SUNBERY, PA. SATURDAY, AUGUST 8, 1867. UNION STATE TICKET.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE, HON. HENRY W. WILLIAMS, Of Allegheny County.

Gen. Grant was in Harrisburg, a few evenings since, having accompanied his wife and her father to the Doubling Gap Springs near Carlisle. The General, until recently, has been quiet upon political matters. Some of the leading Democrats recently approached him, with a view of making him their candidate for the Presidency. He soon gave hem to understand, however, that he had no sympathies with those who now controlled the Democratic party. It is more than probable that Gen. Grant will be the candidate of the Union Republican party, the party that sustained him and the war which made his fame immortal. If so, his election

The New York General Committee have nominated General Grant for the Presidency, a step evidently taken after deliberation and upon consultation with prominent republicans in different parts of the country-For some time past matters have been shaping to this end. The General has at last relinquished the neutral position he long maintained. When approached by Mr. S. S. Cox with overtures relative to the democratic nomination, he gave that gentleman to understand that his opinions and sympathies did not run in that direction. In some of his official acts he went further, fully endorsing the Reconstruction Policy of Congress. In his late interviews with leading each day the interest fell due, and the addi-Republicans, he has expressed himself with- tional cost to the State if the interest had out reserve, and to their complete satisfac-

"Nearly every day we bear of accounts of fearful accidents and loss of life resulting from the careless handling of coal oil. It is about time that people should learn to be more cautious with this fluid, as there certainly has been a sufficient number of casualties recorded to demonstrate its dangerous qualities. At Cincinnati, recently, Miss Herke was burned to death in attempting to fill a burning lamp with fresh oil.

The western cities have been flooded with counterfeit nickel five cent pieces. At Cincinnati a party has been arrested, having nearly a bushel of the spurious coin in their possession, together with the necessary implements for its manufacture.

The Michigan Constitutional Convention, in Committee of the Whole, passed a resolution in favor of negro suffrage in that State. The section passed without the least opposition.

Gen. Cameron on the Reconstruc tion Bill.

Our Senator indulged in a few remarks on the Reconstruction bill before its passage in the Senate, which we find reported in the Congressional Globe. It will be observed that Gen. Cameron takes the right view of this important question, and represents his constituents in the fullest sense. If the South had not followed the advice of Andy Johnson, Jerry Black, and similar rebels, their restoration would have been accomplished ere this. The General said :

Mr. President, I did not intend to say a word on this subject, and I shall only say one or two words now. I regret very much that my colleague is not able to vote for this report. I am glad to arrive at any decision here which will bring this Union together again; and I have thought that was the desire of my colleague also. In my judgement if the executive officer of the Government had let well enough alone, we should not have been called here now, and there would have been no necessity for another bill on this subject. I want the Union restored, but I want those people who have been in rebellion, and who have brought all this trouble upon the country, to know that they have done wrong. If they had been let alone after the surrender of Lee, I am sure it would not have been necessary for us to pass any of these bills that are called reconstruction bills. I think, too, that if their officious friends, their unwise friends, had let well enough alone since the last adjourn-ment of Congress, it would have been better for them, and perhaps better for the country.

Now, sir, I vote for this measure with the desire that it shall be the end of our legisla-tion on the subject; but if the people of the South are not content with the elemency of Congress, then I say I hope we shall come back again and give them something else. They have been rebels to the Government; they have tried to destroy it, and they had no right to expect the elemency with which Congress has treated them.

When I look back to the history of other

countries I find that from the time of the Stuarts it was the Parliament which saved the liberties of the people; and I am satisfied now that it is the representatives of the people who are going to save the liberties of this country. I dislike all this mawkishness which we hear about constitutional questions. What mockery to hear prating whent the Constitution from the mouths of about the Constitution from the mouths of those who have disregarded the Constitu tion; who sought not only to destroy the Constitution, but to destroy the whole country, and who, when they were in rebel-lion, did all they could to make themselves shameless before the world; who were not only disgraceful in their conduct, in their injuries to their fellow-citizens, but to the whole world. And these people have no claim to governmental rights except what the people of the North are willing to extend to them. I think one of the grandest spectacles which I ever read of in history has been that justice which has lately been meted out to a man who went down into Mexico to subvert the liberties of that country. I believe that if we had been a little more positive in our acts of justice at the close of this war we should not have

and further trouble. And I repeat again, if this does not satisfy the people who were in rebellion, I shall be willing to come back and try to legislate them into the Union.

The cholera is raging at Ellsworth City, and try to legislate them into the Union.

Four Million Five Hundred Thous

sand Dollars Saved to the State. On the 1st of August \$900,000 will be paid out of the State Trensury to the holders of Pennsylvania bonds, for the interest due on that day. This sum will be paid in National Currency, the lawful money of the United States, and not in gold, as Judge Sharswood and his supporters would have

required.

The act repealing the old law requiring payment of interest on the debt of the Commonwealth in coin, and authorizing pay-ment to be made in National Currency, as it now stands on the statute books, came from the pen of Senator Connell, of Philadelphia, who, as chairman of the Finance Committee of the Senate, perfected and reported the bill, April 1, 1864, and supported the same

in an able speech on that occasion.

The bill was strongly opposed by Senators Clymer, Wallace and other Democratic Senators, who then avowed the Sharswood doctrine that our National Currency was not a legal tender for debt; that we were bound to pay foreign bond-holders in gold or silver, and that payment in the money of the United States was repudiation; but to the credit of the Union Republican members of the Legislature of 1864 the bill became a

the Legislature of 1864 the bill became a law, and has already saved the State more than three millions and a half of dollars.

