(From the Phila.Ledger.) THIRTIETH CONGRESS-SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Feb, 17, 1849. SENATE -The bill from the House providing for the establishment of a Home Department, was read and referred to the Committee on Finance.

The Senate then took up the resolution, previously offered by Mr. Webster, directing an inquiry to be made into the expediency of requiring security from emigrant paupers, in order to prevent them from becoming a public charge. An amendment making provision for printing certain decisions of the Supreme Court on the subject, was then submitted and agreed to, and the resolution a-

Mr. Rosk, of Texas, reported a bill for the establishment of a mail route from the Miseissippi river to San Francisco, California, which was laid on the table, to be printed.

Mr. Foot, of Mississippi, presented the memorial of Jesse Dow and others, in relation to the construction of a railroad across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, which was also ordered to be printed.

The resolution hitherto submitted by Mr. Underwood, proposing to select and purchase a locality for a burial ground in Mexico, to favors. receive the remains of our soldiers who perished there during the late war, was taken up and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. Douglass gave notice that he would, providing a territorial government for California.

Mr. Benton, of Missouri, submitted an amendment to the bill, striking out the appropriation of \$186,000 for the coast survey. and inserting \$30,000; also, directing the survey to be made exclusively by vessels and officers of the navy, under the direction of the President. He spoke with his accus. tomed ability, in favor of making some modification in the present system of a coast sur-

House .- Mr. Vinton, of Ohio, offered a resolution to terminate the debate on the Mexican indemnity bill on Wednesday next.

On motion of Mr. Rockwell, the House then went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Cabell, of Florida, chairman, and took up the Mexican indemnity bill.

Mr. Buckner, of Kentucky, addressed the Committee ou the slavery question and the Mexican war in general.

Mr. Stephens, of Georgia, followed, contending against all legislation far California, and maintaining that two-thirds of the Senate had no power to compel the House to vote appropriations for the purchase of territories. There was nothing in the speech that calls

special notice. Mr Lahm, of Ohio, followed, and surveyed the Northern side of the question of slavery He quoted several British precedents and legal decisions, and controverted the assumption that slaves are property. He expatiated the South, and opposed the movements and principles of the abolitionists. This party had power in the South, but they nevyr could have in the North. He believed they were He replied to the Sonthern address which had ed the floor, but vielded to

· Mr. Wilmot, of Pennsylvania, who detailed a conversation which he held with President Polk, two sessions ago, in which the President spoke of the three million appropriation to offect a peace with Mexico, and expressed the wish that a slavery restriction clause should be attached to the bill. The President, in that conversation, assured the speaker, that if he would introduce a joint resolution containing the proviso that slavery should not exist in any territory which might be acquired from Mexico, it would be acceptable even to Mississippi, and he urged him to bring it forward in that form. Mr. Wilmot said he regretted that the matter had been alluded to, simply because hd did not wish to be considered a retailer of private consultadisposed to shun responsibility; and, he concluded, before God, this was substantially what the President said.

On motion Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18. SENATE .- Mr. King presented a memorial from certain citizens, proposing to carry the mails and military stores across the Isthmus

Mr. Yulee submitted a series of resolutions passed by the Legislature of Florida, on the subject of slavery and of the wrongs inflicted on the South at the hands of the North. Mr. Yulee moved that the resolutions be received and printed. He said that although the resothey were of such a character that he deemed it proper to present them. He said that Northern aggressions had been pushed so far that he was ready to proceed to extreme measures of redress, even if it could only be accomplished by a dissolution of the Union.

THE TARRY QUESTION .- The tariff question, it appears, is not to be touched by Congress in the way of revision this session. A "it is not proposed to frame a bill at the session, because there is not time enough left for the task; and if submitted, it would be rejected by the Senate, but that several gentlemen, largely concerned in the manufacturing interest in different States, convened here during the past week, for the purpose of laying before the Committee of Ways and Means a variety of valuable information respecting the present tariff, the system prac- them. tised under it by foreign manufacturers and their agents, and its operation upon domestic industry. The result of this conference was a direction by that committee to Mr. Hudson, of Massachusetts, to prepare a general report on the subject of the tariff. He expects to complete it by the close of the week. It will in the main, recommend the substitution of specific for ad valorem duties, and the adoption of a scale of moderate duties, sufficient to protect American labor against the pauper competition of Europe."



