foreign News.

THE NEWS BY THE AMERICA. summary of the news by her than came by telegraph

GREAT BRITAIN

In the House of Commons, on the 19th ult. the Navigation Law Bill being under consideration. Mr. Gladstone moved a clause empowering the crown, on application of any colony, to sanction a conveyance of goods and passengers from one part of such colony to another in other than British vessels. The proposition was adopted, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

From Ireland we have the usual quantity of misery and crime, but there is nothing of special importance. The jury, in the case of been a general rising in favor of the Grand Mr. Duffy, of the Nation, have again disa- Dake, and the recent dictator is now a prigreed, and he has been set at liberty, on bails for his appearance at the next Commission. Jenny Lind has been married at Bath to

about to be formed between England and overturned by the people themselves. France, the leading features of which will be the free admission of brandy, wine and fruit from France; coal, iron and twist from England. Whatever advantages may be conferred upon French vessels by the alteration of ciprocated by the government of the repub-

THE CANADIAN TOUBLES IN ENG-LAND.

The London Chronicle, referring to th feeling of alienation in Canada from the loyal affections of the English inhabitants, says "A popular movement must be deemed of the highest importance, when it is the outward and visible sign of incipient agitation and deeply-rooted discontent in the community. We would fain indulge in another reflection. It is both unwise and ungenerous to trust to the unaided operation of creeds or principles, and legislate upon the conviction that a royalist can never become a republican, whatever pressure may be put upon him, or to whatever temptation he may be exposed. Let every philosophic observer reflect how the Roman Catholics of Ireland have gradually been alienated from that respect for order, and almost servile obedience to authority, which religious teachers of the flocks in every other quarter of the world in all ages. Men are the slaves of circumstances; and we very much fear that, when the Canadians are compelled to make their choice between Great Britain and the United States. they are much more likely to be influenced by resentment, wounded self-love and selfinterest, than by historical reminiscences. country, consanguinity, or the more exalted motives of pure patriotism."

THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

The cholera is largely on the increase in Paris, and many persons of opulence have become its victims. Up to the 29th there have been 1,962 cases, of which 1,022 had proved fatal.

In the National Assembly, on Monday, the President stated, in substance, that the contra ple. They fired upon each other, and severcoup of the victories gained by the Austrians appeared to be imminent in the Roman States, which they had planted, and shouted "Long and that France would not remain indifferent live Leopold." They would have massacred to such a state of things.

GERMANY.

small part of the States of Germany.

But this is not the fact. Hanover, whose as- the Grand Duke. sent is essential to the carrying out of the scheme, is not likely to give it, and Saxony has too strong a sense of what interests it has in the way of reconstituting the German em- that the severe frost of the 15th injured cotpire on the basis proposed at Frankfort, and even if they could be overcome, it is doubt- looked like snow. ful if she would assent. The following significant paragraph appears in the second edition of the Cologne Gazette of the 18th:

13th, and intended as an answer to the Austrian one of the 8th, has in the clearest and will not be deterred by the Austrian minised with the concurrence of the German do, and thence through to Mazatlan.

culty as ever, for it is clear, from the retreat | terey it has proved quite fatal, and we have of all the divisions of the Austrian army towards Pesth, that they have been repulsed by the Hungarians. The great struggle now is for the possession of the Hungarians' fortress of Comorn, on the Danube, which the Austrians have besieged for several weeks, and which the Hungarians are endeavoring to deliver. If they should succeed, the cause of Austria will be desperate in Hungary.

Charles Albert, though he could not resist Radetzky, inflicted a great injury on Austria, by compelling the Austrian government to war. This army is now hastening back to check the Hungarians.

DENMARK. published the following order of the day :

reigns. The combats which daily take place against superior forces, produce only an effu-sion of blood without decisive results. The THE NEWS BY THE AMERICA.

