



The Jeffersonian.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1876.

Republican National Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT, RUTHERFORD B. HAYES, of Ohio.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT, WILLIAM A. WHEELER, of New York.

THE TICKETS COMPARED.

It is a singular feature of the present Presidential campaign, and one worthy of special notice by the people that the Democratic papers have nothing to say against Messrs Hayes and Wheeler, the Republican candidates, either as regard themselves individually or their records. This can hardly be because the Democrats have not been willing to find all the flaws in the men and their deeds possible, but because after the most exacting search there was nothing to find; their lives and their deeds having been so perfectly correct as to leave nothing behind which could be made available to their detriment. But notwithstanding that their lives, politically and otherwise, have been so perfect, Democrats could not afford to let them alone, and hence as they could find nothing on which to base a charge against them already to hand, they must needs draw invention to their aid and manufacture against them something which they hope will aid in securing their defeat. And what has all their labor during the two months of the campaign already expired produced? Literally nothing, or, rather even worse than nothing. They leave Gen. Hayes with his war, congressional and gubernatorial records alone, and as they have said nothing against Mr. Wheeler, we presume their experience in the search against him has admonished Democracy that it is best to ignore him altogether. Thus confessedly without ammunition available against Gen. Hayes personally, Democracy seizes upon what they presume the next best thing, and as a result the sins, real and imaginary, of others are attempted to be heaped upon his shoulders, and these coupled with the unfounded, suppositions of the Democratic chiefs turn out to be the only means they have to work with for his defeat. What Gen. Grant has done they essay to hold Gen. Hayes responsible for, and they further assume to name those who will influence him in the conduct of his administration and then hold him responsible on the very slender basis of that assumption. And this Democracy calls treating Gen. Hayes honestly and respectfully; and on this they ask the people to defeat him. They wholly ignore Gen. Hayes' life of honesty, patriotism and personal responsibility exhibited on all occasions, and they attempt to hide from the people the fact which they themselves so well know that in both points they but present a villainous lie boldly manufactured out of the whole cloth—a Democratic lie which has not even the merit of ignorance to excuse it. Their conduct towards Gen. Hayes hardly has its counterpart for maliciousness in the whole range of political history nor in any other.

How different from this is Republican treatment of Governor Tilden. Personally Republican Editors and laymen say nothing about him, and when they turn their attention to him politically they work only upon the evidences furnished by the record of Samuel J. Tilden himself. Thus, when Democratic papers claim for Mr. Tilden credit for honesty and for extraordinary reform proclivities, Republicans ask where are the evidences of this great honesty and what has he reformed? and they go to the records and find that during the perpetration of New York city's robberies, he hob-nobbed with Tweed, the boss thief, corresponded lovingly with him, and helped him spend the stolen money in corrupting elections, in organizing the Democratic army of repeaters and ballot-box stuffers, and in cheating the people out of the true results of elections. Nothing so very reforming in this surely. And then they look further, and then they find that in the great hue about Tilden's reform of the Canal ring, there is after all a great deal of ery over a very little wool. Three indictments of alleged canal robbers with one conviction but sentence stayed, one thrown out by the courts because of official connivance in the fraud, and the third held under advisement. No body hurt, and some of the canal thieves at St. Louis working earnestly for Tilden's nomination and the embodiment of Tilden's reform in the government is the result of this search. The reduction of New York state taxes by some \$8,000,000 is the next claim which engages the attention of the Republicans. The records are again called to the front, and reveal anything but what Democracy claims in this respect. Instead of its being Samuel J. Tilden who cut down the tax, it was the act of a Republican legislature, in faithfully carrying out a pledge of the law creating the debt which made the taxes necessary. Samuel J. did not veto the bills securing the reduction because he dared not do so, and hence, as in his joining the crusade against his dear friend Tweed, his reform in this matter was compulsory not voluntary—the result of his fears that any other course would damn Mr. Tilden to the hedging of his ambition, and lay him on the shelf forever. And then as for Mr. Tilden's honesty, his record comes up to militate against the truthfulness of the claim. Take his course on reumption, his wrecking of railroads as samples. A year ago he was among the most extreme of the hard money advocates. To-day he stands among the softest of the softs, and with Hendricks writes in the attempt to cheat the people by means of the flimsiest of false pretense. As

to the railroads his suits in courts tell the tale. Against Mr. Tilden there is more that might be said, but our article is already too long. Enough however, has been said to show the difference of status between the two great parties. The one brings forth candidates invulnerable to the assaults of the opposition, and assailable only through malicious invention; the other presents men who are reeking with corruption as their records show, and who are only at all presentable when disguised in the false pretense of reform. It would be a libel on the people to even insinuate that they could be induced to cast their votes for two such glaring political frauds as have been presented for their support by the Democratic party.

