Subscriptions taken for less than ste Months. CONNECTED with this establishment is an extensive NEW JOB OFFICE, containing a variety of plain and fancy type equal to any establishment n the interior of the State, for which the patronage of the public is respectfully splicited.

# Professional.

W. J. WOLVERTON, Attorney a Law, office, door No. 5, 2nd floor, Haupt's Block, near Miller's Shoe Store, Sunbury, Pa. March 25th, 1871.—15.

S. B. BOYER. Attorney at Law. Nos. 2 and 3, Second Floor Beight's Building, Sunbary, Pa. Professional business attended to, in the courts of Northumberland and adjoining courties. Claims promptly collected. Consultation can be had in the German language.

March 25th. 1871.—17.

J NO. A. WILSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NO. 144 FOURTH AVENUE,
Pittaburg, Pa. Notary Public, Jan. 15, 1870.—1y.

J. G. MARKLE & CO. Market Street, SUNBURY, PA.

Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Olls, Glass, Varnishes, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Pocket Books, Dairies, &c.

S. P. WOLVERTON, Attorney at Law.
Market Square, SUNBURY, PA. Professional business in this and adjoining counties prompt-y attended to.

C. A. REIMENSNY DER, Attorney at tous to the sunbury, PA.—All business entrusted to be tous to the sunbury and with ap127-67

J NO. HAY CLEMENT, Attorney at Law, SUNBURY, PA.—Collections and all pro-fessional business promptly attended to. mch31-66

L. H. KASE. DRUNER & HASE, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, SUNBURY, PA. Office on
Chestant street, west of the N. C. and P. & E.
Railroad Depot, in the building lately occupied
by F. Lezarus, Esq. Collections and all professional business promptly attended to la Northumberland and adjoining counties. api10-69

H. B. MASSER, Attorney at Law, SUN-BURY, PA.—Collections attended to in the counties of Northumberland, Union, Suyder, Montour, Columbia and Lycoming. apilo-69 WM. M. ROCKEPPLLER. LLOYD T. ROHRBACH.

ROCKEFFLIER & ROHRBACH,

Attorneys at Law, SUNBURY, PA.—Office in Haupt's new building, second floor. Entrance on Market Square. Jan4-68 A. N. BRICE, Attorney at Law, Sunbury,
Pa. Office in Masonic Hall Building.—
Collections of claims, writings, and all kinds of
legal business attended to carefully and with
dispatch.—
[April 8, 1871.—1y.

DR. J. F. CASLOW, Office and Residence, Walnut Street, between Third and Fourth streets,

Third and Fourth streets,

SUNBURY, PENN'A.

All forms of Discases of the Eyes will be treated or operated upon, such as Strabismus, (Cross-Eyes,) Cataract, (Blindness,) and all other discases relating to Surgery, as Tailpes, (Club or Reci Feet.) Hair-Lip, Excision of Tumors, &c.

Aiso the cure of Epilepsy (or Falling Fits.)

Sunbury, May 15, 1871.

O. W. ZIEGLER. L. T. ROHRBACH. ZIEGLER & ROHRBACH, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Office in Haupt's Building, lately occupied by Judge Rockefeller and L. T. Rohrbach, Esq. Collections and all professional business pr mptly attended to in the Courts of Northumberlaud and adjoining counties. Dec. 2, 1871.

# Business Cards.

W. S. KHOADS. W. S. RHOADS & CO.,

ANTHRACITE COAL, SUNBURY, PENN'A. OFFICE WITH HAAS, FASELY & Co., Orders left at Scasholtz & Bro's., office Market treet, will receive prompt attention. Country ustom respectfully solicited. Feb. 4, 1871 .-- tf

COACHMAKERS. WE are selling Rims, 5 tes, Bubs, Springs, Canvass, Bolts, Clips, Artes, &c., very Large Stock at CON... I & CO. Large Stock at

nbury, March 30, 1869. COAL! COAL! COAL!-GRANT BROS. WHITE AND RED ASH COAL, SUNBURY, PA.

(LOWER WHARF.) 1-9 Sole Agents, westward, at the celebrated Henry Clay Coal.

EXCHANGE LIVERY. J. M. BARTHOLOMEW, PROPRIETOR. FOTRTH STREET, ABOVE MARKET. Sunbury Pa.

THE best of riding and driving horses always on hand to serve customers.

Orders left at the Central Hotel, for vehicles. will receive prompt attention. Nov. 5, 1870,

ANTHRACITE COAL! VALENTINE DIETZ, Wholesale and Retail dealer in every variety of ANTHRACITE COAL, UPPER WHARF, SUNBURY, PENN'A.

All kinds of Grain taken in exchange for Coal.
Orders solicited and filled promptly. Orders left
at S. F. Nevin's Confectionery Store, on Third
Street, will recieve prompt attention, and money
receipted for, the same as at the office.

