THE TRUE ORIGIN OF THE LOUISVILLE

It is certainly a strong point in favor of the Know Nothings, of Louisville, that while the papers which represent their opponents, confine their views of the origin of the late confine their views of the origin of the late riots to vehement denunciations and unsupported assertion, the Journal—the American paper—has industriously gathered in the most impartial manner, affidavits which fix beyond doubt the entire guilt of beginning the riots, upon the foreign party. These affidavits occupying several columns in the Journal are now before us, and they fully establish the fact that the Irish, long before the riots, made the most ample provisions for the riots, made the most ample provisions for

warfare.

We lately stated that from an examination of many of the foreign journals in this country, or of those devoted to their interests, we were aware that a feeling of bitter, uncalled for, ungrateful hatred towards everything American, has long been encouraged among both Germans and Irish, especially in the West. On this subject the Journal says:

"For several weeks previous to the election

the whole bevy of Sag-Nicht organs in this city wantonly and malignantly, with an inexcusable violence, unexampled in any previous political canvas, devoted their columns daily to a most unwarrantable denunciation and abuse not merely of the principles of the American party, but of each and every individual member of it. The men belonging to the party were indiscriminately called "thieves," "murderers," "midnight assassins," "perjured scoundrels," "traitors to their God and their country," and "open and avowed enemies of all foreigners and catholics." Falsehoods until then inconceivable were shamelessly promulgated. The basest passions and most violent prejudices of the Roman Catholics and foreigners in our midst were appealed to in the most inflammatory and incendiary language. The fereigners were taught to believe that they possessed rights which were dearer and of higher import than any which a native-born citizen could claim; that the foreigner and Catholic only of all the citizens of the country were eminently and truly patriotic; that they, from the very fact of their being foreigners and Catholics, had a more proper appreciation and were entitled to almost exclusive privileges in the exercise of civil and religious freedom; and that they, and not the constitu-tion and the laws, were the peculiar guardians of our public institutions."

The editor of the Journal then states that

the Americans were not responsible for the riots of the 6th of August. It is not denied that an occasional fist-fight may have occurred at the polls, or that in one instance a

any unusual disturbance or any obstruction whatever offered to voters of either party, greater than has occurred at almost every election where party lines were drawn, that has taken place in this city within the last Democratic parties."

Mere unfounded assertion from friend or

foe should have little weight in politics. But the editor of the Journal confirms his assertions by affidavits from both parties. These contained them. Among those referring simply to the riots in the Eighth Ward alone,

we select the following:
"We have not room to give a complete analysis of these affidavits, but it will be seen that they are for the most part the sworn statements of respectable and reliable men, who were eye-witnesses of the matters to camp meeting was held at the same time which they depose. Some of them are statements upon oath of foreigners and catholics, denomination called the "feet washers." who lived in the immediate neighborhood of On Sunday last an extra train on the Philathe scene of the riot, and some actually were great sufferers thereby.

(whose husband, an Irishman and a Roman for the camp meetings at Reeds, and the Catholic, was in all probability among those Methodist camp grounds near this place. killed in Quinn's houses,) it appears that for some weeks previous to the election the Irish in the neighborhood where the riot oc-curred had been procuring arms and preparing for a fight, and that on the Saturday night of the American torch-light procession she had heard these Irishman say that "they were led to believe that the procession would be small, by those who opposed the Know Nothings, that she saw many of them with arms, and heard them say that they intended to attack the procession.
"Joseph Hucker, a German and a Catholic,

who lived in one of Quinn's houses, (which wese burned,) says there were seventy-live or one hundred Irishmen living in that row, and they had many visitors of their countrymen, that during two or three weeks preceeding the election he saw many of them pistols and guns, and heard one of them, who had several pistols, say, on the Saturday before the election, that he was "ready," that he had seen Quinn carrying arms futo his house, and that Quinn had insisted upon his (Hucker's) voting, although Quinn knew that be (Hucker) was not entitled to a rote.

Sames F. Bickham saw the Irish, eight or ten in number, on the morning of elec-tion, moulding a large quantity of bullets, in the cellar of one of these houses, and on the same morning, from 10 to 5 c'clock, Thos. W. Flarell saw numbers of these Irishmen, armed with pistols and bowieknives, passing in and out from the houses of this row. These men had begged Mrs. Wall's husband to receive arms in his house The women had slept in their clothes the previous night, so as to be ready to leave npon the shortest notice, and Mrs. Ruby Dodd, and Elizabeth Dodd, and Margaret Dodd, her daughters, corroborate all these statements as to the preparations that had of Main and Eleventh streets.

"Mr. R. M. Lee states that there was but little or no firing at the eighth ward polls during the day, and that the foreigners were not at any time driven from the polls."

Did space permit, we would gladly give the whole of these affidavits, as they clear, in the most unexceptionable manner, the character of the native party from being the and Times bring that their party were not the agressors? Never, in the entire history of riots in this country, has so much unmerall means, hear all the facts.

