SURBURY, PA.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1867.

scores of millions, with perfect impunity; and it would seem far better to abolish the whiskey tax altogether than to make it in this way the means of corrupting nearly all who are connected with it. No wonder we hear of the colossal fortunes piled up suddenly in New York, when by hundreds of thousands the Government is cheated out of millions by these rogues. Nothing can be done to correct these vast frauds, where men can afford to bribe so heavily. Only sixty-five out of ninety-four made any returns at all in August. The seventy-two who were running on the first of August were able to distill on the average about 9,000 gallons a day, and should have paid a tax of \$516,000 during the month; while the whole tax returned by the Assessor, and collected by the Collector, from the whole 94 for the month, was only \$7,330,16.

The whole amount of tax received by the Government during the three summer months was only \$21,618, while a low estimate of what it should have been fixes that amount for the three months at \$1,225,000, making the loss to the Government in one District, during these three months, of at least \$1,-200,000; and this loss was just as plain to be seen by the Government officials then as it is now. Does any one wonder that whisky has been steadily sold in New York for less than the Government tax?

BIBLE STATISTICS.—It has been ascertained by several curious individuals, as will be seen by an article on our first page, that the entire Bible contains 31175 verses, or 774,692 words. In order to disabuse the minds of some who imagine that the perusal sive and as brilliant as that which he so of the sacred volume is a work of prodigious labor, we make the following calculations: An ordinarily good reader can easily read two hundred words per minute, or twelve thousand words in an hour. At this rate the Bible can be read through in sixty-four hours, or in 8 days, of 8 hours each. But as that might be deemed a hard week's worktwo hours per day for one month, or thirty the Senate and House-the judgement of minutes per day for four months, would ac. those who help to win our political victories, complish the same thing. Thus it will be and the preferences of the men who promote seen that by reading a half hour each day, indicated, in the most emphatic manner, the Bible may be read through three times that Simon Cameron is the choice for U. S. in a year. But as the sacred book should not | Senator of the Republican party of Pennsylonly be read, but studied, its careful perusal once in a year would, no doubt, be deemed a performance of more than ordinary characters. He has more votes honestly pledged to him than any two other candidates for the Senatorship. He has demonstrated, to the satisfaction of all fair-minded Republi-

IMPEACHMENT OF THE PRESIDENT .-The resolution offered in Congress for the impeachment of the President caused no little excitement, although such a proceeding anything be more honorable in the attitude was not unexpected. We do not believe that the President will be put on trial. A number of the leading Republican journals and members of Congress, while they declare will not be held responsible for the har-that the President deserves impeachment mony, will not be made accountable for refuthat the President deserves impeachment would rather bear with him during his term, than resort to such extreme measures.

The receipts of the New York Tri- but the dearest hopes of the people of the bune, for the first week of January 1867, for Union. Gen. Cameron's friends ask only advertising, subscription &c., amounted to for what is fair at the hands of the friends \$62,869 20, or more than \$10,000 per day The Tribane establishment is one of the great powers, and combines more talent, labor and information than any paper in the world.

STATE TREASURER'S REPORT .- The An nual Report of State Treasurer Kemble shows a satisfactory condition of the State finances.

The receipts for the past year have been \$6,829,668.54, all from ordinary sources, excepting \$667,574.35 refunded by the General Government, and \$100,000 received from the Pennsylvania Railroad Company on account of indebtedness. The expenditures during the year have been \$6,462,303.41, as follows: for ordinary expenses \$4,097,044.42; \$497,608.70 for the Chambersburg sufferers, and \$1,867,650.25 for the liquidation of the debt. Among the ordinary expenses is included the amount of the Chambersburg sufferers. The Treasurer says that the Act of last Legislature authorizing the payment of pen-sions to the soldiers of the war of 1812 cost the State much more than was anticipated, over 2800 claims having been already re ceived, involving a disbursement exceeding \$160,000. He recommends that the law be repealed, holding that the paying of pensions

should be done by the general government. The officer complains of the negligence of the local assessors in procuring returns of monies on interest. In the first, fourth, sixteenth, seventeenth and eighteenth wards of Philadelphia, there is no such return made. and the same is true of other districts in the State. The amount of tax paid by this source during the year is about \$300,000. He recommends that the State tax on personal property be dispensed with, and in lieu thereof, each county be required to pay into the State Treasurer, forty cents on each tax-

able inhabitant.

He believes that the State debt can be reduced bereafter without increasing the burden of taxation, at the rate of about three millions of dollars per annum, which would in a very few years liquidate our entire State

STATE SCHOOL REPORT.—The report of the Superintendent of Common Schools of Pennsylvania gives the following statistics for the school year of 1865 66, as follows: There were in that year 1863 school districts in the State, 13.146 schools, 16.141 teachers, and 725.312 pupils, with an average attend-ance of 478.066. The total cost of the school system for the entire State, including taxes levied and State appropriations, was for the year \$4.195,258.57. The increase in the number of school districts was 26, in the number of schools, 223, in the number of children attending school, 19.932, in the average attendance at school, 18.946, and in the total cost of the system, \$581.020.02. Not including Philadelphia, the increase in the per centaga of attendance was 1003; in the average length of term, one day; in the average cost of tuition per month, four cents; in the number of male teachers, 493; in the number of female teachers, 62; in the salaries of male teachers, \$2.52; in the salaries of female teachers, \$3.10; in the cost of tuition \$220.748.67; in the cost of fuel and contin gencies, \$48.071.85, and in purchasing grounds, building, renting and repairing houses, \$232.209.77.