THE AMERICAN.

SUNBURY. SATURDAY, PEBRUARY 24, 1849.

H. B. MASSER, Editor and Proprietor. Persons indebted to the office of the Ameri

an up to April 1848, are notified to make final ettlement with H. B. Masser, in whose hands the ooks of the late firm are left for collection. REMOVAL. - The office of the 'American" has been removed to the buildng formerly occupied by Dr. J. B. Masser Market street opposite the Post Office .-The law office of H. B. Masser the editor, is

We are indebted to Gen, Cameron and the Hon. Jas. Pollock for congressional

in the front room below.

On our first page our readers will find an interesting sketch of the daring adventures of the celebrated Captain Dan Henrie, whose wonderful escape from Gen. on Monday next, move to take up the bill Minon at Encarnacion, in Mexico, was published sometime since.

> The Susquehanna is again frozen over at this place. The ice we presume is strong enough for a horse and sleigh .-Persons on foot have been crossing for a week past.

17 Having now established ourselves in our new location, we shall be able, next week to give our readers a greater variety.

THE MILTONIAN AND THE SHERIFF, AUDI-TORS, COMMISSIONERS, AND CLERK OF THE COUNTY.

Much has been said and written on the icentiousness and venality of the Press, and not, it must be confessed, without truth. But probably its greatest prostitution is, when those who have it under control, use it as an engine to gratify personal revenge or private pique. We were led to these remarks on looking over the last Miltonian, which contains a most unjustifiable attack on Sheriff Covert, the Auditors, Commissioners and Clerk of the county. It is not difficult to understand why these attacks are now made, and the shallow pretence that will no doubt be set up, that it was for the public good, will only serve to render the perpetrators more contemptible in the eyes of an honest community. Who can doubt if Sheriff upon the state of the slave representation of Covert had favored the Miltonian with the printing patronage of his office, that any such attacks would have been made. When the county is in danger of losing any thing | read and approved. the instruments of some good, and much evil. in the shape of taxes, or from any other cause, by Sheriff Covert, it will be time recently been put forth. Mr. L. having con- enough for the Miltonian to raise its croakcluded, Mr. McClelland, of Michigan, obtain- ing voice. But if we are rightly informed (and we think the records will show that we are,) the editors of the Miltonian are the last persons who should complain of Mr. Coverts delinquency. The county will lose nothing by Mr. Covert, in shape of back taxes, but can as much be said of those connected with the Miltonian? The exonerations on the Milton duplicate would probably show who had most cause to complain, the county or the editors of that paper. We too think, "the citizens of Milton should see to it-pay up."

In regard to the Auditors' report, we resume we should never have heard any thing alledged against it, had the Commissioners of the county greased the palms of tions-not for any other reason. He was not the editors of the Miltonian with a little of the Treasury pap. The report of the Auditors, made up precisely as it is now, has been published in the Miltonian for six or eight years past, and not a word did the editors ever alledge against it, for want of clearness or precision. It was then "easily understood," as the Miltonian then figured of Panama, for the sum of not exceeding \$12.- in the report to the tune of about fifty dol-000 per annum. Referred to the Military lars per annum, for printing; but as the Commissioners of the county have thought proper to allot the printing to another, the thing which for ten years past was clear as mud, has become obscure to the mental vision of these disinterested editors. The film has at length fallen from their eyes, lutions were not addressed to Congress, still and they have become patriotic and "honest by compulsion." The Commissioners we presume will continue to perform their duties so as to promote the best interests of the county, without having the fear of the

Miltonian before their eyes. The Clerk too it seems, according to these wiseacres, is also to blame, as he would, they say, "have a little more writing to do if he made out a clear and satiscorrespondent of the New York Courier says factory statement." Now these editors exhibit a degree of verdancy, that would make even a schoolboy laugh, in making such a charge. Every body knows, that knows any thing, that the Clerk has no more to do with the Auditors' Report, than the editor of the Miltonian, and if the Auditors, were to incorporate all the items as entered by tor from Ohio. His reasons are of a private the Clerk, the Miltonian could not contain

> DF APPOINTMENTS BY THE CANAL BOARD. -It will be seen by the list of appointments by the Canal Commissioners, that Mr. Wilson of Northumberland has been appointed Collector at that port, in place of Mr. Morrison removed. Mr. A. L. Dieffenbacher of the same place, has been appointed Cargo Inspector at Hollidaysburg.— carriages, which were paid for by his lordit would be rather impolite. If our paper
> They are both well qualified for the duties ship. His case was adjourned for examinadoes not contain its usual variety, is the ex-They are both well qualified for the duties ship. His case was adjourned for examinaof their respective offices.

