FOR SUPREME JUDGE, HON. HENRY W. WILLIAMS, Of Allegheny County.

UNION REPUBLICAN COUNTY CON. UNION REPUBLICAN COUNTY CON-VENTION.

The Union Republican Voters of Northumberland County, and all others opposed to Southern rebels and their Northern sympathisers ruling the land which they attempted to destroy during the recent Rebellion, are respectfully requested to assemble in their respective election districts throughout the county on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7th, 1867, between the hours of I and 8 o'clock P. M., and elect the usual number of Delegates from each dis-trict, to represent them in the County Convention to be held in the Court House, in the Borough of Sun-bury, on MONDAY, September 9th, 1867, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a ticket to be presented to the voters of Northumberland county at the ensuing election.

to be presented to the country at the ensuing election.

EM'L. WILVERT, Chairman County Committee E. C. HANNA, Secretary, Sunbury, August 15, 1867.

JUDGE SHARSWOOD ON LEGAL TENDERS.

Extract from His Opinion in the Case o Borie vs. Trott.

"On the whole, then, I am of opinion that the provision of the act of Congress of February 25th, 1862, declaring the notes issued in pursuance of that act to be lawful money, and a legal tender, is unconstitutional. consider the other question which has been made, as to the effect of the special agreement to pay in lawful silver money of the United States. I am in favor of entering judgment for the plaintiff, but as a majority of the court are of a different opinion, judgment for the defendant,"—Copied from the Philadelphia Age of 23d of February, 1864, where the opinion is published in full.

It may also be found in the Legal Intelli gencer of March 18, 1864, page 92. In the same copy of the Age is a carefully

prepared eulogy of the judge and this opinion, in which is the following: "Judge Sharswood reasons upon and de-

cides the case as if he were some lofty spirit sitting far above and out of the contentions and strifes of the world.'

Will not the holders of greenbacks and Government bonds consider the judge as quite too elevated and ethereal for such earthly honors as a seat on the Supreme Bench ?

THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

The Democratic Convention met on Monday last, at the Court House in this place. The proceedings were of a quiet and orderly character, with less excitement or interest than is usually manifested. The result was, however, in some respects, unexpected .-The candidates nominated are what are generally called clever men, but in point of ability are not supposed to be any improvement over their predecessors. ment over their predecessors.

Gen. Kase was nominated for Assembly, Gen. Kase was nominated for Assembly, sibilities, contradictions. Its creed cannot by a larger majority than was anticipated. Stand the test of any great national strug-The General's Republican untecedents did gle.—North American and U. S. Gazette. him no harm in the eyes of his adopted

For Register and Recorder, Mr. Jacob Leisenring was nominated by a very large majority over Mr. Cummings, the present incumbent. As Mr. C. was an excellent officer, this vote shows that the democracy look upon the offices in the light of spoils, which belong to and should be distributed among the hungry expectants of the party.

surer, we have but little acquaintance with. takes strong ground against the military bills. He says that he would prefer martial If he shouldmake as obliging and attentive an officer as Mr. Farnsworth, we shall not Referring to the cases of Tennessee and complain. But the Treasurer should reside Kentucky, he concludes that no State is as-

Mr. Jacob Hunsicker, who was nominated for Commissioner, over Hugh Martin, Esq., is a respectable and worthy man, Mr. Martin has proved himself one of the most energet. Carolina, who apparently constitute a maic and intelligent Commissioners we have jority of those entitled to vote, are not likehad for many years, and his place will not be easily supplied by any one equally competent

Mr. Teats, the nomince for Jury Commissioner, will, no doubt, faithfully represent the party, in this new office just established. of the south throughout the north. But as two persons must be elected, and only one can be voted for, Mr. Teats will necessarily have a good Republican to keep him on the right track.

Joseph Eisely was almost unanimously nominated for County Auditor.

The following is the vote for the different offices:

FOR ASSEMBLY.

1,109

1319

Wm. H. Kase,

Geo. C. Welker.

J. B. Newbaker,

Joseph Eisely, John Hoffa,

Eisely's majority,

Kase's majority over the highest FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER. Jacob Leisenring, J. A. J. Cummings, Leisenring's majority FOR THEASURER. John F. Fiedler, Thomas Barr, Fiedler's majority, POR COMMISSIONER. Jacob Hunsicker, Hugh Martin, Hunsicker's majority, POR JURY COMMISSIONER. H. H. Tests, John Pearson Teats' majority, FOR AUDITOR.

THE REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY published in our last paper, after paying a just and merited compliment to Judge Jordon, very properly reccommended, among other things, the adoption of some measure to remedy the defect in hearing in the new court room, and also blinds to prevent the ntense and continuous glare of lights reare apparent to all who have occupied the

Blinds, however, are a very poor substithis city te-day resulted in the election of the principal lossers are D. Brown & Sons, \$15,000; J. N. Patterson, \$20,000; Cook & Co., dealers in engines, \$50,000; Tibbetts & Gilbert, \$2,000; Cotat & Co., oil shippers, \$15,000; Mr. Sloan, the architect, who planned building, designed panel work in the citing, and now recommends its adoption.

The principal lossers are D. Brown & Sons, \$10,000; Cook & Co., dealers in engines, \$50,000; Tibbetts & Gilbert, \$2,000; Catz & Co., oil shippers, \$15,000; Bennett & Black, lumber yard, \$2,000; Crain & Thackera, refiners, \$1,000; The Equal Rights Convention which meets here to-morrow promises to be a large demonstration. Delegates, both white and colored, will be present from all parts of the State.

