Sunbury American.

H. B. MASSER, E. WILVERT. } Editors.

SUNBURY, NOVEMBER 30, 1872.

THE last session of the Forty-Second Congress assembles on Monday next. The President's message will be delivered probably on the same day, and Congress will be engaged during the balance of the session in acting upon the recommendations of the President and the Cabinet reports. On the 4th of March the Forty-Third Congress will convene, when there will be an entire change of Committes in both the Senate and House of Representatives. The forthcoming message of the President will be considerable longer than the last, but will show no change of policy on the part of the President. He will strictly adhere to his former policy, and perform his entire duty to the extent of his ability, so as to best serve the interests of the country.

IF ever the citizens of any district in Pennsylvania had cause to pride themselves in their Congressional Representative, they will have in this district in the Hon. John B. Packer during his third term. Mr. Packer's labors during two terms have been of the most satisfactory character, and hence he is returned for a third term, with a larger majority than has ever been given before. We have no doubt that his large vote will cause him to enter his seat in the next Congress with renewed energy to serve his constituents. With such a Representative his constituency can well be proud. No better guardian of the interests of the people could have been chosen. His experience and knowledge of legislation will always be devoted to the best interests of his native State, and to the Union,

There are few men returned to Congress whose popularity at home is as great as Mr. Packer's, and his ability in Congress will no doubt, be acknowledged by a prominent position on the important Committees in that body where the interests of the State will have a champion to defend her rights for protection.

THE Centennial Exposition to be held in Philadelphia in 1876, is already exciting the staid citizens of the Quaker city, in devising the "ways and means" in order to raise the proposed ten millions of dollars for the purpose. At the first meeting of the committee of one hundred, some of the unsophisticated members, supposed all they had to do was to cipher out the quota that Philadelphia must raise according to population, (about $180,000,) and let the rest of this State, and the other States raise the balance. Judge Kelley and several others, however, gave them to understand that they must raise several millions of this sum among themselves; that outsiders with few exceptions took but little interest, comparatively speaking, in the matter. Our Philadelphia friends ought to recollect that outsiders, visiting the Exposition, will have to spend more money than most of the citizens, and reap none of the profits.

NOT MUCH CONCEITED AFTER ALL.—Our neighbor of the *Gazette* attempts to ridicule us in his last issue, and thinks that we are rather "conceited" in our assertion that we endeavored to assist in bringing about a change in our county offices, and in asking the newly elected incumbents to discharge their duties in a manner satisfactory to their constituency, that we, with the rest of the Republican party, may feel compensated for the labor performed in bringing about the grand result which will relieve the people of burdens long resting upon them. We do not claim to have brought about the late change ourselves, but we do claim to have been one of the members of the Republican party that assisted in doing our share, and regret much that our neighbor could not lend his assistance to the party. As to the assumption our neighbor speaks of in claiming that the *American* was the only paper at the county seat that supported the Republican candidates for State and National officers with any degree of sincerity, we leave the editor to judge for himself. Had the Republican papers in the county followed the course of the *Gazette* perhaps the result would have been less cheering. We regret exceedingly that our neighbor kept undecided as to which was "the largest party," the Republican or Democratic, previous to the October election. But as it was uncertain which party was the strongest, and perhaps consciencious in his "Liberal Views," when trying to convince prominent Democrats on our streets, who declined to support the Democratic nominees, that it would be best to have a change of administration, and that they had better vote for Mr. Greeley to bring about that change, it would be well for our neighbor to explain. But as the October election made a wonderful change, even in our neighbor, we have a right to believe that he too became more sincere, and like Forney and others who labor more for offices than principles, he found it good policy to retrace his steps. We are glad that he has returned to us again, and hope that his faith may hold out, and that he may yet become a shining light.

AS THE people of the State have by an overwhelmingly majority ratified the amendment making the State Treasurer elective by the people it will be the duty of the Legislature to appoint a day for a special election for a successor to the present incumbent whose term of office will expire on the first Monday in May next, unless they continue the present incumbent until the next election.

Brigadier-General Irwin McDowell has been appointed major-general in place of the lateGeneraf Meade, and placed in command of the Department of the Southvice Terry, who has been removed to the Department of Dakota, relieving Major-General W. S. Hancock, who is placed in command of the Department of the Atlantic, with headquarters eitner in Philadelphia or New York.

