

California News.

ARRIVAL OF THE CHEROKEE.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

New York, Nov. 1st, 6 P. M. The Steamer Cherokee has arrived with California dates to October 1st. She brings a very large number of passengers, and \$2,200,000 in gold. The general news from California is unimportant.

The Cherokee brings a very large mail. The country remains quiet, and crime is so seldom heard of that a feeling of security pervades the community. Trade was comparatively dull, yet the miners were never doing better. The fall trade was looked forward to with confidence. The value of real estate was improving, and although money was a little tight, the country generally wore a prosperous aspect.

The amount of real and personal property possessed by the city of San Francisco is \$17,645,000.

The steamer Oregon, from San Francisco for Panama, took \$2,000,000 in gold on her manifest.

The last trip by the Nicaragua route and occasional great rejoicing at San Francisco, Messrs. Gregory & Co. having delivered their despatches in 27 days from New York. This route is now fully opened, and meets with general favor.

The returns of the late election show majorities for all the candidates on the Democratic State ticket of from 1000 to 5000 votes. John Bigler, Dem., is elected Governor by 1500 majority. Marshall and McCorkle are elected to Congress by heavy majorities. Mayor Roman, for Treasurer, leads his ticket, having already over 4700 majority over Burt. Nearly every county gives Democratic majorities. The Legislature is Democratic in both branches. The whole vote polled in the State is 45,000.—Purdy, Dem., was elected Lieut. Governor, and Pierce, Comptroller. Marshall was to leave for Washington, Oct. 4th. The Oregon papers contain painful accounts of Indian depredations.

The Vigilance Committee at San Francisco were endeavoring to prevent the immigration of convicts.

The accounts from the Southern Mines are very promising. On the Touloume, operations have been carried on with a great deal of spirit. The mines at Tibbatt's Hill have also done well.

The accounts from the whaling fleet are more disastrous than previously received.—Fifteen vessels are reported to have been totally lost.

A terrible riot had occurred at Chagres between the natives and some returned Californians. Many persons are said to have been killed, including some thirty or forty natives and a number of Californians. The messenger of Messrs. Adams & Co., with all their important despatches, was left behind, and it was feared that he had been killed by the natives.

ADDITIONAL PER CHEROKEE.

New York, Nov. 2nd.—The steward of the Stockton House, named Edward Dupont, had been brutally murdered.

The Governor was about to call an extra session of the Legislature. The Convention to provide for organizing a new territory to be called Columbia territory, was shortly to assemble.

Mining intelligence continued highly favorable. A rich vein of quartz had been discovered in Broadway, in the city of San Francisco.

Capt. Bailey of the steamer Pacific is dead.

The Cherokee passed the Ohio going into Chagres.

The Cherokee brings \$1,919,163 gold on freight, and \$260,000 in the hands of passengers, of whom there are about 400.

Accounts from Astoria state that snow had fallen there to the depth of eight inches and that a very large number of emigrants were arriving.

The Indians on the Columbia river were committing unparalleled outrages upon emigrants. The family of Hudson Clark, of Ill., was attacked by a band of 20 Indians, who murdered his brother and mother and ravished his sister. Wm. Miller of West Virginia had also been attacked, his brother-in-law, Jackson, killed, and himself and daughter wounded. Two other trains had also been attacked but the Indians were repelled. The utmost excitement prevailed in regard to these outrages.

The Quartz Mining Companies in California had met with extraordinary success, and the yield of the mines exceeds that of any former period.

The Capitol has been removed to San Jose, the former seat of Government. The city of San Francisco was progressing rapidly. Trade was reviving and agricultural prospect brightening. It was believed that the products of the soil with the exception of grain for the present year, nearly equal the wants of the people. Considerable speculation existed regarding the next Senator.

A HOMELESS FAMILY.

At a late hour on Thursday night, some of the officers attached to Lieutenant Young's division of the Marshal's police, found a family of seven persons on Arch street Wharf, (Schuylerkill) without any shelter for the night. They were taken to the Station House, when food and clothing were provided for them. The head of the family is a shrouker by trade, and represented that for some time his health had been such as to prevent him working at his business, and getting behind with his rent, the landlord ejected him from the premises in which he had resided, in Filbert street, near Ashton.—Phila. Ledger.