The steamship America arrived at New York on Saturday evening with the foreign of Alsen, to await there the moment when it mails. The following is a more complete will be possible to attack the enemy man to

> The Danish entrenchments, next to Dupel had been attacked and carried by the Saxon and Bavarian troops. The loss of the Germans in this affair is calculated at 150 to 200 men. Several additional captures have been made by the Danish vessels, and it is stated that German emigrant ships will not be exempted.

> Italy is still in indiscribable confusion The republicans have been put down in Genoa, after having had the command of that city for nine days. In Tuscany there had

Mr. Harris, and has retired from the stage, cany has returned to his capital. The revo-It is stated that a commercial treaty is lutionary government of Leghorn has been

INDIA. The details of the battle of Goojerat con firm the report by the India mail of the 17th March, of the victory gained by Lord Gough. The British captured 53 of the 56 guns which the Navigation Laws, are to be liberally re- the Sikhs brought into action, together with all their camp, magazine, ammunition, &c The loss on the part of the British was five officers and 92 men killed. The war of the Punjaub is considered as at an end.

CHINA.

of February. The dispute about opening the try. city gates at Canton was going on, but there was a general confidence that the stipulations of the treaty of Nankin would be enforced. Two British officers were missing, and it was feared that some catastrophe had happened to them. Trade in India and China was in a satisfactory state.

The Latest Continental News.

PARIS, April 19th, 1849. The Bourse to-day has been much agitated by rumors. It was said that Lord Palmerston had protested against the French expedition to Civita Vecchia: that Muzzini. the Dictator of Rome, had confided to Kersansie, the French red republican, the defence of same persuasion have inculcated in their Civita Vecchia, with instructions to bury himself in the ruius rather than surrender; that the French government had sent a formal protest against the acceptance of the crown of the German empire by the king of Prussia, and a note to the Diet of Frankfort with

Our accounts from Florence in the regular course are of the 12th. They confirm the telegraphic despatch published by the French government, with one or two exceptions. Guerrazzi, for instance, is stated to have fled whereas the despatch said he was in custody and we have no account of the dissolution of the Constituent Assemply. This body was almost the first to proclaim the authority of the Grand Duke. The reaction originated in a quarrel between the ruffians called the Leghorn volunteers and some of the peo-

then turned out, and becoming suddenly loyout the whole of Central Italy; that a crisis al, cut down and burnt the trees of liberty all the Leghorn volunteers if the latter had at our Court of Common Pleas several years not been saved by the National Guard and The Prussian government is said to have the troops of the line, who had joined the obtained the assent of a few of the small people. The volunteers fled from the city States, such as Hesse Cassel, Brunswick and on their way to Leghorn, but on their way Wiemar, to the assumption of the Imperial several were massacred by the peasants, dignity by the King, but these form only a whose indignation against the republicans had no longer any bounds.

Austria is, of course, violently opposed to | The letters from Leghorn of the 13th lead a plan which would transfer the imperial us to expect dreadful scenes, for the republidignity from the house of Hapsburgh to that cans there are of the most ferocious characof Brandenburgh, and Bayaria, the third State ter. All the respectable inhabitants who in Germany for population and influence, is had the means were flying, for part of the ther action will be commenced. It is scarcely less so. Both France and Russia Leghorn volunteers had arrived from Florence are strongly opposed to the change. All and threatened to massacre all the royalists. these difficulties may perhaps be got over, if One of the Paris journals of to-day states that the smaller States of Germany were unani- the government has received accounts of the mouse in favor of the union with Prussia .- quiet return of Leghorn under the sway of

The Galveston papers of the 20th ult., say ton cane and corn. At Houston, the houses

The Western Texan reports the return to San Antonio of Lieuts. Bryan and Michler, Topographical Engineers, with their party "A new Pressian note, bearing date April from the Rio Grande. The troops which were to have been stationed there are not at the Presido, on account of the unproductive most unequivocal manner declared to the soil, which appears to yield nothing for the Olmutz Cabinet that the Prussian government | nourishment or shelter of either man or beast The camp has been established for the pretry from assisting with all its power in a sent at Paso de los Justus near the Eagle State, and it is firmly resolved to uphold and in, met many gold hunters on their way to protect the work. This will be accomplish. California. Most of them go by San Fernau-

A gentleman from Camargo reports tha the cholera is prevailing to a considerable The Austrian Empire is in as great diffi- extent in all that region of Mexico. At Monno information as to the number of deaths.

