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Conveyancing, the collections of claims, writings, and all kinds of Legal business will be attended to carefully and with despatch. Can be consult-ed in the English and German language. Office formerly occupied by Solomon Malick, Esq., op-posite City Hotel, Sunbury, Pa. March 29, 1878.—1y.

G. A. BOTDORF,

G. Attorney-at-Law,
GEORGETOWN,
Northumberland Co., Penna.
Can be consulted in the English and German languages. Collections attended to in Northumberland and adjoining countles. Also Agent for the Lebanon Valley Fire Insurance Company. mh15

T. H. B. KASE, Attorney at Law, SUN-BURY, PA. Office in Market Square, (adjoining the office of W. I. Greenough, Esq.,) Professional business in this and adjoining coun-Sunbury, March 16, 1872.-ly.

W. C. PACKER, Attorney at Law,

Sunbury, Pa. November 9, 1872,-- tf.

DR. CHAS. M. MARTIN, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Sunbury, Penn'a.

Office on Front Street, next door to Haas & Fagely.
Office Hours. -- Until 8 a m. From 12 to 1 p m. From 5 to 6 p m., and after 9 o clock p m.
At all other hours when not professionally engaged, can be found at Drug Store, on Third st., nug3, 72.-15 next to Clement House.

S. at Law. Rooms No. 2 2 2 2 Counsellor Bright's Building, SUNBURY, PA. Professiona business attended to, in the courts of Northum berland and adjoining counties. Also, in the Circuit and District Courts for the Western District of Pennsylvania. Claims promptly collection of Pennsylvania. ed. Particular attention paid to cases in Bank-ruptey. Consultation can be had in the Ger-man language. unar25, 71.

H. KANE, Attorney at Law, SUN BURY, PA., office in Masser's Building sear the Court House. Front Boom up stairs above the Drug Store. Collections, made in Northumberland and adjoining counties.

Sunbury, Pa., June 8, 1873:

G. B. CADWALLADER, Market Street, SUNBURY, PA. Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Pocket Books, Dairies, &c.

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H. B. MASSER, Attorney at Iaw, SUN-BURY, PA.—Collections attended to in the counties of Northumberland, Union, Snyder, Montour, Columbia and Lycoming. apl10-69

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ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office at his residence on Arch street, one square north of the Court House, wear the Jail, SUNBURY, PA. Collections and all professional business promptly attended to in this and adjoin ing counties. Consultations can be had in the July27-1872. erman language.

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UNITED STATES HOTEL, W. F. RIFCHEN, Proprietor. Opposite the Depot SHAMOKIN, PA. Every attention given to travellers, and the best accommodations given.

WASHINGTON HOUSE, C. NEFF Proprietor, Corner of Market & Second Streets, opposite the Court House, Sunbury, Pa. May28, '70.

LLEGHENY HOUSE, A. BECK, A LLEGHEAL
Proprietor, Nos. 812 and 814 Market Street,
above eighth, PHILADELPHIA. Terms, \$2 per day. He respectfully solicits your patron-age. Jan672.

NATIONAL HOTEL. AUGUSTUS WALD, Proprietor, Georgetown North'd County, Pa., at the Station of the N. C. R. W. Choice wines and cigars at the bar. The table is supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling and attentive ostlers.

HUMMEL'S RESTAURANT, Commerce St., SHAMOKIN, PENN'A.
Having just refitted the above Salom for the accommodation of the public, is now prepared to serve his friends with the best refreshments, and fresh Lager Beer, Ale, Porter, and all other malt

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RETAIL DEALERS OF ANTHRACITE COAL, SUNBURY, PENN'A. Office with Hals, Faunt & Co., Orders left at Seasholtz & Bro's., office Market treet, will receive prompt attention. Country

ANTHRACITE COAL! TALENTINE DIETZ, Wholesale and

Retail dealer in every variety of
ANTHRACITE COAL, UPPER WHARF,
SUNBURY, PENN'A.
All kinds of Grain taken in exchange for Coal.
Orders solicited and filled promptly. Orders left at S. F. Nevin's Confectionery Store, on Third treet, will recieve prompt attention, and money receipted for, the same as at the office.

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I prepared to do all kinds of work pertaining to Dentistry. He keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of Teeth, and other Dentai material, from which he will be able to select, and meet the wants of his customers.

All work warranted to give satisfaction, or else

the money refunded. The very best Mouth Wash and Tooth-Powders His references are the numerous patrons for

whom he has worked for the last twelve years Sunbury, April 21, 1872. COAL! COAL! COAL!—GRANT BROS. Shippers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in WHITE AND RED ASH COAL, SUNBURY, PA.

