

GENERAL ELECTION.



SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by an Act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," passed the 23rd of July, 1873, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county to give notice of such election...

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 2nd, 1875.

Being the day of the General Election, the following persons are to be voted for by the freeholders of the county of Monroe: ONE PERSON to fill the office of Governor for the State of Pennsylvania.

Places of Voting. The freeholders of the township of Barrett, will hold their election at the house of Abraham Albert, in said township.

said inspectors or judge or either of them shall from time to time require. If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of any election under this act from holding such election or use or threaten any violence to any such officer...

If any person not by law qualified shall fraudulently vote at any election in this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualification, shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person so offending shall on conviction be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars...

If any person shall vote at more than one election district or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together with the intent illegally to vote, or shall vote the same, or if any person shall advise and procure another to do so, he or they so offending shall on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars...

If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth, agreeably to law except the sons of qualified citizens, shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets or influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens or for the registration of electors shall be uniform throughout the State, but no elector shall be deprived of the privilege of voting by reason of his name not being registered.

Notice is hereby given, That in Article 8, Section 1 of the Constitution, it is declared, "Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections: First—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month."

Notice is Also Given. That it is provided by an Act approved January 30, A. D. 1874, "On the petition of five or more citizens of any election district, setting forth that the appointment of overseers is a reasonable precaution to secure the purity and fairness of the election in said district, it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas of the proper county, all the law judges of the said court able to act at the time concurring, to appoint two judicious, sober and intelligent citizens of the said district, belonging to different political parties, overseers of election to supervise the proceedings of election officers...

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be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court; or if the overseers shall be driven away from the polls by violence or intimidation, all the voters polled in such election district may be rejected by the proper tribunal trying a contest under a writ or a writ of habeas corpus, as such tribunal may deem necessary to a just and proper disposition of the case.

"At all elections hereafter held under the laws of this Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at seven o'clock a. m. and closed at seven o'clock, p. m.

"Whenever there shall be a vacancy in an election board on the morning of an election, said vacancy shall be filled in conformity with existing laws.

"At the opening of the polls at all elections it shall be the duty of the judges of election for their respective districts to designate one of the inspectors, whose duty it shall be to have in custody the registry of voters, and to make the entries therein required by law; and it shall be the duty of the other of said inspectors to receive and number the ballots presented at said election.

"All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot; every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the list of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets, the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding with the number to the name of the voter. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. All judges, inspectors, clerks, and overseers of any election held under this act, shall, before entering upon their duties, be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other.

"On the day of election any person whose name is not on the registry of voters and claiming the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter, for the period of at least two months, immediately preceding said election, which witness shall be sworn or affirmed and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence of the person so claiming to be a voter, and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written, or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, when and where he was born; that he been a citizen of the United States for one month, and of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; that he has resided in the Commonwealth one year, or, if formerly a qualified elector or a native born citizen thereof, and has removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has resided in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has, if twenty-two years of age or upwards, paid a state or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election. The said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when and where and to whom paid; and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any; and if a naturalized citizen, shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination. But if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit, that he is a native born citizen of the U. States, or if born elsewhere, shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized, or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization; and shall further state in his affidavit that he is at the time of making the affidavit, of the age of twenty-one and under twenty-two years; that he has been a citizen of the United States one month, and has resided in the State one year; or, if a native born citizen of the State and removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election, he shall be entitled to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes. The said affidavits of the witnesses to their residence, shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally list and other papers required by law to be filed by the judge with the prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the prothonotary's office, subject to examination by other election persons.

"If the election officers shall find that the applicant or applicants possess all the legal qualifications of voters, he or they shall be permitted to vote, and the name or names shall be added to the list of taxable by the election officers, the word 'tax' being added where the claimant claims to vote on tax, and the word 'age' where he claims to vote on age; the same words being added by the clerks in each case respectively, on the lists of persons voting at such election.

