

New York eats ten thousand tons of fish annually.

Some of our large tallow rendering establishments in the East are sending oil that is hydraulically extracted from suet to Liverpool, where it is mixed with milk and manufactured into butter.

A New Jersey farmer has raised the present season thirty tons of the acre of spring sown onions, some of the precious bulbs weighing two pounds. It makes our eyes water to record such a statement.

The New York barbers are just now doing a bit of sharp competition, and in many shops the price of a shave is but five cents, with a "good cigar" thrown in. Others charge the same price and offer their customers a five-cent glass of beer in addition.

The California cereal crop this year will reach the most sanguine estimate which has been made of it. The surplus of wheat available for export will be fully 800,000 tons. The enormous aggregate is illustrative of extraordinary agricultural enterprise, as well as vast productive capacity.

Sentence of Pugilists.

SALEM, N. J., Nov. 3.—Weeden, Goodwin and Collier found guilty of manslaughter by adding in the killing of the prize fighter Walker, were today sentenced to six years' imprisonment each in the Trenton penitentiary. The remaining two prisoners, Clark and Neary, were sentenced to imprisonment of two years.

A Swindle.

A new dodge for swindling has been put in operation. Several strange men drive through an agricultural district. They stop at all the farmhouses and make a contract to take all the butter the farm can furnish at fifty cents per pound. Further, it will be gathered up by fast special teams and the cash paid for it at the door. The pretence is that butter during the winter, in large cities, will be very scarce. In this way all the farmers in a district are contracted with, and arrangements are made to come for their butter on certain days and at certain points; the contract to go into effect in two weeks. A few days after the departure of the men a drove of cows come along. They are fine looking milk cows. The farmers having a good thing in view think they might use a few more cows. They try to buy them and the driver don't seem to be anxious to sell. Finally, however, he is induced to sell two or three to each farmer at prices considerably higher than the real market value. He then departs, meets his partners who put the butter job, and they divide the profits. This is the last the farmers hear of it.

The Earth's Center.

A remarkable address was delivered by Sir William Thomson on the subject of the fluid or solid nature of the earth's kernel. While not denying that certain portions of the earth's interior are in a molten or fluid state, Sir William Thomson maintained, on various more or less remote grounds, that no large proportion of the earth's interior can be any possibility be in the condition of molten fluid. "I may say, with almost perfect certainty, that whatever may be the relative densities of rock solid and melted, or at about the temperature of liquefaction, it is, I think quite certain that solid rock is denser than hot melted rock; and no possible degree of rigidity in the crust could prevent it from breaking in pieces and sinking wholly below the liquid lava. Something like this may have gone on and probably did go on for thousands of years after solidification commenced; surface portions of the melted material losing heat, freezing and sinking immediately, or growing to thicknesses of a few feet where the surface would be cool, and the whole solid dense enough to sink. This process must go on until the sank portions of crust build from the bottom on a sufficiently close ribbed skeleton or frame, to allow fresh incrustation to remain, bridging across the now small areas of lava pools or lakes." That is a striking picture of the growth of the "round earth," which was once supposed to have been made from the first "so fast that it cannot be moved." We are rather sorry to be robbed of the belief in the central lava ocean after all.

A Proclamation.

By the President of the United States: From year to year we have been accustomed to pause in our daily pursuits and set apart a time to offer our thanks to Almighty God for the special blessings. He has vouchsafed to us, with our prayers for a continuance thereof. We have at this time equal reason to be thankful for His continued protection, and for the many material blessings His bounty has bestowed. In addition to these favors accorded to us as individuals, we have especial occasion to express our hearty thanks to Almighty God that by His providence and guidance our government established a century ago has been enabled to fulfill the purpose of its founders in offering an asylum to the people of every race, securing civil and religious liberty to all within its borders, and meeting out to every individual alike justice and equality before the laws. It is more-over especially our duty to offer our humble prayers to the Father of all Mercies for a continuance of His divine favor to us as a nation and as individuals.

