36th Congress-Second Session. U. S. CAPITOL, WASHINGTON, January, 21. SENATE.

Mr. Yulee (Fla.) said that in consequence of information authentically communicated, his colleague and himself deemed proper to announce to the Senate that their connection with that body had come to an end. The State of Florida, in convention duly assembled, had seen fit to recall the persons delegated to the House and assume the resposibilities of a seperate government. He was sure that the people of Florida would never be insensible to the blessings and advantages of the Union when directed to the purposes of establishing justice and domestic trau-

quility and safety.

He would also hold in grateful memory the earlier history of the Union ; but she had degrateful emotions and acknowledgements for the many courtesies he had enjoyed in this body, and with the most cordial wishes for their personal welfare, he retired from their midst in cheerful approving loyalty to his

Mr. Mallory (Fla) said that he regretted the acts which caused the separation, but justified his State. He deprecated civil war, to the degradation of a constrained existence under a violated constitution. He acknowledged the acts of courtesy from the other peer and equal of the Senator from Virginia. side of the Chamber, and from the true cham-

that this was the act of the whole people, and platform was regarded as a decisration of war against the lives and institutions of the South. The party denied the rights of equali ty to the South and placed them under the ban of the Government, and held them up to the score of the civilized world. The people of Alabama would not submit; and as he regarded that the act of the State had absolv. ed him from all allegiance to the Constitution of the United States, he should return to the bosom of his own State, whatever should

Mr. Fitzpatrick (Ala.) endorsed what was said by his colleague.
Mr. Davis (Miss) said that he rose to annonnee that the State of Mississippi had declared in favor of separation from the Union, and, of course, his functions were termina ted here. It is known that for many years he had advocated the right of secession, but nullifacation and secession had been confounded. He argued against nullification. but claimed that a States had the right of secession. Mr. Calhoen advocated nullificawanted some means of a State righting heronly favored the execution of the law in the | could give him such an excuse.

State which remained in the Union. people felt, that they boped the relations be- will redress it. tween them might be peaceful, though they Mr. Crittenden (Ky) urged immediate must part. He carried away no bitterness action on this important measure, and spoke to effer apology and all the reparation that long time yet, and the States be reunited.

he could for any such offence. As the Senators from Floride, Alabama and Mississippi left, all the Democratic Sena-

Republicans that did so. The Crittenden resolutions were then taken

Mr. Bigler (Pa.) proceeded to speak at tength in favor of their passage. He claimed the right of the people to amend the Constitution, and referred to the rise of the country from thirteen small States, and its subsequent progress; to the danger in which it now stands of disruption and ruin. Recent events have added exasperation to both secvents have added exasperation to both sec-tions, till the South believes that their only extern lies in eternal separation. He refer-red to the Compromise of 1820, after which there was peace till 1850; then another comprovise was effected, when the anti-slavery puty sprang up and the trouble began. The went of the Helper book, the doctrine of the frepresible conflict, and the abuse of the Southern people, till at last a President was elected who affirmed and proclaimed these

Now, South Carolina, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, and Florida bave seceeded .such is the distracted condition of the country. Now our mission is to restore peace.—
He then proceeded to argue the necessity and propriety of a convention of the people to adopt amendments to the Constitution. He urged the Senstors on the other side to consider the necessity of passing these or similar resolutions. In reply to the arguments against them, he would say these were extraordinary measures. He appealed to South Carolina to consider if its rights could not be obtained in the Union. He claimed that the l'erritories ought to be opened to all the peo-

The country must maintain the Constitution and accept the meaning given to its proespound it. It was a fatal day for the counthe when a sectional party was formed. Dis-tuise it as they may, the Republican party has for its basis a hostility to slavery. One that difficulty in the way of adjustment has been the abuse and insult heaped on the Sothern people by some of their landers .-He eclared his opposition to secession, and yet is believed that the redress for the allegd graveanees of the South should be sought

for at the hands of the people.

He believed that the laws should be maintained. On this point he agreed with the Senator from Hillingis (Mr. Douglas), and yet how could we coerce a State? It would be wat against fifteen States. Coercion was leasion. fle referred to the troubles which has attended the anti-slavery agitation and when fall most on the Border States, and closed by expressing his fidelity to his own

Mr.Cameron (Pa.) said he would not make Mr.Cameron (Pa.) said he would not make a speech, for though his colleague had eloquently represented the sentiments of his great State and offered the olive-branch, yet the Senators on the other side had not listened nor responded; but the people of that great Slate would do anything to save the Union. He was inclined to vote for the pro-

postion of his colleague, and would do all he could to save the Union. Mr. Green (Mo.) said the Senators on this s de had so much confidence in the patriotism and devotion of the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr Bigler), that they did not think it necessary to watch them. But the other side did not want to hear words of patriotism

Mr. Cameron said he was sorry that the Senators who left this morning had not wait ed till they heard from Pennsylvania.

