SOURCES OF THE NILE—DISCOVERIES.

The last number of Littell's Living Age has a remarkably interesting article on Wern's expedition to the sources of the Nile. This wonderful stream, our readers known, has never been traced to its source, which is somewhere in the interior of Africa. The Nile has two branches, called the Blue Nile and the White Nile. The source of the former of these was discovered by Bruce, in the interior of Abyssinia, but such was the popular belief that the sources of the Nile could not be discovered, that Bruce was not believed! One of the best modern travellers, who told a very accurate story, was not believed because it was incredible that the springs of the Nile should be known, or that such a peculiar race of blacks should exist as were found in these regions of ancient Ethiopia!

Believed or not, however, Bruce's account was true. He did discover the springs of the Blue Nile. But the Blue Nile was much the shortest branch. It bore the same relation to the White Nile (which is the real river,) as the Upper Mississippi does to the Missouri. It is the inferior branch. The real source of the Nile remained to be discovered, and is not yet known.

The White Stream, (Nile,) which is the Western branch, is the largest. Prior to the expedition fitted out by Mehemed Ali, in 1830, and in which Mr. Werne was a passenger, the farthest point reached up the Nile was in latitude about 10 degrees. But, although the source is not yet exactly known, we do know that it is very near, if not just exactly on the equator.

Mr. Werne, in this expedition, reached latitude 4 degrees, or nearly 400 miles beyond the previously ascertained limit. There was an obstruction or fall in the stream, and it grew narrower as Mr. Werne thought; but it was quite certain its sources of the Nile and the Niger will probably be found not far apart. They are said to be in the "Mountains of the Moon:" but who knows anything of the Mountains of the Moon? No one. There are unknown lands which may yet reward some future adventurers with the fame of discovery.

It is most curious, that the lat. 4 deg. (to which Mr. Werne penetrated) is several degrees beyond the point at which the *lands* of the Nile are placed, on our common maps, while it is certain that the real springs were yet hundreds of miles beyond lat. 4 degrees. All our ideas of Central Africa, (generally represented as a desert,) are deranged by the fact, that Mr. Werne found these remote regions luxurant in foliage, and inhabited by dense swarms of people! These people were, some of them, gigantic in stature, while they were most savage in life.

The voyage of this Egyptian was one of peculiar interest. It has but recently been given to the English public, Mr. Werne being a German. Blackwood's Magazine thus speaks of it:

We can conceive few things more exciting than such a voyage as Mr. Werne has accomplished and recorded. Starting from the outposts of civilization, he sailed into the very heart of Africa, up a stream whose upper waters were then for the first time furwayed by vessels larger than a savage's canoe—a stream of such gigantic proportions, that its width, at a thousand miles from the sea, gave it the aspect of a lake rather than of a river. The brute creation were in proportion with the magnitude of the water-course. The hippopotamus reared his huge snout above the surface, and wallow in the gullies that on either hand run down the stream, enormous crocodiles groped along the shore; elephants played in herds upon the pastures: the tall giraffe stalked among the lofty palms; snakes thick as trees lay coiled in the slimy swamps; and ant hills, ten feet high, towered above the rushes. Along the thickly peopled banks hordes of savages showed themselves, gazing in wonder at the strange ships, and making ambiguous gestures, variously construed by the adventurers as signs of friendship or hostility. Alternately sailing or towing, as the wind served or not; constantly in sight of natives, but rarely communicating with them often cut off for days from land by interminable fields of tangled weeds—the expedition pursued its course through innumerable perils guaranteed from most of them by the liquid rampart on which it floated. Lions looked hungry and savages shook their spears, but neither showed a disposition to swim off and board the flotilla.—*Cin. Atlas.*

HYDROPHOBIA.

Hydrophobia has of late years become quite common among the canine race, and a preventive of the disease has often sought for. The Pottstown *Ledger* states that a number of its subscribers certify to the fact "that they have known instances where the owners of dogs have had the 'worm' taken from under their tongues, which becoming mad, (which is rarely the case) could neither bite or do damage," and that "they also believe that when dogs have undergone this operation, in many instances they never become mad from the bite of a rabid animal,—they, therefore, take great pleasure in recommending to all owners of valuable dogs, to have the 'worm' taken out as a safeguard to the community, and a great security against the losses of human and animal life, occasioned by the spread of this fatal disease, from time to time."

Some years ago a chap in the town of A—, Me., having played the "gay gallant" a little too freely to a distiller's daughter—he was called to account by the old gentlemen, who demanded sharply "what excuse he had to give for such conduct?"

"Nothing," was the reply, "but exuberance of spirits."

