



The Jeffersonian.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1876.

Republican National Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
RUTHERFORD B. HAYES, of Ohio.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER, of New York.

At the conclusion of the Democratic meeting in the Court House last Monday evening, the indefatigable ex-Theological student, acting as master of ceremonies, moved that three cheers be given for Tilden and Hendricks, three for the speakers, and three for the band, the last of which were well deserved, as the band performed remarkably well.

It is hoped that the speaker who so bitterly denounced the political slanders last Monday night, made some good impression on the ex-Theological student, who needs such lectures so much, but we fear he is beyond reform. We hope, however that the ex-Hon. will give him another slashing before turning him over to the tormenters. If we wanted to put the student in a political purgatory we would compel him for just one week to fill his paper with political facts. We think that would be one of the most painful operations he could endure.

What a bright jewel consistency is, as any one knowing the meaning of the word, if he were not the embodiment of inconsistency itself and therefore not able to see his own faults, would have involuntarily exclaimed, had he been at the Court House last Monday night and heard the strong condemnation by the speakers of all political slanders and falsifiers. But the ridiculous part of their denunciation was apparent in the fact that the speakers themselves were slandering their opponents in the most reckless manner, heaping misrepresentation upon misrepresentation, untruth upon untruth while denouncing the same offenses in their opponents. According to them slander is bad when they catch it, but good when you give it. Nothing too mean, base or vile, could the second speaker apply to his opponents. And in giving utterance to these base slanders he strained himself beyond his voice and literally choked himself with his own slanders, while in the act of denouncing slander in his opponents. A strange spectacle indeed, and highly laughable too, but for the pity or contempt which it excited. The speaker seemed to be, to his own faults, as blind as a tongue, which makes his words but cannot see them.

Did Not Come.

Ex-Hon. James M. Seovel of Camden, N. J., having promised to speak at the Democratic meeting in the Court House last Monday evening, and not being able to be present on account of defending another great rascal for killing a man, sent a letter to be read to the meeting which he disappointed.

Mr. Seovel is of a very versatile turn of mind; a man of many parts, especially political, all of which he attempts to play, which will be readily seen when we state that he started out in political life a Democrat, then he became a radical Republican, then a Liberal, then a radical Democrat again, and now he is a reform Democrat. Hence the uncharitable world call him a genuine political bummer. Mr. Seovel is a heavy concern beating about to find his own level, and who will doubt that he has now found most fitting companions. For they and he need reforming as much as any set of political sinners can. But who would be weak or green enough to hope for any permanent result? For the whole party would soon lose their principles and would have to go through another reformatory stage before they themselves would know what their principles are or to what party they belong. But of such is this modern self-styled reform Democracy. But how suitable the name? For they have been re-forming for the last 16 years. But young men, come out from among them and join the truly reform Republican party which has given character and dignity to our country, such as it never before possessed among the nations of the earth.

The Centennial, &c.

A visit to Philadelphia last week was well repaid by the many and grand things we saw while there. Of course the Centennial was the grandest of all. So much however has been said and written about it that we will not attempt to bore our readers with a detailed description of what we saw. The general opinion we heard expressed of it by the many thousands who visited it with us, is the whole thing in a nut shell—"it is decidedly the biggest show out," and it is made such by the numbers who go to see it as much as by the million or more of articles of interest which strike the eye as one passes through the immense buildings and extensive grounds. If it were easy to picture in imagination crowds ranging from 80,000 to 121,500 people, one might enjoy all the interest arising from the crowded part of the exhibition without enduring the fatigue and an expense of a personal visit. But as the imaginary picture will not begin to come up to the reality one cannot do better than to supply the pocket-book liberally with cash, mount a railway train and lie away to the city of brotherly love and bring himself face to face with the greatest of all the world's wonders—the great American Centennial exhibition. A month or two would hardly serve to see every thing that is to be seen there, but three days well and steadily devoted to the work of sight seeing would well repay all the cost, give one the opportunity

of truthfully saying that he had witnessed the greatest sight of his life, and furnish him food for study, thought and talk for the remainder of his life. Thursday last was a big day. It was New York's day. It was also the Tilden's day. But the faint applause which greeted the reformer's arrival, notwithstanding the presence of at least 1,200 of Tammany's bushwangers in shape of New York's policemen on the ground, must have convinced both Democracy and its Presidential candidate, that however much they may desire not to believe it the fact remains that the people are not with the party which would war the Union's escutcheon by placing in the presidential chair a perjured offender of the government, and in the lesser offices such men as Tammany and the rest of the gang of Democratic peculators and political frauds would select for their occupancy.