Ex-Alderman I. W. Ingersoll of Detroit is heir, with less than 20 other persons to \$16-600,000, the accumulation of a sum deposited 600,000, the accumulation of a sum deposited for years ago by his maternal grandmother in the Orphan's Court of Holland.

Mr. J. W. Harris, of Carroll county, Ohio, was chlorofosmed, gagged, tied and robbed of \$6,750 in his house, a few days since, by a gang of rufflans, for whose capture a seward of \$2,000 is offered.

TO THE PEOPLE OF PENNSYL- LNGS.

Shall the Majority Rule Within the Republican Party as it Does Throughout the Republic?

the Representatives of his party, is as deci-

ably assisted Gen. Geary to win at the

ballot-box, and Hiester Clymer might as well come to Harrisburg on the day of the inaugu-

ration and contest for the Gubernatorial chair,

Every step thus far in the proceedings of the

Legislature-every act of the Republicans

in caucus—the opinions of our ablest men in

the industrial welfare of the State, bave

and are ready to go back to their constitu-

ents and answer for their course. Could

of a great man and the course of his friends?

tion suggests itself whether the candidates

for the Senatorship clearly in the minority

interests of the party in behalf of their preferences. During the election for mem-

pers of the Legislature, Gen. Cameron's

friends showed that their first object was

ported by the majesty of a fair majority. It is justified by a high regard for the har-

mony of the party. It is only asking for Gen. Cameron what is conceded to all men

in a political contest after they have proven

themselves in a majority. The Government itself rests on a manly obedience to the will

any other State, refuse to respect and obey

the same power, the Republican party will

It is not necessary for us to reaffirm our

attachment to Simon Cameron. That regard is founded on a sense of what is noble and

just; but we still have a larger regard for the harmony and victory of the Republican

satisfied that those Representatives are de-

termined this shall not be. Therefore we

most carnestly trust, as we sincerely believe it to be just, that the friends of the weaker

candidates for the Senatorship will give way

to the stronger. Every step in the contest

puts himself in the position of a mal-content, and must expect to be held responsible by

those who value the success of measures

more than they do the triumph of men. The friends of Gen. Cameron only ask

acquiesence in the preference of a fairly at-tained majority, and they believe that no

man, with a proper self-respect, will prop the fallen fortunes of another, when to do

so is certain to bring ruin on both.

—We write frankly on this subject, be

publicans of Pennsylvania. Gen. Cameron has established his claims to the Senator

ship by his acts. By these his friends have

won a victory in his favor for the Senatoria

nomination, and as that victory is respected so will continue the harmony of the Repub-

Mrs. General Williams, (formerly Mrs. S. A. Douglas,) is among the "observed of all observers" in Washington society this win-

Russia is again announced as making ex

tensive war preparations—a proceeding that Austria and Turkey are very much distress-

The Scientific American estimates that

twenty tons of postage stamps were used last year—or by superficial measurement forty-eight and a half square miles of paper.

ed at, as it bodes them no good.

lican party.

seal its doom of destruction.

Mr. Fessenden (Mc.) called up the following bill: Be it enacted, that the final report of the Commisioners, provided for in the second action of the act of Congress, entitled An act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the year ending June 30, 1867, and for other purposes, approved July 28, 1866, shall be made through the Secretary of War to Congress, and ne more shall be paid from the Treasury, or from any funds therein, upon the same, or otherwise, to any claimant, un-It is not necessary for us to remind the WHOLESALE FRAUDS BY DISTILLERS.

According to the statements of the N. Y.

papers the Government is being cheated by ate, to be vacated by Cowan, the renegade, March 4, 1867. The faction contending for Senatorial honors for its leader, which has made the most noise, now proves itself the weaker party when confronted by the Repre-sentatives of the people. We now appeal to the great Republican masses of the State in the same, or otherwise, to any claimant, under the provisions of section 29, of the act approved February 29, 1859, entitled An act for enrolling and calling out the national forces, and for other purposes, approved March 8, 1863, until such report shall be approved. support of the truth of history. It is a historical fact that the friends of Gov. Curtin, before the meeting of the Republican nomi-nating conventions throughout the State, and proved or confirmed by Congress.

Mr. Johnson (Md.) said that two or three after the nominations of the party had been hundred thousand dollars of the awards, unmade in the different counties, frequently and persistently jeopardized our political harmony by their indecent pressure of the Senatorial question. The friends of other candiensation under it. dates, with a singular unanimity, agreed as to the impolicy of agitating the Senatorial question until after we had all contributed to the success of the party, until after we had won a victory at the ballot box for our principles. This is historical. Neither did

Mr. Fessenden said this bill did not interfere with the payment, under the act re-Gen. Cameron, Thaddeus Stevens, Jno. W. Forney or Galusha A. Grow seek, in any part of the State, during the stern struggle of the

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.

