The Sunbury American.

H. B. MASSER, Editor & Proprietor.

SUNBURY, PA.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1862.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

Ne. 37 Park Row, New York, and 6 State Street, Boston, are our agents for the SUNBURY AMERICAN in those cities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our lowest rates.

☞ The absence of the editor will account for any deficiency in this week's issue.

GEN. JNO. KAY CLEMENT.

A MERITED COMPLIMENT.

We publish to-day a letter addressed by the members of the bar of this county to Gen. Jno. Kay Clement. The letter will explain itself. All who know the present District Attorney, and all who have attended the Courts during the three years last past, either as Grand or Petit Jurors, or as suitors, will bear evidence that the high compliment thus paid him is well earned, and eminently deserved.

Gen. Clement is a candidate for re-election. He did not seek the office; it was voluntarily tendered to him by the delegates to the People's Union Convention. They knew that he was a Democrat, and had been one of the most earnest, zealous and eloquent laborers in the cause of Democracy, and they knew also that he was a patriot, devoted heart and mind to his country.—They knew also that he was in every respect qualified for the office for which they ask the people to vote for him. Able, upright, eloquent, industrious, experienced, without reproach. Why should they not ask for him a re-election to an office he has filled so well, and with so much profit and advantage to the people and the county.

Gen. Clement was at first disposed to decline the nomination, but, yielding to the solicitation of his friends and the bar, he has consented to be a candidate. We now appeal to the intelligence, good sense and patriotism of the people in his behalf. Do not let a man like him be defeated, for mere party considerations. He has proved himself; all who know him know him to be upright, governed wholly by principle, and ardently loyal.

He will not be able to travel the county to converse with his friends; they must not expect this. While his opponent was busy electioneering, he was a private soldier in the ranks of the army in Maryland, and since his return sickness in his family has kept him at home. He will see all he can during the present week, but it will be impossible to travel over the county. Vote for him! Vote for him!

Gen. McClellan's Thanks to the Pennsylvania Militia.

The following letter from Major General George B. McClellan to Governor Curtin, pays a just tribute to the Governor and the patriotic militia of the Commonwealth, who so nobly responded to his call to defend the State from invasion, by marching voluntarily into Maryland for that purpose:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
SHARPSBURG, Sept. 27th, 1862.

GOVERNOR: I beg to avail myself of almost the first moment of leisure I have had since the recent battles, to tender to you my thanks for your wise and energetic action in calling out the militia of Pennsylvania for its defence, when threatened by a numerous and victorious army of the enemy. Fortunately circumstances rendered it impossible for the enemy to set foot upon the soil of Pennsylvania, but the moral support rendered to my army by your action was none the less mighty. In the name of my army and myself, I again tender to you our acknowledgments for your patriotic course; the manner in which the people of Pennsylvania responded to your call and hastened to the defence of their frontier, no doubt exercised a great influence upon the enemy. I am, very respectfully, and sincerely yours,

GEO. B. McCLELLAN,
Major General U. S. A.

His Excellency A. G. CURTIN, Governor of Pennsylvania.

☞ DRIED APPLES FOR THE HOSPITALS.—The apple crop this year has never been surpassed, and thousands of bushels will be wasted for want of the means of using them. Now, it should be remembered that the sick and wounded soldiers in the various hospitals would welcome with gratitude apples properly dried. We are sure there are thousands of persons who would be glad to contribute in this way to the comfort of those soldiers of the Union; and the superintendents of the hospitals say that they will gratefully receive them in any quantities, and that they should, after paring, cutting and drying, be forwarded in barrels, boxes, or in strong bags marked, "To be kept dry." Relief societies should at once take this matter into hand, and farmers should furnish the fruit, if they cannot prepare it themselves, to those devoted, patriotic associations

Later from Europe.

CAPE RACE, October 4.

The news of General McClellan's victory over General Lee in Maryland was received with much satisfaction by the Federal party in Liverpool and elsewhere, and gave an impetus to the cotton markets, which was checked by large arrivals.

The London Times of the 25th ult., in an editorial says, after recent events it is not impossible that we may yet see Garibaldi crossing the Atlantic, in the assumed character of an American citizen, and fighting for the subjugation of a nation struggling to be free.

The Times says that General Pope, by his own reports, has succeeded in showing, if there was one man more than another unfit to have command in the Federal army, it is the querelous General who puts the blame of every failure upon others.

A meeting had been held by a few representatives of the London firms connected with the Manchester trade to examine Merryman's proposed substitute for cotton. They signed a memorandum in favor of its length, strength and beauty, which, in their opinion rendered it worthy the attention of most careful and practical men. Whether its manufacture can be economically and successfully applied, they leave others to determine.