WHAT THE RUSSIANS SAY .- The official organ at St. Petersburg expresses the opinion that the Allies, by their inactivity and want of enterprise, have allowed the opportunity to slip by when Sebastopol might have been ta-ken. It now says the city is impregnable; that it can replace one hundred dismounted of L. A. M guns in a night, or can exchange 50,000 fa-election of tigued troops against 50,000 fresh troops ;that the Allies cannot, with double the force they can dispose of, cut off the communication by Perekop; that the Russian army, fighting for its country and its sovereign, is animated by a better spirit than is the heterogeneous mass of French, English, Turks, Egyptians and Sardinians, contending for an tract idea and a confused interpretation of appear to be impressed with the same idea, for the preparation of defences they are mak-ing at Kamiesch look very like a protection in the event of being compelled to re-cm-



THE AMERICAN.

SUNBURY.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1855. H. B. MASSER, Editor and Proprietor

To ADVERTISERS. The executation of the Sunbu American among the different towns on the Surquebanus is not exceeded if equalled by any paper published in North

rm Pennsylvania.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Business Notices.

Goner's Laur's Book for September is already at hand. Godey is as prompt as the seasons, and like them, has always something well adapted for the time and occasion.

The four great BRITISH REVIEWS and BLACK wood's Macazina are regularly and promptly seceived. They contain a large amount of most valuable reading matter.

TERMS OF SCHECKIPTION .- Any one Review of Blackwood, \$3 a year. Blackwood and one Review-or any two Reviews, 15. The four Rev'ews and Blackwood, \$10. Four copies to one address, \$30.

Postage (which should be paid Quarterly in advance) on the four Reviews and Blackwood to any Post Office in the United States, only 80 cents a year Namely : 14 cents a year on each Review, and 24 cents a year on Blackwood.

Address, L. SCOTT & Co., Publishers, 54 Gold Street, Corner Fulton, New York. Hover Soar.-We refer our readers to the advertisement of William Conway, in another column. His soap is a first-rate article, fully equal to the character given it by the manufacturer. Mr. Cornway has our thanks for the samples of his "Genuine Honey" and "Chemical" Soaps kindly sent us-we can confidently recommend it to our readers.

NEW BILLIARD SALOON .- A few days man was hadly beaten.

"But we assert, without fear of successful contradiction, because we know that it is true, the successful contradiction, because we know that it is true, the successful contradiction is successful contradiction. The successful contradiction is successful contradiction. The successful contradiction is successful contradiction. since, we stepped into the new Billiard that at none of the several polls was there an elegant billiard table, constructed by Mr. exclaim, like the Pharisce, "stand back, for George Renn, of this place. The table is I am holier than thou." not only an elegant piece of farniture, but is skillfully constructed with all the modern improvements .- Its cost is about \$350 doltwenty years, nor even so great as had in many instances existed during warmly contested elections between the old Whig and ably with any we have ever seen in the "You do swear the contested elections between the old Whig and ably with any we have ever seen in the "You do swear the contested elections between the old Whig and ably with any we have ever seen in the "You do swear the contested elections between the old Whig and ably with any we have ever seen in the "You do swear the contested elections between the old Whig and ably with any we have ever seen in the "You do swear the contested elections between the old Whig and ably with any we have ever seen in the "You do swear the contested elections between the old Whig and ably with any we have ever seen in the "You do swear the contested elections between the old Whig and ably with any we have ever seen in the "You do swear the contested elections between the old Whig and ably with any we have ever seen in the "You do swear the contested elections between the old Whig and ably with any we have ever seen in the "You do swear the contested elections between the old Whig and ably with any we have ever seen in the "You do swear the contested elections between the old Whig and ably with any we have ever seen in the "You do swear the contested elections between the contested elections elections are contested elections ele

The Camp Meeting held about three miles east of this place, has been visitedwere received from responsible parties in during the past week, by a large number of such numbers that the paper would not have persons. On Sunday last the number of persons. On Sunday last the number of vehicles on the turnpike was so great, as to keep up an almost continual cloud of dust. The livery men, and others, did an excellent business in conveying passengers between Sunbury and the camp ground. Another delphia and Sunbary Rail Road, brought From the testimony of Mrs. Caroline Wall, from Shamokin several hundred passengers Methodist camp grounds near this place.

> We have been informed that a number of the Judges appointed by the county Inquisition, refuse to serve. We know several who have openly refused, and expressed their indignation on being appointed to such an office. No right-minded, independent man would feel comfortable or easy in such a position. What a beautiful commentary it will be on the times, to see an old democrat whose locks have been whitened by the frosts of sixty winters, sworn by a citizen four weeks old, before he can exercise one of the dearest rights of an American citizen, and one that had never been questioned before.

> > THE NEW PARCE.

