The Sunbury American.

H. B. MASSER, Editor & Proprietor.

SUNBURY, PA.

SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1864.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,
No. 37 Park Row, New York, and 6 State Street, Boston, are our agents for the SUNBURY AMERICAN in those cities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our lowest rates.

DEMOREST'S NEW YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS for June is filled with good things.—In addition to a capital portrait of General Butler; a double page view of "On to Richmond," etc., it contains a piece of music entitled "She was all the world to me," which alone is worth more than the price of the publication. This is a feature of the News which we hope to see continued. It is admirable, and very attractive.

☞ BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE for May, is an excellent Number. It contains additional chapters of "Chronicles of Carlingford," and "Tony Butler"—two Novels of superior merit, with the following other papers of interest: Forsyth's Life of Cicero; A Song of Matrimonial Matters; A Groan over Corfu; The Great Indian Question; Cornelius O'Dowd upon Men and Women, and things in general—Part III; How to make a Novel; The Position of the Ministry. New York: Published by L. Scott & Co., 38 Walker St. at $8 a year.

☞ THE LADY'S FRIEND.—The July number of this magazine is one of the best yet issued. It opens with a beautiful and piquant steel engraving, called "HOW THEY CAUGHT FISH," which represents a couple of young lovers earnestly engaged in conversation, apparently much to the astonishment of a party of ladies, who have come to the edge of the woods. Then follows a very handsome fashion plate, such as this magazine is becoming noted for. Then an engraving of the Empress Eugenie, and a large number of others, devoted to the illustration of the latest styles of dress, &c. The music of this number is a Grand March from the opera of Faust.

The literary matter includes "A Story for Sisters-in-Law," "Richard Graham's Love," "The Maiden's Answer," &c., &c. Price $2.00 a year; 20 cents a single number.

Address Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

☞ REPORT OF THE NORTH-WESTERN COMMISSION FOR MARCH AND APRIL, 1864.—The above report has been received, by which we learn that the receipts of the Commission during the months of March and April, were 4,124 boxes and packages of sanitary supplies, and $1,444 57 in money. The shipments for the same time were 6,157 packages, which were sent mainly to Knoxville, Chattanooga, Cairo, and other points down the Mississippi, while the expenditures were $14,648 61. Over $10,000 of this amount were expended for hospital supplies, about $550 for clerk hire, fuel, stationery and other office expenses, while the balance went for purchases for the Cairo Soldier's Home, drayage, fare of nurses, sick soldiers, and other like expenses.

The Report is unusually full and interesting for these last two months. It contains a variety of matter—acknowledgments of stores from soldiers in the field, with their names attached and a statement of the present needs of the Commission.

Three match manufactories in Boston, owned by one man, consume twenty cords of wood and five hundred pounds of brimstone per day. Under the new tax of one cent per box, the owner pays to the government $1,400 a day in taxes.

Local Affairs.

☞ A Reward of $10 will be paid for the discovery and conviction of the person or persons who trespass on the lot of the subscriber above the saw-mill, and throw down his fences.

H. B. MASSER.

☞ DROWNED.—A boy named Shaffer, about six years of age, while playing on a flat in the river above the coal wharves, in this place, on Monday last, accidentally fell overboard and was drowned.

☞ M. C. Gearhart, Confectioner, has built another addition to his dwelling and store room in Market street, for an ice-cream saloon, and repaired the old building, which makes a handsome and neat appearance, and is a fine improvement to that part of the town.

☞ CHURCH DEDICATION.—The new Lutheran and Reformed (St. Peter's) Church, near Paxinos, formerly called the "Blue Church," will be DEDICATED to the worship of God, on Sunday, July 3d, 1864. Preaching by several Reformed and Lutheran Clergymen from abroad, at 10 o'clock A. M., 3 o'clock P. M., and 8 o'clock in the evening. Refreshments will be provided near the church to accommodate those coming from a distance. The public are invited to attend. BUILDING COM.

☞ DAN RICE'S GREAT SHOW, will be exhibited in this place on Wednesday, June 29th inst. The reputation of Dan Rice as a showman is sufficient to draw a full house wherever he goes. We are informed that he is employed by responsible parties at a salary of thirty thousand dollars for six months.—All who wish to laugh and grow fat, will have an opportunity afforded them by attending Dan Rice's show. See advertisement.

