

# THE JEFFERSONIAN.

Devoted to Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Science, Morality, and General Intelligence.

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### Published by Theodore Schoch.

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### JOB PRINTING

OF ALL KINDS,  
Executed in the highest style of the Art, and on the most reasonable terms.

**J. H. SHULL, M. D.**  
Second door below Burnett House. Residence 2nd door west of Hicksite Quaker Church. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., 6 to 9 p. m. May 23, 1876-77.

**DR. S. MILLER,**  
Physician and Surgeon,  
STROUDSBURG, PA.  
Office, formerly occupied by Dr. Selig. Residence with J. B. Miller, one door below the Masonian Office. Office hours, 7 to 9, 12 to 3 and 6 to 9. May 11, 1876-77.

**DR. N. L. PECK,**  
Surgeon-Dentist.  
Office in Jas. Edinger's new building, nearly opposite the Strodsburg Bank. Gas administered for extracting when desired. Strodsburg, Pa. Jan. 6, 1876-77.

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PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUICHEUR.  
Office in Samuel Hoop's new building, nearly opposite the Strodsburg Bank. Residence on South street, above Franklin. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., 6 to 9 p. m. August 8, 72-74.

**WILSON PEIRSON,**  
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Acknowledgments taken and all business pertaining to the office carefully executed.  
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Office, Kipler's new building near the Depot, East Strodsburg, Pa., Jan. 27, 1876.

**DAVID S. LEE,**  
Attorney at Law.  
One door above the "Strodsburg House," Strodsburg, Pa.  
Collections promptly made.  
October 22, 1874.

**WILLIAM S. REES,**  
Surveyor, Conveyancer and  
Real Estate Agent.  
Farms, Timber Lands and Town Lots  
FOR SALE.  
Office nearly opposite American House and 2 1/2 door below the Corner Store.  
March 20, 1874-75.

**DR. J. LANTZ,**  
SURGEON & MECHANICAL DENTIST.  
Still has his office on Main street, in the second story of Dr. S. Miller's brick building, nearly opposite the Strodsburg House, and he desires to have by right fifteen years constant practice and the most careful and successful attention to all matters pertaining to his profession that he is fully able to perform with operations in the dental line in the most careful and skillful manner.  
Special attention given to saving the Natural Teeth, also to the insertion of Artificial Teeth on Rubber, Gold, Silver, or Continuous Gums, and perfect fits in all cases treated.  
Most persons know the great folly and danger of entrusting their work to the inexperienced, or to those living at a distance.  
April 19, 1874-75.

**ESTEY COTTAGE ORGANS!**  
These superior and beautifully finished instruments so far surpassed their competitor in volume, purity, sweetness and delicacy of tone, as to carry off the first and only premium given to exhibitors of reed Organs at the Monroe County Fair, held September 25, 1874.  
Buy only the best. For price list address Oct 1st-74.  
J. Y. SIGAFUS,

**MASON TOCK,**  
PAPER HANGER,  
GLAZIER AND PAINTER,  
MONROE STREET,  
Nearly opposite Kautz's Blacksmith Shop,  
STROUDSBURG, PA.  
The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Strodsburg and vicinity that he is now fully prepared to do all kinds of Paper Hanging, Glazing and Painting, promptly and at short notice, and that he will keep constantly on hand a fine stock of Paper Hangings of all descriptions and at low prices. The patronage of the public is earnestly solicited.  
May 16, 1872.

**Dwelling House for Sale.**  
A very desirable two-story Dwelling House, containing seven rooms, one of which is suitable for a Store Room, situated on Main street, in the Borough of Strodsburg. The building is nearly new, and every part of it in good condition. For terms &c., call at this office.  
Dec. 9, 1873-74.

**BOOTIS and SHOES,**  
made in the latest style and of good material. Repairing promptly attended to. Give me a call.  
Dec. 9, 1873-74.  
C. W. LEWIS WATELES.