THE TRUTH HURTS.

Political lies fall harmless, and they are always listened to with the utmost good nature because of their milk and water weakness; it is the Truth only that hurts and when you see a man or a journal in a tearing rage you may be sure that some hard Political Truths are being thrust upon them. During the past few months the Democratic journals and Democrats generally have been promulgating the strongest kind of abuse against the Republicans, and to judge by their language one would naturally suppose that all Republicans must necessarily be thieves and corruptionists of the worst order; nobody is affected by these charges however, and the Republicans take it all in good humor, because, they know the desperate state any party must be in to prompt it to such vilification, they know the falsity of the charges, and they know also that the Democrats themselves do not believe in their own words; consequently they can well afford to retain their good nature. "The Republican party thoroughly corrupt." "Sixteen years control of the government has converted this party into a nest of thieves." "The party is rotten with corruptions." "Thieves everywhere." "Everywhere rascality." These are a few samples out of the host of similar phrases that are hurled at the Republicans by Democrats everywhere, and particularly so by county Democratic papers. How do the Republicans stand it?

We would naturally think that to be called a "Thief" would put a man in fighting humor, would "get him up on his muscle," or at least have some effect towards making him mad, a little, anyhow. Yet they are perfectly serene over it, they don't get mad, they don't seem to mind it at all, and any man who did not know the facts would be apt to wonder at the very little effect that this heap of abuse creates.

The reason that it falls so harmless is because there is no truth in it, or rather that it is a part of the reason, the main part being that the Democrats themselves know there is no truth in their outrageous charges.

The vilest epithet, the less is the injury to the Republican, and the greater is the Democrat injured by the rebound of his own slander. Lies have no permanent effect, it is the "Truth" only that hurts.

Now if you want to see a man or a county newspaper get mad, right up into a real tearing rage—just make publicly the following statement:

All secessionists, all who took a hand in tearing down the American flag, all who fought for the "Stars and Bars" and did their utmost to destroy this union, every rebel, every traitor, almost entirely without exception, is at present to be found in the Democratic party, and will every one of them cast his vote for Tilden and Hendricks. This is a simple statement, easily susceptible of proof, and stands on its merits as to whether true or false. If it is only political "clap trap" it will fall harmless and have no effect, if on the contrary it is true, then, it hurts the Democratic party—that is, it hurts their feelings because it is true. Now, having made this statement the first thing the "average" Democrat will do is to misrepresent your words; he will charge you with having called all Democrats, secessionists.

This of course is not true; we say nothing of the kind and we will agree that no men fought better, no men risked their lives more freely, and no men deserve more honor, than the noble, patriotic, war Democrats of the north. No party is more ready to acknowledge the services of these men than the Republicans; they received offices and became officers during the war on a par with Republicans, and they have everywhere received every benefit that the staunchest Republican could have got.

We say plainly and only, that all the Southern secessionists will vote for Tilden and Hendricks; why are they all so one sided? why is it that the South is a unit for the Democratic candidates? The north is not a unit for either party; on the contrary there is a great conservative feeling in the politics of the North. Is there any conservatism in the South? Not a bit—the white people of the South are almost unanimous for Tilden and Hendricks, and are looking anxiously for enough votes from the North to enable them to carry their objects.

Such a unity of political feeling as the South at present exhibits, does not indicate patriotism, it points unmistakably to sectionalism; to the same kind of sectional feeling that produced the late civil war and with very great danger that equally deplorable results may arise from it. Democrats; these same men have stood in the halls of Congress and publicly called you "Mudsills." "Greasy Mechanics," now they would ride into power by the aid of your ballots. These men have at this present session of Congress, turned out of office Union Democratic Soldiers, and filled their places with rebel soldiers.

Now they ask you to give them greater power. What chance will you have when they get it. To be sure Tilden is a northern man, so was Buchanan; but does anybody believe that the South is going to vote unanimously for Tilden, give him her entire electoral vote, without receiving the Lion's share of power? Past experience has proved that the Southerners are all powerful when once in, and we

had a bitter experience in 1861 as to how they could use their power.

