PERSONAL TRANSPORTER

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1867.

Governments, have already made the telegraph lines a part of their Postal System, ment would realize a larger revenue than the doctrines, or convert other nations, and their monopolists now receive.

"Not fierce Othello, in so loud a strain, Roared for the handkerchief that caused his pain.

has put his foot into it himself, it is no fault tion can arise in favor of his innocence,sue is simply narrowed down to a question charge of lying. We are sure that we are thor of our religion. the guilty party.

ters, instead of figures, should be used.

endeavor to be understood in their com- end God's word might be tended and taught." munications-we mean written ones, of

TO RICO.

ONE THOUSAND HOUSES IN RUINS. ble gales which visited the ill-fated island previous to 1850. In some instances, the houses along entire

streets have been demolished, and the roadway hidden by the ruins

garding the effects of the storm in the central portion of the island, where, on the savannahs, numerous herds are pastured; but elsewhere the cattle have been killed and fields swept entirely bare. The loss is incalculable.

The merchants of the island have demandcd that flour, corn, potatoes, &c., shall be

entered duty free. HAVANA, Nov. 15, 1867.-Later advices from Porto Rico state that during the late terrible gale the little island of Tortola, of the Virgin Group, entirely disappeared, being completely submerged, it is said, for eight hours. Every living thing, man or

animal, upon it perished.
HAVANA, Nov. 17.—Advices from Vera Cruz, announce the arrival there on the 4th Senor Romero and party. The cutter received a national salute, and Senor Romero left for the Capital on the 11th inst. The Wilderness had a very rough passage, and was badly strained, and lost her smoke-stack. She was being repaired, and was nearly ready to sail for New Orleans. The French war steamer Orleans, and the Austrian fri-

gate Nocara have arrived at Havana. All the members of the court-martial which tried Santa Anna, with the exception of the prosecution, have been sentenced to six months' imprisonment, for mildness of the verdict, and have already been incarce-rated in the fortiess of San Juan d'Elloa.

sentences of the Imperialist generals and ecclesiastical institution. colonels, both native and foreigners, to four years' imprisonment, the field and staff officers to three years, and the line officers to two years, surveillance of the police.

The foreign adherents of the Empire, including soldiers who served in the Imperia! are ordered to leave the Republic. The higher civil officers of the Empire are sentenced to banishment and the lesser officers to imprisonment and surveillance of

IMPORTANT FROM PANAMA.

the hurricane at St. Thomas and elsewhere.

sionary and six Christian natives. A British

News from South America as late as Octograceful revolts had occurred in Peru. In Magillo the civil guards had mutinied against their chief and killed the Colonel. Testament. And in the primitive Church the prefect and the commander in chief of the term 'Sabbatizing' carried with it the Coughs, colds, and diseases of the throat. the department.

In Pund they killed three of their chiefs, servances of the law. and disowned the authority of the Govern-

A. H. Lee, the man who drew the Crosby

THE SUNDAY CARS.

EXTRACTS PROM THE OPINION OF HON. JOHN DAY IN THE WEEK, INCLUDING SUNDAY,

It is clear that the fourth commandment, EST TREE TREE GRAPH.—The Cabinet of England, which for a long time has had the subject under consideration, has resolved to place all the telegraph lines of Great Britain place all the direction of the Post Office Desired. under the direction of the Post Office De- under a later dispensation. Like circumpartment. Belgium, and other European cision, it was a sign between Him and them only. It was a part of the ceremonial law, like sacrifices, and not binding at any time on any nation except the Jews. It is evident and it is a reproach that this great Republic | that no great nation of modern times, living should be among the last in a matter of this | under the Christian dispensation, could subkind. Thus far this great invention has mit to an observance of a day of entire rest been used for the benefit of a few corporators of it; for the command of the Almighty and monopolists. The people, literally, are entirely shut out from its benefits. In the whole Jewish Constitution was framed for a hands of the Government, despatches of ten small and partially barbarous nation, whose words could be sent to Philadelphia for ten tendency was to idolatry, and upon whom words could be sent to Philadelphia for ten cents, and fifty messages would be sent for bourne by those who considered themselves every one now sent over the lines. The people as specially selected by the Godhead. It would be accommodated and the Govern- was not a nation who could spread their

So in his Epistle to the Romans, 14th chap.,5th verse,"One man esteemeth one day above another; another esteemeth every day alike. Let every man be persuaded in his Our neighbor of the Gazette calls most regardeth it unto the Lord, and he that relustily for the "testimony" showing that he gardeth not the day to the Lord, he doth voted against Mr. Bisel, and challenges us not regard it; "and in the preceding chapter, to produce the evidence, or "stand before | 9th verse, the Apostle says: "For this thou the people of this county (why not else kill; thou shalt not steal; thou shalt not where?) as guilty of willful and malicious bear false witness; thou shalt not covet;

It is evident from these texts that the of ours. We agree with our neighbor that Apostle did not regard the fourth commandsomebody is guilty of "lying," to use his ment as a part of the moral revealed law, own elegant language, and as he is not but as a ceremonial or judicial law which known to be constitutionally opposed to was terminated by the coming of our Sasuch indulgences or pastimes, no presump-dispensation. It was part and parcel of the old dispensation fitted only for a small and they are obliged to provide a cheap train If "the issue is now just where he wants peculiar nation and necessarily perished it," we hope he will be satisfied. That is- with it, the whole being supplied by the tions, so as to accommodate poor persons Christian dispensation embracing in its outstretched arms not a single people, but all of veracity between Mr. Youngman, Mr. the nations of the earth, and announcing Leisenring and ourself. One of the three is principles of the purest morality exemplified evidently obnoxious to Mr. Youngman's in the life and teachings of the divine Au- | the mail. This road has been lately purchas-

