SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1866. FOR GOVERNOR,

Gen. JOHN W. GEARY, Of Cumberland County. Union Republican County Ticket

FOR CONGRESS.

JOHN B. PACKER, Esq., of Sunbury, (Subject to decision of Conferee Convention.) SAMUEL H. ROTHERMEL, of Zerbe.

FOR PROTHONOTARY, CHARLES J. BRUNER, of Sunbury.

AWAKE, FREEMEN! ASSEMBLE IN YOUR MIGHT IN MASS MEETING, AT SUNBURY, ON FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1866.

Maj. Gen. J. W. GEARY, our next Governor, will positively attend this mee Governor A .G. CURTIN, Gov. HAMILTON, of Texas, Hon. SIMON CAMERON,

Col. JOS. FISHER, and other eminent speakers from abroad have bee invited to be present and address the meeting. The friends of the Union, in Northumberland and adjoining Counties, are invited to attend and hear the Champions of the Right on the real issues of the

"THE BOYS IN BLUE," are cordially invited to come en masse. They will receive a cordial welcome.

Notice is hereby given to the various Boroughs and Townships, to organize Clubs and attend by delegations, to join and participate in the parade on that day Bands of Music will be in attendance.

Marshals or Leaders of delegations from the several counties or districts, are required to report by mail, to either of the undersigned, not later than September 28th, 1865, the probable number who will attend.

E. WILVERT, Chairman, Ex. Com. of North'd. Co. Col. W. M. M'CLURE, Pres't. Club of Boys in Blue. Sunbury, Sept. 6, 1866.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5, 1866.

fore have so many people assembled in this city, for political or any other purpose. What is also a matter of great moment, is are among the best and more distinguished men in the nation, morally and politically, ever made in this country. Many of them are officers who distinguished themselves during the war. This applies particularly to the delegates from the Southern States. On Monday evening, after the great procession, at least five times as phia Convention. large as the so-colled democratic procession assembled before the Union League Build- tion of Congress: House, witnessed from the balcony above that of the speakers, with the thousands of jets of gas, which threw a broad glare over jets of gas, which threw a broad glare over instance in which he openly questioned the despatches have been further tampered with despatches have been further tampered with the de

"Gentiemen, I am not physically able to make a speech, and if I were, I could anxiety and solicitude. not consent to do so to-night or on this occasion. I must uphold and maintain the dignity of the office of Governor of Tennessee. As such, I cannot go abroad stumpof Tennessee must not do anything of that sort. I have at my back the Hon. A. J. Fletcher, Secretary of the State of Tennessee; he lives in the town of Greenville, where Andy Johnson lived, and is better prepared to dissect him than any man I ever been doc. If he fails, which he never does I have Judge Butler, also of Greenville, who by its statutes. can tell you something of Mr Johnson; and after this Convention is over, I propose, with the Tennessee delegates, to go stumping the North, after the President. (Cheers.)

The controversy, then, between the executive and legislative departments of the Government has at length reached that point which some of us foresaw in February last. Mr. Fletcher was then introduced. He said that for the first time in his life he visited the North, and he desired to say that the tried Union men of Tennessee were heart and hand with the great Union party of the North; and he returned thanks to the great army of the North for a deliverance from a tyranny exceeding that ever before from a tyranny exceeding that ever before witnessed in the world. The Union men of North for protection. (Cheers.) He should speak of Tennessee loyalty, and narrate only those things he had seen with his own eyes. The present State Government of Tennessee was organized by Andrew Johnson, Military Governor under Abraham Lincoln. He says himself be devoted the energies of three years in organizing that State Government. His first and second efforts failed, owing to the fortunes of war. His third was successful, and a Legislature was elected. He told us in his speeches and proclamation what to do, and pointed out how the rebels could be excluded from participation in the Government, and he advocated equal suffrage.

His policy was adouted not because it res His policy was adopted, not because it was his, but because it was right. The Legislature has followed his direc-

tions, and now the negro is equal with the whites in all the State courts. But how does Andrew Johnson look upon that State Government now ! A few weeks ago he was considering the policy of appointing a Military Governor to supersede Governor Brownlow, merely because we had done what as Military Governor he recommended. This treachery of the President of the United States exceeded any treachery to Congress or the party that elected him to office.— After he passed these laws which he objected to, although he had recommended them, the President telegraphed to General Thomas to extend no further aid to the Government of Tennessee, and our Government was at the mercy of the Rebels. We have leaned upon the military and the President. These failed us, and we directed our attention to

He had been, with Andrew Johnson, a a democrat all his life. He referred to the fact that the present constitution of Tennessee was got up and supported by President Johnson and his friends, and now the President started at Philadelphia.

dent was doing all in his power to defeat its objects. The speech of Gen. Burnsides was received with rounds of applause. The General is no orator, in the true sense of the word, but has an off-hand way of stating facts, with no little humor, and generally makes a very favorable impression. He spoke of his arrest of Vallandigham, who was using all his efforts to get his men to desert from the ranks. He was told that if desert from the ranks. He was told that if he put him in prison they would tear up the very foundation walls. So he concluded to put Vallandigham in a room immediately above his own, and placed a guard over him, and told them he was willing to risk the wall. Mr. Nelson, of Tennessee, the man who killed John Morgan, also made a man who killed John Morgan, also made a speech, relating many incidents of the suf. and whose partial, short lived successes were ferings of the Union people of that State. ferings of the Union people of that State.