**ANOTHER TROPHY WON**  
BY THE  
ESTEY COTTAGE ORGANS!  
These superior and beautifully finished instruments so far surpassed their competitor in volume, purity, sweetness and delicacy of tone, as to carry off the first and only premium given to exhibitors of reed Organs at the Monroe County Fair, held September 25, 1874.  
Buy only the best. For price list address Oct 1st-74.  
J. Y. SIGAFUS,

**DON'T you know that J. H. McCarty & Sons are the only Undertakers in Strodsburg who understand their business? If not, attend a Funeral managed by any other Undertaker in town, and you will see the proof of the fact.**  
June 18, 74-75

**Simon Fried,**  
at Empire Clothing Store,  
Strodsburg, March 23, 1876-77.

**BLANK MORTGAGE**  
For sale at this Office.

### TO WHOM it MAY CONCERN!

**SEBASTIAN ECHLE,**  
Has resumed the BOOT and SHOE making business, in all its various branches. In the basement of J. B. Miller's building, one door East of Jeffersonian Office. All who desire anything in his line, done up in the highest style of the art, are cordially invited to drop in.  
March 20, 76-77.

**CAUTION!**  
All persons are hereby cautioned not to trespass on any property of the undersigned, situate in Strodsburg, Monroe County, Pa. Any one violating this notice will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.  
**JACOB H. BUTTS,**  
Strodsburg, July 29, 1875.

**DOWN TOWN Clothing Store!**  
We the undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Strodsburg and vicinity, that we have added to our large assortment of

**HATS AND CAPS,**  
A complete and carefully selected stock of

**Men's & Youths' Ready-made Clothing**  
of the latest and most fashionable styles and best quality. We have also a complete line of

**GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.**  
Please give us a call and examine our stock and prices before you purchase elsewhere. We shall soon offer a large assortment of

**Umbrellas, Traveling Bags, &c.**  
You will find us one door west of Keystone Drug Store, Main Street, Strodsburg, Pa.

**WALTON & WINTERMUTE.**  
Strodsburg, April 20, 1876.

**OFFICIAL NOTICE.**

**\$5000 REWARD!**  
**MISSING**  
FROM STROUDSBURG,

**MISSING FROM STROUDSBURG,**

A tall-complexioned YOUNG MAN, aged 5 ft. 6 in., height 150 lbs. Had on, when last seen two pairs of swallow-tailed seal skin trousers, fashionable mutton cutlet waistcoat, with delirium trimmings; double-barrelled fowling coat, with horse collar and sausage lining; patent leather-bottom top shoes, laced up at the sole, and buttoned inside.  
He is deaf and dumb of one eye and hard of hearing with the other, with a slight squint in his eye teeth; stoops very upright with a loud impediment in his look, chignon on upper lip with whiskers bitten off short inside; mouth like a torn pocket; hair of a deep scarlet line and parted from ear to yonder; Calves of legs rising 4 years, to be sold cheap on account of the dearth of milk; very liberal with other peoples' money, and well known to a good temple, having been eleven years a member of the I. O. G. T. (I Often Get Tight Society).

Any one who knows of his whereabouts will please report at the

**Empire Clothing Store,**  
where he will find the

**LARGEST and BEST ASSORTMENT**  
OF  
**Men and Boy's Clothing,**  
**Hats and Caps,**  
**Gents' Furnishing Goods,**  
**Trunks, Valices, &c. &c.**

kept in this vicinity, and which we will sell at the

**LOWEST PANIC PRICES!**  
If you want to save money—don't fail to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. If you want GOOD GOODS at low prices, there is no place in Monroe County to compete with the EMPIRE CLOTHING STORE.

Our new stock is complete in every particular. Please call and examine for yourselves.

**SIMON FRIED,**  
at EMPIRE CLOTHING STORE,  
Strodsburg, March 23, 1876-77.

**BLANK MORTGAGE**  
For sale at this Office.

### NASBY.

**MR. NASBY GOES TO THE ST. LOUIS CONVENTION—HE RETURNS ENTIRELY SATISFIED WITH THE PLATFORM AND CANDIDATES.**

CONFRETT X ROADS, wick ish in the state uv Kentucky, Joon 29th, 1876—I hev returned from St. Louis, and mity glad I am to get back to the scene of my fucher labor for the next four months. St. Louis is a hot city, but ez the likker is alluz good there, and ez the Tilden delegates, ez well ez the anti-Tilden ones, had lots uv money, I made out to get on. Ez they never argued with a delegate without askin him to take suthin, I didn't make up my mind till the very last.

It wuz the most interesting convension I ever attended, and I have bin to em all sence the one that nominated Martin Van Booren. This wuz the most interesting, becoz so thorry devoted to reform, wick alluz is my best holt. Ef I can't be a reformin suthin I am absoolootly miztable.

