

Foreign News.

ARRIVAL OF THE ASIA.

ARRIVAL OF THE ASIA. The steamer Asia, from Liverpool, with Liverpool dates to the 21st inst., has arrived.

The English Parliament has assembled and has progressed with the formalities attending the opening.

With the exception of increased discontent in the Turkish Principalities, the news in that section is not important.

Mr. Evelyn Denison has been elected Speaker of the British Parliament.

A communication from Mr. Dallas to Lord Clarendon, announces the presentation, by the American Government, of a silver medal and a sum of money to the Marquis de Sade, who rescued the crew of the ship Northern Belle.

The Duchess of Gloucester, the last surviving daughter of George the Third, died on the 30th ult.

Lady Frank has purchased the Aberdeen Clipper for another search for her lost husband, and given the command to Captain McClintock.

It is not improbable that Lord Palmerston will attempt a little Reform bill, in order to disarm rivalry in the new parliament, embracing the extension of the right of suffrage to all the learned professions, commissioned officers of the army, navy and militia, railway servants of a certain rank, schoolmasters, and others of a certain amount of educational training.

The Grand Duke Constantine, brother of the Emperor of Russia, has arrived in Paris, and grand fetes had been given in honor of his visit.

Despatches received from the French Ambassador at Madrid, announce that the Spanish Government accepts the principle of the arrangement proposed with Mexico.

The Queen of Spain's proposals will announce the re-establishment of friendly relations between Spain and Rome, and hopes that Mexico will apologize and pay the indemnity required, otherwise Spain will take hostile measures.

Reports are again in circulation that the King of Denmark will be forced to abdicate. The Federal Council of Switzerland has authorized the acceptance of the Neuchâtel propositions.

By the terms of the agreement in relation to the Neuchâtel question, the King of Prussia is to get a million of francs, but the Swiss, it is said, will not recognize his title of Prince of Neuchâtel.

The reception of the new Austrian Governor General in the Lombardo Venetian provinces was rather cold.

The aspect of affairs in the Danubian Principalities is serious, owing to the unfavorable disposition of Kaimonov, who exhibits the utmost hostility towards the party in favor of the Provinces.

The details of news by the Overland Mail contain little of importance beyond what has been already received.

Lo Nord says that the French authorities will formally demand a permanent embassy at Peking, and in case of refusal, will endeavor, in concert with the English, to force the Emperor to the Capitol by water, and there dictate terms to the Chinese.

The Coolies on board the Persian ship Carmen, for Cullao, revolted and set the vessel on fire, when they all, numbering 200, perished in the vessel.

The Coolies on board the British ship Galanis also revolted and set fire to the vessel, but the flames were extinguished, and in the struggle 27 of the Coolies were killed or wounded before order was restored.

By advices from Shanghai it is stated that a band of rebels had burned Ho-ho, in the province of Kiang-Sze, and fifteen crops of tea were destroyed.

The Mandarin authorities of Whampoa had sentenced three Chinese merchants to death for having conversed upon commercial matters with the English, contrary to commands.

The accounts of the revolt of the Chinese, and slaughter of 2000 at Sarawak, are confirmed.

ARRIVAL OF THE ANGLO-SAXON AT QUEBEC.

ARRIVAL OF THE ANGLO-SAXON AT QUEBEC. FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE. QUEBEC, May 18.

The steamer Anglo-Saxon has arrived from Liverpool, with dates to the 6th inst., four days later than received by the Asia.

It is rumored that an extensive conspiracy has been discovered in Spain.

The officers for the expedition against Mexico are embarking from Madrid.

ENGLAND. The Art Exhibition was opened on Tuesday, the 4th inst., at Manchester, with great ceremony, attracting an immense throng of spectators.

The Queen's speech to Parliament is anticipated with intense interest, as it is thought that Roebuck's threatened amendment would be carried.

The French journals assert that Lord Elgin will demand of China a revival of the treaties with an extension of privileges to three other ports besides the five already mentioned.

Also, the establishment of English military posts at all cities where English Consular Agents reside, and the erection of forts at Canton, Shanghai and Hong Kong.