"Is that all, you graceless?" rejoined the old fellow, as he brought down his cane upon the floor with terrible emphasis, "then let me tell you, sir, that *the* sooner you get them *rectified* the better!"

"Pa, ain't I growing tall?" "Why, what's your height, sonny?" "Why I'm seven foot lacking a yard. Hain't that *some*, old hoss?" Pa fainted.

The Lowell Advertiser says there are four hundred and twenty-five places in that city were spirits are sold contrary to law.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

This Extract is put up in quart bottles. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickness, or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a

FALL AND SPRING MEDICINE.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body.
Consumption cured.
Cleanse and Strengthen.
Consumption can be cured.
Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Colds, Coughs, Catarrh, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Soreness in the Chest, Hectic Flush, Night Sweats, Difficult and Profuse Expectoration, and Pain in the Side, &c., &c.,
have and can be cured.

Probably there never was a remedy that has been so successful in desperate cases of consumption as this; it cleanses and strengthens the system, and appears to heal the ulcers on the lungs, and patients gradually regain their usual health and strength.

CURIOUS CASE OF CONSUMPTION.

There is scarcely a day passes but there are a number of cases of consumption reported as cured by the use of Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. The following was recently received:

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: For the last three years I have been afflicted with general debility, and nervous consumption of the last stage, and did not expect to ever gain my health or all. After going through a course of medicine under the care of some of the most distinguished regular physicians and members of the Board of Health in New York and elsewhere, and spending the most of my earnings in attempting to regain my health, and after reading in some paper of you Sarsaparilla I resolved to try it. After taking six bottles I found it done me great good, and called to see you at your office; with your advice I kept on, and do most heartily thank you for your advice. I persevere in taking the Sarsaparilla, and have been able to attend to my usual labors for the last four months, and I hope by the blessings of God and your Sarsaparilla to re-allume my health. It helped me beyond the expectations of all who knew my case. CHARLES QUIMBY

Orange, Essex co. N. J., Aug. 2, 1847.

State of New Jersey, Essex county, ss.—Charles Quimby being duly sworn according to law, on his oath saith, that the foregoing statement is true according to the best of his knowledge and belief. CHARLES QUIMBY.

Sworn and subscribed to before me in Orange, the 2d August, 1847. CYRUS BALDWIN,
Justice of the Peace.

SPITTING BLOOD.

Read the following, and say that consumption is incurable if you can:

New York, April 23, 1847.

Dr. Townsend: I verily believe that your Sarsaparilla has been the means, through Providence, of saving my life. I have for several years had a bad cough. It became worse and worse. At last I raised large quantities of blood, had night sweats and was greatly debilitated and reduced, and did not expect to live. I have only used your Sarsaparilla but a short time, and there has a wonderful change been wrought in me. I am now able to walk all over the city.—I raise no blood, and my cough has left me. You can well imagine that I am thankful for these results. Your obedient servant. WM. RUSSELL, 65 Catharine st.

LOST HER SPEECH.

The annexed certificate tells a simple and truthful story of suffering and relief. There are thousands of similar cases in this city and Brooklyn, and yet there are thousands of parents let their children die for fear of being humbugged of 10 save a few shillings.

Bro klyn, Sept. 13, 1847.

Dr. Townsend: I take pleasure in stating, for the benefit of those whom it may concern, that my daughter, two years and six months old, was afflicted with general debility and loss of speech. She was given up by our family physician; but fortunately I was recommended by a friend to try your Sarsaparilla. Before having used one bottle she received her speech and was enabled to walk alone, to the astonishment of all who were acquainted with the circumstances. She is now quite well, and in much better health than she has been for 18 months past. JOSEPH TAYLOR, 128 York st., Brooklyn.

TWO CHILDREN SAVED.

Very few deaths indeed—that we have ever heard of one—but read Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla in time, lest any children die past Summer, while those that did not, sickened and died. The certificate we publish below is conclusive evidence of its value, and is only another instance of its saving the lives of children:

Mr. Townsend—Dear Sir: I had two children cured by your Sarsaparilla of the summer complaint and dysentary; one was only 15 month old and the other 3 years. They were very much reduced, and we expected they would die; they were given up by two respectable physicians. When the doctor got round us that we must lose them, we resolved to try your Sarsaparilla we had heard so much of; but had little confidence, there being so much stuff advertised that is worthless; but we are thankful that we did, for it undoubtedly saved the lives of both. I write this that others may be induced to use it. Yours, respectfully,
JOHN WILSON, Jr.

Myrtle-avenue, Brooklyn, Sept. 15, 1847.

