ARTICLE IX.

ARTICLE IX.

Ser. 1. All taxes shall be uniform upon the same rises of subjects within the territorial limits of the suthority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected unifor general laws; but the general assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious, worthip places of burial-not used or heldfor private or corporate profit, and inetitutions of purely public charity.

Sec. 2. All laws exempting property from taxation other than the property above enumerated, shall be void.

sand inelitations of purely public charity.

Sec. 2. All laws exempting properly from taxation other than the property above enumerated, shall be void.

Sec. 3. The power to tax corporations and corporate property shall not be surrendered or suspended by any centract or grant to which the State Shall be a party.

Sec. 4. No debt shall be created by on behalf of the state, except to supply casual debetencies of revenue, repel invasion, su pross insurrection defend the state in war, or to Pay existing debt, and the debt created to supply Padaciencies in revenue shall never exceed in the aggregate at any one time one million of dollars.

Sec. 5. All laws anthorizing the borrowing of money by and on behalf of the state shall specify the purpose for which the money is to be used snot the money so borrowed shall be used for the purpose specified and no other.

Sec. 6. The credit of the commonwealth shall not be pledged or loaned to any individual, company, curporation, or association, nor shall the commenwealth become a joint owner or stockholder in any seempany, association, or opporation.

Sec. 7. The general assembly shall not authorize my sountry, city, berough, township or incorporation, and association, or corporation.

Sec. 7. The general assembly shall not authorize may sountry, city, berough, township, or incorporation, association, or corporation.

Sec. 7. The debt of any country, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality, or incorporated district, corporated in assessed valuation of property without the assent of the electors t

their years.

Sec. 11. To provide for the paymont of the present State debt and any additional debt contracted as aforcastic, the general assembly shall continue a dimaintain the sinking fundentificient to pay the occurring interest on such debt and annually to reduce the principal thereof, by a sum not less than two hundred and flux thousand dollars, the said stating fund shall consist of the proceeds of the sales of the public works or any part thereof and of the income or proceeds of the sale of any stocks owned by the commenwealth, together with other funds and resources that may be designated by law, and shall be increased from time to the city law, and shall be increased from time to the city law, and shall be increased from time to the city law, and shall be increased from time to the city assigning to it any part of the taxes or other revenues of the state not required for the ordinary and outrrent expenses of government and unless in case of war, invasion, or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in the extinguishment of the public debt.

Sec. 12. The moneys of the state, ever and a

erwise than in the extinguishment of the public debt.

Sec. 12. The moneys of the State, over and a bave the necessary reserve, shall be used in the payment of the delt of the state, either electly of through the sinking fund, and the moneys of the sluking fund shall never be invested in or loaned upon the security of anything except the bonds of the United States or of this state.

Sec. 13. The moneys held as necessary reserve shall be limited by law to the amount required for current expenses, and shall be secured and ket as may be provined by law. Monthly statements shall be published showing the amount of such moneys, where the same are deposited, and how secured.

secured.

See, 14. The making of profit out of the public moneys or using the same for any purpose not authorized by law- by any officer of the state or member or officer of the general assembly, shall be a misdemeaner, and shall be punished as may be provided by law, but part of such jumishment shall be a disqualification to hold office for a period of not less than five years.

ARTICLE X. FUUCATOIN.

Sec. 1. The general newsinbly shall provide for the maintenance and support of a thorough and efficient system of public schools, wherein all, the children of this commonwealth, above the age of rix years, may be educated, and shall appropriate at least one million deliars each year for that year. Note, 2. No money raised for the support of the public schools of the commonwealth shall be ap-

ed to or used for the support of any sector isn'school.

See 5. Women iwenty one years of age and up-wars shall be eligible to any office of control or management under the school have of this State.

ARTICLE XL

See. 1. The freemen of this commonwealth shall be armed, organized and deciplined for its defense when and its such manner as may be directed by law. The general assembly shall provide for maintaining the militia by appropriation from the Treasury of the commonwealth, and may exempt from military service persons having conscientious scrapice against bearing arms. ARTICLE XII.

PUBLIC OPPICERS.

Sec. 1. All officers whose selection is not provided for in this constitution shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law.

Sec. 2. No member of congress from this state, nor any person holding or exercising any office or appointment of tenst or presilt under the United States, shall at the same time hold or exercise any office in this state to which a salary, fees, or perquisities shall be attached. The general assembly may by law declare what offices are incompatible. ble.

Sec. 3. Any person who shall fight a duel or send a challenge for that purpose or be adder or abetter in fighting a duel, shall be deprived of the right of beiding any office of honor or profit in this state,

SETICLE XIII. NEW COUNTIES.

and may be otherwise punished as shall be pre-

Sec. 1. No new county shall be established which shall reduce any county to less than four hundred square unites, or to less than twenty thousand lubabilizate; nor shall any county be formed of less area, or containing a less population, nor shall any lies theyeof pass within termities of the county resist of any county proposed to be divided. ARTICLE XIV.