(LOWER WHARF.)

En Sole Agents, westward, at the celebrated

PRICE \$1 50 IN ADVANCE.



SUNBURY AMERICAN

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SUNBURY, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 26, 1873.

the election officers, the word "tax" being added where the claimant votes on age, the same words

whereupon the same proof of the right of suf-frage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and acted on by the election board and the

vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence; every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturali-

zation certificate at the election before voting, ex-

cept where he has been for ten years consecutively a voter in the district in which he offers his

vote; and on the vote of such persons being re-ceived, it shall be the duty of the election offi-

any election officer or officers shall receive a se-

be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion

ment, at the general elections in October.

assessor shall also make the same returns to the

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH

Sheriff's Proclamation. I, S. H. ROTHERMEL, High Sheriff

of Northumberland county, Common wealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an Election will be held nut Street, Sunbury, Pa.
Collections and all legal matters promptly atin the said county of Northumberland, on TUESDAY, the 14th of OCTOBER, 1873, for the purpose of electing the several persons hereinafter named, viz:

> One person for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

> One person for the office of State Treasu-

rer of the State of Pennsylvania One person in conjunction with the counties of Union, Snyder and Perry, for the office of State Senator of Pennsylvania Two persons in conjunction with the county of Montour for the office of Member

of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania One person for the office of Register and Recorder, Register of Wills and Clerk of the Orphans' Court for said county One person for the office of County Trea-

surer for said county One person for the office of Commissioner

for said county
Two persons for Jury Commissioners for
the county of Northumberland One person for County Auditor for said

county
1 also hereby make known and give notice that the place of holding the aforesaid election in the several wards, boroughs, districts and townships within the county of Northumberland, are as follows, to wit : Sunbury, West Ward, at the Court House, Sunbury, Pa.; East Ward, at the public house of E. T. Drumbeller

Upper Augusta township, at the public house of Joel Bitterman Lower Augusta township, at the public Louse of Peter Dunkelberger Northumberland borough at the public

house of G. W. Donahue Point District at the house of Mrs. Johnson, in the borough of Northumberland Milton, South Ward, at the house of C. W. Sticker North Ward, at the public

Turbut township, at the house of Abraham Kissinger Delaware township, at the house of William Hile

house of J. M. Huff

Chillisquaque, at the house of Charles Watsontown, lower room of Academy building Lewis township, at the house of D. H.

Dreisbach, in Turbutville borough Shamokin township, at the house of T.H. Upper Mahanoy township, at the house of John H. Geist Little Mahanoy township, at the house

of Conrad Raker Lower Mahanoy, at the house of A. Roadarmel Rush township, at Liberty-Pole school

Jackson township, at the house of John Albert, Herndon, Pa Coal township, at the house of Job Don-

Shamokin borough, East Ward, at the house of Wm. M. Weaver ; West Ward, at the house of Patrick Kairns

Zerbe township, at the house of Thomas Cameron township, at the house of G. W. Snyder Gowen City

Jordan township, at the house of Jacob Mt. Carmel borough, at the Mt. Carmel

Washington township, at the house of H.

McEwensville, at the house of Henry Reeder Turbutville, at the house of Simon Opp

Mt. Carmel township, at the house of Michael Graham Riverside borough, at the public school house of said borough Snydertown, at the public house of William Farrow

The general election in all the Wards, Townships, Districts and Boroughs of the county is to be opened between the hours of six and seven o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening, when all poils shall be closed. Every person excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporate in the Control of t

rate district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary departments of the State or the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also every member of Congress or of the State Legislature, and of the Select and ommon Councils of any city, or Commissioner any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and no in-

spector, judge or other officer of any such elec-tion shall be eligible there to be voted for. The Inspectors and Judges of the election shall meet at the respective piaces appointed for holding the election in the district to which they respectively belong, before seven o'clock in the morning, and each of said inspectors shall ap-point one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of

In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place—and in case the person elected judge shall not attend, then the inspector who resided the highest number of the person elected judge shall not attend, then the inspector who resided the highest number of the person elected judge shall not attend, then the inspector who resided the highest number of the person elected judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest num-ber of votes shall appoint a judge in his place— or if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified vot-ers of the township, ward or district for which such officers shall have been elected, present at such election, shall elect one of their number to

fill such vacancy.

It shall be the duty of the several assessors of helding each district to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judges, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, or such other matters in rela-tion to the assessments of voters as the said inspectors or either of them shall from time to me require.

