The Sunbury American.

H. B. MASSER, Editor & Proprietor.

SUNBURY, PA.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 17, 1863.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,
No. 37 Park Row, New York, and 6 State Street, Boston, are our agents for the SUNBURY AMERICAN in those cities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our lowest rates.

☞ Our chivalric neighbor of the Breckinridge DEMOCRAT of this place, makes a lame attempt to reply to our comments on his villainous article justifying the assassination of a member of the Legislature, who might chose to vote against the nominee of a party. The reply is characteristic of the defender of Floyd and his robberies. Conscious of guilt he does not attempt to deny the charge and only half justifies his previous folly and criminality, by repeating stale charges against ourselves, which no one believes and which he knows to be false.

When we accused Mr. Purdy of preaching treasonable doctrines, we quoted his own language and referred to his paper for proof. Will he do the same in regard to the charges he made against us or does he rely on the gullibility of his readers and think they can swallow this with the many other absurdities he serves up for them weekly.

As our neighbor seems to have a great dislike for Cobb's spelling book, we can assure him that he might learn even from that little book, how to use the relative pronoun "who" instead of "that" when applied to persons. Even an occasional display of latin will hardly cover so glaring a defect as this.

COLD BLOODED MURDER.—On Friday January 2d, (inst.) five men, strangers to the persons on the premises, entered the house of James Bergen, Coal Castle, this County, and asked for some ale. On being told that there was none in the house, three of the men drew revolvers and fired at Bergen, the balls taking effect in his abdomen, badly mutilating the intestines. Bergen lingered in great agony until Sunday morning, when death put an end to his sufferings. On Monday the Coroner held an inquest, and rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts.

It is stated by those who live in the vicinity of the murder, that the assassins cheered loudly for Jeff. Davis as they left Bergen's house, after committing the murder.

Bergen had served faithfully in Company K, Ninety-sixth Regiment, and fought bravely at the battle of Antietam, in which engagement he was wounded in the arm. Subsequently he was discharged from the service, he being unfitted by his injury, for further duty with the Regiment. Bergen was known where he lived, by the cognomen of the 'Yellow Boy."

No stone should be left unturned to effect if possible, the arrest of the perpetrators of this atrociously cold-blooded murder. Any information that can be given in reference to these men should be promptly furnished to the authorities.—*Miners' Journal.*

Local Affairs.

☞ On our outside page will be found the proceedings of the Teachers' Institute the United States Revenue tax list, and other matter of interest.

☞ Revenue Stamps of all kinds can be had at the office of S. B. Boyer, Esq., Deputy Collector of this district.

☞ The reported death of Ex-Governor Packer at Williamsport, is not true. Governor Packer had a severe attack of something like paralysis on Sunday night a week, while walking through the street. We are pleased to learn that he is out of danger and recovering.

☞ AN ANCIENT BIBLE.—S. B. Boyer Esq., of this place, came into possession of a German Bible last week, published at Frankfort-on-the-Main, by Christian Egenolff, on the 1st day of March 1534. Mr. Boyer purchased this ancient and valuable relic of J. C. Moun below Chambersburg, which he first saw while there on duty as one of the Pennsylvania Militia in September last. Mr. Moun had purchased it years ago for six cents at a public vendue.

☞ The Standing Committees of the Legislature have been announced. We observe that Mr. Brown of this county is Chairman of the Local Judiciary, and also a member of the "Ways and Means" and general "Judiciary." In the Senate Mr. Bound is the Chairman of the "Library Committee" and also a member of the Finance and Judiciary Committees.

☞ CHANGE OF TIME IN HOLDING COURT.—A bill has just been passed by the Legislature changing the time of holding our courts usually held on the first Monday of of April, to the second Monday of March next. This change was made at the request of the Judges and members of the Bar, as the beginning of April is often an inconvenient season for many persons who are obliged to attend Court. We were present in the House of Representatives on Wednesday, when the bill was finally passed. Mr. Brown, our member who had charge of the bill, and Mr. Bound, our Senator, deserve credit for the promptness and rapidity with which they put this bill through the Legislature.

