

THE SUNBURY AMERICAN
PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT
WILLIAMS, Proprietor,
MORRIS BUILDING, MARKET SQUARE,
at 10.00 in Advance.
It not paid within 60 days \$2.
Subscriptions taken for less than six months.

Professional.
S. B. BOYER, Attorney at Law,
No. 2 and 3, Second Floor, High's Building,
in the heart of Northumberland and adjoining
counties. Claims promptly collected. Consulta-
tion can be had in German language.
March 25th, 1871-ly.

JEREMIAH SNYDER, Attorney at Law,
Sunbury, Pa. All professional busi-
ness entrusted to his care will receive prompt at-
tention in this and adjoining counties. Can be
consulted both in English and German. Also,
District Attorney of Northumberland county.
Aug. 30, 1870-ly.

J. G. MARBLE & CO., Market Street,
SUNBURY, PA.
Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils,
Vaseline, Vanishing Cream, Perfumery, Cigars,
Focket Books, Dolls, etc.
S. P. WOLVERTON, Attorney at Law,
Market Square, SUNBURY, PA. Professional
business in this and adjoining counties prompt-
ly attended to.

D. R. R. SAVIDGE, respectfully an-
nounces himself as Physician and Surgeon to
the citizens of Sunbury, and vicinity, who pro-
fessed himself permanently on Market street, near
by opposite the Fairmount Hotel, where he can
be consulted at all hours when not professionally
engaged. April 2-ly.

G. W. ZIEGLER, Attorney at Law, north
side of Public Square, one door east of
the old Bank building, SUNBURY, PA.—Collects
and all professional business promptly at-
tended to in the courts of Northumberland and
adjoining counties. Sept 15-66

A. N. BRICE, Attorney at Law, Sunbury,
Pa. Office in the building formerly occupied by G.
W. Haupt, Esq. Collections of claims, writings,
and all kinds of legal business attended to care-
fully and with dispatch. April 2, 70-ly.

C. A. REIMENNYER, Attorney at Law,
Sunbury, Pa.—All business en-
trusted to his care attended to promptly and with
thoroughness. April 27-70.

J. N. KAY CLEMENT, Attorney at Law,
Sunbury, Pa. Office in the building formerly
occupied by J. N. Kay Clement, Esq. Collections of
claims, writings, and all kinds of legal business
attended to with dispatch. April 2, 70-ly.

**B. BRUNER & KANE, Attorneys and Coun-
sellors at Law,** SUNBURY, PA. Office on
Chestnut street, west of the N. C. and P. E.
Railroad Depot, in the building lately occupied by
P. Lazarus, Esq. Collections of claims, writings,
and all kinds of legal business attended to with
promptness and dispatch. April 2, 70-ly.

H. B. MASNER, Attorney at Law, SUN-
BURY, PA.—Collections attended to in the
courts of Northumberland, Union, Snyder,
Montgomery, Columbia and Lycoming. April 2,
1871-ly.

R. ACKERLY & ROHRBAUGH,
Attorneys at Law, SUNBURY, PA.—Of-
fice in Haupt's new building, second floor. En-
trance on Market Square. Jan 1-71.

**J. VALER'S
WINTER GARDEN AND HOTEL**
No. 738, 737 & 737 1/2
PHILADELPHIA.

WINTER GARDEN HOTEL,
(ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN)
Centrally located, connecting with all the City
Passenger Railway Cars, from all the
Depots in the City.

**Excellent Accommodations for Trav-
ellers.**
Grand Vocal and Instrumental Concertatory
evening in the Summer and
Winter Garden.

**Liquor Store!
CHRISTIAN NEFF,**
Second Street, opposite the Court House, SUN-
BURY, PA.

**HARDWARE STORE.
J. H. CONLEY & CO.**
MARKET STREET, SUNBURY, PA.

**FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY
Ladies Hats and Hosiery.**
Fashionable Millinery Goods, generally,
have just been opened at

MISS L. WEISER'S STORE,
Market Street, one door west of Geary's con-
fectionary store,
SUNBURY, PA.