The primary township elections will be held on Saturday next, according to the programme laid down by the Inquisition. According to all we can learn, the election will be a small affair, as people look upon the whole thing as one of the most ridiculous farces ever enacted in this county. But we suppose the committee have no desire to procure a large vote, as they advised their Judges not to receive a larger number than were polled for Governor Bigler last fall, which left him 38,000 votes short of an elecwhich left him 38,000 votes short of an elec-tion. What object they have in view in As he passed, the boatmen grouped in differlimiting the vote is entirely incomprehensible to the old fashioned democracy. But they need not fear. Monstrosities do not multiply. been made by the Irish in the neighborhood | while barreness and sterility is the inevitable fate of hybrids. The cod-fish democracy of this county will never spawn again after this senson.

COCK HAVEN BANK.

The subscribers to the capital stock of the Lock Haven Bank met on the 10th inst,, in first to marder. Meanwhile, where are the the court house, in pursuance of the call of horse shoe,) who took his knife out of his affidavits of the opposite party. What the Commissioners. The election resulted proofs can the Louisville Courier, Democrat in the choice of the following Board of direction and Times bring that their party were not

tors : L. A. Mackey, Christopher Fallon, D. K ited abuse been heaped on a party as on the Jackman, J. W. Quiggle, J. S. Furst, B. R. Americans since the late riots. Let us, by Petriken, Simon Scott, Authory Kleckner. Petriken, Simon Scott. Authory Kleckner, Jacob Brown, Saul McCormick, - William White, J. A Gamble, and Henry Broker-

The Board is an excellent one. Mr. Mac key, the President, is a man of integrity and excellent business habits.

Afterwards the Directors met at the office of L. A. Mackey, Esq., and organized by the

L. A. MACKEY, President. J. H. EVANS, Cashier, and PHILIP KREBS, Teller.

THE DEMOCRATIC UNION, published at Hatrisburg, by Jacob Ziegler, Esq., has been disposed of to Andrew Hopkins, Esq., of the Chief Justice Lewis. The only result, therethe duties of civilization. There is some force Patriot, and the two will be blended and in these remarks, and the Allies themselves published as the Union and Patriot. We wish our old friend "Captain Jake," all the happiness which a liberal mind and a clear conscience will be sure to afford to him, in

THE GAZETTE & JHE NEW INQUISITION.

The last Gazette, as in duty bound, and as the organ of the Inquisitors, attempts to excuse the action of the new Inquisition, called the Standing Committee, in its budget of blunders. Does the Gazette suppose that, personally, we care a brass farthing for the action of the committee? We would not walk five steps to put in fifty votes, and would exceedingly regret to see any friend accepting a nom nation from such a source. We look upon the whole thing as an utter abortion and one of the most ill-advised political schemes that ever men, pretending to ordinary intelligence, could be grailly of But does The last Gazette, as in duty bound, and as escape the chalice they intended only for the lips of others? Every mother's son of them will have to toe the mark. The Gazette further says :

"Are the Democrats to believe their denial when they know that they are sworn to deny and mystify their political position? Then how prevent it? What weapon has the Democracy remaining for self defence? The only tyrants. prevention is the oath test adopted by the Standing Committee. The only defence is to grasp the same weapon which is wielded against us by our foe. This is a plain case, the propriety of this test."

Does not the editor of the Gazette know extra-judicial oaths are wrong, immoral and in violation of the spirit of our laws, and have no more binding effect than a simple declaration. What then is to be effected by such a farce, or worse than a farce, descerating the like to know what the anti-Americans think like for more of this seran of history. They cannot done over to New York.

This morning, Assistant Captain Bruce, of the Seventh District Police, discovered a quantity of blood under some dirt cars near where the occurrence took place, where it is supposed Myers secreted himself during part of the night. The prisoners were yesterday

support of our present Know Nothing Sena-tor, and who at the same election opposed the democratic nominees for Sheriff and Commis-would both have approved of the American wish to set themselves up as judges over their fellow men, and with lengthened visages,

The following is the test oathrequested to be taken by the candidates nominated in has brought about the revolution? The Ne

"You do swear that you are not now, por have not been attached to any Secret Politi-cal Oath Bound Society, since the 20th day

of May last past, so help you God." In this county the candidate is requested to go a little farther, and swear that "he is not, never has been, and never intends" or to use the classic language of the resolution, "nor does not intend becoming a member" of such secret sociey, &c. They have not yet learned to swear the voters in Schuylkill county, nor make their candidates swear what they intend to do forty-years hence.

ENGLAND AND THE "OPPRESSED NATIONALI-TIES."—The old rumor, that the Allies con-template the resuscitation of Poland, has as to endorse its correctness, we may yet say that, at no time since the war began, has the probability of its truth been greater than now. The now armed neutrality of Austria has released Russia from the fear of attack from that quarter, and the result has been that over two hundred thousand troops, but lately stationed on the frontiers of Poland, have been disengaged for service in the Crimen or Asia Minor. Under such circumstances, no more efficient blow could be struck at the Czar than the raising an insurrection in Poland. There is probably but one motive hat restrains the Allies. They fear letting cose on Europe the spirit of republicanism which Louis Napoleon, the English royal family, and the British oligarchy, alike dread. Moreover, there exists a well-founded doubt, even among the most disinterested friends of Poland, whether it is possible to resuscitate that kingdom; for the nobility have been nearly extirpated by confiscation and exile, while the peasantry are said to be indifferent as to who are their masters. Napoleon the First shrunk from making, the experiment, even in the plentitude of his power; and the two generations that have elapsed since, have