☞ The election of officers of the Centre Turnpike Company, held at the hotel of Joseph Vankirk, at Northumberland, on the 6th inst., resulted as follows:

President—Joseph Priestley.
Treasurer—John Taggart.
Secretary—D. Taggart.
Managers—Wm. Donaldson, Wm. Forsyth, Lot Barron, John Shipper, A. E. Kapp, Wm. L. Dewart, John H. Conder, Chas. Pleasants, David M. Knight, M. B. Priestly, M. H. Taggart, A. B. Cummings.

☞ LOOK OUT FOR THEM.—We caution our readers to be on their guard against an emission of spurious fifty-cent notes (the new plate) which have just been put in circulation hereabouts. They can be readily detected by observing the following marks:—They are an eighth of an inch shorter than the genuine; the words "fifty cents" which surround the head of Washington are very pale and indistinct in the counterfeit, while the letters are very black and distinct in the genuine. The bosses circle around the head in the counterfeit can hardly be seen, while the genuine is a deep color. The counterfeit, though indistinct in all its outlines, is quite like the real.

☞ FAIR AND FESTIVAL.—We learn that the ladies of the Presbyterian Church, Shamokin, intend holding a Fair and festival on the 4th of July. The proceeds to be applied to the repairing of their church. It is expected that an excursion train will leave here at 10 o'clock, to take up all who may wish to attend.

Letter from the Sunbury Guards.

MORGANZA BEND, LA., May 29, 1864.

DEAR WILVERT:—

The uncertainty of a mail passing the blockade on the Red river, established by the Johnny Rebs while we were lying at Alexandria, prevented me from writing to you until now; but knowing the anxiety you have for us, I feel justified in commencing from where I dated my last letter, and will give you the "dangers we have passed" as I recollect them.

Our sojourn at Grand Ecore was for eleven days, during which time our position was well fortified by entrenchments for a length of five miles, made of heavy logs, five feet high and six feet wide, filled in with dirt. In front of this, trees were felled for a distance of two hundred yards, so that if the enemy attacked we had an open space before us which would enable our forces to repel them and follow if necessary. But our labor seemed to the men as useless, for on the morning of 22d April, the army abandoned these works and started for Alexandria. From our scouts it was ascertained that the enemy had passed some miles to our left with the intention of making a stand against our right at Bayou Cane, where there is a high bluff and dense woods, and at the same attack Smith's forces who were bringing up the rear. This first day was a hard one on the boys, for by ten o'clock at night they made Cloutierville, a distance of forty-five miles. On that day the rear was attacked which caused our forces to reverse their front and form in line of battle, expecting too, to go back to the relief of Smith, but he needed no assistance, sending word to the front that he had "whipped them, and could do it again." It was well that Banks made so long a march on that day, for on the next we found the enemy prepared to carry out their design of attacking us front and rear. Skirmishing commenced early in the morning and as our columns advanced he fell back towards the bayou, when we soon discovered the position of their batteries on the bluff. There was then an artillery duel by the smaller pieces, and some sharp fighting by the cavalry, when the "mule battery," twenty pound Parrott guns, opened a heavy fire, which soon dislodged them, forcing the chivalry to flee in a manner not at all suitable to their *boasted* courage. Before this our cavalry, the 3d Brigade of the 1st Div., and Birges' brigade of the second, had crossed the bayou and were doing good service, which, with the other work, made the enemy show their heels. The 3d brigade done some daring deeds in this fight, as also did the cavalry. In one instance the 3d charged up a hill almost perpendicular, driving the enemy back by the bayonet without firing a gun. The woods on this bluff was so thick that the cavalry had to dismount and fight on foot. During the whole of the day, our brigade, the 2d was supporting artillery, under fire all the time, and could not give Mr. Reb a return shot.

While we were fighting in front, Smith was engaged some miles in the rear, but he done his part well and drove them back. The rebel commanders thought by attacking us in the rear, and having a large face on the bluffs, they would be able to capture our train and take us all prisoners, but in this they were mistaken, for our march was so rapid that we were on them before they had thrown up the necessary earthworks. Besides they underrated the amount of our artillery, calculating from the number engaged at Pleasant Hill. The rebel prisoners say it "seems as though the Yankees manufacture, on short notice, artillery to order, and the men are furnished with wings when they wish to make a certain point.

The damage done to the Confederate cause by the burning of cotton was immense. On the night of the 22d our route was lighted up for miles and millions of dollars worth of this production was destroyed. This loss will be felt more by Davis & Co., than several defeats in this region, for the basis of the loan in England was on the cotton of Western Louisiana.