"It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxpayers, to challenge the vote of each person; whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and acted on by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence; every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for ten years, consecutively, a voter in the district in which he offers his vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp on such certificate the word 'voted,' with the month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of

the same certificate, excepting where sons are entitled to vote by virtue of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, upon so finding shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed one hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year, the like punishment shall be inflicted on conviction, on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, the endorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

ter to be fact, knowing the same to be true, shall be deemed guilty of perjury; and any certificate of naturalization issued in pursuance of any such deposition, declaration or affirmation, shall be null and void; and it shall be the duty of the court issuing the same, upon proof being made before it that it was fraudulently obtained, to take immediate measures for re-calling the same for cancellation; and any person who shall vote or attempt to vote, on any paper so obtained or who shall in any way aid, connive at, or have any agency whatever in the issue, circulation or use of any fraudulent naturalization certificate, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall undergo an imprisonment in the penitentiary for not more than two years, and pay a fine, not more than one thousand dollars, for every such offence, or both, at the discretion of the court.

"It shall be the duty of the secretary of the Commonwealth to prepare forms for all the blanks made necessary by this act, and furnish copies of the same to the county commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth; and the county commissioners of each county shall, as soon as may be necessary after receipt of the same, at the proper expense of the county, procure and furnish to all the election officers of the election districts of their respective counties copies of such blanks, in such quantities as may be rendered necessary for the discharge of their duties under this act, and shall pay all necessary expenses for lights, rent, fuel and stationery, on bills certified by the election officers."

And by an Act approved February 13, 1874, it is provided, "In all elections hereafter the certificate of naturalization, if genuine, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts mentioned therein; and where the person offering to vote claims the right on the payment of tax, the receipt for such tax, if signed by the proper officer, shall be the evidence thereof; if such person does not produce such receipt, then payment of the tax may be proved by the oath of such person, or other evidence, stating when, where and to whom such tax was paid.

God save the Commonwealth. JACOB K. SHAFER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, Nov. 7, 1875.

CARD. As much speculation has been made by incredulous persons in regard to our manner of doing business, we wish to say to the public generally, that we will only sell or exchange property on a legitimate basis, receiving only a regular commission, and we will entertain no proposition under any other circumstance whatever. Our object will be to satisfy all parties. We are thankful for past patronage and solicit a continuance of the same.

Respectfully. PEIRSON & THOMPSON, Real Estate Agts. Conveyancers and Collectors. Office opposite R. R. Depot, East Stroudsburg, Pa., Sept. 16, 1875.

A CARD. We will open the first term of our select School in Stroudsburg, Monday, September 20th, at the old Seminary. The building has been put in good repair, and will be made thoroughly comfortable during all seasons of the year. We claim to understand what we propose to teach. Our purpose is to be diligent and faithful in the work of instruction, and to exercise a special care over the morals and manners of our pupils. If after a fair trial, parents should find that their children, entrusted to our tuition, are not improved, we shall neither expect nor desire a continuance of their patronage. Morning sessions from 9 to 12; afternoon from 1 to 3 o'clock. MAGGIE B. CARROW, MINNIE A. L. CARROW. September 2, 1875.—tf.

Turbine Water Wheel FOR SALE. We have one of STEVEIRSON'S DUPLEX TURBINE WATER WHEELS of 24 in diameter, For Sale; said Wheel being in the best of order. Also, with it are the Bevel Wheels (pinion and mortise), Iron Head Block, with upright and horizontal boxes, Wheel Shaft and Clutch; also, complete set of Gate Fixtures, with rack gears, &c., in good order. The above wheel has been run for about 7 years at our factory, and shows that the usage has been careful. We have replaced it by a 42 in. wheel, as we needed more power. With the wheel is about 8 ft. of Draft Tube, also in good condition.

ALSO; One ROSE WHEEL, 36 in. diameter, turned on bottom so as to make tight joint; with Scroll Block and Step all complete, with Gate Fixtures. With this Wheel is 16 feet of Cast Iron Pipe (3 in. iron), 12 inches in internal diameter. This pipe is in three pieces, one 10 ft. 5 in. long, one 4 ft., and an Elbow. This Wheel has given power to our machine shop for 6 years, and is in excellent condition.

ALSO; One STEAM BOILER of about 20 Horse Power. ALSO; One DOUBLE JOUVAL TURBINE WHEEL 44 inches in diameter. Any or all of the above will be sold at a bargain if prompt application is made to THE TANITE CO. Stroudsburg, Pa. Sept. 16, 1875.