COPPERHEAD LOGIC.

Our enemies persistently clamor about the magnitude of the national debt, as a proof magnitude of the national debt, as a proof of Republican incapacity to govern, and therefore argue that we ought to sustain copperhead candidates for office. But will they pay off the debt or repudiate it? If they propose to pay it off, in what way can they do so without increasing the already enormous taxation? Yet these same copperheads keep up the same clamor about the taxation as being a vast incubus. How can they reduce both the debt and the taxes? They already have the whole national adthey reduce both the debt and the taxes? They already have the whole national administration in their hands, including the President and Secretary of the Treasury. We can give them no more power to reduce either debt or taxes. If they had a majority in both houses of Congress, they could not reduce expenses without embarrassing their own administration, unless they were to stop all payment of bounties and pensions to soldiers. Still they appeal to the soldiers as being their especial friends, and represent the Republicans as their enemies. Would the Republicans as their enemies. Would they pay seven and a half millions of dollars for Alaska and five millions for Samana, or would they repadiate these engagements, which are not Republican, but made by Seward and Johnson?

They magnify the burden of the debt and indeavor to render it odious to the people, at the same time that they pretend to accept the lessons of the civil war and the splendid results achieved by it. If the war and its results are to be considered thus as beyond question, why dispute the debt without which it could not have been carried on? If they do not desire to repudiate that debt, why seek to render it odious? If they so ardently wish to reduce the debt, why in-crease its load of interest by funding greenand a legal tender, is unconstitutional. backs bearing no interest in securities that does not contain the correspondence between "This renders it unnecessary that I should pay six per cent. in gold? If as a matter of Generals Sickles and Grant, and therefore backs bearing no interest in securities that economy they are opposed to paying bounties to the soldiers, why go on paying out mil-lions for more territory? If they are so well satisfied with the greenbacks, why reiterate all the old stale cries about an excessive and worthless currency? If they prefer a gon-anteed bank currency, why seek to under-mine the credit of the national banks? If Cabinet meeting on Friday. This corres-pondence is said to be very spicy. taxes on domestic industry? They have

constantly represented that there existed so

great and pressing a need for revenue as to

eave no room for a lowering of taxes, and

yet they keep up a clamor at the same time against this very taxation as unjust.

They seek to make the Union soldiers regard them as their friends, while they continually depreciate their glorious deeds, and award more credit to the rebel troops than to our own. They pretend to abhor the assassination of Abraham Lincoln while they lament the execution of his assassins, and strain every nerve to render odious all engaged in their conviction and execution. They lay claim to patriotism and adhesion to the Union side in the civil war, while they do not disguise that their sympathies were with the rebels, and regard Jefferson Davis and his associates as the greatest of statesmen, and Lee, Beauregard, Johnson, etc., as the greatest of generals. They perpetually cry out for the Constitution, at the same time that they associate with rebels who sought to destroy it. They claim to be Democrats, yet oppose democratic princi-ples. They assert their devotion to nation-The party is a thing of contrarieties, impos-

AFFAIRS AT THE SOUTH.

NORLH-CAROLINA.-Judge Fowle, of the county court of Williamston, N. C., recently gave a decision allowing colored jurors, stating that since the abolition of slavery, in 1865, by North-Carolina, there was nothing excluding negroes from acting as jurors, and since the passage of the Civil Rights bill, granting them all the rights of whites, they were fully entitled to act in this capacity.

SOUTH-CARORINA .- The rebel Gen. Wade Mr. Fledler, who was nominated for Trea- | Hampton has written a letter in which he sured of admission, which does not elect radical representatives. In this view, he advises the South-Carolinians to register and vote against a Convention. Unfortunately for his creed, the black citizens of Southly to accept this advice.

Gov. Orr delivered a speech at Beton, S. C., last Friday, in which he advised the people to register and vote for a convention, being satisfied that the attitude of the negroes in the convention, and Legislature will produce a wonderful reaction in favor

Georgia.-The registration in Georgia has been completed, and, contrary to expectations, the blacks are some 2000 in the ma-jority. It was expected the whites would have a majority of 30,000. With the assistance of the loyal whites the majority against the late or present rebels will be overwhelm-

ing.
The Albany News, of Georgia, has been suspended by General Pope for disloyalty.
Alabama.—Registration in this State is completed, but full returns are all lacking from several counties. The returns thus far received give--whites, 57,686; blacks, 84,-524-total, 152,210.

A jury was impanneled in Montgomery City on the 26th ult., under the recent order of Gen. Pope, composed of half blacks and half whites.

VIRGINIA.—Registration returns from all except eight counties have been received at head-quarters. The result is as follows: -- Whites, 110,000; blacks, 90,000. Of the counties not heard from, four will give large white majorities. There are how-ever no doubt that the loyal white voters will run from 25,000 to 30,000.

Louisiana. - Aristide Mary, a mulatto man of education and influence, has been appointed by Gen. Sheridan a member of the New-Orleans Board of Assistant Aldermen, to fill a vacancy occasioned by resig-

General Sheridan has issued two ordersone removing the City Comptroller for dis-alty, and the other directing the Levee In-spectors appointed under the board created by him, to enter upon the discharge of their duties. He has also confirmed the displacement of three judges in Texas, by Gen. Gril-fin, for disloyalty.

Destructive Fire at Petroleum Cen.

tre, Pa. PETROLEUM CENTRE, Pa., Sept. 3.—A destructive fire occurred last night on the Boyd farm, terminus of Oil creek railroad, destroying the cil shipping yards of D. Brown & Sons; Catz & Co.; Cook & Co.; Tibbets & Gilbert; also, twenty cars, consisting of pas-senger, truck and tank cars, owned by the lected from the white walls. These defects | Oil creek road and Empire line. The loss

is estimated at \$175,000; partially insured The fire originated from a leaking tank; an agent lighting a match in close proximi-ty sent a stream of fire to the vats below.

