

**Sambury American.**  
H. B. HARRIS, Editor.  
SUNDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1872.  
**National Republican Ticket.**  
For President, GEN. U. S. GRANT, OF ILLINOIS.  
For Vice President, HON. HENRY WILSON, OF MASSACHUSETTS.  
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.  
ADOLPH E. BOMIE, Philadelphia, 14.  
JOHN M. THOMPSON, Butler, 14.  
W. D. FORTNEY, Philadelphia, 14.  
Total, 42.  
1. JOSEPH A. BONVILLE, 14. JOHN PARMORE, 14.  
2. MARCUS A. DAVIS, 14. W. J. COLEBROOK, 14.  
3. G. MORRISON COATES, 14. JESSE MERRILL, 14.  
4. HENRY BROWN, 14. HENRY ORLAND, 14.  
5. THEO. M. WALTER, 14. ROBERT BELL, 14.  
6. JOHN M. BROWN, 14. JAMES M. THOMPSON, 14.  
7. FRANCIS SHERBORN, 14. JACOB PEARCE, 14.  
8. MARK H. RICHMOND, 14. G. W. ANDREWS, 14.  
9. EDWARD H. GREEN, 14. HENRY LLOYD, 14.  
10. DAV. K. SHORWATER, 14. JOHN J. GILLESPIE, 14.  
11. DANIEL R. MITCHELL, 14. JAMES PATTERSON, 14.  
12. LEONARD M. MORTON, 14. JOHN W. WALLACE, 14.  
13. THEODORE STRONG, 14. CHARLES C. BOYLE, 14.  
Total, 42.  
GO ON AND KEEP IT UP.—Our Republican friends should bear in mind that their duty is not half performed. The triumph of Tuesday of last week must be maintained on the 24th of November next. The opposition papers give up all hopes of Pennsylvania. It will not do to place the least reliance on these deceitful pretensions. We know that they are terribly discouraged, but that is no reason why they may not make a heavy secret effort in the coming Presidential conflict, relying upon your apathy, generally the result of a great political victory, for their success. You have most nobly rebuked the slanders of your chosen candidates at the late election, now let every Republican be on his guard against surprise at the approaching election for President. The district organizations should be kept up, and prepared for emergencies. The verdict in November is of great importance to the nation, and none are more interested than the farmers, mechanics and laborers, who are dependent on their toil.  
The Presidential contest embraces the last frantic effort of the Democratic party. It is peculiar, but true, that in its closing days it drew to itself a considerable showing of Republicans, and was inflated with high hopes of success, in the State and National elections. It has worked with a frantic energy, never surpassed, even in its palmy days. It confidently expected Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, and with these, the Presidency. It was inflated with the idea of repairing its fortunes, of restoring so much of its old-time policy as could be safely brought forward, and particularly, it aims to benefit exceptionally the chief of the ex-slave element South. It has had gloomy expectations of restoring the organization to its pristine vigor and glory. All depended on the elections just over. This die is cast, and it is against them.  
It now becomes Republican to maintain their position, and not permit general apathy to enter their lines. Keep line for the grand change in November, and assist all honest men of other parties to defend the corruptionists, and the nominees of the Free Trade League of New York. Arouse, arm yourself to meet the foe on the 5th of November. Do your duty manfully, and don't leave it to your neighbors to fight it out, but attend the election and devote another day to complete the victory, and maintain your rights as an American citizen, in sustaining your country, and your interests.  
NOTHING contributed so much to fix large majorities of the Republican ticket in this State, on Tuesday of last week as the disaffection of the Democracy. The *Sunday Dispatch*, in a careful summary of the returns, says: "The Democrats who stayed away from the polls in this city must have numbered several thousand. The Republicans had every inducement to come forward, and the excitement brought out, as it generally does in Presidential years, an increase beyond the vote of last year, when the majority was 11,964. Add to that 6,076, the Republican increase, 1,070, the Democratic decrease, and the amount is 19,328, which is about 1,400 short of Hartman's majority. The extraordinary change is to be attributed, therefore, to the fact that some of the Democrats were disaffected, and refused to be dragged behind the Greeley car. The same causes prevailed throughout the State, and the Republican majority—which last year was no more, upon the Auditor General, than 14,400—was run up during the present year to more than 35,000." No experiment is more dangerous than for a party to abandon its ideas, and the disintegration of the Democracy is only a repetition of history.  
McCLURE'S EXIT.—As soon as it was evident that the ship of which McClure was commander was on fire he made off with the strong box, and the Liberal Headquarters on Walnut street, above Ninth, Philadelphia, were stripped, sacked and darkened. An hour after the result of the election was made known, the large flaming portraits of Greeley and Brown which adorned the big glass windows were removed, and the place where Aleck issued those high-sounding addresses which were to revolutionize the country, became deserted and abandoned. While McClure is perambulating the streets of Philadelphia, smiling because he made his pile, his followers are to be pitied. They are without party and without headquarters.  