FIRE IN THE COAL MINES.—We glean the following facts from the Lykens (upper Dauphin) Register, in regard to the fire in the Coal Mines at Big Lick Colliery of week before last:

The fact, as near as can be ascertained, we have from the best authority, as follows: On the evening mentioned, to save purchasing oil, trimmed and filled their lamps from a can of black lubricating oil that was standing at the foot of the slope, where a bartel containing this oil is kept for oiling drift cars. The can was standing close to the timber, which was dry, and in putting a new wick into the lamp it is supposed the old lighted which was thrown against or so near the can of oil that the fire communicated with and ignited it. The ground being saturated with oil at once conveyed the fire to the barrel near by, from which it spread to a stable, the entrance to which was but a few steps distant from this point, where were thirteen mules, all of which were suffocated. After destroying the stable, which occupied a portion of an abondoned breast, the fire secured a foothold in the debris and durt, where it gained considerable headway, the smoke interfering to prevent subduing it. Additional hose was obtained from Harrisburg on Wednesday, and on yesterday the Wiconisco collieries suspended, and all hands were set at work to extinguish the fire. We are glad to learn that it is entirely under control, and that it is not likely to continue, but a very trifling quantity of coal being confined to the dirt and debris of the old breast. No one was injured by the accident, and it is a source of gratification and good fortune to all classes in this vicinity that the loss will not be heavy, and will interfere but a short time with the working of Big Lick colliery.

MURDER IN POTTSVILLE.—John W. Schulze, a colored man, and a desperate character, has been committed to prison for the murder, on Tuesday, the 12th inst., of a woman in Pottsville, of the name of Alvina Saylor,

The *Daily Journal* gives the following report of the fatal occurence:

John W. *alias* "Buck" Schulze, has long been known in this community as a desperate character, and has figured extensively in the Justice's Courts, on the defensive, for many charges of illbehavior, and, notwithstanding the frequent good advice given him for his future conduct, he has at last filled the measure of crime by taking human life, and now occupies the felon's cell, awaiting trial. On last Tuesday "Buck" went to an old stone house standing back in an alley from Laurel street, above Third, where Alvina, wife of William Saylor, rendezvoused, and entertained the low and depraved of both colors, and found the door locked. He demanded admittance and was refused, because the door had been locked from the outside, and the key carried away by another colored man named David Lee. At this he became furious, and kicked down part of the door, after which he entered and attacked Mrs. Saylor, kicking her so severely that she died on Saturday morning of her injuries—having lingered in agony from the day of the assault."

On hearing that the woman was dead Schulze attempted to escape, but he was tracked by officers Kaercher and Herbert, and arrested and brought back to Pottsville, where he had a hearing on Monday last, and was committed to prison to await his trial for murder.

We are pained to announce that our young friend Capt. W. A. Meeker, Cashier of the Snyder County Bank, is suffering from a wound he received in the army. The ball struck the right arm, passed through, and entered his body, lodged in the lungs. He carried this relic of the late rebellion in his lungs, for nearly eight years, without apparently affecting him, until a few weeks ago, when it began to pain him. We called upon him, and saw the wound, which is greatly inflamed, and has the appearance of opening under the right arm. In all probability the ball has changed its location, which caused the trouble. The Captain has suffered a great deal of pain and looks thin, though he appears to be in good spirits. We sincerely hope the ball will move into a favorable locality, where it may be extracted, or at least so as to make the case no longer dangerous, and that in a short time he may recover his wonted strength and vigor.

Since the above was put in type, the wound has opened. The Captain reports himself feeling tolerable well, especially so, considering the circumstances.—*Snyder County Tribune.*

ALL ABOUT A DOG.—The Juniata *Sentinal* says:

In Lack township there lives a man named Campbell. He has a son named William. This son lived not far from the paternal home. About four weeks ago a number of hogs owned by the parent wandered into the immediate vicinity of William's house. A dog was put on the hogs and they chased away. The father, not liking the treatment his hogs received, concluded to remove the cause of any similar treatment from that same source by shooting the dog. Accordingly he took down his rifle and pursued the dog to a corn field, where William was engaged in husking corn, and stated the object of his presence. The son said the dog should not be shot, and proceeded to throw stones at the parent.

But neither the objections of the son or the stones he threw prevented the father from leveling his gun and shooting the dog, which having done he walked home. The son did not proceed immediately, but nursed his wrath till last Sunday a week, when he took his revolver and a box of matches and walked to his father's house. Fortunately he had gone to a neighbor's house, and William found himself the undisputed occupant of the property. He forthwith proceeded to demolish the contents of the house. That done as far as he desired, he fired a lot of clothing in a room in the middle of the floor, and then directed his steps to the stable, to which he also applied the match, and then left for a neighbor's house, where he informed them what he had done.

There being no one at home but a young woman, she resolutely declared her intention of going and putting out the fire if possible, but William threatened to shoot her if she attempted to go on such an errand. He soon took his departure, when the girl ran over to the burning buildings. The pile of clothing in the room was consumed, but the fire had made but little progress on the floor and she with little difficulty put it out. The stable was in a perfect sheet of flames when she reached the place. A dozen men could not have saved it. William searched among the neighbors a while to find his farther to shoot him, but fortunately did not find him. That night he fled the valley. It is earnestly hoped that he will be arrested and the severest penalties of the law visited on him for his outrageous and barbarous conduct.