certainly not rendered the venture easier. MR. FILLMORE IN THELAND .- The Cork Reporter thus alfudes to the honors paid to a distinguished visiter at the Irish lakes: "The ex President of the United States, Millard Fillmore, accompanied by Mr. Davis, of the New York bar, as a courier, has been sejourn-ing for the last few days at the Lake Hotel, Killarney. As he was leaving in the morning, the buglers connected with the Lake Hotel placed themselves under a tree, out of view, ent parts of the avenue gave three hearty cheers, as an acknowledgment of their grati-tude to the great republic of America. This distinguished gentleman repeatedly acknowledged the compliment, which was as unexpected as it was enthusiastic."

CALIFORNIANS AT NEWFORT, R. I .- The York Mirror says: "We met one of these, 'gentlemen of fortune,' who are making wealth and jewelry vulgar, at the dinner table, with diamond vest buttons, (his wife was blazoned with a diamond brooch as big as a it, and yet he passes in a crowd, notwith-standing he wears his finger nails in mourning, for his income, 'they say,' is seventy-five thousand dollars a year. And if that won't make a gentleman in vulgar estimation, pray what will?"

THE CLIPPER GREAT REPUBLIC .- When this fine specimen of American naval architecture was chartered to proceed from Mareilles to the Crimea, the French screw line of battle ship Navarino was detailed to accompany "and if necessary to tow her; but it appears the Great Republic was obliged to keep under her three topsails to enable the Navarino to keep up with her. The French officers were utterly confounded at he fleet-

No RELIEF FOR DR. BEALE.-It will be seen that the Supreme Court, recently in session at Bedford refused the new trial asked for by fore, gained by this movement is that Dr. Beale will have to be brought before the

GENERAL HOUSTON ON KNOW

ry intelligence, could be guilty of. But does the editor of the Gazette suppose that either he or the prime movers in this matter can escape the chalice they intended only for the can movement as growing out of a great crisis in the affairs of the nation, and the precursor of a sound, healthy and vigorous nationality, which will be commensurate to carry out the great principle of free government, and to prevent the liberties of the wounds—one under the collar-bone, causing ment, and to prevent the liberties of the country from being destroyed by the machinations of demagogues." He argues that two men ran away.

secret societies are only fatal to despots and The peddler then went to the toll-bridge

"But," the General continues-"the oppo nents of the American Order exclaim, 'It is a political association, and therefore ought not to be secret.' I reply, 'Yes, it is secret, and we are in some perplexity to discover what obscuration has come over our neighbor's intellect, that he is unable to perceive organized in the United States? It is as well known as any other historical truth, that General Washington and many of his com-Does not the editor of the Gazette know that these self-constituted Judges have no right to administer an oath—that these under misapprehension, no man is eligible for over to New York. membars of

farce, or worse than a farce, descerating the bible for such unboly purposes.

But, says the Gazette, "the oath is not designed for Democrats." And pray who is this the only secret political society that has to judge of the democracy of voters? Is it the editor of the Gazette—the chairman of the standing committee, and those who control his actions? the very men whom the the liberties of the country. Gen, Jackson editor announced in his own paper but a few was a member of this society, and I know menths since, as having opposed the elecwho are members of it, and as I myself am tion of the democratic nominee for the Senate in this district, and who hoasted of their sert they are patriotic and national. What

sioner. And these are the individuals who Order. He says that secret caucuses have always been held in this country by political leaders, and it is because the American Order is a combination of the people against the caucuses, it is violently denounced. He says that the Compromise of 1850 had silenced agitation, and there were but few Abolitionbraska bill, which, the General says, was saw, concocted in a secret caucus of seven persons, and carried through Congress by the influence of the President. He denies that the object of the American Order is the proscription of Catholics and fereigners, and concludes his letter by an appeal to his countrymen to weeks after planting, the corn began to tastfortify themselves against encroachments sel. upon religious and political freedom."

THE KANSAS LEGISLATURE.

One of the most extraordinary documents which it has ever been our fortune to peruse, is the report of the proceedings in the Kanzas Legislature. It is another specimen of that ultraism which would be childish were it not savage, and ridiculous were it not bloody, which brings upon the whole country that odium which should rest upon a few insignificant members. On the 10th inst, a bill entitled "An act to punish offences against slave property," or rather the substitute for it, presented by Mr. Anderson on behalf of a committee, was on motion of Dr. Stringfellow read a second time, ordered not to be printed, and after a third reading passed—"ayes, twenty-four; noes, none," By reference to this bill, in another column, it will be seen attending to the general duties pertaining to that not only is the raising of rebellion among slaves, or the enticing of them away, punishable by death, but also that the same terrible penalty attaches to any free person who by speaking, writing, or printing, shall induce or advise slaves to rebel, conspire against, or murder any citizen of Kansas, or shall impart or aid in imparting such documents. Finally, it provides, that any free person who shall assert, or maintain by speaking or writing, that persons have not aright to hold slaves in the territory, or shall in any manner circulate such opinions, he shall be deemed guilty of felony and punished with not less than two years imprisonment at hard labor.

