OF HAINOIS. VICE PRESIDENT : SCHUYLER COLFAX,

OF INDIANA. STATE TICKET. AUDITOR GENERAL : Gen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT, SURVEYOR GENERAL : Gen. JACOB M. CAMPBELL.

The Republican County Convention.

The Republican voters of Northumberland county are respectfully requested to assemble in their respective election districts throughout the county, on SATURDAY, the 27th day of JUNE, 1868, between the hours of 1 and 9 o'clock, P. M., and elect the usual number of Delegates from each district, to represent them in the County Convention, to be held in the Court House, in the Borough of Sunbury, on TUESDAY, JUNE 30, 1868, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating a ticket to be presented to the voters of Northumberland county, at the ensuing election.

EM'L WILVERT. Chairman County Committe. R. M. FRICK, Secretary.

CHASE AND THE DEMOCRACY. The Democrats, as they call themselves, are in a truly bad way. They have no canthe principles of the present bogus Demo- It says : cracy. Pendleton is perhaps the truest exponent of the principles of their leaders. but these principles they know are almost as odious as those of Jeff. Davis himself, to the honest masses. They are now in such straits, that they are willing to adopt Judge Chase, the greatest abolitionist, next to Wendell Philips, in the country, as their candidate. John Morrissey, the professed pugilist and gambling member from New York, says the New York delegation, all but himself, are for Chase, but he goes for Pendleton. If they are determined to take up nigger party, why not take up Wendell Philips, or Garrison, as Vice President, and make the ticket complete. If any one ever had any doubts, that the principles which governed the present Democratic party, are these which John Randolph denominated the seven principles of the five loaves and two fishes, his eyes must be opened by this humiliating spectacle. The great Democratic party down on its knees imploring Chase, the great abolitionist and negro advocate, to become their candidate! The New York Herald now leads the Democracy, and favors | achieved up to this time. Chase and Dix, with Gov. Seymour for Secretary of State ; Fessenden for the Treasury ; Pendleton, Attorney General; Hendricks, Interior; Farragut, Navy; and General

A PRIEND called our attention to a scurrillous article, in a paper, called the Independent, published in this place, in regard to the procession of the Grand Army of the Republic, and the strewing of flowers over | The plan for the next campaign is already character of our town, the obscurity of the Some disciple of Brick Pomeroy must have taken for the sea shore ending either at thus endeavored to relieve himself from the Charlestown or Savanah; and having thus horrors of vacuity, suffering from the effects of wind, where nature designed there should patriotism. We trust the writer feels better. if not, his friends should take him to the asylum, provided for the unfortunate.

McClellan, Secretary of War.

WE have no less than two Democratic candidates for Congress, in this place, Messrs. Ziegler and Reimensnyder, who seem to be exceedingly anxious for the which men rise to eminence under a Repub-empty honors of a nomination, for it can lican form of government like ours. Honamount to nothing else, unless the Republican party should be guilty of the supreme folly of nominating some unacceptable and Chicago, Mr. Defress was practicing law unworthy candidate, which they are not in St. Joseph's county, Indiana, and saw likely to do. Snyder county has no candidate this fall, Our old friend, Thos. Bower, store. The family were poor, and Schuyler Esq., the Democratic candidate two years assisted in its support. Mr. Defrees was since, and one of the strongest democrats of practicing law, and becoming interested in that county, has no desire to enter the contest again, especially if J. B. Packer, Esq., study law. Sounding required his services. The

acceptance of the Presidential nomination, takes the true ground, which is frank and honest, and from which no unprejudiced man under the direction of Mr. Defrees. The can dissent. He has no policy of his own against the declared will of the people. He is not willing to pledge himself to any specific policy for even four years, properly saying, "New political issues not foreseen are constantly arising. The views of the public on old ones are constantly changing, and a purely administrative officer should always be left free to execute the will of the people. I always have respected that the people. I always have respected that will and always shall."-It was just so with ADBARAM LINCOLN. He said, "The People of the United States are the rightful masters of Congress and the Courts." And by this principle his administration, so successful and straightforward in all things, was steadily governed. We have in GRANT the same truthful and incoruptible man representing a similar great principle, and with him in

THE WHISKEY TAX.—There is some hopes that this tax will be reduced to 50 cents per too, it is an American religion. The Method, it is an American religion. gallon. It is evident that the present tax of \$2, is carnestly desired by the whiskey of \$3 is carnestly desired by the whiskey tion, or centralization in government more ring, three-fourths of which, these rascals than the Methodists. I wish that our namanage to put in their own pockets. No tional Government had the liberty and the honest man can engage in the business.—
If Congress does not reduce the tax and collect it, we shall begin to surrect they collect it, we shall begin to suspect they the reader will admit.

are, themselves, in the riog.