By reason of all these considerations, I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States, do recommend to the people of the United States to devote the thirtieth day of November next to the expression of their thanks and prayers to Almighty God, and by thinking aside their daily avocations and all secular occupations, to assemble in their respective places of worship and observe such day as a day of thanksgiving and rest.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the City of Washington this twenty-sixth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, and in the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and first.

U. S. GRANT.

By the President, HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

A Notable Clock.

In the Kansas building, on the Centennial grounds, is a clock whose peculiar excellence is that it requires winding but once in a hundred years. It is said to keep the most accurate time, telling the month of the year, the day of the month, the day of the week, and the time of the day; and yet the inventor claims that it does all this with much less power than is required with any other clock escapement ever invented. Who would like a century clock?

A Spider in the Stomach.

A short time since a young lady, a resident of Brooklyn, Pa., experienced a creeping sensation in her nose after she had retired for the night, and all efforts to remove the annoyance were without the desired effect, the difficulty remaining for several days, merely changing to a location further up in the nostril. At length it seemed to pass down into the throat, causing a choking sensation. Immediately after its disappearance the victim experienced acute pains in the stomach and called medical assistance in vain, the only thing that gave her any relief being copious doses of brandy, which failed to produce any of the usual effects. Finally severe vomiting ensued, after one whole night's suffering and the patient giving up hopes of life, the cause of the trouble was removed, and an examination proved it to be a small particle of blood and matter, in the center of which was a common sized black spider.

A Remarkable Frog Story.

A remarkable incident occurred at a Canada sawmill in Acton while a pine log was being sawed up into lumber. The outside slab and one board had been cut off, and while the workmen were turning over the log they were surprised to see a large toad poke his head out of a hole in which he was imbedded, and where he had barely escaped being cut up by the saw. How the stranger got there was a mystery, as he was completely incased in the wood, with no possible means of ingress or egress. As the log was the fourth or fifth from the butt of the tree, his position must have been at least fifty or sixty feet from the ground, and he had no doubt grown up with it from infancy, being probably hundreds of years old. The animal was quite fat, and nearly as large as a man's hand. He was perfectly blind, but when taken from his bed he made use of his limbs to crawl away. The tree was perfectly sound with the exception of a decayed spot of about a foot in length below the hollow place in which he was imbedded. How did he get there, and what did he live on?

IT DIDN'T SUIT.

Two or three weeks ago a Detroit boy, after finishing the last chapter of a book called "The Pleasures of the Deep," pleaded with his father to let him ship aboard a lake schooner. The old man smiled a grim smile, took the case under consideration, and in a few days the boy was on the rolling deep, having shipped as a greenhorn on a vessel in the lumber trade. He sailed to Saginaw, came down and crossed to Toledo, and next day he appeared in Detroit, lame and stiff, his throat sore, one eye nearly shut and a feeling of humbleness running all through him.

"What's back again?" cried the old man, as the boy entered the house.

"Yes, father, I want to saw all the wood for winter, bring in all the coal, clean out the cellar and paint the barn, and you needn't give me but two meals a day."

"Don't you like sailing?"

"Father, you don't begin to realize anything about it. The captain sailed right along on Sunday, the same as any other day, and I believe he swore harder. He wouldn't give me an umbrella when it rained, he made me sit up most all night, and two or three times he called me up at midnight and made me haul on ropes and drag old sails around. There wasn't a single night when all of us got off to bed at nine o'clock, and there wasn't a day that he didn't boss us around and break in on us every time we got to reading anything good! I like land, father, and I wish you owned a farm!"

The Foreign Exhibition.