The Western Texan reports the death of lera, at that place.

About one hundred Indians made a foray, the Brownsville Flag of the 18th ult., says, upon Santa Rita District, 12 miles from that place, where they stole and drove off a large number of horses and mules, murdered two women, and carried off a number of children.

On the 12th ult., Indians, 53 in number, upposed to be Tonkoways or Lipans, came and carried off his wife and a boy about ten fore them, by the parties, in a proper man-On the 8th the Danish Minister of War years of age. The Indians were last seen within 18 miles of this place, where they "Kings and sovereigns are daily sending stole horses and chased several men; at is guilty of gross imprudence. In this troops into the Duchies to second the efforts Palo Alto they robbed a number of Mexican whether committed through ignorance or has now married his first love. Is the preof the tobels against their legitimate sove- ranches.



THE AMERICAN.

SATURDAY, MAY 12, 1849. H. B. MASSER, Editor and Proprietor.

SUNBURY.

NOTICE.-As the late firm of Masser & Eisely was dissolved in March 1848, and the books left in the hands of H. B. Masser for collection, persons are hereby notified to set-tle with and pay over to the said H. B. Masser any balance due for advertising or subscription to the American.

The numerous friends of Wm. J Martin, Esq., and Mr. Edward M. Hall, The latest accounts from Florence leave no | will be happy to learn that the ship Xylon, reason to doubt that the Grand Duke of Tus- in which they sailed for California, in February, has arrived safely at Rio Jane-

THE SUNBURY GLEE CLUB gave a concert on Tuesday evening, under the direction of Mr. Hawley. They sang a number of quartettes, catches, glees, &c., with a correctness which, considering their limited experience, is very creditable, as well to the Club as to Mr. Hawley's system of instruction. The Club is composed of gentlemen of rich musical talent, which needs cultivation only to enable them suc-The news from Hong Kong is to the 27th cessfully to compete with any in the coun-

BOROUGH ELECTION.

At the election held on Monday last, the following officers were elected: Bungesses .- 1st. J. H. Zimmerman, 2nd, Francis Bucher.

Assistant Burgesses .- Hon. Geo. Weiser, Samuel Fetter, Wm. L. Dewart, John

COMMON COUNCIL.-Samuel J. Fry, Gideon M. Yorks, Geo. Bright, Mark P. Scupham, Jacob Beck, Geo. B. Youngman, Ira T. Clement, John Farnsworth.

Town CLERK .- John S. Bright.

HIGH CONSTABLE. -- Martin E. Bucher. These are the same officers who served the year just passed. Their administration was so efficient and popular that they were unanimously re-elected.

The refreshing rains of the last few days have made the country surpassingly beautiful, Vegetation looks flourishing and gives us the promise of an abundant harvest. The fruit is not so generally injured by the frost as was at first supposed. The cherries are completely done for, but with pieous resignation, and an eye to the cholera, we look upon their destruction as an especial dispensation in our favor.

