FOR PRESIDENT: ABRAHAM LINCOLN. Of Illinois, FOR VICE PRESIDENT: ANDREW JOHNSON, Of Tennessee.

National Union Electoral Ticket. BEKATOBIAL. Morton M'Michael, Philadelphia. Thomas Cunningham, Besver count

| | | A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH |
|-----|-------------------------------------|--|
| | REPRESE | STATIVE. |
| 1 | Robert P. King. | 13 Etins W Hale |
| 2 | George M. Contes. | 14 Charles H. Shriner |
| 3 | Henry Bamus, | 15 John Wister, |
| 4 | William H. Kern. | 16 David M'Consugh |
| 5 | Barton H. Jenks. | 17 David W. Woods, |
| - 6 | Charles M. Runk, | 18 Isane Benson, |
| 7 | Robert Parke. | 19 John Petton. |
| 8 | William Taylor. | 20 Samuel B. Dick, |
| 9 | John A. Heistand, | 21 Everhard Bierer, |
| 10 | Richard H. Coryell, | 22 John P. Penney. |
| 11 | Edward Haliday, | 23 Ebenezer M'Junk |
| | Charles F. Reed, | 24 John W. Blancha |
| 70 | THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY. | THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN |
| _ | | THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE |

Wonderful as it may appear it is never- dates : theless true, that a large portion of the Peace party have been converted into war democrats, and many of them even into abolitionists. This wonderful revolution has been brought about within a few months by Gen. McClellan, who not liking the Chicago platform, as construed by the friends of his colleague, Mr. Pendleton, the candidate for Vice President, established a platform of his own, which he promulgated in his letter of acceptance. The result was a regular rumpus among the faithful, headed by Wood, and Castle Pickney by South Carolina Vallandigham & Co., who were opposed to troops. The revenue cutter Aiken was also the war under any circumstances. Such, captured. indeed, appeared to be the almost universal sentiment among the leaders and the newspapers in this and the neighboring counties taken by the Alabama troops, without searcely a single exception. Their Jan. 9.—The steamship Star of the West without scarcely a single exception. Their standing motto was "War is disunion," a fired into and driven on Sylvandria standing motto was "War is disunion," a misapplied quotation from the lamented the rest of the unconditional peace party have been silenced, and Pendleton himself dare not open his mouth. As in evidence of

should flow, treasure expended and SLAVERY SWEPT AWAY. The following is the extract :

crats have heretofore constantly abused him him and his administration. Strange as it just quoted, Who began the wan? may appear, they are willing, not only to shed blood, and expend treasure, but even

In Pennsylvania the home vote is so close that it will require the official returns to determine how the State has gone. The Soldiers' vote already received shows, however, that the majority, when all the returns shall have been received, will not fall below 15,000 in the State. Besides, we have gained three members of Congress, and elected a majority of both branches of the Legislamore members of Congress.

In Ohio, the latest returns show that the Union men have carried the State by about \$5,000 on the home vote. The soldiers' vote will probably increase it to \$5,000. Seven. teen Union Congressmen are elected to 2 Peace democrats. (The delegation in the present Congress stands 14 Cops to 5 Union men. The notorious Cox and Long, members of the present Congress, have both been

The most gratifying result of all is that in Indiana. The copperheads carried the State | Union majority for George F. Miller, last year by 15,000 or 20,000 majority, and our friends everywhere were disposed to risburg Telegraph:

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct 15. Gor. A. G. Curtin :- We have eight mem-Union. The Senate a tie, or probably Democratic by one or two members. My majority is not less than twenty thousand, and O. P. MORTON.

J. Israel Painter, eldest son of Wm. P. I. Painter, of Muncy, in the employment was recently captured by a band of Guerrillas, in Tennessec.

SENATOR AND REPRESENTATIVES .-The soldiers' vote must determine the result of the election for Senator and Representatives in the Lycoming and Union district.

The Presidential election this year will take place on Tuesday, Nov. 8--the second Tuesday in the month.

1分 The New York Tribune thinks that to best the Democracy in Pennsylvania, crush the Copperheads in Indiana, annihilate the Peace part in Ohio, and redeem days since." Maryland from the yoke of Slavery, and add

WHO BEGANTHE WAR.

that peace must be had on any terms. But an official statement as follows: who began the war? Can or will these lea.

Every State which seceded from the Union was governed at the time by representatives of the Democratic party in the Executive ring, he asked who gained by his loss, and and Legislative Departments thereof.

The first gun ever fired at the flag of the United States, by an insurgent enemy, was from men professedly Democratic, holding position in the Military Department of the Federal Union, and at the time under the protection of a Democratic Administration The slaveholders' rebellion was armed by

a Democratic Secretary of War. The vessels to serve as piratical cruisers for a Southern Confederacy were furnished by a Democratic Secretary of the Navy.

A Democratic President confessed, when armed rebellion was precipitated, that he had no power to quell insurrection or coerce a seceding State. PEACE DEMOCRATS ABOLITIONIZED

Who began the wan? Let us look at

17th Nov. 1860 South Carolina seceded. 18th Nov. Legislature of Georgia appro priated \$1,000,000 to arm the State. Secon-

ed 19th January, 1861. 9th January, 1861, Mississippi seceded 10th January, Florida secoded. 11th January, Alabama seceded. 25th January, Louisiana secoded.

