The Sunbury American.

NEW SERIES, VOL. 8, NO. 42.

SUNBURY, NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY, PA.-SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1856.

OLD SERIES, VOL. 16. NO. 16

The Sunbury American,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY H. B. MASSER, Market Square, Sunbury, Penna.

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H. B. MASSER, ATTORNEY AT LAW SUNBURY, PA. Business attended to in the Counties of Nor

humberland, Union, Lycoming Montour and References in Philadelphia: Chos, Gibleon, Esq. Linn, Smith & Co. Hon. Job R. Tyson, Somers & Sun Igraes,

WHITE ASH ANTHRACITE COAL FROM THE LANCASTER COLLIERY, Northumberland county, Pa., WHERE we have very extensive maprove-

VY ments, and are prepared to offer to the oblic a very superior article, particularly suited or the manufacture of Iron and making Steam. Jur sizes of Cool are:

LUMP, } for Smelting purposes. STEAMBOAT, > for do. and Steamboat BROKEN, for Family use and Steam. STOVE,

NUT, I for Limeburners and Steam. Our point of Shipping is Sunbury, where aragements are made to load boats without say

COCHRAN, PEALE & CO. J. J. Cocanax, Lancaster. C. W. PEALE, Shamokin. BENJ. REINHOLD, Lancaster. A. BAUNGARDNER, do. Orders addressed to Shamekin or Surbury. il receive prompt attention. Peb. 10, 1855.—1y

P. M. SHINDEL, W. C.

Sunbury Oct. 20, 1855. O. OF U. A. M. UNBURY COUNCIL, No. 30, O. of U. A. M. meets every Traspar evening in the terican Hall, opposite E. Y. Bright's store, rket street, Sunbury, Pa. Members of the er are respectfully requested to untend. P. M. SHINDEL, C.

. Hooven, R. S. Sanbary, Oct. 20, 1855.

ACELSOIR EATING NALOGN! CHARLEND WESTERON 1AS taken the Saloon formerly occupied

by Wharton & Fisher. In Market Square, Sunbury, are he will be happy to dispense to his nds and the eating public generally, all the eacies of the season, including Oysters fresh spiced. The bill of fare will include subtials and delicacies, calculated to satisfy those are hangry, and those who desire merely to e their palates tickled. It will be open at all rs of the day, and all reasonable hours of the Give us a call and taste for yourselves. Families and parties supplied on short

unbury, Sept. 22, 1835 .-

LEATHER. RITZ, MENDRY & Co. 5, 29 North Third Street, Philadelphia, OROCCO Manufacturers, Curriers and Im porters of FRENCH CALF-SKINS, and

es in Red and Oak SOLE LEATHER & b. 17, 1855 .- w ly

F. H. SMITH, ORT MONNAIE, POCKET BOOK, Pressing Case Manufacturer, N. W. cor. of Fourth & Chestant Sts.,

PHILADELPHIA. ivs on hand a large and varied assortment of Work Boxes. ert Monnaies. Cabas. wket Books. Traveling Bags, orkers Cases. Backgammon Boards, ne Holders, Chess Men. ert Police. rtable Desks. essing Cases. Pocket Memorandum Books. so, a general assortment of English, French terman Fancy Goods, Fine Pocket Cutlery es, Razar Strops and Gold Pens. lesale, Second and Third Floors.

F. H. SMITH. cor. Fourth & Chestnut Sts., Philada. B .- On the receipt of \$1, a Superior Gold vill be sent to any pact of the United States, sit; -- describing pen, thus, medium, hard,

ila., March 31, 1855 .- ply.

DANVILLE HOTEL. JOHN DEEN, JR., Market Street, Dansille, Pa,

IS is one of the largest and most comm ious hotels in the interior of Penusylvania. seen recently fitted up, in excellent style, Il the modern conveniences. ville, Sept. 22, 1855 .--

PARMERS TAKE NOTICE. t bushels Flaxsced wanted immediately a Cheap Store of E. Y. Bright, for which hest market price will be paid. bury, October 6, 1855 .--- If

WWIANA ..

Select Boetry.

From the London Athermum. MY PHILOSOPHY.