The second great sight that we saw was the Odd Fellows parade, acknowledged on all sides to be the greatest and most brilliant display ever made by civic societies in the city of Brotherly love. Some idea of the extent of this display may be inferred when we state the fact that the procession was three hours and twenty-six minutes in passing the Masonic Temple, corner of Broad and Market streets, on its way to the Fair Mount fair grounds in steady motion. There were ninety six bands of music in the procession, and at least 20,000 Odd Fellows, clothed in most brilliant regalia, and bearing at least a thousand banners of beautiful design marching to the excellent music of the bands. No one present regretted their presence, and those who were not present missed a sight which opportunity may never be afforded them to witness again.

To-day is Pennsylvania's day at the Centennial grounds, and we shall be much mistaken if the newspaper reports do not furnish us the information that the numbers assembled to do honors to the anniversary of the adoption of the first constitution of the state does not far exceed those of any day yet passed.

While in Philadelphia we would say en passant that we were well and kindly cared for by mine host SPAIN, of the Merchant's House, No. 415 North Third street above Callowhill.

The Democracy were out again last Monday evening at the Court House thickly daubed with the war paint. They seemed to be resolved to force the fight all along the line. Especially was it so with the second speaker who in defending his party became frantically furious in his vain endeavors to frighten back the advancing gallant victorious army, with Hayes and Wheeler at its head marching on to the White House.

The first speaker, Stephen Holmes, Jr., Esq., seemed to take it for granted that his audience's hearts lay nearer their purses than any where else, and triumphantly asked the question as to why it takes more to run the government in 1876 than it did in 1860. The reason is that our population has nearly doubled since then, and besides that we have been compelled to take care of the war debt which the rebellious democracy fastened upon us. But the gentleman's statement is greatly in error, for it does not now cost as much per head to run the government as it did in 1860. It then cost under Buchanan's rule \$1.97 per head, while it now costs but \$1.60 per head. Of course all payments and charges growing out of the Democratic war are excluded from this estimate.

The speakers extravagantly praised the Democratic administrations while they as extravagantly denounced the Republican administrations as being grossly extravagant, dishonest and thieving. Now if what they say be the truth, then all previous Democratic administrations have been a blot and stain of the deepest dye upon the fame of our country. For the actual fact is that even Grant's administration far out shines any of the previous Democratic administrations in respect to economy, honesty and efficiency; for the loss on collecting and paying out a thousand dollars under Grant's administration has been but 77 cents during his first term, while it has been but 48 cents during his second term. While under Jackson's administration there was a loss of \$20.72 on each \$1,000 collected and paid out. Buchanan greatly improved on Jackson's administration in this particular, but even he lost \$7.60 on each thousand collected and paid out. So it is proved by actual facts to be a folly to seek for economy and superior honesty in the Democratic party.

And notwithstanding Grant's administration has been ten times more efficient and economical in collecting the taxes, revenue, &c. and paying out the same, yet these make-believe reformers yell themselves hoarse in declaring themselves in favor of Democracy and reform. Can there be any honesty and consistency in this? Who is so blind that he cannot see that every time they say reform they mean spoils and office?

Messrs. Holmes, Storm and Van Horn raised their bugles loud and strong in sounding the praises of their reform candidate Samuel J. Tilden. Well, what has he done to make himself a reformer? Simply this, that after for years associating with ballot box stuffers and political thieves of the blackest dye this country has ever produced; when the whole city of New York was groaning under the heavy taxes which Tweed and his Democratic confederates had brought upon that city, without a single protest from Samuel J. Tilden, but who on the contrary took some of the money which Tweed had stolen and handed over to him as chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, which money this same Tilden used to help swell the Democratic victories of New York, which kept Tweed's hands into the public treasury; and this same Tilden allowed the thieving ballot box-stuffing Tweed to use his name as chairman of the State Central Committee to carry out his infamous and well known frauds on the ballot-box; and against these well known frauds and thefts, which the Republican papers had long been blazoning abroad, this same Samuel J. Tilden, never raised his voice in protest, until after the

