Foreign Helvs.

had reached Liverpool when the America sailed, but some of the passengers report having seen a Collins steamship on the 19th, when three days out from Liverpool, with a signal of distress flying, and apparently head, ing for the English Channel. [If there is no mistake in this, the steamer seen must have been the Pacific.]

THE PEACE CONGRESS.

The Conferences were expected to open on Monday, the 8th inst., but the non arrival of Count Buol and Ali Pacha would postpone the meeting till probably Thursday, the 21st instant.

Barou Brunon has arrived at Paris, and the Russian Embassy is once more brilliant. Marquis D'Azeglia has declined the appointment of Sardinian Plenipotentiary, in place of Count Cavour. Lord Clarendon leaves to the right of property for Europeans London, on the 16th, for Paris. Ali Pacha had left Constantinople for there, and Count Baol was hourly expected.

The London Advertiser says that Austria and France both wished for the admission of Frussia, but Lord Palmerston absolutely usisted on her exclusion.

The Vienna correspondent of the Times professes to know that France and Austria have come to an understanding on the fifth point, and that England will be outvoted in scenes. the conferences, if she attempt to make as a sine qua non, the disarming of the Eastern coast of the Black sea.

France and Austria are likely to concur with England as to the non-fortification of the Aland Isles, and will insist on the admission of consuls into the ports of the Black Sea : but neither France nor Austria consider the razeeing of the Russian forts on the Circassian coasts as a measure domanded by German States, the interests of Europe.

Austria does not consider Nicolaieff as a Black Sea port.

The London Times has an editorial, which, although boasting, betrays anxiety as to militia, and that troops had been despatched England's success in the approaching Congress.

THE CRIMEA.

'Fhe Allies have exploded the last of the docks at Sebastopol. Fort Nicholas is mined. The Russians continue to fire heavily from the North. Five English regiments were preparing to return home. The French army received news of the peace with much dissatisfaction.

On the 29th of January, six boats attempted a surprise on the north side, but were discovered and repulsed by the French. The peace news caused considerable excitement in the Russian army, and the preparations which were being made for an attack on Gen. Dautsmaro's division were discontinued, the orders being countermanded.

GREAT BRITAIN

A debate occurred in the House of Commons, on Friday night, the 15th inst. Mr. Roebuck rose to call the attention

the House to "our relations" with the United States, and moved for the production of all the correspondence with the Government of nal arrangements of the Turks. the United States relative to the conduct of STILL LATER BY THE BALTIC.

Mr. Crampton. Mr. Roebuck commenced by impressing upon the House the necessity for the guestion to be properly understood in Great Britain, and that it should be ascertained Youk with four days later news from Europe Her advices are to the 20th ult. who was to blame for the unsatisfactory state of England's relations with America. He remarked that the laws of the United States prohibited recruiting for foreign service, and that, in the early days of the Republic it had to be dispatched to Canada, and that several required a French Minister, of the period, to other regiments will follow. It is also rumorremoved for such an infraction of the ed that almost every regiment attached to laws. Their jealousy on this head was, the home service have received imitations therefore pataral.

Me proceeded to show from documents read da. late trials in the United States 1st. All the Envoys tu the Peace Conference That Mr. Crampton knew he was breaking had arrived at Paris, and the sessions were

ARRIVAL OF THE ARAGO. By the arrival of the U.S. Mail steamer ARRIVAL OF THE AMEICA. LATER FROM EUROPE No tidings of the missing steamship Pacific ailed, but some of the passengers report ailed but some of the passengers report by the arrival of the U.S. Mail steamer Arago Capt, Lines from Havre and South-ampton, with the French and English mails, we receive our usual despatches and news-papers, giving intelligence to the 13th Feb-tuary There is no news by this arrival in refer-

STILL LATER FROM EUROPE

ence to the diplomatic difficulties between the United States and England. The moder also favorably interpreted. Any fear of war between the two countries had evaporated.

A despatch from Constantinople, via Mar-seilles, states that the conferences held there have been closed for the present, but will be resumed as soon as Lord Stratford has received further instructions Prussia was net represented in the conferences, nor did she made any claim to be so. M. Thouvarel consented that the important questions relative

should be considered separately. The Porte adm its in principle the right of property for ern Pennavivanna Europeans, but wishes that the Christians shall be liable to taxation, to the conscrip-tion, and to all other liabilities affecting Mus-

Our readers will find in this weeks paper, the advertise-The disorders committed by the Bashi Ba zouks at Shumla had been repressed. Those landed at Sinope have been repeating similar uraged.