On its first reading Mr. Wilkinson judi-ciously remarked that, this law could never be carried out. If passed, he said, it would lead to a series of suits, all of which would pany returned this evening, all highly pleased end in wind. It would not be possible to carry out such a law in South Carolina, far less in Kanzas, "It was well enough to punish acts, but to punish words-innene —by two years imprisonment was absurd. But Mr. Anderson thought that thes objections were utterly without weight-so mucl so that he would not condescend to reply to them. The act is to be in force after the

15th of September next, This—as the St. Louis Democrat justly observes-is neither more nor less than making a difference of opinion upon a constitu tional question a penitentiary offence. It is not less true that if the Kansas legislature had laid their heads together to study out a scheme whereby to ultimately defeat their own plans and to play into the hands of the abolitionists they could not have devised one more efficacious than this. It indicates the extreme excitement at present prevailing on the subject of slavery in Kanzas, and it als shows the absurdity of permitting any politi-cal subject whatever to whirl away those

Western newspapers are having a little fun at the expense of New Hampshire. A person travelling in the State thus writes to a Toledo print :

"All along the route I noticed great tracts of rocks carefully fenred in, for no other rea-son that I could imagine, than to keep the cattle out, and thus prevent their starving to

Whereupon the St. Louis Democrat puts in his oar : "This is an improved and benevolent plan

of the farmers of New Hampshire to preserve their stock. Formerly they plated the noses of their sheep to keep them from wearing their heads off against the granite soil with which that state abounds. We also learn that painting the rocks a green color in spring time, and by which cattle were decoyed is now punished by fine and imprisonment.

Good News .- It was reported in Lebanon that the contract for enlarging the Union Canal from Reading to Lebonon, had been given out to Maj. H. S. Kupp, of this county, and Mr. Rockafellow, of Dauphin, the contoactors. The Lebanon Courter also states that large Pennsylvania boats are now running on the western division as far east as the basin at North Lebanon.—Reading Press

A GREAT MAIL.-The largest mail ever

Last night, about 84 o'clock, a bold attempt was made by three Germans to rob a Swiss watch peddler named Joseph Taylor, whom they had decoyed from New York to Hunter's Point, Queens county, near the Flushing Railroad depot, which resulted in one of the robbers being killed and the other two wounded. The following are the circumstances. Yesterday afternoon, the peddler called into a drinking saloon, somewhere in called into a drinking saloon, somewhere in the Eleventh Ward of New York, and offered four gold watches for sale, he having arrived in this country about two weeks since. Three Germans told the peddler that they knew where he could dispose of his watche

to good advantage, and accordingly they took him to Hunter's Point, where they arrived, about 8 o'clock. In crossing some vacant lots in a secluded place, the Germans attacked the peddler and succeeded in getting his death in about ten minutes. The other

and related the facts as well as he could, and while doing so, one of the men came up and was arrested by the bridge tender, and handed over to officer Mink, of the Seventh Police District, who conveyed him and the peddler to the Station House, at Greenpoint. The prisoner gave his name as William Green; that of the man killed as Thayber Dyer, and that of the other who escaped, as Charles Myers. The Seventh District Police were in search of Myers nearly all night, and

removed to Queen's county, where an investigation will take place.—From the N. Y.

Items of News

DEATH FROM A SNAKE BITE.-A few days nce Mrs. John Henever was bitten by a rattlesnake, in Pendleton, co., Virginia, and

The New Hamshire Liquor Law went into operation on Monday last, and it is said to bear very severely upon the old topers who have spent pretty nearly every cent they were worth in taverns, and therefore could not pro-vide for the contingency of prohibition. The moderate drinkers have laid in a supply to last as long as the law endures.

Ex-President Fillmore is having a good time of it in England, where he is receiving the attentions of all the people who have long handles to their names. Queen Victoria says he is the politest American she ever

The Corn Crop in Kansas, which at First promised nothing but starvation, is represented as growing with exceeding rapidity, and

A VERY OLD LADY DEAD .- Late foreign papers mention the death of Dona Isabella Alverezio, an inhabitant of the hamlet of Andalusia, in the campaigna district, Spain, at the advanced age of 129 years, on the 14th

Texas Election .- New ORLEANS, Aug. 21 -The returns of the recent election in Texas show the re-election of Pease, Dem., for Governor, by a majority of some thousands.— grown up was in a green condition at harvest, The whole Democratic State ticket is also and the recent growth, if we mistake not, is elected. Ward, Democrat, is elected to Con. | the result of the recent rains, ress in the Eastern District. Going to Europe,-Mr. Browne, the en-

lightened and very efficient Superintendent, of the Agricultural Division of the Patent Office, will leave in the next steamer for En. of the rings contains diamonds worth \$3000 rope, for the purpose of procuring seeds and his office The Fever at Portsmouth, &c .- BALTIMORY.