Bright things can never die E'en though they fade ; Beauty and minstrels

Deathless were made; What thought the summer day Passes at eve away. Doth not the moon's soft ray Silence the night? Bright things can never die, Saith my pillos phy; Phœbus, though he pass by, Leaves us the light.

Kind words can never die, Cherished and blest; God knows how deep they lie, Stored in the breast, Like childhood's simple rhymes. Said o'er a thousand times, Aye, in all years and climes, Distant and near. Kind words can never die, Suith my philosophy; Deep in the soul they lie, God knows how dear.

Childhood can never die-Wrecks of the past Float on the memory E'en to the last. Many a happy thing, Many a daisied spring, Flow on time's ceaseless wing. Far, far away; Childhood can never die, Saith my philosophy; Wrecks of our infancy, Live on for aye.

Sweet fancies never die, They leave behind Some fair legacy, Stored in the mind— Some happy thought or dream, I'ure as day's earliest beam, Kissing the gentle stream, In the lone glade, Yet though these things pass by, Saith my philosophy, Bright things can never die, E'en though they fade,

Cobernor's Message.

Abstract of the Message.

the treasury by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and other railroad companies, as the tax on tonnage passing over their roads.

the general operation of the system.

There has been a large increase in the bu-sine-s and tonnage of the Columbia railroad, and a corresponding increase in the receipts The operations of this road, for the past year, have been highly satisfactory. The operations of that part of the main line rom the Junction to Pittsburg, including Pertage ra'lroad, do not present so favorable a result. The receipts have greatly dimindinary expenditures. The revenues from the main line do not equal the receipts of the supported by the public authority and means; previous years. The causes of this reduction and it is no less remarkable, and still more referred to and enumerated. It is but just to add, that the expenditures on this line have been much diminished by the avoidance of some of the inclined planes on the Portage

I regret to inform you that the milroad to avoid the inclined planes on the Alleghany mountain has not been completed, as was confidently anticipated. The delay in the In the communication of knowledge, to be completion of this work has occasioned much effective, mind, in sympathetic contact, must inconvenience to the business of the main act upon mind, and with fiving, speaking enline, and a loss to the revenues of the Commonwealth. The expenditures have largely Master himself thus trained the school which exceeded the original estimates for its construction; and although the sum of \$277,-730 00 was appropriated at the last session of gineer-yet after the expenditure of the whole amount thus appropriated, the road is unfinisted; and to complete it, and pay the debts contracted, the further sum of \$177.57366. as now estimated by the engineer, will be recarelessly made, or large sums of money uselessly and extravagantly expended in the prosecution of this improvement. As aiding the burings of the main line, reducing still forther its expenditures and relieving the Treasury from these constant demands, the on uncement of its early completion will be hailed with pleasure by every citizen.

Asthough the completion of the North Granch canal, before the close of navigation, the past year, to complete and put in success ful operation this canal, deserves the highest ommendation. Everything that skill, enersy, and industry could accomplish, has been one. The labor to be performed was great, and rendered more difficult and perplexing by the imperfect and fraudulent construction of the old work and some portion of the new. The large quantity of rocks, trees, stumps. and roots placed in the bottom of the canal, and the defective material used in the embankments, suffered the water to escape alindispensibly necessary. Its successful completion, it is hoped, will soon be announced. It will appear by the report of the Committee of Ways and Means made to the House of Representatives in 1849, that the entire amount necessary to complete and put in op-eretion the unfinished portions of this canal, was estimated at the sum of \$1,106,037 00. The amount actually expended on the work since that period, as appears from the reports of the Superintendent. Engineer, and Canal Commissioners, is \$1.857.377 52, being an escess of expenditures over the original esti-mates of \$751,340 52; and the cause not yet

shows, it is not matter of surprise that the

tioned self-to softwarfers gate the Q III I was so wind another one like base, the first

in operation. With such facts before us-

such evidence of mismanagement and reck-

merous intended applications to the Legislature for new banks, and an increase of banking capital, this subject will doubtless be presented to, and strongly arged upon your attention. Shall the number of banks, and the amount of banking capital be increased? and if so, to what extent, and in what localities? are questions of absorbing public inand if so, to what extent, and in what localities? are questions of absorbing public in-ties? are questions of absorbing public in-the facilities and cheapness with which

uncompromising hostility to all banks, or to an increase of banking capital, I cannot discover the necessity that requires, or the circumstant of the number of law, was not only personal to vice and immorality, and multiplied tippling houses and places where intemperance of some of the inclined planes on the Portage Railroad, but the entire completion of that cumstances that would justify, the incorpora-tion of all that may be demanded from the predecessor, in his last annual message to the recharter of old and solvent banks, when in-dispensably necessary and clearly demanded by the actual business wants of the commu-to public morals, and seem to have been con-the Governor very properly says that either