HEALTH EXTRAORDINARY.—In the flourishing village of Cleveland, Oswego county, New York, containing a population of over 1200 inhabitants, there has not been a death of either old or young since Nov. 4, 1850; nor has there been a fire, nor a case of assault and battery, nor any species of plague of the place.



THE AMERICAN SUNBURY.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1851.

H. B. MASSER, Editor and Proprietor.

V. B. PALMER is our authorized agent to receive subscription and advertising at his office, in Philadelphia, New York, Boston and Baltimore.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The circulation of the Sunbury American among the different towns on the Susquehanna is not exceeded. Requested by any paper published in North or Pennsylvania.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Business Notices.

New Goods.—Friling & Grant advertise a fine stock of New Goods which they have received and are rapidly selling off.

BEFALO ROBES.—We refer our readers to the advertisement of James Reisky & Co., for this desirable article for winter use.

THE NEW POSTAGE LAW.

This law went into operation on the first day of July inst., and will operate to the following effect upon the SUNBURY AMERICAN.

- 1. Subscribers will receive it by mail, in Northumberland County, FREE OF POSTAGE.
2. For a distance not exceeding fifty miles at FIVE CENTS per quarter.
3. Over fifty and not exceeding three hundred miles at TEN CENTS per quarter.
4. Over three hundred and not exceeding one thousand miles, at FIFTEEN CENTS per annum.

Our neighbor Case complains that Mr. Greenough did not send him the proceedings of the Agricultural Fair, and says he went copy them out of the Sunbury papers. If John wants news, he should do as we do, send on his reporter.—In his paper of the week previous, John also attempts to account for the defeat of Mr. McCormick, and like the blind pig in search of acorns, actually stumbled on the true reason, viz: Judge Dentler's popularity. The less said about dishonorable conduct on this subject, John, the better.

The American Intelligencer, published at McEwensville, has been removed to Milton. The editor does not state that this change in location is to bring about, as was the case with his former removal, a change of politics. John is certainly a moving, if not a pushing man. But he should remember the old adage of "a rolling stone, &c."

LAMENTATIONS OVER JUDGE CAMPBELL'S DEFEAT.

The wailing and lamentations set up by some of the Press over the defeat of Judge Campbell, is most ludicrous and amusing. Some of these mourners, in the plenitude of their grief, go so far as to call him an "eminent citizen and an able Jurist." As we have had something to do with the defeat of Judge Campbell it may be deemed proper that we should protest (not against this attempted apotheosis of the Judge), but the false charges urged against those who opposed him.

And first, we may as well state that the circulars published in the Bulletin office, in Philadelphia, did not attack Judge Campbell on account of his religious opinions, as has been asserted. We saw the manuscript of the circular before it was printed, and have still in our possession a number of printed copies. Nor was that circular a secret one, but was liberally distributed a week or ten days before the election. It asserted that Judge Campbell was unfit for the office and that his nomination was procured by fraud. We now assert that these allegations are true. We do not desire to drag the character of Judge Campbell again, before the public, but would let him repose in the charity of his silence; or if his Jesuitical friends (we use the term politically) would consult his interests they would adopt the latter course.—That his nomination was disgraceful to those who were concerned in bringing it about, there can be no question. Judge Campbell's own democratic neighbors and fellow citizens, who constitute the greater portion of the 10,000 majority against him in the city and county, fully bear us out in all our allegations. And we will here state that nearly all the democrats of the city and county who opposed him are among the most intelligent and respectable portion of the community. Men who are not office hunters, political traders, &c., but such as merchants, mechanics, farmers and business men generally, such as are found in the stores and workshops of the city and suburbs.

We repeat that no lawyer of character at the Philadelphia Bar will assert that Judge Campbell has the necessary qualifications for the office. He was put forward by Mr. Buchanan, who made his cause his own, and every effort was made to elect him. We could now point to a number of individuals who supported him against their own convictions of right, on these grounds. Let the friends of Campbell and Buchanan bow with submission to their defeat and not make themselves ridiculous by attempting to thrust Judge Campbell upon Mr. Bigler as Secretary of State.

APPOINTMENT.—We are glad to learn that Major J. H. Kelton, of the Eagle Hotel, Williamsport, has been appointed Supervisor of the West Branch Canal, in place of George Crase, resigned.

THE STATE AGRICULTURAL FAIR AT HARRISBURG.