"TO ANY SICK OR WOUNDED SOLDIER,—if you would like to stop and rest at Elmira N. Y., you can do so without any cost to you. Tell the conductor of this train that you want to stop. He will let us know you are coming, and friends will meet you at the depot and take care of you. By order of the relief association of Elmira."

The above notice, in handbill form, is distributed through each train on the several roads leading into Elmira. No person can read it without feelings of gratitude, and blessing the good people of Elmira for their kindness to the poor sick and wounded soldier.

Sunday School Convention.

Delegates from a number of the Sunday Schools of this County, assembled in convention at the Lutheran Church, in Milton, on the 24th and 25th ult. The Convention was permanently organized by the appointment of the following officers:

President.—William C. Lawson.

Vice Presidents.—Samuel Teas, George Raup, F. A. Clark, Samuel Eckert, Thomas R. Hull, M. D., George W. Mowton, and David Eshbach.

Secretaries.—Rev. A. G. Dole, and Rev. J. G. Furey.

The committee on business reported, through their chairman, Rev. Mr. Titus, the following resolutions, which were discussed, amended and adopted as the sense of the convention on the whole subject of Sabbath Schools.

I—OF SABBATH SCHOOLS IN GENERAL.

Resolved, That the great object of Sunday schools, ever to be kept in view, is to lead children to Christ and fit them for Heaven.

Resolved, That for success in this work we must look to God for the influences of His Holy Spirit and give Him the glory.

Resolved, That Sunday schools should be more missionary in their character, and aim to bring in every child of suitable age in the land.

Resolved, That we should direct our attention to making the Sunday school a pleasant as well as a profitable place for children.

Resolved, That since Sunday schools improve personal character, promote general morality, save taxes and preserve peace in the community, they deserve the approbation and support of every good citizen and philanthropist.

Resolved, That every Sunday school ought to be a Missionary society for the cultivation of a missionary spirit, for the diffusion of missionary intelligence and for contributions to the missionary cause.

II—OF SCHOLARS.

Resolved, That children and youth of all ages, should be in the Sabbath school, and great efforts should be made to retain the larger scholars in the school.

Resolved, That in order to retain the larger scholars there is need of paternal co-operation.

Resolved, That each teacher should be constantly regarded as an immortal being, whose destiny, in a measure depends upon the efforts of the teacher.

Resolved, That infant departments are an important arm of the Sunday school service, and require the best of teachers to conduct them.

III—OF TEACHERS.

Resolved, That ardent piety is one of the first requisites in a successful teacher.

Resolved, That the teaching of our Sunday schools should be more practical, directed more to the heart than it is.

Resolved, That teachers should prepare themselves thoroughly for the holy work.

Resolved, That weekly teacher's meetings, or bible classes, for the purpose of preparing the lesson, are highly useful, and should be attended, if possible, by all who teach.

Resolved, That teachers should seek to become intimately acquainted with the spiritual condition of their scholars, and with a view to this, should visit them often at their homes.

Resolved, That punctuality and regularity in teachers and officers, are highly essential to the prosperity of Sunday Schools.

Resolved, That it be recommended to teachers to employ all the time of the school with their classes in imparting religious instruction.

IV—OF PASTORS.

Resolved, That the pastors should take a deeper interest in the Sunday schools of their charges.

Resolved, That pastors should preach occasionally to their Sabbath schools on the fundamental doctrines of christianity, in a style adapted to the comprehension of children.

V—OF SUPERINTENDENTS.

Resolved, That superintendents should vary the exercises of the school as much as practicable, so as to interest the scholars.

Resolved, That superintendents as well as teachers should love their work and be respected and loved by parents and children, for their work's sake.

VI—OF LIBRARIES.

Resolved, That great care should be exercised by Sunday schools in the selection of books for their libraries, and nothing should be admitted that is calculated to vitiate the taste or corrupt the manners or morals of the children.

Resolved, That neatness and order in the management of libraries are important to the success of Sunday schools.

Resolved, That scholars should be questioned on the contents of the books they read.

VII—OF SUNDAY SCHOOL ROOMS.

Resolved, That Sunday school rooms should be comfortable, well ventilated and cheerful.

Resolved, That if possible a room solely for Sunday school purposes should be attached to each church.

Resolved, That convenient seats for accommodating teachers and scholars are necessary in every Sunday school.

VII—MISCELLANEOUS.

Resolved, That premiums and rewards, judiciously distributed, will promote the interests of Sunday schools.

Resolved, That Anniversaries and Celebrations should be conducted on strictly religious principles, and should be employed with caution in the Sunday school work.

Resolved, That scholars should be encouraged to commit and recite scripture verses.