The fourth commandment was a positive not guilty, and confident that Mr. Leisen- statute, fixing the seventh day of the week ring is not. The editor of the Gazette may, as a day of rest, and is the day observed by tonishing that the Scottish clergy, who are therefore, cipher out, at his leisure, who is the Jews; and of course the first day of the all of one denomination, should be very week cannot be the Sabbath day of the strict in their Sunday observances, when it

Figures won't lie, but the way in | The Sunday of the Christian world is which they are often written, they are apt therefore not the Jewish Sabbath of the and when in some parts of Scotland a ciergyto mislead. No one who attempts to con- declared opinion of Luther, Calvin, and all vey information, by figures, should write the early Reformers. Luther said: "As for them carelessly. Where it is important, letfor its observance; and if we do so the reason ought to be not because Moses com-CHIROCRAPHY.—We have heard it manded it, but because nature likewise suggested, and with some truth, that the teaches us to give from time to time a day modern handwriting of ladies, to say nothing of cross-lines, is more illegible and harder to read than the rapid scrawl of an harder to read than the rapid scrawl of an regardeth neither Sabbath nor holidays, beattorney. Ladies should always be not cause they endured but for a time, and were only neat and orderly in all they do, but ordained for the sake of preaching, to the

"Keep the Sabbath holy for its use both to body and soul; but if anywhere the day is made holy for the mere day's sake-if TERRIBLE TEMPEST AT POR- anywhere one sets up its observance upon a Jeirish foundation, then I order you to work on it, to ride on it, to dance on it, to feast stifling room, and forbid him to enjoy the something of a Vankee, I will venture a HAVANA, Nov. 15, 1867.—Later advices on it, to do anything that shall remove this fresh air of heaven. We have three long guess, that the approaching assembling of

commandment: "The Fathers frequently from them, and even clergymen leave their called it a shadoway commandment, because it contains the external observance of the No news whatever has been received re. the figures at the advent of Christ,"

"But all that it (the Sabbath) contained of a ceremonial nature was without doubt abolished by the advent of the Lord Christ." of a proper observance of Sunday as a day

still it is customary among us to assemble on bor; but living under the new dispensation, wherein the Knights of Southern Chivalry stated days for hearing the word, for break- and not under the old dispensation, I feel were to have a tilt with the lance, and the prayers, and also to allow servants and la- Jewish Salbath, porers remission from their labor."

"They complain that Christians are tinetured with Judaism because they retain any | ing the life of a sheep. observance of days. But I reply, the Lord's day is not observed by us upon the principle of Judaism; because, in this respect, the difference between us and the Jews is very great, for we celebrate it, not with scrupulous rigor as a ceremony which we conceive to be a figure of some spiritual mystery, girls, and not allow themselves to be guided inst., of the Revenue cutter Wilderness, with but only use it as a remedy necessary to the by love, but marry as they come. Love he preservation of order in the Church.

"They" (Luther and Calvin), says Rev. Dr. Rice, "have observed the form rather as a matter of necessity or expediency, than as divinely commanded." Calvin encouraged bowling and shooting upon the Lord's day after their devotions at church were ended.

Melanethon, Beza, Bucer, Zuinglius, Cranmer, Milton, and Knox were of the same opinion, and Jeremy Taylor says: "The effect of which consideration is this: that the Lord's day did not succeed in the place of the Sabbath; but the Sabbath was wholly On the 30th ult., Juarez commuted the abrogated and the Lord's day was merely of

Paley, Arnold of Rugby, Archbishop Whately, and our great lawgiver, hold the same language. Penn says: "To call any day of the week a Christian Salbath, is not Christian, but Jewish ; give us one Scripture

for it, I will give two against it." Bishop White, the chaplain to Congress during the Revolution and the senior bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America, in his Lectures on the Catechism, p. 64, speaking of the fourth commundment says: "In regard to its dura-NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—The steamer Arizona has arrived, with California dates to the Israelites, and unless some new obligathe 19th ult., and Panama to the 12th inst. tion can be shown, the institution ceased An extra of the Panama Star and Herald even in relation to Jewish converts to Chrishas advices direct from the West Indies, tianity at the destruction of their religious confirming the reports of the disasters by polity; and that it never extended to the Gentile Christians. Of this there shall be given There were seventy-nine vessels wrecked but one proof; it being decisive to the point, and six hundred lives lost.

