The Somerset Herald.

WEDNESDAY, - - - - October 22, 1873.

In Allegheny County Mackey's majority is 5, 209: Gordon's 4,029:

In Philadelphia the vote on license was 78,740, the majority in favor of license being 32,494.

The Democracy of Bedford county elected their entire ticket by majorities from 100 to 300. Whiskey did it.

Fayette and Green counties have elected Republicans to the Legislature, and yet it is claimed that the Democracy still lives.

Iowa has gone Republican by about 25,000, notwithstanding the partial alliance of the Grangers with the Democracy.

President Grant has named Thursday, the 27th day of November next as a day of National Thanksgiving.

The Constitutional Convention has adopted a clause prohibiting the granting of free passes by railroad companies. A standard price for groundnuts will be the next thing in order.

The Republican candidates for county offices in Blair were all elected by majorities ranging from 400 to 800, with the exception of Fichtner, Republican, for Prothonotary, who was beaten by Stewart, Democrat, by over 300.

The latest returns indicate the election of Mackey for State Treasurer by about 25,000 majority. Gordon's majority for Supreme Judge will probably not exceed 10,000, as he was heavily cut in Philadelphia and in other places by the whiskey ring.

Jas. P. Barr, proprietor of the Pittsburgh *Post*, has been elected to and taken a seat in the Constitutional Convention, made vacant by the resignation of Judge Black. Barr must have a strong penchant for old clothes, as the Convention will probably adjourn within two weeks.

The yellow fever still continues its terrible ravages in the south. While it has somewhat abated at Shreveport, it is raging with virulence at Memphis and other places. The greatest distress prevails, and the charitable people of the north are urgently called upon for aid.

The New York *World* insists that its Democratic brethren were beaten at the election in this State, last week, because they dropped out of the Ohio platform which they adopted, the free trade plank. We would like to see a square free trade platform "tried on" in this State, just for the satisfaction of the thing, you know.

The official Republican majorities in Philadelphia are Gordon, for Judge, 8,925; Mackey, for State Treasurer, 25,411; Elliott, for Sheriff, 18,447; Widener, for City Treasurer, 20,638; Lamon's majority for Senate in the Third District, over Nagle, Democrat, is 364. This is a gain of a Republican Senator.

Hon. Sam. Henry, of Cambria county, is elected to the Legislature for the third time, by a majority of three hundred and fifty, notwithstanding the fact that the Democratic ticket has about 500 majority. Good boy! Can't be whipped! Ought to be promoted to Speaker of the House for gallantry in the field.

We have lost members of the Legislature in some counties, where we should not, and have gained in others, where we hoped not. From present information we will probably have a majority of seven in the Senate, and *twenty-two* in the House, making a Republican majority on joint ballot of *Twenty-nine*.

The entire regular Republican ticket is elected in Huntingdon county by from 300 to 500. The bolters polled, all told, about 800 votes.—Having thus resolutely taken the disorganizers by the throat and shown their pitiful weakness, we trust that Huntingdon county will hereafter maintain her status in the Republican ranks.

Some idea of the coming demand for our bread-stuffs may be formed from the fact that from the port of New York alone, for the fourteen days ending October 9th, the exports of wheat amounted to 3,508,469 bushels. It is further stated that the requirements of Great Britain will be 90,000,000 bushels, independent of the demand from continental Europe.

In Franklin county the Legislative fight was squarely made on, license or no license. Of course the Democracy and Whiskey united and won. In the melee, our friend Jere Cook, editor of the *Repository*, and Republican nominee for county Treasurer, was slaughtered by professed Republicans. If our accounts of the conduct of some men who have received honors from the party be true, we predict a day of reckoning, retaliation, and ignominious defeat to Republican candidates, for years to come.

Nagle, Democrat, has been beaten for the Senate in the Third District, Philadelphia, by Thomas, Republican, by a majority of 914. In 1870 Nagle was elected over Thomas by a majority of 839—showing a change in the district in three years of 1753. The Republicans have also elected sixteen of the eighteen Representatives. The Democrats (pure) elected only one member, Crawford, in the Tenth District. Sam. Josephs, who was read out of the party, and thrust off the ticket after he had been nominated, was re-elected as an independent candidate in the Third District.

Of course the handsome Republican majorities in Philadelphia are attributed to fraud by our Democratic opponents; and also of course, the N. Y. *Tribune* echoes and endorses the cry. Is it not about time this senseless howl, of which there is not a particle of proof, was abandoned? Formerly, everything done by Republicans was pronounced unconstitutional, and now fraud! fraud! is the cuckoo note.—What's the use wasting your breath gentlemen? Move on with the corpse!