DENTISTRY. GEORGE M. RENN, In Simpson's Building, Market Square,

SUNBURY, PA., I prepared to do all kinds of work pertaining to Dentistry. He keeps constantly on band a large assortment of Teeth, and other Dentai material, from which he will be able to select,

and most the wants of his customers.

All work warranted to give satisfaction, or else the money refunded.

The very best Mouth Wash and Tooth-Powders His references are the numerous patrons for whom he has worked for the last twelve years. Sunbury, April 21, 1871.

NEW COAL YARD. THE undersigned having connected the Coal business with his extensive FLOUR & GRAIN trade, is prepared to supply families with the

VERY BEST OF COAL, CHEAP FOR CASH.
Egg, Stove and Nut, constantly on hand. Grain
taken in exchange for Coal.
J. M. CADWALLADER.

Sunbury, Jan. 15, 1870 .- tf.

### J. W. WASHINGTON'S GRAND BARBER SHOP.

The old permanent shop of the town. We decline the boast, but at the same sime

The old permanent shop of the town.

We decline the boast, but at the same time consider that the mighty truth maybe seasonably spoken without manifesting an uncomfortable amount of vanity and ambition.

Just twenty years ago I began my business career in this piace—half my lifetime thus far spent, have I stood upon the floor of our shop—day after day, and night after night, and applied the sharp blue gleaming steel, and within that clapse of time embraced by the mighty folds of that eventful period have I shaved nearly everybody in the country (in common parlance) and to oblige the public interest we herein publicly amounce to our patrons old and new that we are ready to shave them all again three hundred thousand times or more.

Come when you please, just in time is the maxim—we are always ready to work, forenoon or afternoon, to shave you, nair cut you, shampeo you, whisker dye you, or perfume, comb and arrange the hair with artistic skill, in the "water fait" or water raise atyle to suit the customer. We work to please, not please to work.

Stop, don't go past our shop to get shaved on the hasis of ability—breause we do it as well as it can be done or ever could be.

A chance is all that we demand
To give the proof we hold in hand.

# SUNBURY AMERIC



PRICE \$1 50 IN ADVANCE.

Good Stabling and attentive ostlers. Dec. 10, 1871.—Emo.

"UNION HOUSE,"

LYKENS, DAUPHIN COUNTY, PENN'A.,

BYERLY'S HOTEL,

Every attention paid to make guests comforta-

WASHINGTON HOUSE, C. NEFF,
Proprietor, Corner of Market & Second
Streets, opposite the Court House, Sunbury,
Pa. May28, '70.

HOTEL & RESTAURANT,
THOMASA. HALL, Proprietor,
Sunbury St., west SHAMOKIN, PENN'A.
Meals served at all hours, at short notice. The
best of Liquors at the Bar. The Table is supplied with the best and latest in the markets. Attentive servants. Terms moderate. Patranage

J. VALER'S

WINTER GARDEN AND HOTEL

Nos. 720, 722, 724 & 737 Vine St.,

PHILADELPHIA.

(ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN)

Centrally located, connecting with all the City Passenger Railway Cars, from all the

Depote in the City.

Excellent Accommodations for Tra-

vellers.

Grand Vocal and Instrumental Concerts every

evening in the Summer and Winter Garden.

Orchestrion Concert Every Afternoon.

FINE LADIES' RESTAURANT—THE BEST OF

LIQUOR STORES

CHRISTIAN NEFF.

stantly keep all kinds of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS,

PURE HOLLAND GIN!

Sunbury, July 3, 1869 .- 1y.

Wines: Champagne Wine, Sherry, Port and

Fire, Life and Accident

INSURANCE ACENCY

SHIPMAN & DERR,

MARKET STREET, SUNBURY, PA.

COMPANIES REPRESENTED.

N. American, Philadelphia, Assets, \$3,783,580

SUNBURY MARBLE YARD.

THE undersigned having bought the entire stock of Dissinger & Taylor, would inform the public that he is now ready to do all kinds of

Also, Cemetery Posts with Galvanized pipe and all other fencing generally used on Cameteries.—
John A. Taylor will continue in the employment, at the old stand on Market St., Sunbury. may2'68

BLACKSMITH WANTED.—A good Blacksmith or Carriagemith will find constant employment by applying at the Carriage Shop of A. BEASOLTS.

Busbury Des. 18, 1811.

MARBLE WORK. Has on hand, and make, to order at SHORT NOTICE.

Monuments & Head-Stones.

TYTOY STYLE. DOOR AND WINDOW SILLS

Enterprise, Manhattan, New York,

N. American

Yonkers & N. York "

Imperial, London, Lycoming, Muncy, Franklin Philadelphia, Home, New York, Hartford, Hartford,

Phonix, "Travelers, "Farmers Ins. Co., York,

N. British & Mercantile Nommerce, New York, Corwich, Norwich, New England Mutual Life,

Hanover, Imperial, London,

C NEFF.

