Sunbury American.

H. B. MASSER, E. WILVERT. } Editors.

SUNBURY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1872.

National Republican Ticket.

For President,
GEN. U. S. GRANT,
OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,
HON. HENRY WILSON,
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
GEN. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
of Montgomery County.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
HON. ULYSSES MERCUR,
of Bradford County.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
BRIG. GEN. HARRISON ALLEN,
of Warren County.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE.
HON. LEMUEL TODD,
OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.
HON. GLENNI W. SCOFIELD,
OF WARREN COUNTY.
GEN. CHARLES ALBRIGHT,
OF CARBON COUNTY.

FOR DELEGATES AT LARGE TO CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION,
WILLIAM M. MEREDITH, of Philadelphia.
J. GILLINGHAM FELL, of Philadelphia.
HARRY WHITE, of Indiana county.
WILLIAM LILLY, of Carbon county.
LINN BARTHOLOMEW, of Schuylkill county.
H. N. M'ALLISTER, of Centre county.
WILLIAM H. ARMSTRONG, of Lycoming co.
WILLIAM DAVIS, of Luzerne county.
JAMES F. REYNOLDS, of Lancaster county.
SAMUEL E. DIMMIC, of Wayne county.
GEORGE V. LAWRENCE, of Washington co.
DAVID N. WHITE, of Allegheny county.
W. H. AINEY, of Lehigh county.
JOHN H. WALKER, of Erie county.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
ADOLPH E. BORIE, Philadelphia,
JOHN M. THOMPSON, Butler,
W. D. FORTEN, Philadelphia.

Dist.		Dist.	
1.	JOSEPH A. BONHAM.	14.	JOHN PASSMORE.
2.	MARCUS A. DAVIS.	15.	W. J. COLEGROVE.
3.	G. MORRISON COATES	16.	JESSE MERRILL.
4.	HENRY BROMM.	17.	HENRY ORLADY,
5.	THEO. M. WILMER.	18.	ROBERT BELL.
6.	JOHN M. BROOMALL	19.	JASP. M. THOMPSON
7.	FRANCIS SHRODER.	20.	ISAAC FRAZIER.
8.	MARK H. RICHARDS	21.	GEO. W. ANDREWS.
9.	EDWARD H. GREEN.	22.	HENRY LLOYD.
10.	DAV. K. SHOEMAKER	23.	JOHN J. GILLESPIE.
11.	DANIEL R. MILLER.	24.	JAMES PATTERSON.
12.	LEAND. M. MORTON	25.	JOHN W. WALLACE.
13.	THEODORE STRONG.	26.	CHARLES C. BOYLE.

County Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS,
HON. JOHN B. PACKER, of Sunbury.

FOR DELEGATE TO CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION,
HON. JOSEPH BAILY, of Perry County.
DR. LEVI ROOKE, of Union County.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
OSCAR FOUST, of Watsontown.
DENNIS BRIGHT, of Montour County.

FOR SHERIFF,
SAMUEL H. ROTHERMEL, of Trevorton.

PROTHONOTARY, &C.,
LLOYD T. ROHRBACH, of Sunbury.

FOR COMMISSIONER,
J. G. DURHAM, of Delaware twp.

CORONER,
FREDERICK HESSER, of Coal twp.

AUDITOR,
JACOB E. MUENCH, of Shamokin twp.

OUR COUNTY TICKET.—The ticket nominated by the Republican party in this county, is perhaps the most unexceptionable that could have been presented to the voters of Northumberland county. From Congress down to Auditor, every man is fully competent to fill the position with credit to himself and an hour to the party. We are happy to see that the Republicans are determined to present none but the best men in the party for offices, an evidence that they feel the want a of change in our county affairs. For several years past the county affairs have been conducted in a manner that will strike every one that none but the best men should occupy those positions. Through mismanagement the tax payers are now paying thousands of dollars unnecessarily. Those who have come under the hammer of the Sheriff have also felt that the costs have increased most wonderfully. The Commissioners' office, it is conceded by all, needs renovating, and an investigation of the doings in that office for ten years past is highly necessary, as much might be discovered hidden under "scalps, &c.," that would not look very favorable as the transactions of honorable business men.

MR. ARMSTRONG A KNOW-NOTHING.—We are informed that Mr. G. W. Armstrong is attempting to deny his connection with the "Know Nothings" in 1855, when a candidate for Register and Recorder. The files of the Democratic papers in this county at that time will give considerable light on the subject. It is also well remembered by many citizens that Mr. Armstrong was initiated and taken into that order by several prominent men in the upper end of this county.