**DRESS MAKING AND FITTING,
CUTTING OF PATTERNS**
The latest styles of Dress Trimmings, French
and American Flowers, Lace, Ribbons, Silk
Buttons, Chignons, Collars, Gowns, Ladies' Gowns,
and all large variety of other articles. Made to
order.

Black & Decker's celebrated
cutting machines, and other
implements of the
mechanical arts, for sale at
No. 101 N. 2nd St. Phila.
Pa.

SUNBURY AMERICAN

SUNBURY, PA. SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 8, 1871.

Hotels and Restaurants.
UNION HOTEL, THOS. FOULDS, Sr.,
Proprietor, Shamokin Street, Trevorton,
Northumberland county, Pa. The table is
supplied with the best market afford-
ing. Cleanliness and attentive osten-
sion. Jan 31, '71

**HOOPER HOUSE, Third Street, at the
depot, SUNBURY, PA.** Wm. Hooper, Proprietor.
Warm meals served at all hours.
Fish, Fowls and Game. Fresh Oysters con-
stantly on hand and served in every style. The
best of wines and liquors at the bar.
Particulars will be applied with oysters
done up in any style, by leaving orders at the
bar. Nov 5, 70-ly.

**RESTAURANT & EATING HOUSE,
CHARLES ITZEL, Proprietor.**
Chestnut Street, a few doors from the Depot.
SUNBURY, PA.

**NATIONAL LAGER BEER SALOON,
ON THIRD STREET, NEAR THE DEPOT,
SUNBURY, PA.**

**NATIONAL HOTEL, AUGUSTUS
WALD, Proprietor, Georgetown North
County, Pa., at the Station of the N. C. & P. E.
Railroad, at the depot, SUNBURY, PA.**

**ALLEGHENY HOUSE, COL. CHAS.
KLECKNER, Proprietor, Nos. 212 and 214
Market Street, above eighth, PHILADELPHIA.
Terms, \$2 per day. He respectfully solicits your
patronage.**

**WASHINGTON HOUSE, G. NEFF,
Proprietor, Corner of Market & Second
Streets, opposite the Court House, Sunbury,
Pa. May 25, '70.**

**HOTEL & RESTAURANT,
THOMAS A. HALL, Proprietor,
Sunbury, Sr., west SHAMOKIN, PENN'A.**
Best location at the depot. The table is
supplied with the best and latest in the market.
Attentive servants. Terms moderate. Patronage
solicited.

**HUMMEL'S RESTAURANT,
LOUIS HUMMEL, Proprietor,
Corner S. SHAMOKIN, PENN'A.**
Having just opened the above Saloon for the
accommodation of the public, is now prepared to
serve fine meals with the best refreshments, and
fresh Lager Beer, Ale, Porter, and all other main-
tenance.

**LAKAWANNA VALLEY HOUSE,
L. B. BURNHAM, Proprietor, Corner Lakawa-
nanne and Franklin Avenues, Scranton, Pa., op-
posite the Depot. Terms moderate. Patronage
solicited. Free carriage to convey guests to and from
Depot. Mar. 20, '70-ly.**

**WINTER GARDEN HOTEL,
(ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN)
Centrally located, connecting with all the City
Passenger Railway Cars, from all the
Depots in the City.**

**Excellent Accommodations for Trav-
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Grand Vocal and Instrumental Concertatory
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Black & Decker's celebrated
cutting machines, and other
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mechanical arts, for sale at
No. 101 N. 2nd St. Phila.
Pa.

**BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL.
DR. JOHNSTON,**
Physician of this celebrated Institution, has
discovered the most certain, speedy, pleasant and
effective remedy in the world for all
DISEASES OF IMPROPER
FUNCTIONS OF THE URINARY ORGANS,
Weakness of the Kidneys and Bladder, Stricture,
Affectations of Kidneys and Bladder, Involuntary
Discharges, Impotency, General Debility,
Nervousness, Dyspepsy, Langour, Low
Sprits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the
Heart, Trembling, Dimness of
Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head,
Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of Lungs, Stomach
or Bowels—these terrible Disorders arising from
the Solitary Habits of Youth—those secret and
solitary practices more fatal to their victims than
the same of Syphilis to the Mariners of
Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes
of anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impos-
sible.

**ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
Impotency, Loss of Power, Immediately Cured**
And Full Restored, on the most reliable plan.
This Distressing Affection—which renders Life
miserable and Marriage impossible—is the penalty
paid by the victims of improper indulgences.
Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from
not being aware of the dreadful consequences that
may ensue. Now, who that understands
the subject will yield to despair, and give up
valuable powers of nature, when it is possible
to recover, and to live in the enjoyment of
procreation, lost power by those falling into
improper habits than by the prudent! Besides
being deprived the pleasure of healthy offspring,
the most serious and distressing consequences to
both body and mind arise. The system becomes
degraded, the Physical and Mental Functions
weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous
Debility, Dyspepsy, Palpitation of the Heart,
Indigestion, Constitutional Debility, a Wasting
of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and
Death.

CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.
Persons ruined in health by unshowered
pleasures who keep them trifling until after months,
making poisonous and injurious compounds,
should apply immediately.

DR. JOHNSTON,
Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Lon-
don, graduated from one of the most eminent
Colleges in the United States, and the greater
part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals
of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere,
has effected cures of the most singular kind,
that were ever known; many troubled with
ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great
nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds,
suffering with frequent singings, and
sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured
immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.
Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured
themselves by improper indulgence and unshowered
pleasures, which ruin both body and mind, without
realizing their danger, and who are anxious for
either business, study, society or mar-
riage.

**These are some of the sad and melancholy
effects produced by early habits of youth; viz:
Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pain in the
Back and Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscu-
lar Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsy,
Nervous Irritability, Derangement of Digestive
Functions, General Debility, Eruptions of Con-
sumption, &c.**

**MENTALLY—The fearful effects on the mind
too much to be detailed, such as—Excessive
Fusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil-
Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Decep-
tion, Loss of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of
the consequences.**

**THOUSANDS of persons of all ages can now
judge what is the cause of their declining health,
losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous
and emaciated, having frequent singings about
the eyes, cough and symptoms of consump-
tion.**

YOUNG MEN
Who have injured themselves by a certain
practice indulged in when alone, a habit frequently
learned from evil companions, or at school, the
consequences of which are, general debility, loss
of sleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impos-
sible, and destroys both mind and body, should
apply immediately.

**What a pity that a young man, the hope of his
country, the darling of his parents, should be
snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of
life, by the consequence of deviating from the
true path of nature and industry to a secret
habit. Such persons strive, before contemplating
reflex that a sound mind and body are the most
necessary requisites to a happy and successful
future. Indeed without these, the journey through
life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect
before darkens to the gloom of despair; the mind
becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melan-
choly reflection, that the happiness of another
becomes blighted with sorrow.**

**When the misguided and imprudent votary of
pleasure finds that he has sullied the seeds of
this painful disease, it too often happens that an
illustrious and successful career is cut off at its
birth, and the youth is left a wretched, helpless
victim from applying to those who, from
education and respectability, can alone benefit
him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of
this mortal disease make their appearance, such
as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, neuralgia
pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight,
deafness, vertigo, on the thin bones and arms,
blotches on the face and eruptions, all increas-
ing with frightful rapidity, till at last the
pulse of the month or the bones of the nose fall
in and the victim dies, a prey to the great
horrid object of commiseration, till death parts
a period to his dreadful suffering, by sending
him to that Undiscovered Country from whence
no traveler returns.**

**It is a melancholy fact that thousands die
victims to this terrible disease, through falling
into the hands of ignorant or unskillful PRE-
SCRIBERS, who by the use of that Ready-Pain-
Mercury, &c., destroy the constitution, and
incurable of curing, keep the unhappy sufferer
month after month taking their noxious or in-
jurious compounds, and their appearance, such
as a renewal of Life Vigor and Happiness, in de-
spite of their own efforts to conquer it, and
to keep their health.**

**To such persons, Dr. Johnston pledges him-
self to preserve the most valuable Secret, and
by his extensive practice and observations in the
great Hospitals of Europe, and the courts of law
in this country, viz England, France, Philadelphia
and elsewhere, is enabled to offer the most cer-
tain, speedy and effectual remedy in the world
for all diseases of the URINARY ORGANS.**

**DR. JOHNSTON,
OFFICE, NO. 7, FREDERICK STREET,
BALTIMORE, M. D.**
Left hand side going from Baltimore, a few
doors from the depot. Fall not to observe name
and number.