About 11 o'clock a gentleman, who had arrived only a few hours before, from New Orleans, made a speech full of interest. He was present at the late butchery of the Union men at the convention in New Orleans. He said he had himself been opposed to the policy of holding a sonvention, but neither the President, or any living being, had a right to prevent them assembling, much less to aid the rebel police to murder them. He said that act of the President had converted thousands of conservatives into radicals.

At a number of other places large crowds had gathered. Governor Curtin addressed a large audience from the front of the Cortinental Hotel. The fact is, there never was such an outpouring of the people, and the cops already fee! the pressure of defeat weighing heavily upon them.

There never was such a discordant party-The cops who have, for the last three years abused President Johnson as one of the worst and meanest of living men, now say he has changed while the President declares. in almost every speech he makes, that he has not changed, but is the same he always has been. That some one lies is very evihas been. That some one lies is very evident. But the party is made up of just such discordant elements, the sole object of which is the spoils of offices.

arms and deny the military organization and discipline required to render them efficient in our national defence.

In short, I hold that Congress is substan-

P. S .- The assemblage before the Union League House, to-night, was the largest ever known in the city. From 40,000 to 50,000 Philadelphia has frequently been the focus is a fair estimate. There was almost a conof large political gatherings, but never be- stant discharge of rockets and other fireworks. The procession, with banners and torchlights, took several hours to pass. The Johnson meeting was a mere fizzle compared the fact that the delegates assembled here, to this, probably not one-tenth as large. All admit that it was the greatest demonstration

Gen. Forrest, the author of the mas sacre at Fort Pillow, presided over the meeting held at Memphis, to ratify the Philadel-

The Atlanta New Era thus hails with on the 14th of August, large crowds were enthusiasm Mr. Johnson's latest denuncia-

ing and other places, but a heavy fall of rain soon dispersed the assemblage. Last ported by the telegraph on Sunday morning, night, however, they mustered in full force. is an advance movement. Opposed as Mr. Johnson has ever been to class legislation The meeting in front of the Union League and sectional hierarchy, he has never spared the ambitious and revolutionary leaders of the multitude in the street, was one of the grandest sights of the kind I ever beheld. Frequent calls having been made for Gov. Brownlow, of Tennessee, he came forward and said:

"Gentiemen. I am not physically able locked to by heath parties with parties with parties with parties with parties with instances in which he openly questioned the legality of its existence, or pointedly hinted that its proceedings are a nullity. The President with that its proceed in the president with that its proceed in the president with that its proceed in the president wit looked to by both parties with increased HRADQUARTERS MIL. DIVISION OF THE GULF

or which has assumed to be the Congress of the United States," be not a Constitutional Congress, it follows, as a matter of course, log and making political speeches. (Cheers and laughter.) It will do for a man who is accidental President of the United States (cheers), but the Governor of the great State of Tennessee must not do anything of that sort. I have at my back the Hon. A. I.

eard of. If he fails, which he never does, to what extent their consciences are bound

Mr. Fletcher was then introduced. He It is, on the part of each, a contest for exiswitnessed in the world. The Union men of the South are weak, and they look to the dict that the controversy will be settled without an appeal to arms.

## UNION VICTORIES.

THE GREEN MOUNTAIN BOYS How They Stand by the Right. VERMONT FIRES THE FIRST GUN.

MONTHELIER, Vt., Sept. 4. Returns from one-tenth of the State show

as follows: Dilliugham, 5,148; Davenport, 1,895. The same towns last year showed 4,658 against 1,858. The indications are of an increased Republican majority of 5,000. The Senate will be unanimously Republican. The House nearly 80. In the Third Congressional District there has been no choice, the two Republican candidates running about even. In the other transitions

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 4.—At the city election to-day Joshua S. Valentine, Union candidate for Mayor, and the whole Union ticket was elected by largely increased ma-

the mercy of the Rebels. We have leaned upon the military and the President. These failed us, and we directed our attention to the people of the North, upon God, and Congress. (Cheers.) We had assurances that if we ratified the amendment to the Constitution we would be recognized by Congress, and we should be placed beyond the reach of the President of the United States."