White every Republican in both Houses voted for the bill, every Democrat, except Senator Kinsey, opposed it. We give the yeas and nays in the Senate as found on page 679 of the Legislative Record of 1864:

YEAS—Messrs, Chapneys, Connel!, Fleming, Graham, Hoge, Householder, Johnson, Kinsey, Lowry, Nichols, St. Clair, Turrell, Worthington and Penney, Speaker—14.

NAYS—Messrs, Beardslee, Bucher, Clymer,

Donovan, Hopkins, Lamberton, Montgom-ery, Reilly, Smith, Stein and Wallace—11. Messrs. M'Sberry and Wilson stated "that they were paired off," showing that this was regarded as a party question, the Copper-heads being arrayed, with one solitary ex-ception, against it, and the Republicans unanimously for it.

We append a statement showing the amount on interest due semi-annually, since the passage of the act; the price of gold

	been required			
ď	LUMBER OF SELECTION AND ADDRESS OF SELECTION ADDRESS OF SELECTI	Int. due Pric	e of Gol	d. Ad. Cost.
ÿ	1864 Aug. 1	\$988,000	258	\$1,561,040
ú	1865 Feb. 1,	988,000	202	1,007,760
ď	" Aug. 1.	960,000	144	422,400
d	1866 Feb. 1,	940,000	140	376,000
	" Aug. I,	940,000	149	460,600
	1867 Feb. 1,	703,000	135	\$16,650
	" Aug. 1,	200,000	140	360,000
ı				\$4,503,850

Thus it will be seen that Copperhead legislators, including all their leading representative men, acting on the Sharswood doctrine, strongly opposed a measure which has saved the Commonwealth already over \$4,500,000, and that that measure was only carried and became a law by the active and earnest efforts of Republican legislators,-And it is only fair that in this reference to a historical fact connected with important improvements in our financial progress, full credit should be awarded Senator Connell for the influential and effective part he took in reaching the results from which the State now reaps such vast benefits. It is not often that a financier of George Connell's ability is willing to serve in the Senate. Intimately acquainted with the great machinery of banking, for years identified with the system of finance as it is conducted in this country, Senator Connell was well qualified to prepare the work now so largely operating to relieve the burdens of the taxpayers of Pennsylvania. By such acts the representatives of the Republican party strenthen its organization and render its principles popular with the people.—Harrisburg Tolegraph.

FROM MEXICO.

GENERAL VIDAURII SHOT-DEATH OF GENE RAL ALVAREZ - ADDRESS OF ESCOBADO. NEW ORLEANS, July 29,-Brownsville dis-

patches of the 26th have been received. General Vidaurri was shot in St. Domingo Square, City of Mexico. General Diaz reused an interview or the privilege to see his

Mr. Schaffer, the counsellor of the late Emperor, is imprisoned.

The generals arrested at Queretaro are to be sent to their respective States for trial. Marquez was levying prestamos in the capital until the very hour before he left. The Liberal government has decided that all Imperial prefects are to be punished by six years' exile, and the secretaries by two

venrs. Escobado made the following address to the subaltern officers of the Imperial army before releasing them : "The supreme government might dispose of the lives of those who, forgetting they were Mexicans, fought for a foreigner elevated to power by the invader; but the government, always magnanimous, forgives those who, until now, have been enemies of their country, because it ex-pects that their future conduct will correspond with the elemency used towards the misled sons of Mexico. You are at liberty,

and you may ask your passports for any point where you desire to reside." One prisoner at Queretaro, since he was liberated, writes from Morella, saying that he received good treatment by the Liberal

A special train left Geadalajara for Manza millo on the 3d inst. Several French pri-soners lately released accompany the train. Corona, writing from the capital, says that all the garrison, with all its chiefs and officers, except Marquez, is in our power.— O'Haran and Lablee are prisoners. Lovar, Urbano, Lopez, Portillo, Elquera, Locunga, and the Regent Salas, surrendered themselves prisoners. It is said that several persons in the capital will be punished with death.

From Washington.

Washington, July 30 .- The latest intelligence from Mexico announces that Lopez was arrested at Oaxaco, and will be ex-

ecuted. The authority for General Sheridan's removal will probably be issued to-morrow.

The Republican Convention of South Carolina have resolved that the colored man should be represented by one of his own race on the next Presidential ticket of the Republican party. They also passed a resolu-tion against the tax on cotton.

One hundred and fifteen postoffices have been reopened in Alabama, and forty-six in Mississippi.

The Freedman's Bureau reports the best crops is Tennessee ever raised. As soon as free labor is shown a fair chance, the best crops will be raised in all parts of the South ever gathered there.

at the close of this war we should not have had the trouble we now have.

I have only got to say, Mr. President, that I approve of this bill of the Senate, or I would have taken the bill of the House. Either of them was strong enough for me. Either of them, I think, would save us from intoxicating, consequently hop-growers "are identified with the cause of intemperance identified with the cause of intemperance.

A Massillon (Ohio) paper quotes butter at twelve cents a pound at that place, and eggs fourteen cents per dozen.

The cholera is raging at Ellsworth City, Kansas. Twelve hundred people have fled from the town. The average mortality is ten per day. Nine out of every ten persons attacked died in from ten to lifteen hours. The reason why farmers pay so much toll is because burn-stones, which come from France, have to be paid for in grain. Much would be saved if we would work the excellent quarries in Georgia.