COUNTY OFFICIALS.

Acr. I. County officers shall consist of shoriff, nonzers, prothonolaries, registers of wills, record-esters, commissioners, treasurers, surveyors, controllers, circks of the courts, dis-not such athers as may from time

course, beginning on the first carry next after their elections, and accesses shall be duly qualified all manner assumed be provided for shall be filled and manner asmay be provided for shall be filled and manner asmay be provided for shall be filled and manner asmay be provided by law.

Sec. 5. No person shall be appointed to any offers it in an au minabitant therein one year next before his appointment, if the county shall have been as long creeced, then within the limits of the campy or canniles out or which it shall not have been as long creeced, then within the limits of the campy or canniles out or which it shall not have been as long creeced, then within the limits of the campy or canniles out or which it shall be indicated by any and all county officers shall be carried to decit, registers of while, campy survey, ore, and shortlis shall keep their affects in the enalty town of the county in which they respectively shall be officers.

Sec. 5. The compensation of county officers shall be regulated by law, and all county officers who are or may be salaried shall pay all fees which they may be authorized to receive into the treasnry of the county, or slate, as may be directed by law, in counties conteining over one bundred and fifty thousand inhabitants all county officers shall be paid by salary, and the salary of any such afficers and his circles, heretoxice paid by tices, shall not exceed the suggergate amount of tess carned during his term and collected by or for him.

Sec. 6. The general assembly shall provide by law for the tile strict accommandability of all county, township and borough officers, as well for the free which may be collected by under the payment of the county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand eight bundred and seventy third year thereafter; and in the election of sala flower scale qualities reach qualities chall be circuit y and tore of our mon pleas of the county which such vacancy shall occur, by the application of an elector or the proper of county who shall h

ARTICLE XV. CITIES AND CITY CHARTEES.

Sec. 1. Cities may be chartered whenever a materity of the electors of any town or horough having a population of at loast tent thousand shall you at any general election in tayor of the same.

Sec. 2. Nodebt shall be contracted or liability insured by any municipal commission, except in pursuance of an appropriation previously made thereby by the manicipal government.

Sec. 3. Every city shall create a sinking fund which shall be invisiblely pledged for the payment of its funded debt.

ARTICLE XVI.

FRIVATE CORPORATIONS.

See. 1. All existing charters, or grants of special or exclusive privileges, under which a bountide or ganization shall not have taken place and business been commenced in fleed, faith at the lime of the adoption of this constitution, shall thereafter have no validity.

Sec. 2. The general assembly shall not remit the forfeiture of the charter of any corporation now existing, or after or amend the same, or pass any other general special law for the benefit of such corporation, except upon the condition that such corporation shall thereafter hold its charter subject to the provisions of this constitution.

Sec. 3. The exercise of the right of eminent domain shall never be abridged or so construed as to prevent the general assembly from taking the property and franchises of incorporated companies and subjecting them to public use, the same as the property of individuals; and the exercise of the police power of the state shall never be abridged or seconstrued as to permit corporation to conduct their business in such manner as to infringe the equal rights of individuals or the general well being of the state.

Sec. 4. In all elections for directors or managers of a corporation-cach member or shareholder may east the whole number of his votes for one candidate, or distribute them upon two or unore candidates as he may prefer

thate, or distribute them upon two or more candidates as he may prefer.

See, 5. No foreign corporation shall do any bustness in this state without having one or more
known places of business, and an authorized agent
or agents in the same, upon whom process may be
served.

nees in this state without having one or more known places of business, and an authorized age of the same, upon whem process may be served.

See. 3. No corporation shall engage in any business other than that expressly authorized in the charior, nor shall it take or hold any real testate, as very seed as many be necessary and proper for feeling.

See. 7. No corporation shall issue stocks or bonds except for money, take of one or money or property setully received; and all factious increased stock or includedness shall be void; the stock, and in debtedness of corporations shall not be increased except for move, take of central indications in the stock in the debtedness of corporations shall not be increased excepting presented of general law, nor without the consent of the persons holding the larger amount in value of the sock into shalled and of the corporations and indications invested with the privilege of taking, rivale property for public use, shall make just compensation for property the public use, shall make just compensation for property for public hears and taking, injury or destroycle. The general cheer such taking, injury or destroycle for the shall be destroyed by the construction or enlargement of their work had been such as a state of the continuity of the contraction of the south of the shall be constructed to the contraction of the south of the shall be constructed to the contraction of the south of the shall be constructed to the contraction of the south of the shall be constructed to the state of the contraction of the south of the shall be constructed to the contraction of the south of the shall be added to the first general lead to secure the shall be destroyed by the construction of engagement of the shall be destroyed by the construction of engagement of the shall be destroyed by the construction of the shall be added to the shall take effect shall continue the shall be added to th

new or extend the charter of more than one corporation,

Sec II No corporade body to passess banking and discounting (rivileges shall be created or organized in
parsuance of any law without three months previous
public notine at the place of the intenied location
of the intention to apply for such privileges in such
manner as shall be prescribed by haw not shall a
charter for such privilege te grantedfor a longer
period than twenty years.