It is evident from the returns, that the Republican victory of last Tuesday was anticipated by both of the political parties, for had a sharp contest been anticipated we assume that a heavier vote would have been polled. Apparently but little interest was felt in the contest until within a few weeks of the election, when the Democratic press commenced reiterating the venomous and baseless charges against the State Treasurer, which were used in the campaign of last year, hoping, doubtless, that their constant repetition would give them the force of truth. How mistaken they were in the use of these vile tactics is shown by the fact that Mr. Mackey has a larger majority than was ever given to a State candidate in an "off year."

As to Judge Gordon, he was assailed as a "ring candidate," a "country lawyer of no professional standing," "a temperance fanatic," &c., and yet he is endorsed by such a majority as the people cannot be persuaded to give, except to candidates in whose ability and integrity they entirely confide.

It is said that "experience teaches a dear school, but that fools will learn in no other," so we fondly hope that in a century or two Democratic politicians will learn that the people cannot be influenced by mere villainous abuse and personal detraction of candidates, unsupported by a particle of evidence.

As to our own county, the result is as we anticipated, only a little more so. We have never seen a campaign so utterly neglected, only a slight effort being made by one of the candidates to procure the polling of the vote, and our surprise is that the majority should be so large. Walker, the independent candidate for Legislature—who ran as the whiskey candidate—made an active and determined canvass, and spent money freely in the effort, and if his vote, 777, be taken as an index of the strength of that interest in the county, it is in a woeful minority. But his vote is not really indicative of the strength of the anti-license men, for although, as the returns show, in some of the townships Republicans preferred licensed whiskey selling to party, yet it is not to be conceded that in most of the townships party fidelity gave McMillen the votes of many Republicans who are opposed to local option, while at the same time a number of Democrats in this borough favorable to "local option" also gave him their votes for the purpose of decidedly marking their hostility to the "license candidate."

The vote of the county is small, the absentees from the polls being in about equal proportion to the numerical strength of the respective parties, and our having about the usual majority is attributable to that fact alone, for the canvass was shamefully neglected by the candidates. Under the circumstances we are very glad to record the substantial victory that fell into our lap.

Thele is a scoundrel named Doran, formerly a Colonel in the rebel army, and now editor of a journal called the *Caucassian*, published at Lexington Missouri, who—we submit to our readers—needs hanging badly. As evidence thereof, we publish below the following article taken from his paper of the 11th inst:

A COOL WAGER.

SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS.

$5,000 That Grant will be Slain before April 10, 1874.

The Jewish high priest, Caiaphas expressed, on a certain historic occasion, a sentiment which, had it not been so unfortunately connected with a world's greatest wrong, the crucifixion of the Saviour, would have found an echoing response in the heart of every freeman, the world over, who has been robbed by usurpers and despots of Liberty and Right: "*It is expedient for us, that one man should die for the people, and that the whole nation perish not.*"

It would be well for malefactors in our high places to learn a lesson from history, old and new. As Lincoln—that ruthless embodiment of knavery, vulgarity and triumphant hate—was made to bound the river Styx, so may his every criminal successor fall by the hand of a patriot assassin. Julius Cæsar, when he had betrayed the liberties and rights of the Roman people, was stricken in the Senate by a bosom friend, not that he loved Cæsar less, but Rome more. If the Roman Cæsar, surrounded by the glittering "pomp and circumstances of war," and mighty armies of obedient minions, could be reached and slain by a subtile blow, why may not our Seizer yet feel the keen blade of an avenging hand? Death to tyrants! Confusion to the conspiring enemies of liberty throughout the world! Yea, it is better that one man should die, and that the whole nation perish not. Let the sentiment spring to life anew in every patriot's heart.

But business is business; and a plain business proposition needs no introductory essay, either historical or political. Here is a novel—a most unusual, but by no means improper—venture. A reader of the *Caucasian* desires to test the faith of the flunkily foolish. He offers a wager to the world, which should put the loyal sports to thinking: $5,000 (more or less) that Ulysses S. Grant, the American Seizer, if he does not die from natural or accidental cause, is slain before the 10th day of April 1874. We shall let him speak for himself. The original, including envelope, is on file in this office, and may be inspected by the incredulous.

"St. Louis, Missouri, Oct. 1, 1873.

"Editor Lexington Caucasian;—Please publish the following card:

"I propose to bet Five Thousand Dollars ($5,000) that President U. S. Grant, unless he dies from natural cause, will be assassinated before the tenth day of April, 1874

"If accepted, the money to be deposited on or before the tenth day of November next.