23d February, Texas seceded. Now then for Dec 27, 1860. -Capture of Fort Moultrie

Jan. 2, 1861,-Capture of Forts Jackson and Pulaski by the Savannah troops.

Jan. 4. Fort Morgan, in Mobile Bay.

fired into and driven off by the South Caro-Jan. 10 .- Forts Jackson, St. Philips, and Douglass. But Vallandigham, Wood and Pike, near Mew Orleans, captured by the

Louisiana troops.

Jan. 14.—Capture of the Pensacola navy yard and Forts Barrancas and McRae. Jan. 12.—Capture of Baton Rouge arsenal what we assert we quote the following ex- by Louisiana troops. Jan. 31 .- New Orleans Mint and Custom

tract from a letter of Gen. McClernand a House seized. leading war democrat of Illinois, and now Feb. 2.—Seizure of Little Rock arsenal by an able General in the army, which is exten- Arkansaf troops.

sively copied in the McClellan papers. It was a reply to a letter of invitation from a Cass by the Alabama authorities. Democratic Committee, and they adopt the General's language with

General's language with approval and as and his Texan rangers. part of their political creed. He is for "pre- March 2 .- The revenue cutter Dodge seizserving the Union at all hazards, even if blood ed by the Texan authorities.

During all the period quoted above, the Democratic party was ruling, having a "As to my choice for President, I am for President, a majority in the Senate, the Su-George B. McClellan; how, indeed, could I preme Court sympathizing particularly with be otherwise? He is a life long Democrat; the Democratic leaders, the Army and Navy so am I. He is a War Democrat, and would largely composed of Democrats, and yet continue the use of force as long as necessary to put down the rebellion; so would I. with all this power, armed rebellion show-Like Jackson, he, would preserve the Union at all hazards, even if blood should flow, military force of the Government. Are the treasure be expended, and slavery swept people willing to trust the Democratic lea Now this is good Union doctrine, such as ment? We think not-nay, we are certain President Lincoln and his friends proclaim that they will not. Nor will it be hard for the people to understand from the record ciency in the home vote of 1,574.

THE MARVELLOUS.—We sometimes to abolish slavery. Will Mr. Pendleton subamuse ourselves in looking over the "Age," scribe to that doctrine. We will wager a of Butternut propensities. It is wonderful new suit that he will never do any such how much of the marvellous they serve up to their readers. We know that rabid partisan papers of all classes often deal in extravagancies; but a regular Butternut organ presumes amazingly upon the capacity or its readers, in swallowing the wonderful and and marvellous. It is not surprising, that a platform that favors both peace and war, should be looked upon as nothing remarkable by such persons.

The Congressional vote of the 14th votes to 5,996 for Kelly, (Democrat.) ture, on the home vote, and the indications District stands thus on the home vote. The ever guesses that she can be induced to reare that the soldiers' vote will give us two soldiers' vote will, no doubt, greatly increase the Union majority:

Majorities for George F. Miller, Union Dauphin, 684 Union, Snyder,

1325 Majorities for William H. Miller, Dem, Northumberland, Juniatta.

Senator Clemens, a well known Union concede the State to them again. But we citizen of a rebel State says: "From Gen. Mchave been agreeably disappointed, and the Clellan you have nothing to expect but still result is thus summed up by Gov. Morton greater destitution and prolonged misery." himself in a dispatch to Gov. Curtin, on Gen. Gantt, Gen. Hamilton, Judge Durant. Saturday last, which we copy from the Har. Rev. Robert J. Breckinridge who have lived among the rebels, and witnessed the workings of rebellion say the same. Democrats whose Democracy has stood the test of exhers of Congress, being a gain of four .- perience, such as Holt, Dickinson, Grant, Lower House of Legislature is decidedly Sherman, Rosecrans, Meagher, &c., &c., show that one-half of the war is carried on by the ablest men of the old Democratic the prospect is that it will be a few thousand party. And these men support President Lincoln as the only man who can under the circumstance bring about a speedy peace.

One of the wisest politicians in the of the Government as a Telegraph operator, State of New-York, and one of the purest the enemy, which was handsomely done at of our patriots, said, with great force, on about 1 P. M. the stump last week :- "Did any man be- left to the right flank, I attack with great lieve that a man elected on the Chleago platform was going to raise men and means turing, according to the last report, to carry on this war? Gov. Seymour was pieces of artillery and many prisoners. elected two years ago on the ground that he not yet know the number of my casualties would prevent a draft and bring peace. No lances and caissons, in large numbers, are one can look back now and not see that in our possession. They also burned some his election tended to promote the war. If of their trains. Wadsworth had been elected there would have been no Rebellion to-day. Seymour's severely and perhaps mortally wounded. I have to regret the loss of Gen. Bidwell killelection encouraged the Rebels. It was announced along the lines of their armies, and | wounded; Wright slightly wounded. everywhere received with cheers, just as

Maryland from the yoke of Slavery, and add twenty members to our strength in Congress, is pestry good work for the October elections.