Judge Patterson, of Tennessee, (not the son-in-law of the President,) also made a speech of great force and eloquence. There was no clap-trap about it. It was a history of events in Tennessee during the rebellion, and was listened to with great attention.

A young Michigander has eloped with his

A young Michigander has cloped with his

Were we right or wrong in our determina-tion to apun all party ties that threatened to westen the efficiency or frammel the freedom of our efforts to maintain the in-

tegrity of our Union?
Were they right or wrong who sought to paralyze the National arm upraised in self-defence against secession and disunion, who proclaimed the war for the Union a failure,

the Rebel armies ? Is there a rightful difference in your regard for the soldier who died fighting to preserve our nationality, and him who poured out his life blood while battling for the Rebel

cause?

My questions sufficiently indicate the answers I deem prompted by the instincts of true patriotism. Hating none; denouncing none; wishing ill to none; I yet love and honor those who struggled and fought to uphold the Union, as I do not those who did their worst to overthrow it.

Have we, then, who stood by the old flag, gained nothing by its triumph, but the pri-vilege of being ruled by those who fought for its prostration? Do the beaten Rebels return to a dubious loyalty, with all the rights they enjoyed before they plunged into

reason?
I think not. I hold that the loyal States and people achieved by their successful struggle a right to complete security against future rebellions on such grounds and with such impulses as were held to justify that of

I hold that the present Congress is emphatically right in demanding that the States lately in revolt shall no longer enjoy a facti-tious and exceptional power in our national ple, whom they obstinately refuse to educate or enfranchise, and whom they divest of the

tially right, the President generally wrong, in the contest which has alienated them; and I propose to aid and act with those who sustain Congress and oppose the President until the controversy which now convulses the Republic shall have been brought to a

final issue.

Never doubting that such issue will be the logical consummation of the victories achieved by Grant, Sherman, Thomas and Sheridan, I respection.
Sheridan, I respection.
Frence in securing it.
Yours, truly,
HIRAM WALBRIDGE.
24, 1866. Sheridan, I respectfully solicit your concur-

THE MASSACRE.

Further Indications of the Complicity of the President in the New Orleans Butchery.

HE FEARS TO LET THE TRUTH BE KNOWN. AND SUPPRESSES AND MUTILATES DES' PATCHES.

[Special Despatch to the New York Tribune.] The following despatch from the Tribune bureau at New Orleans was received at the Tribune bureau in Washington on Thurs-

August 13, 1866.

General U. S. Grant, Washington, D. C .: The Military Board, called by General Baird to investigate the occurrences in this have been no object in its being present except to prevent the police from perpetrating a revolting massacre. Its absence, for this reason, I regret. From accounts of my own secuts, who saw the affair from first to last; from my own officers; from disinterested and faithful persons, I believe that at least nine-tenths of the casualties were perpetrated by the police and citizens by stabbing and smashing in the heads of many who had been already wounded or killed by police-

P. H. SHERIDAN, Major General Commanding. THE GUILTY PARTY.

The personal friends of General Grant here indignantly deny the charge in the New York Times of to-day, that their Washington correspondent sent to the Times the garbled despatch of General Sheridan to General Grant just as he, the correspondent, received it from General Grant. The aforesaid despatch was not received from General Grant by the Times' correspondent. Gen. Grant, after receiving the despatch from General Sheridan, took it immediately to the President, and that is the last he saw of it. The Times correspondent got the despatch from the President, he being the only correspond-ent here who is admitted into the ring of ent here who is admitted into the ring of the White House. All here agree that the despatch was garbled at the White House. When the despatch, in its garbled form, first appeared in the Times, General Grant was heard to say by persons here that an important sentence had been left out in the despatch as printed in the Times. This, together with the despatch of Gen. Sheridan to Gen. Grant, dated New Orleans, August 13, 1866, and which was omitted by the President in the regular publication of the official correspondence, puts the President official correspondence, puts the President in a still worse predicament.

GEN. SHERIDAN states explicitly that all choice, the two Republican candidates running about even. In the other two districts the Republicans are elected by handsome majorities.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 4.—At the city election to-day Joshua S. Valenting, Union the second of the forest that the Doctor, did not owe their immunitation to the forest the forest that the Doctor, did not owe their immunitation to the forest the f than the Doctor, did not owe their immunity to their moderation, nor to the forbearance of the President's meb, but to their
dexterity in escaping the hands of the assassint. It was not so much the manner in
which certain things were said, as the fact
that they were said at all, that enraged the
champions of "My Policy." Extravagant
utterances may have been used as pretexts;
but the massacre was planned before the
specches were made; and if the orators had
spoken in cadences mellow as softest music,
the butchery would have been enacted all
the same.

Andrew Johnson has declared treason to be the highest crime known to the laws. He seems logically to conclude that it is so high that the laws cannot reach it.

