NEW SERIES VOL. Q. NO. 40.

SUNBURY, NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY, PA., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 99, 1849.

OLD SERIES VOL. 10. NO. 14

TERMS OF THE AMERICAN. THE AMERICAN is published every Saturday at TWO OLLARS per annum to be paid half yearly in advance a major discontinued until all, afrennages are paid. TO CLUBS.

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Jane 16, 1849,---

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Cases, Bristol Boards; Whatman's Drawing Papers, Envelopes, Bonc's and Arnold's celebrated
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Philadelphia, June 2, 1849.—3m

BYERY MAN HIS OWN PATENT MUNN & Co, publishers of the "SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN," have favoured us with
a Plamphlet containing the Patent Laws of the
United States, together with all the forms necessary for applying for a Patent, information in regard
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overy other information that is necessary to instruct
a person in making his own applications. a person in making his own applications.

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March 10, 1849.—

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THE subscribers would call the attention of Country Merchapts and Milliners to their extensive amortment of fashionable Service and Education and Have of the newest styles. Also, a large and general assortment of Preme and American Artificial Flowers, Ribbons, Crow Linings, Od Silk, Wire, Quillings, Buckram, & which shoy offer at prices that dely compilition.

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Beanest and Hat Manufacturers,

20 North 2d street.

Philadelphia June 2, 1643.

Wan. G. Cochran & Co., White AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS,
Me. 72 Walnet Street, Philodelphia.

AVE always to hand a very condition of their a importation. Steep Koopers, Metal Manusca, private qualitance, will be supplied on the

in. Nov. 17, 1640 .-

SELECT POETRY.

From the Knickerbocker.

BY A. RIVERS

She stands beside the open drawer : What sees the matron there?

A broken ring, a picture case,
A trees of auburn hair,
With many a letter, stained and worn,
The records of the past: Of days of spring time happiness That were too bright to last.

Why starts the lady thus aside, As if some voice she heard?

Those few pale faded lily flowers,
What thoughts can they have stirred,
Save memories of a forest walk,
Or garden tangled o'er,
Or splashings of the mountain brook
Beside her father's door?

"I thought they all had fed the flames
Upon my bridal day;
That summer winds had borne their dust
With life's young hopes away:
Why comes this shadow from the past
To mock my calmer hours?
Oh, would that every memory
Could wither like the flowers!"

She hears her children's laughing play Beside their father's laughing pl Beside their father's knee; The lady's heart is far away Across the deep blue ses; Across the stretch of desert sand, Across the Indian wave, Her English home lies fair around; Her heart is in that grave.

From the N. V. National Police Gazette "King-What do you call the play? HAMLET-The Mouse-trap, . mon: 'tie a knavish piece of work."

THE INFERNAL MACHINE.

[Continued.]

THE NOUSE TRAP. The nearest tavern was the "Five Mile House," on the Third Avenue, kept by our our old friend, Thomas Starr. There we went, after leaving Thompson on the avenue, and taking a survey of his premises, selected the small back room, at the rear of his bar-room, for our purpose. Without explaining our object, we told him to get up a supper of some description, for two or three persons, on Monday night in the back room, and have a large closet or pantry in its corner cleared of its boxes and rubbish, so that two persons might be put in there and overhear their conversation .-We wanted the windows, which looked out on the side alley, four or five feet from the ground, left open with their white muslin curtains hanging drawn before them, and, above all, desired that there might be a bright light in the room. We told Mr. now who the parties were, when they came, by a one eyed man asking if he had any oysters; that he must then tell him he could give them anything else but oysters, and invite him and his friends into the back room. This being fixed, and Mr. Starr promising secrecy, we let the matter run round till Monday afternoon, when ordering a coach to our residence, we waited patiently for four persons, whom we intended to use in the matter, all of whom were entirely ignorant of the purpose for which we required them.