Src. 12. Any association or corporation organized for the purpose, or and individual, shall have
the right to construct and maintain lines of telegraph within this state, and to connect the same
with other times, and the General Assembly shall,
by general law of unition as specially, provide reasomable regulationate give full-effect to this section. No telegraph company shall consolidate
with or hold a controlling interest in the stock or
honds of any other telegraph company owning a
competing line, or acquive, by purchase or other
wise, any other escapeting line of telegraph.

Sec. 15. The term "corporations," as used in
this article, shall be construed to include all joint
stock companies or associations having any of the
powers or privileges of corporations and personed by individuals or partnerships.

ARTICLE XVIII.

RAILROADS AND CANALS.

Section 1. All railroads and canal shall be public highways, and all railroad and canal samples les shall be common carriers. Any association or corporation organized for the purpose thall have the right to construct and operate a railroad between any points within this state and to connect at the state line with railroads of other states.—
Every railroad company shall have the right with its road to intersect, cameet with, or cross any other railroad, and shall receive and transport each the others paissengers, tomage, and cars loaded or compty, without delay or discrimination.

Sec. 2. Every railroad and canal corporation or gamized in this state shall maintain an office therein, where the books shall be kept for inspection by any stock bedder or crediter of such corporation, in which shall be recorded the amount of capital stock shall be recorded the amount of capital stock shall be recorded the amount of capital stock shall be recorded the amount of capital stock, and the names and places of recidence of its officers.

Sec. 2. All individuals, associations, and corpor-

stock, and the nature and places of residence of its officers.

See 2. All individuals, associations, and corporations shall have equal right to have persons and properly transported over ratiroads and cannis, and no undue or unreasonable descrimination shall be made in charges for or in insultities for transportation of freight or passengers within the state, or centing from or going to any other state. Persons and properly transported over any railroad

commutation tickets may be issued at special rates.

Sec. 4. No ratiroad, canal, or other corporation, or the lesses, purchasers, or managers of any ratiroad or canal corporation, shall consolidate the stock, property, or tranchises of such corporation with, or lease or purchase the works or franchises of, or in any way control any other ratiroad or canal corporation owning or having under its control a parallel or competing line, nor shall any officer of such ratiroad or canal corporation act as an officer of any other ratiroad or canal corporation act as an officer of any other ratiroad or canal corporation act as an officer of any other ratiroad or canal corporation owning or having the control of a parallel or competing line, and the question whether ratiroads or canals are parallel or competing lines shall, when demanded by the party complainant, be decided by a jury as in other civil issues.

Sec. 5. No free-rivil issues.

Sec. 5. No free-rivil issues.

Sec. 5. No free-rivil company doing the basiness of a continuous carriers, shall directly or indirectly, procedure or engage in mining or manufacturing riticles for transportation ever its works, nor that such company, directly or indirectly, engage in any other business than that of common carriers, or hold or acquire into, treehold or leasehold, directly or indirectly, except such as shall be necessary for carrying on its business but any mining or manufacturing company may carry the products of its mines and manufactories on its railroad or canal not exceeding fifty miles in length.

Sec. 6. No president, director, officer, agent or

railroad or canal not exceeding fitty miles in length.

Ser. 6. No president, director, officer, agent or employee of any railroad or canal company shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in the furnishing of material or supplies to such company, or in the business of transportation as a common carrier of treight or passengers over the works owned, leased, controlled or worked by such company, Sec. 1. No discriminiation in charges or facilities for transportation shall be made between transportation companies and individuals, or or factor of either, by adactement, drawback, or otherwise, such to railroad or canal company, or any issue, manager, or employee thereof, shall make any preferences in furnishing cars or motive power.

Sec. 8. No railroad, railway or other transport-

er.

No. 8. No reliread, railway or other transportation company chall grant free passes or passes at a discount, to any persons except officers or employees of the company.

See, 9. No street passenger railway shall be constructed within the finits of any city, borough or township without the consent of its local authorities.

provisions of this article.