A communication appeared in the TAINTY OF THE LAW AND UNCERTAINTY OF THE FACTS" which professed to give an account of the trial of an action of ejectment ago. The writer also states that circumstances have lately transpired which show that the evidence of an important witness FROM CAPE HAYTIEN-VICTORY OF THE sent for by the captain. The Democrat says, was false. We do not wish to be understood as censuring the editors of the Miltonian, when we say that the communication was evidently written to prejudice the public mind against one of the parties .-If, as the writer states, such facts have come to his knowledge, it is highly probable ano- terly routed, with great loss. right and proper that the case should come hotly contested one, and the Haytiens did not before a jury who know nothing about the altogether escape losing, it is said, from one circumstances until they are empanneled. This article is intended to have a contrary A number of women and children in Azua effect. It is such as will induce those reading it to inquire about it, to make it a subject of conversation with their neigh- however, do not represent that there was any given to the evidence until the trial is finish- skin with commendable vehemence. He bors and thus lay themselves open to such general plunder of the town or indiscriminate statements as the persons interested may circulate, and imbibe therefrom a bias, which is extremely prejudicial to the administration of justice. The mind is so constituted that on hearing or reading a Haytiens. From Azua, Soloque continued statement we will form an opinion, and it his march for the city of St. Domingo, which is difficult, when it afterwards becomes ne- would probably fall into his hands, together cessary to view the matter impartially, to with Santiago, and the whole of the Spanish wholly divest ones self of the prejudice part of the island. A passenger from the of his brother, in Clearfield county, at the thus induced. Thus we find in trials for Cape gives a curious account of that portion February Court, have succeeded in their anmurder where it has been attended with speedy formation of a union confederate Pass. The party of engineers, on the way great cruelty, and where it has caused great excitement among the people, how hard it is to find twelve men who have not formed and expressed an opinion as to the to live by forced contributions upon their guilt or innocence of the prisoner. The civil cases are canvassed. It may not prejudice, but if there is a bare possibility of such a result, public journals should refuse Mr. F. S. Breeden, of La Grange, from cho- to admit into their columns any thing in regard to them. It is an abuse of the libnot blame the Miltonian. We do not know form it comes to our notice. The communication evinces a disposition on the writer's part to prejudice the cause. Nothing detach an army of 20,000 men from Crotia to Rancho Rosareo about 40 miles from this else could have induced the statement. It to Italy, at the breaking out of the Sardinian place, and killed a Mexican and his wife; was not a matter of public policy. The another Mexican escaped with an arrow shot people at large felt no interest in it, nor Hungary, and may perhaps arrive in time to in his breast. The Indians then went to have they anything to do with the disputes | ter. Mr. Berry was married in 1822 to the Agua Negra, and killed another Mexican, of individuals until they are brought be-

by design, he is cutpable.

LAUNCH.—The boat Atlantic was EXPEDITIONS IN SEARCH OF SIR JOHN Gossler, on Saturday, at noon. This is the states that our Government intends detailing best specimen of canal boat building we have ever seen. Her dimensions are as follows: length of deck, 82 feet; breadth of beam, 15 feet, 8 inches; depth of hold,

7 feet, 8 inches; tonage, 150. She is schooner decked, and her cabin is large and handsomely fitted up. Her berths are of the daring navigator. There was nothing furnished with doors like the state rooms of a ship, and when these are closed, the cabin presents the appearance of an old fashioned oak wainscotted room.

The Atlantic is a credit to the skill and taste of Mr. Gossler. He is one of the appeal of Lady Franklin. best, if not the best, boatbuilder on the Susquehanna. The boats launched from his vard, in the Southern part of our Borough, any mechanic might well be proud of.

A large number of boats are daily loading with coal at our wharves. The demand for Shamokin coal is steadily increasing, but owing to the delapidated con-

THE GOLD DOLLAR.

he Mint that the gold dollar was ready for circulation, and subsequently we saw a number of specimens of the new coin, and, thro' the politeness of Mr. Sandford, of Adams & Co.'s Express, one was put in our possession. The coin is smaller than the five cent piece. The head of Liberty with the stars is on one side, and on the reverse, on the margin, the words "United States of America." with a wreath enclosing the words "1 Dollar, 1849." The delay in issuing the coin was caused by the length of time required to prepare the die, and not from any unnecessary tardiness on the part of the officers of the Mint. Phila. Ledger, of the 9th inst.

STATE OF FEELING IN CANADA -- No new disturbances have broken out in Canada, but it is evident that public feeling is in a

very excited state. Dr. Nelson, who took so prominent a part in the last rebellion, stated in his place in the House, or rather in the market, on Saturday evening, that he had been told by one of the most influent men in his county, that-

"If the disturbances at Montreal were longer continued, his whole county would rise, to a man, and march up: he also stated that he was informed by his friend, the honorable member for Vercheres, that the same state of things existed in his county.