GEN. GRANT'S LAST ORDER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1, 1867. The publication yesterday afternoon of General Grant's brief order directing the commanders of the military districts to make no appointments to civil office of persons who have been removed by themselves or their predecessers in command, created a their predecessors in command, created a profound sensation here, and has been the profound sensation here, and has been the chief topic of conversation last night and to-day. It was prepared on Thursday, and telegraphed to the district commanders on the same day, but was not made public until yesterday. It indicates that General Grant is determined to allow no encroachment by the President upon his right to supervise the appointments by the district commanders, which the effort made to secure the reinstatement of Governor Wells, immediately after the publication of the order relieving Sheridan, shows was contemplated by the

Rebel element here and in Louisiana, This order effectually settles that and all other similar cases. It receives the warmest approval of Grant's friends, who contend he was fully justified in issuing the orders in advance of any such appointment, and that it is in conformity with the letter and spirit of the law.

The friends of the President say that Grant has no right to impose conditions precedent upon the district commanders, but that his authority should only be exercised by approving or disapproving such appointments after they are made. This is conceded to be the President's opinion on the subject; but whether he will attempt to overrule the

order remains to be seen. BINCKLEY'S LAST EFFORT.

The statements prepared by Acting At-torney-General Binckley, in the Sickles' case, only presents that portion of the case brought to the attention of the Attorney-General.

Application was made yesterday at Gene ral Grant's headquarters for this correspon dence, but information was elicited that it could not be given at present. This was in accordance with the decision made at the

Arrived here yesterday, and had a long in terview with General Grant. Mr. Cameron declared afterwards that General Grant was as sound a Republican as any man in the country. Mr. Cameron also expressed him-self strongly in favor of the impeachment of President Johnson.

The Conspirators at the Dry Tortugas.

The Washington Star publishes the folowing, extracts from a private letter, dated at Fort Jefferson, Florida, August 18: There are but few prisoners here now forty-five in all, and two-thirds of them, is not more, are United States soldiers, who have been sent here for various crimes, principally desertion. The conspirators are lodged like the other prisoners, in the second tier of casemates. Their quarters are cool, dry, and airy, and command quite as pleasant view as there is. They manage to live
pretty well, with their Government rations
and what their friends send them. Arnold
is employed as a clerk, and seems satisfied,
Spangler and O'Laughlin work at their
trade as carpenters, Mudd works now in
the carpenter shop, and is getting quite
handy with the tools. They all are in exthe carpenter shop, and is getting quite handy with the tools. They all are in ex-cellent health, but are a little thinner than

General Grant Revokes one of Andy Johnson's Appointments. WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 .- The President reintendent at the Lincoln Depot, in this city, and General Grant has revoked the appointment, and George N. Gilbert, the present Superintendent, will remain. Flynn, the Presidential appointee, was formerly President Buchauan's Navy Agent in this city, was a delegate to the Philadelphia-Johnson (Wigwam) Convention, and is one of the special favorites of the Executive.

Coal in Colorado and New Mexico. ST Louis, Sept, 2 .- General Palmer, the reasurer of the Union Pacific railroad, of Kansas, and Dr. Le Conte, geologist of the surveying party, have been engaged for a month past in investigating the coal fields of the Raton mountains, in Colorado and New Mexico, on the proposed line of that road. They report many large deposits of very valuable coal, and one vein, 50 miles north of Fort Union, is 10 feet thick and more than fifty square miles in extent. The coal is considered equal to the best Pittsburg coal. Iron ore has also been discovered in the same locality.

The Indian Troubles.

Sr. Louis, August 31.—Western dis-patches say that the Apache and Navajo natches say that the Apache and Navajo which were given to him, and for which he ndians are committing numerous outrages gave the following receipt: in New Mexico.

Two hunters had been killed in the San Manto Mountains, and four others were miss-The Indians drove off thirteen thousand

sheep, when the citizens pursued and recap-tured all but fifteen hundred. The Indians continue troublesome at the is a mystery. Sweet Water Pines in Utah. Sixteen were killed by a party of miners there on the 4th.

in Colorado.

world. St. Louis, Sept. 1.—A dispatch from NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. has yet been received from the force sent against the Indians, but a severe battle is believed to have taken place. All the sav-

WILMINGTON, Sept. 8.—The election in this city to-day resulted in the election of Joshua S. Valentine, the Radical candidate J. A. J. Cummisos, Ci'k. O. C. Sunbury, Sept. 7, 1867.

Execution at Philadelphia.

torney. I forgive the Governor for what he has done, and I hope it will be the last case like mine to be brought to a platform. I did not get justice. I hope God will give me justice, and I forgive all,

"I have no ill-will against any person. As Christ died for a principle, so do I die. Although you may not see it, it will not be long before you are aware of it. I hope my memory and name will be proved innocent for the sake of those I leave behind me. For myself I care nothing; it is for them.' The scoundrel was then hung.

The Vermont Election-The Republienns Successful.

MONTPELIER, VT., Sept. 3.-Returns for Governor from 35 towns—about one fourth of the State—give John B. Paige, Republican, 7,340, and John L. Edwards, Democrat, 2,488, against 8,304 for Dillingham, and 2,557 for Davenport, last year. This looks like a Republican majority of 20,000 in the

Returns for Representatives from 51 towns show 47 Republicans and 4 Democrats elected. The latter being from strong Republican towns. The Senate will probably be unauimously Republican.