The Maine Farmer urges the good housewhere to keep the tea pot on the stove, so that their husbands can have warm drinks, which are better for quenching thirst than cold water, and much more healthy in warm weather.

FRANCE. - PARIS, July 29,- The Mendeu of this morning declares that the rumors of war, which now prevail on the Continent, are without foundation. It says the existing relations of France with all the European powers are eminently pacific. It denies that the formation of new military camps is contemplated, and says the reserves of artillery and cavalry horses are to be sold to the and cavalry horses are to be sold to the

GREAT BRITAIN.—LONDON, July 29— Noon.—The sincerity of the repeated denials put forth by the Paris Moniteur, of the war reports now current in Europe, is doubted

The London Times in its City Article, this morning, is of the opinion that the alarm created by these warlike rumors will have the effect to check trade generally until

next spring. HUNGARY .- VIENNA, July 29 .- It is de nied that the Hungarian National Military organization, known as the Howveds, or National Guard, is to be re-established. Though several meetings of the Howveds of 1848 have recently been held in Hungary, with the object of effecting a reorganization, no action has yet been taken by either the Austrian or Hungarian Government to that

LONDON, July 30.—In the House of Lords the Reform bill has been amended by add-ing £5 to the annual amount of the franchises, upon which the copyhold and lodger franchises are respectively based. By these amendments the basis of the copyhold franchise is increased from £5 to £10 per and the manufacture of the manufacture of the franchises are respectively based. By these elect a nigger to office than a radical amendments the basis of the copyhold franchises are respectively based. By these elect a nigger to office than a radical which the Memphis paper says it "would be a might be a supposed to office than a radical amendment of the franchises, upon which the copyhold and lodger elect a nigger to office than a radical amendments the basis of the copyhold franchises are respectively based. By these elect a nigger to office than a radical amendment of the franchises are respectively based. By these elect a nigger to office than a radical amendment of the franchises are respectively based. By these elect a nigger to office than a radical amendment of the franchises are respectively based. By these elect a nigger to office than a radical amendment of the franchises are respectively based. By these elect a nigger to office than a radical amendment of the franchises are respectively based. By these elect a nigger to office than a radical amendment of the franchises are respectively based. By these elect a nigger to office than a radical amendment of the franchises are respectively based. By the franchise are respectively based of the franchise are respectively based of the franchise are respectively based. By the franchise are respectively based of the franchise and that of the lodger franchise from £10 to

£15 per annum. DUBLIN, July 30 .- At the examination of Gen. Farriola, yesterday, Massey was on the witness stand, and testified that the prisoner had been Chief of Staff to Gen. Cluzeret, of the United States army, during the rebellion. Paris, July 80 .- The dry weather, which

has prevailed for a week, proves unfavorable to the crops, and reports from some of agricultural districts of France say that much damage has been caused by the drouth.

It is understood that the Emperor Napoleon, on his visit to Vienna, will be met by
the Emperor of Austria at the frontier village of Silsbach (Salbuck ?), in the Tyro!, whence the two Emperors will proceed to

the Austrian capitol.

Parts, July 30—This afternoon, the trial of reaping and mowing machines of the world took place on the Emperor's farm at Vincennes. Over a dozen machines, from France, Spain, England and the United States, entered into competition for internaional prizes. The McCormick reaper performed its allotted task in twenty-four minutes, and Wood's reaper in twenty-six min-

The prizes will undoubtedly be given in accordance with these results. The American machines worked better and faster than any others on the ground.

Not many weeks ago the telegraph informed the country that Mr. President Johnson had renounced all intoxicating drinks, not even indulging in the use of ale or beer. We adviced our temperance friends not to take too much stock in the alleged reform in high places, and it seems from the follow-ing deplorable picture, by the correspon-dent of the Detroit *Tribune*, that we were about right. He says:

"People often wonder wether the President still is in the habit of drinking. I can say positively that he does; that he is a steady, persistent brandy and whisky drinker; and, worse than that, the White House contains, for the first time since it was built, a drinking drunken family. The President is a steady drinker. He is what the temperance men call "a moderate drink-er." His son Robert, who is one of his Pri-

vate Secretaries, is a sot. He is beastly drunk for days together. His son in-law, Senator Patterson, who lives in the White House, is a terrible drinker. He never gets hour or two to Whitney's restaurant to take a full tumbler of raw whisky. Nine men out of ten would die in a year of his habits. He swills enough raw whisky to continues to do duty as a Senator.

BEREICVETTERM.

Ben. Wood has been playing fare again and suffered to the amount of \$85,000. Philadelphia now claims 800,000 inhabi

One thousand dollar confederate bonds are used as newspaper wrappers in Texas. Dog oil is administered to consumptives

in Germany. New Orleans city notes are dull at twenty per cent, discount. The larger the notes

he less they are worth. A veritable Hercules is giving exhibitions n England. Among other feats he allows blacksmith to strike him in the chest with all his strength with a sixteen pound sledge

hammer. Anti-temperance societies are being formed in the Northern counties of the State. The richest man in New England, Augus-

tus Hemmeway, is in an insane asylum. Mrs. Brown, who sued a Nashville docor for \$40,000 on account of a husband killed by an over-dose of morphine, has recovered \$2,500.