Both these counties are exclusively inhabi ed by the French Canadians, and the former that of Richlieu, represented by Dr. Nelson, was the most famous in the history of the rebellion.

House, that there were large numbers in Upper Canada armed with rifles, ready to march lown to Montreal, to assist the British of Lower Canada against the French! There can be no doubt that if the French

in the lower counties were to make any of the demonstrations threatened, the whole The Canadian French, however, are of that

class, which if not slow to anger, most certainly are to fighting; but if a war should arise it would be of an exceedingly desperate character, for the hatred between the two races

By the arrival of the brig Silenus at Boston, the Traveller has received dates from the Island of Hayti to the 20th of April .the Dominicans, in which the latter were ut-

to two hundred. Of the Dominicans three or four hundred were killed, mostly in battle .-(which town fell into the possession of the conquerors) were also slain. The accounts. slaughter of its inhabitants, as might have been feared from the undisciplined state of est. the conquered army. A large quantity of provisions, five thousand stand of arms, and many prisoners fell into the hands of the of the Haytien army which started from that quarter. He says that they were barefoot. without sleeves or tails to their coats, not a cent in their pockets nor a mouthful to eat, Of course, on their march they were obliged own countrymen until they reached the fronsame influence is felt when the merits of tier. It is actually stated that the Commanding General, before starting, sent on board one of the vessels in port to beg a few biscuits to put in his knapsack. The Monopoly Law, it is now thought, was a very cunningly devised scheme of Sologue to prevent the merchants from meddling in politics, by seterty of the press. We say again we do ting them by the ears among themselves as to the division of coffee, &c. Soloque is a who the writer is, nor do we care. We shrewd manager, and is perhaps a better shall "boldly rebuke vice" in whatever head of the Haytien Government than some of his more ignorant and brutal generals, to whom the authority would probably devolve in case of his death or displacement."

EXTRAORDINARY .-- James Berry, Esq., of South Dennis, was married lately at West Harwich, to Mrs. Hannah Kelley, of Dorchesabove named Mrs. Kelley, and about five years afterwards he was divorced from her. she having previously married a Mr. Greenner. The author is, to say the least of it, wood. Since his divorce, Mr. B. has been sent Mrs. Berry his first or fourth wife?

launched from the yard of Mr. Charles FRANKLIN .- A despatch from Washington forthwith, two of the national ships in search of the lost exploring expedition of Sir John Franklin, in the Arctic seas; one to go east, around Cape Labrador, and through Davis,

straits-the other west, to Behring's straits . The Government could not better show its humanity and its appreciation of the services sectional in the object of his expedition. It was for the good of the world, and all nations should lend their aid in the search to find and relieve him and his brave companions. We are glad to see that our own government is the first to answer the pathetic

FROM FORT LEAVENWORLH .- Boats are The Rifle Regiment is here, under the command of the gallant Col. Loring (who lost his left arm in the storming of Chapultepec.) It will leave about the 20th May, Six companies are destined for Oregon, direct, and three companies for Salt Lake or Bear River, and dition of the rail road, the operators have three companies will proceed to what is termined to make their road to Pittsburg, by difficulty in bringing down sufficient to commonly called Fort Larimie, on Larimie river. The cholera and small pox are thinning the ranks of the rifles considerably, but no one seems to dread the frequent cholera We received information vesterday from alarms, because they have the very first surgeons in the world. There die daily about up before they advance.

> States amount to \$269,000 The receipts in tains, the Baltimorians will, by taking advan-London to April 14th, \$300,000. On the tage of this Philadelphia improvement, have 60 cents. way, \$834,000. Total, \$1,402.000. Since a rail-way communication with the west the 1st of December last, 325 vessels have nearer, by 12 miles, than Philadelphia. left the Atlantic ports for the shores of Cali- In addition to this, the York and Cumber fornia, and the total number of emigrants land Rail Road, which is an extension of the cannot fall much short of 20,000. There present Baltimore and York road to Harriswill be not less than 50,000 gold hunters in burg, is now under contract. This road will the valley of the Sacramento on the first of join the Pennsylvania Road on the western September next, and California will apply for admission into the Union at the opening of the next Congress.