The Constitutional Convention is not making very rapid progress. It was two weeks on Tuesday since the body first convened, and the committees were only announced on Monday. Mr. MacVeigh is Chairman of the first and one of the most important Committees—that on Legislature. Harry White is chairman of the committee on Legislation. Mr. Funck is chairman of the committee on Futurt Amendments. The convention will noe get fairly to work before January, when it will meet in Philadelphia.

FEW persons who have not taken the pains to look up the records have any idea of the of the number of persons who receive pensions from the United States government, nor the vast amount annually disbursed in the payment of this noble national obligation to the crippled soldier, the widow and the orphan. The total number of pensioners now on the rolls is 232,229. The past year has witnessed the death of 9,104 who have heretofore drawn pensions. The number is, however, more than made up by the addition to the roll of many thousands, consisting of army invalids, soldiers' widows, and a large number of the soldiers of the war of 1812. One of the most interesting features of the Commissioners' report is the fact that there are not less than 578 widows of solders of the war 1812 on the roll. The appropriations for the present to pay the claims of the 232,229 pensioners, is $30,000,000 for the army and $480,000 for the navy.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—The following facts of a fatal accident came too late for our last week's issue:—On Saturday the 16th inst., Wellington Baum, of New Berlin, and Wm. Hummel, of Kratzerville, were out gunning at the latter place. They espied a rabbit which Mr. Baum was endeavoring to shoot. Upon moving the gun in order to get a sight at it, Mr. Hummel got in range when the gun was discharged and the entire contents entered his side. He lingered until Monday noon when death put an end to his sufferings. He was a retired farmer, aged about 45 years.—*Freeburg Courier.*

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY COAL TRADE.—The continuance and spread of the horse disease in our region has deminished our coal shipments considerable. The following collieries in the vicinity of Shamokin, are now idle from this cause: Trevorton, Cameron, Ben, Franklin, Luke Fidler and Hickory Swamp, while several more where the disease has just appeared, will be compelled to stop in a few days. A large amount of the present shipments are westward, via. Sunbury, principally to Erie, Elmira and the oil regions.—*Shamokin Herald.*

Jay Gould was arrested in New York, on Friday last, charged with appropriating to his own use, while in control of the Erie Railroad, $9,500,000 belonging to the stockholders of the road. The proceedings are said to have been instituted because on Smith, a partner of Gould, considering himself overreached by some recent "bull" proceedings of Gould in his absence, exposed their private books, which showed Gould's management of the affairs of Erie, while in control of the company. Gould, however has too much money to be reached by the law.

OUR IRON ORE.—The iron ore at this place has at length been pronounced as being of a superior quality, and that its quantity is very great. Different openings had been made in order to ascertain the proper course of the veins, but only to be resumed more vigorously in due time.—Within the past week fifteen miners were put to work, these in addition to those previously at work make the number forty-five. We hope the number will be greatly increased as there is still room for many more. The ore that is being mined is conveyed to Kremer Station, whence it is shipped to Danville, via the Sunbury and Lewistown Railroad. A railroad through this valley and the erection of funaces at this place are very much needed and we have that active efforts will be used to accomplish these great and essential ends.—*Freeburg Courier, Nov. 20.*

Colonists of British North American are preparing to hold a mass meeting, in New York in favor of annexation. Influential parties who represent that cause, both here and in the provinces, are asked to cooperate with the Society of the United Colonists which until recently, assumed only a very circumscribed influence. The movement of the colonists, it is said, will be simultaneous in Philadelphia, Chicago, St. Louis, New York and New Orleans. In all these cities large numbers of annexationists from the provinces reside. There are at present some ten secret organizations in Canada, New Brunswick and Prince Edward's Island whose sole aim is annexation.

The American Commission to investigate the outrages on the Rio Grande have completed their report. It is very lengthy, and covers the whole ground. They confine their investigation to a distance of 500 miles from the mouth of the Rio Graned, and estimate that the Americans in that limit have lost by Mexican raids $30,000,000. They think that if they had extended their examinations to El Paso, the gross sum would have reached $100,000,000, On Saturday the Commission spent a couple of hours with the President, who is very much interested in their investigations, and will no doubt recommend to Congress prompt action and further investigation.

Rev. Dr. Warren Randolph, of Philadelphia, read the following statement to the National Sunday-school Convention at Cincinnati on Friday:—Total number of Sunday schools, 9079; total number of officers of Sunday schools, 84,763; total number of Sunday school pupils, 642,594; total number of baptisms, 10,842. The doctor said he did not regard these statistics accurate, but as the nearest approximation to truth possible under the circumstances. There were in the country, including the colored population, about 12,000 schools, 100,000 teachers and 1,000,000 pupils.