A German writer estimates that an acre A lady in Nansemond county, Virginia, sold in the Norfolk market the pears from

three trees for \$83. The Governor of Kansas has officially an-nounced the departure of the grasshoppers

Stocks of furniture have recently been shipped from Cleveland, Ohio, to Calcutta,

India. There were eighty-two different sewing machines in the Paris Exposition.

Immense quantities of cattle are ready at the Northwest to be shipped castward. The Colorado papers complain that travel has greatly fallen off on account of Indian troubles.

The American Watch Company, Watertown; Conn., turns out a watch every two and a half minutes during the working hours of the day.

Aaron Saunders was fined thirty dollars at Buffalo, for beating a man who refused to pay him more than twenty cents for "shaving and hair cutting!" Last week the cholera, according to a reliable physician's letter from Memphis, carried off on an average twenty-five persons per day in that city. It is now on the de-

A little daughter of Joseph Mayo, of Chi-cago, died from hydrophobia on the 22d inst. She had been bitten by a dog several The widow of Stonewall Jackson has sold

the horse "Superior" ridden by him during There is a boy in Minnesota 12 years old, whose legs are only ten inches long, and are without bones.

The cost of supporting the army in the Southern States during the present year is estimated by the Treasury Department at \$25,000,000 to \$40,000,000.

The Jews have resolved to establish a college in Philadelphia. It is not, however, to be confined to their own people; but to be open to Christians of all shades of views.

THE above reward will be paid to any person returning the papers taken from my safe on the night of the 25th ult., or who can give information that will lead to the recovery of the same.

Sunbury, August 3, 1867—3t

Twenty thousand Swies women carn a comfortable living at watch-making.

General Sheridan has removed Governor Throckmorton, of Texas. The people of Louisville, both white and black, are liberal purchasers of firearms. Governor Geary appointed Hon, Heary C. Longnecker, Associate Judge in L. high county, vice E. Redman, deceased.

The New York Constitutional Convention has adopted a provision disfranchising un pardoned rebels.

Gen. Grant contributed \$590 to the building fund of the Young Men's Christian Association in Washington.

The New Orleans mint, which has been idle since the outbreaking of the rebellion is about to resume operations. It will com-mence by coining nickles.

Both candidates for Supreme Judge are Elders in the Presbyterian Church. Judge Sharswood in the Old School branch and Judge Williams in the New. Maximillian's body will be given up to the Austrians.

New potatoes are so plentiful that they were bought last week in Philadelphia for six cents per half peck. John Slidell is at present living near Paris, as well as his son-in-law, Erlanger,

the Hebrew banker. Farmers in Wisconsin say that before the end of the present year wheat will be selling

in that State for fifty cents a bushel,

A Memphis paper says it "would rather elect a nigger to office than a radical." which the Memphis Post retorts :- "But If sheep are kept in the same lot with

cows or fat cattle, no dog will disturb them. As soon as the dogs approach the sheep, they run to the cattle, who drive off the A brief and conclusive answer to President Johnson's last veto message:-"When-

ever you hear a man prating about the Constitution, spot him. He is a traitor!Andrew Johnson in 1865. A bill has been passed in the Connecticut House of Representatives to punish the employment of children more than ten hours

a day. It provides that the parents who permits a child to do so shall be fined \$10. Experiments have been made at Paris with the view to transmit letters from one post office to another by means of sub-terranean pipes, the parcels being propelled

by atmospheric pressure. Seven offices are now on the point of being connected by the new system. LIFE HAS FEW CHARMS for the Dyspeptic, which is not to be wondered at when we take into the account the amount of bodily and mental suffering that this distressing malady generates. The Peruvian Syrup

(a protoxide of Iron) has cured thousand who were suffering from this disease. The Indians have commenced depredations on the stage route between Denver and Salt Lake. Big Pond station has been burned, and two or three coaches pursued

and fired upon. A copperhead snake 14 inches long, was found in a bunch of bananas at Providence the other day. Mlle. Rosa Celeste is preparing to outdo

Blondin at Niagara Falls. An officer at Buffalo hailed a fellow the street, having some hoop skirts, which he suspected were stolen. The rogue threw one over the officer's head, and made his escape.

The California Republican State Convention has nominated John Bidwell for Governor. The resolutions indorse the reconstruction policy of Congress, and favor impartial The soul of John Brown, having finished

its march in American, has crossed the ocean. Americans in London are startled by heardrunk, but he is not far off from delirium ing the well-known words sung at reform tremens. He sallies out from the Senate meetings, and chanted by bands of working-In Philadelphia on Tuesday of last week,

at Adam's Express Office directed to the United States Hotel, Atlantic City, was a slaughter a regiment of men, and yet box made of larchwood, light almost as pasteboard, thus tenderly inscribed: "TO THE EXPRESS AGENT.

"This package contains a duck of a bonnet; Expressman, I pray year, place nothing upon it. "Tis made of a ribbon, a straw, and a feather, The whole with a postage stamp fastened together.

Its ewner, a damsel, is youthful and fair;
But, like Flora McFlimsey, has nothing to wear.'
Beware, then, Expressman! I warn you take heed.

And forward this bonnet with care and with speed."

A New York correspondent of the Boston Post says that it is moderately esitmated that 30,000 gallons of whiskey per day are sold and consumed in New York and Brooklyn. The tax on this would amount to \$81,000,000 a year. The sum actually collected in the first six months of the present year is hardly one million.