IMPORTANT DECISION .- The Supreme Court rapidly as possible. at Rochester, Judge Seldon presiding, has declared that a man divorced from his wife ing set of men here. They are determined upon application of the latter, charging him to secure the whole trade of the Susquehanna against bigamy if he marries again. He is been placed within their grasp. The intenliable to punishment, however, under the act tion is to extend their rail road up the Sus-2 Rev. Stat. Sec. 45, and the last marriage quehanna as far as the junction, of the North being void in law, its issue will be illegiti- and West Branches. The vast and rich re-

number of deaths have occurred, many of the less the Philadelphians wake up. cases, however, originating on steamboats. Mr. Boulton, of Toronto, also stated to the to a small district, inhabited by the lowest is under discussion viz: whether the Presbyand most filthy portion of the population, ters of each Diocese shall be allowed the ever, all originated on board the boats

> on account of the crew refusing to do duty. The captain came ashere for assistance .-On the 21st the vessel remained at anchor with a signal of distress flying, and a war- st. theatre. Their first evening will be rant for the arrest of four of the crew was Thursday, the 10th inst. "we understand the crew complained of the weather being too cold."

MRS. HOWARD'S TRIAL AT CINCINNATI -Accounts had been received at the Cape of a The trial of Mrs. Howard commenced at ments of Alabama and Louisiana troops to battle at Azna, between the Haytiens and Cincinnati on the 30th ult. Much difficulty the Mexican war. It is a capital joke: was experienced in empanneling a jury; five One tall volunteer from the pine land of "The battle is represented to have been a called Jurors, on being questioned as to his ment. He sauntered along "for nothing to scruples regarding capital punishment, should do." when it occurred to him that he might, plied that he was opposed to hanging, and was a tall, lank fellow, with a shocky head wer brought down quite a torrent of applause ders. With a deliberation consistent with an ed by the sheriff. Publicity is not to be turpentine soap of the ship into his hair and ed. Some twenty-five witnesses have been had cause to take a great deal of pains, for

> P. S. Since writing the above the Telegraph, we see, announces the acquittal of

> NEW TRIAL GRANTED.—The counsel of Lawrence Allman, who, it will be recollected, was tried and found guilty of the murder plication for a new trial. The case will be tried over over again at the September term. Bellefonte Democrat.

The verdict set aside is that of the jury who, being unable to make up their minds. joined together in a prayer, which produced conviction. The Court, it seems, considers prayer in the jury box as informal, the jury being sworn to try a man by the law and the

PIRATES ABOUT -The ship Kestrel, from New Castle, England, arrived at Singapore on the 16th of February. She had been plundered by a pirate brigantine, of about 200 tons, and a crew of about ninety hands, on the 22d of November last, in lat. 22 S. long. 20 W. This point is not very far from the track of our California vessels.

FONTENELLE lived to be nearly a bundre years old. A lady of nearly equal age, said to him one day in a large company, "Monsieur, you and I stay here so long that I have a notion that Death has forgotten us!" Speak as softly as you can madam," replied Fontenelle, "lest you should remind him of us!"