Sec. 11. The existing powers and duties of the Auditor General in regard to radironds, canals, and other transportation companies, except as to beir accounts, are hereby transferred to the Secretary of Juternal Affairs, who shall have a general supervision over them, subject to such regulations and alterations as shall be provided by law; and in addition to the annual reports now required to be made, sail Secretary may require special reports at any time upon any subject relating to the business of said companies from any officer or officers thereof.

Sec. 12. The General Assembly shall enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this arti-cie.

ARTICLE XVIII.

Section 1. Any amendment or amendments to this constitution may be proposed in the Senate or House of Representatives, and if the same shall to agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each house, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals, with the year and nays taken thereon, and the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall cause the same to be published three menths before the next general election in at least two newspapers in every example to the published; and if, in the timeral Assembly next afterwards chosen, such proposed amendment or amendment shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elsected to each house, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall cause the same again to be published in the manner aforesaid, and such proposed amendment or amendments shall be spinnitted to the qualified electors of the State in such manner, and at such time, at least three months after being so agreed to by the two houses, as the General Assembly shall prescribe; and if such amendment or amendments shall be approved by a majority of those voting therom, such a mendment or amendment or amendment or amendment or amendment or amendment shall be submitted they shall be voted upon separately. PUTURE AMENDMENTS.

That no inconvenience may arise from the chan-ges in the constitution of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete op-eration, it is hereby declared that: and in order to carry the same into complete op-cration, it is hereby declared that:

Sec. 31. The general assembly, at its first sec-sion, or as soon as may be after the adoption of first day of January, in the year, one thousand this constitution, chall pass such laws as may be

eight hundred and seventy-four, for all purposes not otherwise provided for therein.

Sec. 2. All laws in force in this Commonwealth at the time of the adoption of this consiliution not inconsistent therewith, and all rights, actions, prosecutions, and contracts, shall continue as if this constitution had not been adopted.

Sec. 3. At the general election in the years one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four shall be vacancies. These elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four shall serve for two years, and those elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four shall serve for few years, and those elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five shall serve for one year. Senators now elected, and those whose terms are unexpired shall represent the districts in which they were elected.

Sec. 4. At the general election in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, Senators shall be elected from the even numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for four years, and the term of the governor elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-

which district he shall be assigned; and the additional law judge shall be assigned to the other district.

Sec. 14. The general assembly shall, at the next succeeding session after each decemblal centus, and not oftener, designate the several justicial districts as required by this constitution.

Sec. 15. Judges learned in the law of any court of record holding commissions in three at the adoption of this constitution shall hold their respective offices until the expiration of the terms for which they were commissions, and until their successors shall be duly qualified. The Governor of First criminal jurisdiction for the counties of Schuylkill, Lebanon and Damphin as a judge of Schuylkill, Lebanon and Damphin as a judge of the court of common pleas of Schuylkill county for the unexpired term of his office.

Sec. 16. After the espiration of the term of any president judge of any court of common pleas in commission at the adoption of this constitution, the judge of such court dearned in the law and oldest in commission shall be the president judge thereof, and when two or more judges are elected at the same time in any judged district, they shall decide by let which shall be president judge; but when the president judge, of that court. Associate judges, not learned in the law, elected after the adoption of this constitution, shall be commissioned to hold their offices for the term of five years from the first day of January next after their election.

Sec. 17. The general assembly at the first ession after the adoption of this constitution shall have and electerative the confinence of the commonwealth, and the provisions of the fire three decimed inconsistent therefore the election of the corrections of the court and of the judges of the several judicial districts of the commonwealth, and the provisions of the fire three the commonwealth, and the provisions of the fire three the compensation of the article on the herislation shall not be decined inconsistent herewith. Nothing centralized in this constitution sha

now had to any law jurge of this commonwealth now in commission, of commen pleas in the counties of Philadelphia and Alegherry thall be composed of the president judges of the district court and court of common pleas of said counties until their offices shall severally end, and of such other judges as may from time to time be selected.

For the purpose of first organization. In Philadelphia the judges of the court number one shall be Judges Allison, Please and Payson; of the court number two, Junges Harr. Mitchell and one other judge to be elected; of the court number three, Judges Luillow. Finietter and Lynd, and of the court number four, Junges Tanger, Briggs and one other judge to be elected. shall be delivered at any station at charges not exceeding the charges for transportation of persons
and property of the same class in the same direction to any more distant station; but excursion and
commutation tickets may be issued at special
rates.

Xee 4. No railroad canal, or other correction.

The noige first named shall be the problem
to property of the same class in the same direction to any more distant station; but excursion and
commutation tickets may be issued at special
rates.

Xee 4. No railroad canal, or other correction.

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to property of the same class is the president judge shall be the problem
to problem.

The problem property of the same class is the president judge shall be the problem
to problem.

the same court or district shall continue to be president judges therrof.