Mr. Iverson (Ga.) asked if the Senator ap-

proved of his colleague's speech? Mr. Cameron — Very much; and I say to sing the Senator that if it will save the country I neil will vote for the propestion of my colleague. ful.

Mr. Saulsbury (Del.) said he wished to say that the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. Cameron), had manifested a spirit of patrontism and devotion to the country and the Union, which he thought all might imitate.

Mr. Cameron-I say to the Senator from

Georgia, to all gentlemen, that if they will take the proposition of my colleague I will vote for it and we will pass it.

Mr. Iverson asked if he approved of the sentiments of his colleague against coercion.

That is the point.

Mr. Cameron—Coercion is the last remedy
to which I would resort.

Mr. Green-Is it a remedy at all? Mr. Cameron-It is a bad remedy. not know whether I would ever resort to it. Certainly, it is the last remedy to which I would resort.

Mr. Mason (Va.) referred to the fact that the Senator had voted against Mr. Crittenden's resolution and for the amendment of the Senator from New Hampshire (Mr. Clarke). The Senator from Obio (Mr. Wade) had precided that civil and social safety were jeopardized by a longer continuance in the Union.

The recent events had impressed them with the belief that there was no safety except in withdrawal. He would remember always the large array of noble spirits at the North, and their brave efforts to uphold the right. With difference between the profession and the country that denoting and seknowledgements for rescales of these next the profession and the country that denoting and seknowledgements for rescales of these next the profession and the practice of these gentlemen.

Mr. Cameron said the Senator from Vir. giniu seemed to be auxious for an excuse to leave the Union. He had voted as he did because he saw no disposition to compromise on the other side unless we went to them on our bended knees and asked forgiveness .-He should ask no forgiveness because he had justified his State. He deprecated civil war, done no wrong. He was still willing to for-but said that the South would never submit give the backsliding of the South and do all be could to preserve the Union, but he was

Mr. Mason said be was unconscious of pions of right on this side.

Mr. Clay announced that Alabama had the Senator from Pennsylvania. He did having said anything to arouse the wrath of passed the ordinance of secession. He said not want an excuse for leaving the Union .-He had seen to-day, six Senators take formal justified the act and charged the Republican leave, and he knew the Union was dissolved party as being the authors of the trouble —absolutely dissolved. The Senators may which caused secession. The Republican not recognize its dissolution but that does not alter the fact. Those States are gone, and the chairs of their representatives are vacant. What is the remedy? Coercion? Shall we use the discipline that the pedagogue inflicts on the urchin at school? The Constitution is against coercion-humanity and the civilized world is against it.

Mr. Saulsbury said he looked upon the remarks of the Senator from Pennsylvania as an omen of good. He believed that the Senator was sincere, and though four or five States have left us, if the Sepators on this side meet the Pennsylvanian, and in the same spirit, the Union will still remain. He invoked all the Secaters to imitate the spirit of

Senator from Penusylvania. We cannot make war unless we changed the laws, and we cannot change the laws unless we violate the Constitution. But the question of peace or war was in the hands of the majority. The South deplored war because of the consequences, and not from fear. And if she was forced into war, then there would be such a conflict as the world has tion from his love to the Union, because he never seen. The only excuse he wanted was how to remain in the Union, and would to self in the Union. And General Jackson God that the Senator from Pennsylvania

Mr. Cameron said he had not heard of any He contended that the word "equality," in threats of war from his State ; but, if it must the Declaration of Independence, referred to come, Pennsylvania will be ready to meet it. political classes, else why should the fathers The people of his State were ready to do anyof the Republic arraign George the Third for thing honorable to eave the Union. They exciting insurrection? In parting he could were willing to yield all prejudices; but the say that he felt no hostility to any Senator, and there was not one but to whom, in the presence of God, he could say, "I wish you well." He felt, and was sure his usknow what wrong we can redress, and we

for any offence, and if he had offended any against any postponment. He expressed one he was willing now; to the hour of parting the hope that the Union might remain for a

MISSELLANEOUS INDICATIONS.

The Springfield Republican parrates the experience of Mr. John D. McKnight, who tors crowded about them, shaking hands,— experience of Mr. John D. McKnight, who Messrs. Hale and Cameron were the only has just returned from Georgia, where be attempted to collect bills for the clothinghouse which he represented. He describes the excitement as intense throughout the State, and had numerous narrow escapes from falling a victim to the suspicions of the Fire-Eaters. He came to to this city by the steamer State of Gergia, on its last trip from Savannah Among his fellow passen-gers was Nova Scotian, resident for years Savannah, who was only a few evenings before waited upon by the "Owls," one of his own employees heading the ruffianly gang. He saved his life by showing pluck and loaded weapons, but he seized the earliest moment to escape. Another was a Northern Fort Pulaski; he fled without settling up his fending Northern men shot down like dogs; by the Inquest as tract number one.
and all agreed that the half had not been Aiso, all that other certain tract or piece of and all agreed that the balf had not been told of the frenzy and madness of the Southern people. Mr. McKnight says he would
not go through another such week of terror
and espionage for five thousand dollars!