SPAIN. Generals Santiago, Medina and Garndo, will command the military expedition destined to invade Mexico.

The text of the Spanish Queen's speech respecting Mexico, says that the diplomatic relations with the Mexican Republic have been interrupted, but expresses the hope that the interruption will be but temporary.

The Mexican Government and nation have already begun to prove that they will not countenance those acts, as contrary to justice as to humanity, by allowing them to go unpunished, and that they will not oblige Spain, to whom they are united by so many bonds, to exact reparation for such outrages.

ROME. A further reduction in the duties on the introduction of textile fabrics into Rome has taken place.

DENMARK. The Danish Ministerial difficulties continue.

RUSSIA. The prohibition against the exportation of gold has been removed by the Emperor.

JAPAN. The Russian treaty with Japan upon the ports of Simoda, Hakodadi and Nangasaki to Russian commerce.



THE AMERICAN SUNBURY.

SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1857.

H. B. MASSER, Editor and Proprietor.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The circulation of the Sunbury American among the different towns on the Massachusetts coast is not exceeded by any paper published in North or Pennsylvania.

Democratic State Nominations. For Governor. Gen. WILLIAM F. PACKER, OF LYCOMING COUNTY.

Judge of the Supreme Court, Hon. ELLIS LEWIS, OF PHILADELPHIA.

For Canal Commissioner, NIMROD STRICKLAND, OF CHESTER COUNTY.

THE NEW FEE-BILL for Justices of the Peace and Constables, printed on card paper, for sale at this office.

MR. GEORGE GOOD had three of his fingers sawed off by a circular saw in the steam saw-mill of Ira T. Clement, on Wednesday last.

The work on that portion of the Northern Central Railway between Port Trevortown and this place, has been resumed. The contractors are directed to complete the unfinished grading as soon as possible.

We learn that snow fell at Mt. Carmel on Tuesday to the depth of five inches. What a glorious place of resort this must be during the dog-days.

ELECTION.—An election for Supervisors and Assessors for the Borough of Sunbury was held at the Court House on Monday last. The following persons were duly elected:

Supervisors—Jacob O. Beck and Philip Clark. Assessors—Wm. A. Bruner and Michael Young.

Our neighbor of the "Gazette," is entitled to the thanks of the community, and we hereby make a special tender of ours, for the very able, ingenious and scientific manner in which he has seconded our efforts in the Canal enterprise.

We have been delighted in cold rain this week. The accompanying north-wester has brought overcoats into requisition and made the lovers of fruit tremble.

The citizens of Northumberland, have procured a Town Clock which they have put up in the steeple of the new Methodist Church. It is a good specimen of a time piece. We have heard it tolling the hours several times on calm evenings. Our neighbors deserve great credit for their enterprise.

The Lewisburg Savings Institution, it should be understood, has stopped discounting—it being desirable to settle up all their matters before the Bank goes into operation.

THE "FARMER'S JOURNAL" is the title of a new paper started at Milton, by J. Robbins, formerly editor of the Miltonian. It makes a handsome appearance, and is edited with ability.

McKIN'S DEATH WARRANT.—Governor Pollock has issued the death-warrant of David Stringer McKim, convicted of the murder of Samuel T. Norcross, near Altoona, Jan. 16th. He will be hung on Friday, the 21st of August next, at Hollidaysburg, Blair county.

JOHN M. PETRIKIN, Esq., representative from Lycoming county, died at Harrisburg on Friday, the 15th inst., of the National Hotel poison. His body accompanied by a committee of the Senate and House, was brought to his late residence on Saturday—

On Monday the corpse was interred with Masonic Honors. There was a larger number of the Fraternity in procession than we have seen in the interior on any previous occasion. The Odd Fellows, members of the Bar and the Woodward Guards, were also present.

Mr. Petrikim was a young man of great promise, and in his death his friends experienced a loss which will not easily be repaired.