Letter from Daniel Bower.

HEADQUARTERS CO. H. 147th P. V.
DUMFRIES, VA., Jan. 14, 1862.

Editor Sunbury American:

Will the editor of the Shamokin *Herald*, explain what he means by the following remarks in his salutatory? "In the first place, as is well known to you all, the material upon which the "Herald" is printed has been in this place for some time, *owned by several of your more prominent citizens* and business men, but from some *mismanagement* or carelessness, has been lying idle—an expense to its shareholders and a violator of public expectation."

Of course I have nothing to do with the bad English in which the above is written, but as I deem it an unprovoked personal attack upon me, I shall make a plain statement of facts with which the editor is not, perhaps, acquainted. The material on which the Shamokin *Herald* is published, is my own, and not the property of stockholders. It is true I borrowed money from "some of the more prominent citizens" to purchase the same, as security for the payment of which I placed the ownership of the entire office in Mr. Bittenbender. I borrowed $215.50, and gave the office as security for the payment of this amount, in two years, adding the lawful interest, from the 1st day of May A. D. 1862.

The charge that it has been an "expense to the share-holders," therefore must be false, and intended for other than good to myself.

Perhaps, by the time Mr. M'Ewen has given the publication of a newspaper in Shamokin as fair a trial as I have, he will himself be a violator of "public expectation."

I have only to add, in conclusion, that unless Mr. M'Ewen will recall his charges, and in doing so do me an act of justice, perhaps he will find out before many days, who is the real owner of the Shamokin Herald.

DANIEL BOWER,
Proprietor of the Shamokin Herald.

(From the Pottsville Miners' Journal).

ANTHRACITE COAL TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES.

We give below the official quantity of Anthracite Coal sent to market in 1862, together with the Semi-Anthracite and Bituminous Coal that moved towards tide water. The Anthracite trade shows a small decrease of 2,953 tons, and a decrease of 17,658 in the Semi-Anthracite an Bituminous, making the decrease in the supply for the year 20,611 tons.

The aggregate supply of Anthracite in 1862, reaches	7,481,718
Semi-Anthracite and Bituminous,	813,754
Total tons,	8,295,472

All this Coal was destined for the seaboard, except about 500,000 tons of Anthracite from Shamokin, Scranton and Pittston, which was sent into the Interior of Pennsylvania and New York.

	1861.	1862.	INC. TONS.	DEC. TONS.
SCHUYLKILL REGION.				
By Reading Railroad,	1,460,532	2,058,570	598,038	
By Canal,	1,120,570	981,729		201,841
From Pinegrove,	53,057	*37,890		15,167
	2,697,459	3,078,189	598,038	217,008
		187,908‡	217,008	
Less Lehigh and Shamokin,		2,890,581	381,030	
			187,908	
Increase in 1862,			193,122	
LEHIGH REGION.				
By Lehigh Canal,	883,632	396,227		487,405
Do. from Wilkesbarre,	111,073	26,723		84,350
By Lehigh Valley R.R.	743,672	882,574	138,902	
Little Schuylkill R. R.,		72,254	72,254	
	1,738,377	1,377,778	211,156	571,755
				211,156
Decrease in 1862,				360,599
WYOMING REGION.				
Canal South,	263,521	494,859	231,338	
do North,	53,241	64,352	11,113	
Penn. Coal Co.,	529,657	501,091		28,566
Scranton North,	270,823	325,414	54,592	
do South,	823,497	765,901		61,596
Del. & Hudson Co.,	726,644	637,066		89,578
Lack. & Bloom. R. R.	30,000 †	80,000	50,000	
	2,897,383	2,971,713	347,073	182,740
			182,740	
Increase in 1862,			164,333	
SHAMOKIN REGION.	211,451	211,642	191	
Total Anthracite,	7,481,719	7,481,719	357,616	360,599
				357,646
Decrease in 1862,	2,953			2,953
* SEMI-ANTHRACITE.				
St. Mt. (H. Thomas,)	91,380	95,119	3,739	
Lykens Valley do.	81,000	82,002	1,002	
Trevorton,	49,477	63,223	13,746	
Broad Top,	272,925	333,906	60,981	
	491,482	573,970	79,468	
BITUMINOUS.				
Cumberland Coal,	330,630	229,504		97,126
	821,412	813,754	79,468	97,126
Add Anthracite,	7,481,719	7,481,719		79,468
	8,316,984	8,295,473	dec.	17,658
	8,295,472			
Total decrease, 1862,	20,611			