**Do not take any medicine, except what is
prescribed by Dr. Johnston, for you do not know
how to take it, and you do not know how to
write a receipt for it, and you do not know
how to take it, and you do not know how to
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Select Poetry.
ALICE CARY'S SWEETEST POEM.
[No apology is needed at this time for repro-
ducing the following exquisite lines by the im-
mortal Alice Cary—lines which in the judgment
of so competent a critic as Edgar A. Poe,
deserve to rank among the very finest contribu-
tions to the poetic literature of the country.]

Of all the beautiful pictures
That hang on Memory's wall,
Is one of a dim old forest,
That seemeth best of all;
Not for its garbed oaks alone,
Nor for its mistletoe and holly,
Nor for its milk-white lilies,
That lean from the fragrant hedge,
Coquetting all day with the sunbeams,
And stealing their gossamer wings,
Not for the vines on the upland,
Where the bright red berries rest,
Nor the pink, nor the pale, sweet cowslip,
That scents its way to the best.

There had a little brother
With eyes that were dark and deep—
He felt in peace alone;
Light as the dove of the thicket,
And one of the beautiful Summers,
The Summers of long ago;
But his feet on the hills grew weary,
And his hands on the rocks grew sore,
I made for my little brother
A bed of yellow leaves.

Sweetly his pale arms folded
As the light of immortal beauty
And while the arrow of sunset
Lodged in the tree-top's bright,
He felt in his heart a beauty,
Which no mortal could ever see,
Therefore, of all the pictures
That hang on Memory's wall,
Is one of a dim old forest,
That scents its way to the best.

Gales & Sketches.

**BLACKBEARD,
The Pirate of the Chesapeake.**

This old sea-robber was an Englishman,
whose real name was Edward Teach. The
soubriquet Blackbeard was given him in
consequence of his personal appearance.

A long, black and flowing beard, which,
covering his face from his eyes, reached to his
waistband. In his hirsute appendage, to-
gether with the hair of his head, which was
permitted to grow uncut, the pirate great-
ly prided himself; and this added to eyes
black as night, and of a peculiarly sinister
expression, gave him an exceedingly savage
appearance.

This frightful expression he
was said to increase in times of action,
and among his acquaintances, he was
so that, at those times, he must indeed
have looked the heartless fiend he really
was.

Many vessels of all nations became his
prey; and their crews were most inhuman-
ly murdered. His favorite mode was to tie
his prisoners to the masts by the neck, and
dispatch them separately with his own
pistol, that he might, as he said, improve
in his pistol practice.

Emboldened by a long course of success,
this terrible cut-throat infested all the At-
lantic coast, particularly the shores of the
Chesapeake Bay, to such an extent, that
fishing boats could not pursue their
occupation unmolested. In short, nothing
was safe along those shores, not even the
dwellings and poultry yards of the planters
in the vicinity of the sea.

To slightly allude to the extent of the
ravages he carried, that, in the summer of
1718, Governor Spotswood of Virginia,
made a proclamation, offering a reward of
five hundred dollars for the head of the no-
torious Blackbeard; and for every other
commander of a pirate ship, two hundred
dollars. This plan, however, was of no
service to one hundred dollars; and fifty dol-
lars for every private sailor who might be
taken, dead or alive.

Soon after the publication of these re-
wards, one Lieutenant Maynard sailed
from James River in search of the robbers;
and on the evening of the 31st of June, he
came in sight of Blackbeard's vessel, lying
quietly at anchor in the mouth of Ocracoke
Inlet, on the coast of North Carolina.