LEGAL HOLIDAYS. Notice is hereby given that all notes and other papers coming due on any Legal Holidays, viz: January 1st, February 22d, Decoration Day, July 4th, Thanksgiving day, Good Friday and Christmas day, must be met on the day before, or on the Saturday previous if the Holiday should come on Monday. JEREMY MACKFAY, Cashier. August 12, 1875.—tf.

TO THE LADIES. Ladies Hair-Combs, made up cheap and good into Braids, Switches, Curles, Frises, etc., orders left at Mrs. P. R. Clemens' Fancy Millinery Store, Main Street, Stroudsburg, three doors below the Indian Queen Hotel, or send by mail to C. & L. E. LAKE, Stroudsburg, Monroe county, Pa. Residence two miles west of Stroudsburg on the Kunkletown road. July 8, 1875.—6m.

ESTATE NOTICE. All persons indebted to John N. Stokes, of Stroudsburg, late deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, are desired to present them in proper order for settlement without delay. STODGELL STOKES, Administrator. Stroudsburg, 8th mo. 19th, 1875.

DON'T you know that J. H. McCarty & Sons are the only Undertakers in Stroudsburg who understands their business? If not, attend a Funeral managed by any other Undertaker in town, and you will see the proof of the fact. June 18, 74.—tf. BLANKS OF ALL KINDS for Sale at this Office. DECKER & CO. April 15, 1875.—1y.

STOP THIEF! Terrible Sensation!! THE CHEAP AUCTION STORE AHEAD! THE RED FLAG FLOATING TO THE BREEZE! The crowds are coming from every quarter. SUMMER GOODS are rushing off at cost and some below cost! Wonderful knock down in prices & profits! These are "Facts."

We have marked down our bleached and unbleached Muslin from 1 to 2 cents per yard. Our Calicoes knocked down 2 cents a yard. Our Hamburg Edgings, Swiss and Cairn-brick Muslin, Pekas and Victoria lawns marked down from 3 to 5 cents a yard. Our black and colored Alpaccas down from 5 to 10 cents a yard. Our Cotton lats and best Carpet warp down from 5 to 6 cents per lb.

Our Hosiery, Gloves and Notions wonderful cheap. Children's and Misses striped Hose only 8, 10 and 12 cents a pair. Our Linen Towels, Table Damask, Bed-tie, Flannels, heavy Shirtings, Pant-stuff, Counterpanes and Carpets, by far the cheapest in the County. Come and see for yourself.

We have four thousand yards of beautiful bonnet and sash Ribbons, some five and a half inches wide, for 25 cts. a yard. Some Ribbons as low as 3 cts. per yard. We have beautiful wide Sashes only 20 cents. Our best Spool Cotton, 200 yards, only 4 cents. Our best Pins and Needles only 5 cents a paper.

We have concluded to close out some of our plain and striped Summer Dress Goods for 10 and 12 cents a yard. We are now selling a good soft felt Hat for Boys and Men for 80 cents and \$1 25, nearly half price. We have Misses and Ladies Straw Hats trimmed, for the wonderful low price of 25 and 50 cents.

We are selling beautiful Flowers much less than half price. We are selling good Cassimere Coats for 3, 4 and 5 dollars. We are selling good Vests, well made, for 60 cents, and Pants for \$1.

We will sell a whole summer suit, for Men, coat, vest and pants, well made, for \$2 35. We will sell a whole suit, well made, of Cassimere cloth, for \$8, and Children's and Youth's suits for \$4 and \$6.

We will sell Youth's and Men's leather Gaiters for \$1 50 and \$2. We will sell Misses and Women's good cloth Gaiters for \$1 25. We have given you a few samples.

Now for the Rush! Come one and all. Come from Stroudsburg & East Stroudsburg. Come from Conadensis. Come from Oakland and Tobyhanna. Come from Spragueville & the Smithfield's. Come from Portland and Water Gap. Come from Chesnut Hill and Hamilton. Come from Kellersville and Bartonsville. Come from Chery Valley and the Mountains. Come even from Paradise, and we will do you good.

We have swung out The Red Flag, to the breeze. When you come to town get your eye on it and don't take it off until you get in the Wonderful Cheap Auction Store, among the Cheap Goods.

We wish to inform the public that we have no connection with any other Store new or old in Stroudsburg. We mind our own business and let our neighbours and their goods alone, wishing them all peace and prosperity. DECKER & CO. April 15, 1875.—1y.