ADDRESS

OF

J. F. HARTRANFT

ON THE OCCASION OF HIS SECOND INAUGURAL AS GOVERNOR OF PENNSYLVANIA, ON THE 18th DAY OF JANUARY, 1876.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives and Fellow Citizens:

Three years ago, when the oath of office was administered to me as Executive, I took occasion to express the sense of my infinite obligations to the people of the State who had honored me with repeated proofs of their confidence and good opinion, and it would be unworthy affectation if I did not now renew my acknowledgments to the same generous constituency, who, after a three years' stewardship of the highest office in their gift, have called me again to assume its important duties.

The continued favor and inflexible support my conduct of public affairs has received from the citizens of the Commonwealth, bespeak from me in return the utmost zeal and fidelity in their service, and my highest ambition will be reached if my administration will be remembered as an honorable one that studied and provided for their best interests. I still have as exalted an opinion of the great trust you have conferred upon me as when first confronted upon me as when first confronted with its novel and grave responsibilities, and despite the experience had, am none the less distrustful of my abilities to meet its requirements, but whatever may be my other deficiencies, I do not know what it is to be wanting in attachment to my State, or affection for her people who have distinguished me with so many obliging and conspicuous marks of partiality:

I am not unmindful that the welfare and progress of a State depend less upon its government and rulers than upon the habits and circumstances of its citizens, and that no measures of administration can produce any substantial good unless they are dictated by public opinion or are begotten of the public necessities. A people must be ripe for reform or reform can work them no permanent benefit. Invention may exhaust itself in contrivances of public utility and rulers may be never so wise in their devices, but if the dispositions and intelligence of a people are unprepared for the reception of remedies they will not take root in their affections or affairs.

Imbued with these convictions, the maxims for the conduct of my administration were easily formed. It was only necessary to resolve that its acts should have no selfish taint, that they should be colored by no personal predilections or warped by any favorite theories, and that inspired neither by fear nor favor they should aim to reflect the people's will. With the lights with which Heaven has endowed me I have striven to adhere to these maxims, and if at any time I have failed to conform thereto it has not been from lack of patient investigation and honest exertion or of a tender and jealous regard for the honor of the State but from a misconception or misapprehension of the wishes or needs of her people. In the future then, as in the past, as the Executive of the Commonwealth, I can have no interest to serve that is not her interest, and can embrace no doctrine or embark in any cause that will not advance the material prosperity and promote the enlightenment of her citizens.

My opinions upon the questions that effect the government of the State have been presented in my annual message and it is unnecessary to again refer to them.

When we look around us, gentlemen of the Legislature, how various, multiform and intricate are the interests of our great Commonwealth. Certainly it is a proud distinction to be chosen to administer the affairs of a State that has within her limits so many of the elements of empire and it behooves us to see to it that neither its dignity or prosperity suffer through any default of ours. Let us remit no effort that will enlarge the happiness or benefits of her citizens; let us be distinguished by loyalty to her interests, by a jealous care of her institutions, liberal understanding of and provision for her necessities, by humane attention to the wants of her poor and afflicted, and enlightened treatment of her criminal classes, and by a tolerance of opinion, political and religious, so that when we are discharged of our trusts we can deliver them to our successors with the approval of our consciences, and let us hope, with the blessings of a grateful people.

With this renewal of my obligations as your Executive, I invite the earnest and active co-operation and counsel of all good citizens, and implore that my official acts may have the sanction of Divine Providence.

The contribution of Japanese works for exhibition at the Centennial embraces eleven hundred tons.

Spotted Tail has lodged a request for permission to visit the Centennial with a hundred lodges of his tribe. They will lodge themselves, he says.

A Berks county man, seventy-one years old, has been sued by a girl of seventeen for seduction, etc., and found guilty. There was a very small child in the case.

A woman was delivered of a quartette of children the other day at Shirleysburg, Huntingdon county. The *accoucheur* is a prominent member of the Legislature.

They haven't caught Tweed yet, but there is a young man locked up in New York city for stealing four cents worth of bread to keep from starving.

Variety is the spice of life. Week before last the Michigan farmers were plowing their fields. Last week they were using crowbars to dig their plows out of the furrows.

When desperadoes in Luzerne county run out of provender, they steal a cow, drive her a short distance from her owner's house, slaughter her, and divide and carry away the beef.