Maynard was the very man for this im-
portant expedition, as was proven by his
previous, yet heroic conduct, and the suc-
cess he met with in the first place, he
prevented all communications between the
shore and the pirates, by stopping and de-
taining all boats he met with in the river
and Pamlico sound. But it appears, that
notwithstanding all the lieutenant's pre-
cautions, the pirate's command was some
commence on the eve of the 31st of June,
and he was on his guard.

But the pirate, having frequently before
been falsely alarmed, paid no heed to this
friendly warning of his accomplices; nor did
he have a thought of the expedition
about against him, till the little vessel of the
lieutenant appeared in the bay.

Blackbeard now, convinced of his danger,
put to no time in getting his vessel ready for
defense. After doing this, he addressed
his crew, exhorting them to fight like de-
vils, and sell their lives dearly. In his company
was the master of a coasting-ship, who
was a light-colored man, and had a
higher to the pirate, and conveying the
ill-gotten plunder to the storehouses of the
receivers on shore. With this fellow the
pirate chief descended to his cabin, and
commenced a drinking bout, as was his
custom previous to going into action. How
was he to be surprised, that when he
awoke to find himself in the water, and
that his vessel had resorted to drinkiness to
fortify his courage.

On coming within gunshot distance, the
lieutenant left his two small sloops, and
manning his boats advanced till he drew
the fire of the pirates. His men were till
the vessel was within gunshot, and display-
ing the King's flag bore directly down upon
the enemy. Blackbeard ran out his cable,
and endeavored to row, while he kept up a
continual discharge of heavy guns, which
the young officer could only reply to with
small arms; and being unable to carry cannon
on shore-draft, he was obliged to come
to anchor.

The pirate, finding it impossible, with
what little wind there was, and the dead
weight of his vessel, to stand up to the
force of the enemy's fire, he was obliged to
descend to a bloody action, ran his vessel
upon the shoals, and awaited the approach
of the pirates. His men were till
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small arms; and being unable to carry cannon
on shore-draft, he was obliged to come
to anchor.

"Send your boat aboard of me, that I
may see who you are!" now shouted the
pirate.

"We have no boat to spare," was the re-
ply. "But I shall soon board you with my
sloop. If I can work her along side of you,"
The pirate now appeared upon deck with
a bottle of rum, and, filling a glass, drank
to the lieutenant.

"See here!" he cried, with a disgusting
oath, "whoever you are, I wish you to un-
derstand that Blackbeard never yet asked
for my quarter!"

"I expect none," answered the lieuten-
ant; "neither do I intend to give you any."
The pirate now opened the hatch, by
pouring a broadside into the sloop, charged,
as the chronicler of the event says,
"with all manner of small shots."

The effect of the first volley was terrible
on the decks of the lieutenant's vessel,
and more than twenty of his men fell killed
and desperately wounded. But the brave
fellow still kept at their sweeps, pressing
closer and closer upon their freebooters.

Breaching the result of another such a
volley, Maynard now ordered every soul,
except himself and the man at the helm, to
secretly himself in the holds. The lieuten-
ant was directed to lay close to the deck
while he alone was the only man to be seen
on board his little vessel.

The pirates poured in another broadside,
which spent its fury only upon the sides,
and rigging of the sloop, but did not stop
the headway of the latter, for the best mo-
ment, the vessel on board of which was the
gallant Maynard, came in contact with that
of the pirate.

When the two vessels struck, Black-
beard's men hurled into the lieutenant's a
novel kind of hand-grenades. These were
case bottles filled to their necks with
small shot and powder, slugs and broken
glass, with burning matches attached,
which, had his decks been crowded, would
have made a fearful havoc among his men.

Before the smoke of these cleared away,
the pirates leaped upon his vessel, led on
by their chief.

Maynard now gave the preconcerted
signal, and his men, leaving their bloody
weapons, met the charge; and a short, bloody
and desperate struggle ensued.