* The actual quantity of Coal which had its outlet at Pinegrove in 1861 was 183,985 tons; the balance is reported in the Reading Railroad and Union Canal tonnage.

‡ Not official, but will not vary much from the actual quantity.

	TONS.
Schuylkill County furnished in 1862,	2,890,580
The other Anthracite Regions,	4,591,138
Total Anthracite,	7,481,718

The following is the loss and gain for the year:

	GAIN.	LOSS.
Schuylkill Region,	193,122	
Wyoming do.,	164,333	
Lehigh do.,		360,599
Shamokin do.,	191	
	375,646	360,599
		357,646
Decrease in 1862,		2,953

We append the following which will show the extent of the different Coal Fields in acres, (which however, gives no adequate idea of the quantity of Coal deposited in each district, because that depends on the number of veins, their thickness and the depth they run below the water level,) together with the production of each district in 1862 compared with 1861:

THE ANTHRACITE COAL FIELDS.

The First or Southern Coal District embracing the Schuylkill, Pinegrove and Lykens Valley Regions, contain	75,950	Acres.
The Second or Middle Coal Field, comprising the Lehigh, Shamokin and Trevorton Regions, contain	85,525	"
The Third or Northern Coal Field, comprising the Wyoming Basin, contains	76,805	"
Total,	238,280	"

From these Districts there were sent to market in 1861, and 1862, the following quantity of Coal, showing the increase in each District:

	1861.	1862.	INC.	DEC.
1st District,	2,809,839	3,007,701	197,862	
2nd do	1,918,232	1,682,643		235,589
3d do	2,908,694	2,971,718	63,814	

Shamokin Coal Trade.

The following is the quantity of Coal sent to market from the Shamokin Region in 1862, by the following Operators:

	TONS.
William Rhoads, Lancaster Colliery,	45,728
Joseph Bird, Big Mountain,	41,498
W. H. Douty & Co., Henry Clay,	30,945
J. Dunkleberger & Co., Luke Fidler,	27,897
G. E. Hersh & Co., Coal Mountain,	25,152
Schall, Donohoe & Co., Coal Ridge,	19,131
J. Haas & Co., Lower Gap Colliery,	16,961
Montelius & Co., Locust Mountain,	15,252
A. Deitman, Agt., Lambert,	14,339
Haas & Bowen, Locust Gap,	4,564
G. W. Parvin, Locust Summit,	175
Total via Shamokin Valley and Pottsville R. R.,	241,642

The following also properly belongs to the Shamokin Region, sent over the Mine Hill Railroad:

G. W. Parvin,	26,560
Haas & Bowen,	28,021
Total from Shamokin Region in 1862,	296,223
Last year,	279,655
Increase in 1862,	16,568

Quantity of Coal sent over the Mine Hill Road from the Shamokin Region in 1862:

	TONS.
Haas and Bowen,	28,021
G. W. Parvin,	26,560
Joseph Bird,	19,885
Wm. Rhoads,	19,458
J. Dunkleberger & Co.,	16,996
Wm. H. Douty & Co.,	14,149
Montelius & Co.,	14,092
Schall, Donohoe and Co.,	13,961
G. E. Hersh & Co.,	9,087
A. Deitman, Agt.,	4,638
John Haas & Co.,	3,418
Total tons,	170,235

Of this quantity 115,654 tons are reported in the Shamokin Coal Trade.