EX-GOVERNOR CURTIN, it is reported by Democratic papers, has written a letter to A. K. McClure, dated at Saratoga accepting the nomination of the Liberal Republicans for delegate at large to the Constitutional Convention, and supporting Buckalew for Governor. The letter does not define his position on the Presidential question, but says he will meet that issue when it comes before the people. If Col. McClure, who has been Gov. Curtin's evil genus, has led him during his sickness, to turn ungratefully against his friends, it will certainly be mortifying to them. It is not creditable, to say the least, to be found in company with such men as McClure.

Dr. James D. Strawbridge, of Danville, (formerly of Lewisburg) has been nominated on the Republican ticket for Congress in the Columbia and Montour district.

A WORD TO THE WORKING MEN.—There is a certain class of citizens who scarcely ever study their own interests, but will allow themselves to be led into political parties that are unceasing in their efforts to deprive them of their bread and butter. They are mostly found among the laboring classes—miners and railroad employees. We know of hundreds in this county who invariably vote with the free trade party while they at the same time seek employment from those whom that party is endeavoring to prostrate. Every one must know that if the free trade party gets into power, that business in this State will be prostrated at once, and the laborer be thrown out of employment. Notwithstanding this result is quite apparent, we find men opposing the party which is known to advocate their interests. The Democratic party in this State has always been recognized as the free trade party, and opposed to the direct interests of the laboring classes. The betrayal in 1846 by the Democrats in the repeal of the tariff in 1842, should be a warning to working men. Furnaces and iron manufactories were at once closed, and business men prostrated, and laboring men left to do the best they could. We contend it is the duty of every working man to stand by his employer if he desires to be kept in employment. Suppose the employer is opposed by his employees, and through their opposition he is compelled to close business, is not that an injury to the employee himself. If our State and National Governments are put in the hands of free traders, and foreign products brought to our doors cheaper than we can manufacture them, will not the manufacturer have to cease his operations, and railroad corporations curtail their business and discharge their men, or pay them reduced wages. Has any one, contemplating to vote that ticket, considered who the loser is in this matter. Since railroads have been built in our midst, we frequently meet with men who are from year to year engaged in opposing everything the companies might do, and we found them voting directly in opposition to the interests of those who are developing our resources, and at the same time complain that they are not employed, and if employed, their complaint is that they do not receive remunerative prices for their labor. To say the least, this is both unreasonable and ungrateful. We have this question presented to us in the present canvass for President and Governor. B. Gratz Brown, who is the intended President of the opposition, is a free trader. For Governor, Buckalew has shown by every public act that he is a free trader, and opposed to the interests of the laboring classes. How can any employee on railroads, miners or laboring men, expect to advance his own interest by voting for such a ticket. Is it possible that they could be so blind as to cast their votes so as to close up the workshops, furnaces, mines, &c., and throw themselves out of employment, thus depriving themselves of the means of gaining a livelihood for their families.

THE conferees of this Senatorial district composed of Northumberland, Union, Snyder and Perry counties, met in Convention at this place, and put in nomination for Delegates to the Constitutional Convention, Hon. Joseph Baily of Perry county, and Dr. Levi Rooke, of Union county. This completes the Republican ticket in the district, and it now remains for the people to rally and ratify their election. The candidates nominated by this convention are gentlemen who will do honor to any position. Hon. Jos. Baily is a gentleman of much experience in public life, and being closely connected with the interests of the working classes, he will, by his acknowledged ability as a statesman, prove an available candidate, an important member of that body, and an honor to the district he will represent. He has served his constituents in the Legislature, State Senate, and in Congress with entire satisfaction. In 1861 he was elected to Congress as a Breckenridge Democrat, but during the hard struggle of that session, he placed himself on the loyal side of the House. When the vote was taken to amend the Constitution he was the first Democratic member who rose to cast his vote in favor of that measure.

Dr. Levi Rooke, of Union, is well known to many of our citizens. He is a gentleman of ability, and much experience in business. Being closely connected with the iron interests and public improvements developing the resources of the State, he will make an efficient member.

We are happy to note that both of these gentlemen will be elected as under the present system of voting in the district, a nomination is equivalent to an election.

Wm. A. Sober, Esq., presented by this county, it will be seen was defeated in the conference. Much as we desired to see Mr. Sober nominated, we could not expect other counties to yield to us while we claimed the member to Congress. We are happy to see that Mr. Sober's abilities for the position were so frankly acknowledged by the members of the Convention. Mr. Sober is a young lawyer of more than ordinary ability, and a gentleman of integrity, qualities which must sometime bring him prominently before the public. Had he been selected he would have been a popular candidate.

Samuel Alleman, Esq., presented by Snyder county, is a gentleman who, had he been selected, would have proved a formidable candidate to the opposition, and his ability would have been an honor to the district. It will be seen by the number of ballots, that it was a difficult matter for the conferees to decide upon the candidates. Being gentlemen equally available, and fully competent to represent the district, they had eighteen ballots before they decided upon the candidates. Their decision, however, is generally approved, and those who were defeated readily defer to the majority, and are now fighting to secure the election of their competitors.