The editors of the Miltonian are incessantly boasting of their circulation .-This stale trick is too well known to have any effect, and is seldom resorted to by papers of character and standing. We should be very sorry to exchange our subscription list for that of the Miltonian or give our establishment for two such vaporing concerns. We shall let our paper speak for tself. The editors of the Miltonian prefer rather speaking for theirs.

POST MASTER AT CATTAWISSA .-Charles Hartman has been appointed Post Master at Cattawissa, in place of John Schmick, resigned. The appointment is a good one, and will give general satisfaction.

THE CABINET OF THE PRESIDENT ELECT .-The Cabinet appointments, under Gen. Tayor, are the subject of comment and speculation. The matter begins now to assume some definite form. The National Intelligencer says that it has reason to believe that Gov. Crittenden will not be in the Cabinet, having declined accepting any appointment, and the Washington Globe, of Saturday, tells us who will fill the office of Secretary of State. It

We learn that a telegraphic despatch from Gen Taylor was received in this city this evening, tendering the office of Secretary of State to the Hon. John M. Clayton, of Delaware, and the reason for doing so, is, that the Legislature of Delaware, which is now in session, and is expected to adjourn in a few days may elect a Senator in the place of Mr. Clay. ton, if he accepts. The Legislature will not meet again for two years.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE CANAL COMMISSION-ERS .- On Saturday, the Board of Canal Commissioners met at Congress Hall, and made the following appointments:

Collectors-William Gamble, Parkesburg J. J Keller, Lancaster; S. S. Bigler, Harrisburg; William Wilson, Northumberland; A White, Dunsburg; D. W. McCormick, Lewis-

Weighmasters-C. Weygandt, Easton; J. Dunlap, Lancaster; A. W. Dennison, Columbia; G. L. Mylinger, Portsmouth: Samuel Galbraith, lock, Holidaysburg; F. R. West, scales, do.; J. Reamer, scales, Johnstown; J. Ritter, lock, do; J. A. Hays, Pittsburg; J G. Chesney, Northumberland.

State Agents-J. A. Conningham, J. Rankin, John Burk, Isaac S. Waterbury, Charles Brady, James Hunter, Thomas McMichael, Columbia Railroad; J. F. Nelson, Joshua Kemp, James Murray, Portage Railroad.

Cargo Inspectors-J. Zeigentuss, Easton S. J. South, Columbia; A. L. Diffenbacher, Hollidaysburg; T. McKieman, Johnstown; James Folly, Pittsburg. Collector Outlet Lock, Portsmouth-S. Mar-

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 17, 1849. SENATE .- The journal of yesterday was

PETITIONS PRESENTED .- Messrs. Konigmacher, Mason and Matthias-Several for the repeal of the act incorporating the Harrisburg and York Railroad Co.

Mr. Mason-From Bradford, for a law vestng the Governor with power to commute the crime of capital punishment to imprisonment

Mr. Brawley-From Crawford, for a law requiring the registration of births, marriages,

and deaths Mr. Best From Columbia coudty, for the

repeal of the usury laws. The bill limiting the term of sequestrators on turnpike, plank, and railroad companies,

was passed. The bill to incorporate the Fishing Creek Railroad and Coal Company, was taken up

and passed. The bill to incorporate the Bank of Danville was under consideration a short time.

and then postponed for the present. [From the Philadelphia Ledger,] TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Further Confirmation of the Abandance of Gold in California. BALTIMORE, Feb. 17, 1849. The Southern mail has arrived, with New learn that the brig Lowder had arrived from Chagres, with dates to the 25th of January. She brings no gold, but confirms all the previous accounts received, as regards its abun-

Gen. Taylor's Cubinet.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 17. We learn from reliable authority that the office of Secretary of State will be tendered to Senator Clayton, of Delaware. It is generally understood that the Hon. Mr. Crittenden, of Ky., declines a cabinet appointment

THE ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE have refused by a tie vote, to pass a general railroad bill, and have adjourned sine die.