TO THE LADIES.
GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, and for the general prostration of the system—no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons all weakness and nervousness, from taking it at once become healthy, stout and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause barrenness.

It will not be expected of us, in cases of so delicate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us.

Dr. Townsend: My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures; and also hearing it recommended for such cases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla and followed the directions you gave me. In a short period it removed her complaints and restored her to health. Being grateful for the benefits she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public.
M. D. MOORE,

Albany, Aug. 17, '41, cor. Grand & Lydia sts.

DYSPEPSIA.

No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion as the preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of dyspepsia, however severe or chronic.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1845.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted for several years with dyspepsia in its worst form, attended with a soreness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heartburn, and a great deal of wind on all kinds of food, and for weeks, (at last I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had but little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced, about two months since, to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with little confidence; but after using nearly two bottles, I found my appetite restored and the heartburn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been. Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Agent for Sunbury—JOHN W. FRILING; Northumberland, MARY A. McCAY; Danville, WM. A. MURRAY & Co.
April 22, 1848.—1y

246 AND 413
MARKET STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
THE CHEAPEST AND LARGEST
ASSORTMENTS OF
Gold and Silver Watches
IN PHILADELPHIA.

Gold Levers, full jewelled, 18 carat case	$30 and over
Silver Levers, full jewelled	$16 and over
" Lepines "	$11 and over
" Quarters,	$ 5 to $10
Gold Pencils,	1 50
Silver Tea Spoons, equal to coin,	4 50
Gold Pens, silver holder and pencil,	1 00

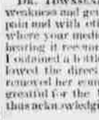
With a splendid assortment of all kinds of Watches, both gold and silver; Rich Jewelry, &c. &c, Gold Chain of the best manufactures, and in fact every thing in the Watch and Jewelry line at much less prices than can be bought in this city or elsewhere.

Please save this advertisement, and call at either LEWIS LADOMUS,
No. 413 MARKET street, above Eleventh, north side, or at JACOB LADOMUS,
246 MARKET st., first store below Eight, south side.

☞ We have Gold and Silver Levers still cheaper than the above prices.—a liberal discount made to the trade.

September 23, 1848—6m

OAKFORD'S



UNRIVALLED STYLE OF HATS FOR GENTLEMEN.
CHARLES OAKFORD,
No. 104 CHESTNUT STREET Philadelphia.

Would respectfully invite attention to his superior style of hats for autumn, 1848, which will be found the most perfect ever before offered to the community. Its peculiar forms renders it the more desirable, as it combines all the essentials of durability and neatness, requisite in that article of dress whilst his increased facilities in in manufacturing with all the modern improvements, enables him To Challange the World to produce a better Hat.

Children's Fancy Hats and Caps of the Latest Mode.—These goods have been selected with great care, and will be found most beautiful and chaste in their styles.

Ladies' Riding Hats and Caps of Entirely new Patterns.—Great care has been bestowed in constructing these articles, that they may fit perfectly easy and form a graceful appearance.

CHARLES OAKFORD,
104 Chestnut st. a few doors above Third,
Philadelphia.
September 30, 1848.ch—June 21, 1849—1y

GUM SHOES for Gentlemen and Ladies, just received and for sale by H. MASSER.
Sunbury, Dec. 2, 1848.

GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY
WESTERN NEW YORK
COLLEGE OF HEALTH,
207 *Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.*
DR. G. C. VAUGHN'S
Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture.

This celebrated remedy is constantly increasing its fame by the many cures it is making

ALL OVER THE WORLD.

It has now become the only medicine for family use, and is particularly recommended for

DROPSY;

all stages of this complaint immediately relieved, no matter of how long standing. See Pamphlet for testimony.

GRAVEL,

and all diseases of the urinary organs; for these distressing complaints it stands at one; no other article can relieve you: read the cures testified to with'n where the most Complicated; see pamphlet. Liver Complaint, Bilious diseases;

FEVER & AGUE.

To the Great West especially, and wherever these complaints prevail this medicine is offered.

NO MINERAL AGENT,

no deleterious compound is a part of this mixture; it cures these diseases with certainty and celerity, and does not leave the system torpid. See Pamphlet.

PILES,

a complaint of a most painful character, is

IMMEDIATELY RELIEVED,

and a cure follows by a few days use of this article; it is far before any other preparation for this disease, or for any other disease originating from impure blood.—See pamphlet.