☞ PEACE RESOLUTIONS in the New Jersey Legislature:

Mr. HOLSMAN offered a series of peace resolutions after the spirit of those offered by Mr. Brooks, of New York, at the Democratic meeting in New York. They propose an armistice of six months at once. On the second Monday in the third month after the commencement of the armistice, the people of each Congressional District will elect one delegate to meet at Lexington, Kentucky, on the second Monday of the ensuing month, to arrange terms of an amicable adjustment of all the issues.

THE MURFREESBORO' PRISONERS.—The Whig says the Murfreesboro' prisoners are to be sent to Richmond, the Yankee Government having refused to receive them unless officers are also paroled.

The latter, some two hundred in number, will held in confinement until Butler shall have been delivered up for punishment, and the men retained until the Abolition magnates consent to take them on ours ownterms.

TERRIBLE CALAMITY.—BINGHAMPTON, Conn., Jan 13.—A party, consisting of thirty seven ladies and gentlemen, while skating on a pond near Harpersville, broke through the ice, and all but ten of them were drowned.

A package was received at the express office in Wheeling, Ohio, a few months since, and not being called for, has been opened. It contained $50,000 in counterfeit confederate notes.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE ILLUSTRATED SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

The Best Mechanical Paper in the World.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR.

VOLUME VIII.—NEW SERIES.

A New volume of this popular Journal commences on the first of January. It is published WEEKLY, and every number contains sixteen pages of useful information, and from five to ten original engravings of new inventions and discoveries, all of which are prepared expressly for its columns.

TO THE MECHANIC AND MAMUFACTURER.

No person engaged in any of the mechanical manufacturing pursuits should think of "doing without" THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. It costs but six cents per week; every number contains from six to ten engravings of new machines and inventions, which can not be found id any other publication.

TO THE INVENTOR,

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is indispensable to every inventor, as it not only contains illustrated descriptions of nearly all the best inventions as they come out but each number contains an Official List of the Claims of all the Patents issued from she United States Patent Office during the week previous; thus giving a correct history of the progress of inventions in this country. We are also receiving, every week, the best scientific journals of Great Britain, France, and Germany; thus placing in our possession all that is transpiring in mechanical science and art in these old countries. We shall continue to transfer to our columns copious extracts from these journals of whatever we may deem of interest to our readers.

A pamphlet of instruction as to the best mode of obtaining Letters Patent on new inventions, is furnished free on application.

Messrs. MUNN & Co. have acted as Patent Solicitors for more than SEVENTEEN years, in connection with the publication of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, and they refer to 20,000 patentees for whom they have done business.

No charge are made for examining sketches and modes of new inventions and for advising inventors as to their patentability.

CHEMISTS, ARCHITECTS, MILLWRIGHTS AND FARMERS.

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN will be founds most useful journal to them. All the new discoveries in the science of chemistry are given in its columns, and the interests of the architect and carpenter are not overlooked; all the new inventions and discoveries appertaining to these pursuits being published from week to week. Useful and practical information pertaining to the interests of millwrights and millowners will be found in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, which information they can not possibly obtain from any other source. Subjects in which farmers are interested will be found discussed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN; most of the improvements in agricultural implements being illustrated in its columns.

TERMS.

To mail subcribers: Three Dollars, or One Dollar for four months. The volumes commence on the first of January and July. Specimen copies will be sent gratis to any part of the country.

Western and Canadian money or Post-office stamps taken at par for subscriptions. Canadian subscribers will please to remit twenty-five cents extra on each year's subscription to prepay postage.

MUNN & CO.,
Publishers, 37 Park Row, New York.
Dec. 27, 1862.

JUST OPENED!

E. Y. BRIGHT & SON,

INVITE the early attention of cash purchasers to their choice, varied and extensive assortment of FRESH WINTER GOODS which they offer at reasonable prices. Our stock embraces

A full line of Handsome Dress Goods,
A nice lot of Domestic Dry Goods,
A choice supply of fine White Goods,
A great variety of Boots and Shoes,
A large stock of Queens and Glassware,
A very extensive lot of Hardware,
Hats and Caps and Ready Made Clothing,
Groceries of all kinds, fresh and pure,
Drugs—Paints—Glass and Oils.