The New Orleans *Times'* Alexandria (La.) corresondent reports the murder of Tom Barrett, at Pineville, by a United States soldier named E. A. Fordham, of Ohio, and the mortal wounding of Fordham by Barrett's brother.

In Harrisburg thieves steal crape off door knobs.

Columbia county farmers plowed on the 3d of January.

Pansies and danditions were in full bloom in Venango county on the 5th inst.

Twenty-six new school houses were built in Luzerne county during the past year.

Richmond, Va., is growing steadily and solidly. It now claims a population of 72,500.

The receipts of the New York city street railroads, sixteen in number, foot up over $8,000,000 for last year.

Heavy snows have fallen in the south of France. The town of Mende has been blockaded for three days.

Samuel J. Comerer, of Ayr township, Fulton county, has a stove made in 1764, which is still good for years of usefulness.

Governor Tilden has declined to favorably entertain the petition for the pardon of E. S. Stokes, the murderer of James Fisk, Jr.

New York merchants who are in a position to Judge, estimate an improvement in business this year over last of twenty-five per cent.

Rich quartz gold mines have been discovered near Laramie City, Wyoming Territory, and they nave been named the "Centennial Lode."

"A man named Burgess, colored, confined in the Baton Rouge, La., jail for killing a white man, was hanged by a mob on Friday night.

The age of jockeyism. Last year the races run in this country for money numbered 880, and the sums at stake amounted to $330,000.

Do you know that a "big onion poultice" is efficacious in typhoid pneumonia, if applied to the chest, and in pleurisy, if applied to the side? It is so averred.

THE age of travel. The tickets sold at the Indianapolis railroad depot last year amounted to $861,737 85, an increase of $23,691 80 over the preceding year.

Thad. Stevens' housekeeper has been allowed $7,714 for services as housekeeper by the executors of Mr. Stevens, and Dr. H. Carpenter gets $4,000 for professional services.

THE American Bible Society ought not to complain of the hard times. Its receipts for the past year were nearly $600,000, and it issued almost 1,000,000 copies of the Word.

Allentown, Pa., has thirty segar factories, which turn out monthly 300,000. She is the third largest manufacturer of segars in the United States, New York being first and Detroit second.

A Tioga county justice of the peace was caught in the dead hour of night, filching from a neighbor's corn crib, and his constituents advise him to follow Greeley's admonition to young men.

THE street railroads of Philadelphia are beginning to arrange for the Centennial business. Six of them will run cars to the Exposition grounds every minute, making four hundred cars an hour.

A Bucks county poultry thief climbed a tree to catch some turkeys that were roosthing on the upper branches. A limb broke under the weight of the thief and he fell on an old mowing machine under the tree and broke one of his legs.

Josh. Clark, a veteran engineer on the Western division of the Erie road, recently ran his engine 1,750 miles, putting in sixteen and a half days' time, in a single week, and drew therefor $66 pay. This is said to be the biggest locomotive feat on record.

The product of the Cambria Steel Works, Johnstown, Pa., for the year ending December 31, 1875, was 55,525 180-2240 tons of steel. This is the largest output, by many thousand tons, of any other five-ton plant in the world, and reflects the greatest credit upon the management of that industry.

Mr. S. C. King, elected Sheriff of McKean county last fall, is sad. It has just been discovered that there was no legal election for Sheriff, as the term of the present Sheriff—appointed by the Governor to fill a vacancy—does not expire until the end of the Legislature.

During the past season, says the Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*, over 1,720 car loads of potatoes passed over the Northern Central Railroad, eastward. Each car contained, on an average, 300 bushels—making a total of 516,000 bushels. They were of the crop of 1875.

Flocks of wild pigeons have passed over Cambria county within a few days past, going northward. In the craws of some of them shot on Monday, grains of rice were found, indicating that they had come from South Carolina. It is an unusual thing for them to migrate to the north at this time of year.

A horse belonging to Robert K. Collam, of Oxford, Chester county, died on Christmas day in the thirty-fifth year of its age, having been in the possession of the same family for twenty-seven years. The horse was of the female gender, and during her long and useful life gave birth to nineteen colts.

The Phœnixville *Messenger* says that Henry Eahy, of Manheim, has an old wood stove in use, 106 years old. It has the words "R. W. Stiegle," "Elizabeth Furnace," and "1769" on each side. On the front is a picture of a mill with a dog in front of it; behind is a bugle and an eagle. The stove weighs about 500 pounds.