"Parties desiring to wager larger or smaller amounts, can address me at St. Louis, Mo., or through your columns.

"Respectfully,
"H. Clay Harper."

We have only to add that it will afford the *Caucassian* profound pleasure to announce, on the morning of April 11, that Mr. Harper has won his bet!

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 17, 1873.

There has been here for the past few days, three Johnsons of national reputation, ex-President, Herschel V., and Reverdy Johnson. The ex-President's business here is, it is understood, to look after the seventy thousand dollars on deposit in the First National Bank, and to refute the charges against him in connection with the execution of Mrs. Surratt. The business of the second is to look after the interest of those who desire the refunding of the cotton tax, and to that end is making arrangements with others for the publication of a newspaper in its interest. The business of Reverdy is purely professional, he having several cases before the Supreme Court.

The friends of Andy are promised a speech from him before he leaves.

The Polaris investigation is nearly concluded. All, so far elicited, is of little consequence save the interesting scientific accounts of Doctor Ressels. Every member of the crew is fat, healthy and happy.

A little Indian boy of 10 years of age, is here with the red skins who can speak four different languages, English, German, Spanish and his own. He is unusually large for his age. He has been under the tuition of and control of a German.

The report that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue will recommend to Congress a change of the present Internal Revenue law to result in increasing the force, is incorrect. The Commissioner is well pleased with the workings of the law which has saved in the past two years, two millions of dollars.

It is stated, with a considerable show of confidence, that the Senate Committee on Transportation have agreed to report in favor of three water line routes from east to west, a northern, a central, and a southern route. The choice for the northern line lies between the Erie, Niagara Falls, and the Lake Champlain projects. The James River and Kanawha is the favorite central line, and the St. Philip canal around the mouth of the Mississippi appears to be the route agreed upon.

The President, and Secretary of the Treasury, both anticipate a speedy return to specie payments. As this important measure requires the action of Congress, the President will, in his next Message, bring the subject promptly forward. The Mints are coining four millions per month. Large amounts are coming from abroad while the drain upon our stock to foreign countries has been so far avoided that our production of precious metals is in excess of our export. There is no fear that we will not have gold enough.

The October returns received by the Department of Agriculture, shows the proceeds of the cotton crop to be somewhere between the yields of 1871 and 1872. This year the cotton average was increased ten per cent, but a large proportion of this increase was abandoned on account of excessive rains. September pickings are decisive of the yield and the long dry fall of 1872 added at least a million bales to the crop. Ravages of worms and unfavorable picking season will greatly restrict the fall gathering. If these conditions continue, the result will be below that fo 1872.

The safety of our circulating medium having been secured by the national banking law, the next desidaratum is elasticity. This it is proposed to effect, by means of convertible, long time bonds drawing a low rate of interest. These are to be deposited in the treasury as collateral for greenbacks at the seasons of crop moving, &c. The great movements of commerce are resolvable into periodic movements, east and west, the character of which are better understood. It is stated that several western members elect of the new Congress will support this reform.

The foreign delegates to the Evangelical Alliance, whose conference has just closed in New York, have paid a flying visit to the Capiotl.—The President received them Tuesday, after Governor Shepherd, in a speech of welcome, had tendered them the freedom of the District. The following evening four leading churches in our city held ovations, at which they expressed their views of America, and as these representatives of all civilized, and some semi-barbarous, nations of the earth, are, to some extent, leaders in their respective localities, the influence which their agreeable visit and brief study of our various institutions of worship, learning, &c., cannot fail to have a favorable effect upon the future peace and good-will of foreign nations towards the United States. Much of the time of these gentlemen has been spent in the study of the details of our public school system, and they will carry away with them many corrections of distorted views of America, hitherto held in Europe and Asia.

The work before the U. S. Supreme Court this term is enormous. There are five hundred cases in the docket, more than can be attended to, it is estimated, in ten months.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue is rather hard on those National banks that deal in currency or script issued by municipal or other corporations. The several United States Collectors have been directed to collect ten per cent per month upon the amount of such currency used.

The *Mark Lane Express* acknowledges a very bad harvest in Great Britain. It also states that the heavy rainfall, accompanied by wind and electricity in the northern part of England and in Scotland, not only interfered with the gathering of the crops, but that much wheat was left in the field exposed to the wet, and consequently in great danger of injury therefrom. The failure of the British crops will necessitate the importation of a hundred million bushels of wheat or its equivalents.