Over half of all the goods exhibited in the foreign sections of the Centennial Exposition have been sold, and it is probable that more than one-third of all such exhibits will remain to be taken home. Only a small portion of the Mexican display has been disposed of, as it is mainly illustrative of the mineral wealth of the country. Holland will take little home except the representations of her public works. American representatives of Swiss firms have purchased nearly all of the Swiss exhibits. France will take back the most of her exhibits. Not more than one-third of the Belgian display will be reshipped across the Atlantic. The exhibitors from Great Britain and Ireland have found a market for the greater portion of their wares. Brazil will present one-half of her display—the government exhibit—to public institutions of the United States, and will exchange the remainder for scientific apparatus of domestic manufacture. Italy's art sales have been trifling, but the sales of her exhibits in the Main building have been satisfactory. The entire agricultural, piscatorial and mineralogical exhibit of Sweden has been presented to the Smithsonian Institute, and the remainder of her display has been almost disposed of. Canada sold nothing except about \$5,000 worth of furs. About fifteen per cent. of the German exhibits will remain unsold, while one-third of the Austrian display will be taken home. Russia has sold about one-half of her goods, and Spain a somewhat less proportion. Turkey has sold little except her mats and carpets. Only a small portion of the Egyptian display was purchased. Probably two-thirds of the Japanese goods will be left in this country. One-third of the Chinese goods will remain unsold. These estimates do not include instances where donations were made to the Pennsylvania museum by exhibitors, or where purchases of special articles were made by that institution.

A Connecticut company is getting up a new thing to protect trees from worms. The invention is a rubber band with a single bristling row of brass pins set very close to each other, like the teeth of a comb, in the middle of the strip, and worms cannot crawl over it.

The Cost of a Menagerie.

The Central Park menagerie, in New York city, contains six hundred and twenty-five animals, being an increase of one hundred and seventy-three during the last three years. The expense of supporting this establishment is very large, and will average \$50,000 a year for food, beside the salaries of the keepers. Some of the tax payers seriously object to such a use of public money. The cost of the animals is not large, and \$6,000 will cover the entire bill, the chief expense being their support.

Rabbit Warfare in New Zealand.

Some years ago a colonist, with the idea of benefiting New Zealand, took out a few pairs of rabbits and turned them out in the country, forgetting how quickly these animals multiply, and what little means there are, in a country so thinly populated, of keeping them in check. The consequence is that farms are devastated, crops are destroyed, and the earth overrun with increasing swarms of these destructive rodents, and all the efforts of the colonists have been futile to keep down their numbers. At last a happy idea struck some persons who had suffered from this curious plague. They determined to import some weasels, thinking that by their help they would be able to accomplish the desired end, and they have offered as much as \$25 a pair for healthy weasels.

Weasels, however, object to anything like confinement, and, as they would probably die on the voyage out, Mr. Buckland, to whose care the experiment has been confided, has determined to send out some polecat ferrets, which he imagines will be even more valuable farmers' friends. In thus making use of one branch of animal life to keep check on another, and so to maintain the "balance of power" between them, he is simply following nature. They have had instances of this scientific adaptation in England in the employments of swans to destroy the superabundant growth of weeds in rivers and ponds, and in the protection of insect eating birds to defend crops from the attacks of insect pests. It is to be hoped the battle of nature will be fought out to the satisfaction of the colonists of New Zealand, and that they will not have cause presently to import some new addition to their fauna to keep down the too rapid increase of polecat ferrets.

MARRIED.

Sept. 23d, by the Rev. R. M. Wallace, Mr. James H. Smith, of Philadelphia, and Miss Kate McGinley, of Stroudsburg, Pa.

Nov. 2d, by the Rev. R. M. Wallace, Mr. M. C. Kautz, and Miss Kate Heller, of Shawnee, Pa.

Special Notice.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, of Philadelphia, may well challenge all comers upon, at least, two points on which they congratulate themselves—namely, the excellence of quality of the material, and the splendid serviceableness of the manufacture in all their garments. An artist on canvas can scarcely put the touches of his brush with more delicate and discriminating care upon a pet picture than the makers of Oak Hall clothing bestow upon every part and department of their work. Such scrupulous care is bound to tell. The public will certainly find it out more and more.

NOTICE.