THERE is every reason to fear great sickness this season. The summer has been wet, and all vegeta-ble matter has grown luxuriantly, so now, that de-composition is commencing, malarial poison will be developed to an awful extent; and the terrible disdry, and airy, and command quite as pleas-tent fevers, cholera merbus, and other bowel com-

MALARIA.-The decayed and decaying vegetais natural for them. They have the benefit of the library, and Mudd and Arnold read some. On the whole they are much better off than they would be anywhere else, I believe certainly they are better off than any prisoners I ever saw. A reporter visited the post this morning, and Mudd expressed some fears that he would publish something. some fears that he would publish something concerning them, and said that they would much rather be left alone, as they already which rately, or as some of our feighbors say, never fails. It is reliable both for prevention and cure.—With it, men may live with complete immunity from the malignant effluvia which has hitherto rensuffered a good deal from newspapers accounts.

from the malignant effuvia which has numero reacted a good deal from newspapers accounts.

from the malignant effuvia which has numero reacted and product of the malignant effuvia which has numero reacted and the second of the malignant effuvia which has numero reacted and the second of the malignant effuvia which has numero reacted and the second of the malignant effuvia which has numero reacted and the second of the malignant effuvia which has numero reacted and the second of the malignant effuvia which has numero reacted and the second of the malignant effuvia which has numero reacted and the second of the malignant effuvia which has numero reacted and the second of the as a preventive .- Illinois Den

A GENTLEMAN of great medical knowledge says nat a more genial, wholesome and effectual tonic and appetizer than Drake's Celebrated Plantation Bitters was never discovered. He recommends it for Dyspepsia, for Liver Complaint, for Exhaustion, Weakness, for a want of Appetite, and for Mental Depression. It is an agreeable stimulent, and is equally adapted to young and old. Persons of sedentary habits, like clergymen, lawyers, merchants, and delicate females, are particularly benefited by its use.

MAGNOLIA WATER .- A delightful toilet article-

[For the American.] NO MISTAKE. MR. EDITOR:-An editorial article apeared in the Gazette of last week, under the head of "A Mistake," presuming to ques tion the correctness of my account, as pub-lished in the "AMERICAN," of the proceeds of the exhibition of Tableaux and Charades, for the benefit of the Fire Companies, which charges me, indirectly, of having returned one dollar less than the amount received. As the Treasurer of that fund, as well as a proper regard for my reputation, compels me to notice this small matter and place it in a proper light, so that the public may see to whom the alledged mistake is chargeable. Mr. Youngman voluntarily proposed to take two tickets for the amount of his bill,

SUNBURY, August 15, 1867.
Received of George Gibson, two tickets for Tableaux and Charades, in full for printing.

J. YOUNGMAN.

How he can now say, in the face of this receipt, that "the \$1.00 represented as paid to "Youngman" for printing, was not paid,"

Mr. Youngman no doubt supposed com plimentary, or free tickets were given to other editors and ought to have been given Nevada complains bitterly of Indian dep-redations in the country west of Olive Creek, to him. No such tickets were given to any one, as you, Mr. Editor, will know from the The Sweet Water mines are said to contain the most extensive quartz ledges in the tickets at the door.

L. D.

against the Indians, but a severe battle is believed to have taken place. All the savages in this section say they do not wish peace, and will kill the Commissioners, if possible. They are driving all the buffalo towards their villages on the Republican river. A telegram from General Augur's headquarters says the Indians attacked a Government train near Fort C. F. Smith on the 26th ult., and were repulsed with a loss of twenty killed, and one officer and four soldiers killed on our side. All hostile tribes around Fort Phil. Kearney are under the leadership of Red Cloud, and are bent on war. Black Hawk, chief of the Utah Indians, favors peace.

A battle between the Ogallalla and Beute tribes of Sioux occurred on the 27th ult., at Cedar Canon, thirty miles south of Julesburg, in which several savages were killed.

From Delaware.

BEPUBLICAN SUCCESSES—EQUAL RIGHTS CONVENTION.

WILMINGTON, Sept. 8.—The election in this city te-day resulted in the election of Joshua S. Valentine, the Radical candidate

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, will be exposed to public sale on the premises, on SATURDAY the 21st day of SEPTEMBER, 1857, all that certain Real Estate, said county, will be exposed to public sale on the premises, on SATURDAY the 21st day of SEPTEMBER, 1857, all that certain Real Estate, said county, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a hickory, thence by land of Paniel Rothernel, north on degree, west 19 perches to a stone; thence south 16 and a half degree, west 29 perches to a stone; thence south 16 and a half degree, west 29 perches to a stone; thence south 16 and a half degree, west 29 perches to a stone; thence south 16 and a half degree, west 29 perches to a stone; thence south 16 and a half degree, west 29 perches to a stone; thence south 16 and a half degree, west 29 perches to a stone; thence south 16 and a half degree, west 29 perches to a stone; thence s

Borough Tax Appeal. NOTICE is hereby given that an appeal will be held at the office of E. Y. Bright, Esq., in the Borough of Sunbury, or Monday, the 23d day of September, 1867, between the hours of 9 & 12 A. M. and 3 & 5 P. M., when all persons interested are requested to attend.

JACOB SHIPMAN, Clerk. Sunbury Sept 7, 1867 21

Execution at Philadelphin.

George W. Winnemore Hung for the Murder of Mrs. Magilton.