DROWED.—Last Saturday night about 11 o'clock, a man named John Dill was drowned while crossing the Juniata in a boat, near the Junction of that river with the Susquehanna. Dill was under the influence of liquor at the time. The boat was found about a mile and a half below where he fell over board. He was about 65 years of age, and leaves a wife and several children.—*Newport News, Nov. 16.*

It is stated that in consequence of the unsatisfactory character of the bill consolidating the internal revenue districts, a new bill will be submitted to Congress, providing for simplifying the mode of collecting the revenue and reducing the expenses thereof, by abolishing the offices of assessors and assistaut assessors, their duties being transferred to the collectors and assistants. The estimated yearly saving by the bill will reach $1,500,000, besides more effectively collecting the revenues.

WHAT is the matter? Not men only, but horses, cattle, swine, deer, domestic fowls, etc., are being attacked with all sorts of strange diseases. The deer, hares and pheasants are dying by hundreds near Bath, England, and post-mortem examinations develop the fact that the livers of the dead hares are full of worms, and that the deaths of the pheasants too are owing to the presence of parasites in their bodies.

IN Glade township, Warren county, no election was held on the 5th instant. The township contains about one hundred and fifty voters, giving a Democratic majority of about thirty. According to the Corry *Blade* the polls were closed and all hands went a rafting on the Allegheny. The river was high and rafting paid better than going through the forms of holding an election for President.

THE POPE.—It is asserted that the Pope, in an interview he recently granted to a high political personage who happened to be in Rome, said: "It is frequently asked if I will leave Rome and the Vatican, and and when I shall do so. My reply is very simple. I shall not leave the Vatican until the day comes when I can no longer by remaining there govern the Catholic world. Until now the powers which have remained faithful have accredited Ambassadors to me, in whom I can place entire confidence, and thanks to whom, my words are certain to reach the whole Catholic world. But when I am no longer sure that my words are faithfully transmitted to those who are ready to hear them, then it will become my duty to leave this city."

New York had a sad sight last week. Some three hundred Italians, who had been induced to take passage for Buenos Ayers, and had paid all their money for passage thereto, were landed at New York, without means, friends or knowledge of our language. The poor strangers were in great distress. Charitable people did what they could to mitigate their sufferi gs.

The New York *Commercial* states that Horace Greeley is suffering under "a severe mental disorder which entirely unfits him for business and demands his perfect rest and seclusion."

Hugh Mara, for shooting Alderman McMullin, has been sentenced to six years and nine months' imprisonment, and to pay a fine of one thousand dollars.

A fire in Harrisburg, early Saturday morning, destroyed Layford's carpenter shops, Marsh & Hartman's tannery, and several stables. The loss is only $8,000.

A CHICKEN epidemic is raging in some parts of this county and dressed chickens are plenty in market.

OXEN AND LAGER.—Oxen are now used by brewers to deliver larger beer, which is an invitation to take a *horn.*

THE Williamsport *Bulletin* says; There are in this city some fellows who are too lazy to work, too proud to beg, but mean enough to steal their neighbors chickens to keep from starving.

Sam Collyer and Patick McGuire fought a prize fight two miles above Little Rock, Ark., on Saturday. The fight lasted twenty minutes, during which time seven rounds were fought Collyer was declared the winner because of a foul on the part of McGuire.

A FUND of nearly $100,000, has been raised by the business men of Philadelphia, for the family of the late Gen. Meade.

BRENZELL & FORTENBOUGH'S colliery, at Big Mine Run, near Ashland, Pa., was destroyed by fire Wednesday. The fire is supposed to have been incendiary. Insured.

Hon. Mila M. Dimmick, formerly a member of Congress, died at Mauch Chunk yesterday.

Minister Washburne says he is not a candidate for and office, and will return to France in a short time.

THE original counsel for Stokes, the assassin of Fisk, have all deserted him, and in his next trial he will be defended by new counsel,

CORRESPONDENCE.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 26, 1872.

Friend Wilvert:—One week from to-day Congress will again be in session, and those of the members who left the city at the time of adjournment last June to be absent until the meeting in December, will very likely be somewhat surprised at the vast amount of work that has been performed, and the great improvement that has been made in the appearance of the Capital. It is the same old city, but it is getting a new suit of wood and concrete; and when the improvements are completed, which will cost millions of dollars more, (four millions having already been expended,) I do not think that the streets of Washington will be equalled by those of any city in the Union; and this is as it should be, for the nation's capital has been a disgrace to it long enough, and it should now be made an honor to the great American Republic. Congress will be called upon during the coming session to make an appropriation for the purpose of aiding in pushing to completion the work of improvement so well begun, and there is no doubt but that Congress will readily respond.