The safe way only is to trust the government in the hands of men who saved it, and not to the men who did their utmost to destroy it. With Hayes and Wheeler we are certain of an honest, upright, patriotic administration; with Tilden and Hendricks, nobody can tell what we are sure of, excepting the one great fact that the South will have a controlling influence instead of the North. Now, a word concerning the lie that does not hurt the Republican party. A Democratic House of Representatives, containing sixty-four Rebel Soldiers among its members, with unlimited power and all the money in the United States at their disposal, have been for months engaged in "investigating" the Republican administration; time and money have been lavished, witnesses brought from everywhere regardless of cost, and after thirty-three separate distinct investigations what has been the result? Sixteen years of Republican rule and not one dollar has the United States Treasury lost, and Republican Treasurers have been proved to be positively Honest. As a further result of all this investigation, one man only has been convicted of bribery, Belknap, and laughable as it is he was a Democrat. Babcock possibly might have been convicted, but unfortunately behind him was a host of whiskey stills, all Democratic, so to convict Babcock would necessitate the conviction of a great number of Democrats—whiskey defenders. Whiskey! the very word smells of Democracy. So, shoot off your corruption gun as much as you please—it makes some noise and a little smoke, but it has not yet hit any Republican, they are entirely out of range, the only effect it has had is to knock down Democrats, and they fall before it in the front and it kicks them down in the rear.

The Luzerne county Democrats have nominated a ticket which is nothing if not Democratic. One of the nominees for Congress is accused of selling justice, and the other is a demagogue of the first water. Its candidate for prothonotary is under indictment for tampering with election papers officially under its charge, and its candidate for clerk of the Courts is Secretary of one of the lodges of the notorious "Mollie Maguires." The whole ticket is of such bad repute that the Democratic papers of that county are ashamed of it and do not hesitate to say so.

The Easton Grays, one of the crack military companies of the state, and excelled by none other in the union, go into camp for several days at this place, commencing on Wednesday, the 23d inst. Their tents will be pitched on Hall's green, a beautiful spot. They will bunk in their tents and take their meals at the Burnett House. It is rumored that the celebrated Ringgold band of Reading, Pa., will accompany the Grays to this place.

On Friday morning Charles Hohenshielt, one of our milkmen, stopped in front of Hoffman's saloon, and left his wagon to attend to some business. While he was absent some one, who had doubtless been watching his opportunity entered the wagon and robbed his money box of its contents, about \$3.60. The person who did this is evidently on his way to the penitentiary which he will no doubt reach ere called upon to "turn his toes up," if he does not mend his ways soon.

One of the planks of the St. Louis platform condemns the Republican party for its heavy grants of lands to the railroad companies. Thomas A. Hendricks was a Senator for six years, and advocated and voted for every land grant that came up during his term. He was especially warm in his advocacy and earnest in his voting for the granting of 50,000,000 of acres of the public lands in one batch to one of the Pacific railroads. Did the convention mean to rebuke its own candidate for the vice presidency for his prodigality?

When Democrats blow around about the frauds, corruptions and stealings practiced under Republican administration, it is a good thing to ask them how it comes that these were practiced under the administrations of Jackson, Van Buren, Polk, Pierce and Buchanan to a much greater extent with out a Democratic lip being opened for their condemnation. It is also a good thing to ask them whether it is a greater crime to steal \$2,25 to the \$1,000 under an expenditure of thousands of millions rendered necessary by Democratic rebels, than to steal \$11.55 to the \$1,000 in time of peace, an when only ordinary revenues for the ordinary expenditures of the government, were collected. Yet the records prove this to be just the difference between Republican and Democratic stealing, and the proportion would be still less against the Republicans, but for the fact that the thieves with hardly an exception, received their early instruction in the ranks of the Democratic party.

On Wednesday last, John Gardner, Sheriff, of Warren county, N. J., accompanied by Gershom H. Trimmer and Jas. E. Moon, of Belvidere, arrived in town in search of goods stolen some time ago from Jones' store at Oxford, N. J., and secreted in Henry Kautz's woods by one Berry, alias Keller, who is now serving out a two years sentence in the Trenton penitentiary for said offense. They proceeded to the spot indicated by Berry, west about forty yards from Kautz's pond and one hundred yards from McMichael's creek, when they soon succeeded in unearthing a satchel containing two pieces of cassimer, one of cloth and a few small articles. Further search revealed the hiding place of another bundle containing one pair of new boots, a lot of old clothes, one small pistol, a lot of buck-skin gloves, and a double barrel shot gun, ammunition, &c. Search was made for this satchel in hopes that they might contain some evidence that would lead to the arrest and conviction of the parties that murdered Adam Ball, near Oxford, N. J., early last spring.