DEBILITY OF THE SYSTEM,

weak back, weakness of the Kidneys, &c., or inflamation of same, is immediately relieved by a few days use of this medicine, and a cure is always a result of its use. It stands as

A CERTAIN REMEDY,

for such complaints, and also for derangements of the female frame,

IRREGULARITIES, SUPPRESSIONS,

painful menstruations. No article has ever been offered except this which would touch this kind of derangements. It may be relied upon as a sure and effective remedy, and did we feel permitted to do so could give

A THOUSAND NAMES,

as proof of cures in this distressing class of complaints. See pamphlet. All broken down, debilitated constitutions from the effect of mercury, will find the healing power of this article to act immediately, and the poisonous mineral eradicated from the system.

ERUPTIVE DISEASES

will find the alterative properties of this article,

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

and driven such diseases from the system. See pamphlet for testimony of cures in all diseases, which the limits of an advertisement will not permit to be named here. Agents give them away; they contain 32 pages of certificates of high character, and a stronger

ARRAY OF PROOF

of the virtues of a medicine, never appeared. It is one of the peculiar features of this article that it never fails to benefit in any case, and it is base and unmanly for any one to build up on let the emaciated and lingering invalid

HOPE ON

and keep taking the medicine as long as there is an improvement. The greater the wonder.

CAUTION THE PUBLIC

against a number of articles which come out under the head of

SARSAPARILLAS, SYRUPS, &C.,

as cures for Dropsy, Gravel, &c.: They are good for nothing, and concocted to gull the unwary;

TOUCH THEM NOT

Their inventors never thought of curing such diseases till this article had done it. A particular study in the pamphlet is earnestly solicited.

Agents and all who sell the article are

GLAD TO CIRCULATE

gratuitously. Put up in 20 oz. bottles, at $2; 12 oz. do at $1 each—the larger holding 6 oz. more than two small bottles. Look out and get imposed upon. Every bottle has "Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture," blown upon the glass, the written signature of "G. C. Vaughn" on the directions, and "G. C. Vaughn, Buffalo," stamped on the cork. None other are genuine.—Prepared by Dr. G. C. Vaughn, and sold at the Principal Office, 207 Main street, Buffalo, at wholesale and retail. No attention given to letters unless post paid—orders from regularly constituted Agents excepted; post paid letters, or verbal communications a sheeting advice, promptly attended to gratis.

Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of this article—122 Nassau st. New York city; 593 Essex st. Salem, Mass.; and by the principal Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, as Agents.

List of Agents—Sterrs & co., Wholesale Agent Philadelphia—J. W. Friling, Sunbury—Isaac Gearhart, Selinsgrove—C. A. Wyeth, Lewisburg—H. L. Sheetzer, Mifflinburg—Myers & McCormick, McElwaynesville—Miss McCoy, Northumberland.

April 1, 1848—y

FURS.

RICH FANCY FURS FOR LADIES' WEAR.
CHARLES OAKFORD,
Furrier.
No. 104, Chestnut Street,
A few doors above Third, Philadelphia,

would invite the ladies to call and examine his superior stock of Muffs, Boas, Tippets &c. of every variety, consisting of Rich Russia Sable, Hudson's Bay Martin, Norway Martin, Mink Sable, Baum Martin, Stone Martin, Ermine, Fitch, Lynx, &c, &c. These skins have been selected with great care, and are made by the best workmen in the country. Ladies may rest assured that no article will be offered for sale in this establishment that is not perfect in every respect.

CHARLES OAKFORD,
No. 104, Chesnut street, between Third and Fourth streets Philadelphia
September 30, 1848—6m

JACOB KECK,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
WINE AND LIQUOR DEALER,
No 233 Market Street, Below Eighth, North side.
PHILADELPHIA.

Keeps constantly on hand all kind of old Liquor, viz: Superior old rye whiskey—superior Brandy, Gin, &c. Also white brandy fo. preserving, Wild Cherry and Blackberry brandy.
Philadelphia, June 3, 1848.—1y

STEWART'S
Patent Air-Tight
SUMMER AND WINTER COOKING STOVES.

The above Stove, which is equally well adapted to Wood or Coal, has received silver medals at the fairs of the American Institute, New York; of the Mechanics' Institute, Boston; of the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia; and of the Mechanics' Institute, Wilmington, Delaware.

It is capable, if properly used, of doing more work, with less fuel, than any other Stove yet offered to the public: in winter it will warm the largest kitchen, while in summer, with the summer dress attached, it throws out no more heat than a charcoal furnace; and for boiling, broiling, baking, or roasting, it cannot be surpassed by any other Stove, open fire, or brick oven.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

Certificate of the Judges of the Mechanics' Institute, Boston.