The Cannibals of Fee Jee had murdered and caten the Rev. S. Baker, Wesleyan missiand caten the Rev. S. Baker, Wesleyan missia holy day, or of the new moon, or of the war vessel had gone to punish the murder. Sabbath days.' Here the Sabbath is considered as falling with the whole body of the ritual law of Moses, and this may show ber 13, have been received at Panama. Dis the reason on which our Church avoids the guardians of the Princes Charlotte. This reproach of a leaning to the abrogated ob-

The late Rev. D. James W. Alexander, a ment. Troops were sent to put down the church, writing from New York, says: "The Balan of Wild Cherry. question of riding in our street cars on Sun-A. II. Lee, the man who drew the Crosby day is sgitating our community. I have are allowed to be sent from the manufactory not been able to decide it. The poor of its of Fairbanks' Standard Scales. This prinat once to Mr. Crosby for \$200,000, is much cans: The RICH IN COACHES. The number ciple screpulously observed has given these of horses and men is less than if there were instruments the world-wide celebrity, and The London Observer announces that Queen Nictoria is about to emerge from her long seclusion and that the next season will be one last a million who have lawful occasion to position, where they received the highest journey. If so, the question would be re- premiums.

amount of locomotion. The whole matter of the Christian Sabbath is a little perplexed to my mind. 1st. All that our Lord says M. READ, OF THE SUPREME COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA, IN FAVOR OF THE PASSENGER RAILWAY CARS RUNNING ON EVERY CREATER WEEK INCLUDING SUNDAY.

Of the Christian Smooth that further part of the past week this city has the pennsylvania, in favor of the past week this city has been unusually busy, owing, I suppose to were, re-chact every other commandment of the large increase of visitors and the necessary of the past week this city has been unusually busy, owing, I suppose to were, re-chact every other commandment of the large increase of visitors and the necessary of the past week this city has been unusually busy, owing, I suppose to were, re-chact every other commandment of the large increase of visitors and the necessary of the past week this city has been unusually busy, owing, I suppose to were the large increase of visitors and the necessary of the past week this city has been unusually busy, owing, I suppose to were the large increase of visitors and the necessary of the past week this city has been unusually busy, owing, I suppose to were the large increase of visitors and the necessary of the past week this city has been unusually busy, owing, I suppose to were the large increase of visitors and the necessary of the past week this city has been unusually busy, owing, I suppose to were the large increase of visitors and the necessary of the past week this city has been unusually busy, owing, I suppose to were the large increase of visitors and the necessary of the past week this city has been unusually busy, owing, I suppose to were the large increase of visitors and the necessary of the past week this city has been unusually busy, owing, I suppose to week the large increase of visitors and the necessary of the past week this city has been unusually busy, owing, I suppose to week the large increase of visitors and the necessary of the past week the

not, therefore, surprised Calvin had doubts on the subject. I must wait for more light," In A. D. 321 the Emperor Constantine the Great, in the exercise of his civil authority, the sun (renerabili die solis). Those who live in the country, however, may freely and without fault attend to the cultivation of their fields, (since it often happens, that no other day may be so suitable for sowing grain and planting the vine); lest, with the loss of favorable opportunity, the commodi destroyed.

Judge Bell, in Specht vs. Com. (8 Barr, 325), puts the Sunday law on its true basis. "Its sole mission is to inculcate a temporary weekly cessation from labor, but it adds not to this requirement any religious obliga-

I shall therefore treat the case before us as one within the exceptions of necessity and charity. Before doing so it will be pro per to consider the history of this prohibi-tory law. With us it binds all persons, whether Israelites or seventh day Christians. In Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, and Ohio, persons who conscientiously believe and keep the seventh day as holy time, may do secular work and labor on Sunday, provided they disturb no other perthe setting of the same. Our very illiberality should make us more desirous to extend the limits of necessity and charity, and not to confine them within narrow boundaries in this age of improvement.

In England, the railroads are not compelled to run on Sundays, but whenever they do, also, which shall stop at all the usual sta-Some sixteen years ago, the directors of the railway between Glasgow and Edinburgh stopped the Sunday train, except the mail car, which they were obliged to run to carry cd by the North British Railway Company, who have resumed the Sunday trains, much to the comfort of the people. It is not aswas thought improper to walk on Sunday afternoon, after divine service, for recreation, ing, because it is an infraction of the fourth commandment, "In it thou shalt do no man-ner of work."*

There are now four passenger railways in Pittsburg, operating seventeen miles of road community. They have met with universal approbation, and the Sunday cars have bepersons to and from church, and have con duced greatly to the peace and quiet of the city and suburbs.

This is the universal belief, and I know it

them on Sunday.

But we should not oblige the workingfrom Porto Rico are received. The late encroachment on the Christian spirit and months of summer which the laboring man Congress had something to do with it, for Calvin says in his exposition of the Fourth lawyers, judges, and physicians run away will find he was very careful in his language churches, and go to the sea shore or to the mountains to avoid the torrid months of day, which was abolished with the rest of July and August. Shall not the operative adjoining the District were represented. One have the poor privilege allowed him of a passenger car on Sunday?