New York Times through the defection of one of Tweed's clerks came possessed of the proof from Tweed's own books sufficient to convict Tweed of his most stupendous thieving; then it was when Samuel J. Tilden saw that Tweed's rule was up, that his political death knell was rung, then to save himself from the charge of complicity with Tweed's scoundrelism he ungenerously turned against his old political confederate and helped the Republicans hunt him to his political grave and everlasting infamy. Before this Tilden as a reformer was never heard of. What next? He then pounced on his Democratic friends in the Canal Ring and convicted one man; spending near \$100,000, and stopped the payment of only \$8,000. What next? He next put in a claim as reformer because he had reduced the taxes of New York from \$16,000,000 to \$8,000,000. But this was too bare faced. The deception was quickly seen and exposed. For the Republican administration of Gov. Dix paid off the Bounty debt or provided for its payment, just before Tilden became Governor. Hence Tilden had nothing to do with reducing the taxes of New York. But Tilden and his friends claim the honor all the same, or did until after his nomination for the Presidency was secured. Since then the fraud has been exposed, and his friends in shame have ceased to claim the honor for him.

Before his nomination for the Presidency, many of the best men of his own party, who knew him well, pronounced Tilden a fraud and cheat as a reformer; and what has transpired since then to disprove their assertions? Nothing! But on the contrary every day adds new proof of the fact that they knew their man and judged him correctly.

During the war he was in sympathy with the rebels and helped organize in 1863 in New York a society which they called "A Society for the Diffusion of Political Knowledge." This society opposed the war as their issues show to their shame. They were copperheads of the purest dye. Moreover when he came to pay his income tax he either by perjury or deception defrauded the government out of a great part of it. Nor can there be any mistake about this. And such are the claims of Mr. Tilden as a reformer. What ought honest patriotic men to think of him?

No! gentlemen speakers, it is all in vain for you to attempt to deceive an intelligent public by your loud and boisterous twaddle for reform and Tilden, for the jury which is to pass judgement on your case know all the facts, and you have not got back-pay enough to bribe them to give you the verdict.

Your party has been weighed in the balance and found sadly wanting, and therefore, on the 7th of November, the only truly reform party, under whose guidance our country has become one of the first nations of the globe, with Hayes and Wheeler as its standard bearers, will place its hand as gently as a child's but as powerful as a Samson's on the electric key-ballot, which will send a current through the hearts of a patriotic people and send your mock reform party higher than the 50,000 pounds of explosives did Hell Gate, last Sunday.

Personal.

Miss Mattie Lane, left town on Saturday for her home in New York city.

Charles Snyder and wife, and Miss Torin, left town on Friday for their home at New Orleans, La.

Prof. Wm. Moran, of South Bethlehem, was on a professional visit to this place on Monday last.

Mr. Joseph Dean, of Scranton, was in town on Tuesday and left on Wednesday for Philadelphia.

Mr. Charles W. Dean, of Philadelphia, was in town on Monday last, on a short visit to his father, Mr. Wm. Dean.

George E. Wolf, son of E. L. Wolf, of Scranton, was in town on Sunday, and departed on Monday for the Centennial show, at Philadelphia.

Dr. E. P. Miller, of Sagersville, Lehigh county, and Mr. Michael Meyer, of Catawqua, Lehigh county, were in town on Tuesday last, and during their stay, called at the JEFF. Office.

Mr. Birdall Cotant, of Greenwich station, Huron county, Ohio, who left this County nineteen years ago last March, is here visiting friends, and whilst in town on Monday last, made us a call. This is his first visit to this section since he located in Ohio.

REV. W. H. DISMORE, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian Church of this place for about seven years, now of Deerfield, New Jersey, conducted Mrs. John Shively's funeral services last Saturday. His many friends and acquaintances were glad to see him.

Mr. J. G. Keller, and his accomplished bride, returned home from their bridal tour, which embraced the Centennial, New York city, and a portion of the Eastern States, on Friday. In the evening they were serenaded at the residence of the brides parents, by that excellent musical institution the Beethoven Cornet Band, whose rich repertoire filled the air with most charming music. After the serenade the boys were agreeably entertained and treated to the good things usually around on such occasions. We congratulate the happy couple on their safe return home.