The additional judges for courts number two
and four shall be voted for and elected at the first
general election after the adoption of this consituition in the same manner as the two additional
judges of the supreme court, and they shall becide by lot to which court they shall belong.—
Their term of office shall commence on the first
Monday of annuary, in the year one thousand
eight hundred and seventy-five.

See, 19. In the county of Allegheny, for the
parpose of first organization under this constitution, the judges of the court of common pleas at
the time of the adoption of this constitution shall
be the judges of the court mumber one, and the
judges of the district Court at the same date
shall be the judges of the common pleas number
two.

The president judges of the common pleas and
district courts shall be president judges of said
court number one and two respectively until their
offices shall end, and thereafter the judge older
in commission shall be president judge; but any
president judge re-elected in the same court or
district shall continue to be president judge thereoff.

Sec, 20. The organization of the courts of com-

Sec. 20. The organization of the courts of com-

Sec. 20. The organization of the course of com-on pleas under this constitution, for the coun-ces of Philadelphia and Allegheny, shall take ef-cit on the first Monday of January, one thousand ight hundred and seventy-five, and exissing parts in said counties shall continue with their resent powers and jurisdiction until that date; at no new suits shall be instituted in the couris in Nisi Prios after the adoption of this constitu-tion.

tion.

Sec. 21 The causes and proceedings pending in
the court of Nisi Prius, court of common pleas,
and district court in Philadelphia shall be tried
and disposed of in the court of common pleas.—
The records and dockets of said courts shall be
transferred to the Prothonotary's office of said

the records and deceases and proceedings pending in transferred to the Prothonotary's office of said county.

Sec. 22. The causes and proceedings pending in the court of common plens in the county of Alberheit said in the county of Alberheit said in the court of common plens and proceedings pending in the district court shall be tried and disposed of in the court number rwo.

Sec. 25. The Prothonotary of the court of common plens of Philadelphia shall be first appointed by the judges of said court on the first appointed by the judges of said court on the first appointed by the judges of said court on the first appointed by the judges of said court on the first appointed by the judges of said court on the first appointed by the judges of said court on the first appointed by the judges of said court of said county shall be the Prothonotary of the administration of the sammission shall expire, and the present clerk of the court of tyer and Terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in Philadelphia shall be the cirk of such court in til the expiration of his present commission on the first Monday of December in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

Sec. 24. In clites containing over fifty thousand

sand eight hundred and seventy-five.

Sec. 24. In cities containing over fifty thousand intabitants (except Philadelphia) all addermen in office at the time of the adoption of this constitution shall continue in office until the expiration of their commissions, and at the election for city and ward officers in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five one alderman shall be cleated in each ward, as provided in this constitution.

akternen, shall be chosen as required in this con-stitution at the election in said city and ward of-ficers in the year one thousand eight hundred and-seventy-live; their term of office shall commence on the first Monday of April succeding their e-lection.

bestion.

The terms of office of aldermen in said city, holding or entitled to commissions at the time of the atoption of this constitution shall not be effected thereby.

Sec. 26. All persons in office in this common-wealth at the time of the adoption of this constitution, and at the first election under it, shall hold their respective offices until the term for which they have been elected or appointed shall expire, and until their successors shall be duly qualified, unless otherwise provided in this constitution.

Sec. 27. The seventh article of this constitu-Sec. 27. The seventh article of this constitu-tion, prescribing an oath of office, shall take effect on and after the first day of January, one thou-sand eight hundred and seventy five.

Sec. 28. The terms of office of county commis-sioners and county auditors chosen prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and swenty-five, which shall not have expired before the first Monday of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, shall expire on eight hundred and seventy-six, shall expire on that day.

Sec. 29. All State, county, city, ward, borough and township officers in office at the time of the adoption of this constitution, whose compensation is not provided for by salaries alone, shall contin-ue to receive the compensation allowed them by law notif the expiration of the ir respective terms of office.

Sec. 30. All state and judicial officers hereto-fore elected, sworn, allirmed, or in office when this constitution shall take effect, shall severally, within one month after such adoption, take and subscribe an eath (or affirmation) to support this constitution.

necessary to carry the same into fail force and effect.

Sec. 32. The ordinance passed by this convention, entitled "An ordinance for submitting the amended constitution of Pennsylvania to a vote of the electors thereof," shall be held to be valid for all the purposes thereof,

Sec. 33. The words "county commissionera," wherever used in this constitution, and in any ordinance accompanying the same, shall be held to include the commissioners for the city of 2 hiladelphia. hia.
Adopted at Philadelphia, on the third day of November, in the year of our Lard one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, HARRISHURD, Nov. 13, 1873. 1 certify that the forecoing is a correct serie of the new constitution, proposed to the people of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for their approval or rejection, as the same appears of record in this office.