Having attended last week the first State Agricultural Fair that has been held in Pennsylvania, it affords us much pleasure in saying that it has fully met the expectations of its most ardent friends as a beginning, affording a sufficient guarantee that our future fairs may, in a few years, vie with any in the Union. The number of persons in attendance was much larger than many had anticipated, numbering probably on Thursday the 30th ult., not less than 20,000. The horses, cattle, swine, sheep and poultry, afforded some fine specimens of improvement in our stock. The fair was opened for the public on Wednesday morning and continued until Friday evening. On Wednesday none but those who became members were admitted, the fee being one dollar, with the privilege of going in as often as they pleased. On Thursday the admission fee was twenty-five cents. The amount of money received on Thursday, for membership and admission fees, was over \$2,300.

The ploughing match came off on Friday morning, and attracted a great crowd into the adjoining field of ten acres. There were a dozen or more competitors for the best ploughing, and the soil of the ten acre field was soon turned bottom upward. The ploughing done by Messrs. Prouty and Barrett, with one of their centre draught plows, we thought was unrivalled. The Michigan double plow was awarded a special premium. This plow has two shares and mouldboards. The first cuts and turns over the sod and the other turns over on it, the soil beneath.

An old German from Lancaster county appeared on the ground, with two cows attached to one old plow brought from Germany, 105 years old, using what appeared to be a stout single fur for a mould board.—His cattle worked admirably amid the shouts of the multitude that followed this relic of antiquity, which was happily introduced to show the difference between skinning and ploughing.

The display of agricultural implements was highly creditable. We cannot say as much however for the agricultural products. We produced better grain and vegetables, at our own County Fair. In needle work, embroidery, quilts, &c., there was a tolerable fair representation, but not as good as there should have been.

There was a long list of non enumerated articles, some of them highly meritorious. This list is always a large and important one. The Committee on these articles awarded but few premiums, believing that diplomas for articles of merit, would be quite as satisfactory. In this, we think, they were greatly mistaken. Although diplomas may be equal to, if not better than an ordinary premium, yet custom has assigned to them a lower grade of merit.

Among the most agreeable and pleasant productions of the soil, was some fine domestic champagne wine, from the vine yard of Mr. Longworth of Ohio, called sparkling Catawba and sparkling Isabella. We tested the qualities of both, in the hospitable tent of Judge Watts, the President of the Society, to whose able and efficient management much of the success of the Fair is justly due. The Society has been fortunate in securing the services of Judge Watts. His talents, industry, and decision of character, united to a deportment, urbane and dignified, eminently qualifies him for the station. On Friday afternoon the report of the Committee, awarding premiums, was read by the President, after which the officers and a large portion of the people proceeded to the Capitol, to hear the address of the Hon. Andrew Stevenson, of Virginia, who had been invited for the occasion. It contains much useful information and occupied nearly two hours in delivery. This County was not as well represented as it should have been, yet we have fared well in what was exhibited.—Among the premiums awarded, the following are from this County:

- To David Taggart of Northumberland, for best pair of cows, \$2.00
" " Chittagongs, 2.00
To Miss Sarah A. Zeigler of Sunbury, for best worsted embroidery, first premium, \$3.00
To H. B. Masser of Sunbury, for his Ice Cream Freezer, \$3.00

MR. BUCHANAN AND THE STATE FAIR.—A number of newspapers notice that Mr. Buchanan was attending the State Fair at Harrisburg. Mr. Buchanan was there one day, but did not feel disposed to encourage the project with his presence during its continuance. We heard a distinguished Virginian remark that it was strange that Mr. Buchanan could not take it convenient to give more time and attention to a measure so fraught with the great interests of Pennsylvania.

The last McEwensville Intelligencer devotes nearly a column to the abuse of Gen. Cameron and ourselves, on the subject of the Presidency. John had better endeavor to refute our arguments, but we presume that is no part of the contract with his Buchanan employers. But fire away John, as long as the ammunition lasts. At the conclusion you can send up a rocket that will astonish both your friends and enemies.

Billy Miller, breathed his last in the lock-up at the Mayor's office, Philadelphia, on the 30th ult. Poor Billy was himself, the only enemy he had.

FINE CATTLE.