The accounts from the Crimen state that We refer our readers to the advertisements of Evre & the Russians still remain quiet in their posi-tions, and continued to fire even more briskly from the northern forts. It was reported that the Berlin Cabinet in-

tended to propose to the Frankfort Diet a vote for the maintenance of the forces sustained on a war footing in the various States, Jan . and Feb. Nor. in pursuance of a federal decree. Such a motion, it being believed, would be agreeable both to the Western Powers and most of the

A telegraphic despatch from Alexandria states that an insurrection has broken out at Damanhoor, near Cairo, among the Bedouins, of the State Senate, for numerous favors. on the subject of the recent enrolments of the

to put down the movement, which threatened to be serious. A telegraphic despatch from St. Petersburg announces that Princes Gortschakoff is

binted Commander-in-chief of the armies tion than Lord Palmerston himself. Mr. of the West and Centre, and Imperial Lieu. tenant of the Kingdom of Poland. It was stated at Berlin that the hope Prussia being admitted to the Paris Confer-

protocol had renewed the request that Prus-It is stated in a letter from the French camp that in an affair with the Russian outposts, the Sardinians succeeded in making

The House of Lords and Commons continued in sessions, although nothing of paramount importance had taken place. In answer to a question from Mr. Ingard, on the 12th, Lord Palmerston explained that the reason why the Sardinian ambassador had fact in April. Lord Palmerston seems to be excluded from the conferences at Constantinople was in consequence of of its having no

> 10000 EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

The excitement in the public mind rela-Since the adjournment of the convention of tive to the American difficulty is subsiding. The London Times announces that the S0th Regiment and battalions of Rifles are that their services may be required in Cana held in New York and other places. Parson



THE AMERICAN. SUNBURY.

SATURDAY, MARCH 8, 1856.

H. B. MASSER, Editor and Proprietor

The rules of property, which ought to be as steadfast as the hills, will become as unstable as the waves. To avoid this great calamity, To ADVERTISERS ... The circulation of the Sunbury American among the different towns on the Surquehas I know of no resource but that of stare de is not exceeded if equalled by any paper published in North cisis. I claim nothing for the great men who have gone before us on the the score of their marked and manifest superiority. But 1

EDITOR'S TABLE. Business Notices.

nent of Wilkinson & Renn, Cabinet Makers. They are worthe young men and good workmen, and should be en We wish them success

Landell; [Jao, L. Pomeroy; Baylass, Barby & Linn; N Spencer Thomas, and others, in this weeks paper. THE STUDENT AND SCOREMANTE IS the title of a near

onthly published by N. A. Calkins & Co. 348 Broadway New York It is an excellent work, and will be sure t interest the reader. Will the publisher please send us the

We tender our acknowledgements to llon. Richard Brodhead, of the United States Senate, and to David Taggart, Esq.,

THE ENLISTMENT QUESTION .- It is rather a curious fact that Mr. Roebuck, a membertof the House of Commons, should be much better informed of the enlistment ques-

injuries must ensue. Roebuck states the facts precisely as they exist, and argues forcibly against the attempt to violate the laws of the United States .-

The papers by the America arrived last evening. There is not much to add to pre-vious advices. The English papers are busy had been stopped as soon as it was objectiondiscussing the designs of the "ambitious Mr. Pierce," in provoking a war. Some of them able to the United States, and that it has not been repeated. Yet Mr Marcy's last documant proves that by far the greatest number some real ground for complaint by the Uni-

of objectionable acts hadbeen committed by ted States Government. The Liverpool Times says : British officers long after this Government had, in the most emphatic manner, reprobated the recruiting till the end of July, the Bri. tish government having been apprised of the

strangely in the dark respecting important reference to the war, but merely to the inter-nal arrangements of the Turks. facts in this question, which Mr. Marcy's last despatch will tend very matially to dispel. be more absurd; but for this act of folly Lord despatch will tend very matially to dispel.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,) Philadelphia March 4, 1855.

the American party for the nomination of candidates for President and Vice President, there has been more quiet in the political world, at least in this city. I observe how. which Lord Palmerston had promised to ever, that ratification meetings have been produce is printed, we shall then know the

Brownlow, of Tennessee, after the nomina- But, if it he true, as we have seen it stated, tion of Major Donelson for Vice President

PESNAVLYANIA LEGISLATURE. HARRISBURG, Feb. 29, 1856.

SENATE.-Mr. Taggart, from the Judici-ary Committee, reported a bill to abolish the Western District of the Supreme Court. Mr. Wilkins, from the same committee, meeting. Present, Messrs. Rockefeller, Co. vert, Beck, Clark, Smith, Beard and Hass. resented quite an amusing document as an

Mr. Taggart read in place a bill to incor-porate the Chulaskey Iron Company. The bill to incorporate the Bank of Craw-ford County passed finally—yeas 17, nays 9. The bill to incorporate the Central Bank of Demandranic at Hollidesthurg also The committee on Form of Lease not be-

of Pennsylvania, at Hollidaysburg, also The bill to abolish the Northern District asked to be continued, which, on motion of J

Covert, was granted. The following preamble and resolution was then offered by Mr. Beard, and unanimously

HOUSE .--- The Speaker presented the an-nal statement of the Minehill and Schuyladopted : kill Railroad Company; also, the annual re-port of the Norristown Insurance and Water turbing the peace of the community, by shouting and behaving in a disorderly man-The bill relative to Justices of the Peace

and Aldermen was reported negatively. The following bills were considered and per, therefore Resolved, That the Ordinance passed July negatived :-- Relative to the purchase of the

annual report of the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society; relative to attachments; a bill relative to cemeteries; a bill council.*

relative to the collection of fees. The bill relative to Sheriffs passed Committee of the Whole, and was laid over. The bill relative to the recording of deeds executed in bar of estates tail, passed finally. The bill for the more speedy cuncellation of the relief issues of the State was debated

the same.