Your Committee recommend the following resolutions in relation to organization and future Conventions:—

Resolved, That a Central committee of five be appointed by the Chairman of this Convention, which Committee shall appoint an additional member of itself in each township or borough of the county; the whole to be styled the Sunday School Executive Committee of Northumberland County.

Resolved, That this committee shall aid as far as possible, all efforts made throughout the county to plant Sunday schools gather in children, and promote the Sunday school cause in general.

Resolved, That annual County Conventions be held at such times and places as may be designated from time to time by the executive committee.

Respectfully submitted,

T. T. TITUS,
THOS. MERVINE,
LORENZO WESTCOTT,
J. R. HILBUSH,
J. F. WAMPOLE,
W. C. LAWSON.

The Committee on statistics presented their report, which was accepted and adopted. From this report it appeared that 24 schools were represented in the Convention, comprising 309 teachers, 2200 scholars, 57 bible classes and 5009 books in libraries. After prayer, the Convention adjourned *sine die.*

☞ GOVERNOR BRADFORD, of Maryland, has issued a proclamation thanking General McClellan for his gallant defence of that State during the late invasion of the rebel army; also to Governor Curtin, of Pennsylvania, for his active co-operation in sending the State militia to the frontier to aid Gen. McClellan at that point.

What a Louisiana Captain Thinks of Virginia in General, and General Roger A. Pryor, in Particular.

[From the Maryland Union.]

Whilst the Rebel army was in this city, we heard much said that amused us—some things that edified and others that annoyed us. We were amused at the opinion expressed in front of our office, by the Captain of one of the Louisiana companies, of Virginia and some of her chivalric sons:

"There is nothing in Virginia," said he, "to make any one fall in love with it. Her men are mean and her women are ugly. I saw more pretty women in Frederick than I saw in all the time I was about Richmond I would trade off Virginia to-day for Maryland. I think there is more of the mean Yankee and his cowardly disposition among the people of Virginia, notwithstanding their high pretensions to chivalry, honor and magnanimity, that can be found among any other class of men in the Confederate service. When we are on a march some how or other, they always manage to get in advance when we approach a town or village where no fighting is to be done, and buy up all the matches to be had at a cent a box, and sometimes at even less, and these same Yankee speculators come right into our camp and extortion on the men by charging ten cents for a single box."

"And there is Gen. Roger A. Pryor, whose political and duelling reputation got him a military position which he is unqualified for He is not only a coward, but a knave. At one of the recent battles he lost his command and offered some of the Louisiana boys fifty days furloughs if they would point it out to him. I have heard Aides to our Generals say that they would rather be despatched with orders for any other officer on the ground, in time of battle, than Roger A. Pryor, as he is always the most difficult man to find, and when found is usually posted as securely as possible behind the largest tree on the battle-ground."

Happening, soon after the Louisianian left us, to fall in with a Texan Ranger, we quizzed him in regard to the character of the Virginians, and he replied as follows:

"The Virginians are the greatest extortioners I ever met with. If they have anything to sell they will charge you ten times its worth for it; and if they wish to buy anything they want it for nothing. They got no consciences. If h—ll and Richmond were brought face to face, h—ll would have to blush for modesty."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JACOB O. BECK, MERCHANT TAILOR,

Market Street, nearly opposite the Rail Road Depot.

SUNBURY, PA.,

INFORMS the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity, that he has just returned from Philadelphia with a full assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AND QUALITY.

His stock consists of Cloths, French Cloths, Black Doe Skin and Fancy Cassimeres, Black Satin, Figured Silks, Plain and Fancy Cassimere VESTINGS, which he will make up to order in styles to suit the taste of customers, on short notice, and the most reasonable terms.

Any Goods not on hand, will be furnished from Philadelphia, by giving two days' notice.

Goods furnished by customers will be made up to order as heretofore.

As he will employ none but experienced workmen, persons may rely on getting their work well done at his shop.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore bestowed, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.

Sunbury, October 1, 1862.

HEAVY ARTILLERY.

For Permanent Garrison Duty at Fortress Monroe.

MAJOR JOSEPH ROBERTS, of the 4th Artillery U. S. Army, having been appointed to raise a Battalion of Heavy Artillery for Government Duty, at Fortress Monroe, has authorized Captain HENRY A. COLT, of Northumberland, to recruit one Company of that Battalion.

This is the most desirable situation in the Military Service, as the location of the Battalion will be permanent at Fortress Monroe, for the defence of that post.

The pay and bounty will be as liberal as that given to Volunteers in any other branch of the service. As the location of this corps will be fixed and permanent at Fortress Monroe, the fatiguing and dangerous duty of marching and picket, will not be necessary.

Persons desirous of escaping the Draft cannot do better than to join this company.