I am deeply impressed with the necessity Though the Sabbath is abrogated, yet of worship and prayer, and of rest from ladisplay was to be a grand Tournament, ing the mystical bread, and for public no inclination to turn the Lord's day into a

ed an offender accused of Sabbath-breaking for say-

Brigham Young, not content with one attack on civilization and christianity, is after the little god of Love. In a late order this beast of a prophet orders the young men of Utah to marry "right off" all the unmarried pronounces as a humbug, and winds up with saying that if after a certain time any girls

"are left over," he will marry them. Thaddeus Stevens offers for sale the Caledonia Iron Works in Pennsylvania, dethe burghers of Geneva by his own presence and example at their public recreations, as The land consists of nearly 21,000 acres. it is not sold he proposes to rebuild the works under a charter obtained for manufacturing purposes, which contains the privilege of building a railroad from the Maryland line to the Susquehanna River. It is also the intention of Mr. Stevens to build this With kind regards to inquiring friends, road if sufficient stock can be disposed of I remain

for that purpose. The oldest person in the State of Con-

the King of the Greeks, and is to have \$40.-000 a year afterwards. According to the People may say what they please, nearly all men, high or low, look out for rich wives. A poor girl, unless beautiful and accom-plished, stands but a poor chance for au "eligible" husband. It is a mean fact unworthy of correct manhood, but it is a fact

Sea cows have recently been seen feeding in the creeks and inlets of Tamps Bay. Walnuts, chestnuts, hazelnuts, persim-

mons, pop-corn and shellbarks are exceedingly plentiful in the Louisville market. The Cing of Belgium has appointed the Prince of Ligna, M. de Theux and M. Tesch act indicates that all hope of her recovery

lungs and chest will always prevail. Cruel consumption will claim its victims. These diseases, if attended to in time, can be arrest-

Balwim of Wild Cherry. NONE BUT PERFECTLY CORRECT machines

(From our Special Correspondent.) FROM WASHINGTON.

the ten, never advert to this. 3d. Even to Gentile converts they lay no stress on this, which might be expected to come first among externals. 4th. According to the letter Paul teaches the Colossians (11:16) not to be scrupulous about Sabbaths. I am not, therefore, surprised Calvin had doubts but is improving, and there is no now fear but that he will be in the Hall of the House of Representatives to answer his name at rollcall, take his seat and battle manfully for ordained as follows: "Let all judges, and people of the town rest, and all the various trades be suspended, on the venerable day of the sun (renerabili die solis). Those who been opposed to the old Commoner.

loss of favorable opportunity, the commodi-ties offered by Divine Providence should be Fisher unbecoming a gentleman and a law his attorney, used language towards Judge yer, for which he was reprimanded. He (Bradley) having his Southern blood aroused, and writhing under the rebuke, attack ed Judge Fisher as he was leaving the bench, but was prevented from doing him bodily harm by the spectators. Bradley then sent the Judge a challenge. After mature deliberation and a full consideration of the facts, Judge Fisher very properly ordered his name to be stricken from the list of lawyers practicing at that Court. The case was taken to the Supreme Court and a rule served on Bradley to show cause why he should not be dismissed for contempt. Governor Walker appeared for Bradley, but not showng cause, Chief Justice Carter decreed "that Mr. Bradley be dismembered from the bar of this court." Bradley tried to take it We have no desire, whatever, to occupy the aforesaid position, and if our neighbor has put his foot into it himself, it is no fault. Bradley tried to take it sons; and in Connecticut the prohibition to do any work is limited to that portion of the day between the rising of the sun and a bad grace, as his language in retiring proves, viz: "It was my purpose at as early day as practicable to retire from this bar; it is the manner of my taking off which affects me most." And "I desire to return your Honor thanks for having dismembered me from the bar." The decision gives universal satisfaction and the rebels admit that a Judge must be respected in his position. Last Wednesday night the Democracy of

Washington had a grand celebration and gave a serenade to President Johnson in honor of the result of elections lately held Pennsylvania, Ohio, New York, &c. To speak without prejudice, I must say the disolay was fine and the number in procession arge, but judging from the people on the side-walks not participating, I should say the parties out were equally divided-the Republicans gathering out of curiosity. The crowd at the President's house was large in numbers, and it was with difficulty that one could keep their feet. I managed to get a good look at his accidency, but not liking that kind of a squeezing process, and the people being so boisterous that it was imossible to hear Mr. Johnson, I climbed the iron railing and beat a basty retreat to Pennsylvania Avenue, glad to escape Scott-free. Several bands, belonging to the military, were out on the occasion and discours-Pittsburg, operating seventeen miles of road and passing in front of churches of every sect and denomination, and all running on sunday and used and patronized by divines sunday and used and patronized by divines Sunday, and used and patronized by divines judges, and all the religious persons in the "Hail to the Chief," but on Mr. Johnson's come a matter of absolute necessity in taking up "A heart bowed down with grief;" a

passing from the hall of the White House to the steps in front, the Marine Band struck melaneholy air from the Bohemian girl, not very appropriate for a man whose feelings were supposed to be jubilant, particularly one who claimed that his policy was susto be correct, having frequently ridden in tained by the people. The tune, however, them on Sunday. wearied look, with a "shadow on his brow." nan to confine himself to his own narrow, from what cause I cannot tell, but being cannot escape. Merchants, manufacturers, if you refer to his address, as reported, you

concerning that body. During the week an Agricultural Fair has great feature was a Base-ball Tournament, The Athletics of Philadelphia beat every club, day after day, and finally carried off the fifteen hundred dollar purse. Another winner to have the pleasure of crowning the Queen of Beauty. It was a grand fizzle. *In 1658, the Presbytery of Strathbogic comdemn | The Knights appeared as white American citizens, without coats, and their chivalry consisted in their rivalry to lance the ring so as to obtain the money prize, not caring for the fair sex who were present in round numbers. A nice state of affairs, when knight errantry can cust off beauty and stoop to the gathering of a few paitry dollars.