Also, all that other certain tract or piece of land, situate in Upper Paxton township, Dauphin Southern County, Pa., adjoining lands of Jonathan Deibler, Disc and espionage for five thousand dollars!

Kopfenheifer and Catharine Witmer, containing and espionage for five thousand dollars !
Mr. Rhett told the South Carolina Legis-

lature some pretty plain truths in the course of a debate on Jan. 11. He was opposing an the estate of John Tschopp, deceased. propriation of \$90,000 for building a new tate house, and said among other things:

"Some people have an idea that the Bank a second Freasury of the State, and that

By order of the Court C.

RMASSER C."

I R MASSER C." appropriation of \$90,000 for building a new State bouse, and said among other things : all we have to do is to go there and draw cash from the boxes of gold and silver piled away there, like Napoleon used to pile away money at the Tuileries. They suppose the

Mr. Lazarus. These are there, but that is all. at 1 o'clock, P. M, the following described real Again, he asked, do you suppose the Bank estate, to wit: will allow itself to become bankrupt! Do you suppose the officers whom you have put there as directors will allow the institution to south eastern corner of Pokeberry and Fawn be broken? Would they not be acting right and just by closing the door in 5 ar face, borough as number 189, and bounded on the and just by closing the door in ar rather than see the bank go to ru This bill to put up a house has more fri. ds than those to prepare for war and other patriotic purposes. The bill to provide aid for poor girls who would instruct youth and take them out of the hands of Yaukee teachers, has failed. Only \$3,000 was asked for the purpose, yet it failed. I do not say anything of

this matter. 1 let it pass." HOT TALLOW A CURE FOR INGROWING NAILS. We take the following remedy for a very common and very painful affliction, rom the Boston Medical and Surgical Journal. was a young lady, who had been unable to twenty-three acres, more or less, about seventy put on a shoe for several months, and decidedly the worst case that I have ever seen. I put a very small piece of tailow in a spoon, and heated it over a lump till it be-

came very hot, and poured it on the granula-tions. The effect was almost magical. Pain and tenderness were at once relieved, and it a few days the granulations were all gone, the diseased parts dry and destitute of feeling, and the edge of the nail exposed so as to admit of being pared away without any incon venience. The cure was complete, and the trouble never returned.

PITIFUL -In Gloucester, N. H., there are 370 amiable, angelic, accomplished marriage-able maidens, to husband whom there but 78 singular young men, of whom only 21 are neither woman haters, the party or doubt

THE LATEST OIL NEWS .- The oil prospects about Franklin and vicinity continue encouraging. The following new wells have gone into operation: The Fairway Company commenced pumping on the 24th ult., at a depth of two hundred and sixty-two feet, and are getting six barrels a day and increasing. Robb & French, on Martin & Epley's land, have struck a good vein, at a depth of two bundred and fifty-six feet, and commenced pumping. Reynolds & Co., at the Point, have struck what appears to be a good vein, and are making appears to be a good vein.

and are making preparations to be a good vein, and are making preparations to pump. Griffin & Co., on Singleton's lot commenced pumping last week, and are getting ten barrels per day. Boyds & Roberts, three miles down the river, opposite the Hoover & Stewart well, tapped the juglar on Friday last, and gathered fifteen barrels in one day voluntary flow. This firm has been aboring some six months, and had almost despaired to success, but they may congratu-late themselves as the possessors of a No. 1 well. M'Laughlin & Co., on Plumer's farm, commenced pumping on Friday last, at a depth of eighty-two feet in the rock. Shut depth of eighty-two feet in the rock. Shutterly & Co., on Plumer's farm, commenced pumping on Thursday last, at a depth of two bundred and forty-two feet. So says the Venango Spectator. On Oil creek, Dobbs, Knapp & Co., have a flowing well yielding fourteen barrels per day. Fifteen wells are ready to go into operation at Titusville. The number of yielding wells altogether on Oil creek is between forty-five and fifty. The Pioneer well at Tideoute is yielding thirty barrels a day. The total yield of the Tideoute wells is about two hundred barrels a day. Several wells are preparing to pump.