Head-Quarters for recruiting have been established by Capt. COLT at Northumberland. References can be made to Adjutant General RUSSEL or Capt. BODGE, at Harrisburg.

Capt. HENRY A. COLT.

Northumberland, Oct. 4, 1862.—4t

PEREMPTORY SALE.

THOMAS & SONS, AUCTIONEERS.

TWO VALUABLE TRACTS

COAL LANDS,

Northumberland County, Pennsylvania.

On Tuesday, Oct. 21st, 1862, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, without reserve, at the PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE, the following Tracts of LAND, viz:

No. 1

"Valentine Brobst Coal Tract."

Two full equal undivided third parts (the whole into three equal parts to be divided) of and in all that tract of land, situate in Coal township aforesaid, beginning at a gum tree in the line of land surveyed to Isaac Miller and Lawrence Lemison, thence along the same and lands surveyed to William Gilbert north 7 deg. 57 min. west 733 feet to a post and stone; thence south 65 deg. 54 min. west 2,319 feet to stones, south 7 deg., east 954 feet to stone, south 12 deg., east 3144 feet to stones in centre line of the Green Ridge Branch Railroad; thence along the line of the same south 55 deg. 2 min., W. 100 feet, south 30 deg. 32 min., west 100 feet, south 25 deg. 2 min., west 100 feet, south 21 deg. 32 min., west 100 feet, south 17 deg. 2 min., west 100 feet, south 13 deg. 32 min., west 100 feet, south 9 deg. 2 min., west 100 feet, south 4 deg. 32 min., west 100 feet south 2 min. east 100 feet, south 4 deg. 28 min., east 100 feet, south 9 deg. 58 min., east 300 feet, south 14 deg. 28 min. west 100 feet; thence along the line of the said Green Ridge Branch Railroad south 16 deg. 43 min. east 1,608 feet to a post; thence north 84 deg. 56 min. east 2,770 feet to a corner in East Branch of Shamokin Creek; thence north 1 deg. 9 min., east 464 feet to a dead white oak in the line of land surveyed to Lawrence Lemison; thence north 77 deg. 30 min., east 1,750 feet to stones; thence north 2 deg. 15 min. east 1,664 feet to stones; thence north 88 deg., west 2,785 feet to the place of beginning; containing 326 ACRES and 24 perches, strict measure, surveyed to Valentine Brobst.

No. 2.

"Robert Campbain Coal Tract."

All that tract of land, situate in Coal Township aforesaid, beginning at a pine stump corner of land, surveyed in the name of George Sheetz, and in line of land surveyed to Jeremiah Paul; thence north 67 deg. 38 min. east 436 feet to a maple stump; thence south 23 deg. 19 min. east 1,107 feet to a stone; thence north 66 deg. 20 min., east 1,520 feet to a fallen pine, in line of land surveyed to Robert Irwin; thence south south 49 deg 45 min., east 1,242 feet to stone; thence south 70 deg. 21 min., east 1,240 feet to a post and stone corner of Land of James Dunlap; thence by the last mentioned land south 23 deg. 13 min., east 1,800 feet to a small oak; thence south 67 deg. 30 min. west 2,516 feet to a post and stone; thence north 22 deg. 30 min., west 2,076 feet to a post and stones in line of land surveyed to George Sheetz; thence 65 deg. 30 min., east 1,020 feet to a red oak; thence north 24 deg. 42 min., west 2,0035 feet to the place of beginning; containing 147 ACRES and 120 perches strict measure, being part of a larger tract surveyed in pursuance of a warrant granted to Robert Campbain.

☞ SALE ABSOLUTE, without reserve or limitation—both Tracts.

TERMS—$100 to be paid on each tract at the time of sale.

M. THOMAS & SONS,
Auctioneers, 139 and 141 South Fourth St.

Philadelphia, Sept. 13, 1862.—

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!!

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity, that he will always keep on hand fresh OYSTERS of the best quality, put up in small cans expressly for family use.

GEORGE W. COBLE.

Great Eastern Restaurant, Market Square

Sunbury, Sept. 13, 1862.—

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber purchased at public sale, on the 18th day of June, 1862, the following articles sold by the Constable of Upper Mahonoy township, as the property of Daniel Shreffler, and that he has loaned the same to said Daniel Shreffler until he thinks proper to remove them:

One cooking stove and pipe; one coal stove and pipe; three beds and bedding; one cupboard; one clock; six hogs; one black cow and calf; one wagon and harness; one plow; two harrows; one horse; all the grain in the ground; all the potatoes in the ground; one table and one chest.

J. H. ADAM.

Upper Mahonoy, Oct. 4, 1862.—3t

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons having any lawful claims to the estate of Daniel Hilbish, deceased, late from Washington township, Northumberland county, are requested for the last time, to present their accounts duly authenticated, at the late residence of the deceased on Saturday the 11th day of October next. And all persons indebted any way to said estate, whether on notes, vendue-bills or book account, are also requested for the last time to make payment at the same time and place.