It gave me noo hopes uv the republic to see the spirit uv reform that filled the soles of all the Dimeocrisy present, that is, nearly all uv em. Occasionally an anxious-lookin farmer delegate wuz remark, "what sheld we do with the currency?" and then Morrissey wuz immedieetly shut him up with the remark, "D—n the currency—wat we want is reform in the government."

And when a Noo England biznis man would ask, "what sheld we do with the currency?" Boss Kelly wud d—n him for introdoocin disturban demence into the convension. "What we want is reform," the Boss would continyo, and ef the man didn't sing small some uv the Bosses' reformers wud go thro him. I don't wonder that the Noo York Dimeocrisy love him.

John Morrissey is the most ardent reformer I know uv. He was so entirely devoted to it that I saw him stop a game uv furo, at a bank which he run doorn the convension, to argue with an Injanny delegate, who wuz a loozin bootifullly, that ef the Dimeocrisy didn't git control uv the Noo York custom-house and postoffis, the country wuz ruined shoer. In the coz of reform he wuz willin to devote all the profits uv his banks at Saratoga and Washington.

Boss Kelly was even more urgent for reform than Morrissey. He said that until Tammany got possession of the government, he cood see nothin but ruin ahead. Give him a platform which pronounced squarely for reform, and he wud feel enridged to promise a Democratic majority uv 40,000 in the city uv Noo York alone. With the Custom House and Postoffis in the control uv Tammany, he cood afford to pay ten thousand repeaters, and give stiddy employment to every shoulder bitter and bruiser in the city. He wud feel justified in charterin a thousand gin mills, and to make sure uv the state he wud promise to give any majority in the city that mite be needed. Reform wuz his watchword.

Doolittle wanted reform—he yearned for it. He said that until a president wuz elected that wud make it possible for him to be Minister to England there wuz no hope uv the Republic. He wuz disposed to yield everything in sich matters ez currency, and tariffs and sich, but it wuz uv the first importance that the country be properly represented at the Court of St. James.

The southern delegates wuz ekally urgent for reform. What they felt wuz necessary wuz a complete change. They had ground for twelve years under the horrors uv nigger votin, and anything that wud give em relief that wud satisfy em. Everything to the good old idee uv the soopremacy uv the soopiorer race, and the redosin uv the nigger to his normal condishun. One Georjy delegate actooly shed tears over the sufferins he had enduroed. He sobbed audibly wen he remarked that it wuz now ten years last Christmas sence he had shot a nigger. His shot gun hung yossels over his fire-place, and there wuz ashes on his hARTH. "Give us a Dimeocratic administrashun and reform!" he yelled, and immedieetly accepted the invitashun uv a Tilden delegate to take suthin. None uv em ever refused that, from anybody.

The work of the convension wuz well done, and victory must perch upon our banners. There was a row among the Noo York delegates wick threatened at one time to mar their harmony, but it wuz happily settled. There wuz a conference, and the offisces wuz divided so ez to satisfy all the reformers. Kelly is continyed in possession uv Tammany Hall, and the city, while them ez favored the great and good Tilden will hev controle uv the Federal patronage. Ez extraordinary service will be needed, noo offisces will be created, and appointments that naturally wud go to Republican states will all be given to the doubtful ones.

Several reformers who wuzn't satisfied with this arrangement—with promises uv wat wuz to be given em after the election—wuz pade so much money in hand, after which they were ez enthusiastic for the great reformer as anybody. I stood out, myself, and got a fair slice; but it didn't do me any good. Bascom wuz with me and saw the money paid, and he demanded it uv me, and got it too, on account. There ain't anything in life so disgustin ez payin olf likker bills. That likker is gone, and ain't no good to yoo—it can't warm your bowels agin. Under stimulatun infloences one kin afford to pay—but to pay this year for Est year's delites, wick hev fled forever and can't never be recalled, except in memory, it's disgustin. I never did like

### to pay for memories—they ain't substanshal.

But I sheld hev the postoffs at the Corners shoer, ef Tilden is elected, for long afore the time comes, I sheld be in debt to Bascom agin.