George C. Gortiam was on Thursday last nominated and elected Secretary of the Sen- paign paper, formerly published at Reading

The difficulty which the more intelligent Democrats will have in bringing their party to accept Mr. Chase as a caudidate, and in making their platform worthy of him, is shown in the following extract from the influential New York Day Book :

There is no defection in the Mongrel ranks

at the present time. Mr. Chase could not draw away from Grant a thousand men in the whole United States, who have not already determined to quit the fifthy negro gunboat. Now, if there is any asgacity, any patriotism in the July Convention, it will nominate some one of the great Democratic civilians and statesmen in the land. And civilians and statesmen in the land. And under his banners as the standard bearer, it will place a platform of square epposition to the negro party. Instead of getting up baits to tempt some of the rats out of that party, it will go into the campaign with the loudest thunders against every one and all of its abominations, and rouse up the people with the wildest spirit of horror and revenge at all its principles and its acts .-This is the only sort of campaign in which the Democracy is sure to win. Let the cry go out for "A White Man's Government Let it boom like the noise of cannon through every valley and from every hill top from the Aroostook to the Gulf, and the negro party under the staggering banners of Grant will be wiped out of existence. But if the Democratic politicians get up a cunning dodging platform, with a hobbling candidate to suit, the party will be, and ought to be, ignominiously defeat-

THE National Gazette, (Berlin,) calls attention to the fact, that, whatever may be the result of the impeachment of President Johnson, the United States may, from the 4th of March, 1866, look forward to a career didate of their party that can be elected on of unparalleled prosperity and greatness.

One thing is certain, so far as the imme diate political future of the United States is concerned, General Grant will be the next President of the Republic. The strife between the various branches of the Government will then be at an end. His Cabinet will consist of the most eminent men of the majority-men whom the people trust and revere, and whom both Houses of Congress will enthusiastically support in all their leading measures. The harmony, now sadly wanting, between the executive and legislative departments having been restored, the political importance of the Supreme Court, which has now given rise to so many hopes and fears, will dwindle down to nothing, the refuse candidates, of what they call the and people will care very little about the political opinions of the Judges composing that tribunal. The reconstruction of the Southern States, if not accomplished before that time, will proceed as rapidly as it, until now, has dragged along slowly; and with political harmony in the councils of the nation will come material prosperity. A new impetus will be given to in dustry, commerce, and agriculture; and, with elements of success such as no other country in the world has within its grasp, the people of the Uni-ted States are sure to make strides forward which, accustomed as we are to wonderful performances in that respect in America, will distance and eclipse all that has been

> GRANT, THE PLANNER OF SHERMAN'S MARCH.-In an address to the Philadelphia Union League the other night, Gov. Geary related the following important fact :

"On a certain occasion, when dining with Grant at Chattanooga, after the cioth had been removed, he called for his maps, which he spread hefore me, and said : "Sir, you and your division have been instrumental in obtaining the victories around this city .the soldier's graves. Fortunately for the formed, and it is proper that you should know it. I intend to concentrate my troops around this place, and pour them on source, from which it originated, renders it ta, while a strong attack is made on Richless obnoxious, if not entirely harmless .- mond. After Atlanta falls, a line will be made our point, we will enter the Carolinas and attack Richmond." This was in 1868, promoting the President nine months before the city of Atlanta was be, at least, some evidence of intelligence and taken. Justice should be done, and I tell you, so that you will know who it was that planned the march to the sea, and discetted the Confederacy, and brought the rebellion to a termination."

THE YOUNG MEN'S CANDIDATE .- The career of Schuyler Colfax, says the Dayton Journal, signally illustrates the mapper in John D. Defrees, of Indiana, now Superintendent of Public Printing at Washington, Schuyler Colfax, a bright, honest, promising boy of afteen, clerking in his step father's the lad, invited him to enter his office and study law. Schovier declined on the pleashould receive the Republican nomination, office of county auditor had just been crea-of which there is, we think, but little doubt, ted, and Mr. Defrees proposed that his step, GENERAL GRANT, in his brief letter of become a candidate for it, and, if elected, to appoint Schuyler his deputy. The arrangement was consummated, and, while Schuyler was in the office he studied law latter was subsequently elected to the Leg-islature, and took Schuyler to Indianapolis, tical art of printing, but necessity drove him to the case, and he soon became a proficient newspaper hand. His editorials were prepared with scrupt ons care and "set up" by

> and Governor Curtin : "Why do you like the Methodists, Gener-

his own hands.

al ?" finally asked Curtin. to fear. Peace will be assured and prosperity.

in its fullest sense, restored.

"Because their religion is one of hard knocks. They take hold of a man and never let him drop until they have either converted him or scared him so he will say dists are entirely democratic, yet no Church appreciates the value of union, federaliza-

"Father Abraham," a Republican camate vice John W. Forney regigned. Mr. by Capt. E. H. Rauch, has been removed to Gorbam was last year the Republican cap. Lancaster, and is now published by Capt. didate for Governor of California, and beat. Rauch and T. B. Cochran. It Is conducted that the choice has fallen on a Repubservice in the approaching campaign.

Terms—One copy, 75 cents.