THE BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD IRON Co. has manufactured according to a statement submitted to the Legislature during the year ending December 31, eight thousand eight hundred and sixty-six tons of Anthracite Pig Me-

FRESH SHAD, from the waters of North Carolina, made their first appearance in the Washington market on Thursday morning.

Junge McLean, it is announced, has declined the nomination for United States Sena-

ENGLISH LIFE .- Mr. Strafford, a clerk in the London Post Office, lately appeared at the London Post Office, lately appeared at the Insolvents' Court, and was opposed. The insolvent came to court in a phaston with his servant. On inquiry it appeared that his own income was \$350 a year. His wife had \$600 a year from her friend Lord Adolphus Fitzelarence. The insolvent admitted, he kept two horses, a servant in livery and two carriages, which were paid for by his lord.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The House has passed the bill establishing instead of calling it the Ministry of the Interior, it has after the fashion of England, been no doubt whatever but that the Senate will at once agree to the House bill, so that his patronage increased, and his cabinet council consist of seven persons instead of six, as is now the case. This is important, as in the present case, when the Cabinet is equally di- Washington to be used at the inauguration of vided, the President is compelled to act as Gen. Taylor. umpire ; while General Taylor, who as about to have a Cabinet of seven ministers, to wit the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, the ment, the Secretaries of the Treasury, War bill repealing all laws granting licenses to Minister or Secretary of the Home Departand the Navy, the Postmaster General and the Attorney General, will never be embarrassed by being obliged to decide between the conflicting opinions of his Cabinet; a circumstance the prospect of which may have materially increased the chances of the passage of the bill. The Free Soil candidate for U. S. Senato

from Ohio is Solomon P. Chase, a lawyer, of Cincinnatti, and a Democrat in all his feelings Unless the Democrats support the Free Soiler, the latter will go for McLean.

In the various configurations of Cabinets, I have always heard Pennsylvania alluded as "deserving" either a Cabinet Minister or an Ambassador. Now that a new department is about to be created may the Keystone of the Arch, without which General Taylor would have been distanced, not expect to have both? The names of the Hon. JOSEPH naturally occur to every one in the least degree acquainted with Pennsylvania politics. Should Delaware furnish one of the Secretaries, there is no reason to think, that, on that account, Pennsylvania must be excluded.

The prospect is that the next administration will be very ungrateful. Already Gen. Taylor has declared that he recognizes no party obligations, and that he will administer he government without fear or favor. If General. his sermon is as good as his text he will make a first-rate President Nous verrons.

General Cass is expected here the end of the week, and may thus be able to get the start of Gen. Taylor, at least as regards their espective arrivals in Washington. My opinon is that Gen. Cass' Senatorial career will not be a long one.

Mr. Cass, the newly appointed Charge to Rome, is still loitering here, waiting for the reinstatement of the Pope in his temporal and spiritual functions. If the Pope is to be ed back to Rome by Austrian bayonets, it is to be hoped that the United States will not degrade themselves and forfeit their high standing at the head of the civilized world, by sending young Cass to dance attendance on him. Pope Pius IX, governing through the hangman Radetzky, would be the most miserable Pulcinello of all Italy. Congress created the Chargeship in honor of a great rational Italian movement, headed by the head of the Catholic Church, not as a matter of respect for the abstract papal dignity.

OBSERVER. A SAD STORY .- Of two brothers, English of Memphis, fine looking and powerfully built men, one died suddenly, about nine days ago. He was buried, and his living brother, having been impressed with the idea that a project was on foot to resurrect the dead for dissection watched over the grave. At three o'clock in the morning he returned home, feeling unwell, and at 10 o'clock of the same morning he too was a corpse. A later number of the Eagle states that the wife of the brother, who died last, went out and watched over his grave all the day subsequent to his burial, returned home, and the next day she too was dead. It is a singular and melancholy episode in life's history.

SILVER SEVEN CENT PIECES .- Mr. Edward Hinckley, of Baltimore, publishes a communication demonstrating the great conveniences that would result from the issuing of silver coins of the value of seven cents each. This project is very ingenious for any one who may make a calculation, and find that such coin would entirely supercede the use of coppers, provided the payer and payed had SALMON' each a sufficient quantity of small change .-Orleans papers to the 10th, by which we Thus, to pay one cent, give three seven cent pieces and receive two ten cent pieces in exchange; to pay two cents give a seven and LARD & CHEESE, a five cent piece and receive one dime in change; to pay three cents, give ten and receive seven change, &c. &c.