RAIN has again been one of the scarce commodities in this neighborhood and growing crops suffer accordingly.

A REFRESHING shower of rain, which lasted over an hour, passed over the Delaware Water Gap, on Tuesday last.

On Saturday last, Sheriff Shafer, sold the Washington Hotel in this Borough to James Place, of Smithfield sp., for \$7,300.

The number of persons in attendance at the Camp meeting, at Delaware Water Gap, on Sunday last, is estimated at 2500 to 3000.

The irrepressible Italian—two of them—with the same old performing bear, passed through town on Thursday last. The organ grinder still tarries in the rural districts.

REV. C. T. BERRY, pastor of the Presbyterian church in Caldwell, N. J., will preach in the Methodist Episcopal Church of this place, next Sabbath morning and evening.

CHARLES P. YETTER, of this Borough, on Tuesday last, presented us with a cucumber measuring 10 1/2 inches long. The seed of this product was planted on the 21st of June last.

The street passenger railroad have been engaged in narrowing their track for a week or more, and otherwise repairing it. This is to make the road conform with the D. L. & W. track.

THIEVES are helping themselves out of the potatoe patches in this place. It is a pity they cannot be caught and given a term in Castle Shafer. The meanest kind of robbery is that which despoils industrious men of the fruits of their labor.

The Beethoven band festival, at Hoffman's Garden, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings of last week, was a complete success, and netted the band a handsome sum. We were glad to hear it as the band is thoroughly deserving.

Chief Burgess, D. R. Brown, accompanied by A. B. Melick, of this place, and Mr. Charles Schelling, of Brooklyn, N. Y., were at the Water Gap, on Monday last, angling for black bass, and succeeded in catching quite a number, the largest one weighed two pounds.

On Sunday afternoon last, as Mr. Reuben Miller of this place, was returning home from Portland, and while crossing the mountain at the Water Gap, passed one hundred and seventy-three wagons on the mountain road that were leaving the camp meeting grounds and going to their homes the other side of the mountain.

JOHN DENIER, the King of tight rope walkers, and troupe gave three entertainments at Williams' Hall in this place, Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings last. The rope walking promised, from the JEFFERSONIAN office to Keller's building was well done. Every thing passed satisfactorily, the performers all acquitting themselves with credit.

QUARTERLY CONFERENCE.—The second quarterly conference of Hamilton circuit, of the Evangelical Association, will be held in Peters' Hall, East Stroudsburg, on the 26th and 27th of August. Rev. J. O. Lehr, from Allentown, will be present and preach both in English and German. The services will be conducted as follows: Saturday 7 1/2 p. m., English preaching, Sunday 10 00 a. m., a German sermon, after which the "Lords Supper" will be celebrated. At 2 1/2 p. m., English preaching, 7 1/2 p. m., German. All are invited to attend.

Personal.

Mr. Simon Fried is in Philadelphia centralizing. Mrs. Tillie Schoch is spending a few days with friends at Reading. Miss Helen Melick, of this place is visiting her many friends at Washington, N. J. Mr. Thomas T. Miller, and wife, of Easton, spent Sunday last with friends in this place. Mr. William Patton, of Philadelphia, is sojourning here. Billy is the guest of M. E. Miller. Miss Emma B. Mauck, of Philadelphia, is in town spending a few days, the guest of Hon. Wm. Davis. The Misses Abbie and Emma Larzeller, of Hackettstown, N. J., are in town, the guests of Mr. J. L. Wyckoff. Mrs. Rev. James Carr and her sister Mrs. Stroud Burson are visiting their parents and friends at Dunmore, Luzerne county. Mr. Wm. H. Reinhart, of Jackson sp., passed through this place on his way for Philadelphia, on business, on Monday last. He was a boy, was that new grand child of our fellow-townsmen, the Hon. Richard S. Staples, instead of a girl, as we announced last week. Mr. Reuben Miller, wife, and two children, reached home from Northampton Co., on Sunday last, where they had been visiting friends. We are pleased to announce that M. L. Drake has so far recovered from his late indisposition as to be able to attend to business again. Mr. Harry Druckenmiller and wife, of this place returned home on Friday last, from New Jersey, where they had been visiting their many friends. Miss Annie Mattis, of Philadelphia, at one time a resident of Stroudsburg, has been here visiting her many friends. She was the guest of Mr. Wm. H. Garris. Mr. B. F. Morey, County Superintendent of this county, was made happy on Sunday last, by the appearance of a bouncing girl in his family. Her weight has not transpired. Miss Ella Keller, daughter of Mr. David Keller, of this borough, left for Philadelphia, on Monday last, to attend the Centennial, and while in the City will be the guest of Miss Laura Whitesell. George Staples, of Keewawee, Illinois, a former resident of this place, accompanied by his son George, were in town several days last week, visiting friends. On Monday they started for the Centennial, and when done sight seeing they will return home. Sixteen years ago Mr. S. located in Illinois.