The Government supplies the Fusionists with bread and butter, while the New York Times deals out the weak tea—in argument.

Great Britain Autistraling Tromble in Canada—More Troops on the Way to America,
By Atlantic Cable. GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, August 31. Owing to the official representations of the Canadian Government to the Cabinet here, the 18th regiment of cavalry (huzzars) and 58d and 61st regiments of infantry have been ordered to Canada, They are to leave at once. Other regiments may pethapa go

LONDON, Saturday, Sept. 1.—The threat-ened raid by the Fenians into Canada has received serious notice on the part of the British Government, who are taking active precautionary measures. Three batteries of

artillery have lately been sent to Quebec.
London, Sept. 1.—The London Times of to-day, in view of questions arising between England and America, growing out of the recent war in the United States, and the more recent raid by the Fenlacs into Canada, urges the British Government to take into serious consideration the feasibility, if not the necessity of so extending the provisions the necessity, of so extending the provisions of the neutrality laws as to hold the two Governments to a strict liability for all acts in violation of that law committed by the

LONDON, Sept. 1—Noon.—The royal mail steamship China sailed to-day for Halifax and Boston, with £158,000 in gold for the United States.

FRANCE.

Parts, Sept.-The Emperor Napoleon in a letter written to King Victor Emmanuel on the 11th of August, rejoices that peace has returned. He says he accepted the cession of Venetia from Austria in order that the people of that country might be enabled to choose their own destiny. "France," the Emperor adds, "has exerted

her influence in favor of humanity and the best interests of Venetia and of Italy." RUSSIA.

London, Aug. 30.—News received in this city from Moscow to-day states that a deputation of Russian peasants, representing that interest, waited on Assistant Secretary Fox, and, in the name of the whole body of the peasantry, congratulated him on the arrival of the United States mission to the Em-

Mr. Fox replied, conveying the thanks of the American Government and his own to the compliment, in very happy terms.

Mr. Fox also presented the deputation with a handsome silk American flag.

Mr. Gwoeden, a member of the deputation, on receiving the flag, said that, in case of necessity, all Russia would rise up and aid to unfurl the banner of the Empire of peace, and carry it side by side with that of the great Republic of the West.
St. Petersburg, Saturday, Sept. 1.—The

Russian Government; prior to the negotia-tion of peace, professed to the French Em-peror and the other Powers that the neutrals should participate in the territorial changes occasioned by the results of the war. The proposition was not supported by France or England, and the Czar refrained from officially moving in the matter-reserving, how-ever, liberty of action to himself in the fu-

St. Petersburg, Aug. 41,-A special envoy from the King of Hanover to the King of Russia has arrived in this city and had an interview with the Czar.

BAVARIA MUNICH, August 30.—The members of both branches of the Legislative Chambers have approved of the terms of the Prague

peace treaty.

In the Chamber of Deputies, a motion has been made to the effect that the House shall vote that a close union between Bavaria and

Prussia is necessary.

Berlin, Aug. 31.—There is a rumor current in well informed circles to day that the Elector of Hesse will abdicate, if he has not

believed that peace will be fully consumma ted between their Powers in ten days,

THE CABLE.

Sr. Johns, N. F., Sept. 2.—The Terrible arrived here at noon to-day. She left the cable fleet on Wednesday evening, being short of coal and provisions. At that time the Great Eastern was starting for a spot one hundred miles east of the point where the cable broke last year, all attempts to successfully raise the cable in the 2,000 fathoms depth having failed.

The following is an abstract from Mr. Bean's diary : Saturday, August 12.—The Great Eastern joined the Terrible and Albany at the ren-dezvous. The Albany had hooked the cable previous to the Great Eastern coming up, and lost it, with two miles of grappling

August 13 and 14—Drifting. August 15.—Mr. Canning being satisfied, by the strain on the dynamometer increasing to nine and a half tons, that the cable was booked, at one o'clock everything was made ready to let go a large buoy with veering-rope attached. Here the first disaster occurred—the splice between the grappling rope and buoy having drawn. Fortunately no one was injured. August 16.—Drifting.

August 17 .- At 11 A. M., the ship's time, he cable came to the surface at the bows of the Great Eastern; but while all were congratulating themselves on the great success, the cable slipped off the grapples and disap-

From that date up to Wednesday evening, the 28th, we were grappling with varied success. On one occasion the Albany brought up two miles of the cable. The weather was very unfavorable. At the time the Terrible left it was decided to go one hundred miles east, where the water is only 1016 fathoms deep. They would arrive there on Thursday, and it appears the result is a perfect success.

there on Thursday, and it appears the result is a perfect success.