The decline in the value of silver is a phenomenon of special interest. From the days of Pliney the countries of Asia have drawn from Europe and America enormous quantities of silver. The practice of hording this metal was brought about by the Insecurity of property under native rulers. As European governments, however, have given stability to social order in conquered Asiactic countries and have given reasonable security to individual rights, this practice has given way and silver is becoming a drug in the west. It is proposed to bring this fact into requisition in the contemplated resumption of specie payments. It may be made to take the place of our fractional currency.

LIFE.

Bank Robbery.

New York, October 15.—The First National bank of Athens, Pa., was robbed last Monday by five men who seized and bound the cashier. Twenty thousand dollars were taken, mostly specie deposits. While the cashier was working at his desk about 10:30 p. m. five men came in and gagged and handcuffed him. The vault doors and inner safe being open, the robbers secured everything that was therein and escaped. The cashier was found on the floor of the back office at six o'clock next morning not hurt, but in a state of nervous exhaustion.

Later.—About half-past ten last evening five men secured an entrance to the Athens National Bank through the rear door, duplicating the lock. They secreted themselves in the back room of the bank and awaited the return of Mr. Hull the cashier, who was out.

Mr. Hull came in about 10:45 p. m., entering by the front door. He took his coat off and proceeded to do some work he had on hand, and when completely taken by surprise was seized from behind and blindfolded, gagged and handcuffed before any resistance could be made or assistance called.

After securing Mr. Hull they carried him to the back room, when leaving one of the burglars to guard him, the rest proceeded to ransack the bank, taking what currency they could get hold of, about three thousand dollars and some Government bonds, which were on deposit. They departed, leaving one man to watch the cashier, which he did till near daylight. Two of the burglars hired a horse and carriage in Waverly, which they returned about half-past twelve.

Mr. Hull caught sight of the party before he was completely blindfolded. He says there was five of them in masks, and that they were numbered, all their orders being given in numbers from one up to five. Mr. Hull suffered very severely from being gagged and bound remaining in that situation for eight hours. He was discovered by a man passing the bank this morning, who, hearing a noise entered and released him from his unpleasant situation.

C. Harris, President.

A Kansas Elopement.

Bazaar, Kansas, October 7.—A few days ago the citizens of this township were startled by the rumor that the wife of a well-known Baptist preacher had gone to Texas with her husband's hired man. She had previously borne a good reputation, had lived with her husband fifteen years, and was the mother of three children, aged, respectively thirteen, six and four years.

Her husband became aware that all was not right, and a few months ago paid off and dismissed the man who was the cause of his domestic unhappiness; and he went, but only to a place near by, where he procured a new wagon. Then he bought a horse of his former employer, and with another horse, procured somewhere else, he rigged an outfit for Texas, as he said. When he was all ready the lady cooly informed her husband that she loved George better than himself or children, and that she was going with him.

The husband remonstrated, and told her that when the reaction came, which would come, she would be most miserable; but nothing would induce her to be separated from George. She thrust away her little children who clung about her neck, and her husband, with a heavy heart, divided his household goods with her, giving her and her paramour half of such things as they could carry with them.

He also told her that she could take some books from his library if she chose. She took only her Bible and hymn book. The husband expressed the hope that she might read her Bible and profit thereby.

At 10 o'clock, or thereabouts, in the darkness of the night, the eloping pair started off, piously requesting the deserted husband to pray that they might have a safe and prosperous journey.

Terrible Domestic Tragedy.

Sedalia, Mo., Oct. 14.—News has been received of a bloody tragedy in Lafayette county, near Lexington, by which two men are seriously injured and one looses his life. An old man named Castellen, last Friday, after visiting Lexington, came home drunk and commenced abusing his family.

His son-in-law Mr. Wright, who was near by, heard the row and went in to quiet the old gentleman; assisted by one of the farm hands. Costellen at once became furious, seized a meat cleaver and made an attack on Wright and the other man, knocking the latter senseless and inflicting a bad wound.

He also struck his son-in-law a blow which broke his head. Crippled as he was Wright seized a gun standing near and brought it down with terrible force on the head of his father-in-law, smashing in his skull, from the effects of which he died in a few hours.

Albany.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 15.—Charles H. Phelps, cashier in the Treasury Department of the State, was arrested at Jersey City and brought here, charged with robbing the State Treasury of an amount estimated at about three hundred thousand dollars. Phelps left his post a short time ago, when State Treasurer Raines informed him that he was about to begin an examination of his accounts. He wrote to Raines from Jersey City, admitting the incorrectness of his accounts, but promised, if not arrested, to make good all or nearly all of his defect. The counsel on his behalf had suggested to compromise. Implicit confidence was placed in Phelps.