A meeting of the Pennsylvania Editorial Association is called by order of the President, Hon. B. F. Meyers, to convene at Harrisburg on Wednesday, the 19th inst., in the Senate Committee rooms of the capital. As the inauguration of Governor Hartranft will take place on the 18th, it is believed that a large meeting of the Association can be obtained on the succeeding day, which is desirable, as business of importance will be brought up.

Mild Winters,

As the present mild and unusual weather, for this time of year, is the universal topic of conversation, a comparison, with the mild winters of "long gone by" may not be uninteresting. In 1172 the temperature was so high that leaves came out on the trees in January, and birds hatched their broods in February. In 1289 the weather was equally mild, and the maidens of Cologne wore wreaths of violets and corn flowers at Christmas and on Twelfth day. In 1421 the trees flowered in the month of March, and the vines in the month of April. Charries ripened in the same month, and grapes appeared in May. In 1572 the trees were covered with leaves in January, and the birds hatched their young ones in February, as in 1172; in 1585 the same thing was repeated, and it is added that the corn was in the ear at Easter. There was in France neither snow or frost throughout the winters of 1538, 1607, 1609, 1617 and 1669; finally, in 1662, even in the north of Germany, the stoves were not lighted, and trees flowered in February. Coming to latter dates, the winter of 1846-47, when it thundered at Paris on the 28th of January, and that of 1866, the year of the great inundation of the Seine, may be mentioned as exceptionally mild.

SOME business. The movement of freight cars to and from Indiapapolis, last year, was 569,084, of which 401,252 were loaded, representing 4,012,520 tons of freight, and reaching in a straight line, 3,233 miles.

Last Monday George Spencer, in a scuffle with Harriet McRes, at Little Rock, Ark., seized her by the hair and broke her neck across the back of a chair in which she was sitting. She died Sunday night. Spencer was arrested.

Mr. Joseph C. Lichty, of Milford township, Somerset county, is the champion butter maker. He sold seven hundred and five pounds of the article, which was made from the milk of three cows, during eleven months. This, added to the amount used in his own family, which was about six pounds per month, will show an extraordinary yield.

Real estate is very dull in Philadelphia, except in the neighborhood of a few favored localities. Dwellings do not pay, on an average, more than five per cent., and in many cases not over two or three per cent. New buildings are still being erected in all parts of the city, however, in anticipation of a better and more remunerative market in the near future.

At the Bethlehem, Pa., Steel Works, on the night turn, December 31, 1875, and January 1, 1876, there was blown at the Bethlehem Irom Company's Bessemer industry what is believed to be the largest heat of steel ever made in that region of country. This hest was the first in the new year, and weighed in steel ingots eighteen thousand five hundred and fifty (18,550) pounds. This was blown in an ordinary "five and a half tons," vessels; the blast pressure was twenty-four pounds, and the "blow" occupied twenty-one minutes. This has been named by the employees the "Centennial blow."

The Rev. Mr. Glendenning, late of Jersey City, and of unwholesome notoriety, has not found a bed of roses in his new field, Henry, Ill. His enemies are bitter, and suffer no particle of evidence against him to go unused. One day last week over fifty copies of the "Life of Mary Pomeroy" were sold in the town. Steps have been taken also to form a Union Church in the community of all persons disposed, and to employ an independent preacher.

A remarkable family reunion took place at Alburtis on Friday. A Mr. John Loehr, aged eighty-eight, his wife aged eighty-four, and children ranging from forty-four to fifty years of age, met together. A local paper says: "Mr. and Mrs. Loehr have lived together as woman and wife for sixty-three years. They have five children, twenty-six grand children, and eighteen great-grand children. Considering their great age they are both very smart, being able to attend to themselves. The occupation of Mr. Loehr for almost thirty-five years was that of school teacher and choir leader in Mt. Bethel, Plainfield and Moore townships, Northampton county, and he is at the present day known among the oldest inhabitants of those townships as 'Schulmeister Loehr. This is the first time that all his children have been together for twenty-seven years and the reunion was a most joyous event."

At a call of a number of county treasurers of the State, a meeting was held at the Capital, on the 30th of December, for the purpose of having the constitutionality of their holding over an additional year tested. In fifty-four counties, treasurers are elected to take the place of those who have only served two years. The main point seems to be that the adoption of the new Constitution repealed the old one, and coming in under the *new* they are entitled to its provisions, hence he ought to serve another year, and in order to have a speedy settlement of the matter, the meeting had agreed to support Herman Noss, treasurer of York county, in contesting the question in that county, and carrying it up to the Supreme Court this month.

