

Foreign News.

ARRIVAL OF THE COLUMBIA.

New York, July 6. The steamship Columbia has arrived from Liverpool with dates to the 24th ult., being four days later than previous arrivals.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

The U. S. steam frigate Niagara arrived at Liverpool on the 22d ult., and the shipment of the cable commenced forthwith.

The proceedings in parliament were of little importance.

The elections in France passed off quietly. In Paris, the Government elected seven of their candidates and the opposition three, viz: M. Carnot, Godchaux and Cavaignac.

MR. DALLAS DINES WITH THE QUEEN.

On Monday evening, June 22d, Her Majesty had a dinner party at Buckingham Palace. The company included His Imperial Highness the Archduke Maximilian of Austria, her Royal Highness the Princess Royal, his Royal Highness Prince Frederick William of Prussia, the Duchess of Bechtold, the Austrian Minister (Baron de Cotta), the United States Minister and Mrs. Dallas, Lord John Russell, Lady Augusta Bruce, Lord Panmure, Right Hon. Sir Charles Wood, Lieutenant-General Sir Colin Campbell, Sir George Cooper, Count Zichy, Count Hadik, Baron de Foll, Baron de Bruck, Captain Alphonso Winesick, Dr. Troger, Lord Charles Fitzroy, and Baron Motka.

The process of shipping the cable on the Agamemnon at Greenwich was going briskly forward, and attracted large numbers of distinguished visitors.

Up to Saturday, the 29th inst., ninety-eight miles of the coil had been taken on board.

STILL LATER.

ARRIVAL OF THE ARABIA.

The Bank of France has reduced the rate of interest.

The Spanish-Mexican question assumed a threatening aspect.

A mutiny has occurred among the native troops in India, who have taken possession of Delhi and massacred the European residents.

The Jewish oath bill has passed the House of Commons by a large majority.

The opponents of the French Government have only elected half a dozen members of the Legislature.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times mentions the rumor of a serious plot connected with the recent election movement.

Four Italians on whom gunners and fire arms were found, had been arrested.

SPAIN.

The advices from Madrid state that the Spanish and Mexican Ministers have long conference, without improving the Mexican question.

In fact the situation of affairs between the two countries is considered as critical.

The English and French Ambassadors at Madrid were striving to effect a reconciliation.

The report that General Concha had sent vessels to the Coast of Mexico, is fully confirmed.

Later advices state that the Mexican Minister positively intends to leave Madrid in the course of the week, if not previously recognized in that capacity.

RUSSIA.

The Car has started on the German tour, previously resolved upon.

A despatch from Trieste announces another victory of the Circassians over the Russians, in which the latter lost 1000 men.

WILLIAM L. MARCY.

There could not have been a more solemn and impressive event connected with the eighty-first anniversary of American Independence than the sudden decease of William L. Marcy.

It has been regarded as a fortunate incident that three of the great men of the early days of the Republic should have breathed their last on that sacred day, and the death of Mr. Marcy will serve to identify him with the great event that the whole nation was rejoicing over at the time he expired.

That the people of the country should have grieved over the decease of this eminent man cannot be doubted; for he was indisputably the most able and the most distinguished member of the dominant party of the United States.

William Larned Marcy was born at Strabridge, Worcester county, Massachusetts, December 12th, 1786. He was educated liberally, graduating at Brown University, Providence, R. I., in the year 1808.

He studied for the bar and was admitted to practice at Troy, N. H., and immediately took a leading part as a Democrat in the politics of the day, sustaining the measures of Jefferson and Madison in regard to the war with France.

During the war with Great Britain he served as a volunteer in the military defence of the State. He was appointed Recorder of the city of Troy in the year 1816, but was removed by Gov. De Witt Clinton, in 1818, owing to his siding with Mr. Van Buren in opposition to his administration.

On the accession of the Van Buren party, Gov. Yates rewarded Mr. Marcy by appointing him, in the year 1821, to the office of Adjutant-General of the State, and he then removed to Albany. He was one of the earliest and most important members of the famous "Albany Agency," which formed the nucleus of the Democratic party in the State, and exercised mighty influence in the politics of the nation.

In 1823 he was appointed State Comptroller, and in 1829 one of the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court. The latter office he resigned in 1831, when he was elected United States Senator by the Democratic place in the Senate in 1832, having been elected Governor of the State. He was re-elected Governor in 1834 and 1836, but in 1838, when he was nominated for a fourth time, he was defeated by Hon. William H. Seward.

From that time Mr. Marcy remained in private life, until the elevation of Mr. Polk to the Presidency, when he was appointed Secretary of War, performing the duties of the office with signal ability during the whole term of four years—a term of unusual difficulty, since the responsibility of the war with Mexico rested almost solely upon him.