HEART'S CONTENT, N. F., Sept. 2.—The Atlamic cable of last year was picked up this (Sunday) morning, at 4.40 o'clock, in lat. 51.52, lon. 36.03. The splice was made and the cable lowered at 7 A. M. The Great Eastern is now seven hundred miles from here, paying out. Everything is going on well, and they expect to reach here on Saturday next.

Two counterfeiters were arrested at Mattoon, Coles county, Ill., on Thursday last. In the possession of the prisoners was found \$50,000 in counterfeit United States Treasury notes, of the denomination of \$10, \$20 and \$100, and a large lot of bogus postation currency. A considerable amount of good money, and the engraved plates of the notes, were found also, all of which were secured.

VALLANDIGHAM'S OFFENSE.—Vallandigham has been excluded from the Philadelphia Convention for the sake of appearance, while Governor Orr, General Dick Taylor, Alexander H. Stephens, Albert Pike and the Cherokee secessionist, Boudinot, are allowed to take their seats. It thus appears that Vallandigham's crime is not that he gimpathized with the rebellion, but that he did not raise a regiment and fight for it.—Chicago Tribune

"Extremes MEET," said some one to Gen. Two counterfeiters were arrested at Mat-

Times deals out the weak tea—in argument.

General Sheridan pronounces the Mayor of New Orleans guilty of murder. The President stands by the Mayor, and appoints a successor! One who sold his honest convictions for promotion.

"EXTREMES MEET," said some one to Gen. Butler, alluding to the frateroization of Gov. Orr and Gen. Couch in the Philadelphia Convention. "Yes," replied Gen. Butler, "and so they do when a dog bites his own tail—but both extremes belong to the same dog." they thoroughty looks white I

Miss Slaten, only sixteen years old, committed suicide at her home in Erie county, Pa, on Faiday, by taking morphium.

For Sun a Woman, in another column picking Samburg grapes for Speer's Wise. It is an admirable article, used in the hospitals and by the first class families in Paris, London and New York, in preference to old Port Wine. It is worth a trial, as it gives great satisfaction,-For sale by W. A. Bennett DVINGOM VAGGOT

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at public sale, on the premises of James Malone in the Borough of Sunbury, on SATURDAY, September 15th, 1896. The following property to wit:

One Horse and Carriage, nine two-horse Wagons, four of which are nearly new; eight setts of double Harness nearly new; one sett of light Harness, one single sett Harness, Picks, Crowbars, Shovels, &c. Also: Two Shumties.

Sale to commence at one o'clock P. M. of said day when the terms will be made known by

JAMES MALONE.

Sunbury, Sept. 8, 1866.—2t

CAUTION.

WHEREAS my wife has left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation, I hereby warn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting. She is now living in Sunbury, and goes by the name of Barrett, having left a little helpless child to the cares of a cold world.

Liberty Twp., Montour Co., Pa. September 8th, 1866.—3t

WM. MENCRE & BROTHER, No. 804 ARCH Street, PHILADELPHIA,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Wholesale and Rotail Dealers in

BERLIN ZEPHYRS,

MBROIDERIES, Fine Knit Goods, etc., personally selected in Europe. Domestic Zephyrs,
Germantown Wools, Cashmere Yarns, etc., latest
styles in Ladies Drews and Clook Trimmings.

Buttons, Drop Fringes, Laces, Shawl Borders, &c.

White Embroidered Bands, etc.

The goods being carefully selected, our Wholesale
Department offers great inducements to the trade.

September 8, 1866.—3mw

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of certain writs of Venditioni Exponas, Alias Venditioni Exponas, Plurius Venditioni Exponas, Fi. Fa. and Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Sunbury, on Monday the 24th day of September, 1866, at 1 o'clock P. M. The following property, to wit:
All those six certain lots, pieces or parcels of ground, situate in the town of Trevorton, Zerbo township, Northumberland county and State of Pennsylvania, marked and designated in the general plan of said town of Trevorton as follows: In block number ninety-two, lots numbered two and three fronting on Market street, in block number one hundred and eight, lot number nine, and in block number ong hundred and twenty-four, lots numbered six, seven and eight.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Charles P. Heltenstein, Administrator of Edward Helfenstein, deceased.

ALSO:

ALSO:

ALSO:

All those certain lots, pieces or parcels of ground, situate in the town of Trevorton, Zerbe township. Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: The eastern half part of lot number four and lots numbers five, six, seven and eight in block number one hundred and twenty, on which is erected a large two story brick dwelling house, thirty-five feet in front on Shamokin street, and seventy-five feet in front on Shamokin street, and seventy-five feet in width on Shamokin street and one hundred and fifty feet in depth. Also, lots six, seven, eight, nine, ten eleven, twelve and thirty-five; the said lots being each twenty-five feet one hundred and thirty-five; the said lots being each twenty five feet in width on Coal street, and one hundred and fifty feet in depth, as marked and designated in the general plan of said town of Trevorton. Also, all those certain six outlots of ground, situate in the town of Trevorton, Northumberland county and State aforesaid, and numbered respectively as ont-lots, numbers one hundred and twenty-nine, one hundred and fifty-six, one hundred and fifty-five, one hundred and fifty-six, one hundred and fifty-five, one hundred and fifty-six, one hundred and forty-eight, as marked and designated in the general plan of said town of Trevorton—said out-lots each con taining two acres of ground, more or less.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Charles P. Helfenstein, Administrator of Edward Helfenstein, deceased.