Phelps obtained the money by manipulation of the bank books, and charging banks large amounts which he never deposited. The State will not be a loser. Phelps was appointed cashier by Treasurer Raines in 1872. He had occupied a position of considerable trust in the Western Union Telegraph office at Washington and also with the Adams Express Company.

A Thanksgiving Proclamation.

Washington, October 14.—By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

The approaching close of another year brings with it the occasion for renewed thanksgiving and acknowledgement to the Almighty Ruler of the Universe of the unnumbered mercies which he has bestowed upon us. Abundant harvests have been among the rewards of industry. With local exceptions, health has been among the blessings enjoyed; tranquility at home and peace with other nations have prevailed; frugal industry is regaining its merited recognition and its merited rewards. Gradually, but, under the providence of God, surely, as we trust, the nation is recovering from the lingering results of a dreadful civil strife. For these and all the other mercies vouchsafed it becomes us as a people to return heartfelt thanks and greatful acknowledgement, and with our thanksgiving for blessings we may unite prayers for the cessation of local and temporary sufferings. I therefore reccommend that on Thursday, the 27th day of November, the people meet in their respective places of worship, to make their acknowledgements to the Almighty God for his bounties and his protection and to offer to him prayers for their continuance.

In witness thereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington this fourteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three and of the independence of the United States hundred and seventy-seventh.

U. S. Grant.

By the President: Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State.

Railroad Casualties.

A Mrs. Dougherty, who lives near Apollo, on the West Penn Railroad, was walking along the railroad track on Wednesday afternoon in front of an approaching coal train, when she was struck by the locomotive and thrown violently from the track. The accident caused a fracture of the thigh and a severe cut in the woman's head. The unfortunate female is quite old and feeble and almost deaf, and was unaware of the approach of the train until it struck her.

On Tuesday evening two men named Galloway and Kinkle, employed at the Northern Coal Mines, attempted to board an eastern bound freight train which was passing the works. Their effort to secure a ride cost one of them his life and the other the loss of a limb. Both were thrown to the ground when they attempted to catch hold of the cars, and Kinkle was instantly crushed to death beneath the wheels. Galloway fell across the track, and the cars severed one of his legs below the knee. At last accounts he was still living, though his injuries may prove fatal.

Terrible Prairie Fire in Nebraska.

Omaha, October 16.—Accounts of terrific prairie fires in Southwest Nebraska have been received to-day. The fire originated near the Otoe reservation and traveled northeast a distance of over twenty-five miles, destroying everything in its path. Near Wilbur, and ten miles south of Crete, an avalanche of flame approached the school house filled with children, a number of whom rushed out and endeavored to escape. Ten of them were overtaken, three were burned to death, three fatally injured and four others very severely maimed. Most of them were girls seven or eight years of age. The mother of three of these children in her endeavors to save them was so terribly burned that she cannot recover. Immense quantities of grain, many houses and barns were destroyed and much suffering is feared in consequence.

Terrible Tragedy.

St. Louis, Oct. 15.—A special dispatch from Carrollton, Mo., gives an account of a terrible tragedy enacted there. Robert Austen, a young farmer residing about eight miles from Carrollton, suspected his wife of infidelity, and Friday last left home saying he was going to the St. Louis fair and would be absent several days. He went to the depot, but returned home after dark and secreted himself in a closet in his wife's bed room, armed with a double barreled shot gun.

His wife soon retired and shortly after Elijah Haley entered the room and undressed himself; as he was getting into bed, Austen sprang out and fired but missed Haley and the shot entered his wife's abdomen, and Austen fired again at Haley and killed him instantly. Mrs. Austen died on Saturday afternoon. Austen surrendered to the authorities. All the parties are highly connected.

Unprovoked Murder.

Davenport, Iowa, October 15.—A colored man, name unknown, took passage on the steamer Dubuque, at Dubuque, on Saturday evening for Clinton. Upon his fare being demanded he stated he had no money. An attempt was made to put him ashore at Bellone. Next morning high words occurred between the negro and the mate, whereupon a rough on the boat, without provocation, struck the negro with a piece of iron, knocking him overboard. The man drowned before assistance could be rendered. His body was not recovered. The murderer was promptly arrested upon the arrival of the boat at Lyons.

Yellow Fever.

Louisville, October 15.—One or two deaths from yellow fever have occurred here in the last few days; the deceased being parties who came from Memphis sick with the disease. No alarm is felt, as there is no material for the fever and hard frosts have occurred for several days.