No person shall be permitted to vote at any clection, as aforesaid, other than a freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in the State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers his vote at least ten days insmediately preceding such election and within two years paid a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months: Precidal, That the freemen, citizens of the United States, between twenty-one and twenty-two years, who have resided in an election district as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote although they shall not have puld taxes.

No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless, First, he produces a receipt for the paying ment within two years of a State or county tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence, either on his each of the payment ithereof. Second, if he claim the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed in the payment ithereof. Second, if he claim the right to vote base and the commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of the United States, that he has paid such tax, or on failure to produce its certor of the Commonwealth one year. Or the claim the right to vote before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as its required by this act, and that he does verify believe, from the account given him, that he is or age a foresaid, and sixe other ordinates and of the person thus admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word 'tax' if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax; or the word 'age' if he shall be demitted to vote by time.

In all cases where the reason of such ange, shall be or claiming to vote is not found on the list forvoires of the United States of the United States of the United States of the Constitution of the United States of the United States of the United States of the State or of the United States government, on clerical or other duty, and who donot vote where thus employed, shall not be clearly the clearly deprived of the right to other duty, and who donot vote where thus employed, shall not be clearly where or county and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed and partly printed in the state of the payment is generous condition of servitude.

Second, if he claim the right to vote with the base of the United States or the un

claiming to vote is not found on the list furnish-ed by the commissioners and assessors, or his right to vote, whether found thereon or not, is States, or if born elsewhere, shall state the fact on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided in the district for more than ten days next immediately preceding such election, and shall also himself swear that he lection district ten days the election district ten days a shall also himself swear that he has resided in the State one year and in the election district ten days a shall also himself swear that he has resided in the State one year and in the election district ten days a shall also himself swear that he has resided in the State one year and in the election district ten days a shall also himself swear that he has resided in the State one year and in the election district ten days are the left of the same and the election district ten days are witness, who shall be a quantum has resided in the district for more than ten days has resided in the district for more than ten days next immediately preceding such election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is in said district, and that he did not remove into said vits of the witnesses to their residence, shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally list, and other papers required by

shall make due proof, if required, of the residence and payment of taxes as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the townshsp, ward or distance and shall remain on file therewith in trict in which he shall reside.

If any person shall prevent, or attempt to prevent any officer of this election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall inter-rupt or improperly interfere with him in the exe-cution of ais duty, or shall block up the window, or avenue to any window where the same may be threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting or to restrain the freedom of choice, such persons on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars and imprisoned for any time. in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and imprisoned for any time not less than three nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the court, where the trial of such of-fense shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the offense was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars and be imprisoned not less than six

onths nor more than two years. If any person, not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election of this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified shall vote out of his proper district, if any person knowing the want of such qualification, shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not ex-ceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned n any term not exceeding three months.

If any person shall vote at more than one elec-tion district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together, with the intent illegally to vote, or shall procure another to do so, he or they offending shall on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five bundred dollars, and he hundred for a transport less than three and be imprisoned for a term not less than three

or more than twelve months.

If any person not qualified to vote in this Com-If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth agreeably to law (except the sons of qualified citizens), shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of influencing the citizens of the purpose of influencing to vote without requiring such proof, every person to vote without requiring such proof, every person to vote without requiring such proof, every person of the purpose of the pu feit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offense, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

If any person or persons shall make any bet or ing one hundred dollars, or to undergo an impri-

wager upon the result of the election, within the Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by any written or printed advertisement, for President and Vice President of the United bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation there-of, or by any written or printed advertisement,

of, or by any written or printed advertisement, or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upou conviction thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

And the election laws of the Commonwealth further provides that "The Inspectors, Judges and clerks shall before entering on the duties of their offices, severally take and subscribe the oath or affirmation hereinafter directed, which shall be administered to them by any Judge, alderman or justice of the peace, but if he such magistrate be present, one of the inspectors of the election shall administer the oath or affirmation to the other judge and inspector, and then the inspectors of qualified shall administer the oath or affirmation to him.

firmation to him.

"The Inspectors, judge and clerks required by law to hold township and general elections shall take and subscribe the several oaths and affirmations required by the 19th, 20th and 21st sections of the act of 2d day of July, 1839, 'An act relat-ing to the elections of this Commonwealth,' which caths or affirmations shall be prepared and administered in the manner prescribed in the 18th and 22d sections of said act, and in addition to the power conferred by the 18th section of said act, the judge or either of the inspectors shall have the power to administer the oaths prescribed by said act to any clerk of a general, special

or township election.