5,501,000 9,825,731 4,516,368

1,351,007

THOMPSON DERR

REPRESUMENTS SERVED.
Office of J. Valer's Fountain Park Browery.

June 4, 1870.-1y.

Nov. 11, 1871.-1y.

BYERLY & BOWER, Proprietor.

Botels and Hestaurants.

SUNBURY, PA., SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 24, 1872.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL DR. JOHNSTON,

RISING SUN HOTEL. GRATZ, DAUPHIN COUNTY, PENN.,

Physician of this celebrated Institution, has discovered the most certain, speedy, pleasant and effectual remedy in the world for all DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.

Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of Kidneys and Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsy, Languot, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Paipitation of the Heart, Timidity, Tremblings, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—these terrible Disorders arising from the Solitary Habits of Youth—those secret and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes of anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible. HENRY KAUTERMAN, Proprietor. Travelers will find this a first class House. Charges moderate. The tables are supplied with the best in market. The choicest liquors at the A LLEGHENY HOUNE, A. BECK, Proprietor, Nos. 812 and 814 Market Street, above eighth, PHILADELPHIA. Terms, \$2 per day. He respectfully solicity your patron-age. Jane 72. LA PIERRE HOUSE, Broad and Chest-nut sts., Philadelphia, J. B. BUTTER-WORTH, Proprietor. Terms per day, \$3.50. April 15, 1871.--15

sible.

1 OUNG MEN

respecially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exaited talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of cloquence or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married Persons or Young Men contemplating marriage, aware of Physical Weakness, (Loss of Procreative Power-Impotency), Nervous Excitability, Palpitation, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, or any other Disqualification, speedily relieved.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentle-

ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility, a Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

Death.

A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.

Persons ruined in health by unlearned pretenders who keep them trifling month after month, taking poisonous and injurious compounds, should apply immediately.

DR. JOHNSTON,

DR. JOHNSTON,

DR. JOHNSTON,

DR. JOHNSTON,
Member of the Royal College of Surgeous, London, Graduated from one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose ife has been spent in the bospitals of London, Pris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and cars when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately. HUMMEL'S RESTAURANT,

LOUIS HUMMEL, Proprietor,

Commerce St., SHAMOKIN, PENN'A.

Having just refitted the above Saloon for the
accommodation of the public, is now prepared to
serve lifs friends with the best refreshments, and
fresh Lager Beer, Ale, Porter, and all other malt
outers.

REESE HOUSE, Third Street, at the depot, SUNBURY, PA., WM. REESE, proprietor. Warm meals served up at all bours. Fish, Fowls and Game. Fresh Oysters constantly on hand and served tu every style. The best of wines and liquors at the Bar.

Families will be supplied with oysters done up in any style, by leaving orders at the Bar.

[Nov.5, '70-1y. Dr. J. addresses all those who have injurred themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unditting them for either business, study, society or mar-

Tinge.
THESE are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs. Pains in the Back and Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Paipitation of the Heart, Dyspepsy, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumerical Act. WINTER GARDEN HOTEL,

> evils produced. Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health,

YOUNG MEN

Who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companious, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when salcep, and if not cured, renders marriage impos-

Second Street, opposite the Court House, SUN-BURY, PA.,
Respectfully invites the attention of Retailers and others, that he has on hand, and will con-Consisting of Pure Brandies: Cogniac, Cherry, Ginger, Rochelle and Otsrd. Whiskies: Pure Rye Copper-Distilled, Monon-gaheia, Apple and Nectar.

Claret.
Crab Cider, Champagne Cider, N. E. Rum,
Brown Stout and Scotch Ale.
STOMACH AND BAR BITTERS,

And all others Liquors which can be found in the city markets, which will be soid at Wholesale and Retail. Every article guaranteed as represented. Also, a large lot of DEMIJOHNS and BOTTLES, always on hand.

Orders promptly attended to, and public patronage respectfully solicited

him to "that Undiscovered Country from whence no traveller returus."

It is a melancholy fact that thousands DIE victims to this terrible disease, through falling into the hands of ignorant or unskillful PRE-TENDERS, who, by the use of that deadly Poisson, Mercury, &c., destroy the constitution, and incapable of curing, keep the unhappy sufferer month after month taking their noxious or injurious compounds, and instead of being restored to a renewal of Life Vigor and Happiness, in despair leave him with ruined Health to sigh over his galling disappointment.