The platform can't help sootin the Dimeocrisy uv the entire country, pertickerly when the candidate is taken in account. It is the most flexible platform I ever helpd to construct, and the Dimeocrat wick can't stand onto it ain't worth the name. In Ohio and Injanny we sheld swear it soft money and reform, and pint proudly to Hendricks. In Noo York and the east we sheld swear it hard money and reform, and pint proudly to Tilden.

Ez I sheld have to stump both seek-shuns I hev two speeches alreddy prepared, one uv wick is hard money and one soft, and the other orators uv the party hev fixed theirselves likewise. I wud sejest, now, that that may be no mistakes, that a community be appointed in each place where a speech is to be made, to see that the speaker rises sober, and that he gits the right speech started. After the reform speaker has made his speech to the citizens, uv course he should be allowed to git ez full ez he chooses, but it wud be terrible to hev him git up and make the speech in Hartford, Connecticut, that was intendid for the latitude uv Terre Haut, Injanny, or to make in Injanny the hard money speech wick he shood youse in Connecticut.

With sich care, and reasonable work, ther can't be any question ez to the result. The Dimeocrisy hev bin on to grass so long that they will fit ez men never fought afore, and we sheld win. With "Reform!" in our mouths and postoffis in our harts, we shall march forred to victory. But we hev got to work for it.

**PETROLEUM V. NASBY,**  
Wick wud like to be Postmaster.  
P. S.—A serious trouble threatened us at one time in St. Louis. The mayor uv that city had fixed upon the nite afore the settin uv the convension to make a rade onto the gambin dens and the houses of ill repute in that city. Forchinitly we got wind uv it in time to hev it sposoned. Hed it been carried out I shudder to think wat wud hev bin the result. Two-thirds uv our reform delegates wud hav bin goobled up and wud hev bin uv fore police magistrates in the mornin. Tilden's money hed bin distributed that mornin, and the reformers hed cash enuff to justify em in makin a nite uv it, and they wuz a doin uv it. Hed them houses bin raided onto that nite the convension wud hev bin obliged to adjourn for want uv a quorum. P. V. N.

**The New Hotel Law.**  
The following act, passed at the last session of the State Legislature, has become a law in full force:

AN ACT  
To prevent fraud and fraudulent practices upon or by hotel keepers, inn keepers and boarding-house keepers.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted, &c., That every person who shall at any hotel or inn, or boarding-house, receive or cause to be furnished any food or accommodations, with intent to defraud the owner or proprietor of such hotel, inn or boarding-house out of the value or price of such food or accommodation, and every person who shall obtain credit at any hotel, inn or boarding-house, by the use of any false pretenses or device, or by depositing at such hotel, inn or boarding-house any baggage or property of value less than the amount of such credit, or of the bill by such person incurred, with such fraudulent intent, and any person who, after obtaining credit or accommodation at any hotel, inn or boarding-house, shall abscond from such hotel, inn or boarding-house, and shall surreptitiously remove his baggage or property therefrom, shall, upon conviction, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not more than six months.

SEC. 2. Every keeper of a hotel, restaurant, inn or boarding-house shall post in a public or conspicuous place in the office or public room, and in every bed-room occupied by guests in said house, a printed copy of this act, and a statement of the charges or rates of charges by the day, and for meals and items furnished, and for lodgings. No charge or sum shall be collected or received by any such person for any service not actually rendered, or for any item not actually delivered, or for a longer time than the person so charged actually remained at such place. For any violation of this section, or any provisions of this section, the offender shall forfeit his bill so charged, and upon conviction thereof, be judged guilty of misdemeanor, and shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not more than six months.

SEC. 3. In case of default on the part of the guests in any hotel, inn or boarding-house, to redeem within sixty days all baggage, et cetera, shall be sold at public auction after due notice by publication for five days previous to sale; all excess of proceeds exceeding charges incurred shall be held for the owner.

SEC. 4. This act is to take effect immediately after the first day of June, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-six.

Approved—The 20th day of April, A. D., 1876.  
J. F. HARRANP.

"Isn't that extravagance?" remarked a gentleman in his companion, as he observed half a dozen men taking an \$1,800 piano into the residence of a West-side physician. "Why, no, not for a doctor," returned the other, when the green apple season is at its height."