WASHINGTON, June 7, 1868.
INVESTIGATION BY THE MANAGERS. The managers had Sheridan Shook up before them yesterday for over an hour, but they elicited nothing from him of any moment. He desies having deposited the "tep" which Wooley directed him to place with Gillis, Harney & Co., and that firm, on being examined, show that it was placed to Wooley's credit by one Delong, who on being even on the stand, denies that he can being put on the stand, denies that he can received from whom he received it for that purpose. Here the traces of that ten thouand dollars run out.

FROM WASHINGTON.

It is a singular fact that the managers

have been detained more by the sickness of witnesses than from all other causes com-bined, and that at one time there was upon General Butler's table certificates from physicians covering nine witnesses, all ill from some complaint.

RARE DEVELOPMENTS LOOKED FOR. There are a number of witnesses yet to be called, and there will be some very rich developments when Mr. Butler's final report comes to be made. He will show that very large sums of money were raised to defeat mpeachment. Circumstantial evidence is very clear where some of it went to, and how other corrupt influences were at work, and where the moneyed influences in the Indian Bureau had their hold upon certain men who disappointed their friends, and went for acquittal. They had a witness up yesterday who was formerly clerk to the Senate Committee of which Mr. Pomeroy was chairman, and who franked Mr. Pome roy's documents and letters, and who is now clerk in the Treasury Department, and Johnson man. He admitted that he had

been approached by one of the SPECIAL AGENTS OF THE POST-OFFICE DE PARTMENT,

Who he named, and was asked to write letter similar to the one Cooper testified to hav-ing been shown him of Mr. Pomeroy's, and that he declined to do it, and was called upon a second time and a thousand dollars offered him to do it, but he positively refused, applied to or if they got the letter they desired. This letter, it should be noted, has never been produced by Cooper, nor have any of the managers or Senator Pomeroy's friends ever seen it. This witness, Lewis, is not a friend of Mr. Pomeroy's, but is related to Perry Fuller. There are several witnesses here from Cincinnati who are to testify further in regard to Wooley's bank

His Cincinnati client, to whom he first swore he had sent sixteen thousand dollars, denies having had any business involving any such item, and no amount of money was sent to him by Mr. Wooley at any time His bank account there shows he has had large sums of money and was a leading man in the whisky ring, but according to statements of bank men to outsiders. these men do not know what other ceues Butler and Logan may have.

Messrs. Bingham, Boutwell and Williams are at home, and Messrs. Butler and Logan are conducting the case during their absence, as a sub-committee. Wooley will be transfered to his cell to-morrow or next

THE TAX BILL.

The House made such progress, Jesterday, on the Tax-bill that if it runs along as rap idly for a few days more, it will very likely pass the House, and if it does, the Senate will not consent to an adjournment unti they have acted upon it. through that body will take until August

WASHINGTON, June 8 .- Hon, E. A. Rollins, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, today placed in the hands of the Secretary of the Treasury his resignation, to take effect upon the confirmation of his successor by the Senate, Mr. Rollins has long contemplated this step, and will to-morrow send a deems it impossible to satisfactorily ad-minister the Internal Revenue Department while the Administration subordinates the Also, on account of impared health, caused by constant and unremitting public service

for more than five years.

Mr. Rollins has been in the Internal Revenuc Bureau almost from the commencement, and has preserved an unblemished reputation during his whole official life. He has won the respect and esteem of all political Columbia, for New York. One report says parties, and will retire carrying with him he is going to the United States to enter the good wishes of all who know him. into into the bonds of matrimony, while Nothing is known in reference to the op another report is current that he is destined pointment of a successor.

THE CASE OF WOOLET.

After occupying the time of the House all the afternoon, U. W. Wooley agreed to answer the questions he has heretofore refused, and he will to-morrow morning be given an opportunity before the managers. not likely that he is prepared to answer everything in connection with the late imchment, but to account for when he was emmitted. There are other questions of as much importance as that which he refused to answer; but considering that his new cell is very nearly completed, and will strip his confinement of its romance, he will yield rather than be again remanded to custody.

SCENE IN THE HOUSE. In the House to day, when General Butler made the remarks, "The conspirators now upon the floor of the House, in violation of rissey and several Democratic members, who al Indian war. had been caucusing among one another for over an hour—one of the President's Secre-taries generally sitting by either Mr. Merrick or Mr. Brent. When General Butler opened fire, the two counset bastened into the coat room, leving their hats and papers on a sofa, and finally secured them by means, of a boy. The two Secretaries beat a hasty retreat, Sound Democratic Opinions.—A conversation to the following effect recently took place it is stated, between Gen. Grant

pages. APPEARANCE OF C. W. WOOLEY. the air of a conqueror; but when Mr. Covode year, and there will be no U. S. Senator protested against his being heard until he chosen until the next Legislature meets. was ready to answer the questions, yes or no, and charged that he stood before the House as a perjurer and in its contempt, he quaited; and being directly in front of the Clerk's desk, where he could not consult with any one, he soon indicated his willing-

IMPEACHMENT EVIDENCE. The impeachment managers have got possession of a card on which was written, by Assistant Secretary Cooper, on May 13, and sent to the President:—"Henderson secured, Graig and Lacey have seen him." Mr. Craig is Collector of Internal Revenue at St. Joseph, Missouri, and Mr. Lacky is in the whisky business in New York.