Several wells are preparing to pump. We observe by the puffing of the steam and the heavy artillery shots from the squee-zers, that the Pennsylvania Iron Company's Rail Mills, at this place, are again in fall operation. This will give employment to a large number of people during the present winter, whose prospects looked gloomy enough a few weeks ago.

We also learn, that the three Anthracite Furnaces, belonging to the same Company, are now turning out more iron than they have ever done before in the same time.-They made last month 1852 tons of iron, and we are informed that the yield for the present month will probably reach the extraordinary quantity of 1900 tons ! This is a great measure, owing to the skillful management of Mr. Daniel Morgan, who superintends the furna-ces and knows how to make them work to the greatest advantage. The progress in making Authracite Iron has been great within the last few years, as may be learned from the fact that these same furnaces, formerly did scarcely make one baif the quantity the do now. 80 tons per week was considered some years ago a very large quantity for one furnace, while lately one of them has yielded as high as 167 tons in the same time. This s pouring out the metal to some purpose .-

Hon. John A. Gilmer writes to a friend in orth Carolina, that "if the honest masses North and South can be induced, without passion, and with their cool heads to understand the abstract points of difference involved in the present disputes, they will at once arm themselves with the fraternal spirit of their revolutionary fathers, infuse the same into their political agents, and force a settle-ment of all sectional difficulties, and again return to their fields, shops, stores, ships, and schools. The tree States ought to know that all the chance are on their side; that they have a surplus population with which to settle the Territories, while the South has none, and they should feel satisfied that the laws of climate, soil and production will settle the question of slavery extension at last, in spite f the theories' about which the politicians of the two sections have each other so much by the ears," Mr. Gilmer says, "I would have the people at once pull up their stakes, and come and pitch their tents around Wash-

being completely mounted.

two great and powerful sections."

New Advertisements.

Orphans' Court Sale. pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the late residence of aid decedent, in Lower Mahanoy township Northumberland county, on Saturday, the 16th day of February next, all that certain Tract or piece of Land, situate in Lower Mahanov township, aforesaid, adjoining lands of Benneville Witmer, Joseph Shaffer, Jacob Witmer, William man, officer in the Savannah Blues, and it Kiebach and Catharine Witmer, containing 79 would have been his turn next day to go to acres and 116 perches, neat measure, on which are erected a good two story Log Dwelling affairs, and, like the first named, was glad to | House, a new Bank Barn, and other outbuildings get off thus well. The passengers now began to relate the horrors they had seen in their water, and an orchard of excellent fruit, and the several localities. One had seen three unof- land is in a good state of cultivation-returned

34 acres and 56 perches, neat measure—returned in the Inquest aforesaid as number two. Late

J B MASSER 19, 1861.)

SHERIFF SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Vanditions Exponse, issued out of the Court of Common the tax gatherers have collected. I deposite the tax gatherers have collected large sams there. The is not so, There is only \$90,000 - opecie in the vaults of the Pleas of Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at Bank and one dollar of this is to the create to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at of the State. All that see have there are the the Court House, in the borough of Sunbury, on liberal donations of Mr. Mordecui and of Monday, the 4th day of February, A. D. 1861.

west by Fawn street, on the north by Pokeberry street, on the east by an alley, and on the south by lot number 190, being about sixty feet in front on Pawn street, and two hundred and thirty feet in depth to an alley, whereon are erected a large two story (house) frame tavern house and kitchen, a frame stable, and other out buildings. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Emanuel Wilvert.

AL80, At the same time and place, a certain tract or piece of land, situate in Washington township Northumberland county, adjoining lands of Sam-uel Malick, Wm Heitzman, Isaac Reitz, Isaac The patient on whom I first tried this plan | Rabock and others, containing one hundred and well timbered. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Perry Snyder.

DAVID WALDRON, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office. Sunbury, Jan. 19, 1861.

Se, caber 22 1860.

GROCERIES. A FRESH SUPPLY just received at the Mammoth Store of Jan 19th, 1861. FRILING & GRANT. PALL CLOAKS IN PREPARAT,ON.

Some opening every day.
Stock will be complete.
Orders taken and executed with despatch. Children's and Misses' Shawls. COOPER & CONARD ". corner Ninth and Market, Philadelphi Orphans' Court Sale

Valuable Real Estate.