Up to this time we had not communica-

ted our proceedings to a soul. No person in our office even knew what we were about, and the very men who had engaged to stand upon the ground near the stone fence, would have understood no more about the matter, after they had performed the task, than the fence itself. It was too important a business to entrust to the danger of a leakage, for we might have found a torpedo in the road, or a pistol ball in the gloom, had Drury got an inkling of what we were about. Everything having now reached a culminating point, we thought it proper to confide our movements to Mr. Warner, the more particularly that Mr. W. might himself be present at the "Five Mile House;" and hear from the mouth's of the Drury's, should the conversation be successful, Thompson's exculpation from the torpedo plot. Mr. Warner was, therefore, to be on the ground. But he did not come, and three out of the four whom we had invited to ride with us that afternoon failed to arrive. They thought, probably, that we were not very strenuous in relation to their company upon the jaunt. In this way half-past six o'clock came around, and it was necessary to be on the ground at early dusk. While chafing at our disappointment, a person called at our house with some letters for us, and thrusting him in the coach, in his brown linen business coat. with the word that we wanted him on matter of importance, we ordered the coach to drive off with all its speed to the "Five Mile House." We burriedly saw that the room, the curtains and the table were all right, and then hastened with our new recruit to the fence on the Fifth avenue.-When there we espied at a little distance down the road two wretched hovels, before one of which a rude squatter was pitching in manure. We determined to improvise him into one of our policemen for the ground, and calling him aside, confided to him the fact we expected a man and a woman to meet near a spot down the road, during the course of that night, and that as we wished to frustrate that meeting, we would give him a dollar an hour to stand upon the place we should point out, or walking up and down before it, until one o'clock. The Irishman winked at the mention of the woman, as if we considered it an affair of jealousy on our part, but either out of fear of the banshees, or from a desire

wards, on Brooklyn heights, with I nompsistent came back bettened up in per-costs,
holding formidable truncheons, and looking
as much like policemen, as if they had
served an apprenticeship of mouths in the

to extend the profits of a good job to a friend, he refused to watch without a com-

Sixth Ward. Things being thus fortunately fixed, we gave them a dollar in hand each, and went back with our wandering companions to the "Five Mile House." It was after eight when we reached there, and we sat until half-past nine, being interrupted only by an irruption of Governors of the Alms House, who had held that day the ballot for their terms. At half-past nine, or thereabouts, Thompson and Sam came in, and the former fixing his best eye upon the rosy host, enquiring in a loud voice for some oysters. The affable landlord acted according to arrangement, and we enjoyed a feeling of relief when they vanished into the trap, that our name had not been mentioned in the boys presence. As soon as the pair had got in, we touched our witnesses by the arm, and leading them in the alley, stationed them beside the low windows, with the direction not to lose sight or sound of any thing that might pass.—
We then returned personally to the barroom and smoking a segar until we heard
the pair in the room shove back their chairs to rise. At that moment we rose also, and going out summoned the listeners from the windows. On getting into the road, one of them turned upon us with a countenance evincing the utmost excitement, and said, "Why, my God, Mr. Wilkes, that boy is the fellow who left the torpedo at Warner's "Well, we thought so;" was our reply,

"but keep the matter close, and we'll get something more by and by." We then returned to our Irish sentinels. and learned that a man and a boy had come along, and one of them said, he thought the boy might be the woman we suspected, dressed up in mens' clothes. Looking with and left them a lot of segars to comfort them. We then returned home, and Thompson and the boy finding themselves baffled up to twelve o'clock, separated, the tormer to walk in to the city, and the latter to take a small boat at the Hurl-Gate ferry, and cross to Astoria to his home. On the following day the conversation which en-

by one of the witnesses, Thus far matters had been well done .-The secret of the torpedo box was out, but only half the work was accomplished .-The efforts now had to be extended and new hands employed. The old man was wary, suspicious and reserved. There was perhaps but one person in all the world who would ensnare him, and who, wily as himself, possessed his professional confidence. This person was Bill Darlington, alias Briston Bill, the famous English burglar, whose exploits in and the last three or four years, we have so often chronicled. We hit upon a mode of interesting Dar-