To such, therefore, Dr. Jennsyon pledges himself to preserve the most Invisible Becreey, and from his extensive practice and observations in the great Hospitals of Europe, and the first in this country, viz: England, France, Philadelphia and elsewhere, is enabled to offer the most certain, speedy and effectual remedy in the world for all diseases of imprudence.

for all diseases of imprudence. DR. JOHNSTON,

OFFICE, NO. 7, S. FREDERICK STREET,

and number.

The No letters received unless postpaid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Persons writing should state age, and send a portion of advirtisement describing symptoms.

There are so many Paltry, Designing and Worthless Imposters advertising thomselves as Physicians, triding with and ruining the health of all who unfortunately fall into their power, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say especially to those unacquainted with his reputation that his Credentials or Diplomat always hang in his office.

ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.

ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS. The many thousands cured at this Establishment, year after year, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the representatives of the press and many other papers, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted. Shin diseases speedily cared.

February 15, 1871.—17.

BURY ME IN THE MORNING.

The following pathetic and musical verses

Douglas:

The table is supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling and attentive ostlers.

May 20, 1871. JOSIAH BYERLY, Proprietor, Lower Mahanoy township, Northumberfand county, Pa., on the road leading from Georgetown to Uniontown, Smith Inn. Trevorton Pottaville, &c.

The choicest Liquors and Segars at the bar. The tables are provided with the best of the season. Stabling large and well suited for drovers, with good ostlers.

may religiously confide in his honor as a gentle-man, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Phy-sician.

Impotency, Loss of Power, immediately Cured and full Vigor Restored.

This Distressing Affection—which renders Life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences. NATIONAL HOTEL. AUGUSTUS
WALD, Proprietor, Georgetown North's
County, Pa., at the Station of the N. C. R. W.
Choice wines and cigars at the bar.
The table is supplied with the best the market
affords. Good stabling and attentive ostlers.

mmediately.
TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

MENTALLY—The fearful effects on the mind

fusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Egii-Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-District, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the

judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming, weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

sible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature and indulging is a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating MARRIAGE, reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connectal happiness. Indeed without those, the journey through his becomes a warry night indicates, the prospect

life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melan-choly reflection, that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

CERTAIN DISEASE.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of

pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as nicerated sore throat, diseased nose, noctural pains in the head and limbs, diunces of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arma, biotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death patts a period to his dreadful auffering, by sending him to "that Undiscovered Country from whence no traveller returns."

It is a melancholy fact that thousands DIE

BALTIMORE, M. D.
Left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few
doors from the corner. Fail not to observe name

# Select Poetry.

are said to have been written by Stephen A.

Bury me in the morning, mother—
O let me have the light
Of one bright day on my grave, mother,
Ere you leave me alone with night.
Alone in the night of the grave, mother,
'Tis a thought of terrible fear—
And you will be here alone, mother,
And stars will be shining here;
Be here me in the morning mother.

So bury me in the morning mother,

And let me have the light

Of one bright day on my grave, mother,

Ere I'm alone with the night.

You tell of the Saviour's love, mother, I feel it is in my heart— But, oh! from this beautiful world, mother 'Tis hard for the young to part;

The hard for the young to part;
For even to part when here, mother,
The soul is fain to stay;
For the grave is deep and dark, mother,
And heaven seems far away.
Then bury me in the morning, mother,
And let me have the light
Of one height day on my grave mother.

Of one bright day on my grave mother, Ere Pm alone with the night.

# Gales & Shetches.

# CURIOSITIES OF MATRIMONY.

From the Chambers' Journal we take the following: In 1725, a woman petitioned King George I, praying she might win pardon for a malefactor by wedding him under Tyburn Tree. The belief that a condemned felon could be thus rescued from the hands of the executioner, is placed by Barrington in the category of legal vul-gar errors. It is one, of course; but such a singular idea could hardly, one would think, have taken possession of the popular mind unless there had been some founda-tion for it. Supposing such a custom ever prevailed anywhere, it is difficult to decide if it were complimentary or uncomplimen-tary to the saving sex. Women might indeed claim it is an acknowledgment that love is lord of all, when the professed love of a woman was held powerful enough to over-ride the decree of justice; while, on the other hand, it may be argued that the criminal had only a choice of equal punish-