ALSO:

already done so.

Prague, Sept. 1.—The terms of Peace between Austria and Italy are in rapid progress toward settlement, and it is generally strongers toward settlement, and it is generally strongers. on the south in same block, fronting on railroad avenue on the east, and a 30 feet street on the west, containing 25 feet in each, and 150 feet in depth each to a 30 feet street, whereon are erected on lots Nos. 4 and five, a large frame stable.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of S. L. Berkstresser.

ALSO:

All that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the Borough of Sunbury, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, being a part of one as the out-lots of said Borough, bounded on the north by Whortleberry street and out-lot now owned by Dr. R. H. Awl; on the east by lot of Samuel Garinger, now owned by Benjamin Hendricks; on the south by lot of Mrs. Catharine Cyster, formerly by Edward Cyster, dec'd., and on the west by lot of Charles Beck. William Fetter, Samuel Snyder, Town Mill and others, containing in length, north and south, 305 feet or thereabouts, and in width, east and west, 245 fect or thereabouts, containing 72,895 square feet, more or less, whereon are creeted a frame dwelling house, frame stable, &c
Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as property of Charles G. Morgan.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as property of Charles G. Morgan.

A certain tract or piece of land. Quate in Upper Mahonoy township, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit On the south by land of Michael Paul and Peter Beisel; on the cast by lands of the heirs of John Schminkey, deceased, and Daniel Keefers; on the cost by lands of Samuel Beisel and John Geist, containing ninety-six acres, more or less; eighty-six acres whereofare cleared and the balance timber land, whereon are erected a log weather-boarded dwelling house, frame bank barn, wagen shed and other outbuildings.

Scized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of John S. Schminkey.

A certain tract or piece of ground, situate in Point township, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the side of the North-East Branch of the Susquehanna river, nearly opposite the upper end of the falls, thence by land now or late of Robert Currey, north forty degrees and a quarter, west one prech to a post, thence by the same, north nine degrees, east one porch and two-tenths to a post, thence by land now or late of apost by a whiteoak; thence by the same, north property degrees, east sixty perches and four-tenths of a perch to a post, thence by the same, north properties to a fallen whiteoak; thence by the same, north properties to a fallen whiteoak; thence by land now or late of John Hammer, north brity degrees and a half, east four hundred and two-tenths to a post, thence by land now or late of Henry Nixon, south thirty-nine degrees and a half, east four hundred and two hundred and fity-four perches to the place of beginning, containing by a survey in the property of William Donaldson.

Less of the place of beginning, containing by a survey to the place of beginning, containing by a survey for the property of William Donaldson.

ALSO:

Two certain lots or preces of ground, Nos. 4 and 5

ALSO:

A certain lot of ground, situate in the Borough of Sunbury, Northumberland county, Pa., on the corner of Yawn and Pokeberry streets, containing in front on Fawn street, 28 feet and in depth on Pokeberry street 150 feet, being the northern part of look Nos. 213, 214 and 215, whereon are prected a two-stery frame dwelling house, frame kitchen, frame stable and other outbuildings.

Bejsed, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Michael Wilvert.

WM. M. WEAVER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sanbury, Sept. 8, 1866.

1000 dustomers wanted to buy Hardware, & Took Store J. CONLEY & CO. Sunbury, June 18, 1866.

DAN CASTELLO'S GREAT SHOW,"



BUNBURY.

FOR ONE DAY AND NIGHT ONLY,

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12.

MATINER AT EVENING ENTERTAINMENTS, 2 P.M. Annisator, Only 50 Cents. Children under ten years of age to Reserved Scats



New and startling speciality, given for the first time in any Exhibition in any country. HERR LENGEL the most during artists who has ever handled the monsters of the forest, plains and jongles, will enter the den with the

And give a performance that has created an unparalled excitement throughout the country. The papers and the people have endorsed and proclaim-ed it to be the Greatest Duplay of INTREPIDITY

LIONS AND LIONESSES

ever displayed by mortal being. The collection of TRAINED HORSES

comprise, without a single exception, the Best and Prettest Animals in the world. Prominent is the Dark Chest nut CIRCASSIAN STEED. The Russian Beauty—'CZAR," with the "Flowin Maine and Sweeping Tail," styled by Geo. D. Prentic Esq., a leading journalist, "THE EQUINE ENDOWED WITH A SOUL,"

This public creature, the only specimen of his species America, is a paragon in FORM, BEARING AND ACTION.