sued in the back room was written down

ington, and sent Thompson to Boston as the bearer of our views. Those views were deliberated upon by Bristol Bill, and after the lapse of a few days, he and his counsel came to this city, and agreed to our wishes. In brief, Margaret O'Connor, the wife or mistress of Bristol Bill, was under conviction for passing counterfeit money furnished her by Drury, and we showed Bill and his counsel, that if she could be instrumental in convicting the villain who furnished her with the notes, the authorities would doubtless remit her penalty. Actuated by this hope, the only one that would have operated to his conversion, Bill put himself in the harness of ostice, and went to work with all the ardor of an old man in love. Finding the matter now to thicken too fast, we called n the assistance of officer A. M. C. Smith. and also availed ourself of an ex-officer, who aided us in a collateral branch of some importance. It being now evident that we should soon require some formal authority to aid us in our proceedings, and not being able to consult with the county District Attorney, we went to Albany to procure the appointment of the Attorney General as the legal representative of the case. We saw the Governor, explained the whole matter to him, told him that we should be successsful, and explained that our reason for desiring the substitution of the Attorney General was, that the secrets of the county District Attorney's office were often accessible to that portion of the police which had failed in developing the torpedo business. We had a fear, therefore, that envy might frustrate us, and our secrets fall within the knowledge of the wealthy enemy. The Governor acceded to our views, and made the substitution.

THE RAT TRAP. In the meantime Thompson had returned, and showed himself to Drury with an excuse about the dies; but at the same time proposing another speculation, and show-ing him some superb specimens of medallions (which had been borrowed from Rawdon, Wright & Co.) as the work of a new counterfeiter, whom he, Drury, might en-gage. Drury was delighted with the beauty of the workmanship of the specimens, and kept one or two of them to examine at his lessure. While these maneverings were going on, the robbery of the safe of the Union Whart Company at Princetown, Mass., turned up, and after a moment's observation, it was decided to be a good opportunity for the introduction of Bristol Bill into the case. Thompson was sent to Drury to inform him that Bill was in town brury to inform him that Bill was in town with the largest portion of the Province-town plunder, and that he could purchase the whole of the swag for sixty or seventy cents on the dollar. Drury eagerly anapped at the chance, and made an appointment to meet Bill on the second day afterwards, on Brooklyn heights, with Thompson. So careful a man was Drury, that he

prepare for that accomplishment, we on Monday the 12th inst., had a room secured for Bristol Bill at No. 27 Fulton street, Brooklyn, and on the same evening wrote an item for the Morning Star, about the officers being in search of him for large amounts of property, that would excuse him from not coming out to keep the appointment, and at the same time decoy Drury to him. We then selected two intelligent officers from the Sixth Ward police named William O. Jenkins and Dominic Crassous, and told them that Mr. Smith would take them to a place in Erooklyn on the next day, to assist him and ourself in making some arrests. That to accomplish these arrests, they must be secreted in a closet adjoining a bedroom, and be apparently fastened up by nails run in lose holes for their reception. That they would see through small holes which would be bored through the door, three of the great-est criminals in the United States; that those criminals would converse, doubtless, on great crimes recently committed; that they must carefully hear all that was said, as on the correctness of their information would depend their authority for future ac-

That the conversation might be long, but their attention must not flag, as the most important subject of all, might come the last. They were further directed to put on India-rubber shoes, so that their feet a the closet could not be heard, and to hold hankerchiefs in their hands, in case they wanted to cough or sneeze, to stifle the sound. Finally, they were informed, that at the end of an hour, or the reabout, a fourth man would enter the room, who would be followed by Smith and ourself; that then p oper admiration upon this evidence of the arrests would commence, and if resistgenius and police proficiency, we gave ance were made, we would swing away each of the watchmen a dollar more a-piece whatever obstruction stood before the closet door, and let them in with their clubs to our assistance. The object of this deception was to prevent the officers from knowing that they were to be used merely as isteners, and to sharpen their sight and hearing by the idea, that on the activity of those organs were to depend their warrant for all they would be called upon to do.