Memphis, October 14.—Midnight.—Forty-one deaths from yellow fever have occurred during the past twenty-four hours.

Memphis, October 15.—The number of deaths up to noon to-day from all causes was forty-four, of which thirty-five were from yellow fever. This is a decrease of three from all causes and five from yellow fever.

A Wife Shot by Her Husband.

Louisville, Ky., October 16.—Jacob Daub shot his wife deliberately this afternoon with a shot-gun while sitting in his back porch. After she fell dead he remained sitting, gun in hand, till six o'clock when his son came home and Daub was arrested. He said she had been unfaithful, and should have been shot long ago.

Bold Bank Robbery.

Brooklyn, Oct. 14.—The officials of the Long Island Savings Bank, Fulton street, were excited this morning over the discovery that the bank had been adroitly robbed, last night, of bonds valued at about 75,000. It appears a stranger entered the bank before the close of business hours and sat down, saying he was waiting for his wife. While the secretary was engaged in conversation with some one else and the clerks were also busy, the man had done his work and was next seen walking slowly from the bank. When the secretary went to close his safe he found the door open, and on examining it he found the box of a depositor, Mr. Lubach, missing. It contained water loan bonds, court house loan bonds, ocean park bonds, Ulster county bonds, and other securities to an amount of $75,000. The bank is not responsible for the loss.

Bad Spelling

In a recent number of the Indiana School *Journal* the editor says that, while attending the State Institute at Vicnennes, Ind., he offered a premium to any member who would spell correctly ninety-five per cent. of the following words; "Emanate surcingle, siphon, ellipses, conferrable, repellant, transcendent, resurrection, resistable, salable, incorrigible, refutable, indispensable, discernible, chargeable, ostentatious, caterpillar, tranquillity, admissible, tenet."

The test was made, and, singular to relate, out of the eighty-nine teachers present, but one was able to perform the feat. Thirty-nine mispelled more than half of the words and one missed all of them. These words look easy enough to spell, but we suggest that the teachers in our public schools make a similar test, and we are inclined to think they will be surprised at the number of words their best scholars will be unable to spell correctly.

A Shooting Affray—Two Editors Wounded.

Wheeling, October 16.—As reported last evening, Major J. Sweeney assaulted and beat O. S. Long, editor of the *Register*, for abusive articles published in yesterday morning's paper. This morning's issue contains further reflections on Sweeney's character, and abuses him terribly. About 11 o'clock Sweeney met Lewis Barker proprietor, and J. St. Clarkson, local editor of that paper, and after some words all three drew revolvers, and the firing commenced. Barker was slightly wounded and Clarkson had an arm broken. Barker and Clarkson then took refuge in a store. There will probably be more shooting before the polls close. Sweeney is a candidate for the Legislature at the election being held today.

Fast Trotting by Goldsmith Maid.

Chicago, October 16.—At Dexter Park to-day Goldsmith Maid, Gloter and Bashaw Jr., trotted for a purse of $5,000 mile heats, three in five. The maid won in straight heats; Gloster second. Time, 2:23½, 2:18, 2:23¾. The weather was misty and unfavorable, but the track was in fair condition. The second is considered the best heat ever trotted by the maid in view of the weather and track. Doble says she could have done much better if necessary, and propose to trot her next Wednesday to beat the best time ever made in the country.

Murdered While Asleep.

San Francisco, October 16.—John Ryan murdered Owen Gillen on Davis street, to-day, chopping his head nearly off with an axe. Ryan was arrested. No cause is assigned. Gillen was asleep on a bench in a bar-room when the deed was committed. Ryan is a mulatto and keeper of a low sailors' boarding house.

Ohio.

Columbus, October 19.—Both parties now concede the election of Allen by between 600 and 700 majority. Some few Democrats still hope to figure out the election of Burns, their candidate for Lieutenant Governor, but there is little doubt that the Republicans have elected their whole State ticket with exceptior of Governor. Official returns have as yet been received from only thirty-six counties.

Found Dead in his Boat.

New Orleans, Oct. 16.—Joseph C. Cloud, oarsman, who started from Philadelphia some three months since to row to this city by canals and rivers, died on Tuesday last, five miles below plague Mine. Cloud was found in his boat, in an almost exhausted condition, on Monday, and died the next day. His diary shows he had been suffering with what is termed the "heavy shakes" for some days before his death.

Disastrous Fire.

Niles, Mich., October 15.—The passenger depot, eating house, telegraph offices, water house and wood house, with 800 cords of wood, belonging to the Michigan Central railroad, at this place, were destroyed by fire on Monday night. The freight house and eastern water house were saved. Loss heavy, and fully insured.