Secretary of Commonwealth.

AN ORDINANCE POR SUBMITTING THE AMENDED CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA TO A VOTE OF THE QUALIFIED B-LECTORS THEREOF, AS PASSED SECOND READING. the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as follows:

Light ordained by the Constitutional Convention of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as follows:

1. That the amended constitution prepared by this convention, be submitted to the qualified electors of the commonwealth for their adoption or rejection, at an election to be held on the third Tuesday of December next; except as hereinafter ordered and directed, the said election shall be held and consincted by the regular election officers in the several election districts throughout the commonwealth, under all the regulations and provisions of existing laws relating to general elections; and the steriffs of the several counties shall give at least twenty days notice of said election by proclamation.

2. The Secretary of the commonwealth shall, at least twenty days before the said election, farmish to the commissioners of the several counties shall cause to be printed at least three times as many ballots of affirmative votes as there are voters in each county—and the same number of negative votes; and the said commissioners shall, at least five days before said delection, cause to be fairly distributed to the several election districts in their respective counties, the said ballots, tally-lists, returns, circulars of instructions, and such other books and papers as may be necessary. The ballots shall be printed or written in the following form: On the causide the words "New Constitution;" in the inside for all persons giving affirmative votes the words "For the New Constitution," and for all persons giving negative votes the words "Per the New Constitution, then I shall be the constitution of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania on and after the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and evecuty-four; but if it shall appear that a majority of the votes polled are for the new constitution, then I shall be the constitution, then It shall be received and be null and void.

4. Five commissioners of election, viz: Edwin H. Filter, Edward Browning, John P. Verree, Henry S. Hagert, and John

the conduct of the said election within the soid election. The judges and inspectors aforesaid shall conduct the election in all respects conformably to the general election laws of this commonwealth, and with like powers and duties to those of ordinary election officers. Each inspector shall appoint one clerk to assist the board in the performance of its duties, and all the election officers shall be duly sworn or attituded according to law, and shall possess all the qualifications required by law of election officers in this commonwealth. At said election any duly qualified elector who shall be unregistered, shall be permitted to vote upon making pract of this right to the election officers, according to the general election has of this commonwealth. Retairn inspectors and their clerks and an hearty count of the votes shall be dispensed with, but overseers of election commissioners, whose duties and powers chall be the same as those of overseers of election in said elty under existing election laws applicable therefor. Returns of the election shall be made in said elty under existing election shall be made in said elty as in the case of an election for governor, but a tripleste coveral return for said elty winder.

turns of the election shall be made in said city as in the case of an election for governor, but a triplicate general return for said city shall be made out and forwarded to the President of this envention at Harrisonar, as is bereinafter provided in case of county returns.

5. In each of the counties of the commonwealth (except Philadelphia,) the returns of the election shall be made as in the case of an election for give error, but the return pudges in each county shall make out a triplicate county return and transmit the season within the very state of the election for given as the county state of the election shall make out a triplicate county return and transmit. the same, within five days after the election directed to the president of this convention, at Harris-

There in convention this third day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three. JNO. H. WALKER President.

D. L. IMBRIE, Clerk. A true coary of ordinance of submission M. S. QUAY,

Secretary of the commonwealth.

WASHING MADE EASY!



WASHING MACHINE!!

With adjustable Washers, recently added, in-ercasing its utility 50 per cent, invented and patented by S. M. SMITH, York, Pa.

It cleans all kinds of Clothing better and quicker than any other Washer. It cleans percetly and without injury, any article from the finest Lace Curtain to the heaviest Bed Clothing. It will cleanse a half dozen Gentlemen's Shirts,

badly solled, in from 5 to 8 minutes, including the Collars and Wristbands. The steam being confined in the Wasner, the clothing while being washed is also bleached. Over 800 Machines were sold in York as Lan-caster Countles and over \$70,000 worth in this State and Ohio, within a year; giving satisfac-tion. The celebrated Self-Adjusting EUREKA Wringer is attacked to the machine. Left in from one to two hours a large Family's Wash can be done and riased, with less than half the labor required by hand.

Riusing is done in this Machine thoroughly and rapidly.

We ask no one to purchase without first trying its morits

SINGLE MACRINES, \$18. With Wringer, \$25. Address all orders to IRA T. CLEMENT.

Manufacturer and Agent. Sunbury, April 26, 1873. A Good Chance for a Cook Stove!

At J. B. REED'S STOVE AND TINWARE STORE,

Third St, opposite the Central Hotel, Sunbury, A NY person purchasing goods to the amount of \$3 00 at retail prices, for cash, will be entitled to a Ticket for the drawing of a first case No. 7. Cook Stove with all the fixtures, valued at \$30, warranted to give satisfaction. Notice will be given of the place and time of drawing through the papers. J. B. REED. Sunbury, July 18, 1873.