THE EDITOR of the National Whig has a despatch, announcing the death of Judge married twice, and buried both wives. He Meeds, of Minesoto, by drowning, while crossing a swollen stream in Kentucky, on horseback, while on his way to Cincinnati

Correspondence.

ndence of the "American."] Fountain Hotel, Light Street, BALTIMORE, May 9th, 1849 MY DEAR AMERICAN:-

You would be astonished at the improv

ments going on every day in this city. We

are now in the midst of the spring business, and all the hotels are crowded with Southern and Western merchants. Many are here from the North too. The trade of the Susquehanna, has been gradually drawn more and more toward Baltimore ever since the construction of the Tide Water Canal, and now by far the major part of it seeks a market here. It is the natural outlet of that region, and it has long been the object of the enterprising men of this city, to counteract the daily passing crowded with emigrants-from prejudices of the people in favor of the city top to bottom-the Cholera following them, of their own state, and induce them to trade with Baltimore. In this they have, in a great measure succeeded; not so much, perhaps, by their own exertions as by the suicidal blindness of the Philadelphia projectors of the miscalled Central Pennsylvania Rail Road. No sooner had the Philadelphians de way of the valley of the Juniata, crossing the Susquehanna at a point nearer to Baltimore than Philadelphia, than the merchants of the former place, saw and took advantage of the opening thus made for them. Measures were immediately taken to lay an iron three. The companies will have to be filled track upon the already graded road, from Columbia to Portsmonth, tapping the Harrisburg and Lancaster road at the latter place. CALIFORNIA STATISTICS.-It is estimated. The workmen are now engaged upon this says the New York Mirror, that the entire work, and by the time the Pennsylvania Rail receipts of California gold in the United Road is completed to the Allegheny moun-

> join the Pennsylvania Road on the western at 21 cents. To-day—the market being bank of the Susquehanna, opposite Cox's town. From this point of intersection, the distance to Philadelphia is 111 miles; to Baltimore 89 miles. This road, will be completed as

You see there are an enterprising, far-seewith adultery, is not liable under the statue and West Branch, since that of Pittsburg has sources of the valley of the West Brauch. are just being developed and are looking for CHOLERA AT THE WEST .- The cholera con- an outlet. New York has an eve to them tinues to prevail at St. Louis; and quite a and will, we fear, be able to secure them un-

The Romish Conneil is now in session in At Louisville the disease is said to be confined this city. A question of much importance Six or seven deaths are mentioned as having privilege of electing their own Bishops. This happened there on the 2d inst. At Pittsburg liberty is allowed the faithful in Ireland, and a few deaths have occurred, the cases, how- the Romanists in this country can see no reason why it should not be granted them.

The murder of Mr. Campbell, by his MUTINY ON THE LAKES.-The Chicago brother-in-law John Price, causes consideraanchor in the lake, with sails set, could not justly or not, we will not say, is strongly araise her anchor and proceed on her voyage, gainst Price, and some say that he will be linched if he is not convicted.

The Italian Opera troupe, from the Astor place Opera Honse, are engaged at Holliday

WHO SALTED THE SEA.

The following scene is reported to have occurred on board a steamer carrying detach-

were peremptorily challenged. One of the Alabama was unhappy for the want of employthe law and evidence justify a conviction, re- as he expressed it, "take a good wash." He especially to hanging a woman. This ans- of dry, grassy hair hanging down to his shoulfrom the gallery, which was promptly check- idle sea voyage, he commenced rubbing the summoned and the case excites great inter- he observed to himself "that he had an acre of barrack mud on him." It must be observed that all this while the

vessel was blowing further out into the sea; and by this time the Mississippi water in the wash-room had become exhausted, and he threw his bucket over the vessel's side to replenish his basin.

The first dash he made was at his head; he torpentine of the soap and the saline of the water soon formed a chemical combination, and the oily qualities of the soap disappeared, and left something in its stead resembling tar. Two or three rakes of the fingers through the hair elevated it upright on the Alabamian's head, stiff as the quill of a porcupine That's another trick played upon me," said the unwashed, in a rage, his hair still growing fiercer. At this moment the water dripped his face, and he commenced spitting, as if nauseated to the last degree. Coolly and determined, he went to his belt, took a "bowie," some fifteen inches long, and delivered himself thus: "Some of them than Louisianians has played tricks enough on me. Now, if any one dare, let him fetch me the the one that put salt in this ere water!"

CHARGE TO BOGOTA .- Dr. Thomas M. Foote editor of the Buffalo Advertiser, has accepted the office of Charge to Bogota.