Stroudsburg will be represented this week in Philadelphia on Pennsylvania's day by the following named ladies and gentlemen: Harry Wolfe, Theodore Down, Frank Barber, Henry McCarty, A. C. Jansen, Miss Eliza Knecht, Mrs. Morris Evans, Mrs. Emma Melick, Mrs. Amzi Wyckoff, Mrs. Hollinshed, Mrs. Clara Hess, Thomas C. Walton, Henry Bush and daughter, Miss Susan Wintennute, Wm. Wintennute, Dr. Nathaniel Miller, Frank Miller, Miss Green, Miss Annie Walton, Miss Ella Brown, Milton Huston, Barnet Walter and Casper Metzgar, and Joseph Kemmerer.

Apples sell at 4 cents per bushel in the orchard in Bucks county.

PUTTING up stoves is the next thing.

THE days and nights are about equal in length.

A new eye disease troubles Lebanon county cattle.

PAY your taxes before October 6th if you wish to vote.

Pigs for wintering are worth from \$13 to \$18 at Easton.

THE turkey and chicken thief is putting in an appearance.

FRUIT trees may be planted with safety after the first of October.

Iowa, Indiana, Ohio, Nebraska and West Virginia vote October 10.

A man in Wisconsin expects to gather 3000 barrels of cranberries.

It is only about sixty years since tomatoes were first raised in this country.

James G. Blaine and General Garfield will speak during the campaign in Pennsylvania.

THE exact majority for Governor Conner in Maine is 15,459. Last year his majority was 3872.

ON Sunday evening last, some thief or thieves, stole eight of Mrs. Daniel Miller's choice spring chickens.

THE close of the Centennial and election day will occur the same week. What will people talk about then?

A VOTE taken on down D. L. & W. passenger train on Monday afternoon resulted—Hayes 384, Tilden 88.—Scranton City Journal.

SUNDAY SCHOOL PIC-NIC.—The Jackson M. E. Sunday School will hold a picnic in Barnet Kreegg's Grove on Saturday, October 7th, next. All are cordially invited.

SIMON FRIED, received last week the largest stock of Clothing, Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishing Good, Trunks & Valises, ever brought to Stroudsburg. Call and see them.

MR. PHILIP DUTOT, well known to many of the citizens of this county, died at his residence in Mauch Chunk, on Thursday last. He was aged 60 years, 2 months and 17 days.

OUR borough fathers would do well to inspect the side walks of the borough. A number of them are in a disgracefully dilapidated condition, and should be attended to before the cold weather sets in.

THE Warren County Agricultural Society will hold its 18th annual Fair, on the Society's grounds at Belvidere, N. J., on the 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th of October proximo. We have been favored with a complimentary

A VOTE was taken at Corning, on the train from Buffalo, on the Erie Railway, Sept. 13th, and it resulted as follows: Hayes and Wheeler, 208; Tilden and Hendricks, 38. The preference of legal voters only was asked.

JOHN W. ANGLE, proprietor of the City Hall of Fashion, has returned from the City with one of the largest and best selected stock of ladies' and gents' furnishing goods ever brought to this place. See his new advertisement in another column of to-day's paper.

Our water works is steadily growing towards completion. The main pipe is already laid from the reservoir, on Fox Hill well into town, and in a few days will be completed to the Court House, where a plug will be put in and the works tested. Dr. Cloude the constructing engineer, has thus far pushed forward the work vigorously.

FIRE.—On Saturday morning last, the barn of Thomas Broadhead, situated on the Cherry Valley road, near Dutot'sburg, was destroyed by fire, together with the entire contents consisting of two valuable horses, a mowing machine, one two-horse tread-power threshing machine, hay-fork, 250 bushels of oats, and a large quantity of hay, straw, &c. The loss is estimated at \$2,500. Insured in the Farmers Mutual Insurance Company for \$1,800.

SAD AFFAIR.—On Friday morning last, Mr. John Pope, a well known and respected citizen of Coolbaugh township, this County, left the residence of James Smith, where he had been on a visit, and before starting told Mr. Smith he would go fishing on the Tolyhanna creek. This was the last seen or heard of him until Sunday morning, when he was found below the falls of dam No. 3, in the water drowned, with his cane in his hand. Mr. P. was 78 years old.

THE second Sociable of the Beethoven Cornet Band came off at Williams' Hall on Thursday evening last. There was quite a number of the lads and beautiful lassies of our town present, who enjoyed the mazy measures of the dance until about 12 midnight. It was a very pleasurable time indeed. We observed that the audience was enriched by the addition of Prof. Bell's magical flute, and a trombone skilfully managed by Mr. J. Edward M. Keller.