We observed at the State Fair at Harrisburg, among other fine stock exhibited by Mr. Aaron Clement of Philadelphia, a fine Durham bull, 20 months old, called "Brandyswine," and a fine large Durham heifer two years old, called "Woodbine." These cattle took a premium at the Fair, and were afterwards purchased by Mr. Amos E. Kapp of Northumberland, for two hundred dollars. Mr. Kapp has a fine farm near Northumberland, and is determined to rear upon it the finest cattle, the benefits of which will, no doubt, be felt by our whole farming community, by the introduction of good stock.

FINE POULTRY.

The exhibition of Poultry at the State Fair at Harrisburg, was, probably, in some respects finer than that at Rochester. Our friend David Taggart, Esq., of Northumberland, had undoubtedly the finest collection of choice fowls on the ground. They were not only remarkable for their size and weight, but for their fine condition and healthy appearance, and attracted much attention during the whole Fair. Mr. Taggart received two premiums, one of them being for the best pair of fowls on the ground, and the other for a pair of Chittagongs. Mr. Brua Cameron of Middletown, received a number of premiums for his fine ducks, fowls, &c. Northumberland county came in for a good share of premiums.

KOSMUTH.

That there has been some trouble in regard to Kosmuth, on board the U. S. Frigate Mississippi, there can be no doubt.—Some letters speak very harshly of Kosmuth's conduct, and censure him for want of proper respect towards the officers of the vessel and our government. The presumption is that he wishes to remain in England in order to revolutionize Europe.

The money market continues to improve. The great influx of gold from California must soon restore the money market to its former equilibrium. The receipts of gold dust at the mint from California, this year, will reach about forty-eight millions of dollars. Without this great resource what a tremendous smash, the excessive importations under the tariff of 1846 would have occasioned throughout the Union.

The Post Office Department has decided that subscribers living in the County where a newspaper is published are entitled to receive it free of postage, even though the post office through which they receive it may be out of the County.—Subscribers and Postmasters will please notice.

It is stated that Gov. Johnston has consented to act as President of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, the object of which is to construct a Railroad along the general course of the Allegheny River from Pittsburg to the New York State Line.

BLOOMERS.—Two of our best looking and most respectable young ladies made their appearance in Market street, on Thursday evening last, dressed in the Bloomer costume.—Their appearance was much admired.

OYSTERS.

It will be a good thing for the lovers of these testaceous bi-valves, to know that the luscious articles are served up in every style that is good, from the raw to the roast, by our friend George Grant, at his saloon in the Lawrence House. Every thing about the saloon is well arranged, and we happen to know that a delicious lunch always awakes and appeases a good appetite here. Whoever doubts our orthodoxy upon this subject, had better make the experiment for himself.

THE Cotton Planters' Convention at Macon, Geo., is in session, consisting of between two and three hundred delegates.—The business of this Convention is to devise means for providing against the depression and fluctuations of the prices of cotton.—There was considerable conflict of opinion concerning the practicability of accomplishing this result, and various plans for providing a remedy were presented. The subject was finally referred to a committee of twenty one, who could not agree upon anything definite. The proposition to organize an association, with a capital of \$20,000,000, was violently opposed. A proposition was then rejected, which provided that planters should make returns to a Central Committee to be established, of the cotton housed by the middle of January; and further, that not more than two-thirds of the crop should be sold before the 1st of May, and for not less than eight cents a pound; and that the remaining third should be sold at a time to be recommended by the Central Committee. There was no harmony of views among those present, and the Convention is regarded as a failure.

A WHITE WOMAN RELEASED FROM SLAVERY.—The Circuit Court of Rockingham county, Va., last week, after a trial that excited much interest, decided that Amanda Jauie, who had been held as a slave ever since her birth, some twenty-six years ago, was a white woman, although her origin was distinctly traced to a negro, who was a slave. Exceptions have been taken to the decision of the case, by the counsel for the defendants. Amanda's mother, it was proved, was a negro slave, yet the color of Amanda's skin, her hair, her eyes, her nose, her whole physical exterior, would prove her to be what the jury have made her—a white woman. She has two perfectly white children.

THE MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH CASE—IMPORTANT DECISION.