Philadelphia, Aug. 29.—George W. Winnemore was hung this morning at 11 o'clock, at the county prison, for the murder of Mrs. Dorcas Magilton. The Sheriff and his jury assembled at 10 o'clock in the morning, and proceeded in a body to the prison, where the jurors were sworn. The warrant for the execution was read and preparations made to carry out the law.

At fifteen minutes of 11 o'clock Sheriff Howell, accompanied by Mr. Perkins, the watchman of the corridor, and two representatives of the preas, visited the cell. When he reached the scaffold he ascended it without assistance, and stood erect upon the drop, when, in a voice, clear at first, but which gradually became husky and tremulous, he spoke as follows:

"GENTLEMEN: I am brought here on the scaffold to die, and you all expect me to say a few words; but one thing I want you to remember, and that is, that it is an innocent man's life you are about taking—one who had nothing to do with this crime, in word or deed. I have always tried to live up to the best knowledge I had of the right will come back again. I am firm, you see although parting with my relatives and friends has almost unnerved me. I truly forgive all persons, no matter who they are I aiso forgive Mr. Mann, the prosecuting at torneys. I forgive the Governor for what he has done, and I hope it will be seen to say to respect to the control of the right of the said flee. Appley, said deed being recorded in the office, &c., in and for the said friends has almost unnerved me. I truly forgive all persons, no matter who they are I aiso forgive Mr. Mann, the prosecuting at torneys. I forgive the Governor for what he has done, and I hope it will be the last case like wite to be deaded to be a control to remember and the property of Jonathan Hoover and to be sold by dead attend the first of Jonathan Hover, and the besid of Jonathan Hover, and and wife by deed dated the 6th day of March, A. D. 1865, granted and conveyed

of Jonathan Hoever and to be sold by
D. BECKLEY, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Offine, Sunbury, Sept. 7, 1867.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Vendition Exponas, issued out of the Court of Comman Pleas of Northumberland county, and to me directed, will be exposed at public sale at the public house of John Weaver, in Treverton, on TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following lots and peices of ground with the appurtenances in the town of Treverton, Northumberland county, described as follows, viz:

perces of ground with the appertenances in the town of Trevorton. Northumberland county, described as follows, viz:

Lots number 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, in block 9; lots number 8 and 9 in block 10; lots number 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 in block 11; lots number 2, 10, 11, 12 and 13 in block 12; lots number 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 in block 13; lots number 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 in block 23; lots number 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 in block 23; lots number 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 in block 23; lots number 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 in block 25; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 in block 39; lots number 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 12 in block 39; lots number 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 12 in block 39; lots number 7, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in block 40; lots number 1, 2 and 3 in block 44; lots number 10, and 11 in block 45; lots number 7 in block 46; lots number 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 in block 53; lots number 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 13 in block 57; lots number 1, 2 in block 57; on which is erected a two-story double frame house; lots number 1 and 2 in block 59; lots number 8 and 9 in block 60; lots number 1, 2, 3 and 4 in block 61; lot number 9 in block 67; lots number 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 in block 68; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in block 73; lot number 13 in block 75; lots number 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 in block 76; lots number 8, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in block 73; lot number 13 in block 75; lots number 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 in block 76; lots number 8, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in block 75; lots number 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 in block 76; lots number 8, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in block 75; lots number 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 in block 76; lots number 8, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in block 75; lots number 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 in block 76; lots number 8, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in block 75; lots number 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 in block 76; lots number 8, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in block 75; lots number 8, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in block 75; lots number 8, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7, 3, 3, 4, 5 and 7, 3, 3, 4, 5 and 8, 3, 3, 4, 5 and 7, 3, 4, 5 and 8, 3, 4, 5 lots number 6, 7, 8, 12 and 18 in block 76; lots number 2 and 5 in block 77; lots number 6 and 7 in block 78; lots number 7 and 8 in block 84; lot number 8 in block 85 in block 84; lot number 8 in block 85 in ber 8 in block 85; lots number 5, 6 and 7 in block 90; lots number 12 and 13 in block 91; lot number 3 in lots number 12 and 13 in block 91; lot number 3 in block 92; lot No. 13 in block 93; lots No. 3 and 8 in block 198; lots No. 3, 4 and 13 in block 109; lots 1, 2 and 5 in block 110; lots number 1, 3 and 4 in block 115; lots number 6, 7 and 8 in block 124; lots number 6, 7 and 8 in block 124; lots number 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 in block 134; lots number 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 in block 135; lot number 6 in block 136; lots number 4, 7, 8 and 12 in block 137; lots number 10, 11, 12 and 13 in block 138; lots number 3, 5 and 8 in block 140; also upon out-lots in said town of Trevorton, as follows, viz: Out-lots number 1, 2, 5, 9, 14, 17, 21, 22, 25 and 26, each containing two acres, more or less; also out-lots number 28, 31, 32, 35, 30, 43, 47, 51, 53, 57, 58, 69, 70, 78, 83, 84, 87, 91, 95 and 104, each containing one acre, more or less; also 7 104, each containing one acre, more or less; also 7 town lets in block lettered "R;" also 7 town lets in block lettered "R;" also 7 town lets in block lettered "S;" also 7 town lets in block lettered "S;" also 7 town lets in block lettered "Y." Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Charles P. Helfenstein, administrator of Edward Helfenstein, dee'd., and William Deppin, with notice to Charles P. Helfenstein and John Foy. Assigness of Edward Helfenstein.

Assignces of Edward Helfenstein.
DANIEL BECKLEY, Sheriff.