Docile and Intelligent, he appears to fully under stand, not only the commands, but the wishest of his master. A more Benutiful Exhibition of Anextion and Suggesty has never befare been presented to the notice of the public. Another rare minual is the thoroughbred Andelusini. ANDY JOHNSON, while the petite peny, "JANUARLY," the smallest and most amusing said quadruped or modern days, generates a vast amount of meriment, sharing in the "low Comedy," the applause invariably acquired by those Assumine Wags. "Them" Mules,

Artenns Ward and Brick Pomerov.



DAN CASTELLO.

Humorist and Conversationalist—the best relat r of treedotes in the Profession,
The Wit, Wag and Philosopher, will have considerate to say relative to "things he has seen and heard," thus firsting a few moments of mirth to these who can enjoy earing "Good Stories, Well Told," and descanted upon a chaste, but unctions and original manner.

THE BATOUTTE LEAPS in the Great Show are distinguished specialities. Mr T. HOLLOWAY, English Trampolinist. R. JOHNSON, A. LEHMAN, HANNON & POWERS. T. WATSON, Mr J. SAUNGERS, LE JUNE BURT. And the entire troups of Auxiliaries will participate in the Erial Emulations, in which, however, will be speci-ally recognized,

The King of Leapers

Who won the palm of victory in England, DAN CASTELLO, who will, apparently without an effort, Literally Fly, and turn a complete Somermult over a Herd of Ten Horses!

The Management is happy to announce the first appearance in this country of

MDLLE PALMYRA, the dashing, young and interesting Equestrienne, who as the principal attraction in Chitmi's Imperial Circus of Mexico, Havana, &c., &e., created a farore unequalled in those enthanisatic lands of the Tropics, where talent a nearly worshipped and ability appreciated to its full extent R. THOMAS WATSON.

ing English lad, of uncommon activity and ique, will execute his Forward and Buckwar SOMERSAULTS ON HORSEBACK, Riding with an case and abouton that warrants him anticipating in being at no distinct day the Champ

HANNON & POWERS. The American Gymnasts, will give their starting cises on the Trapez. LE JUNE BURT,

A recent acquisition to the Establishment, will ride as the Wierd Horseman of the Plants MR. J. SAUNDERS, An Equestrian of merit and signal genius, will graceful Act of Equitation.

An Orthodox old fushioned Clewn,

TOM BURGESS. rill desist in the Department of Fun, and keep in Memorreen the old landmarks of the Circus in "days long goar



PARTICULAR NOTICE. ore first-class Riders, Finer Ring Stock, Greater Variety of Acta, Better Tunned Horses, More, Novel Features, a Better, Varied Programme, their my Circus to the World can claim to have or p

Dan Castello's Great Show Bear in mind also that it will be in SUNBURY but day and night only, September 18th. C. C. PELL, RICHARD P. JONES, General Agent. Director Publi

To Officers of the U.S. Volunteer Army!

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled. That section four of an Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the support of the Army for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six," be so construed as to entitle to the three months' pay proper, provided for therein, all officers of volunteers below the rank of Brigadier General who were in service on the third day of March, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, and whose resignations were presented and accepted, "I who were mustered out at their own request, or otherwise honorably discharged from the service after the ninth day of April, eighteen hundred and sixty-five. To Officers of the U.S. Volunteer Army!

sixty-five.

SEC. 4 "And be it further enacted. That all officers of volunteers now in commission, below the rank of Brigadier General, who shall continue in the military service to the close of the war, shall be entitled to receive, upon being mustered out of service, three months' pay proper." Approved March 3, 1865.

The subscriber directs the attention of officers to the above Act of Congress, at the same time soliciting the collection of their claims. He has the blanks for that purpose, and will give collections under this Act his prompt attention.

LLOYD T. ROHRBACH,

Sunbury, Sept. 8th, 1866.



NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to parties against whom the late firm of Friling & Grant, have Judgment on the Docket of P. M. Shindel, Esq. That unless they do within a reasonable time from date hereof, make payment, execution will issue for the collection of the same.

FRILING & GRANT,

Per L. H. Kasz, Atterney Sunbury, Sept. 1, 1866.—14

Auditor's Notice.

Auditor's Notice.

The undersigned, appointed an Auditor to passupon exception and resistate account of Henr B. Masser, one of the Executors of the estate of Herry Masser, deceased, will attend to the duties of appointment, at his office in the Borough of Sunbury Pa. on Saturday, September 15th, 1856, at 10 o'clock A. M., at which time and place all persons interested may attend.

G. W. HAUPT, Auditor.

Sunbury, Sept. 1, 1856.—

SUNBURY CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.