At half-past eleven o'clock, the officers were concealed in the closet, and as soon as they were nailed up, the room was put in order. The bed which was allotted to Bristol Bill, was tumbled; his boots lay under it-one here and one there-and their leggings were sprinkled with a sediment of dust, as if they had not been worn for two days; a lot of dirty water was put in the wash-basin, small knots of woolly furze lay about the floor, as if they had collected through neglect of sweeping, and everything gave appearance of occupation. the heads of the large nails, which were its apparent fastenings, and its fan light was covered with green paper, with a small tear in it, to give it a sort of standard appearance. In the centre of this model hamber, supported on one side by an open champaigne basket, and on the other by a bottle sat Bristol Bill, the burglar, in his shirt sleeves and slippers, smoking a cigar, and ready to appear, engaged in writing a letter to Margaret O'Connor, which lay already commenced, before him.

While things were in this condition he apartment at No. 23 Fulton street, Thompson and Drury met upon the heights, and Thompson acquainted his companion that Bill could not come out, on account of the "coppers," and that he (Drury) would e obliged to meet him in his room. But Drury peremptorily refused. He was not going to expose himself; and he (Thompson) ought to know that he never would keep an appointment in a house. "We have to break all sorts of rules sometimes,' said Thompson; "and in this case it cannot be avoided." But Drury did not see why Bill could not come out! "Why, have you not seen the papers?" said Thompson, and pulling out the Star containing our po-lice item that Bill "was on the run," he showed it to him. This at once convinced Drury that Bill had sufficient reason for lyng close, and it seemed at the same tim to inflame his avarice anew. He accordingly yielded to Thompson's inducements and in a few minutes, after carefully glancing up and down the street as he entered the door, he appeared within the room where Bristol Bill was engaged upon the letter to ais sweetheart. Drury's eyes flew round this room like those of a cat as he closed the door behind him. No object escaped his observation, and he indulged in three or four distinct examinations of the heads of the nails in the door behind which the officers were placed. At length, ap-pearing to be satisfied, he relinquished his watchfulness, and sat down facing the clo-

ed door. The conversation which then was commence, had been previously debated upon and laid out. A profound knowledge of the passions and likewise of Drury's character, was required, to enable one to touch the springs of his reserve, and unlock his secret to a pair of ears, felonious though they were. With these ideas to instruct us, it was decided, that after the conversation had run on the subjects of the Provincetown robbery, the Eagle Bank counterfeit, and Darlington's affairs sufficiently long that he should pretend an in-tense hate for Warner, and inform Drury that what he had failed in accomplishing with his torpedo box, Thompson, and him-selt now intended to take in hand. In short, that they intended to send Warner torpedo themselves. [Concluded next week.]

WHO WAS SHE !- There was a great time

Washington News.

THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS-1st Session.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19, 1849. SENATE .- Mr. Dodge, of Wisconsin, offered a resolution that the Rev. Theobald Matthew be invited to take a seat in this body during his sojourn here. The resolution lies over one day.

On motion of Mr. Mangum, the Senate proended to fill up the list of Committees, elecing all by resolution, excepting those on the District of Columbia, the Judiciary and the Territories, which were at Mr. Haie's suggestion, elected by ballot.

The following is the entire list: On Foreign Relations-Messrs, King, Benn, Webster, Foote and Mangum.

On Finance-Messrs. Dickinson, Hunter, Phelps. Douglas and Pearce. On Commerce-Mesers, Hamlin, Soule, Davis, of Mass., Dodge, of W., and Bell.

On Manufactures-Messrs. Sebastian, Butler, Jones, Clark and Upham. On Agriculture-Messrs, Sturgeon, Turney, Walker, Spruance and Corwin.

On Military Affairs-Messrs. Davis, of Miss., Borland, Dawson, Greene and Shields. On the Militin-Messrs. Honston, Dodge, f W., Clements, Morton and Spruance. On Naval Affairs-Messrs. Yulee, Mason,

Badger, Bright, and Miller. Our Public Lands-Messrs. Felch, Borland, Underwood, Shields and Smith.

On Private Claims-Messrs, Down, Whitomb, Davis, of Mass , Clements and Badger. On Indian Affairs-Messis. Atchison, Sebastian, Wales, Rosk, Bell. On Claims-Messrs. Norris, Whitcomb,

Underwood, Stewart, Baldwin, On Revolutionary Claims-Messrs. Walker, Upham. Norris, Dodge, of Iowa. On the Judiciary-Messrs. Butler, Downs, Berrien, Bradbury, Dayton.