Sunbury, September 7, 1867. EYRE & LANDELL, Fourth and Arch Sts. PHILADELPHIA,

Are offering a NEW STOCK of DRY GOODS. FOR THE PALL SALES OF 1867. SHAWLS, SILKS, DRESS GOODS, AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

September 7, 1867 .- 6t Six School Teachers Wanted. A PPLICATIONS of Teachers will be received by the School Board of Upper Augusta town-ship, until Friday the 4th day of October next, at two o'clock P. M., when the Public Schools will be allotted. Schools will open on the second Monday of November next and continue four consecutive

N. B .- Job Lots of Goods received daily.

nonths.

All applications must be accompanied with the

requisite certificates. By order of the Board.
GEORGE GAUL, Pres't.
sept. 7.

Auditor's Notice.

Estate of Philip Brymire, deceased. The undersigned, appointed by the Orphan's Court for Northumberland County, "Auditor to distribute the balance in the hands of the Executor of the last the balance in the hands of the Executor of the last will and testament of Philip Brymire, deceased, to and among those legally entitled thereto," will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, Market street above Third street, in the Borough of Sunbury, on Thursday the 26th day of September next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, where and when all interest can attend with their claims and proofs.

JNO, K. CLEMENT, Auditor.

Sunbury, Aug. 31, 1847. Sunbury, Aug. 31, 1867.

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned, auditor, having been appointed by the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, to distribute the balance in the hands of Wm. T. Forsythe, Administrator of Rebecca Weils, deceased, as per his account confirmed August 6, 1867, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in the Borough of Sunbury, on Saturday, September 21st, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., at which time and place, parties interested are requested to attend.

L. T. ROHRBACH, Auditor.

Sunbury, Aug. 31, 1867.

Seven School Teachers Wanted. A PPLICATIONS of teachers will be received by
A the School Board of the Borough of Sunbury,
until Wednesday, the 11th day of September next,
at 1 o'clock P. M., when the Public Schools will be
allotted, viz: one male and one female teachers for
Northeast district; one male and one female teachers for the Southwest district; one male and one female teachers for Northwest district, and one male
teacher for School in Cake's Addition, in the Borough
of Sunbury. Schools will open on the first Monday
of November next, and to continue four consecutive
months.

All applications must be accompanied with the applications site certificates.

By order of the Board, EM-L. WILVERT, Pres't. aug. 81. L. T. ROHRBACH, Sec'y.

Notice to Bridge Builders. PROPOSALS for building Ten NEW COUNTY BRIDGES, will be received by the County Commissioners at their office in Sunbury, on Saturday the 7th day of September, A. D. 1867, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M. of eaid day. Two across Little Shamokin Greek in Lower Augusta township, one on the farm of Joseph Weitzel, and the other near Judge Shipman's Mill. On in Delaware township, across Delaware Run on the road leading from Dewart to Uniontown. One in Point township near J. C. Horton's mill. One in Rush township, near J. C. Horton's mill. One in Rush township, near J. C. Horton's mill. One in Rush township, near Boyd's mill, and four or five on the Big Shamokin Creek, between Sunbury and Mount Carmel.

Plans and specifications will be exhibited at the Commissioners' Office four days prior to the day of oners' Office four days prior to the day of

HUGH MARTIN, JOHN ECKMAN, SOLOMON BILLMAN. Attest-J. Farnsworts, Clk. Commissioner's Office, Sunbury, Aug. 21, 1867

DOUTY HOUSE. J. S. HALL, Proprietor, Corner Sunbury and Rock Streets, SHAMOKIN, PENN'A.

THIS HOUSE is now open for the reception of guests, and being new, spacious and attractive, has all the facilities and advantages of a FIRST CLASS HOTEL. The sleeping apartments are airy and comfortable, and the furniture entirely new. The Bar and Table will be supplied with the best in The patronage of the public is solicited.

OTICE shereby give, that the persons for and on whose account the property and estate, lands, tenements, railroad, railroad and toll bridge, carporate rights. franchises, &c., of the Trevorton Coal Company (a corporation created by and under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,) were purchased, under and by virtue of process of the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland county, and now constituting a body politic and corporate, and vested with all the right, title, interest, property, possession, claim and demand, in law and equity, of in and to such railroad, with its appurtenances, and with all the rights, powers, immunities, privileges and franchises of the said Trevorton Coal Company, will meet upon Saturday, the 7th day of September next, at the Office of John B. Packer, in the Borough of Sunbury, Pa., for the purpose of organizing said new corporation, as purchasers aforesaid, by the election of a Precident and a Board of Directors, to continue in office until the first Monday of May next, and to adopt a corporate name and common seal; to determine the amount of capital stock, and to do all other acts and things necessary to be done in the organization of such new Corporation, in accordance with the requirements of the Acts of Assembly in such case made and provided.

W. I. GREENOUGH, Purchasers.

August 22, 1867.—3t

SARSAPARILLA, MINERAL WATER.

SARSAPARILLA, MINERAL WATER.

PORTER AND ALE.

THE subscribers having located a bottling establishment in Cake's Addition, in the Borough of Sunbury, respectfully inform the citizens of this and adjoining counties that they are prepared to furnish Landlords, Restaurent Keepers and private families with the best brands of Sarsaparilla, Mineral Water, Ale and Porter, bottled in the best manner. Their drinks are procured from the best establishments in the country, which enables them to furnish a better article than can be had elsewhere, which will be delivered at the lowest rates.

The citizens of Sunbury and vicinity will find it to their interest to patronize home industry, and assist in making this a permanent enterprize, and at the same time save labor and money.

Orders are respectfully solicited, which will receive prompt attention.

