A fearful outrage was perpetrated by a mob at Abasco, in the State of Jalisco, last Sunday. In the morning a priest, Fr. Juan de los Rios, was seen in the course of which he advocated the extermination of the Protestants. So excited his hearers that an armed mob of two hundred persons gathered in the evening and proceeded to a Convent of the Sisters of Charity, where the clergyman, smashed his head to a jelly and chopped his body to pieces. They afterwards sacked the house and carried off everything of value. After much delay the riot was suppressed by the local authorities. The government has sent a detachment of troops to the place. A rigid investigation has been set on foot, and orders have been issued to the priest in Abasco and the neighboring town of Tlaxitlan. A mob in Saguya, acting under similar religious frenzy, attacked the small garrison of the town, burned the public archives and pillaged the houses of the authorities.

MEMPHIS, March 16.—Detective Watson left for Nashville to-day with Robert Bates, arrested at Barrett yesterday for killing young Briarly near Nashville, 13th January, at a dancing party. A few days ago two colored justices in Desota county Mississippi against parties residing in rival beds or districts, led to a clash of authority, one charging the other with having changed his docket by entering this rival's decision, and forthwith issued a warrant for his arrest. When the constable, with a colored posse, arrived at the residence of the justice, he found an armed party awaiting their arrival, who fired upon the posse, badly wounding two men, and killing one. The man who was taken to Austin by the sheriff, who