An army contractor was hung out in Indiana a few days ago. He had contracted so much it was thought advisable to stretch of greater results. I now occupy Strasburg.

As soon as obtained I will send you further particulars.

(Signed) P. H. SHERIDAN. him a bit.

THE LIES ABOUT PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S It is a bold charge with the so called PAY. -Gen. Spinner, United States Treasur-Democratic leaders during the progress of er, having been appealed to for an official the political campaign in which the people statement concerning the stories of Mr. Lin- Union-Amnesty would be Acceptare now involved, to assert that the war is coln having drawn his salary in gold and unjust, that the sacrifice is too great, and invested it in foreing securities, replies in

First, That the President has neglected ders answer this question? While they are hesitating let us ask the people to pender monthly drafts sent him for his salary; on one occasion collecting none for over eleven

Second, That when his attention was cal-led to the loss of interest be was thus incuron being told the United States, added: "Therf let it remain the Treasury needs it more than I do." Third, That the Treasurer was finally

compelled to request the President to draw his salary, in order to adjust the annual accounts. Fourth, That the sum thus drawn was placed in the U. S. five per cent. temporary loan, payable, principal and interest in green

Fifth, That since then such portions his salary that he did not need have been drawn for him by his friends and invested in the U. S. gold-bearing stocks, purchased at current rates and deposited in the vault

of the Trensury.

Sixth, That he has habitually neglected to draw the interest on the stocks, and that on one occasion, when the amount of interest payable in gold have accumulated to eight hundred dollars, the Trensurer sent it to him, he returned it saying, "I reckon the Treasury needs it more than I do." Seconth, That his losses from not collect g interest on his bonds have amounted to

four thousand dollars, which have been

virtually given to the Treasury. The best possible test of the patriotism of a candidate's principles, and of his poli-tical fitness for office, is the vote which he gets in his own home. The Vice-Presiden-tial end of the ticket of Peace and Surrender lives in Cincinnati, and his home gave six

thousand majority against him! Two years ago the two Congressional districts in Hamilton County voted as follows Pendleton, Dem. Groesbeck, Union.

Pendleton's majority Long, Dem. Gurley, Union

Long's majority Total Democratic majority, The sense of the nefariousness of the Chiengo Platform, and the nature of its candidates, is measured in Cincinnati by a change of 7,258 votes in a single election! What a | what will be the result?"

Indiana True to the Union.

In Indiana our majority is over 23,000, and we gain four Congressmen, The present House has 4 Unionists and 7 Democrats; the of the Emancipation Proclamation and next will be 8 Union and 3 Democrats. We count Voorhees as elected, but he will be 2 Democratic. In the first three States the "Democratic

Victory" on Congress is as follows,

THIS CONGRESS. NEXT CONGRES Union, Dem. Union, Dem. Pennsylvania, 12 17 21 83 43 12

Showing a clear Union gain of 21 members, out of a total of 54. Let the Copperheads rejoice!

Maryland a Free State. The returns of the recent election are all in; the home vote foots up for the Constitution 11,246 against 12,820, showing a defidiers' vote thus far received is 2,463, making a majority for the new Constitution of 89 votes, which will be mereased, it is

henceforth, ranks as a Free State. . The Prospects in California. ssue between the "Union" and the "Democratic" parties, and thus gave 64,447 "Union" to 44,715 "Democratic" votes of for Govvote being nearly three-fifths of the whole. Every indication argues that the Union par-

will choose Lincoln electors by over 20,000 Oregon True to Herself. Oregon voted last June, (1864,) electing Henderson (Union) to Congress by 8,769 Who-

GLORIOUS NEWS!

GREAT VICTORY BY GEN. SHERIDAN!

181 A BATTLE AT CEDAR CREEK.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Oct. 20, 10.40, A. M. Maj. Gen. Dix, Now York :

A great battle was fought and a splendid victory won by Sheridan over Longstreet, yesterday, at Ceder Creek. Forty-three pieces of artillery were cap-

tured, and many prisoners, among whom was the rebel General Ramseur. On our side, Generals Wright and Ricketts were wounded, and General Bidwell killed. The particulars, so far as received, will be

forwarded as fast as the operator can trans-(Signed) EDWIN M. STANTON.

Secretary of War.
A few minutes later the following official report of his victory was received from Major General Sheridan. CEDER CHREK, Oct. 19, 10 P. M .- Lient,

Ten. Grant, City Point:-I have the honor to report that my army at Ceder Creek, was attacked this morning before daylight, and my left was turned and driven in confusion: with the loss of several pieces of artilery. I hastened from Winchester, where I on my return from Washington, found the armies between Middletown and Newtown. having been driven back about 4 miles. I here took the affair in hand and quickly

united the corps, formed a compact line of battle just in time to repulse an attack of At 2 P. M., after some changes from the vigor, driving and routing the enemy, cap-

Gen. Ramseur is a prisoner in our hands, ed, and Gens. Wright, Grover and Rickett,

Affairs at times looked badly, but by the McClellan's nomination was received a few galiantry of our brave officers and men disaster has been converted into a splended victory. Darkness again intervened to shut

P. H. SHERIDAN, Major General. IMPORTANT FROM THE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18,-10 A. M. Georgia Desirons to Return to the Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.