After the rebels had fled from the bluff the negro troops put down the pontoons, and by ten that night we were six miles beyond the bayou safely encamped. The next morning we moved forward and in two days were in Alexandria. Johnnys followed Smith's forces, keeping out of range of his guns, except when he had gained the eminence across the bayou, when he punished them (the rebs) severely.

We were at Alexandria seventeen days, during which time the men were kept busy at throwing up earthworks, foraging and three times went out some distance to meet the enemy, but they did not make their appearance in numbers large enough for an engagement. The water in the Red river had fallen so much that it prevented the gunboats from operating with us, and kept our transports from supplying the troops with rations, (and you know soldiers, like other people, will eat) so Banks was compelled to relinquish his designs on Shreveport and fall back to the Mississippi. To do this a large dam had to be built on the falls at Alexandria to get the iron-clads down the river. After a great deal labor this was accomplished and by the morning of May 13th the last one was through the shute, when we bade adieu to Alexandria, marching through the town with banners flying and keeping step to the music of "Rally around the flag," and "When this cruel war is over." The next morning, at our camping place, the fleet of boats passed us, when we were informed that Alexandria had been destroyed by fire—the act of a dissatisfied citizen and several negroes. Incendiary acts were strictly forbidden in a general order the day before we left the place, and a cavalry guard was left in the rear to see the order enforced. After marching a few miles skirmishing commenced in front between the cavalry and the enemy in rifle-pits on the bank of the river, but they were easily driven away. When we came up we discovered their pits and places where there had been batteries planted. At this point the *John Warren*, and unarmed transport, on which were sick soldiers and women, was fired into and sunk, killing many and those that were not drowned taken prisoners. A tin-clad gunboat was destroyed at the same place, by which we lost a large mail. Many letters and directed envelopes were found on the bank—threwn there after the contents had been read by the unprincipled scoundrels. The inhumanity of Guerrilla bands in this department is beyond belief, and if one did not know the truth of it or saw some of their barbarities, he would write it down as the story of a "reliable gentleman" or as told by an "intelligent contraband." Not satisfied with his murderous intent on unarmed transports he fires into the Hospital steamer *Laurel Hill*, with four hundred sick on board. This boat had the usual hospital signal floating fore and aft, yet, notwithstanding all this, and the customs of war, they fired on them, proving by the act that they are more hardened than the Indians on the frontier.

On Sunday, May 15, we left the river road and took a short route through the woods, saving considerable distance. The windings of Red river are so numerous that it resembles the tape-worm railroad wherewith the politicians frightened the *dear* people during the administration of Ritner and Stevens.—We stopped several hours in the woods to leave cavalry pass, when we moved forward and by four o'clock emerged into a large open plain where we formed in line of battle, expecting a regular engagement. The enemy, however, retired and we advanced till dark, when the forces halted for the night, with orders to rest on their arms.—'Twas here that Banks rode through our regiment, amidst the cheers of the boys, and many in the pleasing news that Grant had defeated Lee. Early next morning we marched through Marksville into a prairie nine miles long and six wide where every preparation was made for a fight. The whole of our force was formed in line, in support of artillery in front, who commenced operations on the enemy driving him gradually from the prairie into the woods. As the enemy retreated before the heavy fire of our artillery, the infantry advanced in line until they reached Mousoula, where they formed in column, taking the whole field in an attempt to flank the enemy, but their *running* qualities were so good that we were foiled. The manœuvring of the troops was handsomely done, and the movements was one of the finest things of the war. The fight of artillery was a steady one of five miles. The enemy merely stood that they might cover the retreat of their infantry and train under cover of their artillery. Our loss was slight. Of the rebels we could not ascertain correctly, but learned from citizens who had secreted themselves during the fight, that they had many killed and wounded, who threw them into wagons, promiscuously, and drove them off so that we could not learn their casualties. The next day we moved to Simmsport on the Achafalaya river, where a bridge was made by putting the transports side by side, which enabled the troops and train to pass safely over.—The day before we crossed the rebels attacked Smith, thinking it was but the rear guard, in which they, the graybacks, were awfully cut up, and four hundred prisoners fell into our hands. Our loss is killed and wounded was ninety. This fight was the last one of the expedition. The whole of the force is safe on the Mississippi, gunboats, transports and trains. The 16th and 17th have gone to their old commands.