Aug. 21.-The authorities of Portsmouth, have sent a request to this city for medical aid. They state the fever to be still on the increase. Ellis, one of the parties shot, at the recent

Opening of the Lehigh Valley Railroad .-MAUCH CHUNK, August 21.—The officers of These the old mother surpent had swallowed Lehigh Valley Railroad and a large number on the approach of danger. Eight other of citizens, accompanied by a band of made and excursion over that road to-day, as far as the Gap, where an entertainment was served, and speeches made by Thomas Craig, Jr., Hon. Asa Packer and others. The com-

firemen's riots in this city, died to-day,

with the road.

The Fever at Norfolk .- NORFOLE, Aug. 21-Seventy-five deaths from fever are reported Tor the 48 hours ending Monday at 2 o'clock. Twenty-four deaths occurred at Portsmouth during the same time. The Howard association has sent up an order for a large amount of provisions, mattresses, &c., to go down by the boat this evening. The collections in this city now amount to \$10,500.

AREAD OF THE MORNONS,—The polygamists of Salt Lake find themselves excelled in their peculiar spiritual-wife doctrines by a community of Socialists, who have established themselves at "Ceresco," in the county of Fond-du-Lac, Wisconsin. The main article erous wish, and that I do so all the more of their belief is, "the right of every woman cordially because you are in such especial to choose whoever she will to perform the part of a husband for the time, and to change that person as often as she pleases."

SLAVERY IN NEBRASKA .- The editor of the Nebraska News says he fabricated the story affected by it into a votex of madness and of slavery having been introduced in Nebras-folly, ka, and that his purpose was to get that Territory brought into notice, in which he has succeeded beyond his desires. He adds : "There is as much effort being made by

slave-holders to introduce slavery into Neoraska to-day as the theologians are at present putting forth to drive a camel through the optic of a cambric needle; and there is as much danger of its being legalized in Nebras-ka as there is of good sense becoming common mong "the two extremes."

WHALES CAPTURED .- A late number of the Inverness (Scotland) Courier states that a age number of bottle-nosed whales entered the Moray firth, on the northeastern coast, and were chased by the fishermen, who succeeded in driving 164 ashore, abreast the town of Waterloo, besides many more at oth-er. At one place, a shepherd killed more than twenty of them with a seythe.

IN WANT OF A GENERAL .- The English as

my is sadly in want of a General to command

it. They have pretty good Generals for di-visions, men who have courage enough to lead their troops up to the cannon's muzzle, but none with the genius to direct the move-ments and operations of an army. The only man named as capable is Sir de Lacy Evans, who has returned to England in bad health. He rose from the ranks, and is, therefore one of those that Sir George Brown deems "highy respectable," but no gentleman. The Eng.

near the city, may be seen at one sight, six-teen thousand acret of corn in one body, di-vided only by a few fences. It extends up this side of the Minmi towards Elizabethtown. At an average of sixty bushels to the acre, which we believe is below what the average will be, this body of land will yield nine hundred and sixty thousand, or nearly one million bushels. The gold digging of California scarcely equal it.—Lawrenceburg (Ia.) Register.

The Hon, Abbott Lawrence died at hi residence in Boston on Saturday last. He has for many years been eminent among the merchants and wealthy manufacturers of New England, and has taken an important part in promoting the prosperity of Boston and of the State of Massachusetts. He was an enlightened and patriotic citizen, well in-formed on public affairs, and during Presi-dent Taylor's administration was appointed Minister to England, an office which he filled with dignity and ability.

HORRIBLE DEATH,—David Wright, convicted of the murder of A. M. Robinson, at Columbus, Ga., committed suicide under horrible circumstances. He commenced sawing off the chain from his leg and set fire to his cell, in order to knock the jailor down and escape, when the alarm was raised. The fire, however, became too hot before he got the chain off, and he was discovered roasted to death, hav-ing crawled off as far as the chain would al-

Of the late elections the New York Courier's Washington correspondent says:

"The Know-Nothing defeat at the South is not a total rout. They have elected fourteen members of Congress in Kentucky and Tennessee, and four or six in North Carolina and

Alabama.
The distinct Know-Nothing strength in the House will be sixty-eight or seventy votes, without counting the six Whig members from Missouri. No party will have a majority in the House. Of those thus far elected the Know-Nothings and Whigs together have 141, and the Democrats 60

Supper Restoration to Sight - a letter from James City county, Va., says that Mrs. Martha Richardson several years ago bad a paralytic stroke, which caused the total blindness of the left eye. Last summer she was prostrated with lightning, and upon recovering, found her sight entirely restored. The occurrence suggests to the writer the probable efficiency of electricity in case of blindness.