If our foreign citizens could not support a Know Nothing in 1855, how can they possibly support one of that party, in the person of George W. Armstrong, in 1872?

THE Democratic conferees to select a candidate for delegate to the Constitutional Convention, met at this place on Friday last, and nominated Mr. Cronmiller of Snyder county. We had confidently hoped, as a nomination was equivalent to an election, that our fellow townsman, S. P. Wolverton, Esq., would be selected as the candidate, but as it seems almost impossible for that party to select good men for offices, Mr. Wolverton was "wriggled" out of the nomination. It appears that men of ability are no more recognized by the Democratic party and when a good chance is offered to place men in office who would add strength and honor to the party, they are cast overboard and some of the most unpopular members of the party placed on the ticket. This looks as though competent, and available men are no longer wanted in the party. Mr. Wolverton, we are satisfied was the choice of the people in the district, but as several aspirants for the State Senatorship done the manipulating to better their chances in the future, the people's wishes were entirely ignored to accomplish their own end.

EX-GOVERNRR CURTIN has at last expressed himself in favor of the Liberal or mongrel State ticket, and accepts the nomination of Constitutional Delegate at large, tendered to him. This result was not unexpected, nor is it of the least importance. It took a long time for him to make up his mind in regard to the State ticket, and on the Presidential question he has not yet decided, but will meet that emergency when the time arrives. This long delayed announcement, coupled with his indecision in regard to the Presidency, the Philadelphia *Press* ludicrously styles "Curtain's Thunderbolt," which will prove about as effective in the campaign in fighting Republicans as going in a Chinese army. Governor Curtin has many friends, personal and political, who regret to see him in the position to which he has slowly and reluctantly settled, but we very much doubt whether a single Republican in this county will be influenced in his vote by this movement on the part of Gov. Curtin, which, while it will inflict little or no injury on the Republican party, must greatly damage his own standing and reputation.

DENNIS BRIGHT, Esq., the nominee for Assembly, of Montour county, having given general satisfaction to his friends in this and Montour as a member of the Legislature last session, will be elected by a largely increased majority. Mr. Bright proved an able and honorable representative, and is an honor to the district he represents.

MR. DURHAM, the Republican candidate for County Commissioner, is becoming more popular every day. If the voters of the county elect him there certainly will be some shaking among the dry bones of the Ring. It is certain that not only the present condition of the finances will receive a strict examination, but that for years past, the accounts of the county will be investigated, and some of the doings of the Ring be developed.

THE Republican candidate for Sheriff, S. H. Rothermel is making inroads on his opponent rapidly. When the voters fully understand the qualifications of the two candidates, they will readily conclude that Mr. Rothermel is the man to be elected to that office.

THE voters of the county should remember that the office of County Auditor is one of great importance. Mr. Muench, the Republican candidate is an excellent man for that position, and his election may save thousands of dollars to the tax-payers.

THE assertion that Hon. Henry Wilson was a Know Nothing has been proven false, and the authors of it have acknowledged themselves as falsifiers, but no one has attempted to deny that George W. Armstrong, the Democratic Greeley nominee for Prothonotary, was a Know Nothing in 1855, and was supported by that party for Register and Recorder in opposition to C. Boyd Pursel, the candidate of the Democratic party in that year.

Three men are to be elected from this Senatorial district as delegates to the Constitutional Convention. Each voter can vote for two men, but cannot vote more than once for one man. The Republicans have nominated Levi Rooke of Union county, and Joseph Baily from Perry. The Greeleyites have nominated but one man—J. P. Cronmiller, of Snyder county.

MAJ. JACK CUMMINGS, the Democratic war horse of Snyder county received the nomination for assembly in the district composed of Snyder and Union. This is sad news for Weirick of the *Times*, as it will leave him in the back ground. Frank will, no doubt, go for the Major with a sharp stick to pay back a few old scores. Of course Jack will be defeated by at least seven hundred majority.

THE Democrats and *three* Liberals could not have raised a corporals guard last night to meet the Sage of Chappaqua if it had not been that a few Republicans, out of curiosity, went over to see him as he was "swinging around the circle."

THE CONSTITUTIONAL DELEGATES.—The Perry county *Advocate* and *Press*, in noticing the nominees for the Constitutional Convention, says:

The Republican ticket was completed last week by the nomination of Joseph Baily, Esq., of Perry and Dr. Levi Rooke, of Snyder, as Delegates to the Constitutional Convention. It is unnecessary for us to say anything in praise of Joseph Baily.—He has long been known as "Honest Joe," and his record during the war speaks volumes in his behalf. Elected as a democrat, he was too much of a patriot to ignore his duty toward the government for party, and therefore always voted men and money to carry on the war to a successful termination. His well known ability and integrity commands respect everywhere. Of Dr. Rooke, the other delegate, we will only say he is a gentleman of fine ability and is honored by his friends and neighbors.