We, the subscribers, being each one a Judges by the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanics' Association in Boston, on stoves, furnaces, ranges, &c, would inform the public, that after testing all the cooking stoves that were put into the Fair for exhibition, and letting each man manage his own stove with the same kind of coal, in order to ascertain which would do the most work with the least fuel in the same time, and do it best, we find that Stewart's Patent Summer and Winter Air-Tight Cooking Stove, manufactured by the patentee, of Troy, N. Y., to be the best, as it took but 13 minutes to boil two gallons of water and bake biscuit in the same time, and broil beef steak, and all done in the most nearest with seven pounds of coal, in thirty minutes from the time the fire was put into the stove. To which we subscribe the silver medal.

JAMES GOULD, WALTER CORNELL,
THOMAS MOULTON, A. D. WEBBER, and
JAMES PAGE, Jurors.

The subscribers respectfully invite the attention of country dealers, to one of the largest and best selected stock of stoves, ever offered in this city, among which are the following:

Bases.
Screen Cylenders.
Oven Stoves.
Washington Air-Tight Cooks.
Vulcan do do
Eurekas do do
Large Oven do do
Albany do do
Willis do do
McGregor Mammoth do
Premiums Cook Stoves.
National Air-Tight Cooks.
Parlor Stoves.
100 Louis Air-Tight Parlor Stoves.
150 Charles the 1st Air-Tight do
200 Lady Washington, Air-Tight Parlor.
130 Washington Air-Tight do
300 McGregor's three days Parlor Air-Tight Coal Stoves, burning three days without attention.

For sale wholesale and retail by North, Harrison & Co. No. 390 Market street, Philadelphia.
Philadelphia, July 18th, 1848—

JUSTICES' BLANKS
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

OXYGENATED
BITTERS,
A SOVEREIGN REMEDY FOR
DYSPEPSIA,
PHTHISIC,
AND
GENERAL DEBILITY.

GEORGE B. GREEN, Proprietor.
Windsor, Vermont.

Is a sovereign remedy for DYSPEPSIA, in many of its forms, such as pain in the Stomach, Heartburn, Habitual Costiveness, Acid Stomach, Headache, Loss of Appetite, Piles, Night Sweats, and even Consumption (Dyspeptic Phthisic,) and Asthma, or Phthisic attended with derangement of the Stomach (or Dyspeptic Asthma.) Difficult Breathing, which often results from imperfect digestion (or Dyspeptic Symptoms.) is relieved by these Bitters. In short, their use has been proved in the relief of almost all the symptoms that proceed from a debilitated or atonic condition of the Stomach; also in general debility arising from age or from the effects of Fever, particularly Fever and Ague. Females suffering under any uterine derangement arising from weakness, will find the "Oxygenated Bitters" an excellent remedy, and not surpassed by any medicine in use.

The history of this medicine is peculiar. It has made its way to public favor solely by the force of its own intrinsic merits. No artificial means have been used to give it notoriety and thrust it upon public attention. It has never before even been advertised, but having first shown its remarkable efficacy in the family of the proprietor, and by him afterwards administered to his afflicted friends and acquaintances with a like result, its reputation gradually extended until it is known in the most distant parts of the Union, as a medicine of unrivalled virtues in the cure of Dyspepsia in all its different forms, and also for the cure of Asthma or Phthisic. Its only herald and its only eulogy has been the store of its wonderful efficacy, as told from mouth to mouth or by letter from friend to friend. In every instance where these Bitters have been used, and the result made known to the proprietor, they have proved a remedy.

Numerous certificates, attesting the singular efficacy of the "Oxygenated Bitters," are in the possession of the proprietor; many of them signed by persons already widely known to the public.

GEO. B. GREEN, Proprietor.
WINDSOR, Vt., October 3, 1848.

The following Certificates have recently been received:

Washington, D. C., June 10, 1846.

Having made use of the "Oxygenated Bitters" prepared by Dr. Geo. B. Green, of Windsor, Vt., and from knowledge obtained of their efficacy in other cases, we cheerfully recommend them to the public, believing that they will fully sustain the recommendation of the Proprietor. We hope that this valuable remedy may be so generally diffused throughout the country that it may be accessible to all the afflicted.

SAMUEL PHELPS, } U. S. Senator from Vermont.
WILLIAM UPHAM, }
JAMES F. SIMMONS, U. S. Senator from R. Island.
J. T. MOREHEAD, U. S. Senator and formerly Governor of Kentucky.
L. D. ARNOLD, Member of Congress and formerly Governor of R. I.
WM. WOODBRIDGE, U. S. Senator and formerly Governor of Michigan.
M. L. MARTIN, Delegate in Congress from Wisconsin Territory.