MINISTERS DESERTING THEIR FLOCKS,-Many of the Ministers in Norfolk, the Argus says, have run away and deserted their flocks during the prevalence of the fever. Physicians from other cities have gone to Norfolk, to render their services to the sick. The latter seem to understand the responsibilities of their profession better than the former.— Some of the clergy, however, remained, and fulfilling their duties, in administering consolation to the sick, without any fear of consequencus to themselves.

NEW YORE STATE AGRICULTURAL FAIR. The annual Fair of the New York State Agricultural Society is to be held this year at Elmira, Chemung County, on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 21, 3d, 4th and 5th of October. The official announcement states that the grounds, comprising upwards of sixteen acres, have been conveniently arranged for the occasion. The amount of premiums offered exceeds \$8000. Gov. Wright, of Indiana, will deliver the annual address.

SECOND GROWTH OF WHEAT .- On some land near this town, says the Winchester Virginian, may be seen the unusual spectacle of the second growth of wheat, from the stubble of the gathered crop. Some stalks shown to us were between one and two feet high, and exhibited imperfectly formed heads of about half the common size. Stubble thus

MAGNIFICENT PRESENT .- Two beautiful rings presented by the Emperor and Empress of Russia to Col. Samuel Colt, of Hartford, Conn., are on exhibition in that city. One -each contain the cypher of Alexander and wife, set with very minute diamonds in cuamel. The shank of one of the rings glitters with numerous petite diamends, and the whole affair makes a gift worthy of an Emperor.

A TRUE SNAKE STORY .- Mr. Albert A. Smith of this town, while mowing in a meadow a few days since, killed an immense snake of the garter species, which measured three and a half feet in length, Its bulk induced a post mortem examination, when ninety-one ive young snakes were found in its pouch. on the approach of danger. Eight other snakes were killed in the same lot, making an aggregate of 100 snakes killed in one day .-Worcester Patriot.

The Pennsylvanian, and kindred papers, charge the Americans of Louisville slaughtering women and children. The Louisville Journal says that the only child killed was an American boy, of about ten years, and he was butchered by foreigners! When our neighbor of the Pennsylvanian dares to speak of the outrages, butcheries, and treachery of Strongfellow and his fellow braves in Kansas, we shall begin to believe it sincere in its expressions of regret concerning the Louisville calamity.

NEEDING IMPROVEMENT .- Gerrit Smith closes a letter to Horace Greely with the following palateable hit:

need of improvement. The public will no doubt think both of the philosophers right. "Improvement" is what they each need.

A Boston "FREE AND EASY."-A correspondent of a religious paper says that at Theodore Parker's church "not a few had secular newspapers, which they sat and read till the services commenced. There were bows of recognition across the hall, and everybody seemed quite at ease. The sexton set a vase of beautiful fresh flowers on the speak-

To KEEP MILK SWEET .- A. Boyd, a corres pondent of the Scientific American, states that he has practised a peculiar method, with much success, of preserving milk sweet in the pans. It simply consists in placing a piece of new hammered iron, or three twelve-penny nails, in each tin pan, then pouring the warm milk on them. He believes that electricity has something to do with producing the re-sult. He had tried many experiments before he hit upon this one, which he found to preserve the milk sweet for a longer time than any other plan tried by him.

Communicated.

At a meeting of the O. of U. S. A., Susquehanna Camp, No. 29, on the 15th day of August, inst., the following preamble and

resolutions were adopted : Wheneas, It hath pleased an all-wise Court of Over and Terminer for a new sentence. What the terms of that will be we have no means of judging, though it is fair to presume that they will be little if any less lequient than the original ones.

A GREAT MAIL.—The largest mail ever lish army seems not only to want a comman-der, but its aristocracy to wert brains. A new idea cannot be drilled into their heads, who has endeared himself to the whole compressume that they will be little if any less lequient than the original ones.

AND WHEREAS, He has shown himself ardently attached to our order, by the interest and assiduity manifested by him, thereby gaining the affection and regard of all the

members, therefore

Resolved, That in this sad bereavement we tender our sincere regard and deepeat sympa-thies to the relatives and friends of our de-

ceased brother.

Resolved, That as a testimonial of our regard for the memory of Bro. Yorks, the members wear the usual badge of mourning. for thirty days, and the Hall be clothed in

mourning.

Resolved, That a copy of the resolutions be forwarded to the bereaved family of our late brother, and that they be published in the Bunbury American. WM. A. BRUNER,

SAMUEL SNYDER, BENJ. ZETTLEMOYER, Com'tee.

For the Sunbury American MR. EDITOR :- I noticed in the Gazette of last week, communications recommending several gentlemen as candidates for the Legislature this fall, which suggested to me the propriety of naming Major S. R. Peals for that office. He is known throughout the county as a gentleman of plain and sociable manners, and as a lawyer of decided ability and promise. Unexceptionable in his private character—temperate and studious in his habits—liberal in his education, and generous hearted in all things, he seems to me the man for the times.

The Major is a democrat of the progressive "Young American" school, belonging, I be-lieve, to no clique, order or faction. No man in the county could represent us next winter with more ability, zeal and independence than he. I earnestly hope the Major may yield to the wishes of his friends and become a candidate.