> tain last night. J. M. SCHOFIELD. (Sighed,) Major General.

the restoration of the Union, but he dare not avow his sentiments. On the capture of Atlanta he wrote an article, and publish-Taylor's Ridge, at dark last night. The General and army are all right and in the best of spirits. Hood wont fight, through offered battle repeatedly. His dreadful repulse at Alatoona has made him ed it in his paper, The Georgia Times, in favor of a return to the Union, and the result was that Jeff Davis issued an order for his immediate arrest; but he escaped to our

He states that to-day, three-fourths of the with pleaty of provisions and forage, Hood's raid has produced no military re-sult as yet. If he fails to invade Tennessee people are in favor of an immediate return to the Union; but they dare not speak out, as their lives would pay the forfeit if they did. There is no such thing as freedom of speech in Dixie; "the government of Jeff Davis is the worst despotism on earth," are

his very words. Mr. Cays has had an opportunity to un-derstand the motives of the Rebel leaders; on, and said, if surrendered the captured he declares upon his own personal knowledge that their object in entering in this Rebellion was to establish an Aristocracy. The wealthy people of the South believe it degrading to them to associate with the mud-sills of the North; and they determined to form an oligarchy, which will place them

above the masses of the people,
As Clerk of the Georgia House of Representatives, he is familiar with the views of both houses are in favor of a return to the Union-a portion from principal, and the remainder because they have lost all hope. He states that the leaders only keep the army together by promising that if McClel-lan is elected Vallandigham will be his Secretary of State, and then the South will be

SOUTH.

ed.

I this morning met an old acquaintance, the Hon. Josephus Cays, Cleak of the Geor-gia House of Representatives, and late edi-

tor of The Atlanta Register, and still later

of The Georgia Times. He has always been an opponent of the Jeff Davis administration

and in favor of a reconstruction, or rather

lines, and is going to Illinois.

NASHVILLE, Oct. 7, 1864.

given its independence.

Gov. Brown is for reconstruction or restoration. Mr. Cays avers, he had, four weeks since, a long conversation with him on the subject, and knows of what he speaks, He knows, also, that the Governor has lost all hope of establishing the independence of the Confederacy, and that he is anxious for a return to the Union at the earliest practi-7,212 | cable period.

I asked: "Suppose when Richmond is taken the President shall issue an Amnesty embracing all except a few of the leaderssay a score-and proposes at the same time that the question of Slavery shall be left to the Supreme Court to decide who are freed by the action of the war and who are not,

His answer was: "They will accept it willingly."

I then asked him what would be the re sult of an honest decision as to the subject so far as the negro was concerned.

sought the protection of the army will be free; those who have not, will be held as thrown out on the ground of irregularities. slaves; about half will thus be emancipated. In that case the figures would be 9 Union to But it matters not who will be left in Slavery, the negroes are so demoralized and so inspired with the desire of freedom, that the institution would be worthless-it could never be resurrected."

Mr. Cays will go to Illinois, bearing a letter of introduction to Gov. Yates. He says the Rebellion can't survive the re-election of Mr. Lincoln, and could not survive the election of any man who would be true to the Union. He asserts that Gen. Grant did not exaggerate when he declared that the Confederacy had robbed the cradle and the grave. Able bodied men were not to be Vining's Station.

She when he declared that the northward, he crossed the river with two corps and formed a line of observation at July 2, 1864.—19

OFFICIAL GAZETTE.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17-9:40 P. M. Advices from General Sherman to the evening of October 16th indicate that Hood, after baying struck the railroad in the neighborhood of Dalton and Resaca, has thought, not less than 500. Thus the Confallen before Sherman without fighting, stitution is clearly adopted, and Maryland, fallen before Sherman without fighting, line of communications. He has torn up some fifteen miles of the road from Resaca California voted last year on a fair, square | north, but the injury will be repaired without difficulty.

The interruption will cause no inconvenience to Sherman's army, as his stores of supernor-Union majority, 19,732; the Union plies south of the break, as well as north of it, are ample. Hood has retreated towards the south-west. His rear left Dalton is at least as strong now as then, and in haste at 6 o'clock on Sunday morning. General Sheridan reports that the rebel army, lately under Early, but now apparent-

ly under Longstreet, having appeared in the vicinity of Strasburg, his force moved to attack them on Sunday.

Gen. Crook, who had the advance, found the rebels drawn up in four lines of battle,

but, upon charging them with his accustom-ed impetuosity, they broke, and withdrew verse this judgment is manifestly no Yankee. in considerable disorder, without giving the opportunity for any serious conflict. Sheridan reports them as continuing their retreat in haste far up the valley. Colonel Gansevoort, commanding the 13th

New York Cavalry, has succeeded in surprising a camp of the outlaw and freebooter, Moseby, in the Blue Ridge Mountains, capturing his artillery, consisting of four pieces, with munition complete. C. A. DANA, Acting Sec'y of War.

The Shenandoah Valley. Washington, Oct. 18.