The following shall be the form of oath or affirmation to be taken by each inspector, viz; 'I, [A. B.] do —— that I will duly attend to the custing election during the continuance thereof as an inspector, and that I will not receive any ticket or vote from any person, other than such as I firmly believe to be, according to the pro-visions of the Constitution and the laws of this Commonwealth, entitled to a vote at such elec-tion, without requiring such evidence of the right to vote as is directed by law, nor will I vexatlously delay or refuse to receive any vote from any person who I shall believe to be entitled to vote us aforesaid, but that I will in all things truly and impartially and faithfully perform my duties therein, to the best of my judgment and abilities, and that I am not, directly or indirectly nterected in any bet or wager on the result of

this election.1 The following shall be the oath or affirmation of each judge, viz: I, [A. B.] do —— that I will, as judge, daly attend the ensuing election during the continuance theref, and faithfully assist the inspectors in carrying out the same; that I will not give my consent that any rote or ticket, shall be received from any person other than such as I firmly believe to be, according to than such as I firmly believe to be, according to the provisious of the Constitution and laws of this Ceromonwealth, entitled to vote at such elec-tion, without requiring such evidence of the right to vote as directed by law, and that I will use my best endeavors to prevent any fraud, deceit or abuse, in carrying on the same by citizens quali-fied to vote, or others, and I will make a true and perfect return of the said election, and will in all things truly, and impartially and faithfully per-form my duty respecting the same, to the best of form my duty respecting the same, to the best of my judgment and attitues, and that I am not di-rectly or indirectly interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election."

The following shall be the form of eath or affir intion to be taken by each clerk, viz: 'I, [A.
B.] do — that I will impartially and truly
write down the name of each elector who shall
vote at the ensuing election, which shall be given
me in charge, and also the name of the township,
ward or district, wherein such elector resides, or
carefully and truly write down the number of
votes that shall be given for each estudidate at
the election, as often as his name shall be read to
me by the inspectors thereof, and in all things
truly and faithfully perform my duty respecting
the same to the best of my judgment and abilities, and that I am not directly or indirectly interested in any bet or wager on the result of this
election.

On the day of election, any person whose name The following shall be the form of oath or af-

On the day of election, any person whose name is not on the said list, and claiming the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district of which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least ten days next preceding said election; which

100

enforce this article by appropriate legislation."

And whereas, The Congress of the United States, on the Sist day of March, 1870, passed an act entitted "An act to enforce the right of

an act entitted "An act to enforce the right of cetizens of the United States to vote in the several States of this Union, and for other purposes," the first and second sections of which are as follows:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all citizens of the United States, who are or shall be otherwise qualified by law to yote at any elecches of the United States, who are or shall of otherwise qualified by law to vote at any election by the people, in any State, Territory, district, county, city, parish, township, school district, municipality or other territorial sub-divisions shall be entitled and allowed to vote in all such elections without distinction of race, color, or previous condition of servitude; any consti-tution, law, custom, usage, or regulation of any

the prothonotary's office, subject to examination, as other election papers are; if the election officers shall find that the applicant or applicants possess all the legal qualifications of voters, he or they shall be permitted to vote, and the name or names shall be added to the list of taxables by the alection officers, the word "itax" being added. State, Territory, or by, or under its authority, to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 2 And be it further enacted, That if by or under the authority of the constitution or laws of any State, or the laws of any Territory any act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such constitution or laws persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performence of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to per-form such prerequisite or to become qualified to vote, it shall be the duty of every such person and officer to give to all citizens of the United States the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisite, and to become qualified to vote, without distinction of race, color or previous condition of servitude; and if any such erson or officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section, he shall, for every such offense, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggriced hereby, to be recovered by an action on the case, with costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just and shall also for every such offense be deemed guilty of a misde-meanor and -ball, on conviction thereof, be fined cers to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the month and year; and if not less than five hundred dollars, or be im-prisoned not less than one month and not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the

cond vote on the same day by virtue of the same certificate, excepting where sons are entitled to vote by virtue of the naturalization of their lathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, upon so offending shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, And whereas, it is declared by the second see tion of the VI article of the Constitution of the United States, that "This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made of the court; but the fine shall not exceed one in pursuance thereof, shall be the supreme law of the and, * * anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year; the like punishment shall be in-flicted, on conviction, on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to

notwithstanding."

And whereas, The Legislature of this Commonwealth, on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1870, passed an act entitled "A further supplement to the act relating to elections in this Commonwealth, the tenth section of which provides as be made, the indersement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to

If any election officer shall refuse or negrective such proof of the right of suffrage as is require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law, or the laws to which this follows.