On the Post Office and Post Roads-Messrs Rusk, Bright, Upham, Soule, Morton. On Territories-Messrs. Douglass, Underwood, Butler, Cooper, Houston.

On Public Buildings-Messrs. Hunter, Dais, of Mass., Clark. To Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate-Messrs. Dodge, of

lows, Walker and Baldwin. On Roads and Canals-Messrs. Bright, Atchison, Greene, Foote, and Spruance. On Pensions-Messrs. King, Ala, Jones,

Phelps, Stewart, and Dayton. On the District of Columbia-Messrs. Mason, Yulee, Shields, Miller, and Berrien. On Patents and the Patent Office-Messrs. Turney, Norris, Whitcomb, Wales and Daw-

On Retrenchment-Messrs Bradbury, Houson, Felch, Mangum and Clark. On the Library-Messrs, Pearce, Mason

and Davis of Mississippi. On Enrolled Bills-Messrs. Rusk and Bad-On Engrossed Bills-Messrs. Jones, Sebas-

tian, and Corwin. On Printing-Messrs. Borland, Hamlin and Smith.

Mr. Seward, at his request, was exempted from serving on any Committee. The Senate spent a short time in Executive Session, and then adjourned.

CHRISTMAS OF OLDEN TIME.

George Wither, a most enthusiastic old English poet, who lived between two and three centuries ago, has depicted in glowing lines the jollity of CHRISTMAS in his day. A few of his genial verses will not be out of place at this time :

"Lo, now is come our joyful'st feast! Let every many be jolly ;--And every post with holly.

Though other's purses be more fat.
Why should we pine or grieve at that?
Hang sorrow! care will kill a cat.
And therefore let's be merry!',

"Now all our neighbors' chimneys smoke, And Christmas blocks are burning; Their ovens they with bak't meats choke, And all their spits are turning, Without the door let sorrow lye, And if, for cold, it hap to die, We'll bury't in a Christmas pie, And evermore be merry!"

A REMARKABLE CAVE. The following account is give of a cave in

lime stone chain of hills not far from San Sebastian : -- In the year 1838, a Mexican. Don Juan Flores, perceived the hidden entrance to a cave. He entered, but seeing inside a council of Indian warriors sitting together in the deepest silence, he retreated and told it to his companions, who, well prepared, entered the cave together, and discovered about 1000 well preserved Indian corpses squatted together on the ground, with their hands folded below their knees; they were dressed in fine blankets, made of the fibres of lechuilla, with sandals made of a species liano on their feet, and ornamented with colored scarfs, with beads of seeds of fruit, polished bones, &c. This is the very sufficient account of a very mysterious bury ing place. The Mexican suppose that it be onged to the Libane, an old Indian tribe which from time immemorial has roved and is roving over the Bolson de Mopinie."

Scores of fuxes were caught in the frozen regions by Sir James Ross's expedition, and turned into "two-penny postmen," by putting copper collars round their necks, stamped with the names and positions of the ships, and the localities of the provision depots.— These foxes range enormous distances, and some of them will probably be caught by Sir John Franklin's party, if it still servive.

THE BOTTLE TRICK BEFORE THE QUEEN.

The following, from the Caledonian Mercury, throws into the shade Blitz, Herr Alexander, and we do not know but it goes ahead of the old gentleman himself:

"On Monday, Prince Albert's birth day during the festivities at Balmoral, the Wizard sent, and was asked if he would perform the feat they had heard so much of his having done successfully, 'The Inexhaustible Bottle.'

"On receiving the royal command to perform it, he called for a champagne bottle, and handed a large number of glasses round, and asked Lord Portman what he would drink. which passed freely; and one of the proprietors of the royal distillery, Mr. Begg, thinkcould give him a glass of his best Lochnager was discovered a beautiful turtle dove.