at length and negatived-yeas 30, nays 58. persons with whom it was agreed that a lease of the river bank should be granted them. HARRISBURG, March 1, 1856. SENATE .- The Speaker presented a memory rial from members of the Bar of the City of Philadelphia, in favor of an increase of the

Messrs. Crabb and McClinktock presented emonstrances against a City Passenger

thrown up in the centre, about 5 feet kigh, Bill Reported Favorably .--- To extend the charter of the Philadelphia Bank ; to inwith a road on each side, just wide enough corporate the Downintown Bank; supplement for a track. Finding that things were not to the Germantown Savings Fund ; to incormuch better, they are now at work, hauling porate the Union Bank of Philadelphia; to it into the Delaware. The ice freshets have alter the Lewistown Savings Institution into a bank of issue ; to incorporate the Straudsdone immense damages at St. Louis and Cinburg Gas Company; to consolidate the Tre-verton and Susquehanna and Mahanoy and cinnati, and should the ice on the Susquehanna go off suddenly by a freshet, serious Shamokin Improvement Companies ; relative to the claim of the Montour Iron Company ; provide for the collection of taxes for licenses

Salaries of the Law Judges.

dverse report.

Companies.

Adjourned.

Railroad.

passed-yeas 21, nays 11.

Philadelphia. Reported Negatively .--- To incorporate the Phonixville Bank; to annex Phonixville

county; to repeal the act erecting Snyder The bill to abolish the Northern District of the Supreme Court was called up. Mr. Wilkins made a speech in its favor, when it begin to have an inkling that the boot is on the other leg, and possibly there may be was postponed, at the request of Mr. Tag-

House Resolutions Adopted .-- That the House will meet on Monday, at 10 A. M.; Mr. Bright, in his speech last week to the that when the House adjourns on Monday, it Manchester Chamber of Commerce, dwelt upon the stupidity of our government at-tempting to enlist soldiers at a shilling a day will meet on Thursday, at 9 A. M.; that the Select Committee on the Liquor Question have power to order to be printed the Senate in a country where the price of manual labor amendments to the House bill to repeal the is four shillings, and Mr. Cobden the other Restraining Liquor Law, with the amend-ments of the said Committee ; that the use evening in the House of Commons reiterated of the hall be granted on Tuesday or Wednesday next, to the Democratic State Con-Palmerston may thank Mr. Crampton, and if we are dragged into a war with America through the blundering of our Minister at vention, and to the Union Convention on the 26th and 27th inst. . that the private calendar be made the order for Thursday next. Washington, it will be one of the most in-

Mr. Mumma moved that the House go into glorious conflicts in which our arms have ever been engaged. We fear that Mr. Crampton Committee of the Whole, to add to the sec. ond section an amendment, that the Dauphin is not a very prudent man, as no one with and Susquehanna Coal Company, and the due reflection would have countenanced such Northern Central Railway Company, shall a policy, which commenced in ridicule, and is in a fair way of terminating in blood. have the right to run their engines and cars When the whole of the cerrespondence over the said railroad, at the same rates of toll charged the Pennsylvania Railroad Com pany on the Harrisburg and Lancaster Ruilroad, and that said extension from Harrispart which Mr. Crampton played, according burg to Dauphin shall be subject to the same to his own showing, in this enlistment folly. tonnage tax now paid by the said Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad Company-which

passed finally-yeas 40, nays 36.

then adjourned till 3 o'clock.

The Democratic State Convertion

Letter from Mr. Crampton

Schools.

PROCEEDINGS OF BOROUGH COUNCIL. COUNCIL CHANNER, J SUNBURT, March 4, 1856.

Council met, it being the stated night

The minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

ing present ; on motion of J. Haas, it was Resolved. That the Chief Burgess be directed to prepare a form, and have 100 copies printed by the next meeting. The committee to investigate the accounts

of J. H. Zimmerman, late Chief Burgess,

of the Supreme Court was ordered to be transcribed-yeas 16, nays 15.

WHEREAS complaints have been made that a number of boys have been in the habit of assembling in the streets at night, and dis-

17th, 1844, be put in force, and that said or-dinance be published in the proceedings of On motion, Resolved, That the High Con-

stable be directed to make or cause to be made information before a Justice of the Peace, against all persons having coal ashes in the public streets of the Borough, who were duly notified by the Burgess to remove

On motion of J. Hans, Resolved, That all

are hereby notified that unless they appear before the council on Saturday, the 15th of March, inst., and enter into a written lease, according to the understanding of the parties, all such agreements, and the ordinances relating thereto, will be at that time revoked, and

leases granted to other parties. On motion, Resolved, That the Chief Bur-

gess be authorized to place in the hands of Ira T. Clement, J. W. Friling, P. W. Gray. John Young, E. Y. Bright, Weiser & Bruner, the pamphlet laws of the borough, and take a receipt for the number received by them, who are hereby authorized to sell the same at the sum of twenty-five cents per copy-and account for the number sold, to the bor. ough.