### Reformer Tilden.

The Brooklyn Argus is a Democratic paper, edited by a Democratic ex-member of Congress, and it has this to say of the Great Democratic Reformer:

"Governor Tilden's advocacy of hard money is as insecure as any of his positions. As a Reformer Gov. Tilden is a fraud; as a business man he is badly smirched; as a hard money man is without convictions; as an advertising adventurer and suborner of the press he is impudent; as a political trickster he is a disgrace. He is willing to talk about National honor and advocate hard money in the East, while violating the laws of the country by issuing an illegal currency in the West. He bid loudly for reform throughout the State by attacking Dennison in Syracuse and Lord Rochester, when the Democrats have no strength, while bargaining with ring scoundrels in Albany, New York and Brooklyn, where the Democratic machine is powerful."

And yet this sham reformer, this political huckster, this railroad wrecker, this issuer of wild cat currency, this enemy of public schools, this associate and confederate of Tammany thieves, this business man who is badly smirched, this advertising adventurer, this suborner of the press, was the only Democrat who could, by any possible stretch of the imagination, be put forward as the Democratic Apostle of Reform, the only Democrat in all the country found worthy to stand upon the St. Louis platform, which is a screed for Reform from one end to the other.

It shows how entirely groundless is this claim of the Democracy to be a reform party. If Governor Tilden were the purest man in any country; if his record were as fair as record could be; if he were a genuine, earnest reformer, it would still be dangerous to elect him to the Presidency, backed as he is by a party which professes itself without another leader worthy of recognition as a Reformer. In this country the President is what his party forces him to be, and the significance of a nomination is to be sought in those who are doing the voting.

There can be no doubt that Tilden is a most adroit politician. He has for years practiced the arts of the politician most successfully. He believes that every man has his price, and his first move was to put money in his purse, which he did after the most unscrupulous fashion. Having secured the necessary funds, he proceeded to buy his way to power. He is the largest specimen of the political huckster ever produced in this country. Knowing so well the power of money to change men's political opinions, he made no secret of his association with thieves and plunderers of the Tweed regime. During all Tweed's ascendency and control in the Democracy of New York, Tilden, as chairman of the Democratic State Committee, gave the weight of his name and official action to Tweed's nomination, knowing when he supported Hoffman by assisting in stuffing the ballot boxes in the cities of New York and Brooklyn, that he was Tweed's man, whom Tweed had nominated for his own purposes.

All this disgraceful record Tilden's paid supporters expect us to forget because money had been used to silence the Democratic press, with some few honorable exceptions. The nomination of such a man as a Great Reformer, upon such a Reform platform is the most stupendous farce of this age.

**A Powerful Band of Brothers.**  
From the Reading Eagle.

On Tuesday, while the sun was pouring down its blistering rays, making the thermometer dance up to 140, Adam L. Fisher, of Marion township, engaged the services of eight brothers at mowing oats in a thirty-two-acre field, something which has never before been done in Marion township, if in the State. Below we give the name, age and height of each of the brothers: Benjamin Heffinger, 41 years old, height 6 feet 11 inches; George, 38 years old, height 5 feet 11 inches; John, 35 years old, height 6 feet; William, 30 years old, height 5 feet 11 inches; Franklin, 26 years old, height 5 feet 11 inches; Daniel, 24 years old, height 5 feet 11 inches; Pearce, 23 years old, 6 feet 11 inches; Gabriel 19 years old, height 5 feet 11 inches. Here were eight brothers averaging six feet in height, all from one father and one mother, all sound in health. They mowed thirty-two acres of oats in one day, which is an average of four acres to the man. They all live in Marion township, the farthest within an hour's walk of Mr. Fisher's.

**A Sheep's Teeth.**  
I often hear persons disputing the age of sheep, to my surprise, he said. For them to tell the age of sheep nothing is easier. A sheep's front teeth the first year are eight in number, appearing all of a size. Second year the two middle ones are shed and replaced by two much longer than the others. Third year two very small ones appear—one on either side of the eight. At the end of the fourth there are six large teeth. Fifth year all the front teeth are large. Sixth year all begin to show wear—not till then.

Spring and Heidelberg townships, Berks county, are said to have been devastated by grasshoppers. Fruit, trees, elderberry and blackberry bushes have been entirely stripped of their foliage, and the grass, grain and corn have been entirely destroyed by the pests; not a head of grain was to be found in several fields of oats examined, while the stunted fruit upon the trees was hanging to bare branches.