CURRENT NOTES.

The largest lump of lead ever found was recently dug up at Minersville, Mo. It weighs 60,000 pounds and is worth almost $200,000.

The Grand Jury of Luzerne county, Pennsylvania, find nearly a thousand unlicensed liquor sellers within their jurisdiction.

The Big Springs Fishing Club will use the celebrated Coste hatching apparatus in their new hatching house, near Jones Mills, this season.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has no intention of recommending any change by Congress in the revenue laws as applied to tobacco, cigars and distilled spirits.

A prosperous Princton, Illinois, merchant has for his motto, "Early to bed and early to rise, never get tight, and advertise, let your wares be known, if you are wise."

A Luzerne county man fell asleep, soothed to slumber by much fire water. He slept forty-five hours and awoke to find that somebody had quietly cut one of his ears off.

The Pittsburgh *Post* very sensibly recommends that one of the surest ways of relieving the stringency of the money market is for people to pay their small debts.

A new umbrella has been manufactured in Connecticut, called the "lending umbrella." It is made of brown paper and willow twigs, intended exclusively to accommodate a friend.

Mrs. Judge Simonton won the first prize at a recent Iowa baby show with her twenty-second infant, and competing matrons observe that it's no wonder, considering the practice she's had.

At a hotel table one boarder remarked to his neighbor: "This must be a healthy place for chickens." "Why?" asked the other. "Because I never see any dead ones hereabouts."

It is stated that improved lands can be bought in Delaware for from five to ten dollars an acre. This is a very bad and almost incredible showing for a State so favorably situated.

Postal cards have proved so popular in this country that during the five months of their use more than sixty-five millions have been issued. When Congress authorised the issue it was expected that one hundred millions of these cards would be used the first year.

It is estimated that the surplus wheat crop of Minnesota for 1873, in its transportation to market at Chicago, Milwaukee and Duluth, will fill one hundred thousand cars, constituting more than six thousand five hundred trains of fifteen cars each.

The "champion" pumpkin raiser so far this season belongs to Shaeffertown, Lebanon county. He raised thirteen pumpkins on three stalks, averaging from 140 to 160 pounds. One of them measured seventy-nine and a half inches.

A curious case is reported from Franklin county, Kansas. A young lady swallowed a pin, about a year ago, which recently made its appearance, coming out through the left eye, entirely destroying the sight.

A serious charge has been brought against a school teacher in Illinois, the specifications of which are, "1. Immoiralty! 2. Parshialty! 3. Keeping disorderly schoal! 4. Carrying unlafle wepings!" The committeeman who wrote the charge thinks of running the school himself next quarter.

A second Methuselah has been discovered in Brazil. He is one hundred and seventy-nine years of age and speaks of happenings of a century and a half ago. He reads the news from Spain with great interest, and urges some of his children, grandchildren, and great grandchildren, of whom he has 249, to go and enlist in the Spanish army and honor their old sire.

The Scranton *Republican* says: "At the present time there are over one hundred cases of small-pox in Hyde Park, and the disease on the increase. In several instances corpses have been known to remain unburied for three and four days."

A queer discovery has been made respecting the Civil Rights statute in Arkansas. The expulsion of a person of color from a first-class railway car developed the fact that the statute, by the omission of the word "not," negatives itself, for it reads as follows: "No person shall make any rules which shall affect all persons alike without regard to race or color."

The breadth of ground sown in fall wheat througout the West is unusually large, and the growing wheat never appeared more luxuriant at this season of the year than at present.

New Advertisements.

RULE TO ACCEPT or REFUSE.—To Paul J. Meyers, residing in Plattsburg, Mo., Azariah H. Meyers, residing in Indiana county, Penna.

You are hereby notified to appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Somerset, on Monday, the 24th day of November next, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of Joseph Meyers, deceased, at the appraised valuation, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

OLIVER KNEPPER, Sheriff.
oct15

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of sundry writs Fiori Facias and Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset county, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose to sale by public outcry, at the Court House in Somerset borough, on Saturday, the 8th day of November, A. D., 1873, at 2 o'clock p. m., the following real estate, viz:

All the right, title, interest and claim of Jos. Keefer, of, in and to the following described real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Stonycreek township, Somerset county, Pa., containing 5 acres, more or less, all timber land, with a water power saw mill thereon erected, adjoining lands of Peter J. Keefer and John Barndt, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of Jos. Keefer at the suit of Eliza Keefer.

Sheriff's office, OLIVER KNEPPER,
Oct. 15, '73. Sheriff.