JUST a little fire makes one feel more comfortable these mornings, while the bare-foot boy looks longingly into the windows of the shoe stores. The early riser begins to mutter, coal dealers smile complacently as the mercury falls and the ice men muse despondingly over the decline in trade and the nearing end of the sales of the crystal commodity. But with the autumn come chestnuts and kicky nuts, pumpkin pies, new cider, husking bees, honey, and many other things quite as enjoyable as hot weather.

METHODS * * * POINTS * * * METHODS OF BUSINESS * * * POINTS OF ADVANTAGE * * * IN THE PURCHASE OF * * *

CLOTHING

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S OAK HALL,

To which we invite the interested Attention and Careful Scrutiny of
THE PURCHASING PUBLIC.

- | METHODS: | POINTS: |
|--|--|
| WE have but One Price for All..... | ONE Price means of necessity the Lowest Price..... |
| WE receive Cash Payment from All..... | CASH saves expense of collections and losses from bad debts..... |
| WE give a Guarantee protecting All..... | THE Guarantee protects the buyer who may not be a judge of goods..... |
| WE Return Money when we cannot suit All..... | WE rely on immense sales and are satisfied with a very small percentage of profit..... |
| WE buy our goods at first hands, in immense quantities, and at the lowest prices for Cash..... | IT is easy to buy of us, since all are treated alike, no one getting favors that are denied to others..... |
| WE manufacture with extreme care every garment we sell..... | DICKERING and debate are done away by us, everybody gets our best without having to ask for it..... |
| WE inspect every yard of goods that goes into our garments..... | OUR large experience, capital and facilities we use for the people's benefit in lowering prices..... |
| WE put a ticket on every garment, showing plainly its quality and price..... | WE fill orders received by mail from all parts of the United States. Write for particulars..... |
| WE cut off every item of unnecessary expenditure..... | NOT a particle of risk run in buying of us. A child may buy as cheaply as a man..... |
| WE employ first-class workmen in every department..... | |
| WE give satisfaction to every purchaser or return the money..... | |

In addition to our Immense Stock of Ready-Made Clothing, we have a Magnificent Line of Men's and Boy's Furnishing Goods, Shirts (of our own make) and Underwear, all at the Very Lowest Prices.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, OAK HALL, S. E. COR. SIXTH & MARKET STREETS, PHILADELPHIA. November 4, 1875.

CITY HALL OF FASHIONS AWAY A-HEAD IN LOW PRICES!

Hats and Caps 45 cents up.
Ladies' and Misses Hats trimmed in felts and velvets, all in the latest styles, from 75 cents up. Also a full line of untrimmed Hats from 15 cents up.
Furs for Ladies, Gents and Children. Ladies good stylish sets from \$3 00 up. Childrens sets 75 cents up.
Gents' Fur Collars and Gloves from \$2 50 up.
Shawls, full size from 75 cents up.
Felt Skirts, largest lot in town, 65 cents up.
Hosiery and Underwear for Ladies and Gents' at bottom prices.
Gents' half Hose 5 cents up. Ladies Hose 8 cents up. Shirts and drawers 45 cts. up.
Back and Kid Gloves at panic prices. A larger stock than ever of Ladies two button Kids at the same low prices, 40, 65, 80, and \$1 15 the pair.
The new wide Belts in velvet and leather from 30 cents up.
Gents' cloth-faced paper Collars 10 cents a box up.
A complete stock of Ladies and Gents linen Collars and Cuffs, Neck-ties and Scarfs and Handkerchiefs, cheapest in town.
Ribbons, all shades and colors.
Hamburg Edgings and Trimmings, 4 cents up.
White and colored Dress Shirts \$1 00 up.
Blue, brown and check Flannel 75 cents up.
Shirt fronts, Overalls and Suspenders, cheapest in town.
The largest assortment of Perfumes, Colognes, Toilet articles, Soaps and Jewelry in town.
Real Hair Switches and Curls \$1 00 up.
Corsets from 35 cents up. The latest improved Bustles 40 cents up.
Umbrellas 60 cents up.
Try Crowley's patent sewing and and kid glove Needles, the latest improved out.

Call and examine the lowest prices.
J. W. ANGLE,
Proprietor of the City Hall of Fashions.