Our town is well represented in the Departments, and all seem popular in their several positions. You can well be proud of Shissler and Oyster, graduates of your oflice, and though not members of the profession, as townsmen, you can well afford to extend a hand of welcome to Rodrigue and Harrison. In speaking of our friend Artie, 1 must inform you that he is now attending Columbia Law College, is a close student, and on his admission to practice, if he should hang out his shingle in Sunbury, (of

Yours, fraternally

necticut is Mrs. Lord of East Lynne. She is 107 years old, and retains her mental faculties wonderfully. Her pet theme of conversation is of the Revolution, which she distinctly remembers. Her eyesight is somewhat faded, but she easily recognizes friends, and occomplishes a wonderful amount of knitting.

A Rich Wife.—The Grand Duchess Olgarecieved £40,000 down on her marriage with the King of the Greeks, and is to have £40.

MAGNOLIA WATER .- A delightful toilet article superior to Cologne and at half the price.

ALL contagious poisons doubtless produce their

ALL contagious poisons doubtless produce their peculiar influence upon the organism through the blood, in fact, they pass into this fluid, grow and multiply there, giving rise to changes in its composition. The contagious poisons generally consist of living matter, and this, by its growth and increase produces, by the great change in the circulating fluid, those terrible affections.

These contagious poisons will fall harmless where there is no impairment of health in any part of the system; but where the nucous surfaces are relaxed, the capillaries distended on account of a sluggish condition of circulation, the blood thin and peer, and a general lassitude, they will be taken up, and produce their legitimate effects—sickness and death.

All danger from these poisons can easily be avoided by using steadily the Zingari Bitters. It prevents by producing just such a condition of the system as is required to resist the poison, besides directly neutralizing many of them in the blood.

See advertisement of Speer's Wines in another SEE advertisement of Speer's Wines in another column. They are pure juice wines and the most reliable for sickness—superior for communion pur-

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Sunbury, Nov. 2, 1867. Auditor's Notice.

Auditor's Notice.

IN the matter of the distribution of the proceeds of sale of the franchises, &c., of the "Sunbury Canal and Water Power Company."

The undersigned, having been continued by the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland county, as Auditor in the above matter, hereby notifies all persons interested, that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Bruner & Kase, in the borough of Sunbury, on Tuesday, the 3d day of December, 1867, at 10 octock A M

CHAS. J. BRUNER, Auditor Sunbury, Nov. 23, 1867.



730 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia

Are the best in Use,

FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS They are more simple and durable, easier kept in order, make a stronger and more clastic stitch, a They see all fabrics from two common spools, require nq re-winding of thread, fasten both ends of the seam by their own operation, and though every fifth stitch is cut the seam will not rise.

His Dry Goods department is full of every description. A splendid line of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, and White Goods at all prices.

Fancy Sacking for Ladies, and Shetland Wool Shawls

fifth stitch is cut the seam will not rip. The Very Highest Prize, the Cross of the Legion of Honor was conferred on the representative of the

GROVER & BAKER SEVVING MACHINES

at the Exposition Universellee, Paris, 1867; thus attesting their great superiority over all other sewing machines GROVER & BAKER'S

NEW STYLES SHUTTLE MACHINES

For Manufacturing, Combine the most modern and essential improve-

The attention is requested of Tailors, Manufac turers of Boots and Shoes, Carriage Trimming. Clothing and all others requiring the use of the most effective

LOCK STITCH MACHINES, To these new styles, which possess unmistakable advantages over all others.

FOR SALE BY MISS CAROLINE DALIUS, Market Street, SUNBURY, PENN'A. Nov. 23, 1867.-9m

Auditor's Notice.

Auditor's Notice.

In the Orphans' Court of Northumberland County.

Notice is hereby given, that the Auditor appointed by the Court to distribute the balance in the hands of Joseph Priestly, Executor of the estate of Mary Antes, late of the Borough of Northumberland, deceased, to ami among those legally entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment at the office of J. B. Paeker, Esq., in the Borough of Sunbury, on Saturday the 30th day of November, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M. JAMES KEEMER DAVIS.

Nov. 23, 1867.— Auditor.

Nov. 23, 1867,--THE VERY LATEST ARRIVAL! FALL & WINTER Joseph Eyster,

Corner of Market and Fourth Street, SUNBURY, PENN'A. Invites the public to call and examine his elegant assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS. which be will sell at greatly reduced prices. His stock consists in part of CASSIMERES. CLOTHS &C.

Silks, Delaines, Lawns, Ginghams, Calucoes, Mustins, Sheeting, Tickings, Jeans, and a full assortment of Cotton and Woolen goods generally.

20072702005

Hostery, Gloves, Hoop Skirts. Also Handkerchie's. Brushes, Combs.

Hats and Caps. Boots and Shoes.
His assortment of goods will not, he is sure fail to

His assortment of goods will not, he is sure fail to please the fancy and suit the wants of any desirous of purchasing. His stock of

HARDWARE AND QUEENSWARE. HARDWARE AND QUEENSWARE,
and Groceries is large in quantity and choice in
quality, comprising generally everything needed in
the household either for use or ornament.

He is always ready and glad to see his friends
and takes pleasure in showing them his goods even
though no sales are made. He only asks a call, and
is sure that the stock will compare favorably in
price and quality with the cheapest.