After a careful examination of the subject, now prepared for and requires increased effi- people and Commonwealth? ciency in its general supervision-increased

tendency, wherever faithfully carried out, has reduce the expenses of legislation-secure not disappointed the expectations of the advocates of that measure. The improved condition of the schools, and the greater efficiency of their creation. I would recommend the should be chartered, but adds that the inof the system, clearly establish the propriety and utility of such supervision. The official visits of an officer of the school department character for coal, iron, canal, railroad, turn. nection with the County Superintendency, have demonstrated that the voice of public authority to sustain, and the presence of an well regulated and carefully guarded, would expansion of the currency avoided. A preofficial agent to encourage, have largely contributed to excite and maintain the deep intributed to excite and maintain the deep in-terest now felt by the public in our educational

progress and improvement. The sum of \$161,125.25 has been paid into every county, been using all the means and ferred. The late of improvement exhibited a similar straights store Sunbury, Pa. Initiation and sia, \$2,00.

The late of the late of the first of the late of improvement exhibited a similar sia, \$2,00.

The late of the late of the sun paid by the same companies in 1854.

The behaver division exhibited a similar sia, \$2,00.

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The behaver division exhibites a satisfactory result. The total receipts were \$392.

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The behaver division exhibits a satisfactory result. The total receipts a satisfactory result. The plane of the people—guard with jealous care t cause of complaint and more confidence in that permanent institutions, with their proper professors and appliances, which nothing but the power of the State can provide, are demanded by and would meet the wants of

the system and the occasion. conceding this boon to our children, through their teachers, we are encouraged by the example of other countries, and the experience of the past. It is a remarkable fact that no State in our Union nor nation of the old world, has perfected its system of public ished, and were not sufficient to meet the or- instruction, without schools for the professional training of tenchers, established and are apparent, and some of them have been encouraging, that no such institution has ever yet been abandoned. From Prussia, whose experience in this regard is that of a century and a quarter, to that of our young sister Michigan, whose existence is as of yesteday, the Normal school has been tried throughout Christendom with unvarying success.

It is time also that the teaching mind should resume its true place in the schools. ergy, leave its impress there. has too much intruded itself between the teac er and the taught. The teacher has too the value and importance of books, as a means of knowledge, are not intended to be over-looked or described; but the uses of our best agencies have their limits; and when we find qui ed Eaber the estimates have been very the book usurping the place of the teacher, the fuil measure of their usefulness.

ular Normal schools till established, and as a otherwise, were negotiated during the valuable auxiliary to them when in operation. ces, for consultation and improvement, and present Superintendent, Mr. Maffit, during exhibit them before their fellow citizens in deemed best to redeem the former first, their proper professional character. A portion of the means of the State, or of the spective counties, applicable to educational improvement, could not be more profitably applied than to the encouragement of the meeting of at least one such institute, annualis said to have been eminently successful, and

strongly indicative of the wisdom of the mea-Legislation, in relation to all questions of subject, within the constitutional authority of the Legislature, are the people so sensitive; and no one more deeply interests every class and condition of society. Sumptuary laws, as a general rule, are of doubtful expediency, and as abridgments of the liberty evils resulting from intemperance, create a in 1845, bearing interest at the rate of less expenditure as the history of this canal and social welfare. Whatever may be my rate of interest. own opinion, or that of the Legislature or During the year.

to public morals, and seem to have been constructed to promote the convenience of drinking far more than to restrain its evil consessional their incorporation be permitted.