A gentleman who left Winchester on Saturday last reports a good deal of skirmishing with guerrillas in the Shenaudoah Valley. Nothing serious, however, had occurred, and the supply trains were moving regularly, under strong escorts. On Friday last our pickets at Martinsburg

were driven in by a guerrilla force. On Thursday last eleven guns, captured from the rebels by Sheridan, arrived at Win-chester, and on Friday two more came in. They were formerly United States guns, Butler's command penetrated the confect and were probably obtained at the time of rate lines and all but entered Richmond. the scizure of the arsenals, forts, &c., by the

Sheridan was sending in large droves of captured oxen and sheep. The destruction mills, barns, &c., was going on, so that the rebels will no longer be able to maintain themselves in the Shenandoah Valley. A considerable force of our troops had been sent to Front Royal to guard the rail-

road, which is to be opened to Manassas Junction, so as to secure communications with Alexandria. The repairs of the road have already been completed to Bectortown.
Washington, October 18.—A gentleman who left Sheridan's army yesterday reports that the rebels have re-occupied Fisher's littl, on the left of the position heretofore carried by General Crook, and are erecting fortifications there. Our troops are in the neighborhood of Strasburg.

ing of the negroes.

Department of the Gulf. CAIRO, Oct. 16.-The steamer Forsyth, from New Orleans on the 10th, arrived here this morning, with 64 bales of cotton. The mail captured at the same time contained full returns of the rebel forces on the west side of the river, and a letter from the rebel Governor of Louisiana to the Confederate Government, recommending the arm-

Since spring no fewer than three Roman Plenty of mackeral says the Gloucester

OFFICIAL BULLETIN.

Majer General John A. Dix, New York : The following dispatch has been received: CHATTANODOA, Oct. 17-8 P. M. Hood's nain force was about Lafayette last night

and Sherman at Ship's Gap.

The report of yesterday that Hood was approaching Carpenter's Ferry was a mistake. He had not crossed Lookout Moun-

Another official dispatch, dated at Chattanooga, yesterday, is as follows: I left General Sherman at Ship's Gap, in

very cautious. General Slocum is all right, at Atlanta.

as he has promised his men, he will lose by desertion twice as many as he had captur The losses in men thus far have been in our favor. Hood demanded, over his own signature, the surrender of Resaca and Dal-

officers and men would be parolled in a few days, but that if the posts were carried by assault no prisoners would be taken. Rome is all right. Acting Secretary of War.

The Querillas. WASHINGTON, Oct 17 .- The express car aptured by Moseby, on the Baltimore and thousand dollars, besides valuable papers. Two paymasters of the United States army, York. who were going West, lost the contents of their chests, amounting to nearly \$200,000. The conductor, Mr. Augustus P. Shutt, was carried seven miles from the train before he was released, and not then until the thieves robbed him of his boots, but, budge, gold watch, and money. He has since returned to his residence in Baltimore.

Washington, Oct. 17,-Officials information has been received here to the effect that on the evening of the 14th instant Col. Gansevoort, commanding the 13th New York Cavalry, surprised Moseby's camp, near Piedmont, Va., and captured all of his artillery, consisting of tour guns, caissons, &c., and s large number of prisoners and horses. The captured guns have been sent | Rev EDWARD A. WILSON, to this city.

Late Rebel News.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.-Charleston papers of the 11th announce the death by yellow fever of Colonel Harris, chief of General Beauregard's staff. The courier of the same date says eightysix shot have been fired at Charleston since

Fort Sumpter from the Swamp Angel Battery.
General Beauregard reached Columbus, Georgia, on the 7th, and proceeded immediately to his command.

the last report, and twenty-six shot at

Charleston papers condemn the speech of Jeff Davis at Macon as unwise.

The Charleston Courier of October 11th has a despatch from Augusta, dated October

10th, which says:

"The correspondent of the Montgomery
Mail, with Hood's army, says the occupation of Rome was effected without a fight, and the dash into Marietta was bloodless. When Sherman learned that Hood had moved

"Gen. Hood's line crossed the railroad at withdrew, retiring to Atlanta. "Our army then set to work and effectually

destroyed the railroad from Big Shanty to Ostenaula, and all the bridge from Marietta to Dalton. We have strongly fortified Kenesaw Mountain. Jackson holds Rome, and wheeler has possession of Resaca."

The Charleston Mercury, of October 11th, has a despatch from Mobile, dated October

10, which says: "On Saturday our eastern shore batteries opened fire on the gunboats and whipped them off. "Or Sunday the same batteries opened on

side wheel steamer, and hulled and disabled her. The vessel is not now visible in the fleet. This morning all but two vessels disappeared, but returned in the even-

From Europe.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- The steamship City of Washington, from Liverpool, via Queenstown, on the 6th inst., arrived at this port this morning. Miss Slidell and M. Erlanger had been married at Paris. The ceremonies were

attended with much pomp.

The prize tighter, Mace, charges Coburn with never intending to fight, and claims

The Morning Advertiser says: "There will be no fight between Mace and Coburn. The bubble has burst through. Harry Brunton, on the part of Mace, met Mr. Edwin James, of New York, on the part of Coburn, to name a referee. After winning the first chance for choice, Burnton chose the gentleman who officiated at the battle of King and Heenan. To this the Coburn party at once objected. Burnton then said he refuse any well-known and disinterested person. Thereon Mr. James named Mr. Bowling, publican, at Limerick, whom no one present knew. Burnton refused his assistance.