It is amusing to read the statements of correspondents to papers North, concerning our movements and the losses of our army. I have it from the best source that the Federal loss from Franklin to Mansfield, and from their to this point does not exceed *thirty-five hundred* in killed, wounded and missing, while that of the rebels is over *eight thousand*.

Company C, on last Saturday was detailed by the General in command of the Division to take one hundred and eighty-seven prisoners (rebs) to New Orleans. This they done satisfactorily and returned yesterday to their regiment, ready for duty. While in the City some of the boys made Captain Gobin quite a handsome present, to show their appreciation of him as an officer and gentleman. The boys are well. James Kennedy who was wounded at Pleasant Hill, died at New Orleans hospital a few days ago. His friends in the company were pleased to learn that Dr. Dodge of Sunbury, now of the U. S. Steamer *Octorora*, was with him in his last moments, and ministered to his wants. The Doctor was one of the Surgeons from the Navy who volunteered when our wounded was sent to New Orleans.

With respects to all in the office, yourself and family and friends generally, I remain

Yours, Fraternally, H. D. W.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice to Drafted Men.

HILL & WOLVERTON will attend to the preparation of all Exemption papers at their office, in the borough of Sunbury, during the days fixed for examination when and where all may apply who desire to present causes for exemption.

Sunbury, June 11, 1864.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Daniel Hafer, late of Lewis township, Northumberland county, Pa., deceased. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement.

SAMUEL GANGHART, Adm'r.

Delaware twp., June 11, 1864.—6t.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of certain writs of Ven. Exponas, Lev. Facias, and alias Lev. Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Sunbury, on Tuesday the 28th day of June, 1864, at one o'clock P. M., the following described property to wit:

A certain lot of ground, situate in the town of Shamokin, (now borough,) Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, being Lot No. 7, in block 187 in the general plan of said town, fronting on Shamokin street on the east, and extending back to Rock street, being twenty-five feet in width and one hundred and fifty feet in depth, whereon are erected a one and a half story frame house.

Also, upon lot No. 3, in block 199 in said town, fronting on Shamokin street, and extending back to Rock street, bounded by lot No. 2, on the south, lot No. 4 on the north, being one block, being 25 feet in front and about 190 feet in depth.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George Ship, with notice to Aaron Smith terre tenant.

ALSO:

All that certain message or tract of land, situate in Turbut township, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the north by land of Abraham Farley, and the public road, (leading from the public road, from Milton to Northumberland to the public road from Milton to Sedom, on the south by lands of Mrs. Mary Bogle, on the east by the West Branch Canal, and on the west by the river Susquehanna, containing about Forty Acres, all of which is improved and under a high state of cultivation. Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Wm. H. Bogle.

ALSO:—A certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the town of Trevorton, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, lot No. 5, in block No. 89, bounded on the north by Market street, south by an alley, east by lot No. 6, west by lot No. 4, in same block, containing in width 25 feet and in depth 125 feet, whereon are erected one and a half story frame dwelling house, blacksmith shop, &c. Also, lot No. 6 in block No. 89, in the same town, county and State aforesaid, bounded on the north by Market street, on the south by an alley, east by lot No. 7, in same block, and west by lot No. 5 in the same dwelling house, blacksmith shop, &c. Also, lot No. 6 in block No. 89, in the same town, county and State aforesaid, bounded on the north by Market street, on the south by an alley, east by lot No. 7, in same block, and west by lot No. 5 in the same block, containing in width 25 feet and in depth 125 feet. Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Anna M. Shivelhood and Daniel Shivelhood.

ALSO:—A certain lot or piece of ground, situate in Upper Augusta township, Northumberland county Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: bounded on the east by land of Isaac Slack and Philip Hile, on the north by land of Samuel Culp and on the south by land of Edward C. Logan, containing nine acres and twelve perches, more or less, about two acres whereof are cleared, balance timber land, whereon are erected a small log dwelling house, good spring of water and spring-house, a small log stable, &c. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George Wilson.

ALSO:—All that certain lot of ground in the borough of Northumberland, marked and numbered in the general plan of said Borough, number "two hundred and nine," situated and fronting on Northway, bounded on the east by lots number 207 and 208, on the south by lot number two hundred and ten, extending from Northway to the Canal. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Edward S. Anthony.