Miss Lavina Mast, daughter of Mr. John M. Mast, a wealthy farmer of Cærnavon township, Berks county, was married recently to a young farmer of the same township. There were thirty-six carriages and about 125 persons present. The bill of fare consisted of eight large roasted turkeys, four boiled hams, forty pounds of choice beef, seventeen pound cakes, twenty-two sponge cakes, small cakes by the basketful, two hundred pies of various kinds, twenty-five pounds of coffee prepared, and twenty-five bottles of sparkling wine, with many other articles. Many of the guests repaired to the large barn floor, which was lighted up, and "plume-sock" and other games were played all night. Talk about your city or town weddings, costly bridal presents, girls dressed in rustling silks, and dandified young men with their hair parted in the middle, after reading the above.

A Venerable Pair.

A man and woman are living in Montgomery county, Ind., whose ages are respectfully 113 and 111 years, and who have lived together in the married state eighty-five years. The name of the ancient couple is Fruits. The old man stands up as straight as a ramrod, and does quite a good deal of work every day. He has always been a moderate liver, and uses no tobacco, which is an arguument against tobacco users, but his wife has been a steady smoker for sixty years, which is an argument in favor of tobacco.

The case of C. K. Landis, who shot Carruth, the Vineland (N. J.) editor, is now under investigation, and from present appearances there will be a lively fight between the doctors, as it is claimed that Carruth died from the effects of probers introduced into the, wound in his head, and not from the pistol shot.

It is stated that over 13,000 tracts of land, embracing 2,500,000 acres, remain unpatented in Pennsylvania, upon which there is due the Commonwealth three-quarters of a million dollars. This means that the occupants of said land, who have a possessory title merely, have never taken out a proper title-paper from the Land Office.

Special Notice.

SEE what Messrs. Wannamaker & Brown have to say in our advertising columns about their Fall Stock of Clothing. You may be sure that their announcements are to be depended upon, to the very letter, Oak Hall is one of the reliable institutions that have given credit and stability to the business of Philadelphia.

KEYSTONE DRUG STORE.

Dr. S. L. FOULKE & J. KRESGE, successors to Peter Williams, have purchased the Empire Drug Store, on Main Street, a few doors below the Post-office, and for the convenience of those who wish to call, will have a red lamp in front, and known hereafter as the

Keystone Drug Store,

where will be constantly kept Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Drugs and Medicines, and all articles usually kept in a Drug Store, at the lowest market prices.

S. L. FOULKE,
J. KRESGE.

Dr. S. L. Foulke being a practical Physician, having his office in the rear of said Drug Store, cordially invites the public to give him a call, as he is fully qualified to prescribe and compound all prescriptions. [Nov. 11, '75-6m.

IMPORTANT.—In order to quit the Boot and Shoe Business, Simon Fried offers his entire stock of Boots and Shoes, at first cost and *below* cost. Come one and all, now is your chance for Bargains.

Goods cheaper than ever at N. Ruster's He has them marked way down to bottom prices.

New goods will arrive at N. Ruster's this week and next. Don't fail to call and see them.

Those wishing to secure a good bargain will do well to call at N. Ruster's, as he is bound not to be undersold.

MARRIED.

At Carboudale, Pa., Jan. 1st, 1876, by the Rev. Wm. P. Grow, Mr. J. L. Hall, of the L. V. R. R. Co., Mauch Chunk, Pa., and Miss Madge A. Joslin, daughter of P. S. Joslin, Esqr., of Carbondale, Pa.

Auditor's Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Jerome B. Drake, deceased.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orpahns' Court of Monroe county, to examine and if occasion require restate the account of George W. Drake, Executor of Jerome B. Drake, dec'd., and to report the facts, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Thursday, the 17th day of February, A. D. 1876, at his office in the Borough of Stroudsburg, when and where all parties interested are requested to attend and they will be heard.

J. B. STORM, Auditor.

Stroudsburg, Jan. 20, '76.-4t.

REAL ESTATE SALE.