In about one month the second cable will be alaid across the mouth of the Gulf of Mexico from Key West to Cuba.

Beception of the Chinese Embassy
by Congress, To-day.

Washington, June 9.—A very large and
brilliant audience completely filled the gal-WASHINGTON, June 9.—A very large and brilliant audience completely filled the galleries of the House of Representatives early this A. M., to witness the reception of the Chinese embassy. The scene was not unlike that in the Senate chamber during some of the most interesting days of the impeach-

All the corridors were crowded with ladies and gentlemen who were disappointed at not getting inside. The diplomatic gallery was filled almost entirely with ladies be-longing to families of the foreign embassies. When eleven o'clock arrived nearly every member was in his sest, and many distin-guished persons occupied seats on the floor.

Chairs were arranged immediately in front of the Speaker's desk for the embassy. A few minutes after eleven o'clock, the embassy entered the House, preceded by Generals Banks and Schenck, and Mr. Brooks, of the reception committee. embassy proceeded to the bar of the House, the members arising in their seats as they passed, where, after arranging themselves in

semicircular order, Speaker Colfax in a few brief but happy remarks bid them welcome. Mr. Burlingame responded for the embassy, in remarks of some ten minutes' duration, which he referred to the warm reception he had met from his countrymen. He spoke of the great resources of China, and asked

attention to an investigation of their great land. His speech was warmly applauded. The members of the House were then presented individually to the embassy, who appeared highly pleased with the attention

Congressional Items.

shown them.

WASHINGTON, June 10 .- The Ways and Means Committee had a protracted session to-day, on the subject of postponing the tax Each of the committee expressed his views fully on the prospect of getting the bill through at the present session, and on the importance of action on it at once.

The entire committee, Democrats as well as Republicans, are unanimously against any postponement, and they have agreed to re offered him to do it, but he positively refused, sist all attempts at delay or postponement and that he does not know who they next in the House. The chairman of the committee expresses the belief that a majority of the House will sustain the committee, and that the bill will be passed through in its present shape. The responsibility for the success or failure of the bill will thus be thrown upon the Senate. Many of the members of that body are opposed to taking action on the bill this session, for the reason that it will keep them here during the warm

> It is thought, however, that if the House passes it, the Senate will be compelled to act in order to relieve itself from the responsibility of defeating a measure which is conceded to be of the utmost importance for the public interest.

From Mexico via. Havana. HAVANA, June 6 .- The steamship Mersey has arrived from Vera Cruz, with dates to

the 1st inst. General Negrete had routed, in the Chichiquita Mountains, the troops commanded by General Vielex and others. Many skirmishes had taken place with Cinrelian Rinera's troops, who had pronounced against Juarez, and several prisoners had been taken by the regulars.

The revenue of the Mexican republic for the coming year from duties and taxes is estimated at \$18,000,000. A subvention had

been granted to the Zangrouez Railway.

Numerous pronunciamentos were taking
place everywhere. Batanzo had prenounced against Juarez at Picacho, proclaiming Portirio Diaz as President. He was routed, and his adherents put to flight.

The Mexican army is to be reorganized, and will consist of four divisions of 4000 men each.

There were no intercine troubles in the State of Queretaro. The Yucatan expeditionary force, under Allitors, had arrived at Vera Cruz. It is stated that Colonel Dom iniquez, with 700 men, had made an attack upon the Campeachy Indians, which resulted n the defeat of the troops and the killing of Dominiques. Only two men are reported to have returned from the attack, and the Indians were in hot pursuit of the fleeing soldiers, killing all they met. General Al latori is to be commander of the Second division of the Mexican army in place of Gen. Dinz, who has been removed.

to New York, to arrange the details of a scheme to defraud American citizens who expose their fraud. hold large amounts of Mexican bonds, Cornfields are plowed up to plant cotton which were taken in payment for war made in certain parts of the South, the farmers terial, furnished to Justez during the war being infatusted on the suffect of high with Maxamilian.

From Missouri.

Sr. Lours, June 5,-The Homeopathic Convention met again to day. Twenty five States, one Territory and the District of Columbia are represented, and nearly all re port that homeopathy is making fine pro

Bishops Ames, Simpson and about forty ministers from the Chicago Methodist Con ference, arrived to night, on a pleasure trip to the Rocky Mountairs.

The Helena (Montana) Heraid has advices made the remarks, "The conspirators now upon the floor of the House, in violation of its rules," there were in front, on the Democratic side of the House, Messrs. Brent, of Indiana; Merrick, counsel for Wooley; Colonel Moore, the President's Private Secretary; W. W. Warden, Senator Ress, Senator Patterson, of Tennessee; John Mortister, and making other preparations for a general paragraphs and making other preparations for a general results.