Horace Greeley, in a speech at Memphis, Tenn., said:

"I hope the time is not far distant when the American people will hold in *equal honor* and *affection* the soldiers who fought under LEE and STONEWALL JACKSON, and *the men who fought under* GRANT and SHERMAN."

PENNSYLVANIA.

A more exciting or more fiercely contested campaign than the present one in this Commonwealth we cannot call to mind. Throughout the length and breadth of the State the fight rages everywhere—in the journals, in mass meetings, in private discussions, in hotels and wayside inns, in clubs and societies. The old Keystone has never before been shaken. The enemy has made a bold and desperate effort to break the position, and has had the aid of deserters of consequence from our ranks. But since the unhappy contest of 1861, which led to Buckalews election in the United States Senate, we have never lost an election in the old Commonwealth, nor do we believe we shall now. The State is loyal to the core, and has been all through the terrible times in which the Republic has been so severely tried. She voted for Lincoln in 1860 and 1864, and for Grant in 1868. She voted for Curtin in 1860 and 1863, and for Geary in 1866 and 1869, and all the intermediate elections since that of 1861 have been Republican.

Hence the political cast of the State is decided; although, in consequence of the great extent of territory, the diverse interests and the large popular vote, the struggle is ever a bitter one. Perhaps this would not be so were it not for the conspicuous fact that Pennsylvania invariably indicates the national choice in Presidential contests. The situation of the State geographically blends within her borders all the diverse elements of the nation, and makes such a composite mass that whatever the people of the State say strongly in their elections may be taken as the verdict of the majority of the nation. Owing to this the effort of contending parties to carry the State at the State election in October, in a Presidential year, is ever fierce and embittered.

An insidious attempt has been made to give a false direction to the campaign, by representing that the State might go against the Republican ticket in October and for Grant in November. So it might. But we never knew of such a case. History bears no record of anything of the kind, so that the improbability is extreme. The high tide of excitement in a Presidential year generally covers up all the rocks and shoals. Everybody feels that the importance of the Presidential office is too great to be risked in any venture so perilous as trying to separate the two elections in character. It is the first that governs the second. It is the indicator that is all important in its effect upon the national contest. The man, therefore, who feels anxious about the Presidency must begin by looking to the State election. If he shall so influence the latter as that the Republican ticket shall triumph, Grant will be the next President of the United States beyond a peradventure. Those who stand aloof from the State election, and talk about helping in November, are mere holiday soldiers. It was the capture of Malakoff that sealed the fate of Sebastopol.

In saying all this we do not doubt that there are very many thousands who will not vote the Republican State ticket in October who will vote for nobody but Grant in November. But they come in after the battle is fought and the victory won. It is the firm, unyielding, well-disciplined array of the October force that really does the work. And if the latter fails, the camp-followers, and doubters, and waiters on Providence all swarm over to the victorious side, and the gentry who have been waiting to cast their votes into the scale in November are of little use, since their abstention is sure to lose us all the doubtful States. It is amazing how many thousands of voters there are in this country who are governed by external considerations, by the prospects of success, by victories here and there, and like influences. And thus we see that neglection to vote the party ticket in October is tantamount to casting an adverse vote in November. And thus, too, we see that a veteran politician, in undertaking an election for President, in which the work is all up-hill, must begin by undermining the strength of the dominant party in Pennsylvania, by attacking the character of its candidates and trumping all manner of charges, true or false. If a complete triumph with these means is impossible or improbable, a partial victory, by defeating some candidates, will suffice. And this is exactly what the pending campaign in this State presents. It is not an effort against Hartranft only, it is, besides a well contrived attack upon Grant's strength for the Presidency.

We shall have but few more impressive words to say about the election, than those that we now lay before our Republican readers for consideration. We ask them to reflect seriously upon what we have said. It is not intended for any other purpose than this; for experience has long since satisfied us that when we have once induced our readers to do that the result cannot be doubtful, since the most of them are, sound, shrewd business men, and treat things directly and in a common sense manner, as we do. Hence we simply ask them to apply these considerations in their own minds and see whether we are not correct.—*North American and United States Gazette.*

A Distardly attempt to Murder Republicans.

Between West Chester intersection and Garrett's siding (both railroad stations on the Pennsylvania railroad), all the spikes and the clamps that hold the joints of rails together, were taken out of *three rails*, where there is an *embankment* of *sixty-five feet*, with the view, no doubt, of throwing the Philadelphia Express train cast off the track, containing nine cars in which some three or four hundred soldiers were aboard, returning from Pittsburg, on Thursday morning, about four o'clock.