OFFICIAL VOTE FOR ASSEMBLY.—The following is the official vote cast in the district composed of Northumberland and Montour counties:  
Northumberland, 4,266  
Montour, 1,366  
Total, 5,632  
J. C. ANGERMAN, 4,275  
J. B. BROWN, 1,357  
Total, 5,632  
The Democrat publishes the portrait of its assistant editor. He is represented with a long pair of ears, and a cigar in his mouth.

AN INDEPENDENT EDITOR, OR A PRETENDED MAJORITY.—The garbled and untruthful statement of F. A. Hower, editor of the *Guard*, in his last issue, in relation to what he calls an assault on himself by Hon. J. R. Packer, compels us to state the facts as they really occurred in our presence, and which can be proved by twenty disinterested witnesses. Mr. Hower says: "On Saturday evening last, we had occasion to visit Shamokin, to attend a public meeting. An extra train carrying Republicans free of the N. C. R. R., with torpedoes to attend the Republican torch light procession at Shamokin, left this place on that evening. A number of persons not claiming to be of that party, by proposing to pay their fare, were permitted to ride on the train. Returning about midnight, we were passing the seat occupied by Mr. Packer and another gentleman, when Mr. Packer demanded in rather an impertinent manner if we had in our last issue editorially made certain charges against him."  
Now the truth is, that Mr. Hower and his friends surreptitiously got into the cars against the protestations of a number of Republicans who had chartered the cars for their own exclusive use, and no gentleman would have forced himself into company uninvited, and where he was not wanted. On the return from Shamokin, Mr. Hower and some of his friends again managed to get into the only passenger car which was attached to the train, some of them by creeping through the windows. On seeing Mr. Hower in the car Mr. Packer promptly asked him who was the author of a slanderous article in his last paper in regard to himself, when Mr. Hower handed him the paper, referring to his name at the head. Mr. Packer replied that he wanted the name of the author, and was well aware that he (Mr. Hower) did not write the article, and further stated that "it will become you, a young man and a stranger, who has just come into the county to slander its citizens, especially when you had offered only a week ago to sell out to me for a consideration." Mr. Hower said, "you can't prove that fact." Mr. Packer then replied "Yes I can, as I have your letter to that effect." Mr. Hower then attempted to shift the responsibility of his acts, by pretending that the writer of that letter was not his partner, but only an associate editor. Mr. Packer promptly shut him up by stating that they both acted together on that occasion.  
The above is substantially the conversation as it occurred, and which this new fangled political martyr, who was ready to sell out to the highest bidder, attempts to pervert, by calling it an assault upon an independent editor. Heaven save us from such independence!  
Mr. Packer's increased majority of 1631 over his former election, is of itself a sufficient refutation and rebuke to skulking slanders.  
AN INSULT TO DEMOCRATS.—The editor of the *Democrat*, in his last issue, appears to be somewhat sour at his fellow Democrats, and abuses them in the following style:  
"But the great cause for our defeat was the unlimited use of money by the Radicals. They had a large share of the funds collected from the Federal office-holders, with which leading Democrats were bought up to work for this or that candidate on the Radical ticket, and votes were bought up with unparalleled shamelessness."  
Our experience has been that Democrats in this county were just as honest as men of any other party, and in a general sense, fully the equal of the editor of the *Democrat*. To perpetrate a slander like the above is entirely uncalled for. It is true that there are a large number of Democrats who refused to be sold out year after year by such men as the editor of the *Democrat* and his ring, for the reason that their conscience will not sanction fraud, corruption and general political chicanery. If the editor of the *Democrat* expects to keep non-party men in the ranks of the democratic party by slandering them, he mistakes human nature to a most fatal degree, and he will find that a slander will not politically or otherwise. It was the slanders perpetrated against Gen. Hartman that produced his immense majority. That pretension and slander avail nothing was fully proven in our late election!  
THE EDITOR of the *Democrat* asserts that the "election of Hartman is a stain upon the honor of the State which can never be washed out." That must be a good color. We should not wonder if there was considerable black in it. Under these circumstances, it would not be surprising to find that our neighbor had resolved to leave the United States, and migrate forthwith to New Jersey, where naughty Democrats don't sell themselves except to corporations.  
HURRAH FOR GEORGIA.—Our neighbor of the *Democrat* reminds us much of the boy who is passing a grave yard whistled to keep his courage up. Last week the only consolation he could give was to "hurrah for Georgia." He says that the Democratic candidate in that State was elected by upwards of 50,000 majority. What a whopper!  
INDIANA IS SAFE FOR GRANT AND WILSON by a good majority. Whether Hendricks escapes by the skin of his teeth or not, the Republicans have a clear majority on the rest of the State ticket and on the Congressional vote. This fact, with the assured certainty of Grant's election by a large majority of the electoral vote, will give the Republicans the State in November.  