The necessity for increasing the number of banks should be determined more by the actual wants of legitimate trade, than by the number of applications and the wild fancies of stock jobbers and speculators. The suden and unnecessary expansion of the currency should be avoided, and whatever tends to produce such a result ought to be discountenanced and prevented. In the creation of their will, upon you will devolve the structed to promote the convenience of drinking far more than to restrain its evil consession. The suding far more than to restrain its evil consession of the expenditure of the money. The work on the North Branch Canal is also incomplete, in unsequence of reconstruction rendered necessary by the imperfect and fraudulent construction of the old work and some of the new. In 1849 the sum requisite to finish the work was estimated at \$1,106,037, but since then their representatives as the immediate expenditure of the people as the source of all political power, and their representatives as the immediate expenditure was a careless one, or there has been extravagant waste in the expenditure of the money. The work on the North Branch Canal is also incomplete, in unsequence." In this opinion I fully concur.

That a remedy was demanded, all will consequence, it is not my province now to determine. Enacted by the representative of the people of the money. The work on the North Branch Canal is also incomplete, in unsequence, it is not my province of the money. The work on the North Branch Canal is also incomplete, in unsequence of the money. The work on the North Branch Canal is also incomplete, in unsequence of the money. The work on the North Branch Canal is also incomplete, in unsequence of the money. The work on the North Branch Canal is also incomplete, in unsequence of the money. The work on the North Branch Canal is also incomplet tenanced and prevented. In the creation of banks the true interests of the State and people should be consulted; and a just and honest discrimination, as to number, locality and the demands of trade, be exercised by their expensibility of further legislation, if any, on this subject. In all its relations, economical, political, social and moral, the question is important, and its proper deternance. The Governor reiterates his their representatives. Public sentiment does not demand, nor do public or private interests require, the creation of numerous banks.

question is important, and its proper detributes. It deserves, and should receive, your serious the important in favor of sale, and says that the late financial embarrassments of the country, the important of some of the proit is my clear conviction that the system is virtue, morality, and true interests of our gether with the adverse influence of inte-

The most marked improvement recently office, declared to my fellow citizens and their other companies, as corporators, is stigmaeffected in the system, has been in its corps of teachers. With almost unparableled disquestions connected with our national poliinterestedness and devotion to the noble cause ties, their reiteration now will not be ex- tablishment of an agricultural bureau in conin which they are engaged, the common school teachers of the State have, in almost and now reaffirmed, you are respectfully re-

art of every American citizen.

Constitution and laws of the State, as the mbled to perform the high and responsible duties that devolve upon you. As a coordinate branch of the government, it will be ability by the improved condition of the alike my duty and pleasure to unite with you | Schools, in the enactment of all such laws as will protect the rights of the people, and advance establishment of teachers institutes, and the the honor and prosperity of the Common-

With a sole desire for the public good actuated by a spirit of enlarged and enlightened patriotism, and guided by that wisdom which bath its beginning in the fear of God, may our efforts, in harmonious action, be directed to the accomplishment of these objects, and to the promotion of that rightconsness which exalteth a nation, and constitutes the true glory of a free and independent people. JAMES POLLOCK.

Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, Jan. 1,

Governor's Message.

Commencing with a statement in brief of from all sources, show an excess of \$1.250,the Legislature for the completion of this much become the mere exponent of the print- 961 over the ordinary expenditures; but of work-a sum covering the estimate of the en- ed page, and the mind of the learner the im- that excess \$1.246,193 24 was expended on ment, and would not promote the good order pressed copy of the text. In thus saying, the following extraordinary items: - Com- or happiness of the community, as that sysof domestic creditors \$1.629 85; redemption to the injury of the mind of our youth, we of loans, \$316,550 60; cancelling of relief to the injury of the mind of our youth, we should restore each to its proper position—
should restore each the performance of its ap1855, the balance in the treasury was \$1.245. propriate functions, and thus confer upon both | 697-31, which will be required for the payment of the interest on the State debt failing As an expedient to supply the place of reg. due in February. No loans, temporary or fiscal year. The treasury owes \$335,011 to the Teachers' Institute would be of unquest the Saking Fund, provided for the redemp tionable value. It would bring together the tion of the funded debt and relief notes, but was certainly expected, yet this expectation teachers of a county under the best influen-has not been realized. The efforts of the ces, for consultation and improvement, and terest and the others only five, it has been terest and the others only five, it has been