LOUIS PHILIPPE WISHING TO RETURN TO FRANCE.-The New York Courrier des Etats Unis states, on the authority of the Corsaire, (Paris paper,) that Louis Phillippe has addressed a letter, both to the President of the Republic and to Odilon Barrot, the President of the Council, in which he protests the purity of his intentions and his determination to keep aloof from public affairs, in case he and his sons, should they return to France, propose to bind themselves by a formal oath, to abandon all pretensions to the government.

GENERAL TAYLOR, it is said, has chosen Col. J. Y. Van Allen, of New York, as his private Secretary.

THE EASTERN MARBORS .- Portland harbo s frozen up for several miles. Also, Providence harbor. Boston harbor was closed on Friday for a short time New York harbor is navigable only for vessels with steam.

THE PRESIDENT ELECT is expected to arrive in Washington on Friday next, and has taken rooms at Willard's Hotel. His suite said to consist of twenty persons.

Cool .- The editor of the Sheboygan Mercues sufficient

tional Intelligencer says, "President Polk in WASHINGTON, Feb. 15, 1848. tends to vacate the Executive mansion on or

PRESIDENT POLK'S RETIREMENT .- The Naa new Department of the Government; but about the 1st of March. He has engaged rooms at the Irving Hotel, where he will remain with his family until after the inaugudubbed "The Home Department." I have ration of Gen. Taylor; after which they will take their departure from the city." THE BIBLE on which the first inauguration

oath was taken by Washington, is still pre-served in New York, and will be taken to THE LICENSE QUESTION IN OHIO .- The Ohio House of Representatives has, by a de-

cisive vote, instructed a committee to report a sell intoxicating liquors. The collector at Cleveland (Ohio) states that the lake commerce of that place last

year exceeded in value \$10,000,000. DISTRESSING .- Several hogs were killed i Cincinnati, on the 31st ult., by the falling of

the walls at the mins of the late fire.

THE DUBLIN FREEMAN'S JOURNAL speaks of the American proposition to purchase Cuba. and suggests that the British Government should bring Ireland "to the market in time, while Islands are in fashion." "Jonathan," he continues, "may refuse to buy any thing less than Continents by-and-by.

OFFICE-SEEKING IN FRANCE.-It is said that Louis Napoleon, since his election as President of the Republic, has received 140,000 letters from Paris and the departments. R. INGERSOLL, and JOSIAH RANDALL, Esqs., Most of them contain applications for places or relief.

> Fanny had oft in youth been told She was a matchless maid: Fanny has now, good lack, grown old, Yet matchless still, 'tis said.

It is estimated that 16,000 applications for Post-offices are ready for the new Postmaster

MARRIED.

At South White Hall, Lehigh county, on the 13th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Dubs. Mr. John SNYDER, to Miss Susan, daughter of the Rev.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET. Tuxanar, Feb. 16, 1849. WHEAT-Red is worth 108 a 110 cents

hite is held at 113 a 114c. Ryz-Pennsylvania is worth 68c.

Conn-New Penna. yellow is held at 57c.

OATS--Southern is held at about 30 a 33c WHISKEY .-- Sales in hhds at 23c and in bls at 25 cents.

PRICE CURRENT. Corrected weekly by Henry Masser. WHEAT. Conv. OATS. Egos. TALLOW. HECKLED FLAT. Do. PRACHES.

REMOVAL.

DR. J. B. MASSER has removed his fice, to the office formerly occupied by H. B. Masser, as the printing office of the Sunbury American, back of H. Massers store. Sunbury, Feb. 24, 1849 .-

NOT TOO LATE YET HERE are still great bargains to be had of the subscriber, as he is determined to sell all off and quit the business. He is now selling the best HONEY SYRUP MOLASSES at 56 cts. per allon, the best SUGAR HOUSE for 40 cts. and

Other articles in proportion. All who want et bargains must co CHARLES S. BOGAR. Sunbury, Feb. 24, 1849 .- tf

MACKEREL. HERRINGS. PORK. HAMS AND SIDES. SHOULDERS.