The 14th Congressional District.  
UNPRECEDENTED MAJORITY.  
The majority for John B. Packer, our present Congressman in this district, is unprecedented. The vote is as follows:  
Packer's majority in Dauphin, 6319  
" " Northumberland, 2912  
" " Snyder, 517  
" " Union, 587  
Total, 10,435  
Rutherford's majority in Juniata, 4207  
Packer's majority in district, 4081  
Packer's majority in 1870, 2450  
(also in 1871, 2450) Total, 10,435  
THE State election in South Carolina on Wednesday last resulted in the election of the entire Republican ticket.

THE VERDICT.—Twelve States have voted this year: New Hampshire, Connecticut, Oregon, North Carolina, Vermont, Maine, Georgia, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Nebraska and South Carolina, and every one of these have endorsed the administration with the exception of Georgia, and in this latter they showed that "grasping hands over the bloody chasm" means when Democrats are in power Republicans must be murdered if they attempt to vote to keep fresh blood in the chasm, we suppose. The crushing defeats on Tuesday of last week sealed the doom of Greeley & Brown. Their nomination by the Democracy was a bitter mistake, which the latter now see. The Liberals who deserted the Republican ranks to follow the lead of Mr. Greeley are proven to have been a mere handful, not equalling the number of Democrats who were disgusted.—With all these facts before us it is plain that Mr. Greeley will be one of the worst whipped men in November that ever ran for President. The following table shows the electoral vote of the various States:  
STATES FOR GRANT.  
Alabama, 10. New Hampshire, 5.  
Arkansas, 6. New York, 35.  
California, 6. North Carolina, 10.  
Illinois, 21. Ohio, 23.  
Iowa, 11. Oregon, 3.  
Maine, 3. Pennsylvania, 29.  
Massachusetts, 17. Rhode Island, 4.  
Michigan, 11. Vermont, 5.  
Minnesota, 5. Wisconsin, 10.  
Nebraska, 3. Connecticut, 6.  
Indiana, 15. West Virginia, 5.  
New Jersey, 3. Virginia, 11.  
Nevada, 3. Total, 277.  
STATES FOR GREELEY. DOUBTFUL.  
Delaware, 3. Mississippi, 8.  
Florida, 4. Louisiana, 8.  
Georgia, 11. Missouri, 15.  
Maryland, 8. Kentucky, 13. Total, 31.  
Tennessee, 12. Texas, 8. Total, 58.  
It may be seen from the list of States counted for Grant, and morally sure to go for him, we can afford to lose Alabama, Arkansas, California, Illinois, New Jersey and New York, in all eighty-seven votes; or carrying Illinois can share the remainder of the last named States and Connecticut and the two Virginias; or carrying New York and Illinois—as we shall—can give up Alabama, Arkansas, California, Indiana, New Jersey, Nevada, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Connecticut, West Virginia and Virginia. This is a good margin, making the election of Gen. Grant morally certain.  
THE TRIAL OF EMANUEL SHAFNER.—At a special Oyer and Terminer Court in Dauphin county on Monday last, the case of Emanuel Shaffer, charged with the murder of his wife Nancy Shaffer by arsenical poison, was brought to trial. This case had been tried in March last, and the prisoner was found guilty of murder in the first degree. The case was then carried to the Supreme Court where judgment was reversed and a new trial ordered. On Monday the second trial was commenced when Emanuel Shaffer put in a plea of guilty of murder in the second degree on three indictments. For the murder of Nancy Shaffer, John Shabo k and Sarah Shaffer. His sentence of the Court was twelve years in the Eastern Penitentiary on each indictment, making thirty-six years altogether.  
IT IS NOW evident that Greeley will not get the electoral vote of a single State outside of the old slaveholding group. Of the latter, also, Mississippi, Louisiana, North Carolina and South Carolina are for Grant, and several others, if a full and fair vote can be secured.  
IN BRIEF.—"Wait until the tide turns, and turn it will, and the day is not far distant, when the sun will shine upon you a free, independent and sovereign State. He who advised the South to say to the North: 'We know our rights, and know they are invaded,' and then wait patiently until we see them divided, and at issue with themselves, and join the party, and support the candidate and the platform that promises a restoration of constitutional liberty. It is then you will hold the balance of political power in your own hands, and it is then that all your rights will once more be restored and guaranteed."—Jeff. Davis' Speech at Atlanta, Ga., May 27, 1871.  
"I demand that there shall be a fair, open free discussion before that Southern people, and an honest, untried, unobscured vote, and if approved, if the people of the South will consent to it."—And now, to-day, if the nation was to be imperiled, and there were just two modes of saving it, to trust to the chances of civil war, or to the chances of a free vote of the Southern people, I would very greatly prefer to take the latter chance rather than the former."—Mr. Greeley's Speech at Jeffersonville, Ind., Sept. 23, 1872.  