On motion, Resolved, That the borough Assessors be authorized to levy a borough tax of \$650, to pay the borough orders now afloat, and the interest due William I. Gree-

nough and Wm. L. Dewart on their judgments-said Assessors to adopt the last triennial assessment of county rates as a basis for'levying the same. The duplicates to be placed in the hands of John G. Fry. sr., for collection, who shall give bail for the true performance of his duty, to be approved of by

the council at their next meeting. On motion adjourned until the 15th of March, inst. EM'L WILVERT, Clerk.

* Be it enacted by the Chief Burgess, Bu. resses and Common Council of the Borough of stuffs, Paints, Oils, Colors, White Lead, French Sunbury. That if three or more boys shall be found together in the streets or alleys of the Glasswares, Varnisher, Brushes, Instruments, borough, after nine o'clock in the evening, or at any time previous, shouting and making a ticles usually kept by Druggists, including Bonoise or trespassing upon other peoples' pro-perty, or otherwise behaving in a rude and riotous or disorderly manner. disturbing the to. Country Merchants are invited to call and peace of the citizens, it shall be the duty of stamine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. the High Constable to arrest such offenders Goods sent to any of the Wharves or Railroad and convey them before a Justice of the stations. Prices low and goods warranted. Peace, to be dealt with according to law,

and every such person or persons offending shall upon conviction of every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of one dollar to be recovered with costs of suit, before any Justice of the Peace of said borough, one half to be paid to the person who shall give the infor-mation, and the other to the Chief Burgess Respectfully announce that they have taken the for the use of the borough. and for non pay-ment of said fine and costs, and want of suffi-they are prepared to manufacture all kinds of

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

N pursuance of an alias order of the Or hans' Court of Northumberland County will be exposed to public sale by the undersigned Administrators of Joseph T. Mather, late of the city of Philadelphia, dec'd., on FRIDAY the 4th day of April, next, at the public house cl Wm. M. Weaver, in the town of Shamokin, Northumberland county, the following described real estate to wit :

A CERTAIN TRACT OF LAND.

Situate in Coal township, Northumberland county aforesaid, surveyed upon the 3d day of December, 1785, in pursuance of a warrant granted to Thomas Hamilton, adjoining lands surveyed in the names, respectively, of Mar. iin Gass, Wm. P. Brady, John Boyd, Wm. Wilson, John Cook and Richard Lake, containing by resurvey made by Kimber Cleaver, Sept. 15, 1855, 436 acres and 86 perches, strict mensure. Late the estate of the said Joseph T. Mather, dec'd. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock,

A. M. of said day, when the terms will be made known by. ANN W. MATHER, Adm's.

By order of the Court, C. Boyd Purse, Clk. O. C. March 8, 1856.

N. B. The above truct of land lies in the valley between the "Little" and "Big" moun-tains, upon tributaries of the Shamokin Creek. about equi-distant from the two flourishing towns of Shamokin and Treverton. It is all exceedingly well timbered with white and Chestnut Oak, white and yellow Pine, Chestnut, Hickory and Poplar; and a portion, large enough to make two good farms, is susceptible of cultivation.

NOTICE-

I hereby give notice that I have purchased at constable sale the property of Benj. B. Conrad, in Lower Augusta township, Northumberland Co., the following property to wit: one Stove, Bedstead and Bedding, 6 chairs, one rocking chair and one cradle and have loaned the said property to B. B. Conrad until 1 see proper to remove it.

HENRY B. CONRAD. Sunbury, March 8, 1856 .- 3t.

1856

SPRING STOCK OF NEW GOODS.

new style spring Shawls, dress goods do., Linens of strong fabric, Muslins of best long

cloths, staple housekeeping goods, Mens wear

of all the new styles. EYRE & LANDELL. 4th and Arch Streets, Philadelphia.

P. S.—Storekeepers, Families and all Good Nett Cash Buyers are respectfully invi-

ted to examine this stock of New Goods be-

fore purchasing, as we prefer selling low, and

selling the more goods. Sterekeepersimay often find great jobs from

Auction, as we attend the Auction sales of

New Wholesale Drug Store.

N. SPENCER THOMAS.

No. 26 South, Second Street, Philadelphia.

MPCRTER, Manufacturer and Dealer, in

and American White Zinc, Window Gisss,

Ground Spices, Whole Spices, and all other ar-

"AID AND COMFORT."

1. Your Own Mechanics.

Wilkinson & Renn.

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Acids, Dys.

New York and Philadelphia,

Phila., March 8, 1856.- 3m.