Sec. 10. That so much of every act of Assemblement, from any person offering to vote that only white freemen shall be a provided that the provided th bly as provides that only white freemen shall be entitled to vote or be registered as voters or as claiming to vote at any general or special election of this Commonwealth, be and the same is son so offending shall, upon conviction, be guilty hereby replied; and that hereafter all freemer of a high misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced, without distinction of color, shall be enrolled. and registered, according to the provisions of the first section of the act approved 17th of April, 1869, entitled "An act further upplemental to the act relating to the elections of this Common wealb," and when otherwise qualified under existing laws, be entitled to vote at all general and States, it shall be the duty of the assessor to at-tend at the place fixed by law for holding the

and special elections in this Commonwealth."

And whereas, It is my constitutional and official duty to "take care that the laws be faithfully executed." and it has come to my knowledge that sundry assessors and registers or voters have refused, and are refusing to assess and election in each election district, and then and there hear all applications of persons whose names have been orpitted from the list of assess-ed voters, and who claim the right to vote, or whose rights have originated since the same was registered divers colored male citizens of lawful age, and otherwise qualified as electors:

made out, and shall add the names of such permade out, and shall and the hames of such per-sons thereto, as shall show that they are entitled to the right of suffrage in such district, on the personal application of the claimant only, and forthwith assess them with the proper tax. Af-ter completing the list, a copy thereof shall be Now therefore, In consideration of the premises, the county commissioners of said county are hereby notified and directed to instruct the several assessors and registers of voters therein, to oral assessors and registers of Voters therein, to obey and conform to the requirements of said constitutional amendment and laws; and the sheriff of said county is hereby authorized and required to publish in his election proclamation for the next ensuing election herein recited conplaced on the door of, or on the house where the election is to be held, at least eight days before the election; and at the election the same course shall be pursued, in all respects, as is required by this act and the acts to which it is a sepplestitutional amendment, act of Congress, and act of the Legislature, to the end that the same may be known, executed and obeyed by all the county commissioners of all assessments made by virtue of this section; and the county commisssessors, registers of voters, election officers and thers, and that the right and privileges guaransioners shall furnish copies thereof to the elec-tion officers in each district, in like manner, in teed thereby may be secured to all the citizens of this Commonwealth entitled to the same. [Sear.] Given under my hand and the great seal of the State at Harrisburg, the day and year

all respects, as is required at the general election in October.

The same rules and regulations shall apply at first above written. JOHN W. GEARY.
Attest: F. JORDAN, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

every special election, and every separate city, borough or ward election, in all respects as at the general election in October. The qualified electors will take notice of the following act of Assembly, approved the 12th day of March, 1869: An Act regulating the The respective assessors, inspectors and judges of the elections shall each have the power to administer oaths to any persons claiming the right to be assessed or the right of suffrage or in regard to any other matter or thing required to be ode of voting at all elections in the several punties of this Commonwealth. SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and gard to any other matter or thing required to be House of Representatives of the Commonwealth Pennsylvania in the General Assembly met, and der this act ; and any willful false swearing by any person in relation to any matter or thing concerning which they shall be lawfuly interroit is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That the qualified voters of the several countles

gated by any of said officers shall be punished as of this Commonwealth, at all general, township. borough and special elections, are hereby here-after authorized and required to vote, by tickets, perjury.

The assessors shall each receive the same compensation for the time necessarily spent in per-forming the duties hereby enjoined, as is provided by law for the performance of their other duties, printed or written or partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labeled outside, "judiclary;" one ticket shall embrace the sames of all State officers voted for, and be labeled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all officers voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labeled "county;" one ticket shall embrace the to be paid by the county commissioners as in other cases; and it shall not be lawful for any assessor to assess a tax against any person whatever within ten days next preceding the election to be held ou the second Tuesday in October in any year, or within ten days next before any election names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and shall be labeled "borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

Sec. 2 That it shall be the duty of the sheriffs the company with to for electors of President and Vice President of the United States; any violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor, and subject the officers so offending to a fine, on conviction, not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding three months, or both, at On the petiton of the court.