Regular trains will commence running next Monday, three hundred and eightysix miles west of the Missouri river, on the Kansas Pacific Railroad, the present terminus of the road.

OREGON EXECTION.—The late general election in the State of Oregon, for a member of Congress, and members of the Legis and were seen no more, and the others at once dispersed to their respective seats. crats by about 600 majority. The State is never very certain for any party; and from the fact that a large number of rebels emigrated to it after the rebellion was put down, it is nothing to surprise any one that this election should be carried by their aseistance. The following is the vote at four When Mr. Wooley finally got before the House upon the representations that he was ready to spurge himself of contempt, and drew forth a large bundle of manuscript, 8457; 1866, Republican 10,283, Democratic which indicated an hour's speech, he wore 9956. There was no Governor chosen this chosen until the next Legislature meets.

> The annual report of the Pennsylvaniu Grand Encampment of Odd Fellows shows the following statistics: Number of subordinate encampments, 180; initiated dur-ing the year, 1,791; rejected, 43; admitted by card, 80; withdrawn by card, 142; re-instatements, 40; deaths, 78; past chief patriarchs, 1,725; contributing members, 9,413; total amount of recipts, \$69,250 32; 9.413; total amount of recipts, \$69,250 32; number of patriachs relieved, 1,076; widowed families relieved, 45; patriarchs buried, 77; amount paid for relief of patriarchs, \$21,611 19; widowed families, \$005 75; burying the dead, \$4,585; total amount of relief, \$27,051 94.

Hon. Thomas Williams, one of the impeachment Managors from Pennsylvania, has that bolbeen renominated for Congress in the 23d have all

have been smashed in, and even the window batters and doors were broken down.

The appearance of the city could not have been worse under a severe bombardment. Trees are stripped of their leaves and branches, which lie piled up in the yards and streets—the sides of houses exposed to the hail have the appearance of having withstood a thousand discharges of grape and canister, The roofing of the entire city is perforated like a sieve. The hail-stones were of irregular shape and all sizes, as if a mass of ice had broken above our devoted heads, and driven by a tornado to the earth. One hailstone was found weighing over five pounds, while a great many as large as a

man's fist were picked up.

Many of the families whose houses were beaten down took shelter under beds and tables, and thus escaped bodily harm. We have only heard of one death, a negro boy; several had limbs broken and were severely bruised. while the whole population was frightened almost to death.

The damage is of every character, and

\$500,000 will not cover it all; roofs were universally destroyed and windows broken in; household furniture was entirely demolished in some houses, and in many stores the damage was great. The Menger House was greatly damaged, the Kleopper Hotel is almost a wreck, the convent buildings are terribly cut up. All the blinds and window glass on the northern side are destroyed. French's building suffered greatly, and, in fact, all buildings having windows to the north. General Mason's residence was unroofed and his family exposed to the inclement storm. But the most distressing picture of all are the habitations of the poor people, their houses battered in, household oods destroyed, and their little gardens ruined. The corn patches and gardens are flattened to the ground, and have the ap-

pearance of having passed through a chopping mill. All the fruit crop is destroyed. The storm resembled a terrific battle the lightning Sasbed in fearful vividness, the thunder crashing like a thousand cannon and the rain falling and rattling like shot; so fearful was the noise that no one could ears. Never in the history of this city, never in the memory of the oldest inhabi-

tant, was such a sterm experienced.

We learn that the bail-storm commenced reached only a short distance below our city, and extended from five to twenty miles in width-destroying everything over a region of thirty miles from north to south, and ten to twenty miles from east to west.

BREVILLES.

Scranton is to have an alarm bell weighng three thousand pounds. Lager is sold in Chicago at from one cent

to three cents a glass. Ex Governor Bigler and son are erecting large steam saw-mill in Clearfield. F. J. Franciscus, of Lewistown, has a strawberry stalk with four hundred berries

upon it. The Reading railroad company is to re-ceive \$1,424 70 for carrying the mail daily during the year ending June 30, 1869, be tween Columbia and Sinking Springs, with branch to Lancaster.

All the crops in all the countries of Europe are promising. Pennsylvania manufactures more stoves

than any State in or out of the Union. .The grasshopper is destroying crops of

all kinds in Utah. Beefsteaks are canned in Texas cattle are cheap, and sold in New Orleans, where meat is dear.

Mormon missionaries are at work in Georgia.

Philadelphians call bar-tenders decantists o distinguish them from decanters. Plug hats have been decided not to be the proper thing for the saints in Utah to wear. Marriage is said to be a means of grace

inasmush as it breaks down pride and leads to repentance. A woman in Buffalo, recently, had an ear-ring knocked violently out of her ear by lightning.

The Pittsburg Mail is paying attention to quack doctors. It would be a blessing to the community if all the newspapers would

prices for the article.

Reports concerning the crops of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Alabama, are very encouraging. The wheat crop of North Carolina and Arkansas never was more premising.