A book has been published in Uurope to prove Swedenborg insane. The following account of his eccentric action in the streets of London is new: "He pulled off his clothes, rolled himself in very deep mud, and then distributed money among the erowd which had gathered. In this condi-tion he was found by the Swedish Envoy's footmen, and taken home "very foul with dirt. Brockmer then took him to a lodging near Dr. Smith's, to which he walked very quietly, and when there asked for a tub of water and six towels, and locked himself in of good buckwheat will yield fourteen pounds of honey daily.

A lady in Nansemond county, Virginia, sold in the Norfolk market the pears from asked for six more towels. Mr. Brockner took the precaution of leaving six men in charge of the poor enthusiast, who, he says, for some time believed himself to be the

"The perfumed light
Steals through the mist of alabaster lamps,
And every air is heavy with the breath
Of orange flowers that bloom
I' the midst of roses."

Such was the flowery land filled with healing airs and life-preserving products, where Dr. Drake discovered the chief ingredients of his wonderful Tonic Medicine-Plantation Hittens—the onchanted tropical Island of St. Croix. The Plantation Bitreas, combining all the medicinal and tonic virtues of the healing and life-sustaining products of that favored elime, are, without doubt, the World's Great Remedy for Dyspepsia, Low Spirits, and all other Stomachic difficulties.

Who appreciates the fact that there is any great importance attached to such a commodity as a Pill.? It is generally supposed that anybody can make them, as all can take them. But visit the laboratory of Dr. J. C. Ayer and you will be disabused of the idea that it is a trifle to make any modicine and adapt it to the wants of millions of men—to so adjust it to their needs, and so cure their complaints, as to make them its constant customers in all the zones. Physicians find it requires some skill to adapt their doses to a single patient: ask them if it is not an intricate problem to adjust a purgative pill to the necessities of untoit numbers, so that it shall benefit them nearly all. Dr. Ayer's laboratory supplies \$6,000 doses of his pills per diem, or 19,000,000 a year. Think of that Esculapius! Well may it whiten the head of any man to administer to that amount of saffering, and especially when, as is here evident, everything is done with the extremest nicety and care.—[Randotph (Vt.) Statesman.

MAGNOMA WARER. - A delightful tollet article superior to Cologue and at half the price.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

\$300 REWARD

LIME! LIME!

Farmers and Bullders! SEASHOLTE & BROYNER are now prepared to de-liver, at the lowest murket price, the very best quality H. HWHOC.

for LAND and BUILDING purposes. Their lime 'TUCKYHOE LIMESTONE. Their lime kilns are located at the Philadelphia and Eria Railroad, near the steam saw mill, in the Bo-

rough of Sunbury.

Plasters, Mesons, Brickleyers and Farmers are invited to call and give us a trial.

SEASHOLTZ & BROTHER. Aug. 5, 1867.

Notice to Trespassers.

Notice is hereby given, that no person will be allowed to trespass on my property, in Lower Augusta township, for the purpose of picking berries, fruit, &c., or to enter into any enclosure without permission, as the law will be enforced sgainst all offenders. GEO. SEILER.

CLEANLINESS IS NEXT TO GODLI-NESS." A FACT which is demonstrated at GUNNISON

First Class Shaving Hair Cutting and Shampooning Rooms.

Two first-class BARBERS always in attendance.

Particular attention to cutting Ladies and Children's
hair. Give us a call at the New Rooms over the

Sunbury, August 3, 1867 .-- tf DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership heretofore existing between J. W. Friling and H. Y. Friling, under the firm name of J. W. Friling & Son, has this day been dissolved. The business will be continued by H. Y. Friling, at the old stand, the Mammeth Store, where he will be pleased to see all who may favor him with a call. J. W. FRILING. H. Y. FRILING. Sunbury, August 1, 1867.

NOTICE. A LL persons indebted to the late firm of J W Friling & Son will please call and settle withou

J. W. FRILING & SON. August 1st, 1867. Notice to Teachers and Directors

THE EXAMINATIONS for the present year will be held as follows: Zerbe twp., Monday, Aug. 19th—Trevorton, S. H. Mt. Carmal bor. and twp., Wednesday, Aug. 21st Bl. Carmat cor. and twp., Wednesday, Aug. 21st

Beaverdule S. H.
Shamokin bor. and Coal twp., Thursday, Aug. 22d—Shamokin, S. H.
Sunbury and Upper Augusta twp., Monday Aug. 25th—Sunbury. 26th—Sunbury.
Milton and Turbut twp., Wednesday, Aug. 28th
—Milton Lower Mahanoy twp., Friday, Aug. 30th—George town.
Upper Mahanoy twp., Monday, Sept, 2d—Beisel's old stand.
Rush twp. and Fearhart Dis., Wodnesday, Sept. 4th—Rushtown S. H.,
Lower Augusta twp., Friday, Sept. 6th—Zion Charch S. H.,
Shomokin twp., Monday, Sept. 9th—Snufftown S. H.

McEwensville and Deleware twp., Wednesday, Sept. 11th—Sinking Spring-S. H. Turbutville and Lewis twp., Thursdap, Sept. 12th —Turbutville,
Point twp., Monday, Sept, 16th—S. H. No. 3.
Chiliquaque, Wednesday, Sept. 18th—Sodom
S. H.

SPECIAL EXAMINATIONS will be held in Sun-bury, Sept. 27th, Oct. 4th, 11th and 18th, for the accommodation of such teachers only as were posi-tively muble to attend the regular examinations.— Private examinations are discontinued. Examina tions will invariably commence at precisely \$4 o'clock, A. M. Directors are enracetly requested to
be present during the examinations, and at the close
of the exercises select their teachers.