REV. W. C. CREWER. Mr. Joun J. Burgen, Miss S. E. Powers, Miss JENNIE A. FLETCHER.

Every facility afforded for a thorough training in the English, Mathematical and Classical Branches. Music, Drawing and Book keeping, extra. 2nd Quarter of Summer Session opens Monday, September 3d, 1866. SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

NOTICE.

Four School Teachers Wanted. A PPLICATIONS will be received by the Board A of School Directors, Sunbury School District, for two Male and two Female Teachers, on Monday, September 10th, 1855, when the allotment of Schools will take place in the Law Office of L. T. Rohrbach at 10 o'clock A. M. Applications must be accompanied by necessary certificates.

Owing to 'the erection of new School houses the Schools will not open until on or about the 10th of December next.

Sept 1, 1866.—2t L. T. ROHRBACH, Sec'y, Sunbury School Board

ORPHANS' COURT SALE. ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, will be exposed to public sale on the premises on SATURDAY the 15th day of SEP/IEMBER, 1866, a certain Tract of Land, situate in Lower Mahoney township in said county of Northumberland, adjoining lands of David Seiler, David Botdorf, Henry Lenker and ticorge Long, containing 23 acres more or less, on which are creeted a two story bouse, a small barn and other outbuildings.—Late the property of Joseph Bordner, deceased.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, when the terms and conditions of sale will be made known by

JACOB SPATTS.

Guardian of the Minor Children of said dec'd.

W ANTED-AGENTS-\$75 to \$200 Per Month for Gentlemen, and \$35 to \$75 for Ladies, everywhere, to introduce the Common Sense Family Sewing-Machine, improved and perfected. It will hom, fell, stitch, quilt, bind braid, and embroider beautifully-price only \$20-making the clastic lock stitch, and fully warranted for three years. We pay the above wages, or commission, from which twice that amount can be made. Address or call on C. BOWERS & CO., Office No. 255 South Fifth street, Philadelphia, Pa. All letters answered promptly, with circulars and terms.

Great Attraction, NEW TIN - WARE; SMITH & GENTHER.

SUNBURY, PA. Where they keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order at short notice. TIN AND SHEET IRON-WARE of all descriptions. They would especially call the attention of pur-chasers to their large and well selected stock of

COOK AND PARLOR STOVES. The subscribers have made arrangements to have all their best stoves made to order, and those who would have a good stove would do well to go and examine their large and well selected stock. First. They defy competition on the following tried Brands of Cook Stoves, viz: Combination Gas Burner, Cook.

WABASH AND IRONSIDES, and the well known Antidust Cook Stove caired SPEAR'S ANTIDUST. Also. Parlor and office Stoves in great variety em-bracing all the best manufactures and most framion-able designs, unsurpassed for beauty of units simpli-city of arrangements combining cheapness, durability and each slove warranted to perform what they are

Governor Penn-Cook.

represented.

Also, The celebrated Baltimore Fire Place Stove, for heating first, second and third stories by Registers. Also, VULCAN HEATER. Also, the celebrated MORNING GLORY Conl Oil, Conl Oil Lamps, Shades, Chimnies, and all articles

usually kept in an establishment of this kind. They are also prepared to furnish Slate and do slating in the best workmanlike manner.

Also, to do Tin Roofing, Spouting, Range and Furnace Work, Gas Fitting, &c. Repairing neatly and cheaply executed. Baugh's Raw Bone Saper-Phosphate."

Remember the place. Sample and Sales Room nearly opposite Conly's Hardware Store, Market street, between Third and Fourth streets. Building dark painted.

August 25, 1866. EXTRA BOUNTY. EXTRA BOUNTY!! I am prepared to collect the additional Bounty due Soldiers under the late Act of Congress, protoptly and speedy. Soldiers will find it to their advantage to the my obarge in each case is Five Dollars, no charge until bounty is collected. Satisfactory references will in all cases be given.

August 23, 1806.—4t

A LL goods bought for Cash and sold at lower prices for east at the Hardware Store of J. H. CONLEY 4 CO. Sunbury, June 16, 1866.

Instructors. REV. S. S. MILLER,

Sunbury, Sept. 1, 1866.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Books. Notes and accounts of the late firm of Weaver & Fagely, have been left with us for collection and settlement. All persons knowing themselves indebted, will save costs, by calling at our office and make payment.

ZIEGLER & KASE.

Sunbury, Sept. 1, 1866.—3t Attorneys at Law.

known by JACOB SPATTS.

Guardian of the Minor Children of said doc'd By order of the Court, J. A. J. Cummings, Cl'k. O. C. Sunbury, Aug. 22, 1866.

Dusiness College Dehiladelphia Da Send for Circular Address S. C. Mumforth

Sept. 1, 1866.-2ma