It was detected, however, by one of the employees of the road before the arrival of the train—it, fortunately, being behind time—thus saving the whole train from going over the embankment and resulting beyond doubt in the loss of many lives.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

BUCKALEW AND HIS BIRDS.—The Democratic candidate for Governor in this State is so blatant about his own honesty that we ought not to be able to find in his history even the semblance of wrong doing. A little matter is reported to us, by one who is thoroughly conversant with the facts, which places Mr. Beckalew in a position rather inconsistent with that of a strictly honest man. When he occupied an official station in South America as Minister from this country to Ecuador he was the recipient of many kind attentions on the part of the people of that country. There came into his possession — probably through presentation—a very rich and rare collection of birds, which, upon his return home, he endeavored to sell to the United States Goverment for preservation in the Smithsonian Institute, for the modest sum of $20,000. Whether he secured that price or afterward accepted a less amount we do not know, but the stuffed birds at present occupy aplace in the Smithsonian Institute, at Washington. The dignity and honesty of a minister, if properly appreciated, would prevent the trafic in stuffed birds, especially when these are received as presents to a representative of the United States.—*Montour American.*

Marcus Novinger, of Millersburg, Dauphin county, was found lying in the gutter, in Harrisburg, on Saturday night, at 10 o'clock. He had been knocked down and robbed.

Meeting of the Republican Senatorial Conferees.

The meeting of the Conferees to select candidates for delegates to the Constitutional Convention, met at the Central Hotel, this place, on Friday, the 20th inst.

The following gentlemen appeared as conferees from their respective counties:

Northumberland.—Dr. D. W. Shindel, Geo. W. Smith and Col. Geo. Wagonseller.

Union.—Mark Halfpenny, Wm. Jones and John K. Kreamer.

Snyder.—Col. W. F. Wagonseller, Jas. K. Davis, Sen., J. A. Lombard.

Perry.—C. Hisey, M. B. Holman and J. H. Sheibley.

On motion, Geo. Wagonseller, of Northumberland, was elected as chairman, and J. A. Lombard, of Snyder and John H. Sheibley, of Perry, as Secretaries.

A motion was made to go into an informal ballot. Carried.

C. Hisey nominated Hon. Joseph Baily of Perry county.

Dr. D. W. Shindel nominated Wm. A. Sober, Esq., of Northumberland county.

Jas K. Davis, Sen., nominated Samuel Alleman, Esq., of Snyder county.

Wm. Jones nominated Dr. Levi Rooke, of Union county.

On motion, It was *Resolved*, That this conference nominate but two delegates to represent this Senatorial district in the Constitutional Convention.

On motion, the Conference agreed to go into balloting which resulted as follows:

First ballot.—Baily, 3; Sober, 3; Alleman, 3; Rooke, 3.

Second ballot.—Baily, 3; Sober, 3; Alleman, 3; Rooke, 3.

Third ballot.—Baily, 3; Sober, 3; Alleman, 3; Rooke, 3.

Fourth ballot.—Baily, 3; Sober, 3; Alleman, 3; Rooke, 3.

Fifth ballot.—Baily, 3; Sober, 3; Alleman, 3; Rooke, 3.

Sixth ballot.—Baily, 3; Sober, 1; Alleman, 4; Rooke, 4.

Seventh ballot.—Baily, 3; Sober, 2; Alleman, 3; Rooke, 4.

Eighth ballot.—Baily, 4; Sober, 1; Alleman, 5; Rooke, 4.

Ninth ballot.—Baily, 3; Sober, 1; Alleman, 4; Rooke, 4.

Tenth ballot.—Baily, 4; Sober, 1; Alleman, 4; Rooke, 3.

Eleventh ballot.—Baily, 2; Sober, 2; Alleman, 4; Rooke, 4.

Twelfth Ballot.—Baily, 5; Sober, 0; Alleman, 3; Rooke, 4.

Thirteenth ballot.—Baily, 4; Sober, 0; Alleman, 4; Rooke, 4.

Fourteenth ballot.—Baily, 7; Sober, 0; Alleman, 3; Rooke, 2.

On motion the nomination of Hon. Jos. Baily was made unanimous.

Fifteenth ballot.—Rooke, 6; Alleman, 6.

Sixteenth ballot.—Rooke, 6; Alleman, 6.

Seventeenth ballot.—Rooke, 6; Alleman, 6.

Eighteenth ballot.—Rooke, 8; Alleman, 4.

On motion, the nomination of Dr. Rooke was made unanimous.

The following resolutions were then offered by Mr. Shiebley, and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That the candidates for the Constitutional Convention this day nominated, will receive our hearty and entire support.

Resolved, That our State ticket will receive our entire support, and that we shall labor zealously for the election of Hartranft and Allen until the polls close on the second Tuesday in October next.