On the petiton of five or more citizens of the in the several counties of this Commonwealth to insert in their election proclamation hereafter issued the first section of this net.

county, stating under oath that they verily be-lieve that frauds will be practiced at the election about to be held in any district, it shall be the JAMES R. KELLEY, Speaker of the House of Representative DAVID FLEMING, duty of the court of common pleas of said county, if in session, or if not, a judge thereof in vacation, to appoint two judicious, sober and intelli-Speaker of the Senate. Approved, the thirteenth day of March, A. D. tion, to appoint two judicious, sober and intelli-gent citizens of the county to act as overseers who shall be selected from different political parties, where the inspectors belong to different parties, and where both of said inspectors belong to the same political party, both of the overseers shall be taken from the opposite political party; said overseers shall have the right to be present with the officers of the election during the whole time the same is held, the votes counted and the returns made out and signed by the election-offione thousand eight hundred and sixty-six A. G. CURTIN, Pursuant to the provisions contained in 6th section of the act aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take tion of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one judge from each dis-trict at the Court House, in the Borough of Sunbury, on the third day after the day of election returns made out and signed by the election-offi-cers; to keep a list of votes, if they see proper; to challenge any person offering to vote, and intercogate him and his witness under oath, in regard to his right of suffrage at said election, to examine his papers produced; and the officers of said election are required to afford to said overseers so selected and appointed every convenience and facility for the discharge of their duties; and if said election officers shall refuse to permit said overseers to be present, and perreturns made out and signed by the election-offibeing ON FRIDAY THE 17TH DAY OF OCTO-BER, 1873, at 10 o'clock a. M., then and there to do and perform the duties required by law of said Judges.

Also, that where a judge, by sickness or una-voldable accident, is unable to attend such meeting of judges, then the centificate or return shall be taken charge of by one of the inspectors or clerks of the election of the district, who shall do and perform the duties required of said ON FRIDAY THE 17TH DAY OF OCTO duties; and if said election officers shall refuse to permit said overseers to be present, and per-form their duties as aforesaid, or if they shall bo-driven away from the pools by violence and in-fimidation, all the votes polled at such election district may be rejected by any tribunal trying a contest under said election; Provided, That no person signing the petition shall be appointed an do and perform the duties required of said judges mable to attend.

Given under my hand, at my office in Sunbury.

this 5th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and in the ninety-eighth year of the independence of the United States. S. H. BOTHERMEL, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Sept. 10, 1876. That the citizens of this State temporarily in

10 Lines, or about 100 Words, make a Square

Gales und Shetches.

A Story with a Moral.

cares, when his train of thought was rudely

ought to have been here-just the stunning-

soon he heard his daughter exclaim 'Is that you, Maggie ?'

'I'll be there in half a jiffy.

Then a sound of running feet, and pretty

'Yes, come down quick, I've got some-

'Gracious I should have been dumb-con-

est fellow.'

thing to tell you.'

w momeuts-

the sidewalk.

'tis yourself.'

conversation:

of her friend.

said Maggie rising.

Tuesday night.

first.

behave.

night.

said :

notice.

amazement.

his cife.

exciaimed.

did you buy it?"

up stairs.

Yes, good-bye.

with you to-night.'

'There ! how's that for high ?'

'Oh, isn't it sweet! how much was it?

'Only five dollars! cheap enough.'

ooler, said Nellie looking around.

day before to keep the door closed.

, the dickens, I've lost my parasol!

in search of his wife. For a long time they

were closeted together, until time for tea. When tea was ready, Miss Nellie came

down equipped for the lecture. After they

were fairly scated at the table, Mrs. Hall

'My dear sir, will you have some tea?'

Nellie looked up, but her father took no

'Really, this cake is quite stunning,

went on the doctor, as solemn as a judge.

Just then his napkin fell to the floor.

'Gracious, I'm con-dum-founded,' ejacu-

Nellie gazed at her father in perfect

'Oh, well, its all the same in German.'

'You must give me some money for the

'You'd better spell 'ability' first,'

Then suddenly taking out his handker-

chief, he gave his nose a tremendous blow.

'I 'now how 'tis myself,' mecki, replied

This capped the climax. The knowledge

that her father must have heard the after-

noon conversation was too much for Nellie.

The sage doctor nodded wisely to his

There wife, I guess we shall hear no

The next day the good doctor called his

daughter into his study, and said to her:

those who use them. By ever so sparing

a use, one's speech gets so corrupted that a person often makes use of one of these

expressions at times, which afterwards he

and ladylike to sully her lips by such ex-

wife and when she had got out of hearing

She burst into tears and left the room.

more slang phrases from her.'

'There,' said he, 'how is that for high ?'

lated the doctor, getting it a little wrong.

'I made it,' said his wife coolly.

butcher, to-morrow, said Mrs Hall.

growled the doctor savagely.

Nellie dropped her knife and fork.

'In half a jiffy, madame.'

ing to the lecture to-night?

founded.