WE INVITE

particular attention to the following line of Goods, suitable for Holiday Presents.

Real Heavy Blanket Shawls,
French Blanket and Broche Shawls,
Hoosery for Ladies, Gents and Children,
Ladies Gloves in great abundance,
A complete stock of Gents Gloves,
Fancy Shirting and Opera Flannels,
Assorted colors Balmoral Skirts,
Skeleton Skirts in great Variety,
Zephyr Opera Caps and Nubias,
Fine Sable Furs and Muffs,
Fine White Linen Handkerchiefs,
Colored border Cambric Handkerchiefs,
Real Bandanna Silk Handkerchiefs,
Gents Silk Neck Ties and Cravatts,
Fine needle worked Collars,
Super Black Love Veils,
Silk Tissues of assorted Shades,
Ribbons, Laces, Edgings and Ruffings,
Fine Black Mohair Caps,
Shawl Pins and Scarf Pins,
Perfumery, Pomades and Soaps,
Buck Purses and fancy Port Monaies,
First rate Skates, ready strapped,
Nice Hair Brushes and Pocket Combs,
Extra good Penknives and Scissors,
Childrens Gum Gilded Combs,
&c., &c., &c.

Sunbury, Dec. 20, 1862.

Treasurer's Department, Northern Central Railway Company,
CALVERT STATION,
BALTIMORE, December 15, 1862.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on the 15th of January, 1863, the Northern Central Railway Company will redeem at the Banking-House of Messrs. J. S. GITTINGS & CO., in this city, the BONDS of said Company, known as "Contract Bonds for work done for the Susquehanna Railroad Company prior to the 9th December, 1854." All interest on the bonds above referred to will cease on the 15th of January, 1863.

By order, J. S. LEIB, Treasurer.
December 20, 1862.

The Confessions and Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c.; supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery.—By enclosing a prepaid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author.

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq.,
Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.
March 15, 1862.—1y

Important to Lovers of Good Tea.

BRIGHT & SON invite attention to their Stock of Prime Green and Black Tea.
Sunbury, June 15, 1861.

THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE.

1863.

THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE, first issued in 1841, now in its twenty-second year, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has sufficed, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure on tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the War for the Union, its circulation on this 6th of December, 1862, is as follows:

DAILY	50,125
SEMI-WEEKLY	17,250
WEEKLY	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Preeminently a journal of News and of Literature, THE TRIBUNE has political convictions, which are well characterized by the single word REPUBLICAN. It is Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—Republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to "life liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"—Republican in its steadfast, earnest, defiant hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power, from the Annexation of Texas to the great Rebellion, to grasp the empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—Republican in its antagonism to the aristocrats and despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the Model Republic—Republican in its hope and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious Rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its plotters, and the firm establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, wherein Liberty and Union shall indeed be "one and inseparable" henceforth and forever.

THE TRIBUNE devotes attention in calmer times, and to some extent in these, to Education, Temperance, Agricultural, Inventions, and whatever else may minister to the spiritual and material progress and well-being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the War for the Union.—Its special correspondents accompany every considerable army and report every important incident of that great struggle which we trust is soon to result in the signal and conclusive triumph of the National arms and in the restoration of Peace and Thrift to our distracted, bleeding country. We believe that no otherwise can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and the character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular perusal of our columns. And we earnestly solicit the co-operation of all friends of the National cause, which we regard and uphold as that of Universal Humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

TERMS.

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers, compels us to increase the price of THE TRIBUNE.—Our new terms are:

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Single Copy	3 cents.
Mail Subscribers, one year (311 issues)	$8.

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One Copy, one year (104 issues)	$3.
Two Copies, one year;	$5.
Five Copies, one year,	$12.
Ten Copies, one year,	$22 50.

An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty and over.