Constantly on hand and for sale by J. PALMER & Co. Market Street Wharf, PHILADELPHIA. Feb. 24, 1849,-3n

Assignees' Sale PAXINOS FURNACE. (BY ADJOURNMENT.)

THE subscribers assignees' of Dengler, Haas, & Co., will expose to sale by public vendue, in Thursday the 8th day of March, 1849, on

THE CHARCOAL FURNACE. known as the PAXINOS PURNACE, situate on Sha

mokin Creek about 11 miles east of Sunbury and within one forth of a mile of the Danville & Pottskeep aloof from public affairs, in case he ville Rail Road, together with coal house, two should be allowed to teturn to France. He dwelling houses, saw-mill and other improvements, and with all the necessary implements, necessary to work said Furnace, There are also, cut and in rank, two thousand cords of Wood, which will be and the country is well surrounded with good The Furnace is built on a perpetual lease

a rent of \$200 per annum for three years from April next, after which time, the rent may be raised te \$400, per annum. The Furnace will be kept in blast until the middle of Jan'y next. Any persons wishing to view the same can do so by calling on the premises. For further particulars apply to the subscribers.

W. & R. FEGELY. Sunbury, Nov. 17, 1848 .- t8.

Notice

THE public are hereby notified that I have purchased at Constable sale, on the 10th of Pebruary, 1849, the following articles sold as the property of Abraham Ruch, and that I have loaned him the said articles until I see proper to remove them:

8147 50

ground, One Wagon,

DANIEL KEIFFER. Up.,Augusta tshp., Feb. 17, 1849-3t A/INDOW GLASS, 8 by 10, for sale by

Sanbary, Jap 17th, 1846- tf.

CALIFORNIA GOLD!

DISCOVERED BY SIGNOR D'ALVEAR'S GOLDMETER! GOLD SEEKER'S GUIDE! Secret Art of finding Mines of Gold, Silver, Iron, Lead, Copper, Coal, and other Mine-

THE first discovery of Gola a 'silifornia was made by DON JOSE D'ALVA 'R, an eminent Spanish Geologist, Chemist and Natural Philosopher, by means of ral Riches. Philosopher, by means of a newly invent. I Magne-tic instroment, called THE GOLDOMETER OR GOLD SEEKER'S

Signor D'Alvear has just arrived at New York, from the Gold regions of California, by way of Panama, Chagres, and New Orleans, bringing with him a very large quantity of Gold ore, valued at nearly one million of Dollars, which he collected these laws before it.

ted there, long before the existence of the Gold mines became known to the residents of California HISTORY OF THE DISCOVERY!

Signor D'Alvear went out to California nearly two years ago, in consequence of certain informa-tion which he had received of the geological character of that country, with the firm belief that vast mines of precious metal would be revealed there upon careful investigation. He was encouraged to this enterprise, also by his confidence in the powers of a certain Magnetic instrument which he had invented, called "Goldometer," by whose aid he expected to be directed at once to the "Gold Placers," if any such existed. Nor were his expectations disappointed. His scientific calculations proved to be found in truth and profound wisdom, and his new instrument, the "Goldometer," fulfilled his highest hopes. In less than two months after reaching California, he struck upon one of the richest gold mines in that country, upon an obscure branch of the Sacrato river, in a gorge of hills extremely rockey and difficult of access, and seldom visited by the native Californians. Disguising his object under the pretence of purely scientific research, he obtained the aid of some fifteen or twenty simple and faithful Indians, and steadily pursued his task, collecting often more than \$2,000 worth of gold in a single day, which he concealed in a deep ravine, without exciting any suspicion whatever, until after the discovery of gold at Captain Sutter's Mill, when the mountains were ransacked by gold seekers, and Signor D'Al-vear's "gold placer," the richest in all California, was beset with greedy adventurers. It is now found that the real mines or sources of the gold, lie in the gorges of the mountains, and not in the beds or sands of the rivers. Previous to leaving California, Signor D'Alvear sold his instrument, the Goldometer, a very imperfect one, for \$3,000. The person who purchased it confidently expected to make a handsome fortune, by simply fluding "gold placers" and selling out the right of digging

to the gold workers,
MANUFACTURE OF THE GOLDOMETER PUBLICATION OF THE GUIDE. Signor D'Alvear, in compliance with the request of numerous scientific gentlemen, has commenced the manufacture of his new Magnetic Instrument, the Goldometer, which he now offers for sale, in the United States, at the remarkably low prine of \$3 each, accompanied by full instructions for use, and a variety of Philosophical hints drawn from

the ancient and modern science, or the ART OF FINDING MINES OF GOLD! Silver, Platinum, Quicksilver, Coul, Iron, Cop-per, Lead, and other Mineral Riches, the whole being given in a publication called the GOLD SEEKER'S GUIDE!