Stroudsburg, Sept. 28, 1876.—3m

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The Co-partnership heretofore existing between Wilson Perizon and W. J. Thompson, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. WILSON PERIZON, WM. J. THOMPSON.
The business will still be continued at the old place by Wilson Perizon.
East Stroudsburg, Sept. 21, 1876.—3c.

A CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

A Classical School for both sexes will be opened in the basement of the Lutheran Church, at Stroudsburg Pa. The aim of this school is: First, to furnish a practical education for the ordinary pursuits of life; Secondly, to give special attention to the classics and higher English studies; Thirdly, to prepare young men for Colleges and Universities.
No efforts will be spared to make our school-room the most attractive in the county.
Our work must be recommended us.
Tuition per term of ten weeks (common English branches), \$3.00.
Latin, Greek and German, each one dollar per term extra.
The first session begins on Monday, October 16, 1876. For particulars address the Principal, GEO. G. KINKLE, A. M., Stroudsburg, Pa.
or Rev. J. KOHLER, Stroudsburg, Pa.
References: Rev. F. A. Muhlenberg, Allentown; Rev. J. Kohler, Hoop, J. B. Storm, A. O. Greenwood, J. Appenelder, Stroudsburg, Pa.
Stroudsburg, Sept. 21, 1876.

To the Independent Electors of

MONROE COUNTY.

I offer myself as a candidate to represent this County, in the State Legislature. If elected I shall serve you faithfully and to the best of my ability. I do this at the solicitation of many of my fellow Democrats in different parts of the county who believe the interest of the County can be best served by electing its officers without the manipulation of a convention.
C. S. PALMER.
Stroudsburg, Aug. 31st, 1876.

Will be re-opened on Wednesday, September 6th. Young men prepared for college or for business. Advanced studies for young ladies. The building is well supplied with good water and is heated by steam.
H. D. GREGORY, A. M., Ph. D.
July 27—2m.] Principal.

Blair Presbyterian Academy,

BLAIRSTOWN, N. J.,

Having dispensed with the services of a collector on September 1st, all accounts due me will be settled only by myself, or upon my written order.
Geo. W. JACKSON, M. D.
Sept. 7, 1876.—3c.

NOTICE.

Believing that the only safe and fair way of dealing is on the cash system; for both buyer and seller, and thereby save money for the purchaser.
We hereby give notice that on and after October 1st, we will sell goods only on the cash basis.
Thankful to our friends for past favors, we solicit a continuance of their patronage.
GEO. E. STAUFFER & CO.
East Stroudsburg, Sept. 2—2m.

Caution!---Take Notice!

THE public are hereby cautioned against harboring or trusting any person under any pretense whatever, from this date, on my account, as I am determined to resist, to the full extent of the law, the payment of all debts contracted by any one in my name without regard to person, except upon my written order.
CHARLES U. WARNICK.
Stroudsburg, Pa.)
Aug. 24, 1876.)

TEACHERS EXAMINATION.

Examination of Teachers will be held as follows:
In Middle Smithfield, at Coolbaugh's, on Saturday, September 10th.
In Jackson, at Jackson Corners, on Wednesday, September 20th.
In Smithfield, at Craig's Meadows, on Saturday, September 23d.
In Pocono, at M. Miller's on Saturday, September 30th.
In Hamilton, at Snyder'sville, on Monday, Oct. 2d.
In Goshenhill, at Brodhead'sville, on Tuesday, October 3d.
In Polk, at Gilbert's, on Wednesday, October 4th.
In Eldred, at Kunkel's, on Thursday, Oct. 5th.
In Ross, at Stockers, on Friday, Oct. 6th.
In Stroud, at Stroudsburg, on Saturday, Oct. 7th.
Special examinations at Stroudsburg, on Oct. 10th, and 20th, at the residence of Superintendent.
Time, 9 a. m.
Sept. 14—2w] B. F. MORLEY, Supl.

ORDINANCE No. 16.

Be it enacted and ordained, by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of East Stroudsburg: That on and after the first day of September, 1876, the Exhibiting of Plays, Shows, Circuses, Mountebanks, and Jugglers, and all other Exhibitions of like character, are hereby forbidden under a penalty of TEN DOLLARS for each and every offence against this Ordinance, without permission of the Chief Burgess of this Borough.
Approved September 4th, 1876,
P. LYON,
Burgess.
THEO. Y. HOFFMAN,
Secretary,
[Sept. 14—2m.]