SENATE.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. all places, during that campaign, were first inquire into the matter, with power to send

for persons and papers. The House has referred Mr. Ashley's impeachment resolution to the Judiciary Com-

all piaces, during that campaign, were first most anxious for a victory for the party before they asked for the bestowal of any honors. We defy any man in the State to deny this assertion. It is as true as are the principles by which Gen. Simon Cameron has stood all his life. Since the election, Gen. Cameron and his friends have been at Mr. Spalding moved to lay Mr. Ashley's resolution on the table. Negatived—yeas 89, nays 105. The Speaker proceeded, immediately after work. They labored under the disadvantage of being compelled to go over ground traversed by the enimies of Gen. Cameron; but they did not hesitate to order his cause the Journal was read, to call the States for bills and joint resolutions. Under the call,

before the people—to discuss it in open day-light before the chosen Representatives of ferred as follows:

By Mr. Miller (Pa.), establishing post the people, and what has been the result? We answer, that the victory which Simon routes in Pennsylvania. Referred to the Cameron has just won, in a contest before

bills were introduced, read twice and re-

By Mr. Mercur (Pa.), to grant relief to honorably discharge soldiers who have lost their discharges. Referred to the same

By Mr. Kuykendall (Ill., to provide a true national currency, and to provide for the collection and distribution of the revenue and liquidation of the national debt. Referred to the Committee on Banking and

Currency.

After the introduction of several other bills the Speaker proceeded to call the States for resolutions, and under that call Mr. Loan (Mo.) offered the following and

moved the previous question: Resolved, That for the purpose of securing the fruits of the victory gained on the part of the Republic during the late war, waged by rebels and traitors against the life of the nation, and of giving effect to the will of the people as expressed at the polls during the recent elections, by majorities numbering in the aggregate more than 40,000 votes, it is the imperative duty of the Thirty-ninth cans, that he is the strongest man in the Congress to take, without delay, such action Republican party. A majority of Republi-can Senators and Representatives do not

as will acomplish the following objects: First. The impeachment of the officer now hesitate to avow their preferences for him exercising the functions pertaining to the office of President of the United States of America, and his removal from said office, or his conviction, in due form of law, of the high crimes and misdemeanors of which he Certainly not. And at this point the quesis manifestly and notoriously guilty and which render it unsafe longer to permit him to exercise the powers he has unlawfully as-

sumed : and Secondly. To provide for the faithful and efficient administration of the Executive Desing to obey the will of a majority of their party friends, at a time when on our compartment of the Government within the limits presented by law. pact organization rest not only the largest

interests of the people of the Keystone State, immediately reconstructing civil governments in those States lately in rebellion, excepting Tennessee; and for restoring them of other candidates. They do not ask any to their practical relations with the Governman to sacrifice himself in behalf of their ment on the basis of loyalty and justice, and to that end, preference, and now they can justly claim that the same men do not sacrifice the

Fourth, To secure, by the direct intervention of Federal authority, the right of fran-chise alike, without regard to color, and to all classes of loyal citizens residing within those sections of the Republic which were

lately in rebellion.

The resolution created great excitement on the Republican side, and on a question of for the good of the Republican party, to secure its victory and establish its principles, His friends now ask their political brethren to display the same high regard for the ororder, raised by Mr. Hill, the Speaker deciganization of the party, by entering the Re-publican caucus on Thursday evening next, ded that as part of the resolution referred to reconstruction it must go to the Committee on Reconstruction. Immediately afterward and making Simon Cameron's nomination for the U. S. Senate unanimous. There is Mr. Kelso again offered the resolution, omitting paragraphs three and four.

Mr. Davis moved to lay it on the table, nothing illiberal in this claim. It is sup-

which was negatived—yeas 40, nays 103. The morning hour having expired the resolution went over until Monday next.
Immediately afterwards Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, rose and, as a question of privilege, had read, by the Clerk, the following

of majorities, and that moment those who represent the Republican party of this or charges: "I do impeach Andrew Johnson, Vice President, and acting President of the United States, of high crimes and misdemeanors. I charge him with usurpation of power and violation of law, in that he has corruptly abused the appointing power; in that he has corruptly used the pardoning power; in that he has corruptly used the veto power; in that he has corruptly disposed of party. We do not want to see the victories of the Republican masses wasted in idle squabbles by their Representatives. We are the public property of the United States; in that he has corruptly interfered in elections and committed acts and conspired with others to commit acts which, in contemplation of the Constitution, are high crimes and misdemeanors; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be, and they are hereby, authorized to inquire into the official conduct of Anmakes Gen. Cameron stronger. Every man in the party, who refuses to recognize and respect this strength, as it is demonstrated by the preferences of our Representatives, drew Johnson, Vice President, discharging the powers and duties of the office of Presi dent of the United States, to report to this House, whether in their opinion the said Andrew Johnson while in said office has been guilty of acts which were designed or calculated to overthrow, subvert or corrupt the Government of the United States, or any department or office thereof, and whether the said Andrew Johnson has been guilty of any act, or has conspired with others to do acts which, in contemplation of the Consti-tution, are high crimes and misdemeanors, requiring the interposition of the Constitu-tional power of this House, and that said committee have power to send for persons and papers, and to administer the customary cause we know we express the feeling of a majority of the Republicans in the Legisla-ture, as well as that of a majority of the Re-