GENERAL SYNOD OF THE LUTHERAN CHURCH.—The eighteenth Evangelical Lutheran General Synod of the United States, met at Reading, Pa., on the 14th inst. The General Synod of this Church was organized in 1820, and was composed of a few districts or local Synods from this and other States. In 1843, the General Synod was composed of representatives from thirteen district Synods. Since that period twelve others have become affiliated, and the present General Synod stands related to, and has representatives from twenty-five districts or local Synods. Rev. W. S. Harkey, D. D., was chosen President of the General Synod.

An attempt the other night to enter the Store of Brown & Ritter, Lewisburg, was frustrated by the watchfulness of Doctor Gerhart, next door neighbor.

The Corner Stone of the new German Reformed Church in Millburg, will be laid on the 24th inst. Ministers from a distance, both German and English, will preach on the occasion.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK for June, has just reached us. It is filled with a great variety of interesting matter, and a number of pattern engravings, for embroidering which possess a charm for every industrious lady.

Mr. Godey never neglects these—he is always ready to furnish them with articles of taste and beauty.

SCHUTTLER HAYEN BANK.—The Governor has vetoed the bill incorporating this Bank. The reason given is, that it is not demanded by the business necessities of the proposed location.

THE COMET.—We learn from the Havana Press that the comet has been seen by citizens of that place without the aid of a telescope.—The weather was unseasonably cold.

THE POISONING.—A Washington despatch says: "The merchants and business men in this city are taking up a subscription of ten thousand dollars, which will be for the person or persons ascertaining the cause of the poisoning cases at the National Hotel."

SHOCKING MURDER.—On the night of the 13th inst., Messrs. H. K. Eaton, of Hollidaysburg, and Robert Webb, of Lewisstown, Pa., who were on their way to Kansas, landed at St. Louis, Mo., and were soon afterwards attacked and dreadfully beaten, and thrown into a stone quarry by their assailants, where they were rescued by the police. Mr. Webb died the following morning, and Mr. Eaton remained in a very critical condition at last accounts. No arrests have been made.

THE WASHINGTON OFFICE OF TO-DAY says: "Letters have been received in this city from sources entitled to credit, stating that Gov. Brigham Young, of Utah Territory, has at last accepted Salt Lake City, with a large number of his men, for Washington or Oregon. Some of the writers express the belief that Young would endeavor to make his way to the British possession on the Pacific."

LETTERS FROM THE EDITOR, DATED ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL, New York, May 19, 1857.

The amount of travel to this great city, and the great influx of strangers, from every quarter of the globe, is enormous. I left Philadelphia in the 2 o'clock line, over the Camden & Amboy road. Seven passenger cars were filled, and this is but one of the six or eight daily trains between New York and Philadelphia. During the summer season this is decidedly the most pleasant route, as the distance from Amboy to New York, about 40 miles, is performed by a steamer.

The scenery along the river—the splendid country residences on its banks, as you approach New York, is not equalled in any other part of this continent—and in some respects not by any country in the world. In all the elements of a great commercial city, New York is greatly ahead of Philadelphia. Great enterprises that would cause the deliberations of years, in Philadelphia, are almost of daily occurrence in New York. Railroads are projected and aided wherever they can be made to subserve New York interests. The Sunbury & Erie road, had it led to New York, would have been completed years ago. The consequence is that thence is the great centre of trade as well as of travel. While on this subject, it may be as well to add that every indenture is held out to strangers to visit New York. The Hotel accommodations are on a magnificent scale, and are abundantly conducted. This Hotel, the St. Nicholas, has at present about eight hundred guests—and yet it is the most quiet and orderly house in this country.

The Pennsylvania Legislature a few days since, passed a bill to make a Railroad from Reading to Columbia, by which it is intended to make a short cut from New York to Washington, in connection with the new road now making from Reading to Allentown. This is a New York project, and will be carried out.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

Monday May 4th, was the day fixed by law for the election of County Superintendents of the Public Schools, in the different counties of the State, for the term of three years.—

The following are the names of the persons elected, and the yeas and nays to which each is entitled, as far as heard from:

- J. J. Reimensnyder, North'd, 84000
Hugh Canale, Lycoming, 300
J. B. Berry, Clinton, 800
J. I. Burrell, Centre, 600
Wm Burgess, Columbia, 400
A. B. Putnam, Montour, 400
D Hackendorn, Union, 200
D S Boyer, Snyder, 200
J. L. Richardson, Luzerne, 600
Rev L D Still, Clearfield, 600
Albert Owen, Huntingdon, 600
John Dean, Blair, 600
Mr Shoemaker, Franklin, 600
R L Acker, Montgomery, 942
Wm A Goetz, Berks, 150
Rev J S Crumbaugh, Lancaster, 1000
G R Quick, Allegheny, 1000
Wm M Buchfield, Juniata, 1000
H H Hilborn, Northampton, 1000
H H Swartz, Lehigh, 1000
A D Blair, York, 1000
J R Miller, Somerset, 475
S B McCormick, Cambria, 700
Rev T M Bucher, Perry, 1000
R F Taylor, Chester, 1000
Robert W Smith, Armstrong, 1000
Samuel D Ingram, Dauphin, 600
John Kluge, Berks, 600
L E Schaefer, Warren, 600
Rev H Heckerman, Bedford, 500
J A Terrell, Wayne, 1000
J H Longdon, Washington, 800
J R Krewson, Schuylkill, 1000
W H Johnson, Bucks, 1000
D Shelly, Cumberland, 600
Thomas Ralph, Butler, 300

DEATH OF MRS. VONDERSMITH.

Mrs. Vondersmith, wife of Judge Vondersmith whose name we noticed some days ago, died yesterday afternoon, after a painful protracted illness. She had been very ill for some time previous to the arrest of her husband, and when on that occasion he bid her a final farewell, she was scarcely conscious of what was transpiring. She was generally in delicate health, and recent domestic troubles, no doubt, hastened her death. The death, which occurred under peculiarly distressing circumstances, was rendered still more painful by the dying wife and mother giving premature birth to a child a few minutes before her dissolution. Her brother, Dr John Leonard, had been committed to prison for some time previous for drunkenness, disorderly and disorderly conduct, but was released through the intervention of friends, in time to see his sister die. Her husband and the father of her three children, all old enough to realize their situation, lying in prison in Philadelphia, charged with a high crime, and the cries of the children for parents both lost to the world, altogether presented a scene distressing and distressing which is rarely witnessed by human eyes.

The house in which the family resided is subject to lien of \$7,000, with three years' interest, which the government holds as an indemnification of the forfeited bail, and the children are therefore left not only orphans, but homeless.—Lancaster Evening Express of May 19.

Excitement and Leger Law at Louisville.

A telegraphic dispatch from Louisville, states that the trial of four negroes, accused of murdering the Joyce family, some months since came off on Thursday. One of the prisoners turned State's evidence, but his testimony failed in its illegality, and not being corroborated, the prisoners were acquitted. This result occasioned the greatest excitement in the court house, and among the crowd in its vicinity. In the evening a crowd broke into the cannon house, and seizing upon the cannons placed it in front of the jail. A number of shots were fired from the jail and returned by the mob, who attacked the jail with bricks and other missiles. The jailer fearing the escape of all his prisoners, formally surrendered two of the accused negroes to the mob, who immediately hung them up. The third prisoner cut his throat with a razor, and thereby escaped the fury of the mob. The negro who turned State's evidence was not molested by the mob.

DEATH FROM STARVATION IN MICHIGAN.

DETROIT May 16.—Reliable information was received here yesterday of great destitution existing in Grafton county, and other sections of the northern part of that State, several persons having already died from starvation. Many cattle are also dying for want of food.

A meeting was held last evening at the City Hall, to consider the proper means for the relief of the destitute people in the northern part of the State. A citizen of Grafton county was present, who gave an account of the dire condition of starvation. He gave a gloomy account of the suffering in that region, of the people dying from the want of the most common food.

It was resolved to raise \$5000 in this city for the purchase of provisions, one thousand of which amount was subscribed at the Hall.

THE DANVILLE TRAGEDY.

The hasty notes of the poisoning case in this place, contained in our last paper, have proved in the main to be correct. A post mortem examination of Mrs. Clark was held on Monday, which exhibited the presence of poison supposed to be arsenic.