TOBIAS MILL, Administrator.

Jordan twp., Sept. 20, 1862

FANCY FURS! FANCY FURS!

JOHN FAREIRA,

No. 718 Arch Street, below Eighth, south side, PHILADELPHIA.

Importer and Manufacturer of, and Dealer in all kinds of Fancy Furs, for Ladies' and Children's wear.

I desire to say to my friends of Sunbury and the surrounding counties that I have now in store, one of the largest and most beautiful assortments of all kinds and qualities of Fancy Furs, Ladies' and Childrens' Wear, that will be worn during this Fall and Winter.

My Furs were purchased in Europe, previous to the rise in Sterling Exchange, and the New Duty Imposed on all Furs, Imported since the first of August.

I would also state, that as my stock lasts, I will offer it at prices proportionate to what the goods cost me; but, it will be impossible for me to Import and Manufacture any more Furs, and sell them at the same prices, owing to the unsettled state of the affairs of the Country.

☞ Remember the name, number and street—

JOHN FAREIRA,
718 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

September 13, 1862.—3m

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE!

THE subscribers offer for sale a fine Tract of Land, in Point township, Northumberland county, Pa., part of which is cleared. If divided, it will make two good sized farms. There are upon it a good stone dwelling house, a log dwelling house and other outbuilding, a NEW Bank Barn, two good Apple Orchards, and other fruit trees

There is a good sight for a Saw-Mill upon it, a saw-mill which did a good business was lately burned down upon the premises.

Apply soon to

GEORGE CONRAD, Upper Augusta township,
Or CHARLES PLEASANTS, Sunbury, Pa.

July 19, 1862.

CENTRAL HOTEL FOR SALE.

THIS well known Hotel, located in Sunbury, at the junction of the Northern Central with the Sunbury and Erie Railroads, is offered at private sale.—Terms of sale will be made easy. For further information, enquire at this office

August 2, 1862.

CATHARTIC PILLS

OPERATE by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action. They remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, and, by restoring their irregular action to health, correct, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first causes of disease. An extensive trial of their virtues, by Professors, Physicians, and Patients, has shown cures of dangerous diseases almost beyond belief, were they not substantiated by persons of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Their certificates are published in my American Almanac, which the Agents below named are pleased to furnish free to all inquiring.

Annexed we give *Directions* for their use in the complaints which they have been found to cure.

FOR COSTIVENESS.—Take one or two Pills, or such quantity as to gently move the bowels. Costiveness is frequently the aggravating cause of PILES, and the cure of one complaint is the cure of both. No person can feel well while under a costive habit of body. Hence it should be, as it can be, promptly relieved.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, which is sometimes the cause of *Costiveness*, and always uncomfortable, take mild doses—from one to four—to stimulate the stomach and liver into healthy action. They will do it, and the *heartburn, bodyburn,* and *soulburn* of dyspepsia will rapidly disappear. When it has gone, don't forget what cured you.

For a FOUL STOMACH, or *Morbid Inaction of the Bowels,* which produces general depression of the spirits and bad health, take from four to eight Pills at first, and smaller doses afterwards, until activity and strength is restored to the system.

FOR NERVOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHE, NAUSEA, *Pain in the Stomach, Back, or Side,* take from four to eight pills on going to bed. If they do not operate sufficiently, take more the next day until they do. These complaints will be swept out from the system. Don't wear these and their kindred disorders because your stomach is foul.

FOR SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS, *and all Diseases of the Skin,* take the Pills freely and frequently, to keep the bowels open. The eruptions will generally soon begin to diminish and disappear. Many dreadful ulcers and sores have been healed up by the purging and purifying effect of these Pills, and some disgusting diseases which seemed to saturate the whole system have completely yielded to their influence, leaving the sufferer in perfect health. Patients! your duty to society forbids that you should parade yourself around the world covered with pimples, blotches, ulcers, sores, and all or any of the unclean diseases of the skin, because your system wants cleansing.

TO PURIFY THE BLOOD, they are the best medicine ever discovered. They should be taken freely and frequently, and the impurities which sow the seeds of incurable diseases will be swept out of the system like chaff before the wind. By this property they do as much good in preventing sickness as by the remarkable cures which they are making every where.