The United States Circuit Court, composed of Judges Grier and Kane, yesterday made a decision in the case of French and others, of the Morse line, "The Magnetic Telegraph Company," and Rogers and others, of the Bain line of Telegraph from Washington to New York, which settles a number of principles of great importance to those engaged in the business of telegraphing by electro-magnetism, and to inventors generally.—The Court decided all the questions in controversy in favor of the claimants under Professor Morse's patents, and declares the process and apparatus used on the Bain line for telegraphing and recording signs at a distance, infringements of Morse's patents. The points ruled by the Court in this case are—

- 1. That an art is the subject of a patent, as well as an implement or a machine.
2. That an inventor may surrender and obtain a reissue of his patent more than once if necessary.
3. That Professor Morse was the first inventor of the art of recording signs at a distance by means of electro-magnetism or the magnetic telegraph.
4. That the several parts or elements of the Morse Telegraph are covered and protected by his patent, as new inventions, and are really new either as single, independent inventions, or as parts of a new combination for the purpose specified.
5. That the patent granted to Prof. Morse for his "Local Circuit" is valid, and that the "Branch Circuit" of the Bain line is an infringement of it.
6. That the subject and principles of the chemical telegraph are clearly embraced in Morse's patents.

DEATH OF MADAME UZHAZI.—We regret to learn from the Washington Telegraph, that the wife of Governor Uzhazi, the Hungarian Riteguez, died at New Buha, Decatur county, Iowa, on the 11th inst. The intelligence was received at Washington on Tuesday night, in a letter from Governor Uzhazi to Major Tachman and lady. The venerable Hungarian patriot, in announcing the sad tidings, thus concludes his letter:—"The cup of my sorrow is full. I have lost my beloved wife! Could I have foreseen that my exile was to shorten her days, I would have given my hand to the fates of my country, to preserve the life of the best of mothers. My most affectionate, unfortunate friend!"

WILD BOAR KILLED.

On Thursday last a very large wild boar was killed near the plantation of Mrs. Mary Marshall, six miles from Savannah, Ga., by a party of hunters who went in pursuit of him. He was the terror of all the negroes in the surrounding neighborhood. A party of men, accompanied by a number of dogs, started in pursuit of him on Thursday morning, and succeeded in bringing him to bay. A desperate fight soon took place between the dogs and the boar. Three of the dogs were killed in a few moments, one of whom had his head completely severed from his body by a single stroke of the boar which was finally killed by a rifle ball. He weighed 468 pounds. His skin was near an inch in thickness, and his tusks were 22 inches in length. He measured three feet across his shoulders.

We were yesterday shown a new counter-foil \$5 note on the Philadelphia Bank. The plate is letter A, and is variously filled up. The general appearance of the note is not good, though is sufficiently perfect to deceive, unless closely examined. It may be detected, however, by the omission of two commas between the names of Underwood & Bald and Draper & Underwood. The dots between the words "Five - Five," on the upper and lower margins are oblong in the good notes and square in the counter-foils.—Phila. Ledger.

HORRIBLE.—A woman named Tont, was committed to the jail of Lebanon, Pa., last week, on a charge of whipping a little girl, three years old, to death, to which she was step-mother. The child fell from her hands, dead. What an awful accountability this fiend has to meet!

COMPARATIVE VOTES OF 1848 AND 1851.

—The vote for Governor this year shows an increase over the vote for the same officer in 1848, of 27,714 votes. Johnston's vote is increased over that he received in 1848, by 10,312 votes. Bigler over Longstreth by 18,274. Notwithstanding this increase of vote, the aggregate does not come up to the last Presidential vote by 4,219.

STATUES FOR UNCLE SAM.—A letter from Italy in an English paper says that Crawford, the sculptor, is making colossal equestrian statues of Washington, Patrick Henry and Jefferson, and that the American government is to pay him \$500,000, for them.—This is news for Uncle Sam.

ANOTHER NEW TERRITORY.—The inhabitants residing north of the Columbia river, in Oregon Territory, are in favor of a division. Public meetings have been held in the counties of Clark, Lewis and Pacific, and strong resolutions adopted in favor of the organization of a New Territory.

FAREWELL TO THE LEAVES.—The leaves are scattering away from the shade tree, in the shelter of the autumn breeze; and, as the wind sweeps them along to the grave, they dash a kiss of farewell into the faces of the passer by. We like kisses, but prefer to take them without leave.

HEALTH is getting to be vulgar, and is confined principally to servant girls. No "lady" can possibly be guilty to "being well," without losing caste. Spinal complaints are just now in the ascendant—no female being considered "good society" who possesses sufficient strength to raise a smoothing iron.