In the three years extending from 1851 to 1854, the public debt increased by the expenditures on the State works. Thus, on the 1st of December, 1851, the debt was \$40, 114,236 39, and on the 1st of December. 1854, \$11,698.595 74, being an increase of ly, in each county. An experiment of this | \$1,581,359 35 in three years, notwithstanding kind recently made in the county of Chester, that the State revenue exceeded the ordis 1.584,359 35 in three years, notwithstanding a ry expenditures. But during the year the debt has been reduced \$630,601 02. nd is now \$41,067,997 72. notwithstanding the large appropriations for the pallic works most as rapidly as admitted, and rendered a moral and social reform, should be carefully reconstruction of the work, in many places, and wisely considered and matured. On no taken, and all appropriations limited to the actual demands of the occasion, there will be an annual surplus of revenue applicable to the redemption of the public debt. The estimated revenue for the current fiscal year. will be more than one and a half millions of dollars. For the security of the holders of and privileges of the citizen, can only be justified on the ground of necessity. Whilst years 1842-3-4 was not paid, certificates of the State dekt, for which interest due in the tified on the ground of necessity. Whilst this is admitted, it cannot be denied that the State stock were issued, under an act passed necessity for regulating and restraining by per cent, per annum, the amount being \$4,legislative acts, the traffic and sale of intoxi105.150 25. These certificates were made cating liquors. To what extent this traffic redeemable on or after August 1st, 1855. No should be restrained by positive law, must depend on the will of the people, determined by considerations of their own moral, physical bonds be issued for their renewal at the same

During the year the receipts from the pub-DWARE.—Table Cutlery, Razors, Pock thives, Hand saws' Wood saws in Axes, Chisels, Door Locks, and Hinges, Bells, Waiters, &c., just received and for 1. W. TENER & CO.

ary Dec. 2, 1854.

Shows, it is not matter of surprise that the Commonwealth and people are burdened with the people, in reference to the law of the last of the people, in reference to the law of the last of the session. "To restrain the sale of intoxicating liquid responding to the people, in reference to the law of the last of the people, in reference to the law of the last of the very large amount of intoxicating liquid responding to the people, in reference to the law of the last of the people, in reference to the law of the last of the very large amount of intoxicating liquid responding to the people, in reference to the law of the last of the very large amount of intoxicating liquid responding to the people, in reference to the law of the last of the very large amount of intoxicating liquid responding to the very large amount of intoxicating liquid responding to the people, in reference to the law of the last of the very large amount of intoxicating liquid responding to the very large amount of intoxicating liquid responding to the people, in reference to the law of the last of the very large amount of intoxicating liquid responding to the very large amount of intoxicating liquid responding to the people, in reference to the law of the last of the very large amount of intoxicating liquid responding to the very large amount of intoxicating liquid responding to the very large amount of intoxicating liquid responding to the people, in reference to the law of the last of the very large amount of intoxicating liquid responding to the very large amount of the very large amount

rest.

The facilities and cheapness with which licenses were obtained, operated as a premium previous years. Expenditures on that line compromising hostility to all banks, or to Legislature. The incorporation of new, or Legislature, in reference to the then license appropriation of \$177,573 66. As the Leg-

hope that it will be such as will promote the visions of the bill authorizing the sale, torests, defeated the recent attempt, but that Numerous applications will doubtless be these difficulties can be removed and a sale qualification in its teachers, and increased means of support.

The experiment of the County Superin, action on these questions—economize time—

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The experiment of the county Supering the county

to some of the counties of the State, in con- pike, plank and bridge companies have been mity interested, should not be refused. The passed, and in practice have been found actual wants of legitimate trade should govhighly useful and economical. Such laws, ern action on the subject, and an unnecessary The practice of using the names of members Having, at the time of my induction into of the Legislature, in charters for banks or ized, and located in Centre county, on a appliances within their power for self-improvement. These efforts, so creditable to them, have been highly beneficial in their restriction of our Republic, and the Union of the States—protect the civil and religious have secured to it an endowment of \$10,000.

system is now prepared for and requires in-In obedience to the requirements of the creased efficiency in its general supervision, increased qualification in its teachers, and representatives of the people, you have as- increased means of support. Wherever faithfully carried out, the experiment of county superintendency has fully established its The most marked improvement is improvement thus effected points to the much greater reform which might be worked by the establishment of normal schools by the State. Until these schools be provided for the Governor suggests that appropriations be made by the State or the counties in aid of the teachers' institutes. He also recommends a large addition to the annual appropriations to Common Schools, and that the Board of Control of Philadelphia be obliged to report to the State Superintendent condition of the Philadelphia annually the public schools.