From Hon. H. D. Foster, Member of Congress from Pennsylvania.

Washington, D. C., June 10, 1846.

Dear Sir,—I have been a dyspeptic sufferer for about ten years, and have resorted to various medicines for relief without success, until I made use of your "Oxygenated Bitters." I have used about two bottles, and find myself restored to perfect health. In this case the disease showed itself, in my case, were great acidity of the stomach, loss of appetite, extreme flatulence, severe constipation of the bowels, and violent headache. Feeling desirous that a knowledge of your valuable remedy may reach others similarly afflicted, I take great pleasure in recording my testimony to its curative power; and would remark, that while on a visit at home a short time since, I administered a part of a bottle to a number of my afflicted friends, with great success. They are desirous that you should establish an agency at Pittsburg, or inform them where the medicine can be obtained. With an earnest desire for your prosperity and happiness, I remain yours truly, truly your friend. H. D. FOSTER.

Dept. Gen. B. Green, Windsor, Vt.

Sold likewise and Retail by Green & Fletcher, No. 28 South Sixth Street, Philadelphia.

Agent for Sunbury—H. B. MASSER.
Agents for Milton—MACKAY & HAAG.
Agent for Upper Mahanoy—J. G. RENN.
April 15, 1848—

Wardrobe of Fashionable CLOTHING.
J. W. & E. D. STOKES,
CLOTHING WAREHOUSE,
No. 194 Market Street, First Clothing store below Sixth,
PHILADELPHIA.

WHERE they are constantly engaged in getting up from the best French, English and American cloth, clothing cut and made up in the most superior and fashionable style. Persons who buy to sell, will find a large and excellent stock at the lowest city prices. Clothing made up to order, in a superior style at the shortest notice.

N. B.—Odd Fellows Regalia, a large assortment always on hand. Orders from Lodges and individuals promptly attended to on the most reasonable terms.

Philadelphia, June 3, 1848—1y.

THOMAS C. GARRETT & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
WATCHES,

Plated and Britannia Ware, Cutlery, and Fancy Goods.—and Manufacturers of Jewelry and Silver Ware, 122 Chesnut street, Philadelphia; have received by late arrivals a large and handsome stock of English and French Watches, and Marble, Porcelain and Fancy Clocks.

Plated Urns, Castors Cake Baskets, High and Chamber Candlesticks Soup Ladles, Spoons and Forks. Also a good assortment of Britannia Ware and Fine Cutlery.

Their stock of JEWELRY is large and of the most fashionable kind; and they are well supplied with Silver Spoons, Forks, Mugs, Napkin Rings, Butter Knives, &c, and without making any display of prices in the public prints, they are prepared to sell as low as those who do, and invite persons wishing to purchase to call.

Philadelphia, June 10, 1848.—6m

In presenting the public with a remedy for the treatment and cure of Fever and Ague and other bilious diseases, no apology is needed. Vast numbers in the United States, who suffer from these affections in their varied forms, are compelled to seek relief from other sources than the immediate precincts of the regular physician. It becomes therefore an object of humanity, as well as of public interest, to bring before them a remedy prepared from much experience, and which may always be relied upon as safe, effectual, and harmless to the constitution. That such is the true character of the INDIA CHOLAGOGUE, is amply attested by the universal success with which it has been crowned.

☞ Extract from a communication of the Hon. William Woodbridge, of the U. S. Senate, late Governor of Michigan.

Detroit, Oct. 21, 1840.

Doctor Charles Osgood,

Dear Sir,—I have read with much interest, your little treatise upon the causes, treatment and cure of the febrile diseases which have so extensively prevailed in our country during the last few months—an interest increased no doubt, by the fact that I have individually suffered so much from them. Though I feel myself very incompetent to judge safely upon a subject so entirely professional, yet your theory seems to me well reasoned, and your conclusions just, and I think with me, that your pamphlet is calculated to produce much practical good.

Speaking of the medicine he says—It fully justified your flattering expectations, and as a safe, convenient, and popular remedy, my own experience, so far, induces me to believe that it will prove a great public benefit. I am pleased to learn that you have recently established several agencies for its disposition—though I regret that, with a view to a more general dissemination of it, you should have found it necessary to remove from your present residence among us. With much respect I have the honor to be, sir,

Your obliged servant,
WILLIAM WOODBRIDGE.

☞ From Hon. Stephen V. R. Trowbridge, of Michigan State Senate, to the Agent at Detroit.

Birmingham, Oakland Co., Dec. 13, 1841.