The heaviest incomes in Schuykill county are those of George W. Johns, St. Clair, \$42.718; C. Tower. Pottsville, \$17,583 Benj. Haywood, \$12,191; James Ssllyman,

Pottsville, \$6,984. SAD.—Matrimony and measles are pre-vailing to an marming extent at present in

AN EDDIFTING SIGHT. -To see the "nigger"hating Democrats supporting the negro-loving Chase for the Presidency. A Young women tried to drown herself

at Harrisburg, on Monday evening, because

her lover was proving false to her. Santa Anna, who has possessed so much wenith in his day, is now a beggar and dying. His life has been an eventful one. Morrow B. Lowry announces that he will not be a candidate for the U. S. Senate. Some others who have been spoken of

should make a similar announcement. Col. El! Stifer has been elected President of the Union National Bank, at Lewisburg, and Dr. Harrison, President of the Lewisourg, National Bank, at the same place. McCool and Coburn are undergoing orty days' imprisonment in jail in the State

of Indiana, for their attempt to engage in a prize fight. The Democrats speak of running Coburn for Congress. The two sons of Stepeen A. Douglass both of whom are residents of North Caro-lina, with the family of their mother are easnest members of the Republican party, the oldest being private secretary of Hon W. W. Holden, Governor of that State.

A runaway couple were recently discovered in Cincinnati by a pursuing father, a well known trunk upon a hack betraying them. The old gentlemen quietly put the young man out of the carriage, got in himself and drove back with his daughter. In Indianola, Texas, the streets are crowd ed with wagons, and the amount of goods and merchandise daily arriving and car-

ried to the interior of Texas and Mexico, is said to be wonderful.

General M'Olellan was, on Saturday, rejected in the Senate of the United States, as Minister to England.

A brassband was arrested in Savannah, by order of the Mayor, a few nights since, for breach of the peace in serepading the epublicen newspaper. The Republican journals in California that botted during the late State campaign have all placed the names of Grant and Colfax at the head of their columns.

The Terrible Hall Storm in Texas—

Loss., \$500,000.

The San Antions Express, of Msy, 21st, gives the following particulars of the late disastrous hall storm: "Our city is a perfect wreck; every house in it has received some damage; many are in complete ruins, with nothing but fragments of walls standing. The hail-stones penetrated the best roofs, going through tin roofs like cannon balls. All the windows facing to the north have been smashed in, and even the window "Anybody, good Lord" responded the anxious virgin. And "Anybody, good Lord" responded the anxious virgin. And "Anybody, good Lord" responded the anxious virgin. Lord!" responded the anxious virgin. And "Anybody, good Lord," says the Democratic

Twenty-two thousand dollars, it is stated by a witness before the managers, have been collected and paid the counsel of the Presi-

Thirty-five Indians were attacked and killed about the first of the month, near Owyhee Ferry, Idaho, by soldiers under command of Beebe, General Crook's chief scout. They had committed many depredations, and of their party none escaped. The Indians are murdering and stealing

in the Missouri Valley and on the Upper Missouri river. | For the Sunbury American.

411 South 3d St., PHILADELPHIA, (June 2d, 1868.

EDITOR "AMERICAN:" Dear Sir :- Having recently returned from a trip through South-ern Kansas; Allen, Woodson, Neosho, La-bette, Wilson and other counties, and acquired some knowledge while there of the dvantages of the country, which may be of interest to persons contemplating emigra-tion West. I present them and ask the favor of their publication in your valuable

In the first place, I will say that, for parties with moderate means, Southern Kansas presents a field, better in my judgment, than any which has been offered for many years. The land acquired by the government prairie, and the streams well timbered, with

through treaty with the Osage Indians, is of the very best quality. Most of it rolling nickory, ash, black-oak, walnut, sugar-maple, &c., &c., and in consequence of the fine prairie, farms can be opened up with comparatively little labor. Wheat, corn, oats and potatoes are cultivated successfully. I saw on the 7th of May, corn ten inches high. Fruits of all kinds do remarkably well. The apples, peach, cherry and grape culture, l think cannot be excelled by California even. The climate is moderate in summer, tempered by fine breezes sweeping over the prairies, hear unless they screamed in each other's and in winter so mild that it is rare cattle are provided for. Grazing on the fine grass, do well the year round.

A large emmigration is making its way into that portion of Kansas, and there is an eight miles this side of New-Braunfels, extensive body of land open for settlement, all can find homes and to spare.

Very Respectfully, Yours, W. J. MARTIN.