Address,

PROBST & ROTE,

August 17, 1367.—6m

Sunbury, Pa. · PORTER AND ALE.

that James H. McCormick, Assignee of R. & H. McCormick, surviving partner of the late firm of Hays & McCormick, has filed his final account in the Prothonotary's Office, and that unless objection be made, on or before the first Monday of November be made, on or before the arrangement, said account will be confirmed.

J. J. REIMENSNYDER, Proth'y.

24, 1897.

Prothonotary's Office, Sunbury, Aug. 24, THE SUNBURY SELECT SCHOOL. WILL open on Monday, September 2d, in the building owned by Ira Clement, and situated on the river bank. Further information can be either from W. J. Wolverton, Esq., or from ELIAS SCHNEIDER, A. M., Principal. Sunbury, August 24, 1867.—3t

CARPENTERS.

WILL find in our establishment a superior stock of Planes, Saws, Augers, Hatchets, Hammers, Files, Chisels, &c., &c., for sale by J. H. CONLEY & CO

Blacksmithing.

JOHN IRVIN, SUNBURY, PENNSYLVANIA, RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Sun-bury and vicinity, that he has erected a Black-smith Shop near the Shamokin Valley Railroad Depot, where he is prepared to do Blacksmithing in all its branches, at the shortest notice. Having had many years' experience in the business, he flatters himself that he can render satisfaction to all who may give him a call. Sunbury, August 17, 1867. Sunbury, August 17, 1867.

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS C. FREDR. FUELLING'S

Liquid Star Dye Colors, THE latest improvement in Family Dyes, are now for sale by Druggists everywhere. Those Colors are all prepared in Liquid Form, with very simple direction for use and are made from the same material used by dying new silk and woolen goods. There is only 18 different principle colors made, all different aindes of a color can be made by using more or less of the Dye matter. Price 25 cents per Bottle.

Beware of Counterfeits, ask for the Star Dyes, and take no other.

ske no other.

For sale by H. Y. FRILING, Sunbury, Pa.
Jourston, Holloway & Cownex, Sele Agen
August 10, 1867.—3m

Philadel

TORRINGTON & HODGKINS RAW BONE

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

THE GREAT Northumberland County

FERTILIZER.

The best manure for all kinds of grain manufactured. More active, more durable, than any other. It does not exhaust the soil, but on the contrary is a permanent improver. OVER 500 FARMERS in the Country applied it to their Spring Crops, the results were that it exceeded their most sanguine expectations. It was tested with the best Phosphates in the country but came out visitions. country but came out victorious. Farmers, use it for your wheat and rye

Put up in Bags of 200 lbs. each and sold at \$57 per 2000 pounds, at the Manufactory,

East Market Street, Sunbury, Pa., or at any of our agents in Danville, Williamsport, Lewisburg, Muncy Station, Milton, Dewart, Potts-grove, Bloomsburg, Nelins'-Greve, Trevorton, or any of the principal towns in the adjoining counties. Where we have no agents appointed, farmers can send their orders by mail and rely on their receiving immediate attention.

immediate attention.

We have the advantage of Railroad and Canal transportation in all directions, and purchasers need apprehend no delay in filling orders.

J. E. TORRINGTON, ED. HODGKINS. Sunbury, Aug. 17, 1867.

Notice to Trespassers. NOTICE is hereby given, that no person will be allowed to trespass on my property, in Lower Augusta township, for the purpose of picking berries, fruit, &c., or to enter into any enclosure without pernission, as the law will be enforced against all of-

GEO. SEILER. Lower Augusta township, Aug. 3, 1867. COMPARE, THEN JUDGF. Great Reduction i WHOLESALE & RETAIL PRICES

of very superior Silver and Silver-Plated Wares, Of our Own Manufacture. Of our Own Manufacture.

Such as Tea Setts, Urns, Ice
Pitchers, Waiters, Gobblets,
Cake Hankels, Casters, Butter Coolers, Vegetable Dishter Coolers, Vegetable Dishter, Tureens, Sugar and Card
Baskets, Syrup and Drinking Cups, Knives, and Forks,
and Spoons, of various kinds
&c., &c., Warranted Triple Plate, on best of metals,
and equal to any in the market, of the latest styles,
and no goods are misrepresented, at
JOHN BOWMAN'S

JOHN BOWMAN'S New and Beautiful Store, No. 764 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Please call and examine our Goods before urchasing.
N. B —All kinds of Plating at reasonable prices

August 24, 1867.-1yeq DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. THE partnership heretofore existing between J. W. Friling and H. Y. Friling, under the firm name of J. W. Friling & Son, has this day been dissolved. The business will be continued by H. Y. Friling, at the old stand, the Mammoth Store, where he will be pleased to see all who may favor him with a call.

J. W. FRILING.

H. Y. FRILING.

Sunbury, August 1, 1867.

Sunbury, August 3, 1867 -- 1f

NOTICE. A LL persons indebted to the late firm of J W fellow J. W. FRILING & SON. August 1st, 1867.

CLEANLINESS IS NEXT TO GODLI NESS."

A FACT which is demonstrated as GUNNISON First Class Shaving Hair Cutting and Shampooning Rooms.

Two first-class BARBERS always in attendance.

Particular attention to cutting Ladius and Children a
hair. Give us a call at the New Rooms over the
Post Office.

We take ple Portilizers, and have within the the manufacture the manufacture attent unequalle Btates or Europe. the enlargement or Philadelphia, known as t. Agricultural Che. also the purchase of extensive t at Chicago, Ill., with all the access, &c., to conduct the busines mentalone has produced, annually, of dried Bones and Meat, and is capable of largely increased. We desire, by the closest supvision, to conduct these two concerns so that our customers will derive a practical benefit from their consolidation, in obtaining a MANURE which shall maintain a standard and uniform quality, and at the lowest possible price.