LIVER COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE, *and all Bilious Affections* arise from some derangement—either torpidity, congestion, or obstructions of the Liver. Torpidity and congestion vitiate the bile and render it unfit for digestion. This is disastrous to the health, and the constitution is frequently undermined by no other cause. Indigestion is the symptom. Obstruction of the duct which empties the bile into the stomach causes the bile to overflow into the blood. This produces Jaundice, with a long and dangerous train of evils. Costiveness, or alternately costiveness and diarrhœa, prevails. Feverish symptoms, languor, low spirits, weariness, restlessness, and melancholy, with sometimes inability to sleep, and sometimes great drowsiness; sometimes there is severe pain in the side; the skin and the white of the eyes become a greenish yellow; the stomach acid; the bowels sore to the touch; the whole system irritable, with a tendency to fever, which may turn to bilious fever, bilious colic, bilious diarrhœa, dysentery, &c. A medium dose of three or four Pills taken at night, followed by two or three in the morning, and repeated a few days, will remove the cause of all these troubles. It is wicked to suffer such pains when you can cure them for 25 cents.

RHEUMATISM, GOUT, *and all Inflammatory Fevers* are rapidly cured by the purifying effects of these Pills upon the blood and the stimulus which they afford to the vital principle of Life. For these and all kindred complaints they should be taken in mild doses, to move the bowels gently, but freely.

As a DINNER PILL, this is both agreeable and useful. No Pill can be made more pleasant to take, and certainly none has been made more effectual to the purpose for which a dinner pill is employed.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS.,

AND SOLD BY

Sold by Filing & Grant, and R. A. Fisher, in Sunbury.

Dr. R. B. McCoy, Northumberland.
J. F. Caslow, and C. Brown, Milton.
J. Chrisman, Turbutville.
Hersh & Co., Mt. Carmel.
S. Bergstresser, Elysburg.
—— Wiest, Mahanoy.
Weaver & McWilliams, Paxinos,
And Dealers Everywhere.

August 2, 1862.—1y

OWEN'S PATENT IMPROVED BROOM.

THE subscriber having purchased the Right for Northumberland county, offers for sale INDIVIDUAL and TOWNSHIP RIGHTS. This Broom is an excellent and durable article and so easily constructed that a child can put it together. The entire cost of the Broom, material and all, will not exceed six cents.

The Right and machinery for the making, costs $1 25, for an Individual Right.

Township Rights will be sold at the most reasonable rates. Apply at FISHER'S Drug Store, or to

THOMAS McGOW.

July 26, 1862.—3mo. Sunbury, Pa.

BRADY HOUSE.

Corner of State and Third Streets,

HARRISBURG, PA.

THIS HOUSE, in consequence of its convenience and near location to the Capitol, has made it a desirable stopping place, not only for those having business at the seat of Government, but for others visiting Harrisburg.

March 29, 1862.

600,000 VOLUNTEERS WANTED TO CRUSH THE REBELLION!

THE same number of persons are also wanted to wear the BOOTS and SHOES, now being manufactured, by the subscriber, of the latest styles and best of material. Having a large stock of material, he will make up to order in the best workmanlike manner, all kinds of

Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes,
Ladies' Shoes and Gaiters,
Children's Shoes, &c., &c.,

At short notice. Having several years' experience he feels confident of giving generally satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

All work must be paid for before leaving the shop when six per cent will be deducted off.

Call at his Shop nearly opposite the Court House, in Market Square and ascertain his low prices and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHN WEAVER.

Sunbury, August 9, 1862.—6m

Lumber! Lumber!

PHILIP SHAY, Muncy, Lycoming county, Pa., INFORMS his friends and the public in general, that he constantly keeps on hand Boards, Shingles, Lath, Joists, and all kinds of Lumber and building materials, which he will sell at the lowest prices.

March 30, 1861.

NOW OPEN.

MAMMOTH FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

809 & 811 Chesnut Street, Phil'a.

(Late LEVY & CO.'S Dry Goods Store)

GEO. J. HENKELS,

Formerly 521 Walnut Street

Philadelphia, August 30, 1862.—3m

JUST RECEIVED!!

J. H. ENGEL

Has just returned from Philadelphia with a

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

Spring & Summer Goods.

For Mens' Wear.

Cloth, Cassimere, Vesting, Italian Cloth, Linen Coating, Linen Check and Cottonade.

Ladies' Wear.

A large assortment of Dress Goods, Black and Fancy Silks, Silk Tissues, Fancy Berages, Shalley, all Wool Delaines, Mosambique goods at his prices Silk Lavellas, Delaines, Lawns, Ginghams and Prints. A full line of Irish Linen and White Goods, Stella border and Fancy Summer Shawls, Silk and Lace Mantillas, &c.

Ready Made Clothing.

A good assortment of Hats and Caps,

A large assortment of Boots and Shoes,

A full stock of Groceries, Molasses and Sugar,

Hardware and Building Material,

A full stock of Queen and Glassware,

A full stock of Fish, Salt, Oils and White Lead,

A large stock of New Wall Paper,

A new stock of Stone and Earthenware,

And thousands of articles not enumerated

☞ All the above will be sold cheap for Cash or Country Produce.