### There are nearly 1000 Indians in Florida.

There are 70 prisoners in the Norris-town jail.  
Paris eats two thousand horses and mules every three months.

There are 50,000 Sisters of Charity connected with the Roman church.  
The Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Co. run 146 Centennial tarins daily.  
A catfish 21 inches long was lately caught by a boy in Tulpehocken creek (Berks county).

It is now said, as an apology for the dog in the manger, that he wanted the straw for his bed.  
One hundred and twenty thousand buffalo were slaughtered on the northwestern plains of British America the past year.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1876, 22,576 Chinese arrived in this country, 250 of whom only were females.  
There is to be a monster camp-meeting at Ocean Grove, near Long Branch, in August, in which Moody and Sankey will take part.

Two girls were carrying a pail of milk in Carsville, Virginia, last week, when a stroke of lightning killed one and stunned the other.  
Bernard N. Boyle and Kate Boyle are in prison at Pottsville, and William Colihan at Mauch Chunk, for alleged perjury in the Mollie Maguire murder trials.

Chili will export this year, about 30,000 tons of wheat and 10,000 tons of barley, two-thirds of which will go to Europe and about one-third to Bolivia and Peru.  
An inebriate recently fell and struck his head against a barber's pole. On being raised from the ground, he asked: "What's zat woman wi' stripe stockings on got agin me?"

An evening or two ago Mr. Philip Lessig, of South Coventry township, Chester county, caught an eel three feet long, which on opening he found to contain a water snake twelve inches long.  
A merchant went home the other night and said cheerfully to his wife, "Well my dear, I've failed at last." "Oh, that's good!" exclaimed the wife, with a radiant face. "Now we can go to the Centennial, sure."

New York city has lost a great part of its jobbing and nearly all its tea trade. Its imalienable interests appear to be banking, fashion, beaux, arts, belles letters and the future manufacture of gloves, millinery and small wares, upon the scale of Paris.  
In the Manatawy creek, near Grisesmerville, says the Reading Times, there has existed for several years a club of unusual large size, which has engaged the attention of the sportsmen of that vicinity for a long time. It successfully resisted all efforts to be taken by either nets, spears, hooks and lines, shot gun or clubs, until a few days ago, when it was caught by Mr. John Willman, who was fishing, with some lady friends from Spring City, Chester county. An examination of the fish showed that one eye had been shot out and that it had also been pierced through the head with a gig. Its escape and vitality were truly remarkable. The fish measured nineteen inches in length.

Of the crops in Indiana the Indianapolis Journal bears this testimony: "The last few days of dry, warm weather have been worth a great deal to Indiana, and we may now count with certainty on large and profitable crops of nearly everything. The wheat crop is saved. It will not be large, but fully an average crop. Oats will be much above an average. The hay crop will be many times larger than last year. Corn never looked better, and the indications are good for an immense yield. Of all fruits except peaches there will be a very large yield, including small fruits, both domestic and wild. Vegetables of all kinds never were more abundant or cheaper."  
The Lancaster Express, speaking of the crops in that section, says:

"The farmers in this section, and throughout the country have reason to rejoice. The crops of wheat, hay and oats have been excellent in Eastern Pennsylvania. The corn fields show a splendid growth. The reports are encouraging in nearly all parts of the West and South. Cotton promises a good yield. Fruit is abundant. Potatoes have flourished in spite of the bug. When the freshets of last year, sweeping away the crops in the fertile plains of the Mississippi Valley, are remembered, there is sufficient cause for gratitude. In our own county, the drought last summer reduced the yield of hay and wheat far below the average."

The River and Harbor bill, as it passed the Democratic reform House, appropriates about seven millions of dollars, mainly for the improvement of insignificant creeks and small rivers in the several States, the most liberal slice being for West Virginia; and for imaginary work on inlets, bays and harbors on the lakes and along the seacoast. "This bill," says the New York Herald, "shows the falsity of the pretenses" of economy which the House has set up. To save seven millions by cutting down the wages of poor clerks and letter carriers and by curtailing mail facilities to fling it away in improving Scrubgrass creek and the navigation of Salt river, is not economy. It is simply robbing worthy objects to squander the money upon unworthy ones. There are, doubtless, some good appropriations in this River and Harbor bill, but a million or two would cover them all, and the rest is thrown away.