Reverend Doctor Hall was sitting in his

18q 28q 28q 48q 46014c011 col One week 1.00 2.00 2.50 3.00 5.00 8.00 15.00 Two weeks 1.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 5.00 8.00 15.00 Three " 2.00 3.50 4.50 5.00 9.00 18.00 29.00 Four " 2.50 4.50 5.00 9.00 18.00 29.00 1 2.75 5.00 6.50 7.00 12.00 17.00 25.50 Six " 3.00 6.75 7.50 8.00 13.00 18.00 27.50 Two mo's 3.25 7.50 8.50 9.00 15.00 20.00 80.00 Three " 3.50 8.00 9.50 10.00 20.00 25.00 40.00 Six " 5.00 9.00 11.00 12.00 28.00 35.00 50.00 Nine " 5.00 10.00 13.00 15.00 45.00 75.00 One Year 8.00 12.00 15.00 45.00 75.00 New Series, Vol. 5, No. 26, Old Series, Vol. 33, No. 43 One Year 8.00 12.00 15.00 20.00 40.00 00.00 8100

ADVERTISING SCHEDULE

Miscellancons.

Murder of Little Girls.

THE proclamation printed below has been lately issud by the provincial treas-urer of Hupei, a district in China, con-demning the destroying of female chil-dren. It is interesting both from its study one pleasant August afternoon, his thoughts intent upon his Sunday sermon, and his mind withdrawn from earthly quaint language and as illustration the degree of civilization which prevails in some parts of that country :-

interrupted, and his attention distracted from his theme by the following conversa-The provincial treasurer of Hupei has to issue a proclamation prohibiting, in the strongest terms, the drowning of female 'Oh, Nellie Hall ! where are you ? you'd children. In ancient times the girl T'iying begged his majesty to permit her to sacrifice her liberty in order that her father, who was in disgrace might be released from bondage. In another case again, the girl Mulan wished to serve as a soldier in order to take upon herself the liability of her old Then a door opened and shut, and in a father to serve in the wars. The instances show that with what filial instincts girls of old were imbued. At the present time, 'What do you think, as I was coming over here, there was just the stunningest fellow right in front of me! Just as I got too, the treasurer apprehends there is no lack of daughters equally ready to sacrifice in front of the new church my music roll themselves to their parents, or to render the names of their family as illustrious by slipped, and every paper in it fell out on filial acts of devotion. Such being the case, how comes it that the female infant is looked upon as an enemy from the moment of 'And so I was; but it was so ridiculous that I almost died a laughing.' its birth, and no sooner enters the world than it is consighed to the nearest pool of 'Well that fellow, do you think, stopped, turned around, and helped me to pick them water? Certainly, there are parents who intertain an affection for their female infants and rear them up, but such number up. I was all hunky dory then. He walked as far as here with me; I thanked scarcely twenty or thirty per cent.

The reasons are either (1st) that the child is thrown away in disgust because him of course, etc., etc. You know how The good doctor scratched his head. Could that be his Nellie, whom he thought so lady-like? He opened the door softly, a little crack thinking, no doubt, that he had the parents have too many children already, or (2d) that it is drowned from sheer chagrin at having begotten none but females, or from apprehension that the mother will not conceive again readily enough if she has to suckle the child; or lastly, in the fear that the poverty of the family will make it difficult to devote the milk to her the right to play the part of listener to so strangely mixed a conversation, and in his own house. Very soon it was continued, this time his daughter commencing the own child, when the mother might other-wise hire herself out as wet nurse. Now all these are the most stupid of reasons. People seem to be ignorant of the fact that no men are born from heaven without some 'Yes, indeed; but you said you were going to have pink-this is blue.' share of its blessings, and that hunger, cold or bodily comfort are matters of pre-'Never mind-it's all the same in Dutch.' destination; so also with sons and heirs, The doctor peeked to see what they were which are even in a greater degree depentalking about-and Miss Nillie was exhident upon the destiny of heaven and conbiting her new bonnet to the admiring gaze not be forcibly coaxed out of it. All that those have to do who are unable through poveaty to feed their children, is to send It's raging hot here.'
'Well, I don't know as I can make it any them to the Foundling Hospital, where they will be reared until they become wo-'I s'pose father'd kill me if I opened a men and wives, and where they will always Her father had requested her the be sure of enjoying a natural lifetime.