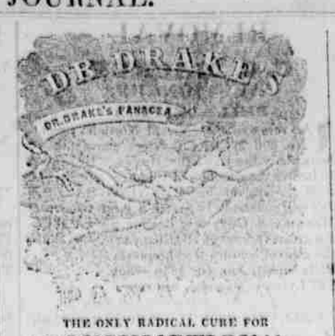
Sir—you wish me to inform you what I know of Dr. Osgood's India Cholagogue, or anti-bilious medicine. I do believe that if the virtues and efficacy of this medicine were generally known, the fever and ague would disappear in Michigan.

I procured a bottle in the spring of 1841, and have good reason to believe that myself and family escaped the ague last season in consequence of its use.

Perhaps in no summer since the settlement of this fine peninsula, has the fever and ague been so prevalent as the last. I have recommended this medicine in numerous instances, and when the disease had become fixed and baffled the skill of physicians; and I have never known it fail. It has universally produced the most happy effects, and I believe it has never been exercised by our medicine in removing the bilious diseases of the climate.

Yours, respectfully,
STEPHEN V. R. TROWBRIDGE.

Agent for Sunbury—H. B. MASSER; Northumberland, WITHINGTON & Co.; Milton, J. H. RASER; Selinsgrove, MAY & KLOSE.
May 6, 1848—6



THE ONLY RADICAL CURE FOR
CONSUMPTION!!

Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Scirrhus or Lumbago, diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Dyspepsy, Exposure or Imprudence in life; Melancholy, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

In this medicine several important but very potent articles of the vegetable kingdom are united, forming a compound entirely different in its character and properties from any other preparation, and unrivalled in its operation on the system when laboring under disease. It should be in the hands of every person, who, by business, or general course of life, is predisposed to the very many ailments that render life a curse, instead of a blessing, and often result in death.

FOR SCROFULA.

Dr. Drake's Panacea is recommended as a certain remedy. Not one instance of its failure has ever occurred when freely used: It cures the disease and at the same time invigorates the whole system. Scrofula proves to be the worst poison that can be introduced into the blood. Its pernicious effects should be their first aim; for perseverance will accomplish a cure of EVEN HEREDITARY disease.

FOR ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN.

Scurvy, Scorbutic Affections, Tumors, White Swelling, Erysipelas, Ulcers, Cancers, Running Sores, Scalds and Biles, Dr. Drake's Panacea cannot be too highly extolled: it searches out the very root of the disease, and permanent.

INDIGESTION OR DYSPEPSIA.

No medicine perhaps has ever been discovered which gives so much tone to the stomach and excites the secretion of a healthy gastric juice to digest the food as Dr. Drake's Panacea.

RHEUMATISM.

Dr. Drake's Panacea is used with the greatest success in Rheumatic Complaints, especially such as chronic. It cures by driving out all impurities and foul humours which have accumulated in the system, which are the cause of Rheumatism, Gout, and Swellings of the Joints. Other remedies sometimes give temporary relief: this entirely eradicates the disease from the system, even when the limbs and bones are dreadfully swollen.

CONSUMPTION.

Consumption can be cured.—Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, Asthma, Difficult or profuse Expectoration, Hectic Flush, Night Sweats, Pain in the side &c., have been cured, and can be with as much certainty as any disease. A specific box of medicine is sent for, but the vein must be opened by Dr. Drake's Panacea, as in mild and sure but certain and efficient as in its operation, and cases I possibly injure the most delicate constitution. We would earnestly recommend those afflicted to give it a trial—and we believe they will at once receive a recovery. The system is renovated and strengthened, the ulcers on the lungs are healed, and the patient gradually regains their usual health and strength. Read the following:

TESTIMONY.

Phila., Dec. 11th, 1847.

Dear Sir:—In reply to your question in regarding the use of Dr. Drake's Panacea, I will say, that although a perfect disbeliever in the existence of a Panacea, or cure for all diseases, however valuable it may be in certain complaints of the system, still I have believed that a cure for Consumption would be discovered sooner or later, and ever ready to try your medicine from the very inveterate cases I have seen, and as stated by the attending physicians to be PULMONARY CONSUMPTION, and almost dead by their own CURABLE. One of the persons had been under the treatment of several very able practitioners for a number of years, and they said she had "a hollow Consumption and couldn't live six days," and that the slightest fatigue or exertion would be immediately followed by a hemorrhage. In these two cases the effect of the Panacea has been most gratifying. Only four or five bottles were used by one of the persons before she began to improve rapidly. The other took about ten. I will only add that familiar as I am with every material in the laboratory and by extensive observation, study, and keeping the latest works issued in nine cases out of ten, however, and other vegetable Panacea, as well as many of the experiments and nostrums, I should never have recommended the use of Drake's Panacea if I had not been acquainted with the ingredients. Suffice it to say that these are recommended by our most popular and scientific physicians, and in fact, many of the articles form the basis of the best alterative that has ever been made. The cure is in accordance with a theory of Consumption declared in France a few years ago, by one of her most eminent writers on medicine, and now established by facts which admit of no dispute.