G. W. HAUPT, County Superintendent.

August 3, 1867.—3t FARMERS & BUILDERS.

LIME AND LIMESTONE THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Northumberland county, that they are now prepared to furnish LIME of a superior quality to Farmers and Builders. Also, LIME-STONE from the celebrated Lime-Stone Quarries of Lower Mahonoy township, at short notice and at reasonable rates.

The above will be delivered to any Railroad station along the line of the different railroads when

There Kilns are located at the Shamekin Valley
Railread, near Sunbury, where orders will be
promptly filled.
Orders are respectfully solicited.

J. B. LENKER & BRO August 3, 1867. Sunbury, Pa.

Estate of Christian Messner, dec'd. NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Christian Messner, late of Lower Mahenoy township, Northunberland county, Pa., deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement.

JOSEPH SPOTS, Adm'r.

Lower Mahonoy twp., Aug. 3, 1867.

The Lehigh University, South Bethlehem, Pa. (Founded and endowed by Hon. Asa PACKER,) The second year opens September 1st, for Students in the 1st and 2d classes, and in the special schools of ENGINEERING (Civil, Mechanical and Mining), and of ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY. Applicants examined from the 15th to the 29th of August. For

registers, with particulars apply to HENRY COPPEE, LL. D., President. August 3, 1867 .- 1m

ZINGARI BITTERS

THE GREAT

The component parts of this remarkable preparation were first discovered, compounded and distributed, some twenty years ago, by Dr. Chropszas, the celebrated Egyptian Physician. Thousands of his suffering countrymen were restored to health, as well as great numbers of the inhabitants of Nubis and Abysinia, and of the countries bordering upon the Southern coast of the Chropszas and of the countries bordering upon the Southern coast of the Mediterranean Sea. Indeed, the fame of the Allows and was adopted by the principal Physicians in the old world, in which it is still used with preemited to him a Hedal bearing the following inscription: "Da Carorsos, the Fublic Senefactor." This Sitters is now offered to the public of America with the full assurance that it will be found, upon a fair trial, to act as a specific for the cure of Cholera. Dysentery, Diarrhoza, Cholera Morbus, Fever and Ague, Vellow Fever, Rheumatism, Typhoid Fever, Dyspepais, Colic, Bronchitis, Consumption, Flatulency, Diseases of the Kidneys, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints.



Remarkable cures of the above diseases have bee effected by its use, as numerous certificates, many fror regular physicians, fully attest, and it is destined t supersede, any preparation extant. As an agreeable Tonie, and an INVIGORATING BEVERAGE, NO EQUAL.

ZINGARI BUTTERS
HAS SOUL
AS WELL AS BODY,
PREVENTIVE

DISEASE, HAS NO SUPERIOR.

HAS NO SUPERIOR.

A FEW WORDS WO LADIES.—The use of the ZINGARI BITTERS will give to you that soft, somitransparent complexion which the God of nature (designing woman to be the loveliest of his works) fully intended that you should have—for it is nature's own nowder and paint combined. By purifying the blood, stimulating the pigmentary cells of the dermis, and imparting health and life throughout the entire system, it especially gives that smooth clearness and beauty to the complexion so much to be calred—removing all roughness, blotches, frechtes, pimples, and that yellow, sickly look so commen in our day; and what is sran better than this, it cures every species of female irregularities and disease.

Principal Depot, Harrisburg, Fa.

TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

We take pleasure in announcing to Dealers in Portilizers, and the Agricultural public, that we have within the past year horoaxed our facilities for the manufacture of our Haw Bone Phosphate, to an extent unequalled by any other House in the United States or Europe. These facilities not only include the enlargement of our eld established works in Philadelphia, known as the Delaware River Agricultural Chemical Works, but also the purchase of extensive and well stocked works at Chicago, Ill., with all the necessary machinery, cars, &c., to conduct the business. This establishment alone has produced, annually, over 5000 tons of dried Benes and Meat, and is capable of being largely increased. We desire, by the closest supervision, to conduct these two concerns so that our customers will derive a practical benefit from their consolidation, in obtaining a MANURE which shall maintain a standard and uniform quality, and at the lowest possible price.

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SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIM TRADE MARK

BAUGH & SONS. Sole Manufacturers & Proprietors, DELAWARE RIVER CHEMICAL WORKS, PHILADELPHIA, U. S. A.

Farmers are recommended to purchase of the dealer located in their neighborhood. In sections where no dealer is yet established, the Phosphate may be precured directly from the undersigned. A Priced Circular will be sent all who avoids

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BAUGH BROTHERS & CO. General Wholesale Agents, No. 181 Pearl St., corner of Cedar. NEW YORK.

GEORGE DUGDALE. Wholesale Agent for Maryland & Virginia No. 105 Smith's Wharf, BALTIMORE, MD. We are prepared to Supply our Patent Se-ional Mill to all Manufacturers for grinding Bone juano and all other hard substances.

Sold by SMITH & GENTHER, Sunbury. Aug. 3, 1867,-1v

"BEYOND THE MISSISSIPPI:" Complete History of the New States and Territ ries, from the Great River to the Great Ocean. By Albert D. Richardson. Over 20,000 Copies sold in one Month.