SOMERSET COUNTY, ss:

At an Orphans Court held at Somerset, in and for said county, on the 15th day of September, A. D. 1873, before the Honorable Judges thereof, on motion of Henry F. Schell, Esq., the court appoint J. O. Kimmel, Esq., auditor, to make and report a distribution of the funds in the hands of Oliver Knepper, administrator of Alexander Sayler, deceased, to and among those legally entitled thereto.

Extract of the record of said Court certified this 15th day of Sept., A. D. 1873.

R. J. WALTER, Clerk.

In pursuance of the above appointment the undersigned will attend at his office in Somerset borough, on Friday, the 7th day of November, 1873, to perform the duties. All persons having claims will please present them on that day.

J. O. KIMMEL, Auditor.
oct15

PUBLIC SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, Pa., I will expose to public sale, on the premises, on

SATURDAY November 15th, 1873,

the following described valuable farm, late the property of Daniel Korns, deceased, situate in Southampton township, Somerset County Pa., one mile north of Wellersburg, adjoining lands of Southampton Association, Jesse Beal, Valentine Lepley and others, Containing 97 acres more or less, sixty-five acres cleared, and fifteen acres in meadow. There are on the premises a two story frame house and log barn erected. There is a large orchard of choice fruit trees, apples, pears, peaches, &c., on the farm. The land is well watered and adapted to raising grain and grass. There is plenty of Coal, Limestone and Iron Ore on the premises. Sale to take place at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. of the whole amount to be paid on day of sale; 15 per cent. of the balance on the 1st of April, 1874, at which time possession will be given, and the remainder in three equal annual payments to be secured by judgment bond.

MICHAEL LONG, Trustee.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Westmoreland, there will be exposed to public sale on Saturday, the 1st day of November, 1873, the following described real estate, to wit: A certain tract of land situate in Mt. Pleasant township, said county and State, adjoining lands of Samuel Fleeger, Peter Hays, Lewis Sheets, John S. Wirsing, and Margaret Nichols, and other lands of David Hay, deceased, containing about 62 acres, of which 250 acres are cleared, having a tavern stand, stabling, barn, blacksmith shop, wagonmaker shop, and other improvements thereon erected, and an apple orchard thereon growing, being the real estate of Daniel Hay, late of Mt. Pleasant township, said county, deceased.

The Somerset and Mt. Pleasant turnpike runs through it; as also the line of the proposed railroad from Mt. Pleasant to Donegal, on which a preliminary survey has been made. It is a very desirable stock farm. Persons who desire a first class investment would do well to call and examine the premises.

Sale to take place on the premises and to be conducted by Wm. R. Hunter and Leonard Gerhart, executors of said deceased.

Terms.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale; the remainder in three equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by bonds and mortgage.

By the Court.
oct8 JOSEPH GROSS, Clerk.

FIFTH AVENUE
CLOTHING HALL,
Cor. Fifth Ave. and Market St.,
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1873. FALL STOCK 1873.
Is offered lower than any other house in the city. Buyers,
Study Your Own Interests,
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The stock comprises Men's, Boys, Youths' and Children's Clothing, at wholesale and retail prices.
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☞Bring this invitation with you. oct1

New Advertisements.

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CURES
HUMPHREYS'
HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS
HAVE PROVEN, FROM THE MOST simple experiments up to world-wide success. Simple, Prompt, Effectual and Reliable. They are the only medicines perfectly adapted to popular use—so simple that mistakes cannot be made in using them; so harmless as to be free from danger; and so efficient as to be always reliable. They have the highest commendation from all, and will always render satisfaction.

Nos.	Cures,	Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	25
3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	25
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	25
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	25
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	25
7.	Cough, Cold, Bronchitis,	25
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache,	25
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	25
10.	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Stomach,	25
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	25
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	25
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	25
14.	Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	25
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	25
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Agues,	50
17.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, Inflamed or Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or chronic, Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, violent coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, enlarged glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea Sickness, Sickness from riding,	50
27.	Kidney Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness or involuntary discharges,	1.00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, wetting the bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	50
32.	Sufferings at change of life,	1.00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1.00
34.	Diphtheria, ulcerated sore throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions,	50

Vials, 50 cents, (except 29, 32 and 33), $1.00

FAMILY CASES.

Case (Morocco) with above 35 large vials and Manual of directions, $16.00
Case (Morocco) of 20 large vials and Book, 6.00
Single Boxes and Vials as above.

☞These remedies are sent by the case or single box to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address

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Office and Depot, No. 562 Broadway, New York.
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