Among the many important measures that will need the action of Congress during the coming winter will be Civil Service Reform, and that it will, and should be changed, there is no doubt. Its present operation is a great injustice to the men who stood by the country in time of need, and also the great bulk of the Republican party. It gives the rebel who fought four years to destroy the Union the same chance to secure its patronage and support as the man who lost an arm or a leg in its defence. Hundreds of rebels have been given positions under the Government during the time the civil service rules have been in force. There is one case that I know of that needs special mention. Several months ago there were some vacant positions to be filled in the Treasury Department, and among the applicants there was a man who lost an arm while fighting to perpetuate the Union, and also a blatant rebel who had fought four years to destroy it, and still glories in that fact, and in the fact that he stood guard over the Union soldiers at Andersonville; and perhaps he is one of the murderers that shot the prisoners from the stockade. The rebel passed the examining board and is now provided for by the Government he fought against for four years, and which he would fight against again should the opportunity present itself. It must be borne in mind that nine-tenths of the questions the applicant is expected to answer has no relation whatever to the work he would have to perform should he receive the appointment, so it will readily be understood that the person who apparently passes the most creditable examination is not the best qualified to fill the position to which he is appointed. The rebel says, the *damn* "Yankee" passed a very creditable examination, but the rebel probably answered some of the questions having no relation to the duties to be performed, (and which the one-armed Union soldier could not answer,) consequently he received the appointment, but which by no means settles the question as to who is the better qualified to fill the position. This is only one case out of hundreds. I do not think that the Republican party desires this kind of civil service reform.

A great many reports have been scattered over the country in regard to the interview of Senator Cameron and the delegation of Philadelphians with the President in relation to the postmastership of that city, saying that they were snubbed by him. This story originated in the head of the correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* in this city, (who, by the way, is clerk to the House Committee on Railways and Canals, of which committee Hon. J. B. Packer has the honor of being chairman,) and I suppose has been copied into every democratic paper in the State; but those papers have been, for the last seven months, republishing all the lies that Forney's *Press* could manufacture, (and they were kept very busy,) so it is not surprising that they should republish this one from the same source. Nothing would please Forney so well as a breach between the President and the Republican party, but there is no danger of anything of the kind, which is rather bad for Forney. After the delegation had informed the President of the object of their visit, which was the appointment of Mr. Truman as postmaster, the President informed the delegation that he considered himself bound by the civil service rules, which were approved by Congress, and that unless Mr. Fairman was incompetent, he did not see how he could avoid appointing him under the rules; but in case Mr. Fairman was not qualified, he would appoint Mr. Truman. It is very hard to see where the snub comes in. The President is only carrying out one of the measures of a Republican Congress, and no doubt he thinks of this what he has said of some others, that the best way to kill a bad law is to faithfully execute it. The President is not unmindful of the great honor that has been twice conferred upon him by the Republican party, and he is the last man who would desire to see the enemies of the Republican party put into positions that could be filled with credit by its true and tried friends, but that does not rest with the President; the only way in which Republicans and soldiers can have the preference in appointments under the administration will be for a Republican Congress to devise better means of reforming the civil service than those at present employed.

At a meeting of the Pennsylvania Republican Association held on last Friday evening, a resolution of thanks to the President, "Arty" Shissler, was offered and unanimously agreed to. Col. Shissler worked hard during the campaign for both the State and National tickets, and for the interests and rights of the members of the Association, and his labors are well appreciated, and it may be truly said that no resolution ever received a heartier response than this resolution of thanks to our worthy President. The Association intends giving a series of sociables during the coming winter, the first of which will take place on the 9th of December, and the last one on the 5th of March, the day after somebody, whose name, I am happy to say, is *not* Horace Greeley, is to be inaugurated President of the United States for four years more. Mr. Harrison, the second Vice President of the Association, has the sociable business in charge, and they will no doubt be creditable to the Association, as were those of last winter, under his management. The last one will afford an opportunity to those Pennsylvanians who intend being in Washington during the inauguration ceremonies to spend an evening pleasantly among the Republicans of Pennsylvania temporarily residing here.

Yours, fraternally,

O.

New Advertisments.

Rule on the Heirs of Emanuel Heckert, deceased.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } SS.
Northumberland County,

TO THE SHERIFF OF SAID COUNTY GREETING:

We command you, that you notify Ann Mary Heckert, widow of Emanuel Heckert, late of said county, deceased, Philip Heckert, Susannah, intermarried with Philip Tschopp, Michael Heckert, Mary, intermarried with Isaac H. Ressler, Emanuel Heckert, Rachel Heckert, Catharine, intermarried with William Lenman, Andrew Heckert, Lilly, Minerva, Uriah Ellsworth and Henry, children of Henry Heckert dec'd, who have for their guardian Emanuel Heckert, Ann Mary, Frederick and Daniel, children of Daniel Heckert, dec'd, who reside in Marshall county, State of Iowa, all heirs and legal representatives of Emanuel Heckert, dec'd, that at the November Term of Orphans' Court, held at Sunbury, in and for the county of Northumberland, on the 13th day of November, A. D., 1872, a Rule was granted upon them, the said heirs, and legal representatives of said decedent, commanding them to come forward and accept or refuse the real estate of said decedent at the valuation put upon the same by an inquisition issuing out of this Court, at November Term, 1872, or show cause by the first Monday of January, 1873, or show cause why the same should not be sold according to the act of assembly in such case made and provided.