If Manningham, himself a lawyer, gives a true version of the condition, the latter view is the correct one, for marriage in such a case might well prove worse than hanging. He says: "It is the custom, not the law, in France and Italy, that if any professed strumpet will beg for a husband a man who is going to execution, he shall be reprieved, and she may obtain a pardon and marry him; that both their ill-lives may be bettered by so holy an action. Hence grew a jest, when a scoffing gentlewoman told a gentleman she heard that he was in some danger of being haug-ed for some villainy, he answered: "Truly, madam, I was afraid of nothing so much as you would have begged me!" In Eug-land it has been used, that if a woman will that he was in some danger of being hanged for some villainy, he answered: 'Truly, madam, I was afraid of nothing so much as you would have begged me!' In England it has been used, that if a woman will beg a condemned person for her husband, she must come in her smock only, and a white wand in her mand, as Sterill said he ment to the Virginia lass, who, finding her who was a fixed by the duke to-day, I fancy I ments? A few buriesque songs are all we can show, and we are forced to the confession that we have no national music. What stirring words the only exception. What stirring words the only exception what stirring words the only exception. What stirring words the only exception. What stirring words the only exception. What stirring words the only exception where the only exception w

ting forth a merchant of Chichester killed German at Emden town, and how, after he had made his last dying speech on the scaffold, no less than ten goodly maidens

begged for his hand and life. "This is our law," quoth they We may your death remove, If you, in lieu of our good will. Will grant to us your love."

None of the compassionate virgins, however, were goodly enough for his taste, and he quietly asked the executioner to do his office, then another damsel intervened, and by force of her charms or her eloquence persuaded the merchant to accept her kind offer : so

Hand be hand they went Up to the church that day; And they were married presently In sumptuous rich array. Less impressionable was the fellow whose obdurate ungallantry is commemorated in

the lines-"Come, marry a wife, and save your life ! The judge aloud did cry. "Oh, why should I corrupt my life !"

The victim did reply.
"For here's a crowd of every sort,
And why should I prevent their sport I The bargain's bad in every part ; The wife is worst—drive on the eart."

Montaigne tells a similar story of a Picardian, who, seeing a lame damsel advancing to claim him for her own, cried out: "She limps, she limps; dispatch me quickly!" The famous border thief, Scott of Harden, had the like alternative, rope or ring, given him. He had driven the cattle of Murray of Elbank; but the latter managed in turn to drive Scott, his followers and the stolen beasts back to Elbank Cas-Upon telling his wife he should hang the thief, now he had caught him, she sug gested it were a pity to hang such a win some fellow when they had three such sorry girls pining in single blessedness at home. Taking the shrewd hint of his bet-terhalf. Murray sent for the ugliest of his daughters, and presented Meg-o-mouth Murray, as she was called, to his astonished prisoner, gave him his choice, either to make Meg his wife or dangle from a tree. The cattle raider flatly refused to take the lady until he felt the rope tightening round his neck, then he gave in; returning to Harden a married and a sadder man, to repent at leisure the unlucky raid that had

brought him to such a pass. If the belief in gallows' matches was a strange one, it was no stronger than the notion, that if a bride lacked modesty as well as money, she could throw off dress, and by going to church in but one garment, make her creditors shift for their lues; as though a law were a lion, losing all fierceness before an unclad Una. A beauty was anadorned once skipped across Ludgate Hill to change her name by the aid of a Fleet parson. On the 17th of Oc-tober, 1714, John Bridmore and Anne Sell-wood, of Chiltern, All Saints, Wiltshire, were made one; and against the record in the parish register was written: "The aforesaid Annie Sellwood was married in her shift, without any clothes or head gest on." Some ten years later a similar per-formance took place at Ulcombe, Kent. Kalm, in his "Travels in North America" (1747) relates that a poor widow whose husband had left her nothing but debts. upon marrying a second time went to church in her chemise, thereby relieving berself and her partner from all liabilities and in recording the fact, Kalm remarks that such things often took place. In 1766 a Whitehaven bride sought to attain the same end by going to church as became a

undermost garment for the ceremony, and putting on her clothes again as soon as the knot was tied; and somewhere between the years 1838 and 1844 a Lincolnshire cuthe years 1838 and 1844 a Lincolnshire curate officiated at a wedding where the heroine of the occasion stood before him enveloped in a sheet. Such attempts to evade the law of debtor and creditor evinced a laudable desire on the part of the bold brides to spare the pockets of men of their choice, which is more than can be said of The men with depth of soul, and earnestthe means adopted not long ago by a Staffordshire woman to evade paying certain moneys she had received on behalf of the turnpike trustees. She had been sued by the county court and ordered to pay the money, and appearing in answer to a summer who are working for education. mons for contempt, cooly produced her marriage certificate and pleaded that her husband was now liable for the debt. She had married a traveling tinker the day after judgment was given against her, and where he was to be found she neither knew

nor cared. Some persons about to marry have shown such supreme indifference that one wonders how they ever compassed the preliminary courtship. A couple appeared at a par-sonage in Ottawa, and expressed their de-sire to be united; but just as the clergyman was about to commence the proceedings the lady discovered she was minus one of her gloves and requested the gentleman to go and get her a pair, and to be quick about it, or she might change her mind! He obeyed. Clergyman, witnesses and bride waited and waited, but neither gloves nor groom came to hand, until things looked so serious that the good parson himself started off in search of the dilatory bridegroom. After a long hunt, he was discovered comfortably seated in the verandah of a hotel, with his feet on the back of a chair, quietly enjoying his cigar. Upon the clergyman demanding an explanation of his behavior, the nonchalant gentleman