Very Respectfully Yours, L. C. GUNN.

To use the language of another, "Dr. Drake's Panacea is always salutary in its effects—never injurious. It is not an Opiate—it is not and Expectorant. It is not intended to lull the invalid into a fatal security. It is a great remedy—a grand healing and curative agent, the good and only remedy which medical science and skill has yet produced for the treatment of this hitherto incurable malady. And no person afflicted with this dread disease, will be just to himself and his friends, if he goes to the grave without testing its virtues. A single bottle, in most cases, will produce a favorable change in the condition of any patient, however low."

TO THE LADIES.

Ladies of pale complexion and consumptive habits, and such as are debilitated by those obstructions which females are liable to, are restored by the use of a bottle or two, to blooming vigor. It is by far the best remedy ever discovered for weakly children, and many of mothers have had reason to bless Dr. Drake's Panacea.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons all weakness and nervousness, from taking it at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame.

CAUTION.—Be careful and see that you get the genuine Dr. Drake's Panacea—it has the signature of Geo. P. Stokes on the wrapper—and also the name "Dr. Drake's Panacea, Phila." Blown in the glass.

Prepared only by Stokes & Co., Druggists, No. 21 North Sixth St., Philadelphia.

Agent for Sunbury—H. Masser.

Sold also by Wm. A. Murray & Co., Danville; H. Sharpe, Milton; Mary McCoy, Northumberland; E. P. Lutz, Bloomsburg.
April 1, 1848—1y

AGENTS WANTED

To canvass for some new and popular work, in every County throughout the United States. To Agents, the most liberal encouragement is offered—with a small capital of $25 to $100. A chance is offered, whereby an agent can make from $10 to $25 per week. For further particulars address (postpaid)

WM. A. LEARY,
No. 158 North SECOND Street,
Philadelphia, Sept. 9, 1848.—6m.

Pictorial Edition of d'Aubigne's great Work on the Reformation

OF THE SIXTEENTH CENTURY IN GERMANY, SWITZERLAND, &C.—Will be published on or about the 1st of April, 1848, by JOS. A. SPEEL, No 90 Cherry st. above 6th, his splendid 12mo edition of the above named work, with 18 engraved illustrations from original designs; 4 vols in 2, bound in extra cloth and library sheep.

The publisher respectfully calls the attention of the trade and the public generally, to this work being the only illustrated edition published in the United States—He trusts that the beauty of its embellishments, the strong and substantial manner in which it is bound, in conjunction with the known popularity of the work itself, will be a sure recommendation to public favor.

JOS. A SPEEL 90 Cherry st above 6th.

J. A. S has also lately published, a new and beautiful Edition of Sergeant Bell's Raree Show, a suitable book for children, neatly done up in extra cloth.

Philadelphia, April 1, 1848—

CUTLERY.

AN extensive Stock of Pocket and Table CUTLERY, for sale by

JOHN M. COLEMAN,
Nos. 32 and 33 ARCADE, and 84 North THIRD Street,

Comprising 5000 dozen Penknives, Scissors and Razors.

Also, a choice assortment of Rodgers & Sons, Wostenholm's, Greaves's, W. & S. Butcher's and Fenney's Cutlery.

Also, Spanish, Dirk and Hunting Knives.

Also, Guns, Pistols, and Bowie Knives.

Also, *The American Razor Strop*, a superior article, worty the attention of Dealers.

Card—Dealers in Cutlery, will find the above Stock worthy their attention, as the Subscriber's chief business is importing and selling cutlery.

Philadelphia, June 10th, 1848—1y.

C. BENKERT,
BOOT MAKER,
No. 40,
South Fourth Street, Above Chestnut.
PHILADELPHIA.
Jan 29th, 1848—

BANK NOTE LIST.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The following list shows the current value of all Pennsylvania Bank Notes. The most implicit reliance may be placed upon it, as it is every week carefully compared with and corrected from Bicknell's Reporter.

Banks in Philadelphia.

Name.	Location.	Disc. in Philad.
NOTES AT PAR.		
Bank of North America*		par
Bank of the Northern Liberties		par
Commercial Bank of Penn'a.*		par
Farmers' and Mechan