1 N pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the Borough rough, on SATURDAY, the 9th of FEB-RUARY next, all that certain messuage, tenement and Tract of Land, situate in the township of Upper Augusts, Northumberland county, adjoining land of Michael Shipe on the north land of John Parnsworth on the east, the Shamokin creek and land of John W. Friling on the south and land of Joseph Goss on the west, containing eighty-eight acres more or less, about soventy acres of which are cleared and in a high state of cultivation, whereon are erected a two story log dwelling House (weatherboarded) a large bank Barn, a two story Tenant House with cellar and ice house under it, and other outbuildings also a good well of water, a good orchard, &c.

north, other land of said intestate and Joseph Savidge on the east, land of J. W Peale and

situate in said township of Upper Augusta, ad-joining Shamokin creek and land of Joseph Gasa on the north and adjoining the other land of said intestate last above mentioned and described on the east, south and west, containing three and a half acres more or less, all of which is cleared and in a good state of cultivation, whereon are erected a one and a half story log house, a frame

stable, and a good spring of water, &c.
Also a certain other messuage and piece of Land, situate in said township of Upper Augusta, adjoining Shamokin creek and land of said in testate on the north, land of John W. Friling on the east, land of Joseph Savidge on the south and other land of said intestate on the west, containing six acres more or less, all of which is cleared and in a good state of cultivation. Late the estate of Silas Wolverton, deceased. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of

said day, when and will be made known by WM. REED, Adm'r. said day, when the terms and conditions of sale By order of the Court, J. B. MASSER, Cik., O. C.

Sunbury, Jan. 12, 1861.) 4t CENTRAL HOTEL,

SUNBURY, Northumberland County, Pa. THIS large and commodious Hotel, now managed by JAMES VAN DYKE. It is situate at the Railroad Depot North East corner of Market Square, Sunbury, and at the terminus of the Sunbury & Eric and North-ern Central Railroads, and is open for the accom-modation of Travelers and the public in general The proprietor will give his exclusive atten-tion, to the comfort and convenience of his guests

and is determined to make this establishment rank among the first in the State.

His table will be supplied with the best the market can produce having the advantage of daily communication by cars direct from Balti-more, and also from those bringing produce from

the surrounding country.

His bar will be supplied with the purest liquors the market can produce Careful and obliging servants always in

New and commodious stabling has just been added to the premises.

A share of the local and traveling community s most respectfully solicited. Sunbury, January 12, 1861.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE. IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, will be exposed

ington, and command their representatives to public sale on Saturday the 16th day of Febto adjust the difficulties which now directe the cuary next, on the premises, all that certain messuage and tract of land, situate in Shamokin township, Northumberland county, Pennsylva OMINOUS. The Charleston Mercury has his, adjoining land of the heirs of Daniel Camp observed that the masonry closing two of the bell, beirs of Silas Farrow, deceased, Samuel casements pointing towards Fort Moultrie Epler and others, containing one hundred and has been removed, the guns for the casements sixty six acres and 38 perches of land, more or less, with the appurtenances, on which are erected a frame dwelling house, a log tenant nuse, frame wagon house, frame barn, a wheelwright shop, and other outbuildings, several never failing springs, a large apple orchard, &c. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when the terms and conditions of sale

will be made known by
WILLIAM AMMERMAN, Adm'r. By order of the Court, J. B. MASSER, Clk., O. C.

Sunbury, Jan. 12, 1861.) 6t State of the Bank of Northumberland January 3th, 1861.

Louis and Discounts,
Northumberland Hank Stocks,
Other Stocks
Due by other Banks,
Notes of other Banks,
Specie in Vaults,
Real Estate, ASSETS. LIABILITIES other Hanks,

\$191,045 56 Depositors, -Commonwealth, 1 certify tiest of my knowledge and belief rue.

J. R. PRIESTLEY, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed before me.
January 5, 1861.

GEORGE MERRICK, J. P.

Administrator's Notice NOTICE hereby given, that letters of admin istration having been granted to the subscri-ber, on the estate of Absolem Conrad, late of Lower Augusta township, Northumberland county, Pa., deceased. All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to meet the subscriber at the late residence of the dec'd., on Saturday the 9th of February, 1861, and make payment, and

Lower Augusta twp., January 5, 1861 MT. CARMEL HOPEL FOR RENT.

those having claims to present them for settle-ment, HENRY SHIPE, Adm'r.

PROPOSALS will be received at the public house of Abraham Lerch, Mt Carmel, Northumberland county, Pa., until the 26th day of January, 1861, for the renting of the public house known as the old Mt. Carmel Hotel.

AMOS VASTINE, Adm'r. Mt. Carmel, January 5, 1861 .- 3t

Administrator's Notice. NOTICE is hereby given that letters of admin-istration having been granted on the estate of Peter Bixler, late of Northumberland county, deceased. All persons indebted are request to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement. ABRAHAM BLASSER, Adm'r.

Lower Mahonoy, January 12, 1861 .- 3t TIN WARE.—A very cheap and desirable assortment just received this week, at the Mammoth Store of FRILING & GRANT. Sunbury, January 12, 1861.

BOOTS & SHOES, can be purchased at the Mammoth Store of Friling & Grant, very cheap, as we are determined not to be undersold by anybody. Call and learn the list of prices for FRILING & GRANT. Sunbnry, January 12, 1861.