that take-it-easy school to which the late Duke of Sutherland belonged, if Mr. Grant's story of this nobleman be true. Just two every variety of feeling, sad or gay, warlike hours before the time fixed for his marriage or peaceful. Expression can be given to with one of the most beautiful women in England, a friend came upon him in St. James' Park, leaning carelessly over the railing at the edge of the water, throwing crumbs to the water fowl, "What! you the ancients. Such power can only be as-cribed to the fact that their music was here to-day! I thought you were going to exceedingly natural. Music exercises powbe married this morning?" "Yes," replied the duke, without moving an inch or simplest melody govern with proper expression, will touch the heart sooner than the am." The same writer tells a story of a most elaborate compositions. Nothing can living nobleman too much the same tune. This easy going personage left his father to choose a bride for him, and made all the necessary arrangements; but concerned himself so little about the matter that he had arranged to meet a friend in Long Acre on the very morning appointed for the marriage, which fact he announced in the following words: "It will not be neces-sary to meet me to-morrow to go to Long

had seen."

Among the ballads preserved in the Roxburghe collection is one dating from the carly part of the seventeenth century, setting forth a merchant of Chicago and the seventeenth century, setting forth a merchant of Chicago and the world and they would not marry them twenty-seven cents worth, and they would not present the seventeenth century, setting forth a merchant of Chicago and the world and they would not marry them twenty-seven cents worth.

some other time. When Jacob Sprier and Deborah Learning, of Philadelphia, both of whom had experienced the joys of matrimony before, resolved upon making a second experiment jointly, mindful of the source of conjugal jars in such cases, they drew up an agreement of twenty-two clauses, the last of which at any rate was a sensible one: "That the said Jacob Sprier shall not upbraid the said Deborah Learning with the extraordinary industry and good economy of his deceased wife; neither shall anything of this nature be observed by either of the other of us with any view to offend and irritate the party to whom observed; a thing too frequently practised in a se-cond marriage, and very fatal to the repose of the parties."

# Mecture.

# LEGI the AMERICAN.

GEN. CLEMENT'S LECTURE. NORTHUMBERLAND Feb. 12th, 1872. The third lecture of our five course was delivered on Tuesday evening, Feb. 6th, at the old school Church Hall, by Gen. J. K Clement of Sunbury. The subject announced was, Music as a necessary branch of popular education. Among other things he said in substance.

"It has been said, that "men of action govern the world." This is a mistake, men of thought govern the world. The men of action are only the agents of men of thought, and serve but to carry out their plans. It is the silent contemplators who

rule over the fate of men.

There is no greater proof of genius, than were chiefly engaged in catching war engles to make head dresses. They have a wooden lodge built in their camp where the desire to elevate mankind. It is all a dream that knowledge, without virtue, can accomplish any good. Let us recognize that there is a moral utility in things.

is performed. No woman is allowed to enter the lodge. They can come to the door and hand in provisions, but must not cross the threshold. You are not allowed We sometimes hear it proclaimed, by intelligent persons, that there is no need for education, that mankind are just as well off without it. What a melancholy thing it is, to hear such sentiments express ed by men who have had opportunities for earning better.

It is the truly educated men who make life bright and beautiful, shedding around them and ever widening influence of joy, affection and freedom. The little subteranian rili flows onward unseen, unheard, yet it refreshes the surrounding fields, and clothes them, in times of drought, with beautiful verdure.

The rill at first is tiny and weak, but

gathering strength as it progresses, it be-comes at length an impetuous brook, sweep-ing on with headlong fury, to swell at last into a calm and powerful river. So strength of purpose will carry the human mind onward, overcoming all obstacles, to achievements of grandieur and power.

A man should go to school to his own mind. He can find no better teacher. It is the men of action who make the noise, and amass the weather of the world but it is the poets, philosophers and artists, those who have stirred the immost soul of

humanity with their exquisite harmony or

loquent words, whose memories live in the hearts of the people.

There are over practical men in the world, who cannot respond to the finer feelings of the buman heart, on whom the influences of beauty and harmony are lost. Like him of whom Wordaworth sings.

"A primrose by the river's brim, A yellow primrose was to him, And it was nothing more." Is it possible to dwell happily with such

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The idea of making education compulsory

The preparation of man for his social

duties, requires that his education should be three fold. It should comprise the eni-

tivation of the intellect, the conscience and

the affections. It is no less neccessary to cultivate a taste for the fine arts, than for

harmony. The birds make music on every suray, and it floats in every breath of air.

To be happy we need only to be natural,

to open our soul to all joyous influences.