A DEMOCRAT WHO WON'T SWEAR. Upper Augusta, Aug. 25, 1855 .- 1t.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

I. 0 of 0. F.

NOTICE is hereby given to the members of Sunbury Lodge, No. 203, I. O of O. P., that important business will be transacted on next Lodge night, August 25. A general attendance is requested.

By order of the Lodge.
CHS. J. BRUNER, Sec.
Sunbury, Aug. 25, 1855.—1t

N Deer Street, in this Borough, a few days since, one string of Red Coral Beads, with a cross, ancho and heart attached. The owner can have them by calling on the subscriber, GEORGE FOLLMER. Sunbury, Aug. 25, 1855.—1t.

FOUND!

To the Voters of Northumberland County At the solicitation of a number of my friends I offer myself to your consideration as an Inde-

pendent candidate for COUNTY TREASURER, at the ensuing election. Should a majority of my fellow citizens elect me to that office, I will

my fellow citizens elect in discharge its duties faithfully.

JOHN BOWEN. Sunbury, August 25 1855 .- te.

AUDITORS' NOTICE. THE undersigned, appointed Auditor by the Orphans Court of Northumberland county, to audit the exceptions to the abcount of Daniel Cameron, late of Rush township, dec'd, filed by the administrators of William Gentlert, late of said township, dec'd., who was one of the executors of said Daniel Cameron, dec'd, will attend to the duties of his said appointment, at his office in the borough of Sunbury, on Saturday, the 15th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. of said day, at which time and place all persons

interested are requested to attend. WM. M. ROCKEFELLER, Auditor.

Sunbury, Aug. 25, 1855 .- 3t. AUDITORS' NOTICE.

OTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county to make ditribution and adjust the rates and proportions of the assets remaining on the hands of Jacob Shipe, administrator of Charles Wollenbach, late o Northumberland county, dec'd., to and among the creditors of said deceased according to law. will at end to the duties of his said appointment on Saturday, the 15th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. of said day, at his office in the Borough of Sunbury, at which time and place all persons interested may attend if they

wm. M. ROCKEFELLER, Auditor.

Sunbury, Aug. 25, 1855 .- 6t. GENUINE HONEY SUAP.

THE purity, fragrance
& mild emoliient
properties of this Soap,
renders it especially deserving a place on every
toilet. For chapped hands,
and various diseases of the skin, it is unequaled - Each cake is stamped WM. CONWAY, 168 South Second street, Philadelphia. No other is Genuine.

Improved Chemical Olive Scap, Warranted to Wash in hard, soft, or salt water. This soap has powerful cleansing properties, which readily remove Oil, Paint, Dirt, &c., from every description of goods without injury to them. For all domestic purposes it is superior to any other soap in use, and 20 per cent, cheaper than the common rosin soap. Each bar is stamped, WILLIAM CONWAY,

168 South Second street, Philadelphia. Manufacturer of Fancy and Staple Soaps, sperm, stearine and tallow candles, importer and dealer in sal soda, soda ash, rosin, &c. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Phila. August 25, 1855 .-- tf.

STOVES! STOVES! We respectfully solicit the attention of the public to our

We respectfully solicit the attention of the public to our assortment of MacGREGOR HEATING STOVES, for Stores, Halls, Churches, Parlors &c.,—warranted to give more heat with one third the fuel, than any other Heating Stove in use. The large number which have been sold in this and other cities and the combined and increasing demand for them, is sufficient guarantee of their superiority over all other Heating Stoves, and we cheerfully melte the structure investigation of our clams to the most perfect article of the kind in use.

We also have a superior CAULDRON, for forming and chemical purposes, made on the same principle, for which we claim only a trigit to be appreciated.

We keep constantly on hand an assortment of the leading COOR and PARLOR STOVES; and are sole.

Agents in this State for
QUEEN'S PORTABLE FORGES.
BUCK'S PATENT COOKING STOTES, and
BARSTOW'S UNRIVALLED COOK & PARLOR.
STOVES. Wholesale Dealers will be supplied as the lowest foundry prices.

NEMAN & WARNICK,

Wholesale & Resail Stove Dealers,

N. E. Cor. of SECOND & RACE Sts. Philad's

FF For sale by

Philadelphia, August 25, 1855—3m.

ATTENTION,

DEWART GUARDS!! YOU are hereby commanded to meet at the Armory, on SATURDAY, the 1st day of Sept'ber. at 10 o clock, A. M., fully equipped for drill. Each member to be provided with

By order of the Captain. E. W. BRIGHT, 2d 8. ATTENTION

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS'

ARTILERISTS! YOU are hereby commanded to meet at the Armery, on SATURDAY, the 1st day of Sept., at 10 o'clock, A. M., fully equip-

ped for drill. Each member to be prepared with 10 rounds of blank cartridges. By order of the Captain ECLOMON STROH, O. S. Sunbury, Aug. 25, 1835.

Punctual attendance is requested.