witnesses. Mr. Spaulding (Ohio) moved to lay the resolution on the table, which was lost—yeas 39, nays 105. The resolution was then adopted under the operation of the previous question—yeas 106, nays 36.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7. In the Senate, after a short debate on the President's veto of the District of Columbia Suffrage Bill.

Mr. Wade called up the bill to admit Ne-

Mr. Howe took the floor, and made a

Mr. Howe took the floor, and made a lengthy speech in favor of the bill, also in favor of an amendment granting the right of suffrage to the colored race. The pending question was upon an amendment, that it shall take effect only under the fundamental condition that there shall be no distinction in civil or political rights among the inhabitants of Nebraska on account of color: that the Legislature of said State shall agree to said condition before the admission of the State. The above was disagreed to.

The Senate, at five o'clock and twenty minutes, adjourned.

In the Senate, yesterday, the District of Columbia Suffrage bill was passed, over the President's veto, by the following vote:
YEAS—Messrs. Anthony, Cattell, Chandler, Conness, Cragin, Creswell. Edmunds, Fessenden, Fogg, Fowler, Frelinghuysen, Grimes, Henderson, Howard, Howe, Kirkwood, Lane, Mossey, Messey, Messey, Press. Morgan, Morrill, Poland, Ramsey, Ross, Sherman, Stewart, Sumner, Trumbull, Wade Wiley and Williams-28.

NAYS-Messrs. Cowan, Dixon, Doolittle, Foster, Hendricks, Johnson, Nesmith, Norton, Patterson and Van Winkle-10. ABSENT OR NOT VOTING—Messrs. Brown, Buckalew, Davis, Guthrie, Harris, McDougall, Nye, Pomeroy, Riddle, Saulsbury, Sprague, Wilson, and Yates—13.

So the bill, having received a two-thirds

vote of the Senators present, was passed, and goes to the House.

Payment of the National Debt.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7. The bill introduced by Representative hundred thousand dollars of the awards, un-der the original bill, had been made. It would be a great inconvenience to the peo-ple of Maryland who were entitled to com-States three hundred millions of Treasury notes not bearing interest, to be legal tende in manner, as authorized by act of February ferred to. It simply required that the report shall be made to Congress instead of the President or Secretary of War. The bill be exchanged for the issues of the National banks, and for the purchase of such portion to the house. be necessary to carry out the true intent of this act. The National bank notes, received last campaign, to ignore the importance of the election of Gen. Geary by intruding their own aspirations for the Senatorship. The friends of Gen. Cameron, at all times and in the market price. The Secretary of the Treasury, Attorney General, Secretary of the Interior, Treasurer of the United States and Comptroller of Currency are to be the comoners of the sinking fund. The object and effect of this bill is to pay the National debt in thirty-two years, with an appropriation of eighteen millions a year for this pur-

It appears that during 1866 there were 85 railway accidents in the United States, in which lives were lost, and in them 115 per-sons were killed and 607 wounded. This is a great improvement over 1865, when there were 183 railroad accidents, in which 335 persons were killed and 1427 wounded; and t exhibits a less number of killed and wounded by such accidents, than any year since 1861. These accidents, however, do not include any where persons were injured by their own carelessness. There were 23 steamboat accidents during 1866, on the various rivers and lakes in the United States, by which 633 persons killed and 156 wound This is a less number than occurred during 1865, for which year report is 32 ac cidents, in which 1788 persons were killed and 265 wounded, but it is a larger number than were reported for any previous year since 1854. These reports do not include loss of life by disasters at sea nor during nava! engagements.

We find the following in the Pittston (Pa.) Gazette:

Dren-In Mahanoy City, Pa., on the 20th ult., Hon. Ira Van Vesburgh, aged 32 years, 4 months and 11 days. By his will, his ex-pected bride, Miss Lizzie R. Filley, of Pittson, will become sole heiress of \$45,000.

The Gazette states Miss Fslly is but nineteen years of age, and an accomplished young lady. N. B .- She does not come into possession of the property until twenty-one,

THE NEW COINAGE,-By the December statement of the coinage at the Mint we find that the increase of the new copper coinage goes on with rapidity. No less than 2.457. 000 of the new fives were coined, showing that the determination to furnish an ample supply of this coin is still maintained in good faith. They are becoming more num-Thirdly. To provide effective means for erous in active circulation, but the field is so extensive that the public demand will readily absorb all that can be coined for many months to come. Steady progress is also made with the two and three cent pieces, 311.250 of the former and 533.000 of the latter having been coined during the month.