Of all the arts, music was probably the first

to spring forth. In all nations, it has been

without music. With its aid we can express

As we look back through history we

discover the wonderful effect of music on

be more disagreeable than to hear a fine

piece of music played without any regard

there we find music. In music are embodied the thoughts of all ages. Almost every

country has its national songs, in which

the spirit of the people breaths itself forth

benefactors. Give us such songs

nize the necessity for recreation and en-

M scellancons.

How the Indians Catch Eagles.

The son of a physician of Dubuque, who s now stationed at Fort Buford, Dacotah

Territory, has written a long letter to his

father giving some interesting items with

regard to Indians. An extract is append-

The camp of Indians which we visited

the medicine ceremony necessary to catch

to spit on the floor, and must sit in a cor-tain portion of the lodge. You must enter and pass out at the north door. Wash

and I were let in to see the ceremonies.

When a man goes to trap the eagle, he first goes to the medicine lodge, and is not

allowed to go to sleep until midnight; he then eats a little and sleeps until the morning star rises. He with his comrades, then

go out to the traps without food or drink,

and sit all day in the traps watching for

the eagles. At night they return and en-ter the medicine lodge, and at midnight

only do they eat and drink, and break their

long fast of twenty-four hours' duration. They then are allowed to sleep until dawn.

when they go out again, and stay four days during which time they eat and drink four

times and have never entered their own

lodges or spoken to their friends, unless

such as may be trapping with them. After

the four days are up, they go back to their own lodges, lean, tired and sleepy, and sleep and eat and hunt deer until they feel

able to try another four days' trapping ex-cursion. The eagles are brought alive into

the camp, and, after some ceremony the tails are pulled out and they are let go to

grow another tail for next year. The trap

consists of a hole in the ground covered with atticks and grass. A dead rabbit, fox or prairie chicken is tied to the top; the eagle

Wherever we see the effects of civilization,

to expression.

of study.

and

grandest feelings of man.

the wild war-whoop of the Indian.

tongue is song.

the practical duties of life.

ADVERTISING SCHEDULE

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Five "	2.75	5.00	6.50	7.00	12.00 17.00 25.00
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Six "	5.00	9.00	11.00	12.00	28.00 35,00 50.00
Nine "	6.00				35.00 45.00 75.00
One Year					to pouro co esta

who had caught six eagles in one day in

A free government, in order to live, must be not only a truly free government, but also a government of law, founded on jus-tice, reason and the best instincts of the this way.

They say if they do not fast and do their medicine properly, the eagle will get one of his claws loose and tear their hands. Some have had their hands ruined forever in this have had their hands ruined forever in this way. If a man does not catch an eagle during the day he is obliged to moan and cry all night; we could hardly sleep with the noise made at night by the unsuccessful hunters.

> A SIMPLE REMEDY FOR DANDRUFF.-The following, from an article in the Ameri-can Journal of Pharmacy, written by Jno. L. Davis, is of interest to those who are

The idea of making education compulsory is the growth of the present age, and the beginning of a better dispensation.

The great object to be gained by education, is to increase the means of happiness. Youth is a season of hope and promise, and while the opening mind is susceptible to all surrounding influences, a playful activity is needed to keep the mind from becoming gloomy.

L. Davis, is of interest to those who are troubled with dandruff in the hair:

"There are doubtless few persons, capecially among gentlemen, who do not suffer from the inconvenience of dandruff. Physicians seem to consider it not of sufficient importance to engage their attention, and the poor victims are left either to practice their virtue of endurance, or for a cure, to try some of the many nostrums advertised in the public prints.

gloomy.

The instant joy finds tongue, it becomes vocal, and breathes itself forth in music. The first articulate sound of the infant tised in the public prints.

The intolerable itching which frequently accompanies the troublesome complaint is not the only unpleasant feature, as to per-

sons of any pretentions to neatness the appearance of the white scales on the coat collar and shoulders is very objectionable.

The writer, during a number of years, tried the different alcholic solutions of castor oil and many other preparations without permanent benefit, and as a last resort, was led to adopt the plan of alcasting the was led to adopt the plan of cleansing the Music is the eldest sister of the arts, and wields a power more potent than all of them. Every sound of nature is exquisite of some months the hair became sensibly of some months the hair became sensibly thinner, and perhaps would have soon dis-appeared altogether. The belief that dandruff arises from a disease of the skin, although physicians do not seem to agree on this point, and the knowledge that the use said, with all his coolness imaginable, that to spring forth. In all nations, it has been the was waiting to see if she was going to change her mind.

This indifferent individual was one of felt its power.

The spring forth. In all nations, it has been an object of universal interest. All the races of men have enjoyed its sweetness and felt its power.

The spring forth. In all nations, it has been an object of universal interest. All the races of men have enjoyed its sweetness and felt its power. felt its power.