Thanksgiving Proclamation by the President.  
WASHINGTON, Oct. 11, 1872.  
By the President of the United States of America:  
A PROCLAMATION.  
WHEREAS, The revolution of another year has again brought the time when it is usual to look back upon the past, and publicly to thank the Almighty for His mercies and His blessings; and whereas, if any one people has more occasion than another for such thankfulness, it is the citizens of the United States, whose government is their creature, and whose rights they have reserved to themselves ample civil and religious freedom and equality before the law; who during the last twelve months have enjoyed exemption from any grievous or general calamity and to whom prosperity in agriculture, manufactures and commerce has been restored; for these considerations, I recommend that on Thursday, the 28th day of November next, the people to meet in their respective places of worship, and there make their acknowledgements to God for His kindness and bounty.  
In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.  
[L. S.] Done at the city of Washington, this eleventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and of the Independence of the United States the ninety-seventh.  
(Signed) U. S. GRANT.  
By the President.

Pennsylvania Election.  
REPUBLICAN MAJORITY 35,771.  
The following are the official returns from the State except the four counties:  
Harrisburg. Buckleau  
Adams 25771 273  
Allegheny 9677 2838  
Armstrong 3085 4  
Beaver 7898 18947  
Berks 1019 4  
Blair 1019 4  
Bradford 7270 4434  
Butler 468 7058  
Cambria 2823 3530  
Cameron 42 3530  
Carbon 2441 3533  
Centre 8202 3712  
Chester 246 3583  
Clarion 2030 1437  
Clearfield 2718 2932  
Columbia 2110 3826  
Crawford 558 4614  
Cumberland 4376 5113  
Dauphin 4330 2638  
DeWitt 628 1193  
Erie 2107 4631  
Fayette 3554 340  
Forest 418 340  
Franklin 373 1125  
Fulton 1795 3454  
Greene 1795 3454  
Huntingdon 3249 2690  
Indiana 2282 2247  
Jefferson 2413 1733  
Juniata 1352 1964  
Lancaster 15774 9064  
Lawrence 2823 2823  
Lebanon 2469 2823  
Lehigh 5355 6825  
Luzerne 1023 1023  
Lycoming 4048 5056  
McKean 1025 950  
Meigs 975 1765  
Mifflin 1780 2107  
Monroe 246 33  
Montgomery 1378 1623  
Montour 4880 8131  
Northampton 4314 4363  
Northumberland 2782 2514  
Philadelphia 60278 48841  
Perry 246 1124  
Potter, reported, 450 9678  
Schuylkill 8900 9678  
Snyder 564 1802  
Somerset 3430 313  
Sullivan 961 1374  
Toga 2030 4415  
Venango 5071 2333  
Warren 3176 4940  
Washington 5294 911  
Wayne 5581 6475  
Westmoreland 230 237  
Wyoming 6400 8378  
York 230 237  
Total, 35,771.  
THE LEGISLATURE.  
THE SENATE.  
Is composed of thirty-three members, eleven of whom are elected annually. Last winter the Democrats had a majority of one by the admission of Clark, but for the first time received the next Senate will stand:  
Republicans, 18  
Democrats, 15  
THE HOUSE.  
Is composed of one hundred members who are elected annually. As far as ascertained it will stand as follows:  
Republicans, 60  
Democrats, 40  
THE HOUSE.  
Is composed of one hundred members who are elected annually. As far as ascertained it will stand as follows:  
Republicans, 60  
Democrats, 40  
INDIANA.  
Official Returns of the Election.  
INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 14.—The official seventy-seven counties received at the office of the Secretary of State, with semi-official returns from the other eighteen counties, give T. A. Hendricks, Dem., for Governor, 894 maj.; Leonidas Sexton, Rep., for Lieutenant-Governor, 1313 maj.; W. W. Curry, Rep., Secretary of State, 663; J. A. Wiedman, Rep., Auditor, 1324; J. R. Glover, Rep., Treasurer, 1520; G. L. Orth, Rep., for Congress at Large, 1147; William Williams, Rep., for Congress at Large, 1474.  
The balance of the State ticket, except Superintendent of Public Instruction, is Republican. For the latter office, Milton H. Perkins, Dem., is elected. The Legislature, from official returns, will stand 54 Republicans to 49 Democrats in the House, and 27 Republicans to 23 Democrats in the Senate.  
The official vote in the Ninth Congressional District elects Nell over Shanks, Republican, by 28 votes, and in one town in Adams county (Shanks' district) forty-seven Republican votes were thrown out on account of the words "Republican ticket" being printed at the head of the ticket. If these votes are allowed, Shanks will be elected by nineteen votes. Both parties are preparing to renew the contest for the Presidential election.  