Witness the Hon. William M. Rockefeller, President of our said Court, this twenty-seventh day of November, A. D., 1872.

[LS] J. LEISENRING, Clerk O. C.

Register's Office, Sunbury, Nov. 30, 1872.—3t.

WRIT OF PARTITION.

John Klase
Vs } Returnable to January Term 1873.
The heirs of Valentine Klase, dec.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY, SS.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of Northumberland County, Greeting:

WHEREAS, at an Orphans' Court held in Sunbury, in and for the county of Northumberland, the fourth day of November, in the Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, before the Honorable Wm. M. Rockefeller, Esq., President, and his Associate Justices of the Court. In the matter of the estate of Valentine Klase, deceased. The petition of John Klase, of the township of Shamokin, Northumberland county, in the State of Pennsylvania, was presented, setting forth that the said Valentine Klase, lately died intestate, leaving a widow, Mary Klase, and the following named children, to wit: Catharine, now intermarried with Abram Kiner, Eve, now intermarried with I. W. Lerch, John Klase, William H. Klase, Levina, intermarried with Isaac Boughner, Clara Boughner and George Boughner, Sarah Ware now intermarried with Noah Ware, Valentine Klase, Hannah, now intermarried with Daniel Doubach, Susannah, now intermarried with George Adams, that the said decedent, Valentine Klase, died in fee of, and in a certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the borough of Snydertown, county and State aforesaid, containing one hundred and forty acres, more or less, and bounded as follows: on the east by lands of Daniel H. Evert, on the south by lands of Samuel Holeman, Klase, and public road leading from Snydertown to turnpike, and land of John Wagner and Benjamin Hoy, on the south-west —— Slagel, and on the north-west by Isaac Gossert, and on the north by Jacob Gonsert.

This is to notify you and each of you herein above named, and you are hereby notified that by virtue of the above writ to me directed, an inquest will be held of the premises of the above named Valentine Klase, deceased, in Shamokin township, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, with boundaries herein above given, on Wednesday, January 8, 1873, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of making partition of as to value, and appraise the real estate herein above described of the said decedant, at which time and place you may each and all appear if you think proper.

S. H. ROTHERMEL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Sunbury, November 25, 1872.

[ADJOURNED COURT.]

Proclamation.

WHEREAS the Honorable Wm. M. Rockefeller, President Judge, and his Associates, for this District, have issued their mandate for an adjourned Court for Northumberland county, to be held on Monday the 30th of December, A. D., 1872, being the 5th Monday of said month, in Sunbury, and to last one week. I therefore give notice to all jurymen drawn for this Court, and all others interested, to be and appear at the place aforesaid at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day.

SAMUEL H. ROTHERMEL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Sunbury, November 25th, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given that we have purchased the following articles at Constable Sale, an the 19th day of NOVEMBER, and that we have loaned the same to J. B. Roshon of Upper Augusta township, Northumberland County, Pa., during our will and pleasure, 1 table, clock, lounge, 6 chairs, rocking chair, looking glass, lamp, 40 yards of carpet, parlor stove, desk, bedsteads and bedding, washstand, table, 2 wooden buckets, quilting frame, 1 barrel vinegar, 1 rain barrel, 1 express toilet, 12 bushels of potatoes, ½ tub of pickles, a lot of cabbage, a lot of jars and fruit, 12 pair of chickens and one hog.

S. O. REED & CO.

Sunbury, Nov. 30, 1872.—3t.

WANTED—Responsible men as Local Agents to sell Fruit and ornamental trees in neighborhoods where they reside. To the right parties very liberal terms and an opportunity to establish a safe and profitable business. Address The Dingee & Conrad Co., Wholesale Nurserymen, West Grove, Chester Co., Pa.

Nov. 30, 1872.—3m.

New Advertisments.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

We beg leave to announce that while the local companies of Boston repeat the experience of local companies in Portland and Chicago, in only paying a percentage of their losses, in lieu of the face of their policies, which in Portland averaged possibly 20 per cent. of the amount insured. In Chicago not over about 10 per cent., and more fortunately in Boston about 50 per cent., owing to the fact that local companies in the lat named city possessed large cash assets. We can say to our customers that all out companies pay in full, dollar for dollar, in the last named city, showing the importance of having policies in companies doing a large, prudent and extended busidess, with assets sufficient to give the assured exactly what they profess, namely: undoubted security in great conflagrations—which experience shows small locals are unable to do.