Resolved, That the unconquerable soldier and true patriot, U. S. Grant, and the tried statesman and upright man, Henry Wilson, will receive our enthusiastic support.

On motion, the Conference now adjourned.

GEO. WAGONSELLER,
President.

J. A. LOMBARD,
JOHN H. SHIEBLEY,
Secretaries.

BUCKALEW will run behind his ticket in every county in the State. Reason, his personal unpopularity in his own party. He is a cold and selfish aristocrat, with no personal sympathy with labor or laboring men—a character not calculated to awaken much enthusiasm even among those who entertain similar political opinions.

WHILE MR. BUCKALEW SAYS MANE words for himself, he utters none in favor of Greeley. Governor and President are evidently independent candidates in his mind, and each is to fight his own battle. This may work well in October, if the Greeleyites are will supplied with faith, but after November they will howl as they are now doing in Vermont and Maine.

Information has been received at the State Department showing that the members of the International Statistical Congress, while at St. Petersburg, received every consideration and kindness from the Russian government. Free transportation, hotel accommodations, postal and telegraphic facilities, carriages, and newspapers from all parts of Europe, were furnished at the cost of the government. A general desire was expressed to hold the next Congress in this country.

ON the division of the Northern Central Railway extending between Canadaigua and Williamsport, there are employed thirty-nine engineers and forty fireman. Engines of passenger trains are run from Canandaigua to Elmira, and from Williamsport to Elmira and back the same day. Freight engines double the road about three times a week.

NINETY-THREE plantations in Alabama have been damaged $100,000 worth by the recent floods.

MICHIGAN is a prosperous State. She had a balance in her treasury, on the 31st of August, of $995,403 18.

LET any decent man look at the charges made against General Hartranft in the Democratic and guerilla journals of the city and State—look at them and look into them—and then say if they ever saw so childish, so humiliating an attempt to blacken a good man's character in the whole course of his life. The attempt is disgustingly frivolous, and the men who are engaged in it ought to be ashamed as they walk the streets to look an honest man in the face. The charges are based upon the extra-judicial affidavits of felons, escaped thieves and bogus diploma-sellers. But it is all the same to calumniators. We wish every one of those who traduce Hartranft and at the same time pretend to support Grant, would throw off the cloak of hypocracy and support Greeley at once. The Republican party wants no guerillas.

A BRAVE soldier of the war for the Union, whose friends were proud to present his claims for a responsible county office at the late Republican convention, but failed to secure his nomination, in writing to a friend the other day, says: "My friends did not succeed, but no matter for that; let us give the ticket our hearty support, for it is a good one. All our little personal disappointments 'will be forgotten a thousand years hence.' The great cause for which we fought on the battlefield is too sacred to be sacrificed." This is a noble sentiment, and every true man in the county will respond to it.—*Shamokin Herald.*

AN Arizona man has been made crazy at finding a piece of quartz which he supposed was worth $5,000,000.

IMMIGRATION into the State of Nebraska continues unabated. Five hundred a day is said to be a low estimate.

The corner-stone of the new Masonic Hall at Harrisburg was laid on Monday.

A North Carolina paper pulls down the Greeley flag, and puts its place, "For President, anybody to beat Grant." It has reached the conclusion that Greeley is not the man.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Washington Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 22, 1872.

Friend Wilvert:—The 17th and 18th of September, 1872, will be long and pleasantly remembered by the citizens of Pittsburg, and the seventy-five or eighty thousand soldiers and sailors who were so fortunate as to be there on the aforesaid days.

The Convention was a great success in every particular. The number in attendance far exceeded the expectation of the most sanguine; but the city whose loyalty and patriotic ardor during the dark days of the rebellion is remembered with pride by the Union-loving people of the State, and I may say of the whole country, was equal to the emergency, and all who went to Pittsburg returned to their homes well satisfied that the hospitality of its citizens cannot be questioned.

The "Go West" Club of this city, one hundred and sixty strong, with Donch's band and the drum corps of the Washington Light Infantry, was the first of the visiting delegations to arrive in Pittsburg, and we were escorted to our headquarters at the St. Charles Hotel by the Hartranft Club of the Iron City, 300 strong, arriving there at nine o'clock in the morning of the 16th. At 3 o'clock we proceeded to Shady Side, the country residence of that gallant soldier, Gen. James S. Negley, and at present the able and worthy Representative in Congress, from the Allegheny district, to tender him a complimentary serenade. We were received by the General and his fair lady most cordially, and, after the usual speech-making, were invited to partake of refreshments, which invitation was gladly accepted by the "Go Westers." After all were satisfied we had "music by the band," and several songs by the singers of the club, and after several hours spent in the most pleasant manner, and a pressing invitation to call again—which invitation we gladly accepted, and on Wednesday, the 18th, after a march of about twelve miles in the procession, we again paid our respects to Gen. Nagley at Shady Side, and we were received in the same hospitable manner as on the 16th—we took the six o'clock train for Pittsburg. Shady Side, with its generous and worthy proprietor, will be long remembered with pleasure by the "Go West" Club.