The Philadelphia Press, which has fought Hartman a thousand times more effectively, and galle as virulently as the *Tribune*, has at last understood and stands by the means by which it was reached. "It would be folly to allege that the great majority for Hartman is the offspring of fraud. We believe it to be a legitimate majority—the growth of several causes that lie so plainly on the surface of the contest that it is hard to understand and stand by. General Grant pulled this ticket through by an ordinary contest it would have been beaten out of sight; but his name and the fact that its defeat would damage him in November rallied to it thousands who closed their eyes to the proofs we daily spread before them, and constrained many to certify to the deservings of candidates of questionable record." The statements of the *Press* are reliable from the fact that it could have no motive to misrepresent in behalf of Hartman, while the *Tribune* had.  
An Order in Honor of W. H. Seward.  
WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—The following was issued this afternoon:  
DEPARTMENT OF STATE,  
Washington, October 11, 1872.  
The undersigned is charged by the President with the painful duty of announcing to the people of the United States the death of an illustrious citizen, William Henry Seward, distinguished for faithful and eminent service in various public trusts during a long series of years, died at Auburn, in the State of New York, yesterday, October 19, charged with the administration of the Department of State at a most critical period in the history of the nation. Mr. Seward brought to the duties of that office exalted patriotism, unwearied industry and consummate ability. A grateful nation will cherish his name, his fame and his memory. The several executive departments will cause appropriate honors to be rendered to the memory of the deceased statesman at home and abroad.  
(Signed) HAZARD FRISVOLD,  
Secretary of State.

CORRESPONDENCE.  
Our Philadelphia Letter.  
PHILADELPHIA, October 14, 1872.  
Friend W. H. T. The battle has been fought—the victory won, and as the smoke clears away we see its grand and grand result. The usual proportion of gain, among whom we recognize a few whom we have been accustomed to recognize as leaders in our party, who in a moment of temptation, fell. The result shows one peculiarity, however, among many more, and that is the quick desertion of political idols by their followers, when once those they've been accustomed to look up to desert to the cause of the enemy, and array themselves against the right or fancied wrongs done them, or personal feeling against those chosen as leaders. To-day there exists not in these United States a person more dead politically than he who for so many years upheld our banner with so much honor to it and to himself too. Sorry sight I Andy Curoy is now reported by the *Scout* to be in the club and the old Democratic stagers he's been so long used to opposing! What a change from by-gone days when cheering crowds met him—now our city hardly knew of his presence. I speak but the thought of every one when I say I am sorry to have taken the lead in the indignation and tried friends instead of that of Forney and McClure, he never would have been in his present trying position. The result was the severest rebuke a set of men could possibly receive, relying as they did upon slanders and forgery to blacken the name of one who stood the standard high among the honored brave. It is certainly a just retribution. It proves the fact that no one whose record is not clear and bright, or one whose views are opposed to the protection of American industry, need expect endorsement by the people of Pennsylvania. My own contest of the ballot box, I will try to give you, as well as I can, some idea of the intense excitement of election night. All day greater than Sabbath stillness reigned, for every beer saloon and tavern was closed; no back doors open as on the Lord's day. When the polls closed the excitement of the evening they opened the thirty-one began to make amends for their absence. In every street, alley and court bon fires were built, and gave the city the appearance of a vast conflagration. Chestnut street was thronged, some going towards the League, others far less in number towards the Merchants' Hotel. Excellent pictures of Hartman and McCure were thrown upon the surface of the instrument, and were received with great applause. "Carry the news to Aleck!" Dr. Greeley shaking hands across the chasm, represented by the picket fence of a rebel prison, and many other witnesses interspersed the time by and put every one in a good humor when added to the good news. About eleven o'clock the clubs began to pass, and bands to arrive, and still more enlivened the scene. Fine fireworks were put off, and still the crowd remained, seemingly unassailed. Soon the city was for the most part in a state of excitement. Such applause and wild cheering I never heard. For some time it was impossible for him to be heard. He spoke briefly and pointedly as he always does, and was followed by Congressman Myers, Capt. Curry and others. At last Ohio, 20,000 Republican majority—Pennsylvania, estimated at 25,000 Republican majority, and the crowd seemed satisfied, and in the "two small hours" dispersed happy and contented.  
Friday evening last a number of clubs, consisting of the Veteran, the German Veteran, the Germania, the Germania, the Germania, and went to Norris town to serenade the Governor elect. Our train consisted of fourteen well filled cars. Norris town was gaily decorated and brilliantly illuminated in honor of her honored son. After marching through the streets we took the route to the General's home, some half a mile. The political clubs passed in review, but our soldier organizations—the gettys of the occasion—halted in front of his residence, and after forcing a passage way in the crowd by our Corps Flags, filed into the yard, and at the steps were met and welcomed by the Gallant Hartman, and the crowd as follows:  
"My friends and fellow-citizens, your presence and your kindness overwhelm me. The answer of my friends and neighbors, who have known me all my life, has been the highest reward of my career. I thank you for the hearty welcome you have given me, and for the good wishes and good wishes whose standard was given into my hands. I am glad that I belong to that party, for it has nobly vindicated its principles, and has shown that it cannot be seduced from its integrity by either newspapers or politicians. We have fought a good fight, and have won a great victory. I shall become my duty to see that the true men who so gallantly stood by our colors shall have no reason to regret that they supported me. I fully expected to meet the fair and open opposition of my opponents, but I was surprised that their chief weapon should be falsehood and forgery in the shape of news and men whom I thought had become my duty to prosecute."  