STROUDSBURG BANK, Nov. 7, 1876. The Directors of this Bank, have this day declared a dividend of Four Per Cent. on the earnings thereof for the last six months payable to the Stockholders, on and after the 15th instant. J. MACKAY, Cashier. Nov. 9-21.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the members of the Union Bank of Stroudsburg, that a stated meeting will be held at the public house of J. P. Rudy Heller, innkeeper, in Plainfield township, on the third Saturday of November, being the 19th, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing the officers of said company for the ensuing year. At the same time and place it shall be determined by ballot whether the company shall be changed to a live stock company or remain as it is. A full attendance is expected. J. MACKAY, President. R. ACKERMAN, Secretary. Nov. 9-21.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of ven. ex. de. terris to me directed, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, I will expose to sale at Public Vendue, on

Saturday, the 25th day of November, 1876, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, in the Borough of Stroudsburg, Monroe county, the following described Real Estate, to wit: A certain message and lot of land situate in the village of Effort in the township of Chestnut Hill, containing 33 acres, adjoining land of Charles Eberle, Jacob Dornhimer, Elizabeth Kreage and others. Improvements are a

Frame Dwelling & Store House,

32 x 40 feet, 2 stories high, Kitchen attached 18 x 18 ft. 1 story, 1 Frame Dwelling House 18 x 24 feet, 2 stories, 1 Frame Shed 30 x 54 feet, 1 Shop 16 x 16 feet, 1 1/2 story Wood-Shed 12 x 16 feet, 1 Frame Store House, 18 x 24 feet, 1 story, 1 Frame Store House 18 x 24 feet, 1/2 stories, 1 Frame Dwelling House, 12 x 20 1/2 stories high, Water near the door, Fruit Trees on the premises, and stream of water and Easton and Wilcox-Barre Turpike passes through the same. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Charles Eberle, and to be sold by me for cash. JACOB K. SHAFER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, Pa. Nov. 8, 1876.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of Ven. Ex. de. Terris, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, I will expose to sale at Public Vendue, on

Saturday, the 25th day of November, 1876, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, in the Borough of Stroudsburg, Monroe county, the following described Real Estate, to wit:

The one full equal undivided moiety or half part of all that certain Brick House and lot of land situate in the Borough of Stroudsburg, beginning at the corner of Elizabeth and Willow Streets, thence by said Willow Street South 16 degrees, East 168 feet, thence by Mill Alley S. 74 degrees, West 40 feet to a post thence by land of Jacob Singmaster, North 16 degrees, West 168 feet, thence on South side of Elizabeth street, North 74 degrees, East 40 ft., to the place of beginning. The improvements are a

Brick Dwelling House,

30 x 38 feet, three stories high, Brick Kitchen attached 10 x 22 feet, two stories, Frame Kitchen attached 10 x 28. One Brick Smoke House 10 x 10 feet, Stable 20 x 24 feet, and other out buildings and some fruit trees. Seized and taken in execution as the property of R. C. Hinds and Mary Emily Hinds, and to be sold by me for cash. JACOB K. SHAFER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, Pa. Nov. 8, 1876.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of ven. ex. de. terris to me directed, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, I will expose to sale at Public Vendue, on

Saturday, the 25th day of November, 1876,

at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, in the Borough of Stroudsburg, Monroe county, the following described Real Estate, to wit: A certain message and lot of land in Barrett township, containing

17 1/2 Acres,

2 acres cleared, balance timber land, adjoining land of John Stright, Simon N. Stright, Joseph N. Stright, and others. The improvements are a

Frame Grist Mill,

20 x 40 feet 2 stories high, and two run of Stones. FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, 16 x 18 feet 1 1/2 stories high, Kitchen attached 10 x 10 feet, Stable 12 x 18 feet, Apple Orchard, Well of Water near the door, a stream of water and Public Road passes through the premises. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Isaac A. Grant, and to be sold by me for cash. JACOB K. SHAFER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, Pa. Nov. 6, 1876.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of ven. ex. de. terris to me directed, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, I will expose to sale at Public Vendue, on

Saturday, the 25th day of November, 1876,

at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House in the Borough of Stroudsburg, Monroe county, the following described Real Estate, to wit: A certain lot of land in Middle Smithfield township, containing

100 Acres,

10 Acres cleared, balance timberland, adjoining lands of John C. Strunk, Stoppel Wolf, Abraham Hoffman, and others. The improvements are a

Frame Dwelling House,

16 x 16 feet, 1 1/2 stories, Frame Barn 20 x 45 feet, Spring of Water and Public Road passes along the same. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Phebe L. Haulett, and to be sold by me for cash. JACOB K. SHAFER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, Pa. Nov. 6, 1876.