The Tenth Corps Almost in Richmond.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 15. The Norfolk Regime of to-day says on Thursday the 13t inst., the 10t corps of Gen. Butler's command penetrated the confede It is a little provoking that Birney's me do not go to the Spotswood House, but there is a reason for all things. We lost about 300 men in Thursday's fight. The enemy lost 700 men.

The schooner Wave, eight days from New York, bound to City Point, arrived at Fortress Monroe to-day, leaking. Her cargo, consisting of oats, is in a damaged state, and will be discharged here. The U.S. hospita steamer Western Metropolis sails for New York to-day with 450 wounded soldiers. The following are the Ceaths in Hampton

hospital since the last report: John Curry, 79th Penna.; G. Trenert, 5th Penna. The hospital steamer George Leary has arrived from James river with about 250 sick and wounded soldiers.

Prom Havana.

New York, Oct. 17.

By the arrival of the steamer Liberty from Havana, with dates to the 12th inst., we tween Philadelphia and Erie.

Through Mail Train 5.30 A. M.
Elmira Express Train, 6.00 "

Accommodation. 4.10 P. M.

Cars run through without change, both ways, belearn that it was currently reported there that the steamboat Roanoke was captured by twenty-five rebels, among whom were Lieut. Brain, ails Johnson, who captured the Chesepeake, and the engineer of the Harriet Lane, who was to take charge of the Roanoke's engines.

Philadelphia has appropriated \$1,000,000 for new school houses. The venerable mother of John C. Breck-

inridge, of the rebel army, died at Baltimore on Saturday night.

Cowper says that "the tear that is wiped with address may be followed, perhaps, with a smile," An exchange says, if it is a FANCY DRESS GOODS, woman's tear the perhaps is unnecessary; you can generally dry it with a dress.

Shamokin Coal Trade. SRAMOKIN, Oct. 17, 1864.

Tonz. Cut. Sent for week ending Oct. 15. Per last report, To same time last year,

ANOTHER NOVELTY IN THE PROTOGRAPH-IC ART.—A photographer has recently in-troduced a novelty in the mode of taking cartes de-visite photographs with the signatures of the sitters appended. This gives but little extra trouble. The sitter simply signs his name to a slip of paper, and finds ts fac-simile, diminished in size, transferred to the portraits. If the sitter thinks proper he can also add to his signature a recommendution to all persons to imitate his example, and "sit" in suits procured at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Brown Stone Clothing Hall & Br Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street,

above Sixth. IMPORTANT.-The fact cannot be often stated, or too strongly urged upon the publie, that the majorty of the Saicratus in market is not only very unhealthy, but actu-ally a clear poison, causing teeth to decay, and braiging on disease generally. Thanks to science, skill, perseverance and energy, that the man still lives who invented Her-rick Allen's Gold Medal Saleratus, which has and still doing such great wonders in the culinary department. We say that one trial will convince the most skeptical that there is none other to be compared with it. Ohio Railroad, contained from six to eight Most of our Merchants have it for sale, Their depot is 112 Liberty Street, New

> CURE FOR COUGH OR COLD. As soon as there is the slightest uneasiness of the Chest, with difficulty of breathing, or indications of Cough, take during the day a few "Brown's Bronchial Troches." Containing demulcent ingredients, they allay Pulmonary Irritation. Military Officers and Soldiers should have them in readiness upon the first appearance of a Cold or Cough,

> > TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Consumptive sufferers will receive a valuable preeription for the cure of Consumption. Asthma, Bronchitis, and all throat and Lung affections, (free of charge.) by sending their address to

Williamsburg.

Kinge Co., Sept. 24, 1864 -- 3re EDITOR OF AMERICAN: DEAR Sin :- With your permission I with to say to the renders of your paper that I will send by re-turn mail, to all wishing it (free), a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a Simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually reasors, in ten days Pim-ples, Blotches, Tan. Seeskies, and all impurities of

the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

Lwill also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Bases, simple directions and information that will exactle them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Mousiache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without

charge. Respectfully yours.
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, Sept. 10, 1864.—3ac EVE and EAR .- Professy J. ISAACS Dressmaking, Cloub-making and M. D. Occulist and Action formerly, Leyden, Halland, is now located at No. 511 Pfns Street. Philadelphia, where persons afficient side Alexaes of the EVE and EAR will be scientifically treated and cured, if curable, 1 of Artificial Eyes neerted without pair.

N. B.—No charges made for Examination. The

Big Shanty. On the 4th inst., the two armies hold this position to each other in Medicine as there is a Science and this Medicine without firing a gun. On the 5th, Sherman is compounded to principles safed to the manifold the pores and creating a gentle internal warmth, and this caused by the use of this Medicine. Its remedial qualities are based on its power to sasist the healthy and vigorous circulation of blood through the lungs, it callyons the muscles and assists the skin to perform its duties of regulating the heat of the sys-tem, and in gently throwing off the waste substance from the surface of the body. It is not violent remedy, but the emollient, warming, searching and effec-tive. Sold by all druggist at 13 and 25 cents per

CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF T

DEATHS. In Shamokin, on the 9th inst., of dropsy-SALOME STAMBACH, consort of Philip Stambach, Sr., deceased, aged 78 years 7 months and 22 days.

aug. 1.ti

SUNBURY MARKET. 12 00 | Eggs. \$2 35 a 2 40 | Butter.