The Congressional Committee have about closed the investigation of the New-Orleans riot with the testimony of General Sheridan, General Mower, Governor Wells, and Judge Mower. Some witnesses there found diffi-culty in giving their testimony. One important witness was arrested seven times in wenty-four hours, by the civil authorities, to prevent his testimony being given to the committee, and only reached the room at last by being accompanied by United States soldiers. The investigation into the alleged frauds of the Custom House has been commenced and the Committee may return to Washington this week.

BREVITIES.

The Danes refuse to become Prussians. Forty-five Popes have been exiled from

A Milwaukee butcher found a live mudturtle in a cow's stomach. A Buffalo revenue collector, sues for \$300-

000 his share of confiscated goods. The Girard estate yielded \$830,000 last year and will soon support 1200 orphans.

Stephens failed to offer the city of Dublin as a "Christmas gift" to the Irish Republic. Two-thirds of thirty thousand women in New York who are dependent on daily labor for support are now out of employ-

According to R. Johnson, Jeff. Davis, be ing a prisoner of war, cannot be tried before a civil court.

According to Supreme Court, Jeff. Davis, being a civillian, cannot be tried by a military court. Are not lawyers in a muddle ?-Philadel-

Miss Anna E. Dickinson has recoeverd from her recent severe illness. Gov. A. J. Hamilton of Texas has settled

Lieut.-Gov. Winchester of Conneticut is in Paris, urging upon the French Govern-ment the adoption of his new guns in the military and naval service.

n Harrisburg, and will commence the prac-

The Rev. Father Kenny of Dubuque, Iowa a prominent Catholic priest, formally re-nounced his faith a few days since at a prayer meeting at the Clark-st. M. E. Church

Lieut, George A. Marden of New Hamp shire has accepted a position upon the edi-torial staff of The Boston Advertiser.

The Shah of Persia is about to bring a libel suit against a French author who has Mr. E. R. Parker (colored) is announced

as an independent candidate for Mayor of Alleghany City, Pa. D. K. Jackman of Philadelphia, and Milton Cartwright of Erie, Pa., have purchased 8,000 acres of the richest cotton lands in South Carolina, and intend putting it at once under cultivation. The price paid was \$12 Jap. 12, 1867.

Gen. Grant has purchased his father-in-law's homestead, 10 miles from St. Louis, for \$25,000, as a final residence for himself and

Mr. Greenwood, a shoemaker of Harveys-burg, Ohio, has fallen heir to an cetate in New Jersey worth \$40,000.

A betrayed (Rochester, N. Y.) woman attempted to kill her seducer, in Meadville, Pa. She shot at him three times, and each

time missed him. Pittsburg has had so many fires of late that a reward for the apprehension of the incentiaries is offered by the Mayor. On Monday the 7th inst., a United St

District Court was opened in Erie. It is the first ever held there. The central meridian of the United States one hundred miles west of Fort Riley,

The New York Gitten asks, "have ladies any limbs?"—meaning legs. For shame.— Tilters !

In many localities in the South the peo-ple have been enjoying sleigh-riding for the first time in their lives.

A. T. Stewart will continue in business He has not accumulated enough to live on. Fifty million dollars don't support him. 19} acres of glass will be used at the Paris

A Massachusetts lady died and left legacy for the maintenance of her dog. Baldness is fashionable among certain

young elegants in New York. In Maine they are going to try to prevent the sale of liquors of a medicine. In 1866, 4,000 houses were built in Cleve-

John B. Gough lives in Norwich, Conn. Maryland owes \$10,780,809. Long ago, in Massachusetts, it was the custom for a person to go about the meet

ing houses, during divine service, and wake the sleepers. He hore a long wand, on one end of which was a ball and on the other a fox tail. When he observed the men asleep, he rapped them on the head with the kno and roused the slumbering sensibilities of the ladies by drawing the brush lightly across their faces "

Messrs. Dall and Gowan, of Harrisburg Pa., were the engineers of the Chicago lake tunnel. They contracted to do the work for \$315,139, but it is said the entire cost will be \$600,000. The contractors have therefore lost heavily.

The Galveston Bulletin says that Texas must "come down to brass tacks" and accept the constitutional amendment, unless the people wish Congress to proceed with

Treasurer Spinner had sad experience at the President's levee on New Year's day, he having had his pocket picked. It should be a warning to him to keep aloof from bad company,

A California wife, in San Francisco, writes thusly to her husband in the interior:
"Dear Sir: It may be proper, and perhaps my duty, to inform you that about two months ago I succeeded in getting my divorce from you, and also that I have since married again. You may continue your monthly remittances, as I may need them

for your three children.' A special messenger is in Chicago to present to Mrs. Lincoln the gold medal sent her by thirty thousand workingmen of France, out of regard to the memory of her husband.

The freedmen of Natchez bought a church for \$9,000 paying \$6,000 cash.