ADJOURNED

Orphans' Court Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Monroe County, will be sold at Public Sale, upon the premises, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25th, 1876, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following Real Estate of ENOCH FLAGLER, late of Stroud township, in said County, deceased, viz:

A certain message and lot of Land, situate in said Stroud township, containing

15 Acres and 29 Perches,

bounded by land of John Metzfer, David Keller, A. J. Bush, Lavina Fabel, Enoch Flagler and others, all cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a

Frame Dwelling House,

18 x 30 feet, one and a half stories high, and FRAME KITCHEN attached, 12 x 18 feet; FRAME BARN 34 x 39 feet, and other out-buildings; a good well of water and also cistern. Stream of water passes through the premises.

The public road leading from Stroudsburg to Tannersville passes along the same. The property lays within a mile of the Borough of Stroudsburg.

Terms made known on the day of sale. ENOCH FLAGLER, Adm'r. By the Court—Thos. M. Mellhaney, Clerk. November 9, 1876-31.

NOTICE.

To the Members of the Monroe Horse Insurance Company.

The annual meeting of the said Company will be held at Snyder'sville, on Saturday, the eleventh day of November, 1876, at 9 o'clock A. M., for the election of officers and settlement of accounts. All captains are requested to be there promptly at 9 o'clock A. M., prepared to settle their accounts under penalty of the fine which may ensue. By order of the officers of said Company.

P. S. EDINGER, President. [Nov. 2-21.] J. H. FENNER, Sec'y.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Stroudsburg Loan and Building Association, will be held in the Tilden and Hendricks Club Room, on Friday evening, November 3, 1876, between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock. B. S. JACOBY, Sec'y. October 26, 1876.—31.

Auditor's Notice.

The undersigned, appointed auditor by the Orphans' Court of Monroe county, to take the distribution of the balance of money in the hands of A. B. Shafer, Adm'r. of the Estate of Mary Shafer, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the Borough of Stroudsburg, on Friday the 24th day of November, A. D. 1876, at 2 o'clock, P. M., when and where all parties must present their claims or be forever barred from coming in on said fund. Nov. 2-24.] D. S. LEA, Auditor.

Caution!—Take Notice!

THE public are hereby cautioned against harboring or trusting any person under any pretense whatever, from this date, on my account, as I am determined to resist, to the full extent of the law, the payment of all debts contracted by any one in my name without regard to person, except upon my written order.

CHARLES U. WARNICK. Stroudsburg, Pa. } Aug. 24, 1876.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF

FISH BASKETS.

Notice is hereby given to all persons owners of Fish Baskets, Keddels, Eel-weirs, and other contrivances to catch fish in the River Delaware, or other streams of Monroe County, to remove the same within ten days, as the same are known to exist and are declared common nuisances, and if not removed or dismantled before that time, I shall proceed to do so, as directed by the act of Assembly made for the protection of Fish, &c. passed May 24, 1871. JACOB K. SHAFER, Sheriff. Sheriff's office. Stroudsburg, Oct. 2, 1876.

NOTICE.

Believing that the only safe and fair way of dealing is on the cash system; for both buyer and seller, and thereby save money for the purchaser.

We hereby give notice that on and after October 1st, we will sell goods only on the cash basis.

Thankful to our friends for past favors, we solicit a continuance of their patronage. GEO. E. STAUFFER & CO. East Stroudsburg, Sept. 7-2m.

BLANK MORTGAGE

For sale at this Office.

First Gun from Stroudsburg!

Decker 5000 Ahead!!

The Mercantile Appraiser says that

DECKER & CO

OF THE

WONDERFUL CHEAP

AUCTION STORE

and one other old established merchant has sold more goods the past year than any other store in the county.

So you see, the people themselves have decided which is the cheapest Store, and here they will crowd in spite of all opposition, pulling, coaxing or hauling, for here they know they

Save Their Dollars.

The Auction Store is now chuck up full of wonderful cheap fall and winter goods, and now we say to the people of Monroe, Northampton and Warren Counties, Come one, come all.