GOLDEN SENTENCES.

possess sincerely and sufficiently the hearts with another. of all men, these could need no other restraint The stearine expressed from the lard is from evil. This doth not only give life and used to make candles by being subjected to perfection to all endeavors, where with it con- hydraulic pressure; by which three-eights of curreth: but what event soever ensue. breedeth, if not joy and gladness always, yet is employed in the manufacture of soap; always patience, satisfaction, and reasonable contentment of mind. Wherefore it hath been set down as an axiom of good experience, that all things religiously taken in hand are prosperously ended; (Psalm i. 3;) be- year. cause, whether men in the end have that which religion did allow them to desire, or that which it teacheth them contently to suffer, they are in either event fortunate .- Hooker

BE CAREFUL HOW YOU SPEAK .- Hush !why should you speak against the character of a female? It is all she has to depend upon in this world. Just give the impression wings that she is not so good as she should be, and it will fly to every nook and corner of the town. The story you whisper will return in tones of thunder, to astonish even yourself, who was the first guilty wretch to repeat so base a story. A word has often proved the ruin of a virtuous soul-a word thoughtlessly spoken, it may be-but reported by an evil mind. Suppress any thought, which, if uttered, might injure the character or feelings of another. A thought may be stifled at its birth, but a word spoken may never be lost. Weigh every thing you utter, so that none may misconstrue your language or receive a wrong impression. Above all, never, even in jest, whisper words, which, if true, would throw a blight upon a spotless reputation .-Olive Branch. COMMENTARY ON THE NINTH COMMAND-

MENT.-At the examination of the children of the Windsor Infant school, on Wednesday week a little boy was asked to explain his idea of "bearing false witness against your neighbor.', After hesitating he said it was "telling lies;" on which the worthy and reverend examiner said, "that is not exactly an answer; what do you say;" addressing a little girl who stood next, when she immediately replied, "It was when nobody did nothing; and somebody went and told of it." Quite right," said the examiner, amid irrepressible roats of laughter, in which he could not hetp joining the gravity of the whole proceeding being completely upset.-Liverpool

AUDICITY OF PARIS THIEVES .- During the prevalence of a log in Paris last month, says Galignani's Messenger, pickpockets were actively engaged, and reaped a good harvest of tures continued at the College, which he watches, chains, pocket-books, and pocketandkerchiefs. On the Boulevard d'Enfer, gentleman was completely stripped by a band of thieves-not even one of the different articles of his dress being left. His cries attracted a patrol of the national guard to the spot; he was conveyed in a state of nudity to the commissary of police.

MEDICAL PRACTICE.—The great English nedical reformer, Dr. Dickson, writing from London, says, that rejecting blood-letting, leeching and the entire tragic of old practice, he has, earning a professional in-come of ten thousand pounds a year, given certificates of only nine deaths in the whole range of his practice for four years, and one of those a cholers year.