The railroads of this country employ two hundred thousand men, and at least a million of men, women and children depend for their support upon the railroad interest There is a salt well in Tuscarawas county, Ohio, which yields six hundred barrels of water in twenty-four hours, thirty-five gal-lons of water making a bushel of salt.

Capitalists in St. Louis have a pain for building a suburban town some four miles from that city. They propose to build five hundred dwellings, with a street railroad, and provide for gas and water supplies.

A lady visited Petersburg last week for the purpose of purchasing her wedding trousseau, and while there also purchased mb-stone to be placed over her late husband. The old and the new love.

"Shall ladies have votes?" asked a stump speaker. "Certainly," replied a strong-minded woman in the audience. "Is woman made only to sew on buttons? And, if she is, it is against the law of nature to turn away the needle from the poll."

Ex-Gov. Gilmore of New Hampshire con tinues very ill. His recovery is doubtful,

but still hoped for.

Passed Assistant Paymaster McDaniel stationed at Pensacola, writes that a few days ago Stephen R. Mallory, late Rebel Secretary of the Navy, recently pardoned by President Johnson, delivered an address to the young men of Pensacola, exhorting them to devote particular attention to 'military studies,' as that was a matter of much more importance to the South than literature.

AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC is now ready for delivery, gratis, at the Drug Store of W. A. Bennett, Market Street, Sunbury, who will be happy to supply all that may call for them. Every family should have and keep this book. It is worth having-comprising much general information of great value. It gives the best instruction for the cure of prevalent complaints that we can get anywhere:-Its anecdotes alone are worth a bushel of wheat, and ts medical advice is sometimes worth to the sick the wheat's weight in gold. Many of the medical almanace are trash, but this is solid metal. Its calculations are made purposely for this latitude and are therefore correct. Call and get an Ayer's Almanac, and when got, keep it.

DISTRIBUTIONS.

We would call attention to the opinion of one of the leading papers of Canada on this subject :

Most of our readers have, no doubt, read some of he numerous advertisements of Gift Enterprises, lift Concerts, &c., which appear from time to time Gift Concerts, &c., which appear from time to time in the public prints, offering most tempting bargains to those who will patronize them. In most cases these are genuine humbugs. But there are a few respectable firms who do business in this manner, and they do it as a means of increasing their whole-leads business, and not to make money. From such firms, it is true, handsome and valuable articles are procured for a very small sum, and what is more important, no one is ever cheated. Every person gets good value for his dollar; because, as we have stated, it is intended to act as an advertisement to increase their ordinary business.

We have seen numbers of prizes sent out in this way by Sherman, Watson & Company, of Nassau Street, N. Y., and there is no doubt that some of the articles are worth eight or ten times the money paid for them, while we have not seen or heard of a single article which was not fully worth the dollar which it cost. But this is only one of the exceptions of this rule, for as a general thing the parties engaged in this business are nothing but clever swindlers.—

(Saturday Reader, Montreal, C. E., Jan. 13, 1866.)

Oct. 20.—cow-6t

SEE A WOMAN, in another column, picking mburg grapes for Speer's Wine. It is an admirable article, used in the hospitals and by the first class families in Paris, London and New York, in preference to old Port Wine. It is worth a trial, as it gives great satisfaction. For sale by W. A. Bennett. Market street

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE STOCK and PIXTURES of an established Confectionery, with an Oyster department, and good run of custom. JNO. C. MILLER, Sunbary, Pa.

FOR SALE. A VHBY desirable HOUSE and LOT, situate on Walnut street, in the Borough of Sunbury, is offered at private mis. The house is almost new and wall finished. Persons desiring to buy, will do wall to examine this desirable residence.

For particulars apply at the Boot & Shoc Store of W. H. MILLER.

Estate of John Fagely, deceased. NOTICE is hereby given that letters of adminis-tration having been granted to the undersign-ed on the cetate of John Fagely, late of Shamokin township, Northumberland county, Pa., deceased All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for cettlement. CHRISTIAN C. PAGELY, Adm'r. Shamokintown, Jan. 12, 1867.—6t

L. SEASBOLTE, C. M. WOLVERTON, C. P. BEASHOLTE COAL! COAL! COAL!

THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity, that they have opened at J. Hass & Co's Lower Wharf, Sumbury, Fa., where they are prepared to supply all kinds of Shamokin Coal, at cheap rates. Pamilies and others promptly supplied. Country custom respectfully selicited. SEASHOLTZ & CO.

Sunbury, Jan. 12, 1867.

Sunbury, Jan. 12, 1867.

They will do it! They will do it!!

They will do it !!!

They will do it ! They will do it !!

They will do it !!! They will do it !

They will do it !!

They will do it!!!