JOSEPH EYSTER
Sunbury, Nov. 16, 1867.

SHEERIPP'S SALE.

BY virtue of a certain writ of Testatum Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Sunbury, Pa., on Monday the 2d day of December, A. D. 1867, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following proper-

ty to wit

All the following described land and premises, situate in Coal township in the county of Northumberland, in the State of Pennsylvania, being a part of the lands and premises which Frederick Albert Reinstein, Trustee, and Susan Longenecker, by indenture dated the 9th day of A. D. October, 1861, and recorded as hereinafter mentioned, sold and conveyed to Jerome Longnecker.

First. All that certain Furnace. Casting House, dwelling houses and Truct of Land, beginning at a post in the line of land, surveyed in the name of William Green: thence south eighty-nine degrees, east seven hundred feet and six inches to a post.

cast seven hundred feet and six inches to a post, thence several courses and distances, particularly described in the Deed from Frederick Albert Reinstein, Trustee, and Susan Longenecker to Jerome Longenecker (which said deed is recorded in the office for Recording Deeds, &c., in the county of Northumberland, in Book R R, page 574) to the place of beginning. Containing nineteen acres and sixty-nine and a half perches of land, strict mensure. Second. All that certain tract of land, beginning at a post in the middle of the Branch Rail Road to Big Mountain at the distance of eleven hundred and fifty-nine feet and four-tenths of a foot, southward from the point where the said middle line intersects the Eastern line of the tract of land surveyed in the name of Samuel Clark; thence along said line south name of Samuel Clark; thence along said line south one degree and six minutes west, seven hundred and thirty-one and one-tenth feet to a post; thence south eighty-nine degrees east, three hundred and twenty-five and a half feet to a peg in the middle line of the aforesaid Rail Road; thence along said middle line northward to the place of beginning, containing four acres and twenty-eight perches, strict measure. Heing a part of the third tract mentioned and described in the deed aforesaid.

and described in the deed aforesaid. and described in the deed aboresaid.

Third. All that certain tract or parcel of land, beginning at a post in the eastern line of the trac; of land surveyed in the name of Samuel Clark; thence north one degree and thirty-eight minutes east, one thousand and fifty-two feet to a post on the south-west certain of Post and Shakes were to the souththousand and fifty-two feet to a post on the south-west corner of Pearl and Shakespears streets in the town of Shamokin; thence several courses and dis-tances, particularly described in the Deed aforesaid, to the place of beginning, containing twenty acres and eighteen perches of Innd, strict measure. Being the fourth tract mentioned and described in the Deed aforesaid. Said last described tract being sub-ject to a mining right reserved unto one William L. Helfenstein, his heirs and assigns, as mentioned in said Deed.

Scized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Jerome Longenecker. DANIEL BECKLEY, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Sunbury, Nov. 16, 1867.

IF YOU WANT.

F you want a sett of Harness for \$18 00, go to JACK STROH. F you want a good silver-mounted Harness, go to JACK STROH JACK STROH.

If you want Harness, or anything in his line of business cheaper than they can be purchased claewhere, go and try at JACK STROH'S Shop. All goods are warranted as represented.

If you want a nice driving Horse and Buggy, go to JACK STROH'S Livery, opposite the Central Hotel, Sunbury. totel, Sunbury.

If you want a good Auctioneer, go to JACK STROH
who is always on hand to make you a good sale

> FRESH MEAT REPUE & BOWER,

REPUE & BOWER.

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity, that they have taken the Butchering Establishment of Jeremiah Savidge, on Arch street, and are prepared to furnish Beef, Pork, &c., of the very best in market, at reasonable rates. All orders will receive prompt attention, and all meat delivered where ordered. Give us a call.

JOHN REFUE.

WILLIAM BOWER.

Sunbury, September 28, 1867.

Sunbury, September 28, 1867.

NEW LAGER BEER CHAS. ITZEL RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced the manufacture, and is now ready to furnish

LAGER BEER AND ALE, of a superior quality. Having procured the services of a first class brewer, he is enabled to supply Landlords. Rectaurants and private families with an article that is palatable, pure and healthy.

Orders are respectfully solicited which will receive prompt attention.

CHAS. ITZEL. Sunbury, November 16, 1867.

A NEW ARRIVAL OF FALL AND WINTER AT THE STORE OF J. H. ENGEL, Corner of Fourth and Market Streets, SUNBURY.

JUST received from New York and Philadelphia, a large supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, which he will sell at small profits, for each country produce.

Yankee Notions in Great Variety Also, Ladies French Corsets and Hoop Skirts.

CARPETS.

Wove Floor Cloths, Stair Carpets Floor Oil Cloths, all widths, Carriage Oil Cloth, Table Oil Cloth Widow Shades, Plain Green and Brown Oil Cloth and Fixtures for Windows. GROCERIES, WW

Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Rice, Crackers, Spices, Salt

Hats and Caps. Oil, Paint, Glass, Putty. School Books, Paper, States, &c. HARDWARE.

Shovels, Forks, Nails, Locks, Hinges and Screws. A Large assortment of WALL PAPER and Border, at all prices.
All persons desiring to get good goods will please give him a call.