BUTCHERY! BUTCHERY! Messrs. REFFEW & BOWER,

Third Street, opposite Central Hotel.
SUNBURY, PA.,
KEP constantly on hand the very choicest
of fresh

BEEF, MUTTON AND VEAL, which is sold at the lowest prices. Meat can be had at all hours during the day.
Sunowy, Pa., June 8, 1872. Dem Anbertisements.

CENTER OF ATTRACTION. Everybody is invited to come and buy of the

TOYS AND CONFECTIONERIES

SAMUEL F. NEVIN'S STORE, in frame building, adjoining Moore & Dissinger's building, TRIRD STREET, SUMBURY, PA. Just opened a fresh supply of Confectioneries of every description.

TOYS OF ALL KINDS constantly on hand. The best RAISINS, FIGS, CURRANTS & DRIED FRUIT. PURE RIO COFFEE, TEA & SPICES,

fresh Bread, Buns & Cakes, every morning. FANCY CARES, BISCUITS, CRACKERS, &c. OYSTERS! OYSTERS! OYSTERS! Having fitted up a room expressly for serving up Oysters in every style, Ladies and Gentlemen will be accommodated with the best bivalves in market, at all hours during the day and evening. Families will be supplied at their residence with the best Shell or Canned Oysters, as is desirable,

at the very lowest prices.

Call and see my excellent assortment of goods

and ascertain the prices.

Dec. 16, 1871.

this Space is Reserved for the ADVEBUISEMENT OF PAINE & McCORMICK'S HARDWARESTORE

Market St., Sunbury, Pa.

CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF T March 29, 1878,-1v.

THE PARKER GUN.



SEND STAMP FOR CIRCULAR PARKER BROS

WEST MERIDEN.CT.

WINTER STORES. RYE WHISKY. \$4.00 a gallon. \$11.00 a dozen. YELLOW SEAL SHERRY, In large bottles, \$11,00 a dozen.

GOLD SEAL BRANDY, £18.00 a dozen. APPLE JACK, JAMAICA RUM. SCOTCH WHISKY, CATASUBA WINE. OLD PORT WINE,

CHAMPAGNES. SEGARS, &C. H. & A. C. Van Beil.

THE WINE MERCHANTS, 1810 Chestnut Street. Philadelphia.



Send for Illustrated Catalogue and examine our prices before purchasing, as we claim to sell lower than any other establishment in the City. REMEMBER the NUMBER. 1236 RIDGE AVENUE, Philadelphia

SUNBURY MARBLE YARD. Fourth Street below Market. SUNBURY, PENN'A.

THE undersigned has returned from the Ver-mont Marble Quarries with 56 Tons of Marble for Monuments, Grave-Stones, &c., &c.

He has bought at such figures that will allow him to sell better stone, for less money, than heretofore. The best Sutherland Falls Marble,

which is better than Italian. Rutland is now sold as low as the Manchester.

Those who need anything in the Marble line, for Monuments, Grave-Stones, or other purposes, will find it to their interest to call and examine this large stock, as better bargains can be secured than buying from parties 'huckstering' round All lettering will be done in the neatest and

most improved style. W. M. DAUGHERTY. Sunbury, Jan. 11, 1873. WM. FARSON, SON & CO., No. 228 South SECOND Street, below DOCK,

Philadelphia.
WILLIAM FARMSON, HENRY HARNED.
NELSON PUGH, W. W. CREAUTHERS,
Manufacturers of First-Clusa
FURNITURE.
Prices reasonable. Please call and examine.

FALL, 1873.

CHEAPEST AND BEST

Assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING.

HATS AND CAPS,

Gents Furnishing Goods,

TRUNKS, VALICES &c.

ever offered in this place at S. HERZFELDER'S

Popular Clothing Store.

Corner Third and Market,

SUNBURY, PA.



Dr. J. Walker's California Vincgar Bitters are a purely Vegetable proparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of Vinegan Birrens?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the Lis-tery of the world has a medicine been qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing

the sick of every disease man is hely to. They are a gentle Purpalive as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Viscoral Organs in Bills as The properties of Dr. WALKER'S VINEGAR RITTERS are Aperical, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritions, Laxative, Diagetic, Sedative, Counter Irritant, Sudorific, Altera-

28, 28, 38 May A5.D & CO., frame to and venezal spect. See the start of the Sold by all Danggists and Dealers.

MACHINE SHOP AND IRON FOUNDRY. GEO. ROHEBACH & SONS, Sunbury, Penn'a.