During the canvass my lips were sealed, but now that I am at liberty I promise that, as I have already incurred their enmity, I will rest until the money that they confess has been taken from the treasury shall be restored. (Cries, "Go for Forney.") This is a victory and goodly one, and I believe it is for Grant or Greeley. But one thing is sure, these men stepped outside of the Republican party in order to defeat it, and so far as I am concerned, they shall stay out, or, if they repent, they must go to the rear, and not assume to try to be leaders.  
I have tried for several years to do my duty while in an office to which I was twice elected by the people with large majorities, and as these people by a still larger majority, have said that I shall go up higher, I still intend to do my duty, and thereby continue to deserve your confidence and good wishes, Gentlemen, I again thank you for the honor you have conferred upon me."  
Gen. Bolton, Hartman's successor as Colonel of the 51st Pennsylvania, was the Marshal of the occasion. The fact of carrying the old Democratic county of Montgomery, a great compliment to our leader, added greatly to the pleasure of the occasion. It had never before been done since it was a county, in view of which fact some were early the morning after it was known, dragged the court house in mourning out of respect to its Democratic occupants. After the welcome, we parted of a friendly collation, and at last took the train back to the city. So ends our State Campaign, which virtually settles that of November.  
OCCASIONAL.  
The Cherokee Indians number 16,000, and own, in fee simple, 4,000,000 acres of the best land on the continent, and have in the hands of the United States Government, on which they are annually receiving the interest, \$5,000,000.

New Advertisements.  
SUNBURY PROPERTY.  
13 Houses For Sale.  
EXECUTOR'S SALE.  
Will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 10th day of December next, (1872) at 10 o'clock A. M., at the  
COURT HOUSE,  
in the Borough of SUNBURY, in the County of Northumberland, the estate of Edward F. Bright, deceased.  
Five of said houses, being a block of five two story BRICK DWELLING HOUSES situated on the south side of Chestnut street in the Borough of Sunbury, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, bounded and fronting on said Chestnut street on the north, a lot of Mrs. Fisher on the east, the Shamokin Valley and Potomac Railroad on the south, and lots of the estate of the late George Weiser, deceased, on the west, each lot containing 29 feet in width, or thereabouts, and two hundred and thirty feet in depth. These houses will be sold in a block or separate to suit purchasers.  
Four First-class Frame Dwellings.  
Also, four contiguous lots of ground situated on the south side of Walnut street, in the Borough of Sunbury, bounded on the north by said Walnut street, on the east and south by an alley, and on the west by a lot of the estate of Mrs. Laura Angell, deceased. Each of said lots contains 29 feet in width, and 100 feet in front 29 feet and in depth two hundred and thirty feet, whereon are erected four first-class frame dwellings with other outbuildings. Each house is occupied by a family.  
No. 1 is occupied by J. K. Clement.  
No. 2 is occupied by Thomas Hamilton.  
No. 3 is occupied by G. L. Simpson.  
No. 4 is occupied by E. J. Bright, Jr.  
Three Frame Dwelling Houses.  
Also, three additional lots of ground situated on the south side of Vine street in said Borough, bounded on the north by said Vine street, on the east by a lot of H. B. Masser, on the south by property of H. F. Clement or an other party, and on the west by a lot of Mrs. Ann N. Bright—each of said lots containing in front, feet or thereabouts, and in depth one hundred and fifty feet or thereabouts, whereon are erected three frame dwellings, two of which are first-class frame dwellings, and one two-story FRAME DWELLING HOUSE and other outbuildings.  
No. 1 is occupied by J. K. Clement.  
No. 2 is occupied by E. R. M'Beckel.  
No. 3 is occupied by John Spivey.  
One Two-story Frame Dwelling House.  
Situate on the west side of Fourth street, fronting on said Fourth street on the east, a lot of Jacob Fetter on the south, an alley on the west, and a lot of Harry Dieckman on the north. The lot contains in front 29 feet and 29 feet, or thereabouts, and one hundred and ten feet in depth, now occupied by Rev. A. Wheat.  
Limestone Property.  