With the advent of the "month of roses" we have been once more thrown into the season of hay-making, pic-nics and pleasure excursions generally. The furmers are busily engaged in securing their early hay grops, in order that this branch of the husbaudman's labor may be completed before the grain harvest sets in. The young folks seek recreation in the woods, or in fishing parties, or in berrying excursions. This is also the season when early regetables are thrown into the market, causing a general disarrangement of the "internal improve-ments" of mankind, and rendering medical sid a necessity. Just at this time the Great Zingari Bit-ters step in as an antidote for the various diseases arising from the too free use of vegetables, or the numerous ills to which farmers are exposed during their excessive field labor, or to which pleasure par-ties are subjected by their efforts to obtain enjoy-ment in the country. A supply of the Bitters should be kept on hand for use at this particular period, when all are exposed to sickness

SEE advertisement of Speer's Wines in another column. They are pure juice wines and the most reliable for siekness superior for communion pur-

SPEER'S WINE.—Speer's Port Grape Wine is the only wine calculated to do good in diseases of the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys, such as acidity, dysentery, diarrhem, incontinence of urine, and general debility. One bottle is sufficient to convince the most skeptical of the great curative poers contained in this wine.

Sold by druggets.

"They made her a grave too cold and damp For a soul so honest and true." If hey had been wise the dire necessity of opening the grave for one so lovely might have been averted. Plantation Bitters, if timely used, are sure to resouchts young and lovely, the middle-aged and the ailing, from confirmed sickness. Almost all diseases have their beginning in some slight difficulty of the Stomach, which would even-tuate in Dyspepsia, Headache, Liver Complainty, Night Sweats, Consumption, Death. Plantation Bitters will prevent these premonitory symptoms, and keep the blood pure and the health good. While they invigorate the system, they entiren

MAGNOLIA WATER is a delightful tollet article-

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW MACHINE SHOP IRON FOUNDRY. GEO. ROHRBACH & SON.

SUNBURY, PA.

INFORM the public that they have cetablished a
MACHINE SHOP, in connection with their
FOUNDRY. They have supplied themselves with
New latther, Planing and Boring Machine, with the
latest improvements. With the aid of shillful mechanics, they are enabled to execute all orders of

New Work or Repairing, that may be given them, in a satisfactory manner.

Having enlarged and rebuilt their Foundry, they
are ready to execute all kinds of CASTINGS.

The PLOWS, already celebrated for their superiority, have been still further improved, and will al-

BAUGH'S COMMERCIAL MANURES! TRADE MARK ON EVERY PACKAGE.

BAUGH & SONS, Philadelphia AND NORT.WESTERN FERTILIZING CO , Chicago. Sole Manufacturers.

BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE. \$56 per 2,000 lbs BAUGH'S CHICACO BONE FERTILIZER,

BAUGH'S CHICAGO BLOOD MANURE, \$50 per 2000 pounds.

arrels, whichever customers prefer The Begs are uniform in weight 160 pounds.

The above Manures are furnished in both bags and

The attention of Farmers is especially directed to the fact that the sources of the Raw Material of which the above Manures are composed, are so well under control that we can furnish them of strictly uniform quality and condition, and that they contain a larger percentage of ammonia than any other class of manfactured manures in the market. BAUGH & SONS,
20 S. Delaware Avenue.
Philadelphia.
NORTH-WESTERN FERTILIZING CO.,
Corner Lake & Lasalle Siz., Chicago.
Ep-BAUGH & COMMERCIAL MANUKES may

be prompted from dealers in any of the principal swas in the United States or Dominion of Canada. June 13, 1866. -- aug 67-1y

5000 the Store of CARPET RAGS WANTED AL MOORE & DISSINGER.

Notice in Bankeraptey. THIS is to give notice, that on the 30th day of June A. D., 1868, a warrant in Bankruptey was issued against the estate of HEBNRY LONGE. NECKER, and A. R. FISKE, as H. Longenecker & On., of Shamokin, in the county of Northumberland, and State of Pennsylvania, who have been adjudged Bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupts, to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupts, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Sunbury, Northumberland county, and State of Pennsylvania, before J. M. Wiestling, Register, on the 16th day of July, A. D., 1868, at 16th o'clock, A. M.

T. D. GREENAWALT,

Deputy United States Marshal, (as Mossenger.)

Western District of Pennsylvania, June 13, 1868.—4t.

QUEENS-WARE. STONE CHINA WARE, &c. W. M. CAIRNS, Market Street, 6 doors west of Fourth St., south side, SUNBURY, PENN'A.,

June 13, 1868.—4t.

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Sunbury, and Merchants and dealers in this and adjoining counties, that he has just opened a large assort-QUEENSWARE AND STONE CHINA WARE of every variety, from the best manufactories in the country, which will be sold at WHOLESALE and

Dealers are invited to examine his stock before purchasing in the city, as they can save money by doing so. Sunbury, May 16, 1868.—6m

Book Agents Wanted for HOWLAND'S

GHANTS

AS A SOLDIER AND STATESMAN. An accurate history of his Military and Civil Ca An accurate history of his Military and Civil Career. In one large cotave vol., nearly 650 pages, finely illustrated. Agents will find this the book to sell at the present time. The largest commission given. We employ no General Agents, and offer extra inducements to canvassers. Agents will see the advantage of dealing directly with the publishers. For descriptive circulars and terms address,

J. B. BURR & CO., Publishers, Hartford, Conn. June 6, 1888.

NELSON PURE FURNITURE ROOMS

WM. FARSON & SON. late of the firm of Farson & Davis, have opened ware rooms at No. 228 South 2d street, below Dock.