After Gen. Taylor's accession to the Presidency, Mr. Marcy returned to New York, where he labored assiduously to heal the dissensions among the New York Democrats, which had almost entirely destroyed the power of the party in the State.

In his efforts in this behalf he lost many friends among the "Old School" wing of the Democracy, and he operated to disorganize his nomination for the Presidency by the Baltimore Convention of 1852. Franklin Pierce obtained the nomination and was elected; and it was the most fortunate thing for his administration that he should have selected Mr. Marcy for the office of Secretary of State—an office that he administered with great ability during the whole of the Presidential term.—*Phila. Ec. Bulletin.*

THE MONTANA AT MONTEVIDEO.—A letter in the London Times, bearing date May 6th, estimates the number of deaths from yellow fever at Montevideo at from 1400 to 1600, which is a heavy drain from a population of less than 25,000.



THE AMERICAN.

SUNBURY. SATURDAY, JULY 11, 1857.

H. H. MASSER, Editor and Proprietor.

Democratic State Nominations.

For Governor, Gen. WILLIAM F. PACKER, of LYCOMING COUNTY.

Judges of the Supreme Court, Hon. WILLIAM STRONG, of Berks County, Hon. JAMES THOMPSON, of Erie County.

For Canal Commissioner, NIMROD STRICKLAND, of CHESTER COUNTY.

The Fourth of July was celebrated at this place, as usual of late years, by the different Sabbath schools in the shady groves near town.

The weather seems to have become settled at last, and there is a prospect of securing the hay crops in good order.

It will be seen by the advertisement of H. Y. FRILING, Esq., that he keeps regularly on hand, for sale at the store of FRILING & GRANT, a variety of papers and magazines.

CHANCE OF TIME.—The cars for Shamokin and Mt. Carmel now leave this place at 8 1/2 o'clock, A. M., an hour later than before.

The crops.—Although the weevil has severely injured the wheat crop in this neighborhood, and in some of the adjoining counties, still, we have reason to believe that the injury is not as serious as so extensive as some imagine.

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CLEANING FROM OUR NEIGHBORS.

WILLIAMSPORT.—Geo. A. Snyder has become the editor of the Independent Press, which makes its appearance in a new dress.

SALISBURY.—The cabinet maker shop of Jacob Miller, together with his tools, furniture, &c., was destroyed by fire on Friday afternoon, the 3d inst. It was probably set on fire by a child playing with matches.

Loss about \$1500. Insurance \$900. Politics is getting high in young Snyder county. Col. Eyer and Thomas Bower are named as candidates for Senator.

The appointment of J. G. L. Shindel as Post Master gives general satisfaction. A better appointment could not have been made.

A notice for a Bank at Salisgrove is advertised.

DANVILLE.—Peter Baldy, Jr., of Danville, received a boat load, (1500 bushels) of wheat from Baltimore. It was Canada wheat.

Formerly, Danville sent large quantities of wheat to market. But they now consume more than they produce.

Rudolph Secler died on Saturday week last, aged 85, the oldest citizen in Danville. He voted for Gen. Washington for President.

Application for a new Bank, "the Keystone Bank," is advertised. The Danville Bank makes application for an increase of capital.

An annual meeting of the stockholders of the S. R. N. & W. B. Telegraph will be held on Tuesday, the 14th.

The following verses were handed to us for publication, by the author, Hartman H. Kneble, who is a candidate for Prothonotary.

They purport to be translated from the German original by the same author. In regard to their originality there can be no question.

Hypercritical individuals may feel inclined to find fault with the author, in making himself the hero of his own epic. But he had a motive—a commendable one. He is a candidate, and by blending business with literature, he economizes time as well as expense.

Heretofore, friend Kneble has been down on us, as being, in his opinion, somewhat heterodox, and somewhat deficient in our taste for codfish—but that, he says, is past. Besides, he has discovered that the only way to let the people know, that he is a candidate, is to have his name in our English and German papers.

For the American.

THE 4th JULY, the Birth day of the independence.

(the author translated from the German original.)

Triumph, triumph, victoria here, The 4th Birthday of the independence is here,

Joyful for every one, who have a voice in it, To bring thy creator, one hymn this day for the act,

Therefore I thank god as a Freeman alone, On whose account I am, through thy servant Washington.

I pray also to the Lord, give strength, wisdom and intelligence, Our President, to govern our Land of the independence,

Also others who keep office, great or small, To keep uprightness, faithful in every thing that speak,

I pray for our old good Northumberland, Wich is known as to the throughout democratic messour bond,

To keep however the democratic doctrine of faith, And let not false republicanism deprive her from the stake.