ALSO:—All that certain tract or piece of land, situate now in Jackson township, (formerly in Mahanoy township,) Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a white oak corner, thence by Alexander Hunter's land, south sixty-nine degrees, east one hundred and twenty-six perches to a stone corner; thence by lands of Jacob Hostlager's heirs, south eleven degrees, east one hundred and fifty-six perches to a stone corner; thence by Thomas Grant's land, south sixty-nine degrees west thirty-five perches to a chestnut; and thence by the same north eighty-six degrees, west eighty-eight perches to a stone corner; thence north eleven degrees west one hundred and sixteen perches to the place of beginning, containing one hundred acres, and allowance of six per cent exception, and excluding, however, so much and such part or portion of the said tract or piece of land as lies south of the Railroad, which runs east and west through the said tract or piece of land.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William L. Helfenstein.

ALSO:—A certain lot or piece of ground No. 10, in block No. 119, situate in the town of Trevorton, Zerbe township, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, bounded on the east by B. B. Weaver's Hotel, and on the west by lot No. 9, on the north by Shamokin street, and on the south by an alley, containing in width 25 feet, and in depth 150 feet, whereon are erected a frame stable, a good two story frame dwelling house, weather-boarded frame stable, well of water, &c.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Isaac Haupt & Simeon Haupt, lately trading under the firm of Haupt & Co.

WM. M. WEAVER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sunbury, June 11, 1864.

BLANK (Parchment Paper) Deeds and Mortgages, for sale at Executions Summons, &c., for sale at the office of the Sunbury American.

HAWLEY'S SOLIDIFIED DENTAL CREAM,

For Cleansing, Whitening and Preserving the TEETH!

This article is prepared with the greatest care upon scientific principles, and warranted not to contain anything in the slightest degree deleterious to the teeth or gums. Some of our most eminent Dental Surgeons have given their sanction to, and cheerfully recommend it as a preparation of superior qualities for cleansing, whitening and preserving the TEETH. It cleans them readily, rendering them beautifully white and pearly, without the slightest injury to the enamel. It is healing to the gums where they are ulcerated and sore. It is also an excellent disinfector for old decayed teeth, which are often exceedingly offensive. It gives a rich creamy taste to the mouth, cleansing it thoroughly, and imparting a delightful fragrance to the breath.

PREPARED ONLY BY
A. HAWLEY & CO.,
N. W. Cor. 10th., & Lombard Sts., Philadelphia.
And sold by all Druggists. PRICE 25 CENTS.

TESTIMONIALS.

The following opinion of Dr. White, as to the high esteem in which he holds the Dental Cream, must be sufficient evidence of its value; to quote other testimonials in detail is needless, contenting ourselves by simply giving the names and addresses of persons who speak of its excellency for the teeth.

Philadelphia, April 15th, 1863.

Having carefully examined A. Hawley's "Solidified Dental Cream," I hereby cheerfully recommend it to the public generally. It is an excellent preparation for cleansing and preserving the teeth, and can be used by all persons with the utmost confidence, as its properties are perfectly harmless. Besides preserving the teeth, it promotes a healthy action to the gums, and imparts a pleasantness to the breath.

Dr. W. R. WHITE, 1203 Arch St.
Thomas Ingram, M. D., Dentist, 491 N. Fourth St.
J. Birkey, 254 S. Sixth St.
E. Vanderslice, Surgeon Dentist, 425 Arch St.
C. A. Kinsbury, Dentist, 1110 Walnut St.
S. Dillingham, D. D. S., 734 Arch St.
F. M. Dixon, 827 Arch St.
Edward Townsend, Dentist, 423 N. Fourth St.
L. H. Dorphley, Dentist, 607 N. Tenth St.
M. L. Long, Dentist, 629 N. Sixth St.

May 28, 1864.—1y

1864. 1864.
Philadelphia & Erie Railroad.

THIS great line traverses the Northern and North west counties of Pennsylvania to the city of Erie on Lake Erie.

It has been leased by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and under their auspices is being rapidly opened throughout its entire length.

It is now in use for Passenger and Freight business from Harrisburg to St. Mary's (246 miles) on the Eastern Division, and from Sheffield to Erie, (78 miles,) on the Western Division.

TIME OF PASSENGER TRAINS AT SUNBURY.

Arrive Eastward.	Leave Westward.
Mail Train, 10.25 A. M.	Mail Train, 4.05 P. M.
Express Train, 11.45 P. M.	Express Train, 3.46 A. M.

Cars run through without change, both ways, on these trains between Philadelphia and Lock Haven, and between Baltimore and Lock Haven.