Sunbury, Jan. 12, 1867. QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SUNBURY. Quarterly Report of the condition of the "The First National Bank of Sunbury, in the Borough of Sun-bury, in the State of Pennsylvania," on the morning of the first Monday of January, A. D., 1867:

RESOURCES. Notes and bills discounted, Banking-house, other Real Estate, furni-ture and fixtures, Current expenses

Cash Items,
Due from National Banks, other Banks
and Bankers,
U.S. Bonds deposited with U.S.
Treasurer to secure circulating notes, 122,620 48 200,000 0

Other U.S. securities on hand, Pennsylvania War Loan and other stocks, Cash on hand in circulating notes of other National Banks, Cash on hand, notes of State Banks, 18,780 00 Specie, U. S. Legal Tender Notes, Compound Interest Notes, 20,000 0

\$661,608 90 LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in, Surplus Fund, Dividends Unpaid, \$200,000 00 12,471 21 Circulating notes received from the Comptroller, \$180 Less amount on hand, 13 Leaving amount outsanding, Individual Deposits, Construction Account,

Due the National Bunks, State Bank circulation outstanding, Discount, Exchange and Interes Profit and Loss as \$661,608 90

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, NORTHUMBRLAND CO., SCT. I, S. J. PACKER, Cashier of the "First National Bank of Sunbury, Pa., "do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this ninth day of January, A. D., 1867.

P. M. Shindel, Ass't. Assessor.

Sunbury, Jan. 12, 1807.

THE TRIBUNE FOR 1867. The Thinn's enters upon the year 1867 more prosperous in business than ever before. The expediency of enlarging our pages—thus making The Tribane the largest
and the cheapest newspoper in America—was doubted by
many. We have found our account in it. The circulation of The Targung is steadily increasing, and our advertising part orange has increased so much that it is more difficult to print our news than when we used a smaller sheet,
and this difficulty we can only meet by frequently publishing supplementary pages.

and this dimentially we can only meet by frequently publishing supplementary pages.

The close of the war has imposed upon Tite Tribers the discussion of momentous and peculier problems. We We have met them as best we could, laboring with sincerity for Freedom, Social Progress, Political Equality, Imparial Suffrage—All Rights for all A Republican President became the enemy of Republicanism, and we have been called upon to denounce and expose the treacheries of a degraded Administration. It was not without pain, certainty not without pain, certainty not without which the made an issue

in micry not watmout much thinking, that we made an issue by returning their radical representatives to power. The elections of 1805—as important to the notion as Lee's surrection—in finite and taridis. We are no longer pressed by war necessities, and we must a mend our war experiments. The present of condition of the currency is a grievous evil. Trade suffers; our manufacturing interests are in a precarious state. A dollar does not mean a dollar, but its fraction. It may be sixty cents, it may be ten. It is a seatiment, not a fact. When the laborer carns his dollar, he does not know whether he has one load of bread or ten. All business is fewerish and unsettled. We think this can only be remedied by a wise and intripid policy at Washington—by reducing the currency to the specie basis. Upon this we shall insist.

The necessity of Protection to Labor again presses upon us. We regret that on this most important measure the Republican party is divided. An honest but mischievens a more protection of the protection of a more protection of a contraction of a necessary on the weak of the protection of a policy which can only result in the protection for the register of the protection of a policy which can only result in the protection for the register of the regist

TERMS. WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

fail subscribers, single copy, 1 year—52 numbers, fail subscribers, clubs of five five 9 00 sed to name of subs , each 1 79 to names of subscribers, 34 00 16 00 SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

Mail subscribers, 1 copy, 1 year—104 numbers \$4.00 do. 2 copies, do. do. 7 08 do. 5 copies, or over, for each copy 3 00 Persons remnting for 10 copies 500 will receive an extra copy for 6 months.

Persons remnting for 15 copies \$45 will receive an extra copy one year.

For \$100 we will send thirty-four copies and the The Daily Tribune. DAILY TRIBUNE

Ten Dollars per anusm. Terms, cush in advance.

Drafas on New-York, or Post-Office orders, psyable to the order of Tax Taxavax, being asfer, are preferable to any other mode of remittance. Subscribers who send money by Express must be pay Express charges. Address money by Express must be TRIBUNE, New-York.

Mount Carmel Hotel.

MT. CARMEL, Northumberland Co., Pa., THOS. BURKET, PROPRIETOR. This large commodious Hotel is located near the depots of the Shamokin Valley and the Quakake & New York Railroads. Trains arrive and depart daily. This house is located in the centre of the Coal Region and affords the best accommodations to travelers and permanent enstemers.

BENJAMIN BAHNER.

Frait, and Ornamental Trees. Shrubbery, Vines, &c. THE subscriber respectfully announces to the citi-sens of Northumberland and adjoining counties, that he is prepared to furnish all varieties of Fruit, and ornamental trees, Shrubberry, Vines, &c., of the very best quality, which he will warrant to be healthy and vigorous, from the most responsible nur-series in the country. All trees, &c., ordered during the winter, will be delivered at the nearest railroad stations free of charges, in the spring of 1867. stations free of charges, in the spring of 1867.
The celebrated SHERRY WINE PLANT, a most

Address BENJAMIN BAHNER

Paxinos P. O., Northumberland County, Pa January 5, 1867.—3m.