A new and entirely distinct western insane hospital, for the western part of this State, is recommended, but in case that be not done, he recommends an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, to extend its operations to the care of the insane. On the condition of the State finances, the Gov- the subject of the liquor law, the Governor ernor says that the receipts during the year, says that a full return to the license system, in operation prior to the passage of the present law, is not demanded by public sentipletion of the new Portage Railroad, \$446, tem was imperfect, and failed to check or 762 12; to complete the North Branch Ca-nal, \$87,562 67; to relay the south track of legislation are denounced in strong terms, the Columbia Railroad, \$133,105; payment and the passage of general laws, recommended. He arges that action should be taken to restrain the insurance companies within privileges, and nearly all the powers of banks sithout their guards. Where the Courts have jurisdiction in relation to real estate trusts, corporations, etc., it is recommended that the Legislature refuse to entertain upplications. The Governor thinks that all grivate laws should be repealed on which he solvent tax has not been paid, of which there are a large number. The remainder of the message is of little general interest,-North American and United States Gazette.

(From the Buitimere American,) FIRST IMPRESSIONS.

The tree, deep-scarred by earnest hands While it is young, Full grown, in strength unbroken, stands The woods among.

High up, the wandering eye may see The early mark, Though none can read the symbol on The roughened bark.

But though the name be seen no more, And gone the year, The old impression to the last, Will still appear.

The breath of spring,-the summer sun,-The autumn wind And wintry snow, will leave of youth This truce behind.

The axe must seek the rugged root, Before decry This old memorial of the past,

Mr. Dye is giving a series of lectures in New York on Counterfeiting, and it is stated

Communicated.

For the American.

SUNBURY. Dec. 22, 1855. In pursuance of public notice, the School Directors of Northumberland county met at the Court House for the purpose of increasing the salary of the County Superintendent of Common Schools, and at the appointed hour the convention was organised by the election of the following officers: President,

Some To townships were represented by the following Directors: Coal Township—Dr. G. S. Robins, Wm. L. Scott, Esq., Rev. P. Bird, Dr. J. J. John, Rush Tp., Gearhart District—J. S. Gear-hart, F. G. Vanostran, W. D. Gearhart, J. L. Bassett, J. L. Shames

L. Basset, J. L. Shuman,

Rush Tp., Rush Dist.—Ira Hiles,

Upper Augusta—Robert Campbell, Jacob
Seasholtz, Esq.

Lower Augusta—John Savidge, Samuel J. Houseworth, John Shama. Sunbury-James Beard, S. R. Peale, Dr. D. W. Shindel, Levi Scasholtz. Northunberland -- John Durham, Henry Gussler. Turbut-Jno. Kramer.

Milton-R. M. Frick, Esq. Delaware-E. V. Derrickson, Shamokin-Jos. Hoover. The list of Directors having been called over, Mr. Scott presented the names of the School Directors of Mount Carmel township, and moved that they be permitted to vote by

Mr. Frick offered a resolution passed by the Milton Board of School Directors, opposing an increase in the County Superintendent's salary, which he moved be read. Re-

He then presented it on his own resolution, which, on reading, elicited considerable dis-cussion, but was finally withdrawn by the On motion of Mr. Scott, Mr. Reimensnysler

was permitted to explain the additional amount of labor he is required to perform since his election to the office, which he did

County Superintendent be raised to \$600 Mr. Frick offered an amendment striking be aftered I'd think twas tew soon-why I've out \$600 and inserting \$351. Mr. Peale know'doffered an amendment to the amendment striking out \$351, and inserting \$605, which thinking about taking another companionmotion coming before the convention, was and I thought I dask you-decided in the affirmative, years 13, mays 12. Wislow - O. Mr. Crane, e

On motion the convention adjourned, J. J. JOHN, Secretary.