Life and Adventure on Prairies, Mountains and the Pacific Const. With over 200 Descriptive and Photographic Views of the Scenery, Cities, Lands, Mines. People and Curiosities of the New States and

To prospective emigrants and settlers in the "Far West," this History of that vast and fertile region will prove an invaluable assistance, supplying as it does a want long felt of a full, authentic and reliable guide to climate, soil, products, means of travel, AGENTS WANTED .- Send for Circulars and see

r terms, and a full description of the work.
Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,
507 Minor St., Philadelphia, Pa.
August 3, 1867.—4t GHOSTS! GHOSTS!

Six for Twenty-five Cents! Address, August 3, 1867.—4t C. M. KING. Laporte, Penn's

\$25 REWARD! TOLEN from the subscriber on Wednesday night,
July 17, 1867, a HUNTING CASE GOLD
WATCH with heavy milled edge, Gold Breast Chain
in links, with small Gold Padlock for a charm. The
watch is numbered 2253, E. Howard & Co., Boston, maker. Also six five dottar bills and six one dollar bills in money. The above reward will be paid for the apprehension of the thief and the recovery of the

FRANCES KINTER. Sunbury, July 20, 1867. NOTICE. EXCELSIOR COAL COMPANY.

ENCELSIOR COAL COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given to all parties, or persons interested, that the "Directors of the Excelsior Coal Company, (the charter of said Company having been dissolved.) filed their account with the Company in closing up its affairs, in open court, an July 2, 1867, and that audies cause is shown to the contrary, on or before the 12th day of August next, said account will be approved by the Court. P. C.

JOHN J. REMENSYDER, Proth'y.
Sunbury, July 13, 1887.—44

**NOTICE!*

THE BOROUGH OF SUNBURY

NOW offer \$50,000 in Borough Bonda at part, bearing interest at the rate of SHWEN PER CENT, payable SEMI-ANNUALLY. Said Bonds with Coupons, are now ready to be delivered.

Those having mobey to invest will find the Bond of the Borough a good and and investment, equal to a be a bearing interest at the rate of Subury, are fully authorised to borrow the order of the Borough a good and and investment, equal to a be a bear of the Court of Common Pleas of Subbry, and to the Court of Common Pleas of Northunberland county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public ash at the Court House, in the borough of Sunbury, on SATURDAY, AGUIST 10th, 1867, at 14 celeck P. M., the following described property, to wit:

All that certain Frame Dwelling House of two stories, having a front of 29 feet on Packer street and a depth or front of 28 feet on the first Augusta Avenue, and a twe-storied frame back building, 16 feet deep by 17 feet broad; also accretible property, to wit:

All that certain Frame Dwelling House of two stories, having a front of 29 feet on Facker street and 50 feet in First Augusta Avenue, commonly known as Cakebown or Cake's Addition, in Upper Augusta Avenue and on the north and eastly lots arised of Joseph W. Others.

Believed, taken into arcsultant and to be sold as been resperted of David Brown, owner or reputation of First Augusta Avenue, and a through a property of David Brown, owner or reputation of First Augusta Avenue, and a count of Joseph W. Others and to be sold as been resperted of th on the south by Packer street, on the west by Fort Augusta Avenue and on the north and east by lots or land of Joseph W. Cake:
Scized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of David Brown, owner or reputed owner, and John Sassamas, contractor.

D. BECKLEY, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Sunbury, July 27, 1867.

inad, and bounded and described as follows, to with On the south by Packer street, on the west by Fort Augusta Avenue and on the north and east by lots or land of Joseph W. Cake:

Scined, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of David Brown, owner or reputed owner, and John Sassanane, contrastor.

D. BECKLEY, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sunbury, July 27, 1867.

D. BECKLEY, Sheriff.

To ITERRICT COURT OF THE U. S. FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICTOP FENN'A.

In the matter of John ?

Connolly, Bankrupt. | No. 4 in Bankruptey.

A Warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of John Connolly of the County of Northumberland, of the State of Fennsylvania, in sud District, adjudged Bankrupt, to him or to bis use, and the iransfer of any property belonging to the effect of any property belonging to all Bankrupt, in said District, on the 7th day of August, A. D. 1867, at 10 celeck A. M., at the office of J. M. Weisting (one of the Registers in Bankruptey for said Court for the time belong.

A. J. STROH, Deputy Marshal, July 27.—3t

DISTRICT COURT OF THE U. S. FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICTOF PENN'A.

Samesunger.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE U. S. FOR THE Western Councilly and Michael Connelly, trading us No. 6 in Bank. John Connelly & Co., Bankrupts, I rupley.

A Warrant in Bankruptte, I rupley.

Samesunger.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE U. S. FOR THE Western Glaver and Court against the estate of John Connelly and Michael Connelly, trading us No. 6 in Bank. John Connelly & Co., Bankrupts, I rupley.

A Warrant in Bankrupt, I rupley.

Samesunger.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE U. S. FOR THE Western Glaver and Court of Bankrupt, A. D. 1867, at 10 celeck A. M., at the office of John Connelly & Co., of the county of Northumberlance of John Connelly & Co., of the county of Northumberlance of John Connelly & Co., of the county of Northumberlance of John Connelly & Co., of the county of Northumberlance of John Connelly & Co., of the county of Northumberlance of John Connelly & Co., of the County of Northumberlance of the S

A FEW WORDS TO LADIES.—The use of the ZINGARI BITTERS will give to you that soft, semi-transparent complexion which the God of nature (designing woman to be the loveliest of his works) fully intended that you should have—for it is nature's own nowder and paint combined. By purifying the blood, stimulating the pigmentary cells of the dermis, and imparting health and life throughout the entire system, it especially gives that smooth clearness and beauty to the complexion so much to be desired—exmoving all roughness, blotches, freekles, pimples, and that yollow, sickly look so essumes in our day; and what is avan better than this, it ourse avery species of female irregularities and disease.