With regard to the question of money or no money in the bridal casket, means, or 'I guess its time for me to absquatulate,' no means of bringing up a family, why, the bare necessaries of life for such children in 'Don't tear yourself away. Are you gothe shape of the coarsest gown and head 'Yes: I had a staving old time last gear do not cost much. There are cases enough of poor lads not being able to find 'George Sanders said he would go home a wife all their lives long, but the treasurer has yet to hear of a poor girl who cannot find a husband, so that there is even less 'Did he? He'd better learn to spell able cause for anxiety on that score. But there 'That's so. If there's anything I hate, is another way of looking at it. Heaven's its these boys bothering around; they retribution is sure, and cases are common ought to be put into a barrel and fed through where repeated female births have followed those when the infants have been drowned; the bunghole until they are old enough to that is, man loves to slay what Heaven 'I must bid you a fond adieu now; I loves to beget, and those perish who set themselves against Heaven, as those die who take human life. Also, they are haunted by the wraths of the murdered children, and thus not only fail to hasten the birth of a male child, but run a risk of 'Now, goodbye, be sure and come tomaking victims of themselves by their behavior. The late Governor, hearing that this wicked custom was rife in Hupei, set Then the door closed and Nellie went off forth the law some time ago in severe prohibitory proclamations; notwithstanding The doctor gently shut the door, with a this, many poor districts and out-of the sly twinkle in his eyes. He sat buried in way places will not allow themseves to see thought some little time. Now and then a good humored smile broke over his face, what is right, but obstinately cling to their old customs. Hia Chien yin, a graduate and once he shook with silent laughter. from Kiam hia, and others have lately pe-Then again his face lengthened and his titioned that a proclamation be issued once brow grew dark, till at last, with a gesture more prohibiting this pratice in strong of impatience, he pushed tack his chair, The treasurer has now to issue got up, shook himself, took his bat and this prohibitory proclamation for the inwent out for a walk. He got as far as the formation and instruction of the people and gate, when an idea seemed to strike him. He came back, hung up his hat, and went

soldiery of the whole province:— Wherefore you are now required and requested to acquaint yourselves all, that male and female infants being of your own flesh and blood, you may be visited by some monstrous calamity if you rear only the male, and drown the female children. Let all henceforth start up from their delusive lethargy, and exhort their neighbors to eschew this dreadful abomination; let them cause their families and neighbors to become alive to its terrible nature, and with one will and consent wrest themselves from under its pernicious influence. If these exhortations are looked upon any more as mere formal words, and if any people with conscious wickedness and neglect to turn over a new leaf, they will be punished (but with one degree of additional severity) un-'My dear, this sauce is staving. Where der the law providing for the punishment of "wilful homicide of children and grand-children." Relatives living with such offenders and neglecting to rescue the children, or deliberately inciting the parents to drown them, will also be severely dealt

> Seventy-five rattlesnakes have been killed at one lumber-camp in Clearfield county, this summer.

PEPPER MANGOES, -- Are put up in the same way, using green peppers that are full-grown, but not tinged with red. They are very good, but your fingers will smart after thrusting them into the peppers to pull out the seeds. For this pose I have used, first, a small penknife, to cut the core from its attachment to the stem end of the pepper, then a smooth bit of stich, to pry open the slit in the side and work out the loose core or bunch of seeds. By the exercise of a little ingenuity aughter into his study, and said to her: may spare yourself all suffering from this 'My dear girl, don't you see how very cause. Should your fingers burn badly, foolish these phrases are? They mean anoint them with sweet-oil and wear gloves

nothing, but are exceedingly injurious to that night. Cream will also allow the smart. PICKLED CABBAGE. -Two gallons vinegar; one pint white mustard-seed; four oz. ginger ; three oz pepper-corns ; one oz would be sorry to remember. They sound allspice; two oz. cloves; one oz. mace; very silly to a listener, and often the use of one oz. nutmeg; two oz. tumeric all poundthem would lead to something wrong. It ed fine, one large bandful scraped horsera-is bad enough to hear boys use them somedish, four lba. sugar, two oz. celery-seed, three lemonds, sliced thin.

times, but girls is expected to be too refined Mix all and set in the sun three days. To prepare the cabbage, cut in quarters --leaving off the outer and green leaves-pressions. The use of them is simply a bad habit; but bad habits, like cuts in the bark of a tree, grow and widen with age, and if they once get firm hold they are hard to get rid of. Then there is a great deal in companionship. If we keep company, and are intimate with those who use bad language, we are apt to make use of it. pany they keep. When you see a person using these phrases, you may be sure that such a person knows not what is called such a person knows not what is called months. 'Persons are known by the com- it is this two weeks, to draw out the salt

with. Beware and obey! Beware. RECIPES, &C.