After I have given the omnipotence my hymn prayer and Song,

I thot some thing of my duty must be done, The Bible that holy Book must be read,

And hear what god through our saviour speak, And I read and found the saviour's Law,

Maul you must love thy Neighbor, that is true what I saw,

I thot long, and thot much, but before I quit my Labor,

I concluded that every Democrat in Northumberland is my Neighbor.

I love you all therefore, and will serve you as a faithful Knight,

When you is willing to elect me as Prothonotary in the fullest Right,

And I give Notice to you all without distinction, that I am bound

To bound you up this month, and make the round, Certainly my hand and friendship will not fail,

When you can elect me, to such office with bail,

I am respectfully your obedt. servant,

H. H. KNEBLE, Ellysburg, Shamokin twp., July 4, 1857.

THE WEATHER OF JUNE.—The mean temperature of June, as ascertained by the thermometer at the Pennsylvania Hospital, was 69 1/2 degrees, which is two degrees below the average for the last 32 years, and is the coldest June since 1846.

The mercury indicated a temperature of 89 degrees on the 26th, which was the highest of the month, and of 53 degrees on the 6th, which was the lowest.

The amount of rain was 7 1/2 inches. In June, 1855, there fell within a fraction of 8 inches, viz: 7.94 inches, which is the greatest amount on record at the Hospital, for June.

The average amount of rain for June, for the last 20 years, is 3 1/2 inches.

THE GREAT UNITED STATES.—The largest valley in the world is the Valley of the Mississippi, which contains 500,000 square miles, and is one of most fertile regions of the globe.

The largest lake in the world is Lake Superior, 450 miles in length. The greatest natural bridge in the world is that over Cedar Creek, Virginia, which extends across a chasm 80 feet wide and 250 feet deep at the bottom of which a creek flows.

LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.—In the Superior Court, this morning Chief Justice Nelson delivered an opinion on the question—Can stockholders be made to refund money paid on the result of a race? The charge of the Court was to the effect that all such wagers were in this State illegal, and that the losing party could recover of the stakeholder if he was notified of their attention to receive from the original bargain at any time before the race was actually paid the money. If, however, he paid over the stakes to the winner, before any such notice was received from the losers, then he cannot be held liable. The question is one of much interest in the sporting world.—*Boston Journal.*

SOUTHERN SENTIMENT.—The Wilmington (N. C.) Commercial contains the following expression on opinion relative to Kansas affairs: "We confess that we are over anxious about the result. Of course, we would prefer that Kansas shall be a Slave State—but without the consent of the people expressed by their votes. Were we content with a different sentiment, we would at once regulate the principle upon which the election of Mr. Buchanan is predicated."

There are in Boston Mass., 527 persons of the name of Smith, 373 Browns, 297 Sullivan, 226 Clerks, 236 Johnsons, 198 Yateses.

A Good Cow.—The last number of the Chester County Times, gives a statement of a cow which is owned by Jeffrey Williams, of said county, and which yielded a week or two since the extraordinary amount of twenty pounds of butter in seven days.

We doubt whether this can be beaten, or if not of the State. Our contemporary thus notices her: "She is 6 years old; weight 250 pounds; color, brindle; her feed was six quarts of mixed feed per day; the average yield of milk fifty-one and a half pounds per day; amount of butter per week 20 pounds."

The Media Advertiser notices a cow, the property of William Duwoody, of Delaware county, that yielded 17 pounds of butter in one week.

THE CROPS IN MARYLAND.—Harvest commenced in Charles and St. Mary's counties, Md., on Monday last but operations were impeded by frequent rains. So far, however, the wet weather, it is said has done serious injury to the grain.

The army worm has appeared from St. Mary's county, after doing much damage and the injured corn is putting out again quite vigorously. The tobacco in St. Mary's county is said to be growing fine.

REV. CHARLES W. WORTH.—The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity has been conferred upon the Rev. Charles Wadsworth by the New York University.

VALUE OF HORSE FLESH.—A pair of horses were offered for sale in Cincinnati, last week, for \$370, but the purchaser thinking the amount too large, offered sixteen cents a pound for the horses, and they were sold for an adjoining haystack, and weighed 2350 pounds, making their value \$375.

THE CROPS WEST.—A correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette says that he has watched this crop for forty years, and he thinks that in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Kentucky, there will be a larger crop harvested the coming season than ever before.

SINGULAR.—The Milwaukee (Wis.) Free Democrat says that two persons named Lynch and son, were killed by lightning in Muskego last week, while the sun was shining in all its splendor. They were at work in a field.

MORE "LYNCH LAW" IN IOWA.—A gang of horse thieves had for some time infested the neighborhood of Wapawapung river, and the people of that region at length turned out in pursuit. Several were captured and a trial which resulted in the conviction of four, two of whom were hung on the 24th ult., one was hung on the 26th, and a fourth was shot.

Dreadful Railroad Accident.—Four Killed and Twenty Wounded.