Fashionable Silks, full line of black Silks,

it, and 3dly. That he was supported in his evasion by the Government of Nova Scotia undiminished. and the Governor General of Canada, and nrged to it by the Home Government, Under these circumstances, Mr. Hoebuck contended that the Government of the United States were justified in requiring the recall of Mr. Crampton, and that the apology which the British Government had tendered was a delusion upon the House and the country. He, therefore, called first for a specific an-swer to this question :-"What instructions were given to Mr. Crampton ?" Next, for an expression of opinion on the part of the House that they were no parties to this violation of the laws of the United States. Mr. Hadfield seconded the motion.

Lord Palmeraton replied, defending the Sovernment, and stating that the correspondentes would be produced as soon as the last despatch from the American Government had been answored.

Lord Palmerston then launched into a fierce invective against Mr. Roebuck, whom he styled the mouthpiece of the calumnics ly feel than he did the calamities which would arise from a conflict between the British nation and the United States. These were the sentiments of all the people of this country, but it was one thing to entertain a friendly sentiment towards a kindred people and another to entertain our feeling of respect. It was incumbent upon those who were charged with the public interest to cultivate both these sentiments, for the both tweets of peace were equally great on both sides of the Atlantic, and the calamities reached on the 1st of January. The cold reached on the 1st of January. The cold ment had to consider was the justice of the cause, and what was befitting the honor and dignity of the country. He was persuaded that this feeling was reciprocated on both sides of the Atlantic, whatever might be said in popular speeches in America, and notwithstanding such ebulitions as the House

had just heard, which savored of anything but a tendeury to conciliate differences, he was persuaded there was such right feeling in the people of the United States that they valued the friendship of the people of this great Empire, and t at the interests of both were inseparably bound up with the continusuce of friendly relations.

He could not, under such circumstances, porsuade himself that these matters of difference, when they came to be laid before the Congress of the United States, as they would be before the Parliament of Great Britain, would not receive the calm, dispassionate and ensonable consideration which was essential an amicable settlement, and which, he trusted, would prevent any intemperate individuals, on either side, from attempting to plunge the two countries in the calamities of

war." [Loud Cheers.] The Cuancellor of the Exchequer has notified expitalists to meet Mr. Palmerston on Monday, the 8th, to hear the and himsel. proposed terms of a new loan, which it is copposed will amount to \$20,000,000 (\$100,-

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speech, and says England will not give up ers have built a dam across the Chemung the smallest of her rights to mere American river, in order to turn its waters into Checlamor. Odr Liverpool correspondent gives from private sources, but does not guaranty the statement, that the Dorby party and the Gladstone party had each held a secret mecting as to the course to be pursued respecting A merican difficulties. The Derbyites deciand to support Palmerston "to rescue Eng-These were the actual word, as reported. The Gladstene party decided to take every pre-caution to shun a supture with the United

dence in the establishment of peace continues Lord Clarendon had a private interview with the Emperor Napoleon immediately upon his arrival at Parts.

The Baltic arrived on Tuesday at New

The Duke of Norfolk is dead.

in admitted.

200 prisoners.

An article in the Assemblee Nationale touching the defensive works being constructed at Portsmouth, England, has elicited some remark, and is looked upon as an exhi bition of French jealousy.

THE AMERICAN QTESTION.

of the debate on American affairs which eccurred in the House of Commons on the 15th ult., upon Mr. Roebuck's call of the attention of the House to that subject.

The Fugitive Slaves at Cincinnati-

In the case of the fugitive slaves held in custody by the Sheriff of this county, under an indictment for murder, the Commissioner decided that they should be given up to the U. S. Marshal, and by him returned to their owners. The Commissioner also decided that the proper manner for the State of Ohio to bring thein to justice, would be by a requisition upon the Governor of Rentacky. All the slaves were therefore given up by the Sheriff and conveyed across the river, which was done without disturbance or opposition.

From Salt Lake and Kansas

The Salt Lake mail for December reached Independence, Missouri, the 25th ult. The

ney and Laramie could with difficulty be protected from it.

Dates have been received from Kansas to the 29th ult. The Kickapoo Rangers had commenced preparations for driving the Free State acttlers from their claims-so reported.

THE SNOW IN SCHUTLKILL COUNTY .- The low in the woods on our mountains (says the Pottsville Journal) ranges from 12 to 18 inthes in depth. The thaw which commenced ast week, checked, and we had an additional fail of snow during the week, to the depth of about three inches, covering again the tops of the surrounding hills, which were becoming bare of snow Unless a sudden change in the weather takes place, there is but little prospect of the canal opening much before the first of April, even if we should escape a freshet in the Sckuylkill. The depth of snow is to be greater below, on the line of canal, than it is in Schuylkill county.