WINDOW SHADES.-A very fine and cheap assortment, just received by Rail-oad from New York, at the Mammoth store of Friling & Grant. We have also for sale S.S. Putnam & Co's celebrated Patent Pendulum

DLASTER, 100 tons prime Nova Scotis Plas ter, for sale at the lowest prices at the Mamnoth Store of FRILING 4 GRANT.
Sunbury, January 12, 1861. LOOK HERE!!

Every Man and Woman should Look to their own Interests!!

A WORD TO YOU. WE must all wear some kind of BOOTS AND SHOES—then you should look around and see where the Chespest, Best and Largest assortment can be found to select from, and whether the person who selected them is competent to make a good selection. I will say that my stock has been selected by one who has had practical experience in the business for about thirty years. I will also add that I can sell, and will sell, heaper than you can buy at retail in the city of Philadelphia—because my rent and living is not one half as much as there—and I can buy as

chesp as they can. As to the mode of doing business in the coun try, it is only necessary to say, it is generally ne, as you all know, on a long credit, and say to you all-if you do business in this wayyou must let me say if you buy your Boots and Shoes at a credit store, you are bound to help to pay for Shoes bought by those who do not pay The man who does not pay, must buy his Boots and Shoes at a credit counter, and if you buy at the same counter you must help to pay all the

Thus you will see that the Boots and Shoes ought at my counter must be paid for at the time

they are bought-In Cash or Country Produce. so that every man, woman and child shall have their floots and Shoes.at a LOW PRICE, as there is nothing to be paid for losses and interest. It is impossible to give you a list of all my prices, as I have so many different kinds of Boots and Shoes, for men women and children, of

ALL SIZES & KINDS. Coarse and Fine, Heavy and Light, and also OVERSHOES of all kinds; and also-CARPET BAGS, VALISES,

AND TRUNKS of all blads, at different prices
Mens' Gaiters, front \$1 25 to \$4 00.

" Boots, " 2 23 to 6 09.

" Shoes, " 87\(\frac{1}{2}\) to 2 25. Ladies' Guiters, from 60 to 2 874.

Slippers, from 60 to 1 25. Kid French and Mens' Morocco, and gain and calf skin at different pieces, from 90 cts to \$1 875. Boys Shoes, from 95 cts. to \$2 875.

Mens' Shoes from 68 ets. to \$1 50 Boys Shoes from 75 cts to \$1 50. Childrens' Shoes from 20 to 871 cents. Ladies and Gentlemen of Sunbury, not forgetting to include with you a large portion of Clotha Northumberland, Snyder and Union counties, C you all have my sincere thanks for the patronage have received from you for the few weeks that I have been doing business in Sunbury, (remember the place, Market Street, next door to the Post Office). I describe it thus, that your friends may not make a mistake, where those things are to be found. I will also say that there seems to be a trouble about the Banks. I say Velver Vestings, cannot be surpassed in the give yourself no trouble about any of them country. Please call and examine them. within fifty miles of this place. As I sm determined and intend to back them up by receiving their bills at par at my counter, so be not troupled, the banks are good, and my Boots and Shoes are good, they are all made for the good of man to be used, and not to be abused.

Sunbury, December 8, 1860. LIVE AND LEARN 1 OVERCOATS DRESS COATS.

LET THE PEOPLE

WILLIAM M. APSLEY.

STILL CONTINUE TO LIVE. AND THEY WILL SOON

LEARN THAT

AT THE

MAMMOTH STORE.

ARE SELLING

GOODS CHEAPER than can be purchased elsewhere. A FRESH SUPPLY

ust received by Railroad this week. REMEMBER THIS,

Sunbury, December 15, 1860.

AND PROFIT BY IT

HOLYDAY TOYS

CONFECTIONARIES. M. C. GEARThe city with the largest assel TOYS, ever brought to this RIES, PRountry. He is determined to supply sectifih Holyday presents, selling them at whole sale and retail, at prices to suit purchasers. Having the necessary machinery, &c., he is manufacturing all kinds of Tovs, and keeps up his stock, so that purchasers will not be at a loss for a supply of almost any article they may

M. C. GEARHART. Sunbury, December 1, 1860.

Buckwheat Huller THE 'subscribers respectfully informs the public that they have added to the machinery in their Steam Mill, in Sunbury, a new improves Buchwheat Huller and wheat cleaner, which enables them to furnish wheat, and buckwheat flour of the finest quality. Customers promptly

attended to. MORGAN & CO. Sunbusy, December 1, 1,60.

Notice to Creditors. DERSONS indebted to the subscriber on book account notes or otherwise, are requested to call and make settlement on or before the 1st of January, after which time the books will be left with a Justice for collection. JOHN C. MORGAN. Sunbury. December 1, 1860.