NFORM the public that they are prepared to do all kinds of CASTINGS, and having added a new Machine Shop in connection with their Foundry, and have supplied themselves with New Lathes, Plawing and Boring Machines, with the latest improvements. With the aid of skillful

mechanics, they are cuabled to execute all orders NEW WORK OR REPAIRING, that may be given them, in a satisfactory man-

IRON COLUMNS, for churches or other ings, of all sizes.

BRASS CASTINGS, &c. Ornamental Tron Feneing

FOR GRAVE YARD LOTS; VERANDAHS. FOR YARDS AT RESIDENCES, &C., &C.

Sunbury, May 20, 1871. NEW COAL YARD. THE undersigned having connected the Coal business with his extensive FLOUR & GRAIN trade, is prepared to supply families with the

Egg, Stove and Nut, constantly on hand. Grain taken in exchange for Coal.

J. M. CADWALLADER. Sunbury, Jan. 15, \$70.-tf. J. F. LERCH'S

VERY BEST OF COAL, CHEAP FOR CASH.

CARRIAGE AND

WAGON MAKING ESTABLISHMENT, CHESTNUT ST., SUNBURY, PA.

VEHICLES OF ALL KINDS MADE TO OFDER.

The latest styles and the best werkmanship.

Samples may be seen at the shop. Give him Sunbury, Dec. 7, 1872 .- 15.

DEALERS IN American and French Window Glass,

1307. RIGHTER & GASKILL, 1307.

Orystal Sheet, Rough Plate, Colored, Enameled 1307 Market Street, Philadelphia. January 11, 1873 .- 1y-

CRAWFORD HOUSE, Cor. Third and Mulberry, Business Centre, Williamsport, D. B. ELSE & CO., Proprietor,

LUMBER AND PLANING MILLS. Third Street, adjoining Phila. & Eric R. R., two Squares North of the Central Hotel,

SUNBURY, PA. IRA T. CLEMENT, I S prepared to furnish every description of lum-ber required by the demands of the public.— liaving all the latest improved machinery for manufacturing Lunber, he is now ready to fill or-ders of all kinds of

FLOORING, SIDING, DOORS SHUTTERS, SASH, BLINDS MOULDINGS, VE-RANDAS, BRACKETS, and all kinds of Ornamental Scrowl Work. Turning of every description promptly executed. Also,

A LABOR ASSORTMENT OF BILL LUMBER. HEMLOCK and PINE. Also, Shingles, Pickots, Lathe, &c.
Orders promptly filled, and shipped by Rallroad or otherwise. IRA T. CLEMENT.

dec19-68:19

FALL OPENING NEW DRY GOODS, GROCTRIES AND NOTIONS. Cloths, Cassimeres, Calteos, and everything la the Dry Good line.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS. Queensware, Glassware, and Wood and Willow-GROCERIES.

A large assertment just opened, which consists of Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Spices, Meat, Fish, &c. The Celebrated Allentown hand made BOOTS AND SHOES. Warranted to give satisfaction. In fact a full

sortment of everything kept in a first-class store, wan be had at greatly REDUCEL PRICES. for each. Call and see the fine selection of new goods, and be convinced that

near the Lathern Church, in Sunbury, is the best and cheapest place to buy all kinds of store goods. No trouble to show goods.

F. J. BYROD'S,

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS AND ALL THROAT DISEASES,

WELL'S CARBOLIC TABLETS. A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY. Sold by Druggists.



MAKES THE WEAK STRONG The Peruvian Syrup, a Protected Solution of the Protoxide of Iron, is so combined as to have the character of an aliment, as easily digested and assimilated with the blood as the simplest food. It increases the quantity of Nature's Own Vitalizing Agent, Iron in the blood, and cures "a thousand ills," simply by Toning up, Invigorating and Vitalizing the System. The enriched and vitalized blood permeates every part of the body. meates every part of the body, repairing damages and waste,

derful success of this remedy in curing Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Chronic Diarrhœa, Boils, Nervous Affections, Chills and Fevers, Humors, Loss of Constitutional Vigor, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Female Complaints, and all diseases originating in a bad state of the blood, or ac-companied by debility or a low state of the system. Being free from Alcohol, in any form, its

stitution.
Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy, from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

VIAN SYRUP blown in the glass. Pamphlets Free.

No. 1 Milton Place, Boston BOAD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY,

searching out morbid secre-tions, and leaving nothing for disease to feed upon.

This is the secret of the won-

energizing effects are not fol-loved by corresponding reac-tion, but are permanent, infu-sing strength, vigor, and new life into all parts of the system, and building up an Iron Con-stitution.

See that each bottle has PERU-

SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors,

The PLOWS, already celebrated for their su-periority, have been still further improved, and will always be kept on hand.
Also, THRESHING MACHINES.