We annex statement of assets of our different companies, with the outside amount they are liable for in Boston fire.

N. AMERICA, OF PHILADELPHIA.
Assets over, $3,500,000
Losses at Boston, 900,000

FRANKLIN, OF PHILADELPHIA.
Assets over, $3,300,000
Losses at Boston, 450,000

PENSYLVANIA, OF PHILADELPHIA.
Assets over, $1,300,000
Losses at Boston, 300,000

CONTINENTAL, NEW YORK.
Assets over, $2,000,000
Losses at Boston, 500,000

HANOVER, NEW YORK.
Assets over, $975,000
Loss at Boston less than, 250,000

MANHATTAN, NEW YORK.
Assets over, $430,000
Loss at Boston less than, 35,000

HARTFORD, OF HARTFORD.
Assets over, $2,000,000
Loss at Boston less than, 600,000

PHŒNIX, OF HARTFORD.
Assets over, $1,500,000
Loss at Boston less than, 450,000

IMPERIAL, LONDON.
Assets over, $10,000,000
Loss at Boston less then, 900,000

NORTH BRITISH MERCHANTILE.
Assets over, $20,000,000
Loss at Boston less than, 700,000

QUEEN INSURANCE CO.
Assets over. $10,000,000
Loss at Boston less than, 550,000

LYCOMING, MUNCY.
Assets over, $6,000,000
Loss at Boston less than, 10,000
Under Policy issued to Messrs. A. T. Stewart & Co.

FARMERS, YORK.
Assets over, $6,000,000
Loss at Boston less than, 5,000

When you consider that these same companies paid nine millions at Chicago, it should recently convince you that their policies are cheaper at full prices than those of any small company, guaranteeing no security, at even half price, and in a large conflagration only paying from 10 to 50 per cent. of your insurance. Thanking our many customers for their patronage we are, Yours truly.

DERR & SHIPMAN, Agents,
Sunbury — Office in Moore & Dissinger's Building, corner of 3d and Market.

W. C. PACKER,
Attorney at Law,
Sunbury, Pa.

November 9, 1872.—1f.

WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL.

NATURE'S GREAL REMEDY

FOR THE

THROAT AND LUNGS.

It is gratifying to us to inform the public that Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial, for Throat and Lung Diseases, has gained an enviable reputation from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, and from thence to some of the first families of Europe, not through the press alone, but by persons throughout the States actually benefitted and cured at his office. While he publishes less, so say our reporters, he is unable to supply the demand. It gains and holds its reputation—

First. Not by stopping cough, but by loosening and assisting nature to throw off the unhealthy matter collected about the throat and bronchial tudes, which causes irritation.

Second. It removes the cause of irritation (which produces cough) of the mucnous membrane and bronchial tubes, assists the lungs to act and throw off the unhealthy secretions, and purifies the blood.

Third. It is free from squills, lobella, ipecas and opium, of which most throat and lung remedies are composed, which allay cough only, and disorganize the stomach. It has a soothing effect on the stomach, acts on the liver and kidneys, and lymphatic and nervous regions, thus reaching to every part of the system, and in its invigorating and purifying effects it has gained a reputation which it must hold above all others in the market.

NOTICE.

THE PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL,

Great American Dyspepsia Pills

AND

WORM SUGAR DROPS

Being under my immediate direction, they shall not loose their curative qualities by the use of cheap and impure articles.

HENRY R. WISHART,

PROPRIETOR.

FREE OF CHARGE.

Dr, L. Q. C. Wishart's Office Parlors are open on Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays from 9 A. M., to 5 P. M., for consultation by Dr. Wm. T. Magee. With him are associated two consulting physicians of acknowledged ability. This opportunity is not offered by any institution in the city.

All letters must be addressed to

L. Q. C. WISHART, M. D.,

NO. 32, N. SECOND ST.,

PHILADELPHIA.

November 16, 1872.—6 mos.

New Advertisments.

FINE MILLINERY.

The Fall and Winter stock of Goods at

Miss L. Weiser's Store,

Market Street, Sunbury,

TAKES THE LEAD.

Every article in the line of Millinery Goods can be purchased at her establisment, comprising of

LADIES' HATS AND BONNETS, FRAMES, FLOWERS,

CRAPES, RIBBONS, LACES, TURQUOISE, and all the leading styles of ladies' Millinery wear,

NOTIONS, a general Variety. HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES, HOSE, &c.

The ladies of Sunbury and vicinity are invited to call and examine the gem goods now in my Store.

MISS L. WEISER.