The undersigned will offer for sale at public auction, on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 1st, 1876,

on the premises a piece of land, situate in Stroud tsp., adjoining lands of Michael Brown, Henry Frantz, and others, containing, about 50 acres, which is heavily timbered with Yellow Pine, Chestnut, Spruce, Tamerack Oak and Maple. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m. Terms easy, conditions made known on day of sale.
Jan. 20-2t.] JOHN CLARKE.

EXECUTOR'S SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of authority contained in the last Will and Testament of Daniel H. Wyckoff, late of the Borough of Stroudsburg, Monroe County, Pa., deceased, the undersigned Executrix of said last Will and Testament, will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry upon the premises, on

Thursday, February 3d, 1876,

at 2 o'clock P. M.

All that valuable lot or piece of land with the buildings thereon, situate on Main street, in the Borough of Stroudsburg, Monroe County, Pa., said lot being 50 feet front on Main street and extending back 400 feet. The improvements thereon are a large and commodious

Frame House,

containing 12 rooms, with good cellar and an opon Hall-way, also front and back Parlors.

ALSO—A Store House and Dwelling, containing 13 rooms.

ALSO—A large Shed for stabling, good Well and Cistern Water on the premises with all necessary out-buildings.

ALSO—A Lot adjoining the above, being 50 feet front by 100 feet deep.

Terms and conditions of sale made known at the time and place of sale, by

HANNAH WYCKOFF, Executrix.

Stroudsburg, January 6, 1876.—4t.

CAUTION !

All persons are hereby cautioned not to trespass on any property of the undersigned, situate in Stroud township, Monroe county, Pa. Any one violating this notice will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

JACOB H. BUTTS.

Stroudsburg, July 29, 1875.

FOR SALE.

One pair of Mules, 3 years old, 15½ hands high, well broke in every way, in good condition. Will sell cheap or exchange for good yoke of oxen. Call on or address

L. T. SMITH,
Forks Station, Monroe Co., Pa.

Sept. 30, 1875.

Decker's Column!

Old Criss Crindle

After going around Monroe county, creeping slyly down the chimneys on Christmas and New Year's and filling the stockings of the little urchins, make them and their Mammas dance for joy, has gone back again to his Cottage in the mountains of "Paradise" where he keeps his good things, there to stay until next Christmas:

BUT DECKER

OF THE

Wonderful Cheap

AUCTION STORE

IS STILL AROUND TO PUT THE DOLLARS INTO THE POCKETS OF

HIS CUSTOMERS.

He wants to SELL off all his Goods, from the finest French Merino, down to the last Shoe-String.

He wants to SELL every yard of Calico, every yard of Dress Goods, every yard of Muslin, every yard of Flannel, every yard of Beaver Cloth, every yard of Cassimer and Satinett, and every Boot & Shoe, every Coat, Pants & Vest, and every Hat & Cap.

In fact he wants to sell every thing he has now in the Store, so that he may fill it up early in the Spring with the cheapest and most beautiful Goods ever sold in Stroudsburg.

We Will Sell off at Auction Prices,

Commencing at 8 o'clock in the morning and close at the same time in the evening, at the following

Smash Down Auction Prices.

Best Shoe-Strings, 5cts dozen.
Best Needles, 5cts a paper.
Pins all sizes, 5cts a paper.
12 Dozen Shirt Buttons, all for 5cts.
Ladies' made Callars, 2 and 3cts.
Men's heavy mixt ½ Hose, only 10cts.
Children's & Misses Fancy Hose, 8 and 12cts.
Ladies' Fancy Hose, only 20cts.
Ladies' Merino Hose, only 15cts.
Splendid Calicoes, 6¼ and 7cts.
Fine Muslins, 1 yd. wide, 8 and 10cts.
Beautiful Alpaca Lustres. only 20cts.
Black Alpacas, only 25cts.
Plaid Dress Goods, only 12½cts.
Fine Delains, only 15cts.
Very fine French Merinoes, 76 to 90cts.
Bedtick and Denims, 12 to 15cts.
Very fine Wool Flanels, 20 to 25cts.
Heavy Cotton Flannel, only 9cts.
Heavy fine Rose Blankets, only $3.00 to $4.00 a pair.
Fine Black Beaver Cloth, only $2.00 a yard.
Black, Blue & Gold mixed, Cloaking Cloth, 75cts upward.
Ladies' Sacks, ready made only $1.00.
Good heavy Cassimers, only 50 to 75cts.
Kentucky Jean, only 15cts.
Cotton Bats (good) only 14cts.
Cotton Carpet Warp (fine) 28cts.
Men's Boots, (fine & heavy) $3.00 to $3.75 a pair.
Youths' & Boy's Kip Boots, only $1.25 to $1.75.
Ladies' fine Laced Shoes, only $1.50 to $2.00.
Ladies' fine Button Shoes, $2.50 to $2.75.
Ladies' & Misses Rubbers, only 50cts.
Men's Rubber Boots, $3.15, Shoes 75cts.
Men's Coats $3.50, Pants $2.50, Vest $1.25.
Boy's whole Cassimer Suits, $4.00 to $6.00.
Men's Cassimer Suits, $8 to $10.
Men's Black Broadcloth Suits, $12 to $16.
Men's Soft fashionable Hats $1.25 to $1.75.
Boy's Soft Hats, 50 to 90cts.
Ladies' Velvet Hats Trimmed, $1.50 to $2.00.
Ladies' & Children's Furs, nearly as possible half price.