Also, the one full undivided third part of all that certain tract or piece of land situate in Point township, Northumberland county, adjoining lands late of the estate of Charles C. Kay, deceased, now owned by Russell, Charles Gulick and others, containing EIGHTY EIGHT acres of land, more or less, whereon are erected a LARGE FRAME DWELLING HOUSE and Kitchen, a Frame Barn, two good new LIMESTONE, &c. A Young Orchard nearly all of which is in a good state of cultivation. On this tract of land is an inexhaustible bed of very  
SUPERIOR LIMESTONE  
suitable for building, and for all purposes for which limestone is used. The quarries are now fully opened and are being worked. They are situated about two and a half miles from the Borough of Sunbury, and are connected by a railroad, about three quarters of a mile in length connects them with the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad at Kapp's station, from which limestone is shipped to Philadelphia and other places, and can be shipped by railroad, or canal to Northumberland, Hanville, Shamokin, &c., as cheaply as any other limestone in the region.  
The limestone and quarry tools will be sold separate from the land if purchasers desire it.  
At the same time and place the undivided one third of the certain Railroad Cars and a set of Blacksmith and Quarry Tools will be sold.  
TERMS EASY.  
The above properties will be sold on long time, so as to enable purchasers to make their payments easy.  
The terms and conditions will be made known on the day of sale by  
WM. M. ROCKEFELLER, Executor  
of Edward F. Bright, dec'd.  
Sunbury, October 19th, 1872.  
Report of the First National Bank of Sunbury, Pa.  
Report of the condition of the First National Bank of Sunbury, in the Borough of Sunbury, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, on the 31 day of October, A. D. 1872.  
LIABILITIES.  
Capital Stock paid in, \$200,000 00  
Surplus Fund, 39,179 00  
Discount, Exchange, Interest, and Profit and Loss, 26,799 21  
U. S. Bonds to secure Deposits, 50,000 00  
State Bank certificates outstanding, 4,008 00  
Dividends unpaid, 1,625 68  
Individual Deposits, 229,609 24  
United States Deposits, 1,229 20  
Deposits of U. S. Disbursing Office, 4,729 40  
Due to National Banks, 563 51  
Due to State Banks and Bankers, 563 51  
Total, \$705,011 77  
RESOURCES.  
Loans and Discounts, \$204,541 74  
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation, 300,000 00  
U. S. Bonds to secure Deposits, 50,000 00  
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages, 1,800 00  
Due from Redeeming and Reserve, 31,822 60  
Due from National Banks, 19,772 32  
Due from State Banks and Bankers, 21,314 98  
Current Expenses and Taxes paid, 4,678 48  
Cash on hand, 1,229 20  
Profit and Loss, 2,705 22  
Bills of National Banks, 9,612 00  
Fractional Currency, including Nickel and Copper pieces, 1,005 00  
U. S. Legal Tender Notes, 57,000 00  
Total, \$705,011 77  
STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA:  
COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND, S. T.  
I, Samuel J. Packer, Cashier of the First National Bank of Sunbury, do solemnly swear that my knowledge and belief is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
(Signed), S. J. PACKER, Cashier.  
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 10th day of October, A. D. 1872.  
(Signed), D. ROCKEFELLER, Notary Public.  
(Seal.)  
W. H. WAILES, } Director,  
J. C. HORTON, }  
JOHN HAAS, }  
Sunbury, October 19, 1872.  
NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!  
Just Opened.  
F. J. BYROD,  
Importer of the choice of Sunbury and vicinity. He has just received a large assortment of Dry Goods and selling them cheap for cash at his store room, corner Third and Church streets, SUNBURY, PA.  
His stock comprises  
Dry Goods and Groceries.  
The Dry Goods consist of a complete, having a general assortment of  
Cloths, Cassimeres, Calicoes, DeLains, and everything in the Dry Goods line. The  
GROCERIES  
are all fresh, and consists of Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Spices, Must, Fish, &c.  
WILLOW  
a great assortment. In fact everything kept in a first-class store, can be had at the most reasonable prices for cash.  
Having located in Sunbury for the purpose of securing a wide and varied stock of goods, and giving strict attention to business to merit a share of the public patronage. My motto is "Small Profits and Quick Sales."  
All are cordially invited to call and examine my goods, as no charges will be made for showing them.  
Sunbury, Oct. 19, 1872. F. J. BYROD.

LIABILITIES.  
Capital Stock paid in, \$67,000 00  
Surplus Fund, 4,285 59  
Discount, Exchange and Interest, 6,391 48  
Amount Circulation outstanding, 59,400 00  
Dividends unpaid, 214 75  
Individual Deposits, 188,047 43  
Due to National Banks (as per schedule), 8,621 68  
Due to State Banks and Bankers (as per schedule), 5,260 60  
Total, \$309,771 23  
RESOURCES.  