METHODS POINTS METHODS OF BUSINESS POINTS OF ADVANTAGE

IN THE PURCHASE OF

CLOTHING

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S OAK HALL,

To which we invite the Interested Attention and Careful Scrutiny of

THE PURCHASING PUBLIC.

- WE have but One Price for All... WE receive Cash Payment from All... WE give a Guarantee protecting All... WE Return Money when we cannot suit All... WE buy our goods at first hands, in immense quantities, and at the lowest prices for Cash... WE manufacture with extreme care every garment we sell... WE inspect every yard of goods that goes into our garments... WE put a ticket on every garment, showing plainly its quality and price... WE cut off every item of unnecessary expenditure... WE employ first-class workmen in every department... WE give satisfaction to every purchaser or return the money.

In addition to our Immense Stock of Ready-Made Clothing, we have a Magnificent Line of Men's and Boy's Furnishing Goods, Shirts (of our own make) and Underwear, all at the Very Lowest Prices.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, OAK HALL, S. E. COR. SIXTH & MARKET STREETS, PHILADELPHIA.

November 4, 1875.

A FEW OF THE POPULAR PRICES

AT THE

CITY HALL OF FASHIONS.

Hats & Caps, 20 per cent. less than elsewhere. Ladies' trimmed Hats in all the latest styles, from \$1.50 up. Untrimmed Hats in Strawbraids, Chips, Millans, &c., at prices that will astonish you. Three hundred pairs of Ladies' two Button Kid Gloves, at 40c., 65c., 80c., \$1.00 & 1.15, which cannot be beaten in price and quality. Big drives in Ladies' & Gents' Ties, Ecelace and Silk Ties, from 12c. up. A tremendous stock of Cloth Faced Paper Collars, at 10, 15, 22 & 30c. Parsols & Umbrellas, at bottom prices. Parsols from 30c. up. A big job lot of Fans, at only half their real value, Japanese that fold up, as low as 6c. Splendid Fans, from 10c. to \$1.50. The largest and best assortment of Hosiery & Gloves in town at prices that defy competition. Gents' plain 4 Hose, from 6c. up. Gents' Striped 1/2 Hose, from 10c. up. Ladies' Striped Hose, from 15c. up. Ladies' White and Solid Colors, from 10c. up. Ladies' & Gents' Handkerchiefs, in silk, linen and cotton, at very low prices. A full line of White and Colored Dress Shirts, from \$1.00 up. Suspendera 10c. up. A large lot of Hamburg Edging and trimmings, at 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 & 15 cents, worth double the money. Shaws and Skirts, cheapest in town, splendid shaws both sides alike, from 90c. up, splendid skirts from 60c. up. Real Hair Switches & Curis, at very low figures. Ladies and Gents' jewelry, at half price. The largest and best assortment of Perfumes, Toilet articles and Soaps in town. A large lot of knobby Canes, from 15c. up. A complete stock of Ladies' Toilet Mats, Laces, Trimmings, Ribbons, Buttons, Braids and Notions at popular prices. Call and examine the goods and be convinced. Everything sold must be as represented. No sham about it.

J. W. ANGLE,

Proprietor of the City Hall of Fashions.

Stroudsburg, May 25, 1876.—3m

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TO CLOSE OUR STOCK

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

WE HAVE REDUCED

- Silk Parasols from - - - 80 cents to 60 cents. " " " " - - - \$1.30 to \$1.10. " " " " - - - 1.85 to 1.40. Cotton " " " " - - - 20 cts. up. Cotton Plaid Dress Goods from 10c. to 8 cents. Worsted " " " " 25 to 20 " " " " " " 23 to 18 " Striped Dress Goods from 14 to 10 " White Piques from 12 cents up. Summer Shawls from 60 cents up. A lot of the best Prints for 5 cents.

These goods must be closed out, and this is a square reduction on new and stylish goods. So, now is the time to use your CASH to advantage.

Wyckoff, Cooke & Bell.

Stroudsburg, April 20, 1876.—3m.