PHILADELPHIA. Where they keep a full assortment of PARLOR, CHAMBER, SITTING ROOM and DINING ROOM FURNITURE. Their old customers, and all persons wishing to purchase, are invited to call and examine their stock efore purchasing elsewhere Particular attention paid to packing. my6 1y

Important to Sunbury, S the fact that we have now established, (two doors from the Central Hotel, on Market Square.) a first class Shaving, Hair-Cutting, Shumpooning, Hair-Dyeing and Hair Manufacturing Room.

Everything in the Barber's line will be promptly attended to, and done in the best style of the art. Fancy Hair-Work manufactured to order. We have also added to our business a full line of "Gent's" furnishing goods, consisting in part of the latest styles of Nock-ties, Suspenders, Collars, Shirt. fronts, Culls, Stockings, etc., with Oils, Perfamory, Hair Restoratives, Brushes and toilet articles. A small but select stock will be kept, and this branch will be attended to by Mr. HEMPERLEY. Gentlemen will find it to their advantage to purchase of us, as we shall keep the best goods at a fair price, and on Saturdays remain open until 12 o clock P. M. Ladies will find here the best stock of Oils

P. M. Ladies will mad here the best stock of Olif for Tollet purposes, hair brushes, and tollet articles kept this side of Philadelphia. Particular attention paid to Ladies and Children's hair cutting and hair-dressing. Give us n call. GUNNISON & HEMPERLEY.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE Western District of Pennsylvania.

DANIEL SEAL, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a Disoharge from all his debts, and other claims pro-pable under said Act, by order of the Court. Notice J. M. Wiestling, Esq. Register, at his office in Sunbury, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further, Notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third Meetings of creditors of the said Bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said Act, will be had before the said Register, at the same time and place.

same time and place, S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk of said Court

FRESH ARRIVAL OF MILLINERY GOODS AND NOTIONS. Miss ANNA PAINTER,

Market Square, two doors west of the Post Office SUNBURY, PENN'A. RESPECTFULLY informs her friends and the public, that she has just returned from the city, where she has spent some time in making selections and purchases, and has just opened a large stock of MILLINERY GOODS AND NOTIONS. Ribbons, Laces, Dress-Linings, Crincine and Wigans Skirting Lining, Hoop Skirts, Bugle Trimmings, Crape Trimmings, Hat Crape, Cleak Buttons

mings, Crape Trimmings, Hat Crape, Clouk Buttons, Corsets, Zephyrs.

A large assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's DOLLS of all sizes, Alphabet Blocks, &c. She flatters berself in being able to make a display that will give entire satisfaction to visitors, and goods will be exhibited with pleasure. Sunbury, May 30, 1868.

FANCY DRY GOODS. ALL THE LATEST STYLES,

Suitable for the SPRING AND SUMMER SEASONS MISS KATE BLACK. Market Square, two deers East of the ol-building, SUNBURY, Pean's. HAS just opened a fresh assortment of the most fashionable Fancy Dress Goods from the largest establishments in Philadelphia.

DELAINES, ALAPACAS, POPLINS, CALIC MOURNING GOODS, Cloths, Sacques Plannels, Flannels, Sheetings, lins, Ladies and Childrens' HATS, Feathers, Rit Dress Trimmings, Embroideries, Lace Veils, Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosery Hoop Skirts, Hopkins' Eliptic Skirts, Resi Black Lace Shawls, and Ladice'

Goods of every description Sun Umbrellas and Parosols. Gents' Collars, Neck-ties, Half-hose, Handker hiefs and Gloves.
Perfumery, Toilet Soaps, Hair Brushes, Combs. etc.
KATE BLACK Sunbury, May 30, 1868.

OPENING OF SUMMER STYLES, Miss Louisa Shissler's

MARKET SQUARE, Ladies' and Misses' HATS and BONNIS. in immense variety.

Millinery Goods and Trimmings. French and American Ribbons, Laces, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hostry, and a general assertment of Ladies Millinery Goods, which have been selected

Gents Collars, Neckties Gloves, Ac. Every variety will be found to select from, at MODERATE PRICES. Sunbary, May 30, 1888.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED, to solicit or dere for DR. William Smith a DICTIONALY OF THE BIBLE. THE CALL EDI THE STREET STREET STREET AND STREET BY PRESENTED AND MARKET AND PROPERTY OF THE STREET BY PROPERTY OF THE STREET STREET BY PROPERTY OF THE STREET STREET BY STREET STREET BY STR

published by Mussra. Burr & Co., is the genuine thing

The Congregationalist says, whoever wishes to get, in the cheapest form, the best Dictionary of the Bible should buy this.

Agents are meeting with unparalleled success we employ no General Agents, and offer exits inducaments to Canvasars. Agents will see the advantage of dealing directly with the PUBLISHERS. For descriptive pipodish with full particulars and terms, address the feedback.

May 30, 1808 — Jun. 1.