Elegant Sleeping Cars on Express Trains both ways between Williamsport and Baltimore, and Williamsport and Philadelphia.

For information respecting Passenger business apply at the S. E. Cor. 11th and Market Sts.

And for Freight business of the Company's Agents.

S. B. Kingston, Jr., Cor. 13th and Market St., Philadelphia.
J. W. Reynolds, Erie.
J. M. Drill, Agent N. C. R. R., Baltimore.
H. H. Houston,
Gen'l Freight Agt. Philada.
Lewis L. Hoerr,
Gen'l Ticket Agt., Philada.
Joseph D. Potts,
Gen'l Manager, Williamsport.

May 27, 1864.

OSBORN'S CELEBRATED PREPARED JAVA COFFEE,

WARRANTED SUPERIOR TO ANY IN THE MARKET

IT is used by first class families everywhere, and highly recommended for nervous and dyspeptic persons, being very nutritious and free from all deleterious substances, in instances of which I have certificates from the most eminent Physicians in the Country. Try it, and you will be sure to continue its use in preference to any other.

Sold at retail for Twenty-Five Cents per Pound by First class Grocers throughout the United States.

☞ A liberal discount to the Trade.

Put up only by
LEWIS A. OSBORN,
Wholesale Depot, 60 Warren St., New York.

May 7, 1864.

FLOUR & FEED STORE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he keeps constantly on hand at his new WAREHOUSE, near the Shamokin Valley Railroad Depot, in SUNBURY, Flour by the barrel and rack, and all kinds of Feed by the ton.

The above is all manufactured at his own Mills, and will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

J. M. CADWALLADER.

Sunbury, June 4, 1864.—3m

BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. MARIA THOMPSON,
(Formerly of the "Lawrence House,")
SUNBURY, PENN'A.

INFORMS her friends and the public generally that she has refitted the house formerly occupied by D. J. W. Peale on Black Berry street, near the Northern Central Railway Depot, and opened a Boarding House, where she is prepared to keep PERMANENT AND TRANSIENT BOARDERS.

With good cooks and waiters, boarders can enjoy the quiet comforts of home with fare equal to the best hotels.

Patronage from those who may sojourn in Sunbury, is respectfully solicited.

MRS. MARIA THOMPSON.

Sunbury, May 21, 1864.—3m

Attention, Ladies and Gentlemen!
AMBROTYPE AND PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.

In Deer street, opposite the Central Hotel,

SUNBURY, PA.,

S. BYERLY, has opened a new Picture Gallery in the above place, and is prepared to take Portraits in the best style and manner.

AMBROTYPES AND PHOTOGRAPHS,

are taken in every style of the Art, that cannot be surpassed in the State. Having several year's experience, he will give satisfaction or no charge.

Copies will be taken from all styles of Pictures.

Give him a call. Remember opposite the Central Hotel.

Sunbury, June 4, 1864.

Administrator's Notice.

On the Estate of Dennis Wolverton, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that letters testamentary have been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of Dennis Wolverton, late of Upper Augusta township, Northumberland county, Pa., dec'd. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement.

WILLIAM WOLVERTON,
PETER H. SNYDER.
Upper Augusta, June 4, 1864.—6t. Adm'rs.

G. M. LAYMAN. A. M. SALLADE.

IMPORTERS OF

WINES AND LIQUORS.

LAUMAN & SALLADE,
No. 128 South Ninth Street, between Chesnut and Walnut, PHILADELPHIA

May 7, 1864.—

LILLIES CHILLED IRON SAFE

The Only Safe Reliable against both Fire and Burglary.

I am now prepared to furnish three sizes of National Bank Safes. They are both Fire and Burglar-proof, with two distinct inside Burglar Safes and three of my new Anti-Mineomoni Locks on each safe, believed to be the only bank lock now in use that has not been picked or cannot be picked by the aid of the mineomoni. These Safes all present fear to six inches in thickness of solid iron, guaranteed to be the strongest, the most difficult to heat and to stand the most resistance against both fire and burglary of any safe in the United States of the same size and cost.

I have on hand also, and will furnish all sizes of Bank Vault Safes, possessing all the advantages of the above against burglary.

Also, all sizes of Mercantile Safes both burglar-proof and fire and burglar-proof.

Also, Ornamental Dwelling House Safes, burglar proof, and fire and burglar-proof (warranted not damp).

Also, the strongest and cheapest Vault doors, for bank and mercantile vaults.

All the above are Lillie's wrought and chilled iron.