A coroner's jury was empaneled on Wednesday, and a partial investigation was had in the presence of Paul Leidy, Esq., District Attorney, and E. H. Baldy, Esq., counsel for the defence. After examining Drs. McGill, Strawbridge, Simington, Snitzer, and the clerks in Chalfant & Hughes Drug store, the jury adjourned until Thursday the 20th inst. On Thursday last, a jury was summoned and an inquest held on the body of Mr. Twigg, who had died about four weeks ago, under suspicious circumstances. Drs. Simington and Snitzer opened the stomach and detected the effects of poison, this jury also adjourned until the 22nd inst.

The contents of the stomach of Mrs. Clark and Mr. Twigg will be analyzed by a chemist, subjected to chemical analysis in the city of Philadelphia.—Montour American.

Harrisburg Patriot and Union.

We understand that Andrew Hopkins, Esq., has sold the Patriot and Union, at Harrisburg, to R. Haldeman, Esq. Mr. Hopkins is about leaving for a subscription of ten thousand dollars, which will be for the person or persons ascertaining the cause of the poisoning cases at the National Hotel.—

His successor, Mr. Haldeman, is said to be a gentleman of ability, and of earnest devotion to the Democratic cause. He was recently elected Secretary of the Democratic State Central Committee.

SHOCKING MURDER.

On the night of the 13th inst., Messrs. H. K. Eaton, of Hollidaysburg, and Robert Webb, of Lewisstown, Pa., who were on their way to Kansas, landed at St. Louis, Mo., and were soon afterwards attacked and dreadfully beaten, and thrown into a stone quarry by their assailants, where they were rescued by the police. Mr. Webb died the following morning, and Mr. Eaton remained in a very critical condition at last accounts. No arrests have been made.

THE POISONING.

A Washington despatch says: "The merchants and business men in this city are taking up a subscription of ten thousand dollars, which will be for the person or persons ascertaining the cause of the poisoning cases at the National Hotel."

The development that has recently come to light have caused much excitement here."

EXTENSIVE COUNTERFEITING.

HOLLOWAY VERSUS LEVITT. The examination of the charge made against one William Leith, a drug-broker, for forging wrappers and trademarks used in the sale of Holloway's Ointment and Pills, was commenced on Saturday, before Justice Conolly at the Lower Police Court.

Mr. Driver, the agent for Mr. Holloway in this country, was re-examined and cross-examined at great length as to his connection with the powers given him, as sole agent in this country, by Mr. Holloway.

One of the proprietors of a printing establishment in Centre Street identified the defendant as the person by whom he was employed to print 500,000 fac-simile copies of a pamphlet issued from Holloway's establishment, and used as wrappers for the ointment sent out, together with outside wrappers for dozen packages in due proportion. The bills for such printing were made out to "Mr. Black," but defendant's name was afterwards understood to be Johnson. When he first called relative to the printing of the pamphlets he inquired the cost of the same, and no agreement until he could hear from the West he called. He called again in a few days afterwards, and ordered the printing saying it could be done cheaper than in St. Louis or Cincinnati.

The whole transaction came to the ears of Holloway's agent here, in consequence of Leith's failure to pay a bill to the printers at the time specified. The printer, supposing the work to be done for the house of Holloway, made inquiries at his office here, where the true facts were elicited.

The counterfeits were detected by the absence of the water-mark "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," which appears on every leaf of the genuine book of directions.—New York Daily Times, 31st Jan. 1857.

AFFAIRS IN UTAH.

The Overland Utah mail, which arrived here on the 20th of April, reports that the affairs in the Territory are reported quiet. Preparations were being made to send a large number of Missionaries to all parts of the world.

The reported movements of Gov. Brigham Young do not accord with those via California. He is reported to have returned to his people, and was planning a pleasure excursion to a Mormon settlement on Salmon river.

Barnard and the surrounding settlements have been incorporated by the Mormons into the Great Salt Lake City.

A bold and defiant trader, who arrived at Fort St. Louis, Mo., reported that the Cheyenne Indians acknowledge a loss of sixteen warriors, who had been sent to commit depredations on the California road; in consequence of which sixteen traders among them were despatched to the road to avenge the loss of the tribute.