Singling out each other, the two leaders
stood a moment face to face. Theirs were
the first shots fired, and the lieutenant's
bullet inflicted a slight wound upon the
pirate.

When they engaged at arms length with
swords, till by some unfortunate stroke, that
of the officer broke at the hilt. Throwing
it over-board, the lieutenant stepped back
to draw another pistol, when the infuriated
Blackbeard raised his cutlass, and would
have cut him to the deck, had not one of
his helplessly rescued him. At the juncture,
seeing the imminent danger of his commander,
giving the pirate a blow with a boarding-
pike that paralyzed his arm, so that only
the point of the cutlass came in contact
with Maynard's fingers.

The pirate received the contents of the
lieutenant's pistol in his body. But still
furious with the blood he had lost, and the
liquor he had been drinking, he fought with
the desperation of a savage, till he had re-
ceived no less than twenty-five wounds,
five of which were from pistol shots. He
had discharged six pairs of pistols, and as
he was in the act of firing the last one he
possessed, he fell with an oath to the deck.
He was dead!

Eight of his men were also killed, and
the others, who were more or less wounded,
jumped over-board and begged for quarter.
The lieutenant, therefore, took their lives,
however, were prolonged, till a few days
later, he was taken to the hospital.

During this fight on the deck of May-
nard's little sloop, the other sloop had un-
lucky run aground. She was, however,
come up, and attacked the crew which had
remained in the pirate's vessel. When
the work was over, it was found that
the crew were all dead, and the vessel
easily dispatched.

"Thus this great terror of the colonies
came to his end, and the brave lieutenant
and his men received what they so richly
deserved—the applause of all the good peo-
ple."

As soon as the gallant conduct of the
young officer reached the ears of the admi-
rality at home, he was immediately pro-
moted to the command of frigate.

Fortune; how they have intermarried with
England, Ireland and Scotland, and later
with the Americans, who are an excellent
mixture of them all.

"My friends,—you have chosen the name
I cherished for your town with an extraor-
dinary unanimity, and have thereby con-
ferred an honor upon me, the proper ac-
knowledgegment of which I do not feel fully
enabled to express. But I beg you to be as-
sured that it is appreciated and that it will
be gratefully remembered with a living in-
terest in your prosperity while life remains
to me, and, I trust, beyond that by my
children after me.

If this name has become noted among
the many that are worthier around you
that is greatly due to its publicity. May I
be permitted to state whence that came?
Till within a few centuries, the civilized
nations of the globe were wont upon the
Eastern continent. Two or three hundred
years ago they leaped over into this; few
and few finally at first, then more and more
but always in their settlements timidly
hugging the Atlantic coast. Within the
last two or three centuries, they have
burst out, as it were, and over-run these
vast continents of the West. Now they are
scattered here and possess these measure-
less stretches of mountains and valleys,
hills, plains, forests and prairies with the
boundless pompous and mountain ranges of
the West. They have scattered themselves in
villages and towns, thickly settled to-
gether where physicians were plenty and
near at hand. Now, the people are widely
scattered, in many sections of these many
countries. For great numbers the timely
attention of physicians cannot be had;
only large tracts of country, where com-
petent physicians cannot be had at all.
They can not visit patients enough many
miles apart to live by their profession, nor
can they carry medicines enough with them
on horseback for their requirements. Hence
has arisen in these modern times, a neces-
sity for remedies ready at hand, with di-
rections for their use—a present recourse for
relief in the exigencies of sickness, when
no other aid is near. It is a new necessity
consequent upon the changed conditions of
human life—a want I have spent my years
in supplying, and I will tell you something
of its extent. Our laboratory makes every
day some 680,000 portions or doses of our
preparations. These are all taken by some-
body. Here is a number equal to the
population of fifteen cities as large as Lowell,
taking them every day (for sickness
keeps no holidays) in the whole of New
England, and a number equal to the popu-
lation of the United States, taken every
third of a century. We all join in the
pious mission to kill, the clergyman's in-
sincerity and the lawyer's cheating. Yet
each of these labors among the most serious
of his life. Sickening for his attendant
suffering are no joke, neither