Fr.m Hunt's Morebante' Magnaine. CINCINNATI LARD AND GIL MANUFAC-

We learn from the Cincinnati papers, that there are upwards of thirty large establishments in that city employed in the manufacture of lard oil, which is accomplished by of the North, Professor Anderson, was pre- divesting the lard of one of its constituent parts-stearine. The largest of these, whose operations are probably more extensive than any other in the United States, has manufactured heretofore into lard oil and stearing 140,000 pounds monthly, all the year round. and the great increase of hogs for the present season will probably enlarge that business His lordship replied, whiskey-whiskey was this year fifty per cent. It is calculated that poured out. Mr. Anson preferred brandy, which he got. Several demanded wine, oil this year, two-sevenths of which aggregate will make stearine, the residue oil, say about 24,000 barrels of 42 gallons each. ing to baffle the professor, asked him if he Much the larger share of this is of inferior lard, made of mast-fed and still-fed hogs, the whiskey. No sooner said than done; and material, to a great extent, coming from a the Lochnager whiskey became in great de- distance-hence the poor quality of western mand. A large number of additional glasses lard oil. Lard oil, besides being sold for were distributed, and some called for Irish what it actually is, is also used for adulterawhiskey, numbers brandy—the Highlanders ting sperm oil, and in France serves to mapatronised Mr. Begg; when Lord John Rus- terially reduce the cost of olive oil, the skill of sell, perhaps like Mr. Begg, wished to try the French chemists enabling them to incorthe wizard's skill, asked for a glass of rum, porate from sixty per cent. of lard oil with which was immediately supplied, and his that of the olive. There is also an establishlordship pronounced it excellent. The Lon- ment in that city which, besides putting up don portion of the domestics and police called hams, &c., is extensively engaged in extractfor gin, which was freely poured out of this ing the grease from the rest of the hog, and extraordinary bottle; and the Wizard was will probably this year operate in this way returning to his seat, when his royal highness on 30,000 hogs. It has seven large circular anxions to test the bottle-presuming, as he tanks, six of capacity to hold each 15,000 was returning, that it was exhausted -asked pounds, and one 6,000 pounds. These ref more could be poured out .- Glasses were ceive the entire carcasses, with the exception brought for her Majesty and Prince Albert, of the hams, and the mass is subjected to and, on being asked what they preferred, re- steam process, under a pressure of 70 pounds quested Begg's best Lochnager, which imme- to the square inch, the effect of which operadiately ran forth, and her Majesty and the tion is to reduce the whole to one consist-Prince, tasting in, acknowledged its purity; ence, and every bone to powder. The fat is and the Wizard gave the bottle to the Prince drawn off by cocks, and the residuum, a mere and asked him to look if it was empty-it earthy substance, is taken away for manure. was. Mr. Anderson brought some water, Besides the hogs which reach this factory in and, in the Prince's hand, filled it, ordered entire carcasses, the great mass of heads, glasses, and asked the Prince what wine he ribs, back-bones, tail-pieces, feet, and other preferred. Port was selected The Prince trimmings of the hogs cut up at different poured out port, then sherry, then milk, then pork-houses are subjected to the same prochampagne, then broke the bottle, and in it cess, in order to extract every particle of grease. This concern alone is expected to turn out this season 3,000,000 pounds of lard, five-sixths of which is No. 1. Six hundred THE VALUE OF RELIGION .-- If religion did hogs daily pass through these tanks one day

it is dischaged as an impure oleine: this las 3,000,000 pounds of stearine have been made in one year into candles and soap in these factories, and they can make 6,000 pounds of candles per average day throughout the

LEGISLATIVE TELEGRAPH.

We were much gratified at witnessing the working of Mr R. E. Monachan's Legisla-TIVE TELEGRAPH, which has been put in operation in the Hall of the House of Representatives of our State, with great improvements over the experimental instrument which he erected last season.-This instrument is so arranged as to register the votes in alphabetical order, in two columns, precisely similar to the manner in which the yeas and nays are now printed, and its operation is so perfect that ten or a dozen copies of the vote can be taken in half a minute. This ingenious invention is a great saving of time in taking votes in our Legislature, and would be invaluable in Congress, where it costs some fifty or sixty thousand dollars a year to call the yeas and nays, each vote consuming some half hour's time. We wish Mr. Monaghan every success in his new and ingenious invention .- Dem. Union.

KISSING.

"Come kiss me !" said Robin. I gently said For my mother forbade me to play with men so; Ashamed of my answer, he glided away, Though my look pretty plainly advised h

Silly swain! not at all recollecting-not he, That HIS mother ne'er said that it; must not kiss me.

PROYESSOR WEBSTER .- Hon. Franklin Dexter has ceased his visits upon Professor Webster. It is rumored that the Hon. Rufus Choate will be employed as senior counsel. Mrs Webster, with three of her daughters, visited her husband a few days since, for the first and only time since his imprisonment. The scene was a most interesting and affecting one. Yesterday, Judge Fay of Cambridge, visited the Professor, and was for some time under lock and key in private consultation with him. The Professor has been making arrangements to have the series of leccommenced before the unhappy circumstance. occurred which resulted in his imprisonment. His cell is on the same floor with those prisoners who are committed for offences of a similar character. He is lively and free to chat, and seems very much interested in the perusal of books devoted to the science of which he is Professor. Many individuals have been admitted to see him and converse with him in private as well as public .- Boston Times, Dec. 20.

THE citizens of Georgetown, D. C., held a public meeting on the 18th inst., to take inte sideration the propriety of a retrees to the State of Maryland, should Congress terfere with the subject of slavery in the die