COMMUNICATION.

MR. EDITOR .- Sir : As the time is rapidy approaching, when the people will be called upon to make choice of one of the citizens to fill the office of Brigade-Inspector, we would cheerfully recommend Major WIL-LIAM HEKASE, for that station in the military ranks, believing his promotion to that station, would have a tendency to raise again the spirits of military men.

MANY IN THE FORKS.

EXECTED THE JESUITS .- The government at Montevideo has ejected the Jesuits, in onsequence of a quarrel.

On the 19th ult., by the Rev. J. P. Shindel, Mr. BENJAMIN HOOVER, to Miss MARY KIEFER, both of Augusta township. On the 3d inst., by the same, Mr. ANDREW

ZIEGLER, to Miss MARGARET DUNKLEBERGER, both of Union county. In Milton, on the 8th inst... Mr. Hamilton, Mr. WILLIAM M. HENDERSON, to Miss CATHARINE MARTZ, all of Milton.

The Markets.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

WHEAR-Prime Pennsylvania reds are held at \$1 a \$1 05, and white at \$1 10 a \$1,-

Rye-Sales at 58 a 59c. CORN-Sales of flat and round yellow 58 a

OATS.—Sales of Southern 30c.; Penna. 34c. Whiskey.—Sales in hhds at 22 c and in bbls at 22 cents.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

Office of the American, May 9, 1849. WHEAT.-The receipts of the week have een very small indeed, and for several days past there has been little or no market, of any description. Parcels are wanted, and good to prime reds would com-mand 105 a 108 or 110 cents per bushel.

Conn .- On Monday the sales of white were at 48 a 49 cents, and of Md. yellow at 54 a 55 cents. On Wednesday the sales of white were at 50 cents, and of vellow at 5 a 55 cents. To day the sales of white are at 51 a 52 cents, and of yellow at 55 a 56 ents, and we quote accordingly.

RYE.-A sale of Md. at 55 cents. On

Wednesday a parcel of Penna, at 58 cents. To-day a parcel of 1400 bushels Penna, at

Oars.-We quote the range at 25 a 30 Whiskey .- We have to note an improve ment in prices since our last Weekly Report. The market opened on Monday with sales of bbls, at 21 a 21½ cents, and of hhds, at 20½ cents. On Wednesday and yesterday sales of bbls, were made at 22 cents, and of hhds

ders have advanced their rates, and are demanding 23 cents for bbls. and 22 for hhds., but we are not adviced of any sales, as yet, at those rates. The inspections of the week are 981 bbls., of which 299 bbls, were received by the Tide Water Canal, and 192 bbls from New Orleans.

SUNBURY PRICE CURRENT. Corrected weekly by Henry Masser.

WHEAT.						100
RTE.		12				56
Conv.	-			811		50
OATS.						33
Brrren.						14
Eaus.						8
Poss.	*					5
PLANSER						125
Tattow.				*		10
BEESWAY	2 (2)		4			25
FLAX.					-	. 8
HECKLED	FLIT		· '			10
DRIED A						. 63
Do. Pr						200

Estate of Peter Burns dec'd.

OTICE is hereby given, that letters of Adminin istration have been granted to the subscriber, on the estate of Peter Burns, late of Lower Augusta township, Northumberland county, dec'd Persons indebted to said estate or having claims against the same, are requested to present the same for settlement to the subscriber

HENRY BURNS, Adm'r Lower Augusta tshp., May 12, 1849.-61

ATTENTION.

THE Shamokin and Rush Independent Battalion of Volunteers are commanded to meet for drill and inspection, at Sunbury, on the 25th inst., at 10 o'clock, of said day, provided with 10 rounds of blank catridges by order of the Major. WILLIAM H. KASE.

The Scott Infantry, commanded by Capt. Frymire, will be there for parade

and inspection.

Likewise the Northumberland Troop, commanded by Capt. Bryson, McEwensville, Capt.

Drumbeller's Infantry from Mahonoy, &c. May 12, 1849,

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