J. H. ENGEL.

Sunbury, May 17, 1862

ELEGANT CARDS DE VISITE.

NOW IS THE TIME TO FILL YOUR ALBUMS.

IN consequence of the scarcity of change, I will sell my elegant PENOGRAPH CARDS DE VISITE PORTRAITS.

Sixteen for One Dollar.

Sent by mail Postage paid.

These cards are best published and are permanent. They embrace all the principal Generals of the Army, President, Cabinet, &c. Also two of the greatest villians imbuing JEFF and BEAUREGARD.

Catalogues sent on application.

Sample copies sent on receipt of Ten Cents.

JOHN DAINTY.
728 Sansom St., Philadelphia.

September 6, 1862.

GROCERY & PROVISION STORE

Market Square, Sunbury, Pa.

JOHN GOOD,

DEALER in all kinds of GROCERIES, respectfully informs the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity, that he constantly keeps on hand a large assortment of the best of all kinds of GROCERIES, such as

Teas,	Soap,	Dried Fruit,
Coffee,	Candles,	Canned do
Sugar,	Tobacco,	Prunes,
Rice,	Segars,	Spices,
Syrups,	Soups,	Confectionaries,
Molasses,	Salt,	Starch.

FLOUR, MEAT, FISH, and in fact everything in the Grocery line.

LIQUORS

Of the best quality at Wholesale and Retail, consisting of Brandy, Gin, Wines, Pittsburgh Whiskey, and Domestic Liquors generally, to which he invites the public to test before purchasing elsewhere.

Call and see my stock. No charges for showing.

JOHN GOOD.

Sunbury, June 14, 1862.

Manufacturers of Stone Ware.

COWDEN & WILCOX,
HARRISBURG, PA.

THE Stone Ware now made at this establishment is equal to any made in this country. Every variety of article usually made, always on hand.

Harrisburg, May 3, 1862.—

WINDOW SHADES.—A very fine and cheap assortment, just received by Railroad from New York, at the Mammoth Store of Filing & Grant.—We have also for sale S. S. Putnam & Co.'s celebrated Patent Pendulum Curtain Fixtures.

Sunbury, March 29, 1862

FRILING & GRANT

ARE HAPPY TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEY

ARE NOW RECEIVING AN ENTIRE

New Stock of Goods!!

MANY OF WHICH ARE

REDUCED IN PRICE.

and although prevailing reports may induce the

belief that

DRY GOODS

are advancing, yet a single visit to that attractive

resort,

THE MAMMOTH,

will convince any candid man or woman that, be the report as it may, yet the proprietors of that "institution" have the facilities for furnishing

CHEAPER GOODS

which those who buy and sell on Long Credits

not, and cannot possess.

—0—

WE KEEP EVERYTHING,

AND ARE DETERMINED TO

SELL CHEAPER

THAN CAN BE PURCHASED ELSEWHERE

FRILING & GRANT.

Sunbury, May 17, 1862.

—0—

HOW TO PROMOTE DOMESTIC HAPPINESS.

Said Mrs. Smith to Mrs. Brown,
As they were walking through the town,
"Where do you do your shopping?
That does you so much credit and shows
That when I see it really astonishes me."

"I'm sure your husband, Mrs. Brown—
Now don't be angry, pray, my dear Brown—
Is not so rich as mine,
And yet you can afford to buy
Just twice as much, or more than I.
And how, I cannot divine."

Says Mrs. Brown to Mrs. Smith:
"The reason you'll be startled with,
It is so simple, forsooth,
You buy on credit, I for cash,
I buy bargains, you buy trash,
I cheap, while you pay dear

"Whenever you want a dress or shawl,
A collar, lace, or what not, call
At the cheap MAMMOTH STORE,
They'll sell you goods so very low
That you will cease to wonder so,
How much rich goods I can wear

"My husband, as you truly say,
Is poorer, far, than yours to-day,
And yet I can buy more,
Because each dollar of his low
Is to me, just as good as two,
At the cheap MAMMOTH STORE."

So satisfied was Mrs. Smith
With Mrs. Brown's new arithmetic,
which did convince
The first and opened to her eyes,
She had, I ceased to patronize
The MAMMOTH ever since.

And now, when you chance to meet
Her husband, Smith, upon the street,
Around the corner coming,
His face is lighted with a smile,
His step elastic—all the while
A pleasant tune he's humming:

Ladies, if like effect you desire
In your dear spouse, which you and he,
Purchasing, never can agree,
Just Mrs. Brown's prescription try,
And all your list of Dry Goods buy
At the cheap MAMMOTH STORE.