A SCISSOR STORY "Mr. Snip, having made a handsome fortune in the goose and cabbage line, retired with his wife to a charming country residence, and resolved, to forget and deny that he had and resolved, to forget and deny that he had know it's tarrible embarrison. I remember when my dezeased husband made the supponess he became very tyransical, and whenever his wife wished to bring him down a peg was no more of a man now than when, like a womap, he sat all day with his needle and seissors. At length the very name of seissors became so hateful to him, that he forbude her ever to use it in his presence, and his becree very naturally inspired his spirited spouse with a will to use it whenever she pieased which was whenever she was displeased. In the cool of the day were sitting on the bank of a deep-flowing stream that adorned his grounds, and unhappily, indeed, unintentionally, she mentioned in convention the edious

"My dear,' said he, have I not again and again requested you not to use that word in my hearing?

'Seissors?' said Mrs. Snip again. Stop that, or I'll make you

'Scissors, scissors !' said the roused woman fiercely. "They were now on their feet, and up for

"Say that again," cried the puppy of a man 'and I'm throw you into the river "'Seissors, seissors, Scissons! "He pushed her in. She went down, but

rose head first, and throwing up her hands, she seized his, which he extended to her support, as he said,

"Promise never to say that word again, and I'll help you out.' "Scissors, scissors, scissors!" she cried, and he dropped her.

"The second time she came up he renewed the pious proposition, and with a fainter voice the unrelenting love replied, "Scissors, scissors !

"Once more, the third and last time she came to the scratch ; he caught her cold hand and made her the generous offer, to which she responded fearlessly, Scissors!

"And down she went; but, cut-like, she was hard to die, and coming almost to the surface, she thrust the white hand above the wave, and opening her first and second fingers from the others, worked them up and down in the eyes of her bereaved spouse, the symbol and a very fair resemblance of his de tested seismes!

"And that is what I call sticking to it to the last. 'Never give up!' was this amiable woman's rule, and with the fatal acissors she snipped the thread of life rather than yield the point."

Vicissirupes .- The Princess Christino Belgiojoso, of Lumbardy, was hanished from Austria some six years ago, on account of her political doings. This lady took up her residence at a farm house in Asia Minor, where, being totally destitute, she was forced to labor with her hands for her very existence, in the strictest sense of the word. The Emperor has now been pleased to recall the lady by an edict of grace, and to annul the seques-tration which, at the time of her banishment. was placed upon the whole of her property,

FROZEN FLESH .- Mr. A Bronson, of Meadville, Pa., says, from fifteen years' experience-he finds that Indian meal poultice, covered with young Hyson tea, softened with hot water, and laid over burns or frozen flesh, as hot as can be borne, will relieve the pain in five minutes. If blisters have not arisen before they will not after it is put on, and that one poultice is generally sufficient to effect a

The Russ pavement in Broadway, N. Y. is now so dangerous that a large number of omnibuses seek the back streets. It is necessary that the whole of this pavement hould be grooved.

The Widow Bedott and Dean Crans, Mr. Crane is a likely young widower, whom the Widow Bedott has set her cap for, and thus she endeavors to pave the way for his

popping the question to her, and get taken

"O, no. Mr. Crane, by no manner o' means,

'tain't a minnitftew soon for you to begin to task about gettin' married again I am amaz-you should be alcered I'd think so, Sec-how long's Miss Crane been dead? Six months !-land o' Goshen !-why I've know'd a number of individdiwals get married in less dents, E. V. Derrickson, Henry Gussler; Secretary, Dr. J. J. John.

Some 10 townships were represented by the following Directors: time than that. Ther's Phil Bennett's wida hurry-but for a man it's a different thing -circumstances alter cases, you know. And then sittiwated as you be, Mr. Crane, it's a turrible thing for your family to be without a head to superintend the domestic consarns and tend to the children—to say nothing of yourself, Mr. Crane. Yno dew need a companion and no mistake. Six months ! Good gracious !- Why, Squire 'Pitus dident wait but six weeks arter h buried his first wife afore he married his second. I thought thar wa'nt no patrickler need o' hurryin' so, seein' his family was ail grow'd up. Such a critter as he pickt out, tew! 'twas very unsuitablebut every man to his taste-I hain't no dispersition to meddle with nobody's consarns, Ther's old farmer Dawson, tew-his partner hatn't been dead but ten months. To be sure he ain't married yet-but he would a been long enough ago if somebody I know on'd gin him any encurridgement. But tain't for me to speak o' that matter. Ae's a clevand moved that they be permitted to vote by proxy in this convention, which motion was ful sakes! he's old enough to be my father. And there's Mr. Smith—Jubiter Smith—you know him. Mr. Crane-his wife (she't was Aurora Pike) she died last summer and he's been squintin' round the wimmen ever since, and he may squiat for all the good it'll do him as far as I am consarned-the Mr. Smith's a respectable man—quite young and hain't no family—very well off tew, and quite intellectible—but I toll ye what—I'm purty particker. O. Mr. Crane! it's ten year come Jinnewary since I witnessed the expiration o' my beloved campanion !- an uncommon leng time to wait, to be sure-but tain't easy to find anybody to fill the place of Hezekier Be dott. I think you're the most like husband in a very satisfactory manner,