It is impossible to express our feelings quart of water was made. The clear liquid was poured off, after the mixture had been repeatedly agitated during intervals of a

few hours, and the head was saturated with this every morning. In a few weeks every trace of dandruff had disappeared, the hair became soft and glossy, and now, after a discontinuance of the treatment for eighteen months, there is no indication of the return of the disease. I do not pretend to explain the modus oper-andi of the treatment, for it is well known that sublimated sulphur is almost or wholly insoluble, and the liquid used was destitute of taste, color or smeil. The effect speaks for itself. Other persons to whom it has been recommended have had the same results, and I communicate the result of my experiments in the belief that it may be valuable and acceptable to many who have

suffered in the same manner as myself."

in soul stirring sounds. America is almost the only exception. What stirring words WHEN DO MEN DIE .- Medical experience proves that, in chronic diseases, the greater number of deaths occur just before down. This is eminently true of brain diseases, and of all these related cases where death results from an exhaustion of the vital power, through overwork, excessive excitement, or nervous prostration. It is at the hour of five o'clock in the morning that the life-force is at its lowest ebb, and succumbs most readily to the assault of epilepsy, or paralysis, or of the fatal leth-argy that comes in those vividly beautiful icture dreams, for which medical science in song, he would be one of our greatest as as yet found no name, and of which it has taken no sufficient cognizance. Nine-tenths of those who die in this way expire would for the first time, feel the influence of a grander national unity, drawing us in their sleep. In many such cases, if a friend were at hand to waken the sleeper more firmly together. We are, as a people too practical. We do not sufficiently recogwhen the attack comes on, or if he were to be awakened by some accidental noise, he joyment. The students in our schools, formight, by the use of a few simple precauget the social pleasures of life in their applitions, prolong his life for many years, for cation to books. No wonder that they die the shock which proves fatal to the man wrapped in deep steep, when the system is passive and relaxed, would be victoriously The German people are inspired with a universal love of music. It is heard on every street corner and on all occasions. It repelled were it armed with all its waking energies. Men who do brain work, and extends from one end of Germany to the who are on the shady side of forty, should other, and unites the people in one com-mon love for the "Fatherland." be on their guard against this insidious enemy. They should beware of 5 o'clock A. M., for it is a perilous hour. Do you find yourself unable to steep when you re-At the rise of Christianity, the music which sprang from the ancient Grecian civilization, was succeeded by sacred mu-sic of the middle ages was suited to the extire for the night, exhausted with your day's work? Do you, in vain, turn from one side to the other? Does your brain pression of the ideas of the masses at that persist in working when you would fain have it rest? Do old saws and scraps of Then it was liked with superstition. Now, it expresses the purest instincts and rhyme repeat themselves in your memory with wearisome iteration, defying your utmost efforts to silence them? Then, beware! You will be sure to sleep at last. It is only a question of time ; for, soon or eate, nature will assert her rights.

> HOMELY GIRLS.-How did that homely woman contrive to get married? Is not unfrequently remarked of some good domestic creature whom her husband regards as the apple of his eyes, and in whose plain face he sees some thing better than beauty. Pretty girl who are vain of their charms are rather prone to make observations of this kind; and concious of the fact that flowers of loveliness are often left to pine on the stem while weeds of homeliness go off readily, is no doubt in many cases the bottom of the sneering questions. The truth is, that most men prefer homeliness and amiability to beauty and caprice. Handsome women are sometimes very hard to please—They are apt to overvalue themselves, and in waiting for immense bid oc-casionally over step the market. Their plain sisters on the contrary, aware of their personal deficiencies generally lay them-selves out to produce an agreeable impression, and in most instances succeed. They don't aspire to capture paragons with princely fortunes, but are willing to take anything respectable.

HOW COAL WAS DISCOVERED. - It hanced one day that in constructing a limekiln, Col. Geo. Shoemaker, who lived on the Schuylkill river, used some of the black stones that were lying about the place. "Mine Gott ! mine Got ! der stones pe all on fire!" exclaimed the astonished Dutchman, when the rich glow of the ignited anthracite met his gaze. The neighbors, who, of course, were few and far between, were, after much ado, assembled to witness the marvel. This happened in 1812. Shortly after mine host loaded a Pennsylvania team with the black stones and journeyed slowly to Philadelphia, a distance of ninety-three miles. There unprairie chicken is tied to the top; the eagle swoops down and fastens his claws into it and tries to fly away with it, but the Indian (who is concealed in the hole) puts out his hand and catches the eagle by both legs, hauls him into the hole and ties him. He then fixes the top of the trap and watts forseen difficulties were presented. The dian (who is concealed in the hole) puts out his hand and catches the eagle by both legs, hauls him into the hole and ties him. He then fixes the top of the trap and waits for another eagle. We saw one man there