The friends of the Tyrone and Lock Haven Railroad will be glad to learn that the Western Division of said road, from Bellefonte to Tyrone, is under contract. The letting took place at Unionville, on the 7th inst. A large number of bidders were present, and after examining all the proposals handed in, it was ascertained that Samuel Brady & Co. had agreed to grub, grade, bridge and finish the road ready for the ties and rails for the sum of \$65,500, which being the lowest bid the Board accepted it and at once entered into an article of agreement to that effect. The work to be commenced in fifteen days from the date of the agreement, and to be finished by the first of December next.—Bellfonte Whig.

"SOME 'SNAKE'.

A countryman from the neighborhood of Halifax stated in our hearing yesterday that he recently saw on the road leading across Pattee's mountain to Millersburg, a black snake which he judged to be about "thirty feet long and as thick round as a man's body." Of course, the man was considerably frightened by the appearance of such a monstrosity, and added that he "ran nearly a mile back to a tavern before he stopped."

We rather guess he had been to the same tavern previous to his seeing the snake. However, if the story is correct, we fear that Lyken's Valley is a doomed district, for if ever that "critter" wants a breakfast, he will help the inhabitants.—Harrisburg Herald.

THE CAPTURED FILIBUSTERS.

Advices from the City of Mexico state that all the filibusters, sixty in number, including Col. Crab, who was captured at Lobos, were shot on the 6th, in accordance with their sentence. The country was reported quiet.

Telegraphic News.

WASHINGTON AFFAIRS. The Governorship of Utah.—The Policy of the Government. WASHINGTON, May 19.

A member of the Cabinet to-day, received a telegraphic despatch from Major McCulloch, declining the Governorship of Utah.—He, however, expects to reach this city in the course of ten days.

Recent information received in regard to the state of affairs in Utah, has caused a change in the policy hitherto contemplated by the Government. The condition of that Territory now being such as to require rigorous measures, troops in large numbers will be sent thither, probably under the command of Gen. Harney.

The Administration is anxious to act at once in this important matter, especially in view of the late objections to the Judiciary proceedings, and the accounts so frequently received, relative to oppressions by the Mormons, of those who do not belong to their fraternity.

Much excitement has existed for several days past in the Pension Bureau in consequence of alleged frauds. Commissioner Whiting, after a close investigation, found no proofs of venality, discovered that a clerk employed in the office had extended undue facilities to the agent for claims, some of which were improperly allowed, and the clerk was required to resign his office.

A letter received from Mr. Dennison, the Indian Agent, represents the accounts of depredations by the Indians as much exaggerated. The Indians, three or four thousand in number, are in a starving condition, and retaliated on the whites for supposed wrongs. In the Council which Agent Dennison held with them, they did not deny that some of the wrong men of their tribe were guilty of the depredations, but none of the writers are as to warrant the whites in taking the life of one of their chiefs. They said they were ready to make a treaty to be placed on an equal footing with the Ottos, Missourians and Omahas tribes.

Algonson S. Garnett, of Virginia, has been appointed Assistant Surgeon, and Rev. Chas A. Davis, Chaplain in the Navy.

WASHINGTON, May 19. The Washington Office of to-day says: "Letters have been received in this city from sources entitled to credit, stating that Gov. Brigham Young, of Utah Territory, has at last accepted Salt Lake City, with a large number of his men, for Washington or Oregon. Some of the writers express the belief that Young would endeavor to make his way to the British possession on the Pacific."

California News.

ARRIVAL OF THE GEORGE LAW. LATER FROM CALIFORNIA. \$1,700,000 in Gold.

The Steamer George Law arrived at N. York last evening, from Aspinwall, bringing the San Francisco Mails of April 20th, which reached Panama by the Golden Age. The latter steamer brought down \$2,163,247 in specie, of which \$1,702,322 came to New York City.

CALIFORNIA. A bill providing for the payment of the State debt had passed the Senate by a vote of 22 to 2. It requires to be submitted to a vote of the people.