Mr. Beard moved that the salary of the of ary individdiwal I ever see, Mr. Crane.— Six months! murderation!-curas you should

Mr. Crane,- Well, Widder-I've been

Willow - 'O. Mr. Crane, egsesse my commotion-its so enexy ceted. Jest hand me that are bottle of cambre off the mantiery shelf-I'm ruther faint-dew put a little mite on my handkercher and hold it to my nuz .--There-that'll dew-I'm rather more compo-

sed-you may proceed, Mr. Crane."
Mr. Crane. - Well widder, I was a going to ask you whether-whether-

Widow,-"Continuer Mr Crane-dew-I sition to me, he stammered and stuttered, he'd never get it out in the world, and 1 s'pose its ginerally the case, at least it has been the case with all them thas's made suppositions to me-you see they're oncerting about what kind of an anser they're agwine to git, and it kind o' makes 'em nervous --But when an individdiwal has reason to s'pose his attachment's reciperated, I don't see what need there is o' his bein' flustrated-the' I nust say its embarrassin' to me-pray con-

Mr. C .- "Well, then I want to know if you're willing I should have Mellissy?"

Mr. C.— "Why, widder, you surprise me -Pd no idee of being treated in this way after you'd been so polite to me, and made such fuss over me and the girls."

Widow .- "Shet yer head, Tim Crane-nur o' yer sass to me. There's yer hat on that are table, and here 's the door-and the sooner you put on one and march out o' t'other, the better it il be for you. And I advise you afore try to get married agin, to go out west and see 'I yer wife's cold-and arter ye're satisfied on that pint-jest put a little amphisek on ver hair-'t would add to ver appearance undoubtedly and be of service ew you when you want to flourish round ong the gals-and when ye've got yer hair fixt, jest splinter the spine 'o yer back, 't woulden't hurt yer looks a mite-you'd be entirely unresistable if you was a feetle grain straiter."

The richest man in Congress is said to be he Hon. Wm. Aiken, of South Carolina,-His property is estimated at two millions of

A great central sea in Africa has been recently discovered between the Equator and 10 deg, south latitude. It is twice as large the Black Sea, and has no outlet.

The Syracuse Chronicle says two hundred fugitive slaves have passed through that city the past year, and thirteen within the past HARD SLEEPING .- An advertisement lateappeared in the Dublin (Ireland) Evening

A portion of the latter must be sheet iron A deer weighing 1000 pounds, found wimming in the river, near City Point, Va. was caught a few days ago, and taken on

Post, headed, "Iron bedsteams a i bedding,

board the steamer Augusta. Bears are very plenty in some of the northrn counties of this State this season. Two nig fat tellows were killed in Potter county last week:

Fashion is the race of the rich to get away rem the poor, who follow as fast as they can Why is a dead dog's tail like a turnpike?

Because it has stopped a waggin. When does a man look like a cannon ball

When he looks round. A State Military Convention is to be held at Harrisburg, on Monday, 21st January.

On Thursday last a shad was sold at auc-A fellow in jail wishes he had the smallpox

so that he could "break out." He has tried

everything else, but he can't come out. "What Plan," said an actor to another shall I adopt to fill the house at my benefit?" "Invite your creditors," was the reply.

In portions of western New York the railroads were blocked up with snow before the

The amount to be raised in New York by taxes for the current year is near seven inilitions of dellars...

Minister Wheeler's treaty negotiated with Nicaragua, previous to the advent of Walkar has been sent to the U.S. Sepata.