A NEW AND USEFUL ARTICLE.

HALEY, MOORE & BOYDEN'S

Patent

Self-Adjusting Clothes Wringer

Simple, Economical, Durable, and is not liable to get out of Order.

The Self-Adjusting Clothes Wringer, is one of the greatest improvement of the nineteenth century, and has only to be known and tried, to come into general use. The saving of clothes, in pressing out the water between two rubber rolls, instead of wringing or twisting will amount to enough in a short time to pay for a machine.

Every one is aware that the twisting & wringing of clothes, stretches and breaks the fibres; but this machine presses them so evenly, that a newspaper thoroughly soaked, can be wrung, without tearing it in the least, and it works so easily, that a child twelve years old can operate it without trouble. Hot water does not injure the rolls, and woollen goods can be wrung out of boiling water to prevent fulling, which cannot be done by hand.

In Starching, it is invaluable, especially on large articles, such as Ladies' Skirts, &c., as it leaves the starch in the clothes perfectly even. It will wring the largest bed quilt, or the smallest pocket handkerchief, drier than can possibly be done by hand, without alteration, in less than one-eighth the time. The machine is so simple that it is not liable to get out of repair.

The great improvement in this, every every other Wringing Machine yet invented, is the Self-Adjusting arrangement, requiring no alteration, to wring a handkerchief or bed quilt consequently, the most ignorant servant can operate it.

The machine is made of wood, and so arranged, that no iron can possibly come in contact with the clothes, thereby avoiding all danger of injury to the clothes by iron rust.

This is the most simple and effective Clothes Wringer yet invented. Those purchasing can use them two weeks, and if they are not perfectly satisfied, return them, and their money will be refunded.

Address L. E. SNOW, Philadelphia.

Or H. H. MASSER, Agent for Northumberland co

July 5, 1862.

SPALDING'S Prepared Glue and Shelby's Mucilage, price per bottle and brush, 25 cents.

Cordial Elixir of Calisaya Bark and Benzine, for removing grease, for sale at the office of the Sunbury American

HIGHLY IMPORTANT NEWS!

M. C. GEARHART

HAS RETURNED WITH A NEW STOCK OF

Confectionaries, Fruit and Toys.

IT seems as if a new age, a new life are opening around us, animating every heart to nobler and higher aims. Art, Literature, Science, glow anew, and seek to develope a more beautiful and grander conception.

The business world, too, must feel the new influence, and every part be quickened and invigorated by increased vitality, which shall [illegible] trifle speed to the consummation of greater triumphs, was ever dreamed of in the Philosophy of the past.

Animated by the enlargement which prevades all things, and desirous of doing his share towards the great events of the Age, the subscriber would respectfully inform the good people of SUNBURY and the public generally, that he has just returned from the city of Philadelphia with the largest and choicest stock of Confectionaries, Fruit and Toys that has ever been brought to this section of country. He also manufactures all kinds of Confectionaries, &c., to fill up orders, wholesale or retail, at short notice.

Among his stock of CONFECTIONARIES may be found:

French Secrets,	Gum Drops, all kinds,
Burned Almonds,	Lozenges,
Cream White,	Mint Drops, red and white,
" Lemon,	Jelly Cakes,
" Rose,	Fruit Drops,
" Vanilla,	Stick Candies, of all sorts,
Common Secrets,	Rock Candy,
Liquorice,	Almond Candy

FRUIT.

Raisins,	Prunes,
Dates,	Figs,
Currants, dried,	Raisins,

Nuts of all kinds

LEMON SYRUP

of a superior quality, by the single or dozen. A superior quality of Tobacco and Segars, and a variety of Confectionaries, Fruit, Toys, &c., all of which is offered cheap at wholesale and retail.

☞ Remember the name and place—

M. C. GEARHART,

Market street, 2 doors west of E. Y. Bright & Son's store

Sunbury, April 11, 1861.—1y

SUNBURY STEAM FLOURING MILL.

THE subscribers having taken possession of this first class *FLOURING MILL*, are prepared to receive grain of all kinds, and to do custom work at the shortest notice. Customers will have their grists ground immediately upon their being left at the Mill. As it is the intention of the firm to stock the Mill, a large supply of grain will be constantly kept on hand, and flour by the quantity can always be obtained. The greatest care will be taken to turn out a superior quality of flour, for which the mill is admirably adapted. Strict attention will be paid to the wants of customers, and the patronage of the public generally is respectfully requested.

Sunbury, June 23, 1860. MORGAN & CO.

A Large Assortment of

EVANS & WATSON'S

SALAMANDER SAFES.

GREAT FIRE AT READING, PA.

February 12, 1862.

GENTLEMEN—It gives me much satisfaction to inform you