PURLOISTNG & RIVER .--- There is a little

controversy springing up between New York and Pennsylvania, in relation to the Chemung river. That river rises in Northern Pen asylvania, flows northward into the State of New York, and then, turning southward flows backward into our state, and empties into the north branch of the Susquehanna The London Times reviews Mr. Seward's river. Near Corning, N. Y., the New York. river, in order to turn its waters into Chenung canal. That canal extends to the Sences lake, and discharges its waters there -The outlet of the Seneca lake is into Laks Ontario. So that the water thus taken out of the Chemung river is pever restored to it, so that, when it returns into this state, its

volume is greatly reduced as a feeder of the Susquehauna river, and our public improve-ments are injured. Our state government has taken this matter in hand, and quite a difficulty may arise out of it .- Meadeille (Pa)

the law. 2d. That he took means to evade to open on the twenty second. The confi. alluded to him as the "greasy Tennesean," a sobriquet which will be applied, and no doubt, stick to him, as long as he is known, or his last-named place, we can only say that his name is before the public, and will become as

much of a by-word as the "hasty plate of the proceedings of the ratification meeting in that city, in which Major Donelson appeared and defined his position. The Major, at the time Mr. Fillmore occupied the Presidential The London papers give very full reports chair, was the editor of the Washington

Union, and of course, said some hard things against the President. In his speech he refors to this first, and says that "bye gones are by gones." That the principles of the party were prospective, not retrospective. Since the election of Speaker, matters in Congress have progressed smoothly and quietly. Laying aside politics, perhaps no man in that body possessed as many of the

requisites necessary for that position as Mr. Banks. He is a self-made man, and not many years since was a laborer in one of the legislature, and in the first session, ranked as one of the ablest and most eloquent debators

in that body. He was afterwards elected since was sent to Congress. Senator Benton, it is said, stated two years ago, that he was dostined to leave his mark. As a statesman and an officer, he is remarkable for his calm. cool and dignified self possession. As a gen-

tleman, his character is unblemished, and without reproach. Most of these facts I learned from a neighbor who is opposed to him in politics. In the hands of such men whose voice is still for war." But he has lost the country will never suffer, whatever their influence by his obstinacy. The Northern Bee, which subsists by the political predilictions may be.

The late arrivals from England exhibit a The late arrivals from Englahd exhibit a an article on the expected peace. The fol-more pacific character, and the excitement lowing is an extract : -- "If God grant us consequent upon an expected rupture with England has partially died away. When the whole correspondence is published in England, the trickery and prevarication of the another almost like the wind. All this can British Ministry will be made apparent to all and will be done, but we must make the reflecting men there, as well as in this coun.

There was quite a fiare-up among the Judges of the Supreme Court, a few weeks since, in this city, on the occasion of Judge Black reading a dissenting opinion in the case

of Hole vs. Rittenhouse. This was an ejectment case from Columbia county, in which the court over-ruled the principles laid down in 5th Bair, in the case of Waggoner vs-Hastings, on the subject of the statute of limitations. Chief Justice Lewis had delivered the opinion of the majority of the court. Judge Black in his dissenting opinion, thus expresses himself in regard to the judgment of the court :

"The judgment now about to be given is one of "death's doings." No one can doubt that if Judge Gibson and Judge Coulter had lived, the plaintiff could not have been thus deprived of his property; and thousauds of other men would have been saved from the

rights has died with them. It is a melancholy them.

otia to was discussed until adjournment, to Monday promote the enlistment, and arranged a teleat 10 o'clock. graphic cipher for secretly carrying on the

correspondence which the Governor of the

indiscretion ought to have induced the British government to recall him without waiting for a demand of the kind to proceed from the soup" expression of General Scott. The head of the American government. He New York Herald contains a full report of ought to have known better than to act in this way, and a man who has resided so long in America, and evinced such ignorance of the national character as not to have auticipated the outburst which conduct like this was certain to provoke, is clearly unfit for the high duties confided to his hands.

reflection that the property of a citizen should be held by a tenure so frail. But "new lords, new laws," is the order of the day. Hereaf-ter if any man is offered a title which the Su-preme Court has decided to be good, let him not buy, if the Judges who made the decision are dead; if they are living let him get an insurance on their lives, for ye know not what a day or an hour may bring forth, "The majority of this court changes, on the average, once every mine years, without

the average, once every nine years, without counting the chances of death and resigna-

tion. If each new set of Judges shall con-

sider themselves at liberty to overthrow the

doctrines of their predecessors, our system of

jurisprudence (if system it may be called) would be the most fickle, uncertain and vi-

cious that the civilized world ever saw. A

French constitution, or a South American

republic, or a Mexican administration, would

be an immortal thing in comparison to the short-lived principles of Pennsylvania law.--

would stand by their decisions, because they

have passed into the laws and become a part

of it-have been relied and acted on-and

rights have grown up under them which it is

The language of the learned Judge is cer-

tainly anything but complimentary to his as-

sociates on the Bench. Perhaps the diges.

tive organs of the Judge had been disturbed

by ill humor, in consequence of their "annual

pilgrimage to Sunbury," when the case was

argued, thus destroying the harmony that

should reign supreme in our court of last re-

The streets in the city are still in a very

bad condition. In Chestnut street the ice was

THE AMERICA'S MAILS

unjust and cruel to take away."

sort.