BAUGH & SONS.

> PERUVIAN GUANO SUBSTITUTE! BAUGH'S RAW BONE

BAUGH & SONS.



BAUGH & SONS Sole Manufacturers & Proprietors, DELAWARE RIVER CHEMICAL WORKS,

Farmers are recommended to purchase of the dealer located in their neighborhood. In sections where no dealer is yet established, the Phosphate may be precured directly from the undersigned. A Priced Circular will be sent

BAUGH & SONS, Office No. 20 S. Delaware Avenue, PHILADELPHIA.

BAUGH BROTHERS & CO. General Wholesale Agents, No. 181 Pearl St., corner of Cedar. NEW YORK.

GEORGE DUGDALE. Wholesale Agent for Maryland & Virginia, No. 105 Smith's Wharf. BALTIMORE, MD.

We are prepared to Supply our Patent Sectional Mill to all Manufacturers for grinding Bones, Guano and all other hard substances.

SMITH & GENTHER, Sunbury. Aug. 3, 1867.-1y

This is to Give Notice,

THAT on the 7th day of August, A. D. 1867, a
Warrant in Bankruptey was issued against the Estate
of William L. Helfenstein, of Shamokin, in the
County of Northumberland, and State of Pennsylva
nia, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own
petition; that the payment of sny debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to
him or for his use, and the transfer of any property
by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the
Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts,
and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate,
will be held at a Court of Bankruptey, to be holden
at the Court House at Sunbury, Northumberland
county, before J. M. Wiestling, Register, on the 10th
day of September, A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M.

T. D. GREENAWALT,

Deputy United States Marshal, (as Messenger)

Western District of Pennsylvania,
August 17, 1867.—

T. F. E. This is to Give Notice,

THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS AS AN INVESTMENT.

THE rapid progress of the Union Pacific Railrond, now building west from Omaha, Nebraska, and forming, with its western connections, an unbroken line across the continent, attracts attention to the value of the First Mortgage Bonds which the Company now offer to the public. The first question asked by pradent investors is, "Are these bonds secure?" Next, "Are they a profitable investment?" To reply in brief:

Ist. The early completion of the whole great line to the Pacific is as certain as any future business event can be. The Government grant of over twenty million acres of land and fifty million dollars in its own bonds practically guarantees it. One fourth of the work is already done, and the track continues to be laid at the rate of two miles a day.

24. The Union Pacific Railroad bonds are issued upon what promises to be easily and the rate of two miles and the same of the pacific states.

upon what promises to be one of the most profitable lines of railroad in the country. For many years it must be the only line connecting the Atlantic and Pacific; and being without competition, it can

Pacific; and being without competition, it can maintain remunerative rates.

3d. 420 miles of this road are finished, and fully equipped with depots, locomotives, cars. Ac., and two trains are daily running each way. The materials for the remaining 92 miles to the eastern base of the Recky Mountains are on hand, and it is under contract to be done in September.

4th. The net carnings of the sections already finished are several times greater than the gold interest upon the First Mortgage Bonds upon such sections, and if not another mile of the road were built, the part already completed would not only pay interest and expenses, but be profitable to the Company.

5th. The Union Pacific Kalifond bends can be issued only as the road progresses, and therefore can sued only as the road progresses, and therefore can never be in the market unless they represent a bear

any better securities than Governments, there are parties who consider a first mortgage upon such a property as this the very best security in the world, and who sell their Governments to re-invest in these bonds—thus securing a greater interest.

9th. As the Union Pacific Railroad bonds are of fered for the present at 90 cents on the dollar and acrued interest, they are the cheapest security in the market, being more than 15 per cent. less than U. S. Srocks.

10th. At the current rate of premium on gold, they

The daily subscriptions are already large, and they will continue to be received in New York by the CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7 Nassau St. CLARK, DODGE & Co., BANKERS, No. 51 Wall St., John J. Cisco & Son, Bankers, No. 33 Wall St.,

> JOHN J. CISCO. Treasurer.



Insure your Stock! IN THE

Great Eastern Detective Horse In-surance Co. ISAIAH 8, GOSSLER, Agent. SUNBURY, PENN'A., IS taking Policies for the above Company in this and adjoining counties, insuring stock of all kinds against death by accident or otherwise.

Those having stock should not fall to have it interests to make a deferee.

sured at once. Address.

July 27, 1867 - 3m

Address.

Address.

July 27, 1867 - 3m

fide property.

6th. Their amount is strictly limited by law to a 6th. Their amount is strictly limited by law to a sum equal to what is granted by the U.S. Government, and for which it takes a second lien as its security. This amount upon the first 517 miles west from Omaha is only \$16,000 per mile.

7th. The fact that the U.S. Government considers a second lien upon the road a good investment, and that some of the shrewdest railroad builders of the country have already paid in five million dollars upon the stock (which is to them a third lien), may well inspire confidence in a first lien.

Sth. Although it is not claimed that there can be any better securities than Governments, there are

Over Nine Per Cent. Interest,

and by BANKS AND BANKERS, No. 33 Wall St., and by BANKS AND BANKERS generally throughout the United States, of whom maps and descriptive pamphlets may be obtained. They will also be sent by mail from the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau Street, New York, on application. Subscribers will select their own Agents in whom they have confidence, who alone will be responsible to them for the safe delivery of the bonds.

June 22, 1867. - 3m