Besides lots of things too numerous to mention here. Now we are bound to sell these Goods at these Auction prices every day and night during the winter. The past year has been a hard one, and money scarce, but thanks to our customers it has been a busy year with us, for we have sold more goods the past year than any year previous, since we have been doing business in Stroudsburg, and we trust that in the year to come we shall make goods of all description so cheap that our customers and sales will be largely increased.

DECKER & CO..
4 doors below the Post-Office,
Stroudsburg Pa.

April 15, 1875.—1y.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring to Gray Hair its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *It soon restores faded or gray hair to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed; but such as remain can be saved by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. The restoration of vitality it gives to the scalp arrests and prevents the formation of dandruff, which is often so uncleanly and offensive. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a HAIR DRESSING, nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre, and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Among the great discoveries of modern science, few are of more real value to mankind than this effectual remedy for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. A vast trial of its virtues, throughout this and other countries, has shown that it does surely and effectually control them. The testimony of our best citizens, of all classes, establishes the fact, that CHERRY PECTORAL will and does relieve and cure the afflicting disorders of the Throat and Lungs beyond any other medicine. The most dangerous affections of the Pulmonary Organs yield to its power; and cases of **Consumption,** cured by this preparation, are publicly known, so remarkable as hardly to be believed, were they not proven beyond dispute. As a remedy it is adequate, on which the public may rely for full protection. By curing **Coughs,** the forerunners of more serious disease, it saves unnumbered lives, and an amount of suffering not to be computed. It challenges trial, and convinces the most sceptical. Every family should keep it on hand as a protection against the early and unperceived attack of Pulmonary Affections, which are easily met at first, but which become incurable, and too often fatal, if neglected. Tender lungs need this defence; and it is unwise to be without it. As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of childhood, CHERRY PECTORAL is invaluable; for, by its timely use, multitudes are rescued from premature graves, and saved to the love and affection centred on them. It acts speedily and surely against ordinary colds, securing sound and health-restoring sleep. No one will suffer troublesome **Influenza** and painful **Bronchitis,** when they know how easily they can be cured.

Originally the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, no cost or toil is spared in making every bottle in the utmost possible perfection. It may be confidently relied upon as possessing all the virtues it has ever exhibited, and capable of producing cures as memorable as the greatest it has ever effected.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For the relief and cure of all derangements in the stomach, liver, and bowels. They are a mild aperient, and an excellent purgative. Being purely vegetable, they contain no mercury or mineral whatever. Much serious sickness and suffering is prevented by their timely use; and every family should have them on hand for their protection and relief, when required. Long experience has proved them to be the safest, surest, and best of all the *Pills* with which the market abounds. By their occasional use, the blood is purified, the corruptions of the system expelled, obstructions removed, and the whole machinery of life restored to its healthy activity. Internal organs which become clogged and sluggish are cleansed by *Ayer's Pills*, and stimulated into action. Thus incipient disease is changed into health, the value of which change, when reckoned on the vast multitudes who enjoy it, can hardly be computed. Their sugar coating makes them pleasant to take, and preserves their virtues unimpaired for any length of time, so that they are ever fresh, and perfectly reliable. Although searching, they are mild, and operate without disturbance to the constitution, or diet, or occupation.

Full directions are given on the wrapper to each box, how to use them as a Family Physic, and for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings,** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression,** a large dose should be taken, as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

PREPARED BY

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Jan. 20, '76.