This new work, and the Goldometer, are both ow ready for sale. The Goldometer is so simple an instrument that a child may learn to operate with it in five minutes. It is not affected by climate, moisture, or any other known cause, (except the natural magnet,) and will retain its power of pointing out mineral riches in the earth for any number of years. By the aid of the Guide any person may

use the instrument at ance with perfect succ FARMERS AND LAND OWNERS. Farmers and Land Owners throughout the United States, who have reason to suspect the exis-tence of any kind of Mineral riches upon their lands, should avail themselves of this opportunity to test that fact by the surest of all known tests before the abundance of discoveries in all parts of the country shall have lessened this source of

wealth in their estate. ADVENTURERS TO CALIFORNIA. Persons going to California cannot make a better investment than by purchasing one of these instruments, which will not only be worth fifty times its value there, to sell again, but will be of inestimable worth to those who go in search of Gold, as has been proved by the most abundant experiment both in California and the United States TESTIMONIALS.

Signor D'Alvear does not does not deem it neessary to encumber this notice with a long list of testimonials, in proof of the value of his GOLDbrilliant results of his labors in California, and the discovery, this very week, of fresh veins of Gold in Virginia, and beds of Coal in Rhode Island, by it use, are alone sufficient to stamp it as the greatest discovery of the age. Nothing but the extreme cheapness of the instrument, and his desire to see it used for the benefit of mankind induces him to dispose of it at the low price of which he offers it. Besides this, his own desire for wealth is nearly

The following Testimonials, in proof of the value of the Goldometer, selected from a great number equally satisfactory, must suffice for the

suffice for the present: ASTOR HOUSE, N. Y., Dec. 21, 1848. The undersigned, having this day withessed the practical operation of Signor Jose DeAlvear's newly invented magnetic instrument, the Goun-OMOTER, feel entirely satisfied that it posseses the extraordinary power of desecting Mineral ores hidden beneath the surface of the earth, and have no doubt that it will prove invaluable aid in the dis covery of the Mineral resources of the United States and the world.

J. R. Duapen, Jr., Chemist, L. S. TIERMANN, Magnetic Ins. Maker G. S. DANA, Geologist.

Los Angelos, California, Aug. 1848. This may certify that the undersigned is fully convinced that Signor Jose De Alvear was the first discoveror of the Gold desposites of California and that this discovery was made by the aid of a Magnetic instrument called the Goldometer, which have seen successfully applied to the discovery of veins of Gold ore, places where no indication the earth. T. W. SHERMAN, Lieut, 3d Artillery, U. S. Army,

NO AGENTS. In consequence of the difficulty of finding faithful agents, and of preventing frauds, where articles De Alvear has determined to sell none of his works or instruments unless ordered by letters sent directly to him, when the desired publication, or in-strument, will be forwarded under his signature and seal, so that all doubt as to its genuit

may be removed.

EF BEWARE OF ALL IMITATIONS of this Instrument which may hereafter appear, us the secret of imparting the Gold Detecting power is known to no person whatever, except the ori-

The GOLDOMETER and GOLD SEEK. ER'S GUIDE, will both be sent by mail, closely enveloped and sealed, and heretofore, not subject to inspection by Post-musters for the sum of THREE DOLLARS, sent post paid to SIGNOR JOSE DEALVEAR, Box 2713, New York City. The instrument is very light, and the Guide is printed on thin paper—so that the charge by mail or express will be very small to any part of the United States.—The Price of the GODD SEEK-ER'S GUIDE alone, is ONE DOLEAR, sent as

above. Address, SIGNOR JOSE DE ALVEAR, Box 2713, New York City. OFFICE for the sale of the GoLD SELKER's GUIDE and GOLDOMETER, No. 38 Centre Street,
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February 17th, 1846. RAISING BLOOM

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M. A. McCAY, Northumberland February 17, 1849.—ch e 3m—1y

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