J. H. ENGEL. Sunbury, Nov. 16, 1867. NOTICE.

In the matter of the Petition of citizens of the Commonwealth of Peansylvania, residing in the borough of Sundary, in the County of Northumberland, for a Charter of Incorporation, to be called and known as "The Sunbary Mutual Saving Fund and Building Association," its principal business to be conducted in the borough of Sandary, in read County.

Notice is incurred given that application has been made to the Court of Common P'eas of Northuml erland County, by citizens of this Commonwealth, for a Charter of Incorporation, according to the objects, articles, and conditions, and with the name, style and title specified, set out and contained in a certain instrument of writing, called the "Constitution of the Suphery Mutoal Saving Fund and Building Association" filed in the Prothometary's office at Sunbary in said County, the fifth day of November, A. D. one theusend eight hundred and sixty-seven; and that, if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, and Charter of Incorporation will be granted, in pursuence of the provision of the act of Assembly in such case mide and provided, according to the tenor and effect of said instrument of writing, at the next term of said Court, towit the first Monday in January next.

SEAL Prothometary's Other John J. Remenyance.

Sandary, Nov. 7, 1867.

Prothomotary.

Machine Stitching.

Machine Stitching. ORDERS or work left at the store of D. M. Brandigam, in Northumberland, will be promptly attended to.

All work warranted Nov. 2-tf 203 Boot, 2.7 THE Nationa 60 60 05 1st SES er's 65 65) D E3

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Prospectus for 1868. HARRISBURG DAILY TELEGRAPH Full Report of Legislative Proceedings.— Te'e

graphic News from all Parts of the World. More than eleven years have clapsed since the undersigned undertook the hazardous task of estab-lishing a daily paper at the Capital of the State. In 1856, on the 7th day of October, the DAILY TELE-GRAPH was list projected by the present proprietor, and we need not tell our readers that great doubts existed in the minds of many of our friends of our ability to sustain the same, with the limited mean at command, but a fixed determination, energy and industry have crowned our effort with success, and the Telegraph to-day bears abundant testimony that it is a permanent institution of the Capital city.

when we reasonber that we started with but me When we rensember that we started with but one Washington and an old wooden power poess, which was sufficient to do all our press work at that time, we feel exceedingly gratified to inform our readers that it requires now one large double cylinder Taylor press, two largesingle cylinder Taylor presses, lor press, two largesingle cylinder Taylor presses, a job press and a large iron hand press, to supply the wants of the public, and the same increase, in proportion, of other printing materials. The size of the daily is to-day twice as large as when we starfed the same, and we should not be surprised if we are compelled again to enlarge it before the close of the present volume. It is now the largest daily published outside of the commercial cities in the State. Proceedings of the Legislature and Congress.
It shall be our sim during the next winter to furnish complete and full reports of the proceedings of the National and State Legislatures, together with full telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the

The political complexion of the paper is so well known that we need not refer to it, and we can as-sure our Republican friends that notwithstanding the slight reverses during the past year we do not intend to take any step backward. Such is not the destiny of the Republican party, and we shall enter into the next Presidential contest with renewed vi-

TERMS OF THE DAILY The Dathy will be furnished to mail subscribers at the following rates, viz:
One copy during the session of the Legislature \$2 00
Ten copies duiring the same period, in one

Ten copies duiring the same period, in one pack 15 00
One copy daily per year 7 00
Ten copies, in one pack, for the same period, 60 00
THE WEEKLY TELEGRAPH
Will be printed, as heretofore, on a large sheet, and not only contain all the important matters published in the Daily, but also additional reports of the markets, &c., and extended notices of political matters of the State at large.

The ensuing Presidential campaign will be of the greatest importance, and we hope that every Republican in the State will assist us in circulating such documents as will bring the truth to every fireside in the country.

in the country.
TERMS OF THE WEEKLY. TERMS OF THE WEEKLY.

The Weekly will be published regularly every Wednesday marning at the following rates, viz:
One copy, weekly, for one year,
Five capies, weekly, for one year in one pack, 8 00
Ten copies, weekly, for one year, in one pack, 15 00
Twenty copies, weekly, for one year, in one pack

Fifty copies, weekly, for one year, in one pack

Well of the pack one year, in one pack of the pack o

We have placed the price of our paper to clubs at the very lowest rates, and we hope to receive orders from our friends promptly. Address GEORGE BERGNER. Nov. 9, 1867. -3t

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

FANCY DRY GOODS. MISS KATE BLACK,
Market Square, two doors East of the old Bank
building, SUNBURY, Penn'a.,
HAS opened a fresh supply of the latest styles of
from the most fashionable establishments in Phila
delphia.

from the most fashionable establishments in Phila delphia.

Cheap De Laines, Alpacas, French Merinos, Plain and Plaid Poplins, Mourning Goods, Cloths, Sacquo Flannels, Ladies and Childrens' Hats, Feathers, Ribbons, Dress Trimmings, Embroideries, Lace Veils and landkerchiefs, gloves, hosiery, Balmoral skirts, Brenkfast and Blanket Shawls, Winter Sacques and Ladies' goods of every description.

Gents' Collars, Neck-ties, Half-hose, Handkershiefs and Illerse

chiefs and Gloves.

Perfumery, Toilet Sonps, Hair Brushes, Combs, etc.

La Hopkins' Eliptic Skirts. KATE BLACK

Sunbury, Nov. 2, 1867.

FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY GOODS AND NOTION S

Miss ANNA PAINTER, Market Square, two doors west of the Post Office SUNBURY, PENN'A. RESPECTFULLY informs her friends and the public, that she has just returned from the city, where she has spent some time in making selections and purchases, and has just opened a large stock of MILLINERY GOODS AND NOTIONS, Ribbons, Laces, Dress-Linings, Crincline and Wi-gaus Skirting Lining, Hoop Skirts, Bugle Trim-mings, Grape Trimmings, Hat Crape, Cloak Buttons, Cornets, Zephyrs.

A large assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's Hosiery. A variety of BOOKS & STATIONERY. DOLLS of all sizes, Alphabet Blocks, &c

Sugar, Conce, Monasses, Rice, Grackers, Spices, Sait
Fish, Cheese, Ac.
Queensware, Glassware. splendid Scits of Teaware, at low prices.
BOOTS & SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY.

BOOTS & SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY.

NEW GOODS,

Miss LOUISA SHISSLER, South side of Market Square, SUNBURY, Pa AS just returned from the city with a largeland-come and cheapest assortment of Parisinastyles of Liddles' and Misses' Hats and Bonnets in
Sunbury, of the following patterns, Princess, Alaska,
All Right Floretta, Sensation, Turban, etc. Alaska,
All Right Floretta, Sensation, Turban, etc. Alaska,
Feathers, velvets, sitks, laces, ornaments, Trinamings,
Feats, Far Trimmings, Veils, both Lace and Grenadine, Embroidery, Cluna Lace and Linnen Collars
and Culls.

Gentlemen's Goods, such as Hosiery, Handker-

Gentlemen's Goods, such as Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Neck-ties, Brushes and goods for the toilet.
Also, a fine assortment of Perfumery, and all goods u-ually kept in a well furnished establishment.
Thankful for pest favors she hopes by a further desire to please the public, the continuance of their

LOUISA SHISSLER.

W E would call the attention of those wanting a Child's Carriage, to our new and large assort-ment comprising new and beautiful style. J. H. CONLEY & CO. NEW PALL

MILLINERY GOODS.

Hats for features bright and jotty. Hats for straight hair, and for curly

Hats of silk, cloth, felt and beaver. Hats that always look so neat, Are bought at Miss Gossler's on Fourth street Also, an excellent assortment of Fashionable Em-Also, an excellent assortment of Fashionable Embroideries, Edgings, Laces, Woolen Cups, Ilandker chiefs, Scarfs, Gloves, Hasteries, and all kinds of Fancy Notions, Stamped Muslim, Corbets, Perfunction, Scarps, Lilly White, Enamel of America, Scattonery, &c., &c.

Call and examine for yourselves. No ironable to show zone.

1867 GREAT REDUCTION 1868

Fall & Winter Goods! ed from Philadelphia with a superior stock of Fal and Winter Goods for the trade of 1867 and is which she is able to sell at very reduced price would respectfully call the attention of her custmers and the public generally, to the superior and ity of her goods, and the low prices at which the ore held. She has all kinds of

DRESS GOODS,

Gloves of all descriptions, including a very suptior quality of Ladies' Cloth Gloves. HOSIERY. Ribbons and Trimmings of all varieties. Laces, stamped goods. Zephyrs and Yarns, Towling in great

Tassels and Buttons Poundes, Extracts, and a large-variety of notions and funcy articles. Call and sea them before going elsewhere. M. L. LAZARUS.

Sunbury, Nov. 2, 1867 Machine Stitching. ORDERS or work left at the store of M. ft.
Priestley, in Northumberland, will be promptly

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE. Used by hundredsof Congregations for Church or Communion

ALSO. EXCELLENT FOR LADIES AND WEAKLY PERSONS.



VINEYARDS, NEW JERSET

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE. FOUR YEARS OLD

Tonic & Strengthening Properties

A WINE TO BE RELIED ON. Invalids use SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE Female use SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE Weakly persons find a benefit by its use. SPEER S WINES in hospitals are preferred to

Children's Carriages.

Millinery Goods, Hiss 31. L. Gossler, begs leave to an nonnec to the Ladies of Sunbary and vicinity, that she has just opened a large and varied stock of

of all the latest Fall and Winter styles, to which she invites attention of her patrons, and the laties generally, confident of her ability to please.

A good assertment of BONNETS & HATS,

show goods Sunbury, Nov. 2, 1867.

Miss M. B. Lazarus, having jud return

including Poplins, Merinos, De Lains, Calicocs, Actual at the lowest prices.

Extra quality Modins at extra low prices. Prillings, Canton Flamels.

Balmoral Skirts. Shawls, Hosal.

tionts and Ladies Handkershiefs Searts Mon

ttended to.

Purposes.



This justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this country Its invaluable

Are unsurpassed by any other native wine. Being the pure juice of the grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weak est invalid may use it to advantage. It is particuly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various allments that affilet the weaker sex. It is, in every respect.

other wines.

Sold by all Druggists and Grocers
A SPEER'S VINEYARD, New Jersey Office. 213 BROADWAY, New York. For sale by W. A. BENNETT, Sunbury, Pa Oct. 26,+1y.

CARPENTERS.

WILL find in our establishment a superior stock of Planes. Saws, Augers, Hatchets, Hammers. Files Chizels, &c., &v., for sale by J. H. CONLEY & CO.