FRANCE. On the 14th the Bank of France rescinded

the measure reducing to 75 days the maximum of bills handed for discount, and reand other law Judges. solved to re-commence taking commercial ted and directed to be printed.

paper of 90 days' date. The Paris correspondent of the Times, in a letter dated Monday evening says: "That portion of the French press which assumes to represent the Democratic party, has been always in favor of the war, and would see with regret the approaching of its termination. It always scouted the idea that the war could long be limited to a certain spot; and its prediction that it would become gencotton mills in Massachusetts. As soon as eral all over Europe, was but the echo of its his merits were discovered, he was sent to the desires. The parties whose opinions it thus

expresses, care less for the protection of Turkey or the limitation of the aggressive policy of Russia, than they do for the realization of their own designs; and those despeaker of the House-and about three years signs tend to a convulsion in continental Europe as affording the best, if not the only chances of the establishment of the institutions of their predilection.

RUSSIA.

A letter from St. Petersburg of the 27th, states the general disposition of the court and people for peace-the Grand Duke Conmittee on Education. stantine not excepted. The only notable exception is Prince Alexander Mentschikoff, whose diplomacy commenced the contest, and

vention is in session a body of great intelli-gence and unanimity. Mr. Buchanan was nominated by acclamation, the Dallas men all going for him. The resolutions offered by a former Cass man in favor of sending a united special favor of the Russian Court, puts forth Buchanan, delegation, was adopted with cheers. The Keystone State is in earnest .peace, we shall take advantage of it to pro-vide Russia with railways. What a delight Strict State rights Nebraska resolutions will be adopted. Hon. Jao. E. Dawson, a deveit will be when our brave troops and the muted friend of Gen. Cass is a leading man nitions of war can be taken from one spot to the great State of Pennsylvania. ginning. Private individuals are already permitted to construct roads, and that is all

we want. The good North Americans will cordially assist in supplying us with skillful engineers and machinery.

CT DEMOCRATIC NONINATIONS .- The Demperatic State Convention have nominated George Scott of Columbia county for Canal Commissioner, Jacob Fry, of Montgomery, for Auditor General, and Timothy Ives, of Potter, for Surveyor General. The ticket is a first rate one and will secure the unanimous vote of the Democracy, and of course will be elected.

The Convention passed strong resolutions in favor of the Union and State Rights, deprecating slavery agitation, endorsing the Nebraska bill, applauding the administration of President Pierce, denouncing Know-Nothingism and all other heresies, and complimenting Mr. Buchanan.

indiminent danger to which they are now ex-posed of losing the homes they have labored and paid for. But they are dead; and the law which should have protected those sacred of four or five new hanks. That settles

having obtained a warrant from a Justice of the Peace for that purpose, to commit the HARRISHURG, March 3.

offender to the common prison, there to re-main for the space of 48 hours at hard labor, SENATE .--- A supplement to the act relative o the manufacture of iron with coke or minif said fine and costs be not sooner paid. eral coal, was read in place, and also a sup

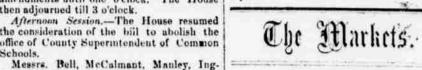
lement to the general manufacturing law, STRAIGHTENING BENT SHAFTS .--- A COTTES The following bills were considered and condect of the Scientific American says that passed : A bill relative to the Cstawissa, whenever he failed to straighten a bent shaft Williamsport and Erie Railroad ; relative to with heavy blows from a sledge hammer, he the Williamsport and Elmira Bailread ; relasucceeds with lighter taps with a small hamtive to party walls ; to incorporate the Chesmer on the concave side. nut Grove Association of Delaware county. House .- The Speaker presented a petition

for the repeal of the Restraining Liquor KANSAS .- Intelligence from Kansas to the Law, and the memorial of the members of 29th ult., states that the Kicapoo Rangers the Philadelphia Bar for an increase of the had commenced making preparations to drive salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court the Free-State men from their claims.

The general appropriation bill was repor DEATHS. The bill to repeal the 3d soction of the act

neorporating the State Agricultural Society In Northumberland, on the 28th ult., Miss EMILY JANE SAUNER, in the 17th year The further consideration of the joint resolution relative to a final adjournment was of her age.

postponed for the present-yeas 39, nays 37. In Selinsgrove on the 1st inst MARY The bill to abolish the office of County NN, infant daughter of A. C. and Amelia Superintendent of Common Schools, was H. Simpson, aged 1 year 4 months and 27 then taken up and debated upon various days. amendments until one o'clock. The House



nam, McComo, Wright of Luzerue and Philadelphia Market. others spoke in opposition to the bill, and February 27, 1658. Messrs. Laporte, Hill, Scott and others supported it, when, finally, by a vote of yeas GRAIN .--- Wheat-prices are entirely nomi nal-\$1 55 a 1 70 is offered for good red, and 15, nays 36, it was recommitted to the Com-\$1 70 a 1 85 for good white. Rye is dull sales in store at \$1. Corn is in better de mand; sales of new yellow at 55 a 60c .-- Oats ard dull at 39a40c per bu. The Pennsylvania Democratic State Con-Whiskey is held firmly-barrels at 29a30c.