Flour, Wheat, 150 | Tallow, 150 | Lard, 75 | Pork, 160 | Bacon, Rye, Corn, Onta, Buckwheat, \$2 50 | Ham. \$7 00 | Shoulder Flaxseed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Look at the Returns!

WM. H. MILLER. Market Square, SUNBURY, PENN'A., JUST received from New York and Philadelphia a fresh supply of the latest styles and of the best

BOOTS AND SHOES, for Men. Women and Children, which he offers at reduced prices. Women's Shoes at \$1 All his good stock WARRANTED. No Paper Shoes sold at his store. He will also wholesale Boots and Shoes by the box. The public generally are invited to call and examine his stock.

Sunbury, Oct. 22, 1864. C. H. BAKER, FREDERICK OLDACH.

Bookbinder and Morocco Case

Maker, Corner of Fifth & Arch Streets, Philadelphia. Mr. BAKER, will remain a short time at the Lawrence House, in this piece, and will call upon persons who may want books, magazines, &c., bound. His work will be well done and delivered at the lowest city prices. MUSIC handsomely bound at reasonable rates. Sunbury, Oct. 22, 1864 .- 3t

Philadelphia & Eric Railroad.

THIS great line traverses the Northern and North-west counties of Pennsylvania to the city of Eric It has been leased by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and is operated by them.

Its entire length was opened for passenger and freight business, October 17th, 1864

Time of Passenger trains at Sunbury,

Leave Eastward.

Through Mail Train, Elmira Express Train, Accommodation, Leave Westward. 10.25 A. M.

tween Philadelphia and Erie

Elegant Siseping Cars on Express Trains both
ways between Williamsport and Baltimere, and
Williamsport and Philadelphia.

For information respecting Passenger business
apply at the S. E. Cor. 11th and Market Sts.
And for Freight business of the Company's Agents,
S. B. Kingston, Jr., Cor. 13th and Market St.,
Philadelphia.

J. W. Raynelds Frie.

Philadelphia.

J. W. Reynolds, Eric.

J. M. Drill, Agent N. C. R. R., Baltimore.

H. H. Housson,
Gen'l Freight Agt. Philads.

H. W. Gwisnen,
Gen'l Tichet Ag't., Philads.

JOSEPH D. POTTS,
Gen'l Manager, Williamsport.

FALL AND WINTER MISS ANNA PAINTER,

Two doors West of the Post Office, SUNBURY, PENN'A., HAS just received and opened a large assertment of Fancy Dress Goods, such as Gloves, Jouvian Kid-gloves, Silk and fisite thread Gloves, Ladies cotton and weelen Hose, Children's Merino Hose, Silk Mits, Handkerchiefs, Corsets, Embroidered Slippers, Ribbons FANCY DRESS BUTTONS, Buglo Gimbs, Trimmings, Buttons, Belt Ribbon Volvet Ribbons, Braid, Belt Clasps, Ladies' Neck-ties, Fancy Buttons, CRAPERIBBON and TRIMMING; Embroidering Braids, Jaconet and Swiss Edgings and insertions; Malteese Lace Colars, Laces, Grenadine Vells, Fancy Dress Combs, Head Dresses, Netts, and a variety of other articles.

WOOLEN GOODS, such as Sontags, Breakfast Coseys, Caps, Mittens, Sacques, Gloves, Silk and Cotton Fings, &c.

PHOTOGRAPH

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS

BOOKS AND STATIONERY. Books, Hymn Books. Biank Books, Memorandum Books, Diaries, Pocket Books, Ink Stands, Pens, Pencils, a fine assortment of Paper, Ink, &a.

Toilet Soaps, Tooth-Brushes, &c.

Sunbury, Oct. 22, 1864. FALL AND WINTER MILLIMERY GOODSAT

AT REDUCED PRICES!!! Miss M. L. Gussler,

Fawn street, two doors south of Shamokin Valley & Pottsville Railroad, SUNBURY, PA. AS just opened her Fall and Winter stock of Millinery Goods, LADIES BONNETS, Hazand Caps of the latest styles; French and American Flowers and Feathers, Triumnings of all kinds; Ladies and Childrens' Hose, Gloves, Collars, Veils and a large assortment of Fancy Goods and Notions Call and see her stock.

Sunbury, Oct. 22, 1864 .- 2m FANCY DRY GOOD STORE.

Call and see her stock

MISS KATE BLACK, RESPECTFULLY informs her friends in Sun and vicinity, that she has just opened her FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

of Notions and FancyDry Goods.

Market street, four doors west of Wm. H. Miller's
Boot and Shoe store. SUNBURY, Pa.

Her stock consists of Trimmings, notions, embroideries, Ladies and Childrens' hats and stakers; silk
and other limms. Corsets, Hoop-skirts, Crape and
Lace Veils; Nets, gloves, stockings, collars, and

WOOLEN GOODS. Brenkfast Shawls, Sontage, Red Riding Hoods, Caps Hosiery of all laters. Gents' Franckerchiefs, Cravats, Neckties, Suspen ders : Ribbons, of all kinds, Feathers, Velvet, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

KATE BLACK.