Do you want beautiful dress goods, calicoes, muslies, table diaper, towellings, denims or stripe twirling come to Decker's and

Save Your Dollars.

Do you want splendid Under Vest for Ladies' or Under Shirts and Drawers for Gents', or Hosiery and Gloves, come straight to Decker's and

Save Your Dollars.

Do you want beautiful Rose Blankets, Horse Blankets, Cotton or Wool Flannels, of all descriptions or a good Carpet at nearly half price, come to Decker's and

Save Your Dollars.

Do you want 200 Yard Spool Cotton for three cents, and large paper of Pins for five cents, or a paper of best Needles, for five cents, and all kinds of notions, for nearly Half Price, then come to Decker's and

Save Your Dollars.

Do you want beautiful styles of Ladies' cloth for Cloak or Sacks, or fine Cassimers, Satinets, Tweeds or Kentucky Janes, come to Decker's and

Save Your Dollars.

Do you want a good substantial Suit of Clothes for yourself or for your Boys, or a single Coat for 4 or 5 dollars, or a single pair of Pants for 1 dollar and 50 cents, lined, or a heavy Cassimere Vest for 1 dollar, or a good Overcoat for five dollars, come to Decker's and

Save Your Dollars.

Do you want fine or common Hats, or Winter Caps for yourself and boys, then, come at once to Decker's and

Save Your Dollars.

Do you want Millinery Goods, such as Trimmed or Untrimmed Hats for Ladies', Misses or Children, or Ribbons, Feathers or Flowers for nearly half price, then come to Decker's and

Save Your Dollars.

Do you want Rousing Calf or Heavy Kip Boots for men and boys, whole leather, or splendid Pebble Goat Button or Lace Shoes, for ladies' misses or children, or the best Rubber Boots & Shoes then come to Decker's and only to Decker's can you

Save Your Dollars.

Now all we can ask is for every one to come and see for himself before he buys any where else.

DECKER & CO.,

4 Doors Below the Post Office. Stroudsburg, Oct. 19, 1876-3m.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the School Tax Duplicate for the Borough of Stroudsburg for 1876, is in the hands of R. R. Deputy, Treasurer, and that all persons paying said Taxes on or before December 5th, will have a deduction of 5 per cent. By order of the Board, A. I. LEBAR, President. Oct. 26, 1876.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Stroudsburg Bank, will be held at their Banking House on the first Tuesday of November, (7th) 1876, between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock, P. M. Oct. 2-4.] J. MACKAY, Cashier.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS.

There will be an election held at the Banking House of the Stroudsburg Bank, on Monday, November 20, 1876, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m., to elect thirteen Directors for said Bank to serve the ensuing year. Oct. 19-4.] J. MACKAY, Cashier.

REINHART'S

Public Assignee Sale!

The undersigned, Assignee of Benjamin F. Reinhart, of East Stroudsburg, will expose at the Lackawanna House, on

SATURDAY, NOV. 11th, 1876,

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following Valuable Real Estate, viz:

A lot of ground, situated in said Borough, 47 feet front by 150 feet in depth. The lot is nicely located in one of the best parts of the town. The improvements thereon consist of a new

Two Story Frame Dwelling House,

20 by 26 feet, with a kitchen attached, 16 by 20 feet, and other necessary buildings, water, &c.

Condition will be made known on the day of sale by WILLIAM H. REINHART, East Stroudsburg, Oct. 19, 1876-3t.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Assignment of Benjamin F. Reinhart and Wife, of East Stroudsburg, Pa.

Whereas, the above named have made an assignment of all their real estate to the undersigned, for the benefit of their creditors, notice is therefore given that all persons having claims against the said assignors will present them at once, and all indebted are notified to make immediate payment.

WM. H. REINHART, Assignee. Jackson Corners, Pa. Oct. 5, '76-6t

FOR RENT.

A Farm in Paradise Valley will be rented for 1 year with the privilege of longer, time in shares or money rent. Enquire of or address H. S. Seip, Easton, Pa., or Esqr. John Transue, Paradise Valley. [Oct. 19-2m.]

THE

New York Store,

STILL DOWN TO THE

OLD PRICES

in spite of the advance in prices at wholesale sale,