A LITTLE DAUGHTER of W. G. Perley was killed at Lebanon, N. H., by falling upon a penholder which she had in her mouth, and driving it into her throat.

By Magnetic Telegraph.

For the Sunbury American to the latest moment!

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 5, 1851. Our election in this State for Gov. and Lieut. Governor came off yesterday. Robert McClelland, Democrat, is elected Governor by about 10,000 majority.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 5. There have been 13 yellow fever deaths in Mobile alone, during the week ending the 25th ult.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 5. General Foote, the Union Democratic Candidate for Governor, has swept everything before him. His majority will be over 20,000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6. The Senate is undoubtedly whig by 2 majority. Assembly probably democratic, though doubtful.

SECOND DESPATCH. 11 o'clock, P. M.—The whigs have without doubt succeeded in electing their State ticket.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 6. The returns thus far, indicate the success of the whig ticket throughout.

MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin, Nov. 6. Farwell the whig candidate for Governor, is elected by a handsome majority.

LATE FROM THE CITY OF MEXICO.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 3. By an arrival, to-day, from Vera Cruz, we have dates from the city of Mexico to the 16th of September. The British Minister had an official interview with President Arista, at which he demanded an early and final answer to Lord Palmerston's despatches. It is reported that the intention of the British agents to blockade the ports of Mexico, unless a satisfactory answer is given.

The revenue-sentor Forward was waiting at Vera Cruz for despatches from Gov. Letelier, the American Minister.

MOVEMENT OF UNITED STATES TROOPS.—New Orleans, Nov. 3, P. M.—All the United States troops, to reinforce the American Army on the Rio Grande, left here this morning.

THE AUSTRIAN MINISTER, &c.—Washington, Nov. 3.—The cause for Chevalier Hulsemann, the Austrian Minister, demanding his passports, is supposed to be connected with the action of the American government relative to Kosmuth.

It is generally believed that the Hon. John S. Ogle, of Pennsylvania, will get the mission to Denmark.

Mr. Hays, the great picker of locks, obtained a triumph on Saturday, by having his lock restored to him unopened, after a fortnight's persevering attempts on the part of Gashorn, with the report of the Committee affirming its impregiability.—London Standard.

The Boston "Hem Fever" is about to break out again. On the 11th of next month there is to be a Poultry Convention, to last four days. There will be great crowding, of course, as the general election takes place at the same time.—Boston paper.

TO CURE A FELON.—Take one tablespoonful of red lead, and one tablespoonful of Castile soap, mix them with as much weak ley as will make it soft enough to spread like a salve, and apply it on the first appearance of the felon, and it will cure it in ten or twelve hours.

MORTALITY AMONG CLERGYMEN.—The Presbyterian, published in New York, mentions that since the 1st of May, a period of six months, sixteen clergymen, belonging to the Presbyterian Church have died.

MR. WEBSTER is said to have received \$5000 for his argument in the Day and Goodyear case, at Boston, last week. Nothing like rubber!"

THE Pittsburgh American states that the report of Governor Johnston having accepted the Presidency of the Allegheny Valley Railroad is premature.

MR. Z. D. GILMAN, of Washington city, has sold his splendid cottage dwelling to Senator Gwynn of California, for \$17,000.

New Advertisements.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a good Journeyman Chair-maker, to whom good wages and constant employment will be given by the subscriber, residing in Trevorton, Northumberland county. WILLIAM KOEHLER. November 8, 1851.—3t.

MORE NEW GOODS! FRILING & GRANT, RESPECTFULLY inform the public and "the rest of mankind," that they have received a large assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, of every variety of style, consisting in part of a fine assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Merinos, Mouseline de Laines, Calicoes, Muslins, Checks, and every variety of Dry Goods. Also a large assortment of GROCERIES, SUCH AS Sugar, Teas, Coffee, Molasses, Spices of all kinds.

Also an assortment of HARDWARE and QUEENSWARE, Fish, Salt and Plaster. Also a fresh supply of DRUGS AND MEDICINES. Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange at the highest market price. Sunbury, Nov. 8, 1851.