Also, six sizes Lillie's Wrought Iron Fire Proofs warranted equal to any common Safes, at fully one-third less price.

Also, a general assortment of second hand Safes, many of them nearly new, and of approved makers, received in exchange for Lillie's Chilled Iron Safes. These are offered at below manufacturers prices.

A. C. BARNES, Agent,
No. 48 N. Third St., Philadelphia.

June 11, 1864.

DYSPEPSIA,

AND

DISEASES RESULTING FROM DISORDERS

OF THE LIVER

AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS

Are Cured by

HOOFLAND'S

German Bitters,

The Great Strengthening

TONIC!

These Bitters have performed more Cures!
Have and do Give Better Satisfaction!
Have more Testimony!
Have more Respectable People to Vouch for Them!
Than any other article in the market.
We defy any ONE to contradict this Assertion.

AND WILL PAY $1000

To any one that will produce a Certificate published by us, that is not GENUINE.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

Will cure every case of Chronic or Nervous Debility, Disease of the Kidneys, and Diseases arising from a disordered Stomach.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS

Resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

REMEMBER

THAT THIS BITTERS IS

NOT ALCOHOLIC,

Contains no Rum or Whiskey,

And can't make Drunkards, but is the Best Tonic in the World.

☞ Read Who Says So:

From the Rev. Levi G. Beck, Pastor of the Baptist Church, Pemberton, N. J., formerly of the North Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

* * * * * *

I have known Hoofland's German Bitters favorably for a number of years. I have used them in my own family, and have been so pleased with their effects that I was induced to recommend them to many others, and know that they have operated in a strikingly beneficial manner. I take great pleasure in thus publicly proclaiming this fact, and calling the attention of those afflicted with the disease for which they recommend it, to these Bitters, knowing from experience that my recommendation will be sustained. I do this more cheerfully as Hoofland's Bitters is intended to benefit the afflicted, and is not a rum drink." Yours truly, LEVI G. BECK.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopædia of Religious Knowledge, and Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their fugacious and efficacy, I yet know of no sufficient reason why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these Bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing to the use of them.

J. NEWTON BROWN.

From the Rev. Jos. H. Kennard, Pastor of the 16th Baptist Church.

Dr. Jackson:—Dear Sir.—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with certain medicines of different kinds of bitters, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear good in various instances, and particularly in my family, of the excellence of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail; but usually, I should not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above cause.

Yours, very respectfully, JOS. H. KENNARD,
Eighth below Coates Street, Philadelphia.

From Rev. Warren Randolph, Pastor of Baptist Church, Germantown, Penn.

Dr. C. M. Jackson:—Dear Sir.—Personal experience enables me to say that I regard the German Bitters, prepared by you as a most excellent medicine. In cases of severe cold and general debility I have been greatly benefitted by the use of the Bitters.

Yours, truly, WARREN RANDOLPH,
Germantown, Pa.

From Rev. J. H. Turner, Pastor of Hedding M. E. Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson:—Dear Sir.—Having used your German Bitters in my family frequently I am prepared to say that it has been of great service. I believe that in most cases of general debility of the system it is the safest and most valuable remedy of which I have any knowledge.

Yours, respectfully, J. H. TURNER.
No. 726 N. Nineteenth Street.

From the Rev. J. M. Lyons, formerly Pastor of the Columbus (N. J.) and Milestown (Pa.) Baptist Churches.

New Rochelle, N. Y.

Dr. C. M. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—I feel it a pleasure thus, of my own accord, to bear testimony to the excellence of the German Bitters. Some years since being much addicted with Dyspepsia, I used them with very beneficial results. I have since recommended to persons subjected by that tormenting disease, and have heard from them the most flattering testimonials as to their great value. In cases of general debility, I believe it to be a tonic that cannot be surpassed. J. M. LYONS.

From the Rev. Thos. Winter, Pastor of Salsbury Baptist Church.

Dr. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—I feel it due to your excellent preparation, Hoofland's German Bitters, to add my testimony to the deserved reputation it has obtained. I have for years, at times, been troubled with great disorder in my head and nervous system. I was advised by a friend to try a bottle of your German Bitters. I did so, and to my experimental proof and unexpected relief; my health has been very materially improved. I cordially recommend the article wherever I meet with cases similar to my own, and have been assured by many of their good effects.

Respectfully yours, C. WINTER.
Salisbury, Pa.