MILLINERY GOODS. GWA FANCY NOTIONS & TREMMINGS L. & B. SHISSLER,

At the new stand, in Market Square, SUNDI Have just received from Philadelphia the latest and meet fachionable styles of Millinery Gosds, such as Bounets, Hats. Silks, Velvets, Ribbons and Laces, Feathers & Flowers, Head Dresses & Nets Old Ladies' Capa, Woolen Hoods, Soffags, Breakfast Shawls, Silk and Wooden Scarfs, Hosiery

CLOAKS & FURS! Black Crape and Lace Velts, Crape and Linen Col-lars, Dress Trimmings and Battons, Co sets, Zephyrs, Soap and Perfumery, Cloak Trimmings, Woollen &

Braiding done in latest Style.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods or Work. Thankful for past potrorage we solicit the same. L. & B. SHISSLER. Sunbury, October 22, 1864 NEW GOODS!

Gents Lines and Paper Collars, Neckries, &c.

I'm doors west of Wm H Miller's Shoe s Esphury, Pa. Just opened a fresh supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, ich as Fancy Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Glove-Gent's Linen and paper Collars, Netts, Belts, Lines Collars and Slewers Hair Rolls, Velvet Ribbons, Red. White and Blue Neck-tice, Corsets, Quaker

Skirts, Yokes and Sleeves WOOLEN GOODS, comprising of Sontage, Hoslery for ladies and children, Caps of all kinds, Scarff Gloves, Mittens, &c. Also, a new style of muslin for Garribaidi waists tegether with Swiss, Jaconet and Victoria Muslims Crape Jolians and Vells, Grenadine and Lace Vells and a variety of other articles too numerous to men-tion. MARY L. LAZARUS. Sunbury, Oct. 22, 1864.

 ${f BOARDINGHOUSE}$.. MRS. MARIA THOMPSON, (Formerly of the "Lawrence House,") (Formerly of the "Lawrence House,")
SUNBURY, PENN'A.

INFORMS her friends and the public generally that she has refitted the house formerly occupied by Dr. J. W. Peale, on Blackberry street, near the Northern Central Railway Depat, and opened a Boarding House, where she is prepared to keep PERMANENT AND TRANSIENT BOARDERS.

With good cooks and waiters, boarders can enjoy the quiet comforts of home with fare equal to the best hotels. Patronage from those who may sejourn in Sunbury, rationage : Fationage : Fation

Sunbury, Oct 22, 1864 .-

SHERIFF'S SALES. DY virtue of a certain writ of Ven. Expones, issued to ut of the Court of Common Pleas, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Saie, at the Court House, in Sunbury, on Monday, the 7th day of November, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

All that certain tract or piece of land, situate now in Zerbe township, (formerly in Mahoney township), Northmberland county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: beginning at a white ook corner, thence by Alexander Hunter's land, north sixty-nine degrees, east one bundred and

sesk corner, thence by Alexander Hunter's land, north sixty-nine degrees, east one bundred and Iwanty-one perches to a stone corner, thence by late Jacob Krisinger's, land, south eleven degrees, east one hundred and fitty-six perches to a stone corner, thence by Thomas Grant's land, south sixty-nine degrees, west six-five perches to a chesnut, and thence by the same north eighty-six degrees, west eighty-eight perches to a stone corner, thonce north eleven degrees, west one hundred and sixteen perches to the place of beginning, containing one hundred acres the place of beginning, containing one hundred acres and allowances, six per cent exception, and exclu-ding so much and such part or portion of the said tract or piece of land as lies south of the railroad which runs east and west through the said tract of

piece of land.
Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of William L. Helfenstein. ALSO: A certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of Turbutville, tot no—bounded on the west by lot of Rev. Jacob Albert, on the north of Broadway, on the east by lot of David Fryunire, and on the south by an alley, whereon are erected a two story plank dwelling house and kitchen.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Harvey Wilson.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Harvey Wilson.

ALSO 1

A certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of Turbutville, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the north by Front street, on the east by Paradise street, on the south by an alley and on the west by lot of Anderson Denius, containing in width 50 feet and in depth 200 feet, whereon are erected a large two story brick and frame dwelling house, large frame stable or barn out buildings, &c.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Charles F. McPherson.

ALSO:

A certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of Northumberland, Northumberland county, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded on the south side by an alley, on the northwest by an alley, and on the northeast by lot No. 274, containing in length Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the Seized, inken property of Edward Burk.
ALSO:

ALSO:

A certain tract or piece of land, situate in Shamo-kin township. Northumberland county. Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the cast by land of theorge Pensyl, on the north by land of John Riland, and on the west by land of theorge Pensyl, containing about 80 acres more or less, whereon are erected a log dwelling house and stable, fruit trees, 4c.

Seized, taken into execution and to be seld as the property of Andrew Reinecker.

WILLIAM M. WEAVER. Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sunbury, Oct. 22, 1864.

Sheriff's Office, Sunbury, Oct. 22, 1864. BLANK (Parchment Paper.) Doods and blank for sale in the office of the Sambury American."