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One Copy, one year (52 issues)	$2.
Three Copies, one year	$5.
Five Copies, one year	$8.
Ten Copies, one year	$15.

Any larger number, *addressed to names of subscribers*, $1 50 each. An extra Copy will be sent to every club of ten.

Twenty Copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. To clubs of thirty THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be sent gratis.

Address THE TRIBUNE,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

When drafts can be procured it is much safer than to remit Bank Bills. The name of the Post-Office and State should in all cases be plainly written.

Subscribers who send money by express, must prepay the Express charges, else it will be deducted from the remittance.

Dec. 27, 1862.

Reading Railroad,
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

GREAT TRUNK LINE from the North and North-West for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for Philadelphia, New-York, Reading, Pottsville, and all intermediate Stations, at 8 A. M., and 2 20 P. M.

New York Express leaves Harrisburg at 3 15 A. M., arriving at New York at 10 30 the same morning.

Fares from Harrisburg: To New York $5 15; to Philadelphia $3 35 and $2 80. Baggage checked through.

Returning, leave New York at 6 A. M., 12 Noon, and 8 P. M. (Pittsburgh Express). Leave Philadelphia at 8 15 A. M. and 3 30 P. M.

Sleeping cars in the New York Express Trains, through to and from Pittsburgh without change.

Passengers by the Cattawissa Rail Road leave Port Clinton at 5.15 A. M., for Phila. and all intermediate Stations; and at 3.25 P. M., for Philadelphia, New-York, and all Way Points.

Trains leave Pottsville at 9 15 A. M., and 2 30 P. M., for Philadelphia and New York; and at 5 30 P. M., for Auburn and Port Clinton only, connecting for Pine Grove and with the Cattawissa Rail Road; returning from Reading at 8 15 A. M., for Pottsville.

An accommodation Passenger train leaves Reading at 6 30 A. M., and returns from Philadelphia at 4 30 P. M.

☞ All the above trains run daily, Sundays excepted.

A Sunday train leaves Pottsville at 7.30 A. M., and Philadelphia at 3.15 P. M.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, and Excursion Tickets, at reduced rates to and from all points.

G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.
Dec. 13, 1862.

Lackawanna & Bloomsburg Rail road.

ON and after November 17, 1862, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

MOVING SOUTH.

		Passenger.	Freight & Passenger.
Leave	Scranton,	8.00 A. M.	10.15 A. M
"	Kingston,	9.20	11.40 P. M.
"	Rupert,	11.30	
"	Danville,	12.05	
Arrive at Northumberland,		12.45 P. M.	

MOVING NORTH.

Leave	Northumberland,	5.20 P. M.	
"	Danville,	6.00	
"	Rupert,	6.35	
"	Kingston,	8.45	Leave, 1.45 P. M.
Arrive at Scranton,		10.00 P. M.	3.40

A Passenger Train also leaves Kingston at 8.00 A. M., for Scranton, to connect with a train for New York. Returning, leaves Scranton on arrival of train from New York, at 4.15 P. M.

The Lackawanna & Bloomsburg Railroad connects with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad at Scranton, for New York and intermediate points east.

At Rupert it connects with the Cattawissa Railroad, for points both east and west—arriving at Philadelphia at 6.15 P. M.

At Northumberland it connects with the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad and Northern Central Railroad, for points west and south—Passengers arriving at Harrisburg 4.50 P. M.; Philadelphia 10 P. M.; and Baltimore 10.20 P. M.

The Freight and Passengers Train north, leaves Northumberland at 6.45 A. M., and arrives at 9.20 P. M., passing Danville at 8.20 P. M.

JOHN P. ILSLEY, Sup't.
J. C. WELLS, General Ticket Agent.
Nov. 29, 1862.

Northern Central Railway!
WINTER TIME TABLE.

TWO TRAINS DALY to and from the North and West Branch Susquehanna, Elmira, and all of Northern New York.