From Rev. J. S. Herman, of the German Reformed Church, Kutztown, Berks county, Pa.

Dr. C. M. Jackson:—Respected Sir:—I have long troubled with Dyspepsia nearly twenty years, and have never used any medicine that did me as much good as Hoofland's Bitters. I am very much improved by the use of your Bitters, after having taken a few bottles.

Yours, in hope, J. S. HERMAN.

PRICES.

Large Size (holding nearly double quantity), $1 00 per bottle or 6 bottles for $5 00
Small Size—75 cents per Bottle—half dozen $4 00

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

See that the Signature of "C. M. JACKSON" is on the Wrapper of each Bottle.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating compounds that may be offered in its place. Any of the above, we will send, securely packed, by express, on receipt of price. Principal Office and Manufactory, No. 730 ARCH Street, Philadelphia.

JONES & EVANS,
(Successors to C. M. Jackson & Co.)
Proprietors.

☞ For Sale by Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States.

Northern Central Railway!

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

THREE TRAINS DAILY to and from Baltimore and Washington city.

Connections made with trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, to and from Pittsburg and the West.

THREE TRAINS DAILY to and from the North and West Branch Susquehanna, Binghamton, and all of Northern New York.

ON and after MONDAY, MAY 16th, 1864, the Passenger Trains of the Northern Central Railway will arrive at and depart from Sunbury, Harrisburg and Baltimore as follows, viz:

SOUTHWARD.

Mail Train leaves Sunbury daily (except Sunday)	10 25 A. M.
" leaves Harrisburg,	1 20 P. M.
" arrives at Baltimore,	5 40 "
Express Train leaves Sunbury daily (except Sunday.)	11 45 P. M.
" leaves Harrisburg (except Monday.)	2 50 A. M.
" arrives at Baltimore daily (except Monday).	7 00 A. M.
Harrisburg Accommodation leaves Harrisburg,	7 00 A. M.
Sunbury Accommodation leaves Sunbury daily (except Sunday) at	7 20 A. M.

NORTHWARD.

Mail Train leaves Baltimore daily (except Sunday)	9 20 A. M.
" leaves Harrisburg	1 55 P. M.
" arrives at Sunbury,	5 05 "
Express Train leaves Baltimore daily	12 00 P. M.
" arrives at Harrisburg,	4 50 A. M.
" leaves Harrisburg (except Monday),	5 15 A. M.
" arrives at Sunbury,	8 25 "
Harrisburg Accommodation leaves Harrisburg, daily (except Sunday) at	2 00 P. M.
" arrives at Harrisburg,	7 00 P. M.
Sunbury Accommodation leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at	4 00 P. M.

For further information apply at the Office.

J. N. DeHARRY, Gen. Sup't.

Harrisburg, June 4, 1864.

1864. JUST OPENED 1864.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF SPRING AND SUMMER

MILLINERY GOODS,

At the Large Millinery Store of

Miss M. L. Gussler,

Fawn street, two doors south of Shamokin Valley & Pottsville Railroad, SUNBURY, Pa.,

Consisting of the very latest styles of

BONNETS, HATS AND SHAKERS;

Also, Trimmings such as Ribbons, Laces, French and American Flowers, Feathers, &c.

ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Fancy Goods & Notions,

to which she directs the attention of her friends, and invites all to call and see before purchasing elsewhere.

Thankful for past patronage, she hopes by keeping the best assortment at reasonable prices to continue the same.

Sunbury, April 9, 1864.—3m

ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

A New supply of Mason's Five-Minute Freezers, received from New York, for sale by

Sunbury, May 21, '64. H. B. MASSER.

NEW MILLINERY AND FANCY DRY GOOD STORE.

MISS KATE BLACK,

RESPECTFULLY informs her friends in Sunbury and vicinity, that she has opened a New Store of Millinery and Fancy dry goods in Market street four doors west of Wm. H. Miller's Boot and Shoe store. Her stock consists of Trimmings, gloves, embroideries, Ladies and Children's hats and shakers, silk and other linings, Lawns, Ginghams, Cassets, Hoopskirts, Corsets and Corset Jeans, Notions, stockings, collars and sleeves, and many other articles for ladies and gentlemen; all of which will be sold at the lowest prices. KATE BLACK

Sunbury, May 21, 1864.

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ELEGANT FULL LENGTH STEEL PLATE ENGRAVING OF

PRESIDENT LINCOLN,

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The best and only correct likeness of this great man in existence. For Particulars address

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