and hhds, at 27 cents. SUNBURY PRICE CURRENT WHRAT. RTR. Cons. OATS. POTATOES, 85 BIRSWAR . HECKLED FLAS. BUTTER. Euns. Mr. Crampton has written a note to the Poss. editors of the National Intelligencer, stating FLATSEED. TALLOW. that he was not instructed by Lord Claren-10 don to submit a proposition for arbitration on the Central American question, but only to New Advertisements. inform Mr. Marcy that such a proposal had been made to Mr. Buchanan. Premium Improved SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME. SF FROM BUENOS AVRES .--- By way of England we have late dates from Buenos THE ONLY SILVER MEDAL. Ayres. Flores had again invaded the coun. Yet awarded by Agricultural Societies was given to this Superior Article, at the last Pennsylvania try. He landed at Las Piedras, with four or State Fair, at Harrisburg, as a fertilizer of the best quality for Wheat, Coro, Oats, Grass and Potatoes, Raising heavy crops, and greatly im-

proving the soil. The subscriber respectfully informs farmers and dealers that he is prepared to supply the Spring demand at the old price. ant allowed. ALSO .- No 1 Peruvian and Mexican'Guane.

Poudrette and Land Plaster. Oils, Candles. Soap, &c., of the best quality, at lowest market rales. JNO. L. POMEROY,

9 and 10 South Wharves, below Market Street PHILADELPHIA.

Farmers can load on two private alleys, and avoid the crowded Wharf. March 8. 1856.-3mc.

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS shall be the duty of the High Constable. Of the most Fashionable Style.

March 8, 1856 .- 1v

THE subscribers respectfully call the attention of the public to their large and splendid asser iment of every quality and price of

CABINET-WARE

which cannot fail to recommend itself to every out who will examine it, on account of its durable workmanship and splendid finish, made up of the hest stock to be had in the city. No effort is apared in the manufacture of their ware, and the subscribers are determined to keep up with the many improvements which are constantly being maile .--- Their stock consists of Mahogany

Sofas, Divans and Leunge

Bureaus, Secretaries, Sideboards, BOFA, BREAKFAST AND DINING TABLE

and also VENETIAN BLINDS, equal to Phila-

delphis manufacture. BEDSTEADS, of every pattern and price. CUPBOARDS, WORK AND CANDLE. STANDS, TOILET TABLES AND

EXTENSION TABLES,

In short, every article in this line of their husiness. They also manufacture all kinds and qualities

CHAIRS.

ncluding varieties never before to be had in Sunbury, such as MANGEANT, BLACK WALNUT AND CURLED MAPLE GRECIAN; AND WINDSON CHAIRS, AND PANCE PLANO STOOLS, which are of the latest styles, and warranted to be excelled by none manufactured in the Cities or elsewhere. The subscribers are determined that there shall he no excuse for persons to purchase furniture in the cities, as every confidence can be entertained about the quality and finish of their ware and Chairs.

Their articles will be disposed of on as good terms as they can be purchased elsewhere. Country Produce taken in payment for work.

IF UNDERTAKING. - Having provided themselves with a handsome HEARER, they are new prepared for Undertaking, and attending funerals, in this vicinity, or at any convenient dis-

tance from this place. The Ware Roum is in Fawn Street, be-

low Weaver's Hetel. WILKINSON & RENN.

Bunbury, March 8, 1850 .- tf.

Pennsylvania Wire Works. No. 56 Arch Street between Second and Thirds

(Opposite Broad Street.)

PHILADELPHIA, Sieves, Riddles, Screens, Waven Wire of all meshes and widths, with all kinds of plain and fancy Wire Work.

Heavy twilled Wire for Spark Catchere; Con! Sand and Gravel Screens ; Paper Maker's Wire . Cylinder and Dandy Rolls covered in the best

nanner ; Wire and Wire Fencing. A very superior article of HEAVY FOUN-DERS SIEVES. All kinds of Iron Wire and

Sieves. BAYLISS, DARBY & LINN. -Phila., March 8, 1856 .- 3m c

Justice of the Peace.

To the Electors of the Borough of Sunbury, FRILOW CITIZENS :--- I beg leave to offer my-self as a Candidate for the Office of JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

at the ensuing election, Should it be your good pleasure to elect me, I shall endeavor to discharge the duties that will devolve upon me with fidelty and impartiality. ISAAC W. TENER.

March 1, 1856 .- 31

FOR SALE,

A Second hand BUGGY-cheap. Apply to CHARLES PLEASANTS. Sunbury, March 1, 1856.- 41

LAND WARRANTS .- The highest price will be given for Land Warrants by the sub-scribes, H. B MASSER.

15

The Canal Commissioners, having asked an appropriation of \$190,000 to the Portage Railroad company, have offered to carry all the canal freights from Jonnstown to Holli-dayabutg for \$155,000, during the coming season of canal navigation.

five other chiefs, and on Christman day arrived at Arroyo del Medio, the boundary line between Santa Fe and Buenos Ayres. Af. ter halting here some time and measuring the force they would have to encounter, the party leaders suddenly broke up and dispersed. Flores shaping his course South, in the direc-

tion of Pergamino.