ON and after MONDAY, November 17th, 1862, the Passenger Trains of the Northern Central Railway will arrive at and depart from Sunbury, Harrisburg and Baltimore as follows, viz:

SOUTHWARD.

Mail Train leaves Sunbury daily (except Sunday),	1 45 P. M.
" " leaves Harrisburg,	5 20 "
" " arrives at Baltimore,	10 20 "
Express Train leaves Sunbury daily (except Sunday,)	11 20 P. M.
" " leaves Harrisburg (except Monday,)	2 45 A. M.
" " arrives at Baltimore daily (except Monday).	7 30 A. M.

Mail Train leaves Baltimore daily (except Sunday)	8 30 A. M.
" " leaves Harrisburg	1 45 P. M
" " arrives at Sunbury,	4 50 "
Express Train leaves Baltimore daily	8 40 P. M
" " arrives at Harrisburg,	1 50 A. M.
" " leaves Harrisburg (except Monday),	3 20 A. M.
" " arrives at Sunbury	6 20 "

For further information apply at the Office.

I. N. DEBARRY, Supt.
Nov. 29, 1862.—

STRAY STEERS AND HEIFERS.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Mount Carmel township, Northumberland county, about the 1st of August, three stray Steers, then about 16 months old. Two of them are dark brown color, and the other spotted. Also at the same time and place, came three straw Heifers, red, white and spotted, and also about 16 months old. The owner or owners are requested to call and establish their claim for said cattle, pay charges and remove the same according to law.

ENOCH R. COLE
Mt. Carmel twp., Nov 15, 1862—3m

FALL AND WINTER STYLES OF MILLINERY GOODS!!

Miss M. L. Gussler,

Fawn Street, two doors south of the Shamokin Valley & Pottsville Railroad,
SUNBURY, PA.,

HAS just received from Philadelphia, and opened at her store, a large and splendid assortment of the most fashionable and latest style of

Bonnets, Hats, Shakers, Trimmings &c

which she is selling at the most reasonable prices.

LADIES' DRESS CAPS, to which she directs the attention of the ladies, and invites all to call and see them.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, MITS, COLLARS, HANDKERCHIEFS, COMBS, &c.,

and numerous other articles for ladies' wear, to which she invites the ladies to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Thankful for past patronage, she hopes by keeping the best assortment, at reasonable prices, to continue the same.

Sunbury, October 25, 1862.—3m

JACOB O. BECK,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Market Street, nearly opposite the Rail Road Depot,
SUNBURY, PA.,

INFORMS the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity, that he has just returned from Philadelphia with a full assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AND QUALITY.

His stock consists of Cloths, French Cloths, Black Doe Skin and Fancy Cassimeres, Black Satin, Figured Silks, Plain and Fancy Cassimeres VESTINGS, which he will make up to order in styles to suit the taste of customers, on short notice, and the most reasonable terms.

Any Goods not on hand, will be furnished from Philadelphia, by giving two days' notice.

Goods furnished by customers will be made up to order as heretofore.

As he will employ none but experienced workmen, persons may rely on getting their work well done at his shop.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore bestowed, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.

Sunbury, October 4, 1862.

600,000 Male or Female Agents to Sell

LLOYD'S NEW STEEL PLATE COUNTY COLORED MAP OF THE UNITED STATES, CANADAS, AND NEW BRUNSWICK.

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862; cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of fifty cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County Map, but it is also a COUNTY AND RAILROAD MAP of the United States and Canadas combined in one giving every Railroad Station and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvass well, furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our Maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. No competition.

J. T. ALOYD, No. 164 Broadway, New-York.

The War Department uses our Map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Heights, Williamsport Ferry, Rhorersville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S Topographical Map of Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois, is the daily authority for Gen. Buell and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it. Price 50 cents.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S Map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania.—This Map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and it is the best which can be purchased."

LLOYD'S Great Map of the Mississippi River—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm. Bowen, Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States; Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2.50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Sept. 17, 1862.

J. T. LLOYD.—SIR: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River. With price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.
October 11, 1862.