GRIST MILL FOR RENT. THE undersigned offers to let his Grist Mill for the ensuing year to a competent miller either on share or rent. The mill contains three run of burs with all necessary machinery, all in good running order. For further particulars apply to the subscriber at the premises, three miles west of Selinsgrove, in Snyder county, Pa.
JOSEPH EYSTER. Kantz, December 22, 4860.

LARGE BLANKETS, FLANNELS Linens Bed, Crib and Cradle Blankets. Marseilles and Dimity Quilts.
Fine Table Linens, Napkins and Towels.
COOPER & CONRAD. S. E. corner Ninth and Market, Phila,

OUR NEW CLOAK ROOMS CON TAIN Elegant Cloth Cloaks, Every new style Coat and Cloak, Woolen, Broche and Thibet Shawls. COOPER & CONRAD, S. E. corner Ninth and Market, Phila.

Kerosene Lamps. VERY LARGE and cheap assortment will be found at the Mammoth Store of Dec. 15, 1869. FRILING & GRANT. GREATEST EXCITEMENT OF THE SEASON !

FRILING & GRANT.

MAMMOTH STORE.

NEW AND DESIRABLE

FALL & WINTER GOODS! The public attention is respectfully sequested to

vors extensive assortment of LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Consisting in part of

Black and Fancy Silks of very choice patterns.

DEBEGES

Ducais, Cashmeres

French and English Merinos, Plain and Figured Wool Delaines.

Muslin Delaines of all --- and prices. roulards, Thibet Cloth, Poil De Chevres

Saxon and Wool Plaids, DIES' FURS, BROCHE,

Bay State and Wool SHAWLS of every va-

Gentlemen's Dress Goods.

of every style, consisting of Casimeres. Kentucky Jeans. Tweeds. Velret Cord, Velveteen. Vestings of every variety. Our stack of Silk and Silk

CLOTHING

Our stock of READY MADE CLOTPING. has been replenished, and we have a full assort-

Pants and Vests, Overcoats and Dress Coats for Boys of all ages.

ALSO, a very handsome assortment of HATS AND CAPS

FRILING & GRANT, of every tyle and variety at the lowest prices Our stock of HARDWHRE has been renewed and we have now a larger assortment than ever before offered to our customers, consisting

in part of Sausage Cutters. Pocket Cutlery, Butcher Knives

Scoop Shovels.

Mayer Hinges. Bolts and Pad Locks, X Cut Saws, Mill Saws,

de., de., de, de., de, de

Queensware and Glassware

of every variety

JWEST PRICES.

Our stock of

GROCERIES is very fine. We have the best quality of Syrup Molasses ever before offere to the citizens of Sunbury and vicinity.

CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE of every

Also a fresh supply of

Drugs,

Hosiery. Gloves, Notions. SADLERY, BOOTS AND SHOES, &c., &

Dye Staffs, Perfumery, Glass, Fancy Soape, Brushes, &c. Particular care having been taken in the se

Paints.

lection of our goods in regard to quality, style and trice, we call the attention of the public to our large stock to which constant additions will Thankful for past favors, we hope to merit a continuance of the patronage of the public by selling cheaper than ever. Give us a call before

purchasing elsewhere.
FRILING & GRANT.

Sunbury, Nollember 17, 1860. FURNITURE! FURNITURE!! New and Fashionable Cabinet Ware.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Sunbury and the public generally. that they have commenced the CABINET MAKING business in the shop lately occupied by William Snyder, in Fawn Street Sunbury, and are prepared to supply their customers promptly with every variety of articles in the line of their business, on reasonable terms. Their work will be made of the best materials, and in

the best and latest styles. Country produce taken in exchange. WILLIAM HAUPT. BENJ. HECKERT. Sunbury, December 1, 1860.

Notice to Creditors

A LL persons knowing themselves indebted to the subscribers for a period of over 6 months, will save costs by calling and settling before the 1st of Pehruary next, as after that time the ac-counts will be placed in the hands of a Justice for collection. FRILING & GRANT. Sumbury, December 15, 1860

COTTAGE BIBLES. FOR SALE, cheap, three copies of the Cottage Bible, in two volumes, with com-mentaries.

H. B. MASSER. NOW WITHIN REACH OF ALL GROVER & BAKER'S



Sewing Machines.

the following cards of ELIAS Hown, JR., and the Grover & Baker S. M. Co.; A Card from the GROVER & BAKER

495 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

S. M. Co. Our Patents being now established by the Courts, we are enabled to furnish the Grover & Baker Machine, with important improvements

at greatly

The moderate price at which Machines making the Grover & Baker stitch, can now be had, brings them within the reach of all, and renders the use of Machines making inferior attractes as

stamped under our patents and those of Elius

495 Broadway, New York. A CARD FROM ELIAS HOWE, JR.

ELIASHOWE, JR.