November 16, 1872.

$20,000 WORTH OF GOODS!

AT THE

STAR STORE

OF

Clement & Dissinger's,

In the new Clement Building,

Market Square, Sunbury, Pa.

Just opened the

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

of beautiful designs.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and SUITINGS.

Domestics and Notions. Carpets and Oil Cloths.

BLACK GOODS,

Ladies' Merino Under Garments,
Misses and Childrens' do
Men and Boys' do
Hosiery, Gloves, &c.

An endless variety of Notions, Trimmings, &c.

QUEENSWARE, WILLOWWARE, &c., &c., &c.

For Our Grocery Department.

We claim unusual advantages. The quantity sold obliges us to purchase frequently—and customers can rely upon getting fresh, wholesome articles.

Our Dry Goods and Notion Department

Embraces everything required—from Pins to Carpets. And we are daily receiving the novelties of the season.

Call and examine our stock. Having our store lighted with Gas, goods can be selected in the evening as well as in the day time. No charges for showing goods.

CLEMENT & DISSINGER.

Nov. 2, 1872.

EXCELSIOR FUR EMPORIUM.

I. ISAACS,

Successor to JOHN FAREIRA, 718 Arch street. Middle of the block, between 7th and 8th streets, South side, Philadelphia.

Importer and Manufacturer of FANCY FURS

For Ladies' and Children's Wear, wholesale and retail.

Having imported a very large and splendid assortment of all the different kinds of Furs from first hands in Europe, would respectfully invite the readers of this paper to call and examine the assortment of Fancy Furs. I am determined to sell at the lowest Cash prices. All Furs warranted. No misrepresentations to effect sales.

Furs altered and repaired.

☞ Remember the Store, 718 Arch street, Philadelphia. oct 5.—3m.

1872. **GRAND OPENING** 1872.

OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

at the Store of

Reed Brother & Seasholtz,

(successors to S. O. Reed & Bro.)

COMPRISING OF DRY GOODS

of every description and variety such as Dress Goods, Merinos, Cashmeres, Satins, Alpacas, Poplins, &c., Plain Figured Goods, Shawls and Coats, Hosiery, and a

FULL ASSORTMENT OF NOTIONS,

which are being sold at the lowest Cash Prices.

ALSO, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

pure and fresh.

QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, AND WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

Nicest Brands of Flour constantly on hand.

A very large

ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER,

both glazed and common, always on hand.

BOOTS AND SHOES

from the celebrated hand made Boot and Shoe Manufactory of Watsontown, for

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

of all sizes and of the latest styles.

FLOUR.

A constant supply of western white wheat flour a specialty.

The public are invited to call and examine our Goods free of charge. Our motto is "Quick Sales and Small Profits," and to please all.

The highest prices will be paid for all kinds of country produce.

By strict attention to business and keeping at all times the most complete stock, and selling at the lowest prices, we hope to merit a full share of patronage.

REED BROTHER & SEASHOLTZ.

Sunbury, Nov. 2, 1872.—1y.

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold at public sale, on SATURDAY, the 21st day of DECEMBER, a certain Lot of Ground, located in the central part of Sunbury, on which is erected a fine

TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

well finished, containing two rooms on first floor and three above, out kitchen, porch, &c.

House is quite new with every convenience, wardrobes, &c. Lot fronts on Third street, is 58 feet front by 110 feet in depth with an alley—good fruit on lot,—water next door.

Sale to commence at 10 a. m. on said day when the conditions will be made known by

HARRIET MARTIN.

Sunbury, Nov. 2, 1872.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of JESSE YOCUM, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of Administration on the estate of the above named Jesse Yocum, late of the borough of Northumberland, in the county of Northumberland deceased, have been granted to John H. Yocum residing in the borough of Ashland, Schuylkill county. All persons therefore having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent are requested to make the same known to the said John H Yocum, at Ashland, Schuylkill county or to Mahala Yocum, at Northumberland, in Northumberland county, and those indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

JOHN H. YOCUM,
O26,'72.-6t. Administrator

'True Economy is Buying the Best.

VAN BIEL'S

FOUR DOLLAR WHISKEY,

Is pure Rye, Copper distilled,

OLD AND VERY MELLOW.

$4.00 a gallon; $11.00 a dozen in large bottles

YELLOW SEAL SHERRY.

$11.00 a dozen in large bottles.

GOLE SEAL BRANDY,

Large bottles, $18.00 a doz.

EVERYTHING IN THE WAY OF

THE FINEST LIQUORS AND SEGARS,

At the Lowest possible price,
At the Lowest possible price.

BEST BRANDS OF CHAMPAGNE,

at Cost.

H. & A. C. VAN BIEL,
1310 Chestnut Street,
Philadelphia.

Sept. 21, 1871.—1m.