BUFFALO ROBES. ALSO, FANCY FURS, such as Muffs, Boas, Tippees, Victoria's, &c., &c. The subscribers offer the above for sale, wholesale or retail, in the greatest variety, and at the cheapest terms, at their Establishment, No. 39 North Third Street, opposite Cherry, Philadelphia. JAMES REISKY & CO. November 8, 1851.—4ms.

WASHINGTON HOUSE, SUNBURY, PA. THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken the well known Public House, corner of Market and River streets, lately occupied by Mrs. Wharton. He trusts by strict attention to business, he will be enabled to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom. JAMES COVERT. Sunbury, Oct. 25, 1851.—4t.

ESTATE OF GEORGE W. P. SHANNON, Esq., Dec'd. NOTICE is hereby given that letters Testate, a copy of which have been granted to the subscribers, on the estate of George W. P. Shannon, dec'd., late of the County of Northumberland. All persons indebted to said estate, or having claims against the same, are requested to call on the subscriber for settlement. ALFRED KNEASS, THOS. STRAWBRIDGE, Executors. Northumberland, Oct. 11, 1851.—6t.

ANOTHER FRENCH REVOLUTION is predicted, and there are almost as many signs of one as there were in February 1848.—Still, the world of London, will move as quietly, and gentlemen of taste and prudence will continue to get their supplies of clothing at the Cheap and Fashionable Clothing Store of Rock-hill & Wilson, No. 111, Chestnut St., Corner of Franklin Place, Philadelphia. November 1, 1851.

NEW GOODS! J. R. KAUFFMAN At His New Store in Hollowing Run. RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and customers, that he has just received a new stock of goods, which he offers to the public at the lowest prices, viz: Fall and Winter Dry Goods, SUCH AS Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Merinos, Mouseline De Laines, Flannels, and every variety of goods suitable for the season. Also—Silk Hats, Caps, &c. ALSO:—An assortment of Hardware. ALSO:—A variety of Queensware, Crockery, &c. Besides a variety of other articles, suitable for farmers, &c. All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods at the highest market price. Hollowing Run, Oct. 25, 1851.—4t.

GREAT BARGAINS! WHOLESALE and RETAIL. HAVING constantly on hand a immense stock of Watches and Jewellery, I am determined to sell at low prices, than the same quality of Watches or Jewellery are sold in Philadelphia, viz: Gold Lever Watches, full jeweled 18 K case, only \$30.00 Gold Lepines, " " " " 15 " 24.00 Silver Levers, full jeweled, only 14.00 Silver Lepines, " " " 11.00 Gold Pencils, " " " 1.50 Gold Pens, Silver holders, 1.00 Also an immense stock of all kinds of Watches, Gold Chains, Breastpins, Earrings, Silver Spoones, &c., all of which I will sell at less prices than ever have been sold in this city, as the prices are certainly much less than over here. Here sold in this city or county. California Gold bought for Cash. Particular attention paid to repairing Watches and Jewellery. All I ask is a call in conviction. Purchase that this is the place to purchase Watches, Jewellery and Silver ware. Persons by sending the cash they wish to spend can have a watch or watches sent to their mail with perfect safety, having sent them that way for the last 6 years. All communications must be post paid. Please call or send orders to LEWIS LABOMUS, No. 103 Chestnut St., between 3d and 4th St., East Wing of Franklin House. Philadelphia, Oct. 25, 1851.—4t.

TO DYSPEPTICS. THE subscriber offers for sale Cheltenham Salt, an invaluable remedy for this disease. It is an exact imitation of the water of the celebrated Cheltenham Spring of England, which has been found so beneficial in cases of Dyspepsia, Bilious Complaints, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, &c., and is particularly recommended as a substitute for Seville Powder, as it acts both as a tonic and gentle purgative. A Pamphlet containing an analysis of the water and directions for its use, accompanies each bottle.—Price 38 cents per bottle. The subscribers also prepare a highly concentrated Essence of Pure Jamaica Ginger. Price 25 cents per bottle. Full Catalogues of drugs with prices attached furnished Physicians gratis. Also priced Catalogues of Pure Chemicals for analytical Chemists. The attention of Druggists is particularly invited to our stock of fine drugs, chemicals, &c. BILLOCK & CRENSHAW, Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists, 6th & Arch Street, Philadelphia. October 25, 1851.—4ms.

INK—Bourran's celebrated ink, and also Con-gre ink for sale, wholesale and retail by December 28, 1850. H. B. MASSER.