New Arrival of Clothing. THE largest and best Stock of FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING ear brought to this place, arrived at the Manpooth Clothing Store of SCHWEITZER, HILBRONNER & CO., in Market street, near opposite Wea-

Their Stock comprises of Dress Conts,
Over Cons.
Business Conts, &c. FINE CLOTH COATS,

Their assortment of gentlemen's furnishing Clothing is the most complete ! Their variety and styles most attractive.

SCWEITZER, HEILBRONNER & CO. Cure Cough, Cold, Houreness Influenza, any Irritation , Soreness of the Throat, Re

Public Speakers and Singers.

Brown's the "TROCHES" are depreted in the strength of the strength o REV. E. IL CHAPIN HOMES HENRY WARD BEECHER.

Brown's "Contain no Opium or snything injuri-TROCHES. Brown's Coughs, &c."

Chemist, thesical Chemist, the company of the Chemist, the che DR G F BIGELOW,

TROCHES

"I have proved them excellent for Whorping Cough."

EEV II W WARREN. TROCHES. "Beneficial when compelled to speak, Brown's REV S J P ANDERSON,

Brown's

TROCHES.

"Effectual in removing Houseness and orthation of the Throat, so common with Speakers and Sugers,"

Prof M STACY JOHNSON,
La Grange, Go.,
Tencher of Music, Southern
Feanule College,
"Great heaefit when taken before and after preaching, as they prevent Heatseness, From their past effect, I think they will be of permanent advantage to me."

TROCHES.

Fresident of Athens College, Tenn
TS Sold by all Druggista at 23 cents a box.

New Goods for the Ladies JUST RECEIVED AT BRIGHT & SON'S!

Plain, all Wool Delaines, Neat figured Delaines, Handsome Cashmeres, High Colored Delaines, Striped Dusters, Nice Silk Poplins, Mixed Mehair Dusters, Plain French Merinos, Printed French Merinos, Persian Twill, Brocade Noveau. Plain Co. burgs, Dark mixed Debege, Hands'e Black Silks, New Style Dark Prints, Gloves of all Kinds. Hosiery of all Kinds, New Style Nubias, Opera Caps, Chenille Scarf, Mohair Head Diesses. Needle Worked Collars, &c., &c. &

suitable for Ladies' wear. We invite an inspec-tion of our store. E. Y. BRIGHT & SON. Sunbury, October 27, 1860. NOTICE

Sunbury, Nov. 17, 1860 .- 5m BLANKS! BLANKS!! A new supply of Summone', Executions, Warrants, Supenas, Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, Leases, Naturalization papers, Justices and Constables Fee Bills, &c., &c., just printed

CACKERS! CRACKERS, just received and for sale by the barrel or pound, at the Confectionery store of M. C. GEARHART. Sunbary, October 13, 1860.

Reduced Prices Persons desiring the test Machines, and the right to use the must not only be sure to buy Machines making the Grover & Baker stitch, also that such Machines are made and

Hower, Jr. GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in. or use any Sewing Mechines which sew from two spools and make the stitch known as the Grover & SBaker stitch, unless the same are purchased from the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, or their Agents, or Licenses, and stamped under my patent of September 10, 1846.
Said Company, and their Licenses, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and my said patent, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machine and all others are piracies upon by said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly, wherever

New York, Dec. 29, 1860,-4

ver's Hotel.

VESTS OF ALL KINDS. Under Shins, Drawers, &c. HATS AND CAPS. BOOTS AND SHOES, of the latest styles of every description and quality, chesper than

And the prices defy all competition. Call and examine for yourselves.

Sunbury, Oc. 6, 1860. lieve the Hacking Cough in Consumption, Bron-

chitis, Asthma, and Cutarrh, Clear and give strength to the voice of Fewers ware of the importance of checking a Cough or "Common Cold" in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild tenied, if neglected, so a attacks the Lungs "BROWN'S BROWN'S HONGHIAL TRO-CHIES," containing demulcent ingredients, allay Paimonnty and Bronchial Irritation.

Brown Have proved extremely Brown's TROCHES labor of breathing peculiar to Astlana."
REV A C EGGLESTON.

TROCHES. "Beneficial in Bronehitis."
DR J F W LANE, Brown's

A LI. persons knowing themselves indebted to the subscribers, engaged in the Foundry business, on notes, book accounts, or otherwise, are equested to settle the same without delay These oeglecting this notice must not complain if costs are added to their accounts.

C. D. & J. ROHRBACH.

But it is useless to attempt enumerating the great variety of Goods we have now in store.

and for sale at this Office. Sunbury. April 30, 1859.