The Convention was called to order at 11 o'clock on the morning of the 18th. The address of welcome on behalf of the citizens of Pittsburg, was delivered by General Sweitzer, and on behalf of the State by Gov. Geary, and both addresses were well received by the Convention. General Burnside then came forward and, as Chairman of the Committee of veterans who called the Convention, stated the object for which it had been called in a very forcible speech, and named General Hawley as temporary Chairman. During General Burnside's remarks he referred to General Hartranft as his true and tried friend, and concluded by saying that "it is clearly the duty of the soldiers of Pennsylvania, without reference to politics, to see that so gallant a comrade as Gen. Hartranft is not harmed by the malicious slanders of designing politicians, and the most "designing" of all is John W. Forney, who is so very anxious to occupy the seat in the Senate of the United States now so ably filled by Senator Cameron, upon whom was conferred the most honorable and important position in the gift of the Senate, that of Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations. Notwithstanding the selfish opposition of John W. Forney, I fully believe that General Hartranft will be triumphantly elected in October. There is little room to doubt that Forney would have opposed any man, however pure, that might have been nominated; and had the able Representative in Congress from the 14th District been nominated, we would find Forney making the same sort of groundless charges against him that he is now making against General Hartranft. It may be still that he could have made no such charges against Hon. John B. Packer, but it must be remembered that all the charges he has brought against Gen. Hartranft have been disproved; that he was fully exonerated from any complicity in the Evans' fraud by an investigating committee of the State Legislature, of which his opponent for the Governorship was Chairman, and where his opponents had every opportunity of proving the charges had they been true. Forney is one of those designing politicians to whom General Burnside referred in his remarks, and he will keep up his "malicious slanders" upon that gallant soldier until the 8th of October, when the people of Pennsylvania, who hold the advanced line of battle in the Presidential contest, will endorse General Hartranft, and through him, Senator Cameron; and they will make of John W. Forney what he was termed by the father of "Liberal" Republicanism, Andrew Johnson, a "dead duck."

After General Burnside concluded, General Hawley addressed the Convention at some length, and his remarks were received with great enthusiasm. After General Hawley concluded, the letter of General Grant was read, and was received with applause; also a letter signed by 700 Confederate soldiers now living in Louisiana, Georgia, Missouri, and Texas, who differ with Horace Greeley in their opinions of the Convention. After the reading of this letter there was more cheering; the band played "Dixie," and then they suddenly changed to "John Brown," which brought the audience to their feet, and all were wild with enthusiasm. After order was again restored there came cries for "Hartranft, Hartranft," which continued until the next Governor was introduced. Then cheer upon cheer went up from the five thousand old soldiers within the Opera House, which continued for fully five minutes, and there was none of the brave and distinguished soldiers present received with more enthusiasm than was General Hartranft. When the excitement had somewhat subsided, General Hartranft came forward and spoke as follows:

"Comrades, I thank you for this demonstration, not for myself, but for the Republican cause. (Cheers.) It is no more credit to me then when we were fighting in the front, and regiment after regiment was going forward, you kept your eye upon the colors, (cheers,) not upon the man who carried them; because when he fell another took his place. So in this contest keep your eye well on the colors, and we will win this contest as we have frequently won in the field." (Cheers.

Gen. Logan, the permanent President now came forward, and was received with a perfect storm of applause, which was kept up for several minutes. He made a very fine speech. Several other speeches were made, when the Convention adjourned over until the 18th. On the 18th the real business of the Convention was gone through with—that of endorsing General Grant, and to let all understand the position that the men who fought and bled for their country occupy in the coming struggle; and while thus assembled they could not let the opportunity pass without inducing another brave soldier and honest citizen, General Hartranft, which they did without a dissenting voice amid great cheering.

The procession on Wednesday was a "big thing," being fully thirteen miles in length. The "Go West" club was given the post of honor at the head of the procession, and the escort of the men who know what it is to suffer privation, starvation and disease for their country in rebel prisons, and we highly appreciated the honor conferred. We carried with us from Washington the flag in the fringe of which Booth caught the spur on his boot as he jumped from the box in Ford's theatre after shooting President Lincoln, and which, no doubt, was the cause of his breaking his leg, and the breaking of his leg the cause of his capture. It was displayed in the Opera House during the sitting of the Convention, and three cheers were given for the "Flag of Ford's Theatre." The torchlight procession was ten miles in length marching eights, and was such a sight as had never before been seen in Western Pennsylvania. General Hartranft was Chief Marshal of the torchlight procession, and he received a perfect ovation as he passed through the tens of thousands of people that lined the streets along the route of the procession.