Principal Depot, Harrisburg, Pa.

RAHTER & HAUSE,

Sole Propriestors

For sale by W. A. BENNETT, Druggist, Sunbury, Pennsylvania.

August 3, 1867.—

Fyou vant good Tin-Ware, go to SMITH 4

GENIIBE'S New Shop.

A STROY CORTER OF THE D. S. POR THE Zeronsparent complexion which the soft is semi-transparent complexion which the god of nature (designing to some in Bankrupts, Panthrughes) have been issued by said Court against the cutate of John Connolly and Michael Connolly, trading as John Connolly and Michael Connelly, trading as John Connelly and Michael Connelly, trading as John Connelly and Michael Connelly and Michael Connelly, trading as John Connelly and Michael Connelly and M

BY viride of a certain writ of Venditioni Exponse, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Coal Breaker of the defendants, upon the premises hereinatter described, on SATURDAY, the 3d day of AUGUST, A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to wit:

on SATURDAY, the 3d day of AUGUST, A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Zerbe and Little Mahanoy townships, Northumber land county, Pa., bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a fallen pine, the northeast corner of land surveyed to Philip Dunkelbergor, thence north 1 degree 52 minutes east, 343.3 perches to a small chesnut; thence north 33.5 perches to a small chesnut; thence north 33.5 perches to a post and stones; thence north 85 degrees west, 16.4 perches to a white pine; thence north 65 degrees 30 minutes west, 16.7 perches to an sah; thence north 43 degrees west, 16.1 perches to a mah; thence north 23 degrees west, 16.1 perches to a hemlock; thence north 17 degrees west, 51.4 perches to a hemlock; thence north 17 degrees west, 52 perches to sweet-birch; thence north 77 degrees 4 minutes west, 18.2 perches to stones; thence south 71 degrees and 45 minutes west, 195 perches to a white pine to stones; thence north 77 degrees 15 minutes west, 111 perches to a white oak; thence by land surveyed to John Rankin, south 80 degrees 32 minutes west, 64.5 perches to stones; thence by land surveyed to Jacob Wagner, south 33 degrees 37 minutes west, 64.5 perches to a chesnut oak, thence north 89 degrees 21 minutes west, 1874 perches to a chesnut oak, thence north 88 degrees 21 minutes west, 1876 perches to a chesnut; thence north 89 degrees west, 77.9 perches to a fallen black oak, now poet and stones; thence north 80 degrees 25 minutes cant, 16.5 perches to a chesnut; thence north 89 degrees 26 minutes cast, 64.5 perches to a fallen pine, the place of beginning, containing 2.664 acres and 62 perches; more or less.

Also—All that certain other tract, or piece of land, situate in Zerbe township aforesaid, called the Elisha Geiger tract, adjoining lands surveyed to John Nicholas Bailey, John Cowden and William Gray, containing 150 nores, more or less.

Also—All that certain other tract, or piece of land, situate in the lownship af

Gottlieb Leffler, Philip Dunkelbhrger and Jeremish Jackson, containing 417 acres.

Alse—All that certain body and parcel of land, situate in Zerbe township aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at stones the northwest corner of land surveyed to Wm. Cock; thence north 1 degree 52 minutes east, 196.6 perches to stones; thence north 55 degrees east, 47.6 perches to a small chestnut; thence north 33.5 perches to a to stones; thence north 65 degrees east, 47.6 perches to a small chestnut; thence north 33.5 perches to a small of the state of the sta

beginning, containing 1186 acres and 65 perches, more or less.

Alse—All that certain Railrend of the Trevorton Coal Company, extending from the town of Trevorton to Port Trevorton, in the county of Snyder, including the right of way, branches, basins, depote, stations and all improvements of every kind and description connected with the said Railroad, including the Toll Bridge, with the appurtenance. And also all and singular the corporate rights, privileges and franchises of the said the Trevorton Coal Company.

leges and franchises of the said the Treverton Coal Company.

Also—All that piece or parcel of land situate in the township aforesaid, bounded by Tweith street in the town of Trevorton, the Trevorton Railroad, other land of said defendants, and land surveyed to Peter Petry, containing 45 acros, more or less.

Also—All that piece or parcel of land situate in the township aforesaid, beunded by Coal street in the township aforesaid, beunded by Coal street in the town of Trevorton on the sorth, other lands of defendants and land surveyed in the name of Peter Petry, containing 7 acres, more or less.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of the Trevorton Coal Company.

D. BECKLEY, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sunbury July 20, 1867.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the following estates, that the Administrators, Executors and Guardians of the within named, have filed their account with the Register of Northumberland county, and that said accounts will be presented to the Orphans Court for confirmation and allowance, on Tuesday August 6th, 1867, at 10 A. M.

1 The account of John C. Rhodes, guardian of S. W. 6 Bird, a minor child of Ziba Bird, dec'd., filed February 2-

Sunhary, July 13, 1867.

\$20.00 AGENTS WANTED-\$100,00PATENT, STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACE
It is adapted for family use and Tailoring. It
a stitch alike on both sides. Price only TW
DOLLARS. Extraordinary inducements to A
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BUMONT & WILSON.

630 ARCH Street, Philadelph July 13, 1867. - 3m