About 6000 ounces of gold dust were sent to San Francisco weekly from the town of Shasta.

John Hyde, the ex-Mormon elder, had been lecturing against the delusion to large crowds in the various parts of the State. Two hundred and fifty-seven thousand dollars in silver bullion had arrived in San Francisco from Manzanillo, for coinage at the mint.

The State Treasurer, who, at the sailing of the last steamer, was in custody, having been released by one of his original bondsmen, shortly after procured other securities, and was again suffered to go at large.

A resolution providing for the adjournment of the Legislature on the 27th April having passed the Senate by a unanimous vote, the probabilities were that the session was brought to a close.

The liberal and much abused law allowing married women to carry on business in their own names, was likely to be repealed, a resolution to that effect having passed one branch of the Legislature.

The election for charter officers in Sacramento last evening, from Aspinwall, bringing the San Francisco Mails of April 20th, which reached Panama by the Golden Age. The latter steamer brought down \$2,163,247 in specie, of which \$1,702,322 came to New York City.

REMORVED TROUBLE AMONG THE MORMONS. A report was prevalent in the Valley to the effect that a serious disturbance had arisen among the Saints at Salt Lake City. It is said that Brigham Young has been compelled to flee the city to save himself from the fury of his flock. The difficulty had its origin in matters relating to the administration of the church property.

OREGON. The late winter has been more stormy and the snow deeper than ever before known, yet it is said the soil has not been so thick as during some former seasons. It is generally thought the inhabitants will vote to adopt a State form of government, and a constitution prohibitory of slavery. The press of the territory is warmly engaged in the discussion of these and kindred topics.

A Municipal election was soon to come off in Portland, where a Union Ticket was likely to be elected.

There continued to be much dissatisfaction among the Indians in various parts of the Territory, and many of those gathered on the Reservations were longing to return to their former haunts and habits.

New river diggings, thought to be rich and extensive, have been discovered at Norton Creek and the Forks of the Coquille, about thirty miles from Coos Bay, Washington Territory.

NICARAGUA.

The Flight of General Walker. The steamer George Law brings no news of a reliable character from Nicaragua. The report from Havana, which we published yesterday, is corroborated by the following letter to the Herald, brought by the Empire City, which left Havana on the 8th inst.:

"I received last night news by the express from the south side, from a most reliable source, that General Walker had been compelled to abandon his defenses and had taken refuge on board of a British man-of-war at San Juan del Sur, Colonel Lockbridge remaining at the city. So ends the Nicaragua Walker dynasty, and the trouble of Lord Palmerston as to its recognition, for the present. I presume the government here received despatches last night, and possibly our papers, if allowed, may give us more particulars this morning, in which case you will have the Cuban official version and details of what you will not have in Spanish papers."

We publish as a great curiosity the following characteristic letter, received by the friend Dr. J. C. Ayer, of Lowell, Mass., from the rebel chief, or usurping Emperor of China in acknowledgement for quantities of his Cherry Pectoral and Cathartic Pills, the Doctor sent him as a present.—Ladies' Friend N. Y.

CONSTANCY.—A young British officer who was mutilated and disabled in battle, requesting to be allowed to return to his native England and release her from the bridal arrangement. Her answer was worthy of a true woman:—"Tell him if there is enough of his body left to contain his soul, I shall hold him to his engagement." In this country the proper way to win a young lady's unalterable affection, is for the young gentleman to purchase their clothing at the "Big Five" Brown's Stone Clothing Hall of Rockland, N. Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 (new style) Chesnut street, above Sixth, Philadelphia.

MARRIAGES.

In this place on the 20th inst., by the Rev. Dr. Malcolm, H. J. WOLKOFFER, Esq. to Miss GEORGINA ANN MARBLE, both of this place.

In Auburn, California, on the 16th of April, Mr. EDWARD M. HALL, of this place, to Miss JENNIE B. WALKER, of Bangor, Maine.

On the 26th of April, by the Rev. J. Fritz, Esq., Mr. BRUCE W. BROWN, of this place, to Miss SARAH REARD, both of Mahanogah.