The decorations in Pittsburg were very extensive, hundreds of thousands of flags, Chinese lanterns, and natural flowers being used to render the city attractive and pleasant to the veteran soldiers. Thus closed the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention, the influence of which will be felt in every State in the Union, and especially so in the good old State of Pennsylvania, where it will add five thousand more to the majority of Hartranft in October.

The principles for which we fought are in danger; but they will be placed on a foundation of granite in November. Soldiers will stand by the men who stood by them. O.

Candidate Cards.

For Prothonotary.

HAVING received the nomination of the Labor Reform organization for the office of PROTHONOTARY, I respectfully solicit my friends to cast their votes for me, and if elected I shall attend the duties of the office impartially and to the best of my ability.

JOHN JONES.

September 21, 1872.

New Advertisements.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration have been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of John Deshay, deceased, late of Upper Augusta township, North'd county. All knowing themselves indebted to said estate, and those who have claims against the same, will present them for settlement.

A. N. BRICE,
Administrator.

Sunbury, Sept. 21, 1872.—6t.

TANNERY AND FARM FOR SALE.

WILL be offered at Private Sale the extensive

LECKKILL TANNERY,

situate in Upper Mahanoy township, Northumberland county, Pa., on the public road leading to the Pottsville road. This Tannery is one of the oldest and best stands in Northumberland and adjoining counties. It was lang and favorably known as the old

ENTERLINE TANNERY.

The buildings are all new, having been rebuilt a year ago, with all the latest modern improvements. This old stand has a large run of custom, and has all the conveniences of a bark country surrounding it to get up stock at less expense than any establishment in the county. In connection with the Tannery a large and well cultivated FARM will be offered for sale, containing about sixty acres more or less, about 40 of which is cleared, whereon is erected

A LOG DWELLIFG HOUSE,

weatherboarded, a bank barn, with wagon shed attached, a spring house, smoke house, and other outbuildings. A never failing spring of water near the house. An orchard that will not be surpassed for choice fruit anywhere in the county. The balance of the land is well timbered with Chestnut and Oak.

This property is one of the most valuable, and is beautifully located in a thickly settled district near the line of Northumberland and Schuylkill counties, convenient to roads leading to Shamokin and Pottsville.

For further particulars, address or apply to

SOLOMON B. ENTERLINE,
Leekkill, P. O., Northumberland county, Pa.

September 21, 1872.

Estate of John Hetrick, dec.—Audit.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested, that the undersigned, auditor in the matter of the exceptions to the account of David Hetrick, and John Hetrick, dec., will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in the borough of Sunbury, on Wednesday the 2d day of October, A. D., 1872, at 10 o'clock, a. m., of that day.

W. I. GREENOUGH,
Auditor.

Sunbury, Sept. 14, 1872.—6t

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY.

WILL be exposed to public sale, on the premises in the borough of Sunbury, Pa., on

MONDAY, the 7th day of OCTOBER, 1872,

a certain half lot of ground situate in the borough of Sunbury, North'd county, Pa., being 30 feet in front on Walnut street, 250 feet in depth, whereon is erected a Log House, late the estate of Mrs. Mary C. Withingson, deceased.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m., on said day, when the conditions will be made known by

GEO. W. SMITH,
Administrator.

Sunbury, Sept 14, 1872

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate

Will be sold on the Premises, in Shamokin township, North'd county, Pa., on SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5th, 1872, at 2 o'clock, p. m., the following certain undivided half part of a

TRACT OF LAND,

situated in Shamokin township, Northumberland county, Pa., adjoining lands of Humphrey Wright, Hiram Dill, Dan'l Benjamin, Benjamin Hummel and Aaron Sober, containing

FOURTY-FOUR ACRES,

more or less, part of which is in a good state of cultivation and the balance excellent timber land. Late the estate of Jacob Moore, deceased.

The conditions of sale is 14 per cent. paid when the property is struck down to the highest bidder, one hundred dollars on the first day of January, 1873, and the balance on the 1st day of April, 1873.

WM. B. SHIVE, Adm'r.

September 12, 1872.

BLATCHLEY'S
IMPROVED CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP.

TRADE MARK Patented.

Tasteless, Durable, Efficient and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the Pump or disturbing the joints. Also, the Copper Chamber, which never cracks or scales, and will outlast any other. For sale by Dealers everywhere. Send for Catalogue and Price List. CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer, 506 Commerce St., Philad'a, Pa. [814-1y

$5 to $20 per day! Agents Wanted!—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address, G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 814-1y.

The New North-West
AND ITS
GREAT RAILROAD.

7-30 GOLD LOAN
OF THE
NORTHERN P