Office of JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT
At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,
114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

The undersigned, having been appointed Subscription Agent by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

NEW TWENTY YEAR 6 PER CENT BONDS,

of the United States, designated, as "Five Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The Coupon Bonds are issued in sums of $50, $100 $500, $1000.

The Register Bonds in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1000 and $1000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about Eight per cent. per annum.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds, are in effect, a First Mortgage upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country; and that the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the

Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par at Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent
Nov. 8, 1862.—3m

SUNBURY ACADEMY.

THE SUNBURY ACADEMY will be opened on the first Monday of November, 1862.

TUITION—PER QUARTER.

Juvenile scholars,	$3 00
English branches,	4 00
Sciences and higher Mathematics,	5 00
Languages,	6 00

M. RHODES,
Principal.
Sunbury, Nov. 1, 1862

FANCY FURS! FANCY FURS!

JOHN FAREIRA,

No. 718 Arch Street, below Eighth, south side, PHILADELPHIA.

Importer and Manufacturer of, and Dealer in all kinds of Fancy Furs, for Ladies' and Children's wear.

I desire to say to my friends of Sunbury and the surrounding counties that I have now in store, one of the largest and most beautiful assortments of all kinds and qualities of Fancy Furs, Ladies' and Childrens' Wear, that will be warranting this Fall and Winter.

My Furs were purchased in Europe, previous to the rise in Sterling Exchange, and the New Duty Imposed on all Furs, imported since the first of August.

I would also state, that as my stock lasts, I will offer it at prices proportionate to what the goods cost me; but, it will be impossible for me to Import and Manufacture any more Furs, and sell them at the same prices, owing to the unsettled state of the affairs of the Country.

☞ Remember the name, number and street—

JOHN FAREIRA,
718 Arch Street, Philadelphia.
September 13, 1862.—3m

SOLOMON MALICK,

Attorney at Law, Sunbury, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania.

(Formerly Freeburg, Snyder county.)

OFFICE, Market street, one door east of Friling Grant's Store, and nearly opposite the Court House.

All professional business, collections, &c., will receive prompt attention.

April 12, 1862.

Lumber! Lumber!

PHILIP SHAY, Muncy, Lycoming county, Pa.,

INFORMS his friends and the public in general, that he constantly keeps on hand Boards, Shingles, Lath, Joists, and all kinds of Lumber and building Materials, which he will sell at the lowest price.

March 30, 1861

AYER'S PILLS

Are curing the Sick to an extent never before known of any Medicine.

INVALIDS, READ AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELVES

JULES HAUEL, Esq., the well known perfumer, of Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, whose choice products are found at almost every toilet, says:

"I am happy to say of your CATHARTIC PILLS, that I have found them a better family medicine, for common use, than any other within my knowledge. Many of my friends have realized marked benefits from them, and reciprocate with me in believing that they possess extraordinary virtues for driving out disease and curing the sick. They are not only effectual, but safe and pleasant to be taken—qualities which must make them valued by the public when they are known."

The venerable Chancellor WAEDLAW writes from Baltimore, 15th April, 1854:

"Dr. J. C. AYER—Sir: I have taken your Pills with great benefit, for the listlessness, languor, loss of appetite and Bilious headache, which has of late years overtaken me in the spring. A few doses of your Pills cured me. I have used your Cherry Pectoral many years in my family for coughs and colds with unfailing success. You make medicines which *cure*; and I feel it a pleasure to commend you for the good you have done and are doing."

JOHN F. BEATTY, Esq., Sec. of the Penn. Railroad Co. says:

"*Pa. R. R. Office, Philadelphia, Dec. 13, 1853.*

"Sir: I take pleasure in adding my testimony to the efficacy of your medicines, having derived very marked benefit from the use of both your Pectoral and Cathartic Pills. I am never without them in my family, nor shall I ever consent to be, while my means will procure them."

The widely renowned S. S. STEVENS, M. D., of Wentworth, N. H., writes:

"Having used your CATHARTIC PILLS in my practice, I certify from experience that they are an