CINCINNATI, July 2.—A train of cars on the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad, while crossing the dangerous trestle work, twelve miles west of Marietta, yesterday morning, met with an accident that might have been foreseen by any person acquainted with the road.

A car ran off the track, and fell a distance of fifty-three feet, dashing it to pieces. The car contained thirty passengers, four of whom were killed and twenty wounded. Among the dead Wm. G. Richardson, of Boston.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—A letter received here from the Surveyor General of California, states that ranch "Ri de los Americanos," has been confirmed to Joseph L. Folsom.—It contains over 35,000 acres, and is said to be worth \$500,000. The "Fernandez Rancho," confirmed to D. L. Fernandez and others contains nearly 18,000 acres. Two San Francisco town lots containing a little more than 3 acres in extent, have been confirmed to Jacob P. Leese and others.

ST. LOUIS, July 2.—Advices from Leavenworth, Kansas state that on the 29th ult., James Lyle, the Recorder and Postal Clerk of the country, was killed by a Free State man, named Haller. The affray grew out of an election to fill vacancies by the City Council of Leavenworth. Haller was arrested.—There was much excitement, resulting from the affair, and a riot was apprehended.

ALBANY, July 2.—The Court of Appeals has just given its decision in relation to the New York Police Bill. The decision declares the bill to be Constitutional, six of the judges agreeing to the decision, and two dissenting.

WASHINGTON, July 4.

The President has offered the appointment of Surveyor General of Utah to Colonel Jack Hays, to settle the question of settler's rights, and also to apportion the Government lands.

The inhabitants of Utah do not exceed 50,000, two thirds of whom are women. They are principally English foreigners, and unaccustomed to the use of arms. Government anticipates an open conflict with the United States forces. The weekly train from California to Utah would afford reinforcements if necessary.

Kansas Affairs.—The Course of Gov. Walker.

WASHINGTON, July 6.

The affairs in Kansas have formed the subject of Cabinet deliberation since the receipt of the resolutions of the Georgia and Mississippi Democratic State Conventions, conducted by the late Governor Walker.

Although his conduct is not entirely approved of by the Administration, it will firmly sustain him, believing that he acted with wisdom and justice in advising a submission of the Constitution to a vote of the people, and that he thus followed a safe line of policy.

The Southern States are considered as prejudicial to the view of the fact that he was sent to Kansas by an administration pledged to the defence of the Southern rights, and opposed to the Topeka Constitution; and in conformity with that policy Gov. Walker is now claimed to be acting.

The views of the Administration, carefully elaborated will, there is reason to believe, soon be officially promulgated.

The Democratic Convention.—Ex-Gov. Ransom nominated for Congress.—The Course of Governor Walker Supported.

ST. LOUIS, July 6.

Kansas dates to the 3d inst., have been received here.

The Democratic Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress, met at Leocompton on the 2d inst. Judge Elmore presided over the meeting.

Ex-Governor Ransom, of Michigan, was nominated by a two thirds vote over Hon. Ely Moore.

A resolution endorsing the policy of Governor Walker, and expressing a determination to support him, was adopted.

A resolution to amend the Constitution to be framed by the Constitutional Convention whether it is submitted to the people or not, was lost by a vote of 40 yeas to 41 nays.

Many distinguished gentlemen were present, and the festivities concluded with an extensive barbecue.

From Utah.—Return of Brigham Young.

ST. LOUIS, July 6.

The Deseret News of May 27th announces the return of Brigham Young and his party, after an absence of sixteen days.

The prospects of a plentiful harvest in the Territory is reported as flattering. The papers furnish no general news.

The Death of Mr. Marcy.

ALBANY, July 6.

Mr. Marcy died at the San Souci Hotel, at Ballston, at noon on Saturday last. He complained of a pain in his side shortly after breakfast. He walked to the office of Dr. More, but not finding him, he returned to his room at the hotel. The Doctor came in a few minutes after, and on going to Mr. Marcy's room, found him dead, lying on the couch with an open book on his breast. He had partly written a letter to the Hon. John M. Botta.

The Common Council of this city have sent a deputation to bring the remains from Ballston to this city, for the purpose of interment.

Great preparations are making here for the funeral. The remains will leave for Albany to-morrow by a special train, and will be received by the Burgesses Corps and escorted to the Capitol. The funeral ceremonies are fixed for Wednesday, when the services will be under the direction of the Rev. Bro. Sprague, fitted and preached.

Business will be suspended during the ceremonies. The Common Council all the city and vicinity will attend. Invitations have been sent to prominent individuals of other cities.

A committee of the Burgesses Corps have the matter in hand, and their programme of arrangements indicate a splendid funeral pageant.

[SECOND DISPATCH.] The Funeral Arrangements, &c.

ALBANY, June 8, Evening.