Loans and Discounts, \$87,451 55  
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation, 67,000 00  
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages, 1,300 00  
Due from Redeeming and Reserve, 5,270 00  
(as per schedule), 1,081 77  
Due from National Banks (as per schedule), 959 41  
Due from State Banks and Bankers (as per schedule), 3,000 45  
Banking House, 13,280 37  
Other Real Estate, 1,300 00  
Furniture and Fixtures, 2,100 00  
Current Expenses, 2,468 66  
Taxes Paid, 1,147 76  
Bills of other National Banks, 1,365 00  
Fractional Currency (including nickels), 372 23  
Checks and Cash on hand, 318 43  
Legal Tender Notes, 54,370 00  
Total, \$309,771 23  
LIABILITIES.  
Capital Stock paid in, \$67,000 00  
Surplus Fund, 4,285 59  
Discount, Exchange and Interest, 6,391 48  
Amount Circulation outstanding, 59,400 00  
Dividends unpaid, 214 75  
Individual Deposits, 188,047 43  
Due to National Banks (as per schedule), 8,621 68  
Due to State Banks and Bankers (as per schedule), 5,260 60  
Total, \$309,771 23  
STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, County of Northumberland. Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 24th day of October, 1872.  
G. M. GOWLER, Notary Public.  
Shamokin, June 22, 1872.  
Administrators Notice.  
NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration have been granted to the undersigned on the estate of William Lawrence, late of Upper Augusta township, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, who died on the 24th day of October, 1872, and whom I know to be deceased. All persons having claims against the estate will present for settlement, and them knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make payment to  
MORDECAI LAWRENCE,  
Sunbury, Oct. 19, '72.—69. Administrator.

J. E. CALDWELL & Co.  
902 Chestnut Street,  
PHILADELPHIA.  
(A few doors west of the Continental Hotel.)  
Jewellers and Silversmiths,  
Importers of  
Fine Watches, Brackets & Fancy Goods,  
Moderate Prices  
FOR  
FIRST-CLASS GOODS,  
Marked in Plain Figures,  
WITHOUT DEVIATION.  
Prompt attention given to orders and inquiries by mail.  
EXCELSIOR FIRE EMPORIUM,  
I. ISAACS,  
Successor to JOHN FAIRBANK, 718 Arch street, Middle of the block, between 7th and 8th streets, South side, Philadelphia.  
Importer and Manufacturer of  
FANCY FURS  
For Ladies' and Children's Wear, wholesale and retail.  
Having imported a very large and splendid assortment of all the different kinds of Furs from first hands in Europe, would most cordially invite the readers of this paper to call and examine the assortment of Fancy Furs. I am determined to sell at the lowest Cash prices. All Furs warranted. No misrepresentations. All Furs sold. Furs altered and repaired.  
Remember the Store, 718 Arch street, Philadelphia, Oct. 5.—3m.  
DR. CHAS. M. MARTIN,  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
Sunbury, Penn'a.  
Office on Front Street, next door to Haas & Packer.  
Office Hours.—Until 8 a. m. From 12 to 1 p. m. From 5 to 6 p. m., and after 9 o'clock p. m.  
At all other hours when not professionally engaged, can be found at Drug Store, on Third street, next to Clement House, north, 72-73.  
NEW DRUG STORE,  
No. 13, South Third Street,  
Clement House Building, Sunbury, Pa.  
DR. C. M. MARTIN & CO  
We are now opening an entirely new stock of  
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,  
and are prepared to supply any article in our line that may be called for. We have also a full stock of all the leading Patent Medicines. Fine Perfumery and Toilet Articles a specialty, a full assortment of Hair, Tooth, Nail, Shoe and other Brushes, Dressing and other Combs in great variety.  
FINE TOILET SOAPS,  
a full line Cooking Extracts, French Mustard, Choice Spices, Pepper, whole or ground, Castile and Laundry Soaps, Lamp Chimneys and Lamp Goods generally. Bird Seed in large or small quantities.  
CARPENTER'S CHALK,  
full stock Full and Soft Extracts, Pickers as Pills of U. S. P. Syringes, Conical, Straight, Gun, Arden, Borens, Woodman's and other Patent Ayrer's, Wright's, Scheek's Mandrake, Mellan's Liver and other Pills, our stock embraces every thing found in a well conducted Drug Store. Country Physicians will find our stock full and complete, and we guarantee to sell at as low a price as articles can be bought in Philadelphia, except Choice Wines, Whiskey and Brandy for Medical purposes.  
October 5, 1872.  
W. D. MELICK,  
Druggist and Apothecary,  
(Successor to Dr. W. W. Moody.)  
At the old established stand on  
Market Square, SUNBURY, PA.  
Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of selected  
DRUGS & CHEMICALS,  
Druggists Fancy Goods,  
COMBS, BRUSHES, PERFUMES,  
PATENT MEDICINES, OILS, PAIN EXTRACT,  
GLASS, PUTTY,  
VARNISH, DYE STUFFS,  
in fact everything usually kept in a well equipped  
DRUG STORE.  
Particular attention paid to compounding Prescriptions and family receipts by Proprietor himself.  
Sunbury, Pa., June 8, 1872.