PHILADELPHIA, December, 22d 1866 THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the above named company will be held at their office, No. 226 Walnut Street, (Room No. 3.) or Tuesday, January 8th, 1867, at 11 o'clock, to elect Directors for the ensuing year. Pirectors for the ensuing year.

The transfer books will be closed on and after the

January 5, 1867 .-- 1t. Estate of Henry Heckert, Dec'd. Notice of Henry Heckert, Dec'd.

Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of Henry Heckert, late of Lower Mahanoy township, Northumberland county, Pa., deceased All persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM DEPPIN, Administrator.

Lower Mahanoy, January, 5, 1867.—6t.

LAST NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors that I have placed my accounts in the hands of a L. Kase, Attorney for collection. Persons owing me will save costs by coming forward and paying their indebtedness immediately. JOHN WILVER.

Sunbury, January 5, 1867 -3t. BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS! H. G. THACHER.

SUCCESSOR TO 12,471 21
10,162 20
IN addition to our large stock, already on hand, we are now receiving a full supply of Fall and Winter goods for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses and Children's wear.

Also a good assortment of Trunks. A large logous 10,366 84
it distinctly understood that we intend selling ou goods at small profits, exclusively for the cash.

Don't forget the place. Apsley's old stand, in the well-known house of Mrs. Boulton, Market stree Sunbury, Pa.

Sunbury, Pa.

NOTICE—Boots and Shoes neatly repaired a short notice. If any bought of us should rip the shall be fixed for nothing.

H. G. THACHER Sunbury, Dec. 8, 1866 .- tf.

Administrator's Notice. NOTICE is hereby given that letters of admin tration having been granted to the undersign on the estate of Peter B. Masser, late of the Borou of Sunbury, Northumberland county, Pa., decense All persons indebted are requested to make imme ate payment, and those having claims to presthem duly authenticated for settlement.

GEO. W. SMITH, Adm'r Sunbury, Dec. 8, 1866.—6t

DUILDERS and those contemplating buildi B would do well to call and see the large amment of Locks, Latches, Bolts, Butts and Screetaps and T. Hinges, Window Springs, and ev thing wanted to complete a home, at the new Howare store of J. H. CONLEY & Co

JNO. KAY CLEMENT. ATTORNEY AT LAT Business in this and adjoining counties carel and promptly attended to.

Office in Market Street, Third door west of S

& Genther's Stove and Tinware Store SUNBURY PENNA. HO! FOR THE HOLIDAYS NEW ARRIVAL OF USEFUL AND FA

A very large assortment of Prayer and Hymn Books, and Bibles, Sc Juvenile, Toy and Blank Books.

The largest stock of Toys ever brought to this consisting in part of Dolls, Doll Heads, Doll F every size, style and kind.

Sleds. Wagons, thina Tea Sets, all sizes, R Whistles, Harmonicas. Tin and Woods Toys of all kinds, &c., &c. A fine line of fancy articles. Jet Pins, Horn

Shawl Pins and Shirt Stu Sleeve Buttons, Pocket Books, Fine Purses for Perfumes, Soaps, Brushes, Combs, &c. A large stock of

FINE ALBUM Dissecting Pictures, Mars, &c., Passe Partot ture Frames, Portiolice, Ink Stands, Lar and Fixtures Bird Cages, Canes, Pipes and Stems, Cigar Cases and Tubes, THERMOMETERS, &c.

Call and see our stock. Everthing kept is Stationery and notion, to be had by calling a N. FERREE LIGHTNER'S NEWS AND PERIODICAL DEPC

Sanbury, Dec. 15, 1866. HOLIDAY GIFT FOR YOUR HOLIDAY SELECT

MISS ANNA PAINTER PANEY COODS 37 Two doors West of the Post Of BUNBURY, PENN

JUST OPENED A general assortment of FANCY GOODS CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S For Ladies and Gentles

CALL AND SEE THEM. Also: New Gift Books especial as Sifts for THE COMING HOLIDAY BE Sold at Moderate Rates.

Sunbury, Dec. 22, 1866. DIARIES for 1867. All kinds and LIGH

WATCH Chains, Sleeve Buttons, Stu HOLIDAY PRESENT

LIGHT The First National Bank bury, Penn'a." NOTICE

Is bereby given that, the regular aneu of Directors of "The First National Babury, Pa.," will be held on TUESDAY to JANUARY, A. D., 1867, at the Bank in the Borough of Sunbury, Pa., betweet of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M., the accordance with the provisions of the Agress.

8. J. PACKER 8. J. PACKER. Sunbury, Pa , Dec. 18th, 1866.

BOARDING HOL

CHESTNUT STREET, SUNBUR) NEAR THE DEPO Mrs. MARIA THOM! Proprie

Regular and Transient bearders kept reasonable terms, Persons attending Court will find it Boarding-House, and will de well to ca Sunbury. Dec. 22, 1866.—3t.

DEALER IN

Purchasers will find it to their advantage to patro-nize him, as he has had a great deal of experience in the business, and sells on the most reasonable

New York & Middle Coal Field Rail Road & Coal Company.

CHAS. R. LINDSAY,